

BLUE BOOK



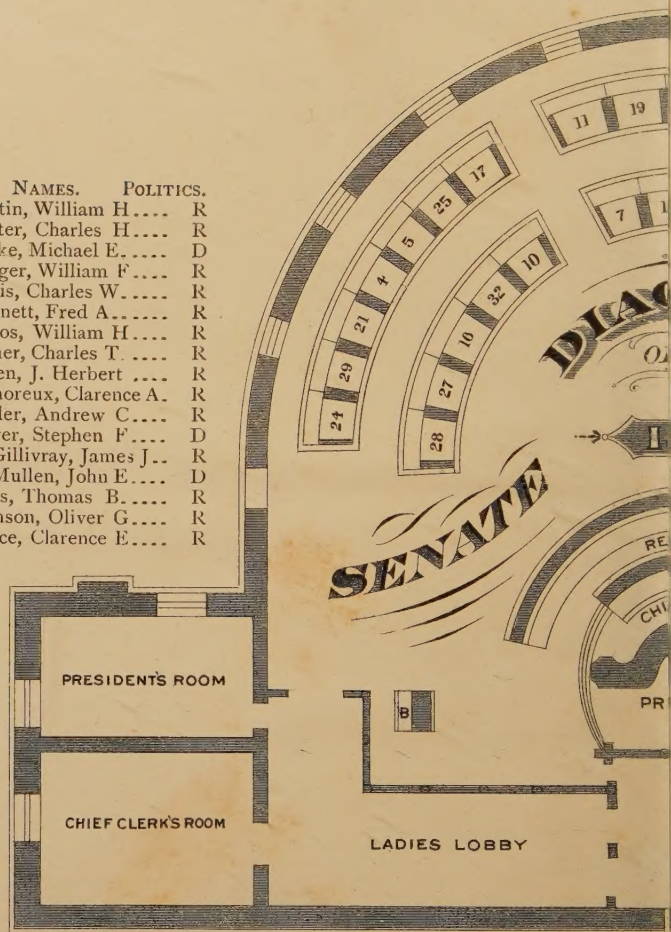
WISCONSIN 1897

Compliments of

GEORGE W. LATTA,

Member of Assembly.

DIST.	NAMES.	POLITICS.
5	Austin, William H.	R
16	Baxter, Charles H.	R
13	Burke, Michael E.	D
27	Conger, William F.	R
19	Davis, Charles W.	R
20	Dennett, Fred A.	R
6	Devos, William H.	R
7	Fisher, Charles T.	R
4	Green, J. Herbert	R
12	Lamoreux, Clarence A.	R
2	Mailer, Andrew C.	R
33	Mayer, Stephen F.	D
31	McGillivray, James J.	R
15	McMullen, John E.	D
11	Mills, Thomas B.	R
28	Munson, Oliver G.	R
9	Peirce, Clarence E.	R



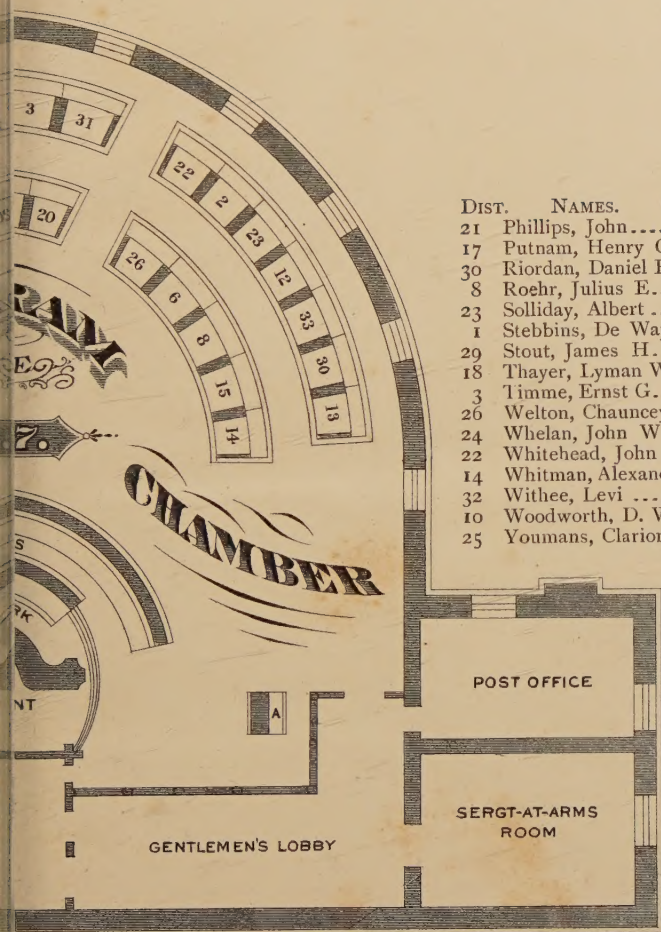
President—EMIL BAENSCH.

President pro tem.—L. W. THAYER.

HENRY C. SCHULTZ, *Superior Leader*.
 WALTER A. BAYLEY, *Wisconsin State Journal*.
 C. E. WHELAN, *Chicago Record*.
 J. WINTER EVERETT, *Milwaukee News*.
 DAN B. STARKEY, *Evening Wisconsin, Milwaukee*.

RODNEY A. ELWARD, *Milwaukee Journal*.
 JERRE C. MURPHY, *Milwaukee Journal*.
 ALBERT BARTON, *Milwaukee Journal*.
 LE ROY THOMAS, *Superior Leader*.
 FRANC A. R. VAN METRE, *Milwaukee Journal*.

O. D. BRANDENBURG



DIST.	NAMES.	POLITICS.
21	Phillips, John.....	R
17	Putnam, Henry C.....	R
30	Riordan, Daniel E.....	R
8	Roehr, Julius E.....	R
23	Solliday, Albert.....	D
1	Stebbins, De Wayne..	R
29	Stout, James H.....	R
18	Thayer, Lyman W.....	R
3	Timme, Ernst G.....	R
26	Welton, Chauncey B..	R
24	Whelan, John W.....	R
22	Whitehead, John M...	R
14	Whitman, Alexander B.	R
32	Withee, Levi.....	R
10	Woodworth, D. W....	R
25	Youmans, Clarion A..	R

S.

York—WALTER L. HOUSER.

Sergeant-at-Arms—CHARLES A. PETTIBONE.

RS.

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telegram..

Crosse Repub. and Leader

icago Chronicle.

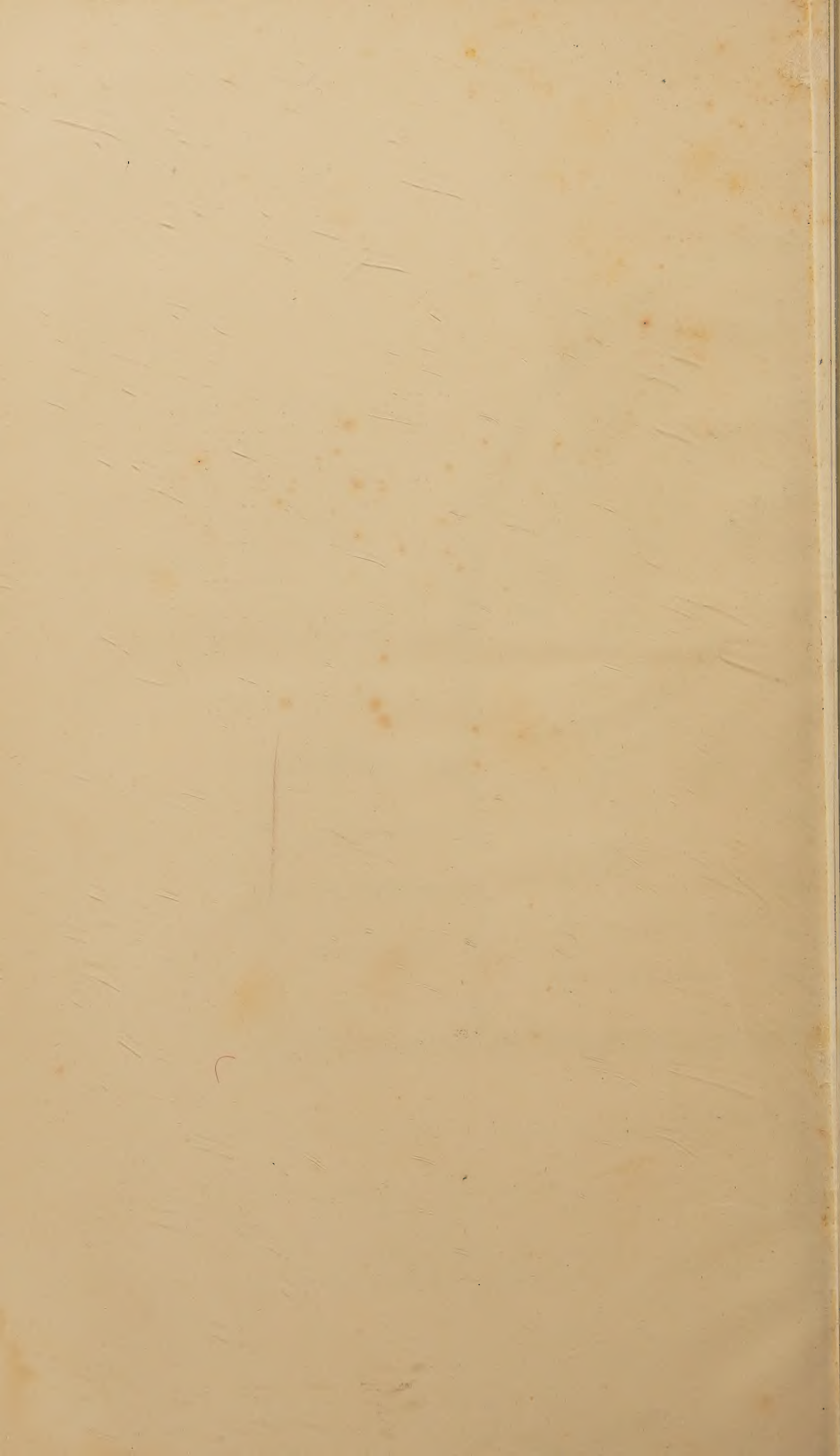
FRED. ELLERMANN, *Germania, Milwaukee.*

EDWARD V. LOEW, *Milwaukee Herald.*

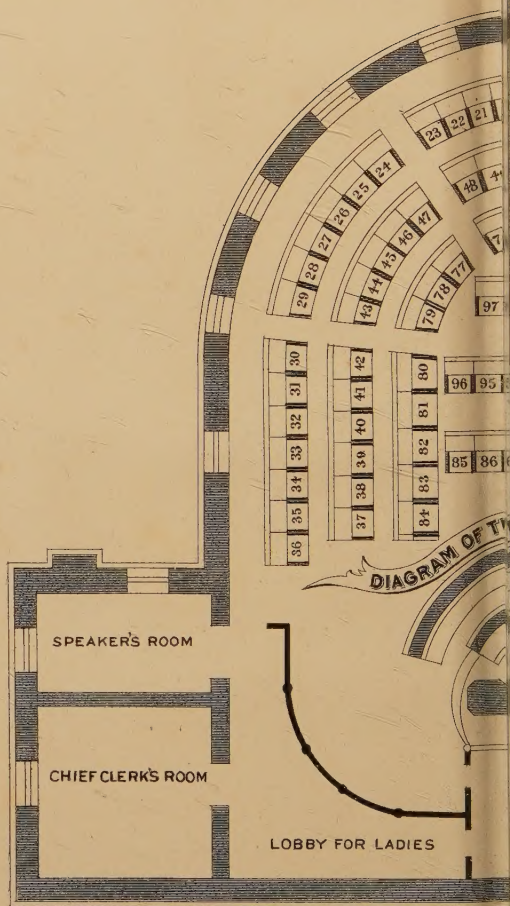
T. W. BRAHANY, *Chicago Times-Herald.*

JACK H. BACON, *La Crosse Chronicle.*

W. D. SCHOENFELD, *Chicago Tribune.*



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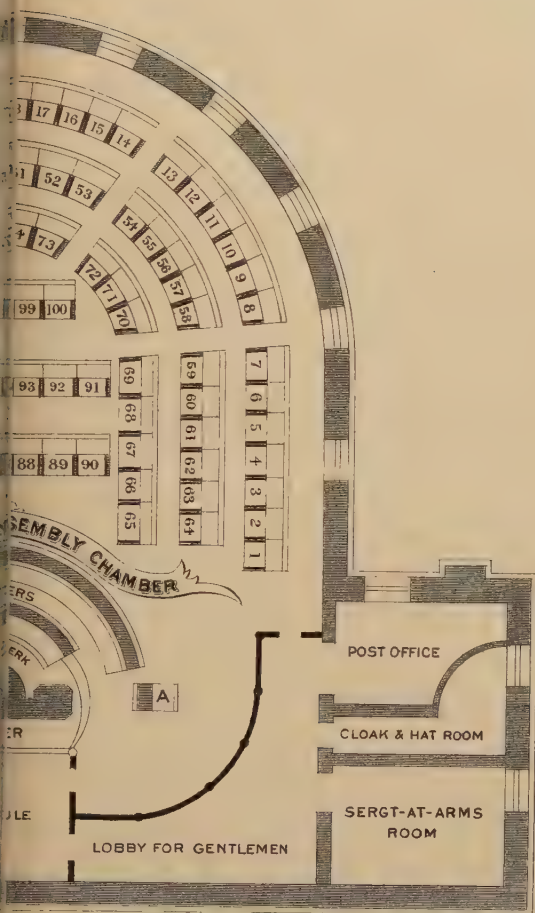


Speaker—GEORGE A. BUCKSTAFF.

Chief Clerk—

FRED. ELLERMANN, *Germania, Milwaukee.*
O. D. BRANDENBURG, *Madison Democrat.*
E. R. PETHERICK, *Milwaukee Journal.*
DAN B. STARKEY, *Evening Wisconsin, Milwaukee.*

T. W. BRAHANY
RODNEY A. ELW
J. WINTER EVER
A. P. WILDER,



NAME.	POLITICS.	SEAT.
McDonald.....	R.....	44
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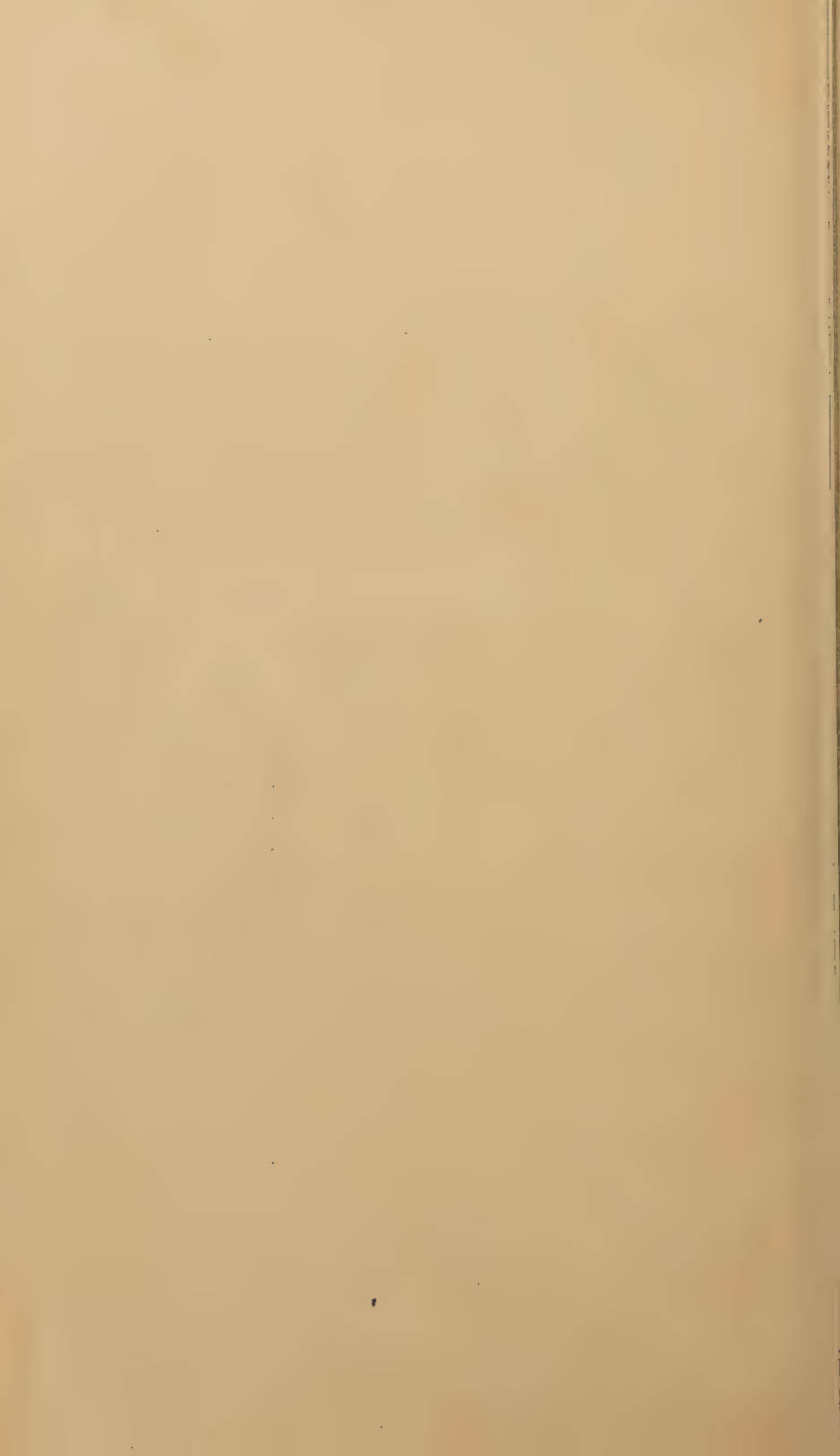
A. NOWELL.

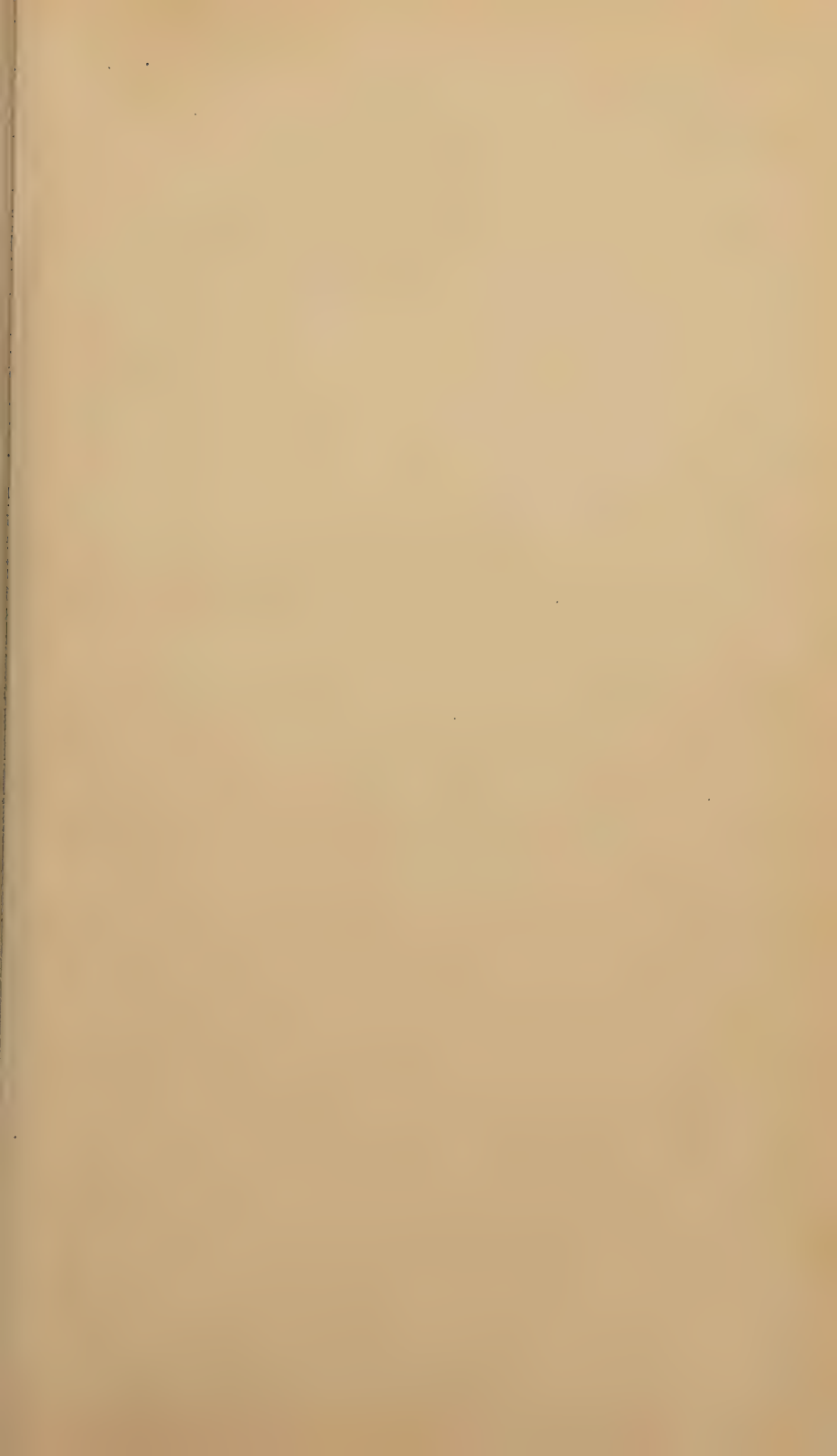
Sergeant-at-Arms—CHARLES M. HAMBRIGHT.

ERS.

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shkosh Northwestern.
Milwaukee News.
in State Journal.

LEROY THOMAS, *St. Paul Dispatch*.
HENRY SCHULTZ, *Chippewa Herald*.
JERRE C. MURPHY, *Milwaukee Sentinel*.
EDWARD V. LOEW, *Milwaukee Herold*.







STATE HOUSE - MILWAUKEE.

WISCONSIN STATE CAPITOL.

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THE BLUE BOOK



OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN

Compiled and Published

UNDER THE DIRECTION

OF

HENRY CASSON,

SECRETARY OF STATE.

• 1897 •

Henry Gogler Co Milwaukee

707 pp

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SEATTLE GENERAL SOCIETY,

INTRODUCTORY.

The Twenty-ninth consecutive volume of the official Blue Book is herewith presented, as provided by law. In its preparation a special effort has been made to secure accuracy and completeness. Several new and important features relating to the state of Wisconsin have been introduced, but the volume has been kept within its former size limit by eliminating some abstract matters of indifferent interest, and incorporating in their stead new features of special importance to the state, thus adding to the value of the book as a political and statistical reference manual, or general state directory.

The election and population statistics are more than usually complete, and an effort has been made to present pertinent comparisons in these departments, and also to secure the greatest degree of accuracy possible.

Every feature of the book has been thoroughly overhauled and revised and all statistical matter has been officially verified, so far as practicable. Comprehensive statements of state institutions, commissions, boards, organizations and societies have been obtained from official sources for this volume.

Particular attention has been paid to bringing all information up to date, including state appointments and changes made up to February 1st, 1897.

A notable feature of the present volume is the new half tone illustrations of the state institutions, with portraits of the United States Senators, Members of Congress, State Officers and Justices of the Supreme Court, many of which are appropriately grouped. The state institutions include several new buildings, and as the plates are made from recent photographs, by process, the results are faithful and satisfactory.

HENRY CASSON.

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PART I.

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CONSTITUTION OF WISCONSIN.

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CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS AND FORMS.

RULES AND ORDERS.



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, MADISON.

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

UNANIMOUSLY PASSED BY THE CONGRESS OF THE THIRTEEN UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, JULY 4, 1776.

When, in the course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the powers of the earth the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; and that whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or to abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and, accordingly, all experience hath shown that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their future security. Such has been the patient sufferance of these colonies, and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former systems of government. The history of the present king of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having, in direct object, the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these States. To prove this, let facts be submitted to a candid world:

He has refused his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the public good. He has forbidden his Governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his assent should be obtained; and, when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them. He has refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people unless these people would relinquish the right of representation in the legislature—a right inestimable to them, and formidable to tyrants only. He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their public records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures. He has dissolved representative houses repeatedly for opposing, with manly firmness, his invasions on the rights of the people. He has refused, for a long time after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation, have returned to the people at large for their exercise, the State remaining, in the meantime, exposed to all the danger of invasion from without and convulsions within. He has endeavored to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose, obstructing the laws for naturalization of foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their emigration hither, and raising the conditions of new appropriations of lands. He has obstructed the administration of justice, by refusing his assent to laws for establishing judiciary powers. He has made judges dependent on his will alone for the tenure of their offices and the amount and payment of their salaries. He has erected a multitude of new offices, and sent hither swarms of officers to harass our people, and eat out their substance. He has kept among us, in times of peace, standing armies, without the consent of our legislature. He has affected to render the military independent of and superior to the civil power. He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his assent to their acts of pretended legislation:

For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us; for protecting them, by a mock trial, from punishment, for any murders which they should commit on the inhabitants of

these States; for cutting off our trade with all parts of the world; for imposing taxes on us without our consent; for depriving us, in many cases, of the benefits of trial by jury. For transporting us beyond seas to be tried for pretended offences. For abolishing the free system of English laws in a neighboring province, establishing therein an arbitrary government, and enlarging its boundaries, so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these colonies; for taking away our charters, abolishing our most valuable laws, and altering, fundamentally, the powers of our governments; for suspending our own legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever. He has abdicated government here, by declaring us out of his protection, and waging war against us. He has plundered our seas, ravaged our coast, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people. He is at this time, transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to complete the works of death, desolation, and tyranny, already begun, with circumstances of cruelty and perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the head of a civilized nation. He has constrained our fellow citizens, taken captive on the high seas, to bear arms against their country, to become the executioners of their friends and brethren, or to fall themselves by their hands. He has excited domestic insurrections among us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers the merciless Indian savages, whose known rule of warfare is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes, and conditions.

In every stage of these oppressions, we have petitioned for redress, in the most humble terms; our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A prince whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have we been wanting in attention to our British brethren. We have warned them, from time to time, of attempts made by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them, by the ties of our common kindred, to disavow these usurpations, which would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They, too, have been deaf to the voice of justice and consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity which denounces our separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, enemies in war — in peace, friends.

We, therefore, the representatives of the United States of America, in General Congress assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name and by the authority of the good people of these colonies, solemnly publish and declare, that these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent States; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British crown, and that all political connections between them and the State of Great Britain is, and ought to be, totally dissolved; and that, as free and independent States, they have full power to levy war, conclude peace, contract alliances, establish commerce, and to do all other acts and things which independent States may of right do. And for the support of this declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor.

(Signed)

JOHN HANCOCK.

And by the delegates from New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Connecticut, Rhode Island, &c., New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia.

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

PREAMBLE.

WE, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SECTION 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States, and the electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State legislature.

No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of *New Hampshire* shall be entitled to choose three, *Massachusetts* eight, *Rhode Island* and *Providence Plantations* one, *Connecticut* five, *New York* six, *New Jersey* four, *Pennsylvania* eight, *Delaware* one, *Maryland* six, *Virginia* ten, *North Carolina* five, *South Carolina* five, *Georgia* three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any State, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECTION 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year; of the second class, at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any State, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a Senator, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen.

The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

The Senate shall choose their other officers, and also a President *pro tempore* in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is

tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

SECTION 4. The times, places, and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed in each State by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing Senators.

The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECTION 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy, and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SECTION 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SECTION 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the President of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house it shall become a law. But in all cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it unless the Congress by their adjournment prevents its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution or vote to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECTION 8. The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

To borrow money on the credit of the United States;

To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States and with the Indian tribes;

To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States;

To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures;

To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States;

To establish post offices and post roads;

To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries;

To constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court;

To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offenses against the laws of nations;

To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water;

To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years;

To provide and maintain a navy;

To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces;

To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the State in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dockyards, and other needful buildings; and

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECTION 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

No capitation, or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one State over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from one State, be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding an office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince or foreign State.

SECTION 10. No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.

No state shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the Congress.

No State shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another State, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and together with the Vice President, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be appointed an elector.

The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such a majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for President; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said House shall in like manner choose the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors, shall be the Vice President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the Senate shall choose from them by ballot the Vice President.

The Congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural-born citizen, or a citizen of the United States, at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice President, and the Congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability both of the President and Vice President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall be neither increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the constitution of the United States."

SECTION 2. The President shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several States, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offenses against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the United States: whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established

by law; but the Congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper, in the President alone, in the courts of law or in the heads of departments.

The President shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SECTION 3. He shall from time to time give to the Congress such information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may on extraordinary occasions convene both Houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all of the officers of the United States.

SECTION 4. The President, Vice President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of treason, bribery or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and in such inferior courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall at stated times receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECTION 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more States; between a State and citizens of another State; between citizens of different States; between citizens of the same State claiming lands under grants of different States, and between a State or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a State shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact; with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the Congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the State where the said crime shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the trial shall be at such place or places as the Congress may by law have directed.

SECTION 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each State to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECTION 2. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States.

A person charged in any State with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice and be found in another State, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECTION 3. New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other State; nor any

State be formed by the junction of two or more States, or part of States, without the consent of the legislature of the States concerned as well as of the Congress.

The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

SECTION 4. The United States shall guaranty to every State in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened), against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this Constitution, or, on the application of the legislature of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which in either case shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution as under the confederation.

This Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several State legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the convention of nine States shall be sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the same.

Done in convention by the unanimous consent of the States present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America the twelfth. In witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names.

GEO. WASHINGTON,

President and Deputy from Virginia.

New Hampshire.

JOHN LANGDON,
NICHOLAS GILMAN.

Massachusetts.

NATHANIEL GORHAM,
RUFUS KING.

Connecticut.

WM. SAM'L. JOHNSON,
ROGER SHERMAN.

New York.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

New Jersey.

WIL. LIVINGSTON,
DAVID BREARLY,
WM. PATERSON,
JONA DAYTON.

Pennsylvania.

B. FRANKLIN,
THOMAS MIFFLIN,
ROBERT MORRIS,
GEO. CLYMER,
THOMAS FITZSIMONS,
JARED INGERSOLL,
JAMES WILSON,
GOUV. MORRIS.

Delaware.

GEO. READ,
GUNNING BEDFORD, Jun'r,
JOHN DICKINSON,
RICHARD BASSETT,
JACO. BROOM.

Maryland.

JAMES MCHENRY,
DAN. OF ST. THOMAS JENIFER.
DANL. CARROLL.

Virginia.

JOHN BLAIR,
JAMES MADISON, Jun'r.

North Carolina.

WM. BLOUNT,
RICHARD DOBBS SPAIGHT,
HU. WILLIAMSON.

South Carolina.

J. RUTLEDGE,
CH'S COATESWORTH PINCKNEY
CHARLES PINCKNEY,
PIERCE BUTLER.

Georgia.

WILLIAM FEW,
ABR. BALDWIN.

Attest: WILLIAM JACKSON, *Secretary.*

AMENDMENTS.

[The first ten amendments were proposed at the first session of the first Congress of the United States, which was begun and held at the city of New York, on the 4th of March, 1789, and were adopted by the requisite number of States.—1 vol. Laws of U. S., p. 72.]

[The preamble and resolution following, preceded the original proposition of the amendments, and, as they have been supposed by a high equity judge (8 Wendell's reports, p. 100) to have an important bearing on the construction of those amendments, they are here inserted. They will be found in the journals of the first session of the first Congress.]

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, begun and held at the city of New York, on Wednesday, the 4th of March, 1789. The conventions of a number of the States having at the time of their adopting the Constitution, expressed a desire, in order to prevent misconstruction or abuse of its powers, that further declaratory and restrictive clauses should be added; and as extending the ground of public confidence in the government, will best insure the beneficent ends of its institution,—

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, two-thirds of both houses concurring, That the following articles be proposed to the legislatures of the several States, as amendments to the Constitution of the United States, all or any of which articles, when ratified by three-fourths of said legislatures, to be valid to all intents and purposes as part of said Constitution, namely:

ARTICLE I.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

No soldier shall in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another State, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign State.

ARTICLE XII.

The electors shall meet in their respective States and vote by ballot for President and Vice President, one of whom at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the persons voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice President, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the vote shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President.

The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice President shall be the Vice President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice President of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII.

SECTION 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECTION 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XIV.

SECTION 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SECTION 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the execu-

tive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

SECTION 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President or Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; but Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

SECTION 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing the insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SECTION 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV.

SECTION 1. The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

SECTION 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

HISTORY OF THE AMENDMENTS.

Twelve amendments were proposed by Congress, September 25, 1789, the last ten of which were adopted, and they are the first ten as given above. They were proclaimed in force, December 15, 1791.

The rejected Articles were as follows:

I. After the first enumeration required by the First Article of the Constitution, there shall be one representative for every 30,000 persons, until the number shall amount to one hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress, that there shall not be less than one hundred Representatives nor more than one for every 40,000 persons, until the number shall amount to two hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress that there shall not be less than two hundred Representatives, nor more than one Representative for every 50,000 persons.

II. No law varying the compensation for the services of the Senators and Representatives shall take effect until an election of Representatives shall have intervened.

The twelve proposed amendments were acted upon as follows: All ratified by Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, North Carolina, South Carolina, Vermont and Virginia — 7.

All excepting Art. I. ratified by Delaware — 1.

All excepting Art. II. ratified by Pennsylvania — 1.

All excepting Arts. I. and II. ratified by New Hampshire, New York, Rhode Island — 3.

All rejected by Connecticut, Georgia and Massachusetts — 3.

Article XI. was proposed by Congress March 12, 1794, and declared in force January 8, 1793.

Article XII. was proposed in the first session of the Eighth Congress and declared in force September 25, 1804.

Article XIII. was proposed by Congress February 1, 1865, and declared in force December 18, 1865.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin. — 34.

Ratified conditionally by Alabama and Mississippi. Rejected by Delaware and Kentucky — 2.

Article XIV. was proposed by Congress June 13, 1866, and declared in force July 28, 1868.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin — 33.

Of the above, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas and Virginia first rejected the amendment but finally ratified it. New Jersey and Ohio rescinded their ratification.

No final action was taken by California — 1.

Rejected by Delaware, Kentucky and Maryland — 3.

Article XV was proposed by Congress February 26, 1869, and declared in force March 30, 1870.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin — 33.

Of the above Georgia and Ohio first rejected but finally ratified. New York rescinded her ratification. The amendment was rejected by California, Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey and Oregon — 6.

No final action was taken by Tennessee — 1.

CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN.

PREAMBLE.

We, the people of Wisconsin, grateful to Almighty God for our freedom, in order to secure its blessings, form a more perfect government, insure domestic tranquility, and promote the general welfare, do establish this Constitution.

ARTICLE I.

DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

SECTION 1. All men are born equally free and independent, and have certain inherent rights; among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. To secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.

SECTION 2. There shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude in this State otherwise than for the punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted.

SECTION 3. Every person may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right, and no laws shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech or of the press. In all criminal prosecutions or indictments for libel, the truth may be given in evidence; and if it shall appear to the jury that the matter charged as libelous be true, and was published with good motives and for justifiable ends, the party shall be acquitted; and the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the facts.

SECTION 4. The right of the people peaceably to assemble to consult for the common good, and to petition the government or any department thereof shall never be abridged.

SECTION 5. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate, and shall extend to all cases at law, without regard to the amount in controversy; but a jury trial may be waived by the parties in all cases in the manner prescribed by law.

SECTION 6. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor shall excessive fines be imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishment be inflicted.

SECTION 7. In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to be heard by himself and counsel; to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him; to meet the witnesses face to face; to have compulsory process to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf; and in prosecutions by indictment or information, to a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county or district wherein the offense shall have been committed; which county or district shall have been previously ascertained by law.

SECTION 8. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense, unless on the presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases of impeachment, or in cases cognizable by justices of the peace, or arising in the army or navy, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger; and no person for the same offense shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself. All persons shall before conviction be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses, when the proof is evident or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require.

SECTION 9. Every person is entitled to a certain remedy in the laws, for all injuries or wrongs he may receive in his person, property, or character; he ought to obtain justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it, completely and without denial, promptly and without delay, conformably to the laws.

SECTION 10. Treason against the State shall consist only in levying war against the same, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

SECTION 11. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrant shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

SECTION 12. No bill of attainder, *ex post facto* law, nor any law impairing the obligation of contracts, shall ever be passed; and no conviction shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate.

SECTION 13. The property of no person shall be taken for public use, without just compensation therefor.

SECTION 14. All lands within the State are declared to be allodial, and feudal tenures are prohibited. Leases and grants of agricultural land, for a longer term than fifteen years, in which rent or service of any kind shall be reserved, and all fines, and like re-traints upon alienation, reserved in any grant of land hereafter made, are declared to be void.

SECTION 15. No distinction shall ever be made by law between resident aliens and citizens, in reference to the possession, enjoyment or descent of property.

SECTION 16. No person shall be imprisoned for debt arising out of, or founded on, a contract, expressed or implied.

SECTION 17. The privilege of the debtor to enjoy the necessary comforts of life shall be recognized by wholesome laws, exempting a reasonable amount of property from seizure or sale for the payment of any debt or liability hereafter contracted.

SECTION 18. The right of every man to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of his own conscience shall never be infringed, nor shall any man be compelled to attend, erect or support any place of worship, or to maintain any ministry, against his consent. Nor shall any control of, or interference with, the rights of conscience be permitted, or any preference be given by law to any religious establishments or mode of worship. Nor shall any money be drawn from the treasury for the benefit of religious societies, or religious or theological seminaries.

SECTION 19. No religious test shall ever be required as a qualification for any office or public trust, under the State; and no person shall be rendered incompetent to give evidence in any court of law or equity in consequence of his opinions on the subject of religion.

SECTION 20. The military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

SECTION 21. Writs of error shall never be prohibited by law.

SECTION 22. The blessings of a free government can only be maintained by a firm adherence to justice, moderation, temperance, frugality and virtue, and by frequent recurrence to fundamental principles.

ARTICLE II.

BOUNDARIES.

SECTION 1. It is hereby ordained and declared that the State of Wisconsin doth consent and accept of the boundaries prescribed in the act of Congress entitled "an act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State Government, and for the admission of such State into the Union," approved August sixth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, to wit: beginning at the northeast corner of the State of Illinois, that is to say, at a point in the center of Lake Michigan where the line of forty-two degrees and thirty minutes of north latitude crosses the same; thence, running with the boundary of the State of Michigan, through Lake Michigan, Green Bay, to the mouth of the Menominee river; thence up the channel of the said river to the Brule river; thence up said last mentioned river to Lake Brule; thence along the southern shore of Lake Brule, in a direct line to the center of the channel between Middle and South Islands, in the Lake of the Desert; thence in a direct line to the head waters of the Montreal river, as marked upon the survey made by Captain Cram; thence down the main channel of the Montreal river to the middle of Lake Superior; thence through the center of Lake Superior to the mouth of the St. Louis river; thence up the main channel of said river to the first rapids in the same, above the Indian village, according to Nicollet's map; thence due south to the main branch of the river St. Croix; thence down the main channel of said river to the Mississippi; thence down the center of the main channel of that river to the northwest corner of the State of Illinois; thence due east with the northern boundary of the State of Illinois, to the place of beginning, as established by "an act to enable the people of the Illinois Territory to form a Constitution and State Government, and for the admission of such State into the Union on an equal footing with the original States," approved April 18, 1818. [* Provided, however, That the following alteration of the aforesaid boundary be, and hereby is, proposed to the

Congress of the United States as the preference of the State of Wisconsin, and if the same shall be assented and agreed to by the Congress of the United States, then the same shall be and forever remain obligatory on the State of Wisconsin, viz.: leaving the aforesaid boundary line at the foot of the rapids of the St. Louis river; thence, in a direct line bearing southwesterly, to the mouth of the Iskodewabo or Rum river, where the same empties into the Mississippi river, thence down the main channel of the said Mississippi river, as prescribed in the aforesaid boundary.]

SECTION 2. The propositions contained in the act of Congress are hereby accepted, ratified and confirmed, and shall remain irrevocable without the consent of the United States; and it is hereby ordained that this State shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the soil within the same, by the United States, nor with any regulations Congress may find necessary for securing the title in such soil to *bona fide* purchasers thereof; and no tax shall be imposed on land, the property of the United States; and in no case shall non-resident proprietors be taxed higher than residents. *Provided*, That nothing in this Constitution, or in the act of Congress aforesaid, shall in any manner prejudice or affect the right of the State of Wisconsin to five hundred thousand acres of land granted to said State, and to be hereafter selected and located, by and under the act of Congress, entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of sales of the public lands, and grant pre-emption rights," approved September fourth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one.

ARTICLE III.

SUFFRAGE.

SECTION 1. Every male person, of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in the State for one year next preceding any election, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election:

1. White citizens of the United States.
2. White persons of foreign birth, who shall have declared their intention to become citizens conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization.
3. Persons of Indian blood, who have once been declared by law of Congress to be citizens of the United States, any subsequent law of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding.
4. Civilized persons of Indian descent, not members of any tribe. *Provided*, That the legislature may, at any time, extend by law the right of suffrage to persons not herein enumerated; but no such law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the people at a general election, and approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election.

SECTION 2. No person under guardianship, *non compos mentis*, or insane shall be qualified to vote at any election; nor shall any person convicted of treason or felony be qualified to vote at any election unless restored to civil rights.

SECTION 3. All votes shall be given by ballot, except for such township officers as may by law be directed or allowed to be otherwise chosen.

SECTION 4. No person shall be deemed to have lost his residence in this State by reason of his absence on business of the United States, or of this State.

SECTION 5. No soldier, seaman, or marine, in the army or navy of the United States shall be deemed a resident of this State in consequence of being stationed within the same.

SECTION 6. Laws may be passed excluding from the right of suffrage all persons who have been or may be convicted of bribery or larceny, or of any infamous crime, and depriving every person who shall make, or become directly or indirectly interested in, any bet or wager depending upon the result of any election, from the right to vote at such election.

ARTICLE IV.

LEGISLATIVE.

SECTION 1. The legislative power shall be vested in a Senate and Assembly.

SECTION 2. The number of the members of the Assembly shall never be less than fifty-four, nor more than one hundred. The Senate shall consist of a number not more than one-third, nor less than one-fourth, of the number of the members of the Assembly.

SECTION 3. The Legislature shall provide by law for an enumeration of the inhabitants of the State, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and at the end of every ten years thereafter; and at their first session after such enumeration, and also for each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the Legislature shall apportion and district anew the members of the Senate and Assembly, according to the number of inhabitants, excluding Indians not taxed, and soldiers and officers of the United States army and navy.

SECTION 4. The members of the Assembly shall be chosen annually by single districts on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, by the qualified electors of the several districts; such districts to be bounded by county, precinct, town or ward lines, to consist of contiguous territory, and be in as compact form as practicable.

SECTION 5. The Senators shall be chosen by single districts of convenient contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of the Assembly are required to be chosen; and no Assembly district shall be divided in the formation of a Senate district. The Senate districts shall be numbered in the regular series, and the Senators chosen by the odd numbered districts shall go out of office at the expiration of the first year, and the Senators chosen by the even numbered districts shall go out of office at the expiration of the second year, and thereafter the Senators shall be chosen for the term of two years.

SECTION 6. No person shall be eligible to the Legislature who shall not have resided one year within the State, and be a qualified elector in the district which he may be chosen to represent.

SECTION 7. Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day and may compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each House may provide.

SECTION 8. Each House may determine the rules of its own proceedings, punish for contempt and disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members elected, expel a member; but no member shall be expelled a second time for the same cause.

SECTION 9. Each House shall choose its own officers, and the Senate shall choose a temporary President, when the Lieutenant Governor shall not attend as President, or shall act as Governor.

SECTION 10. Each House shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and publish the same, except such parts as require secrecy. The doors of each House shall be kept open except when the public welfare shall require secrecy. Neither House shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days.

SECTION 11. The Legislature shall meet at the seat of Government, at such time as shall be provided by law, once in each year, and no oftener, unless convened by the Governor.

SECTION 12. No member of the Legislature shall, during the term for which he was elected, be appointed or elected to any civil office in the State which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased, during the term for which he was elected.

SECTION 13. No person being a member of Congress, or holding any military or civil office under the United States, shall be eligible to a seat in the Legislature; and if any person shall, after his election as a member of the Legislature, be elected to Congress, or be appointed to any office, civil or military, under the Government of the United States, his acceptance thereof shall vacate his seat.

SECTION 14. The Governor shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies as may occur in either House of the Legislature.

SECTION 15. Members of the Legislature shall, in all cases except treason, felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest; nor shall they be subject to any civil process, during the session of the Legislature, nor for fifteen days next before the commencement and after the termination of each session.

SECTION 16. No member of the Legislature shall be liable in any civil action or criminal prosecution whatever, for words spoken in debate.

SECTION 17. The style of the laws of the State shall be, "The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows," and no law shall be enacted except by bill.

SECTION 18. No private or local bill, which may be passed by the Legislature, shall embrace more than one subject, and that shall be expressed in the title.

SECTION 19. Any bill may originate in either House of the Legislature, and a bill passed by one House may be amended by the other.

SECTION 20. The yeas and nays of the members of either House, on any question, shall, at the request of one-sixth of those present, be entered on the journal.

SECTION 21. Each member of the Legislature shall receive for his services, two dollars and fifty cents for each day's attendance during the session, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of the meeting of the Legislature, on the most usual route.

SECTION 22. The Legislature may confer upon the Boards of Supervisors of the several

counties of the State, such powers, of a local, legislative, and administrative character, as they shall from time to time prescribe.

SECTION 23. The Legislature shall establish but one system of town and county government, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable.

SECTION 24. The Legislature shall never authorize any lottery or grant any divorce.

SECTION 25. The Legislature shall provide by law that all stationery required for the use of the State, and all printing authorized and required by them to be done for their use, or for the State, shall be let by contract to the lowest bidder; but the Legislature may establish a maximum price. No member of the Legislature, or other State officer, shall be interested, either directly or indirectly, in any such contract.

SECTION 26. The Legislature shall never grant any extra compensation to any public officer, agent, servant or contractor, after the service shall have been rendered or the contract entered into. Nor shall the compensation of any public officer be increased or diminished during his term of office.

SECTION 27. The Legislature shall direct by law in what manner and in what courts suit may be brought against the state.

SECTION 28. Members of the Legislature, and all officers, executive and judicial, except such inferior officers as may be by law exempted, shall, before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices to the best of their ability.

SECTION 29. The Legislature shall determine what persons shall constitute the militia of the State, and may provide for organizing and disciplining the same, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 30. In all elections to be made by the Legislature, the members thereof shall vote *viva voce*, and their votes shall be entered on the journal.

ARTICLE V.

EXECUTIVE.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a Governor who shall hold his office for two years. A Lieutenant Governor shall be elected at the same time, and for the same term.

SECTION 2. No person, except a citizen of the United States, and a qualified elector of the State shall be eligible to the office of Governor or Lieutenant Governor.

SECTION 3. The Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State at the times and places of choosing members of the Legislature. The persons respectively having the highest number of votes for Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall be elected. But in case two or more shall have an equal and the highest number of votes for Governor or Lieutenant Governor, the two Houses of the Legislature, at its next annual session, shall forthwith, by joint ballot, choose one of the persons so having an equal and the highest number of votes for Governor or Lieutenant Governor. The returns of election for Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall be made in such manner as shall be provided by law.

SECTION 4. The Governor shall be Commander-in-Chief of the military and naval forces of the State. He shall have the power to convene the Legislature on extraordinary occasions; and in case of invasion, or danger from the prevalence of contagious disease at the seat of the Government, he may convene them at any suitable place within the State. He shall communicate to the Legislature, at every session, the condition of the State, and recommend such matter to them for their consideration, as he may deem expedient. He shall transact all necessary business with the officers of the Government, civil and military. He shall expedite all such measures, as may be resolved upon by the Legislature, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SECTION 5. The Governor shall receive during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

SECTION 6. The Governor shall have the power to grant reprieves, commutations, and pardons, after conviction, for all offenses except treason and cases of impeachment, upon such conditions and with such restrictions and limitations as he may think proper, subject to such regulations as may be provided by law relative to the manner of applying for pardons. Upon conviction for treason, he shall have the power to suspend the execution of the sentence until the case shall be reported to the Legislature, at its next meeting, when the Legislature shall either pardon, or commute the sentence, direct the execution of the sentence or grant a further reprieve. He shall annually communicate to the Legislature each case of reprieve, commutation or pardon

granted, stating the name of the convict, the crime of which he was convicted, the sentence and its date, and the date of the commutation, pardon, or reprieve, with his reasons for granting the same.

SECTION 7. In case of the impeachment of the Governor, or his removal from office, death, inability from mental or physical disease, resignation, or absence from the State, the powers and duties of the office shall devolve upon the Lieutenant Governor, for the residue of the term, or until the Governor, absent or impeached, shall have returned, or the disability shall cease. But when the Governor shall, with the consent of the Legislature, be out of the State in time of war, at the head of the military force thereof, he shall continue Commander-in-Chief of the military force of the State.

SECTION 8. The Lieutenant Governor shall be President of the Senate, but shall have only a casting vote therein. If, during a vacancy in the office of Governor, the Lieutenant Governor shall be impeached, displaced, resign, die, or from mental or physical disease become incapable of performing the duties of his office, or be absent from the State, the Secretary of State shall act as Governor until the vacancy shall be filled, or the disability shall cease.

SECTION 9. The Lieutenant Governor shall receive double the *per diem* allowance of members of the Senate, for every day's attendance as President of the Senate, and the same mileage as shall be allowed to members of the Legislature.

SECTION 10. Every bill which shall have passed the Legislature shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the Governor. If he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large upon the journal and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the members present shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, it shall become a law. But in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for or against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each House respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, unless the Legislature shall, by their adjournment, prevent its return; in which case it shall not be a law.

ARTICLE VI.

ADMINISTRATIVE.

SECTION 1. There shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at the times and places of choosing the members of the Legislature, a Secretary of State, Treasurer, and Attorney General, who shall severally hold their offices for the term of two years.

SECTION 2. The Secretary of State shall keep a fair record of the official acts of the Legislature and Executive Department of the State, and shall when required, lay the same and all matters relative thereto before either branch of the Legislature. He shall be *ex officio* auditor, and shall perform such other duties as shall be assigned him by law. He shall receive as a compensation for his services, yearly, such sum as shall be provided by law, and shall keep his office at the seat of government.

SECTION 3. The powers, duties and compensation of the Treasurer and Attorney General shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 4. Sheriffs, Coroners, Registers of Deeds and District Attorneys shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, once in every two years, and as often as vacancies shall happen. Sheriffs shall hold no other office, and be ineligible for two years next succeeding the termination of their offices. They may be required by law to renew their security from time to time; and in default of giving such new security, their offices shall be deemed vacant. But the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the Sheriff. The Governor may remove any officer in this section mentioned, giving to such officer a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity of being heard in his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

JUDICIARY.

SECTION 1. The court for the trial of impeachments shall be composed of the Senate. The House of Representatives shall have the power of impeaching all civil officers of this State, for corrupt conduct in office, or for crimes and misdemeanors; but a majority of all the members elected shall concur in an impeachment. On the trial of an impeachment against the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor shall not act as a member of the court. No judicial officer shall exercise his office after he shall have been impeached, until his acquit

tal. Before the trial of an impeachment, the members of the court shall take an oath or affirmation truly and impartially to try the impeachment, according to evidence; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, or removal from office and disqualification to hold any office of honor, profit or trust, under the State; but the party impeached shall be liable to indictment, trial and punishment according to law.

SECTION 2. The judicial power of this State, both as to matters of law and equity, shall be vested in a Supreme Court, Circuit Courts, Courts of Probate, and in Justices of the Peace. The Legislature may also vest such jurisdiction as shall be deemed necessary in Municipal Courts, and shall have power to establish inferior courts in the several counties, with limited civil and criminal jurisdiction. *Provided*, that the jurisdiction which may be vested in Municipal Courts shall not exceed, in their respective municipalities, that of Circuit Courts in their respective circuits, as prescribed in this Constitution; and that the Legislature shall provide as well for the election of judges of the Municipal Courts as of the judges of inferior Courts, by the qualified electors of the respective jurisdictions. The term of office of the judges of the said Municipal and inferior courts shall not be longer than that of the judges of the Circuit Courts.

SECTION 3. The Supreme Court, except in cases otherwise provided in this Constitution, shall have appellate jurisdiction only, which shall be co-extensive with the State; but in no case removed to the Supreme Court, shall a trial by jury be allowed. The Supreme Court shall have a general superintending control over all inferior courts; it shall have power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari and other original and remedial writs, and to hear and determine the same.

SECTION 4. For the term of five years, and thereafter until the Legislature shall otherwise provide, the judges of the several Circuit Courts shall be judges of the Supreme Court, four of whom shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of a majority of the judges present shall be necessary to a decision. The Legislature shall have power, if they should think it expedient and necessary, to provide by law for the organization of a separate Supreme Court with the jurisdiction and powers prescribed in this Constitution, to consist of one Chief Justice and two Associate Justices to be elected by the qualified voters of the State, at such time and in such manner as the Legislature may provide. The separate Supreme Court, when so organized, shall not be changed or discontinued by the Legislature; the judges thereof shall be so classified that but one of them shall go out of office at the same time, and their term of office shall be the same as provided for the judges of the Circuit Court. And whenever the Legislature may consider it necessary to establish a separate Supreme Court, they shall have the power to reduce the number of Circuit Judges to four, and subdivide the Judicial Circuits; but no such subdivision or reduction shall take effect until after the expiration of the term of some one of the said judges, or until a vacancy occur by some other means.

SECTION 5. The State shall be divided into five judicial circuits, to be composed as follows: The First Circuit shall comprise the counties of Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green. The Second Circuit, the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson and Dane. The Third Circuit, the counties of Washington, Dodge, Columbia, Marquette, Sauk and Portage. The Fourth Circuit, the counties of Brown, Manitowoc, Sheboygan, Fond du Lac, Winnebago and Calumet. And the Fifth Circuit shall comprise the counties of Iowa, La Fayette, Grant, Crawford and St. Croix; and the county of Richland shall be attached to Iowa, the county of Chippewa to the county of Crawford, and the county of La Pointe to the county of St. Croix, for judicial purposes, until otherwise provided by the Legislature.

SECTION 6. The Legislature may alter the limits, or increase the number of circuits, making them as compact and convenient as practicable, and bounding them by county lines, but no such alteration or increase shall have the effect to remove a judge from office. In case of an increase of circuits, the judge or judges shall be elected as provided in this Constitution, and receive a salary not less than that herein provided for judges of the Circuit Court.

SECTION 7. For each circuit there shall be a judge chosen by the qualified electors therein, who shall hold his office as is provided in this Constitution, and until his successor shall be chosen and qualified; and after he shall have been elected, he shall reside in the circuit for which he was elected. One of said judges shall be designated as Chief Justice, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide. And the Legislature shall, at its first session, provide by law, as well for the election of as for classifying the judges of the Circuit Court, to be elected under this Constitution, in such a manner that one of said judges shall go out of

office in two years, one in three years, one in four years, one in five years and one in six years, and thereafter the judge elected to fill the office shall hold the same for six years.

SECTION 8. The Circuit Courts shall have original jurisdiction in all matters, civil and criminal, within this State, not excepted in this Constitution, and not hereafter prohibited by law, and appellate jurisdiction from all inferior courts and tribunals, and a supervisory control over the same. They shall also have the power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari, and all other writs necessary to carry into effect their orders, judgments and decrees, and give them a general control over inferior courts and jurisdictions.

SECTION 9. When a vacancy shall happen in the office of Judge of the Supreme or Circuit Courts, such vacancy shall be filled by an appointment of the Governor, which shall continue until a successor is elected and qualified; and when elected, such successor shall hold his office the residue of the unexpired term. There shall be no election for a judge or judges at any general election for State or county officers, nor within thirty days either before or after such election.

SECTION 10. Each of the Judges of the Supreme and Circuit Courts shall receive a salary, payable quarterly, of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars annually; they shall receive no fees of office, or other compensation than their salaries; they shall hold no office of public trust, except a judicial office, during the term for which they are respectively elected, and all votes for either of them, for any office except a judicial office given by the Legislature or the people, shall be void. No person shall be eligible to the office of Judge, who shall not, at the time of his election, be a citizen of the United States, and have attained the age of twenty-five years, and be a qualified elector within the jurisdiction for which he may be chosen.

SECTION 11. The Supreme Court shall hold at least one term annually, at the seat of government of the State, at such time as shall be provided by law, and the Legislature may provide for holding other terms, and at other places, when they may deem it necessary. A Circuit Court shall be held at least twice in each year, in each county of this State, organized for judicial purposes. The judges of the circuit court may hold courts for each other, and shall do so when required by law.

SECTION 12. There shall be a clerk of the Circuit Court chosen in each county organized for judicial purposes, by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal, as shall be provided by law. In case of a vacancy, the judge of the Circuit Court shall have the power to appoint a clerk, until the vacancy shall be filled by an election. The clerk thus elected or appointed shall give such security as the Legislature may require; and when elected, shall hold his office for a full term. The Supreme Court shall appoint its own Clerk, and the Clerk of a Circuit Court may be appointed Clerk of the Supreme Court.

SECTION 13. Any Judge of the Supreme or Circuit Court may be removed from office by address of both Houses of the Legislature, if two-thirds of all the members elect to each House concur therein, but no removal shall be made by virtue of this section, unless the judge complained of shall have been served with a copy of the charges against him as the ground of address, and shall have had an opportunity of being heard in his defense. On the question of removal, the ayes and noes shall be entered on the journals.

SECTION 14. There shall be chosen in each county, by the qualified electors thereof, a Judge of Probate, who shall hold his office for two years, and until his successor shall be elected and qualified, and whose jurisdiction, powers and duties shall be prescribed by law. *Provided, however,* That the Legislature shall have power to abolish the office of Judge of Probate in any county, and to confer probate powers upon such inferior courts as may be established in said county.

SECTION 15. The electors of the several towns, at their annual town meetings, and the electors of cities and villages, at their charter elections, shall, in such manner as the Legislature may direct, elect justices of the peace, whose term of office shall be for two years, and until their successors in office shall be elected and qualified. In case of an election to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of a full term, the justice elected shall hold for the residue of the unexpired term. Their number and classifications shall be regulated by law. And the tenure of two years shall in no wise interfere with the classification in the first instance. The justices thus elected shall have such civil and criminal jurisdiction as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 16. The Legislature shall pass laws for the regulation of tribunals of conciliation, defining their powers and duties. Such tribunals may be established in and for any township, and shall have power to render judgment, to be obligatory on the parties, when they shall voluntarily submit their matter in difference to arbitration, and agree to abide the judgment, or assent thereto in writing.

SECTION 17. The style of all writs and process shall be, "The State of Wisconsin." All criminal prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the same; and all indictments shall conclude against the peace and dignity of the State.

SECTION 18. The Legislature shall impose a tax on all civil suits commenced or prosecuted in the municipal, inferior, or circuit courts, which shall constitute a fund to be applied toward the payment of the salary of the judges.

SECTION 19. The testimony in causes in equity shall be taken in like manner as in cases at law; and the office of master in chancery is hereby prohibited.

SECTION 20. Any suitor in any court in this State shall have the right to prosecute or defend his suit either in his own proper person or by an attorney or agent of his choice.

SECTION 21. The Legislature shall provide by law for the speedy publication of all statute laws, and of such judicial decisions made within the State, as may be deemed expedient. And no general law shall be in force until published.

SECTION 22. The Legislature, at its first session after the adoption of this Constitution, shall provide for the appointment of three commissioners, whose duty it shall be to inquire into, revise, and simplify the rules of practice, pleadings, forms and proceedings, and arrange a system adapted to the courts of record of this State, and report the same to the Legislature, subject to their modification and adoption; and such commission shall terminate upon the rendering of the report, unless otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 23. The Legislature may provide for the appointment of one or more persons in each organized county, and may vest in such persons such judicial powers as shall be prescribed by law. *Provided*, That said power shall not exceed that of a judge of the Circuit Court at chambers.

ARTICLE VIII.

FINANCE.

SECTION 1. The rule of taxation shall be uniform, and taxes shall be levied upon such property as the Legislature shall prescribe.

SECTION 2. No money shall be paid out of the treasury except in pursuance of an appropriation by law.

SECTION 3. The credit of the State shall never be given or loaned in aid of any individual, association, or corporation.

SECTION 4. This State shall never contract any public debt, except in the cases and manner herein provided.

SECTION 5. The Legislature shall provide for an annual tax sufficient to defray the estimated expenses of the State for each year; and whenever the expenses of any year shall exceed the income, the Legislature shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing year, sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency, as well as the estimated expenses of such ensuing year.

SECTION 6. For the purpose of defraying extraordinary expenditures, the State may contract public debts; but such debts shall never, in the aggregate, exceed one hundred thousand dollars. Every such debt shall be authorized by law, for some purpose or purposes to be distinctly specified therein; and the vote of a majority of all the members elected to each house, to be taken by yeas and nays, shall be necessary to the passage of such law; and every such law shall provide for levying an annual tax sufficient to pay the annual interest of such debt, and the principal within five years from the passage of such law, and shall specially appropriate the proceeds of such taxes to the payment of such principal and interest; and such appropriation shall not be repealed, nor the taxes be postponed or diminished, until the principal and interest of such debt shall have been wholly paid.

SECTION 7. The Legislature may also borrow money to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or defend the State in time of war; but the money thus raised shall be applied exclusively to the object for which the loan was authorized, or to the repayment of the debt thereby created.

SECTION 8. On the passage in either house of the Legislature, of any law which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews an appropriation of public or trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand of the State, the question shall be taken by yeas and nays, which shall be duly entered on the journal; and three-fifths of all the members elected to such house, shall in all such cases be required to constitute a quorum therein.

SECTION 9. No scrip, certificate or other evidence of State debt whatsoever, shall be issued, except for such debts as are authorized by the sixth and seventh sections of this article.

SECTION 10. The State shall never contract any debt for works of internal improvement, or be a party in carrying on such works; but whenever grants of land or other property shall have been made to the State, especially dedicated by the grant to particular works of internal improvement, the State may carry on such particular works, and shall devote thereto the avails of such grants, and may pledge or appropriate the revenues derived from such works in aid of their completion.

ARTICLE IX.

EMINENT DOMAIN AND PROPERTY OF THE STATE.

SECTION 1. The State shall have concurrent jurisdiction on all rivers and lakes bordering on this State, so far as such rivers or lakes shall form a common boundary to the State, and any other State or Territory now or hereafter to be formed and bounded by the same. And the river Mississippi and the navigable waters leading into the Mississippi and St. Lawrence, and the carrying places between the same, shall be common highways, and forever free, as well to the inhabitants of the State as to the citizens of the United States, without any tax, impost, or duty therefor.

SECTION 2. The title of all lands and other property, which have accrued to the Territory of Wisconsin, by grant, gift, purchase, forfeiture, escheat or otherwise, shall vest in the State of Wisconsin.

SECTION 3. The people of the State, in their right of sovereignty, are declared to possess the ultimate property in and to all lands within the jurisdiction of the State; and all lands, the title to which shall fail from a defect of heirs, shall revert or escheat to the people.

ARTICLE X.

EDUCATION.

SECTION 1. The supervision of public instruction shall be vested in a State Superintendent, and such other officers as the Legislature shall direct. The State Superintendent shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide; his powers, duties and compensation shall be prescribed by law. *Provided*, That his compensation shall not exceed the sum of twelve hundred dollars annually.

SECTION 2. The proceeds of all lands that have been or hereafter may be granted by the United States to this State, for educational purposes (except the lands heretofore granted for the purposes of a University), and all moneys, and the clear proceeds of all property, that may accrue to the State by forfeiture or escheat, and all moneys which may be paid as an equivalent for exemption from military duty, and the clear proceeds of all fines collected in the several counties for any breach of the penal laws, and all moneys arising from any grant to the State where the purposes of such grant are not specified, and the five hundred thousand acres of land to which the State is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sale of public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one, and also the five *per centum* of the net proceeds of the public lands to which the State shall become entitled on her admission into the Union (if Congress shall consent to such appropriation of the two grants last mentioned), shall be set apart as a separate fund, to be called the school fund, the interest of which, and all other revenues derived from the school lands, shall be exclusively applied to the following objects, to wit:

1. To the support and maintenance of common schools in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

2. The residue shall be appropriated to the support and maintenance of academies and normal schools, and suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

SECTION 3. The Legislature shall provide by law for the establishment of district schools, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable, and such schools shall be free and without charge for tuition to all children between the ages of four and twenty years, and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed therein.

SECTION 4. Each town and city shall be required to raise, by tax, annually, for the support of common schools therein, a sum not less than one-half the amount received by such town or city respectively for school purposes, from the income of the school fund.

SECTION 5. Provision shall be made by law for the distribution of the income of the school fund among the several towns and cities of the State, for the support of common schools therein, in some just proportion to the number of children and youth resident therein, between the ages of four and twenty years, and no appropriation shall be made from the school fund to any city or town for the year in which said city or town shall fail to raise such tax, nor to any school district for the year in which a school shall not be maintained at least three months.

SECTION 6. Provision shall be made by law for the establishment of a State University, at or near the seat of State Government, and for connecting with the same from time to time, such colleges in different parts of the State as the interests of education may require. The proceeds of all lands that have been or may hereafter be granted by the United States to the State for the support of a University, shall be and remain a perpetual fund to be called the "University Fund," the interest of which shall be appropriated to the support of the State University, and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed in such University.

SECTION 7. The Secretary of State, Treasurer and Attorney General shall constitute a Board of Commissioners for the sale of the School and University Lands and for the investment of the funds arising therefrom. Any two of said Commissioners shall be a quorum for the transaction of all business pertaining to the duties of their office.

SECTION 8. Provision shall be made by law for the sale of all School and University Lands, after they shall have been appraised, and when any portion of such lands shall be sold, and the purchase money shall not be paid at the time of the sale, the Commissioners shall take security by mortgage upon the land sold for the sum remaining unpaid, with seven per cent. interest thereon, payable annually at the office of the Treasurer. The Commissioners shall be authorized to execute a good and sufficient conveyance to all purchasers of such lands, and to discharge any mortgages taken as security, when the sum due thereon shall have been paid. The Commissioners shall have power to withhold from sale any portion of such lands when they shall deem it expedient, and shall invest all moneys arising from the sale of such lands, as well as all other University and School funds, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide, and shall give such security for the faithful performance of their duties as may be required by law.

ARTICLE XI.

CORPORATIONS.

SECTION 1. Corporations without banking powers or privileges may be formed under general laws, but shall not be created by special act, except for municipal purposes, and in cases where, in the judgment of the Legislature, the objects of the corporation cannot be attained under general laws. All general laws or special acts enacted under the provisions of this section may be altered or repealed by the Legislature at any time after their passage.

SECTION 2. No municipal corporation shall take private property for public use against the consent of the owner, without the necessity thereof being first established by the verdict of a jury.

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of the Legislature, and they are hereby empowered, to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages and to restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and taxation, and in contracting debts by such municipal corporations.

SECTION 4. The Legislature shall not have power to create, authorize, or incorporate, by any general or special law, any bank or banking power or privilege, or any institution or corporation, having any banking power or privilege whatever, except as provided in this article.

SECTION 5. The Legislature may submit to the voters at any general election, the question of "bank or no bank," and if at any such election a number of votes equal to a majority of all the votes cast at such election on that subject shall be in favor of banks, then the Legislature shall have power to grant bank charters, or to pass a general banking law, with such restrictions, and under such regulations as they may deem expedient and proper for the security of the bill holders. *Provided*, That no such grant or law shall have any force or effect until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the electors of the state at some general election, and been approved by a majority of the votes cast on that subject at such election.

ARTICLE XII.

AMENDMENTS.

SECTION 1. Any amendment or amendments to this Constitution may be proposed in either House of the Legislature, and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two Houses, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on their journals with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election, and shall be published for three months previous to the time of holding such election. And if in the Legislature so next chosen, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each House, then it shall be the duty of the Legislature to submit such pro-

posed amendment or amendments to the people, in such manner and at such time as the Legislature shall prescribe, and if the people shall approve and ratify such amendment or amendments by a majority of the electors voting thereon, such amendment or amendments shall become part of the Constitution. *Provided*, that if more than one amendment be submitted, they shall be submitted in such manner that the people may vote for or against such amendments separately.

SECTION 2. If at any time a majority of the Senate and Assembly shall deem it necessary to call a convention to revise or change this Constitution, they shall recommend to the electors to vote for or against a convention at the next election for members of the Legislature; and if it shall appear that a majority of the electors voting thereon have voted for a convention, the Legislature shall at its next session provide for calling such convention.

ARTICLE XIII.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

SECTION 1. The political year for the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year, and the general election shall be holden on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November in each year.

SECTION 2. Any inhabitant of this State who may hereafter be engaged, either directly or indirectly, in a duel, either as principal or accessory, shall forever be disqualified as an elector, and from holding any office under the Constitution and laws of this State, and may be punished in such other manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 3. No Member of Congress, nor any person holding any office of profit or trust under the United States (postmasters excepted), or under any foreign power; no person convicted of any infamous crime in any court within the United States, and no person being a defaulter to the United States, or to this State, or to any county or town therein, or to any State or Territory within the United States, shall be eligible to any office of trust, profit or honor in this State.

SECTION 4. It shall be the duty of the Legislature to provide a great seal for the State, which shall be kept by the Secretary of State; and all official acts of the Governor, his approbation of the laws excepted, shall be thereby authenticated.

SECTION 5. All persons residing upon Indian lands within any county of the State, and qualified to exercise the right of suffrage under this Constitution, shall be entitled to vote at the polls which may be held nearest their residence for State, United States or County officers. *Provided*, that no person shall vote for county officers out of the county in which he resides.

SECTION 6. The elective officers of the Legislature, other than the presiding officers, shall be a Chief Clerk and a Sergeant-at-Arms, to be elected by each house.

SECTION 7. No county with an area of nine hundred square miles or less, shall be divided or have any part stricken therefrom, without submitting the question to a vote of the people of the county, nor unless a majority of all the legal voters of the county voting on the question shall vote for the same.

SECTION 8. No county seat shall be removed until the point to which it is proposed to be removed, shall be fixed by law, and a majority of the voters of the county voting on the question, shall have voted in favor of its removal to such point.

SECTION 9. All county officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of the respective counties, or appointed by the boards of supervisors, or other county authorities as the Legislature shall direct. All city, town and village officers, whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of such cities, towns and villages, or of some division thereof, or appointed by such authorities thereof as the Legislature shall designate for that purpose. All other officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, and all officers whose offices may hereafter be created by law, shall be elected by the people, or appointed as the Legislature may direct.

SECTION 10. The Legislature may declare the cases in which any office shall be deemed vacant, and also the manner of filling the vacancy where no provision is made for that purpose in this Constitution.

ARTICLE XIV.

SCHEDULE.

SECTION 1. That no inconvenience may arise by reason of a change from a territorial to a permanent state government, it is declared that all rights, actions, prosecutions, judgments, claims and contracts, as well of individuals as of bodies corporate, shall continue as if no such change had taken place, and all process which may be issued under the authority

of the Territory of Wisconsin previous to its admission into the Union of the United States shall be as valid as if issued in the name of the State.

SECTION 2. All laws now in force in the Territory of Wisconsin, which are not repugnant to this Constitution, shall remain in force until they expire by their own limitation, or be altered or repealed by the Legislature.

SECTION 3. All fines, penalties or forfeitures accruing to the Territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to the use of the State.

SECTION 4. All recognizances heretofore taken, or which may be taken before the change from a territorial to a permanent state government, shall remain valid and shall pass to, and may be prosecuted in the name of the State, and all bonds executed to the Governor of the Territory, or to any other officer or court, in his or their official capacity, shall pass to the Governor or State authority, and their successors in office, for the uses therein respectively expressed, and may be sued for and recovered accordingly; and all the estate or property, real, personal or mixed, and all judgments, bonds, specialties, choses in action, and claims or debts of whatever description, of the Territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to and vest in the State of Wisconsin, and may be sued for and recovered in the same manner and to the same extent, by the State of Wisconsin, as the same could have been by the Territory of Wisconsin. All criminal prosecutions and penal actions which may have arisen, or which may arise before the change from a Territorial to a State government, and which shall then be pending, shall be prosecuted to judgment and execution in the name of the State. All offenses committed against the laws of the Territory of Wisconsin, before the change from a Territorial to a State government, and which shall not be prosecuted before such change, may be prosecuted in the name and by the authority of the State of Wisconsin, with like effect as though such change had not taken place; and all penalties incurred shall remain the same as if this Constitution had not been adopted. All actions at law, and suits in equity, which may be pending in any of the courts of the Territory of Wisconsin, at the time of the change from a Territorial to a State government, may be continued and transferred to any court of the State which shall have jurisdiction of the subject-matter thereof.

SECTION 5. All officers, civil and military, now holding their offices under the authority of the United States, or of the Territory of Wisconsin, shall continue to hold and exercise their respective offices until they shall be superseded by the authority of the State.

SECTION 6. The first session of the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in June next, and shall be held at the village of Madison, which shall be and remain the seat of government until otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 7. All county, precinct, and township officers shall continue to hold their respective offices, unless removed by the competent authority, until the Legislature shall, in conformity with the provisions of this Constitution, provide for the holding of elections to fill such offices respectively.

SECTION 8. The President of this Convention shall, immediately after its adjournment, cause a fair copy of this Constitution, together with a copy of the act of the Legislature of this Territory, entitled "an act in relation to the formation of a State government in Wisconsin, and to change the time of holding the annual session of the Legislature," approved October 27, 1847, providing for the calling of this Convention, and also a copy of so much of the last census of the Territory as exhibits the number of its inhabitants, to be forwarded to the President of the United States, to be laid before the Congress of the United States at its present session.

SECTION 9. This Constitution shall be submitted at an election to be held on the second Monday in March next, for ratification or rejection, to all white male persons of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, who shall then be residents of this Territory and citizens of the United States, or shall have declared their intention to become such in conformity with the laws of Congress on the subject of naturalization; and all persons having such qualifications shall be entitled to vote for or against the adoption of this Constitution, and for all officers first elected under it. And if the Constitution be ratified by said electors, it shall become the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin. On such of the ballots as are for the Constitution, shall be written or printed the word, "yes;" and on such as are against the Constitution, the word, "no." The election shall be conducted in the manner now prescribed by law, and the returns made by the clerks of the boards of supervisors or county commissioners (as the case may be) to the Governor of the Territory, at any time before the tenth of April next. And in the event of the ratification of this Constitution, by a majority of all the votes given, it shall be the duty of the Governor of this Territory to make proclamation of the same, and to transmit a digest of the returns to the Senate and Assembly of the State on the first day of their session. An election shall be held for Governor and

Lieutenant Governor, Treasurer, Attorney General, Members of the State Legislature, and Members of Congress, on the second Monday of May next, and no other or further notice of such election shall be required.

SECTION 10. Two Members of Congress shall also be elected on the second Monday of May next; and until otherwise provided by law, the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson, Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green shall constitute the First Congressional District, and elect one member; and the counties of Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Calumet, Brown, Winnebago, Fond du Lac, Marquette, Sauk, Portage, Columbia, Dodge, Dane, Iowa, La Fayette, Grant, Richland, Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute the Second Congressional District, and shall elect one member.

SECTION 11. The several elections provided for in this article shall be conducted according to the existing laws of the Territory. *Provided*, That no elector shall be entitled to vote, except in the town, ward or precinct where he resides. The returns of election, for Senators and Members of Assembly, shall be transmitted to the clerk of the board of supervisors, or county commissioners, as the case may be, and the votes shall be canvassed, and certificates of election issued, as now provided by law. In the First Senatorial District, the returns of the election for Senator shall be made to the proper officer in the county of Brown; in the Second Senatorial District, to the proper officer in the County of Columbia; in the Third Senatorial District, to the proper officer in the county of Crawford; in the Fourth Senatorial District, to the proper officer in the county of Fond du Lac; and in the Fifth Senatorial District, to the proper officer in the county of Iowa. The returns of election for State officers and Members of Congress, shall be certified and transmitted to the Speaker of the Assembly, at the seat of government, in the same manner as the votes for delegate to Congress are required to be certified and returned, by the laws of the Territory of Wisconsin, to the Secretary of said Territory, and in such time that they may be received on the first Monday in June next; and as soon as the Legislature shall be organized, the Speaker of the Assembly and the President of the Senate shall in the presence of both Houses, examine the returns, and declare who are duly elected to fill the several offices hereinbefore mentioned, and give to each of the persons elected, a certificate of his election.

SECTION 12. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the Senators and Members of the Assembly shall be apportioned among the several districts, as hereinafter mentioned, and each district shall be entitled to elect one Senator or member of the Assembly, as the case may be.

The counties of Brown, Calumet, Manitowoc and Sheboygan shall constitute the First Senate District.

The counties of Columbia, Marquette, Portage and Sauk shall constitute the Second Senate District.

The counties of Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute the Third Senate District.

The counties of Fond du Lac and Winnebago shall constitute the Fourth Senate District.

The counties of Iowa and Richland shall constitute the Fifth Senate District.

The county of Grant shall constitute the Sixth Senate District.

The county of La Fayette shall constitute the Seventh Senate District.

The county of Green shall constitute the Eighth Senate District.

The county of Dane shall constitute the Ninth Senate District.

The county of Dodge shall constitute the Tenth Senate District.

The county of Washington shall constitute the Eleventh Senate District.

The county of Jefferson shall constitute the Twelfth Senate District.

The county of Waukesha shall constitute the Thirteenth Senate District.

The county of Walworth shall constitute the Fourteenth Senate District.

The county of Rock shall constitute the Fifteenth Senate District.

The towns of Southport, Pike, Pleasant Prairie, Paris, Bristol, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland, in the county of Racine, shall constitute the Sixteenth Senate District.

The towns of Racine, Caledonia, Mount Pleasant, Raymond, Norway, Rochester, Yorkville and Burlington, in the county of Racine, shall constitute the Seventeenth Senate District.

The third, fourth and fifth wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin and Greenfield, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Eighteenth Senate District.

The first and second wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Milwaukee, Watosa and Granville, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Nineteenth Senate District.

The county of Brown shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Calumet shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Manitowoc shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Columbia shall constitute an Assembly District.

The counties of Crawford and Chippewa shall constitute an Assembly District.

The counties of St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Windsor, Sun Prairie and Cottage Grove, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Madison, Cross Plains, Clarkson, Springfield, Verona, Montrose, Oregon and Greenfield, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Rome, Dunkirk, Christiana, Albion and Rutland, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Burnett, Chester, Le Roy and Williamstown, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Fairfield, Hubbard and Rubicon, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Hustisford, Ashippun, Lebanon and Emmett, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Elba, Lowell, Portland and Clyman, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Calamus, Beaver Dam, Fox Lake and Trenton, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Calumet, Forest, Auburn, Byron, Taychedah and Fond du Lac, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Alto, Metomen, Ceresco, Rosendale, Waupun, Oakfield and Seven Mile Creek, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Hazel Green, Fairplay, Smelser's Grove and Jamestown, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Platteville, Head of Platte, Centreville, Muscola and Fennimore, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Pleasant Valley, Potosi, Waterloo, Hurricane and New Lisbon, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Beetown, Patch Grove, Cassville, Millville and Lancaster, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Green shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Dallas, Peddler's Creek, Mineral Point and Yellow Stone, in the county of Iowa, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Franklin, Dodgeville, Porter's Grove, Arena and Percussion, in the county of Iowa and the county of Richland, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Watertown, Aztalan and Waterloo, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Ixonia, Concord, Sullivan, Hebron, Cold Spring and Palmyra, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Lake Mills, Oakland, Koshkonong, Farmington and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Benton, Elk Grove, Belmont, Willow Springs, Prairie, and that part of Shullsburg precinct north of town one, in the county of La Fayette, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Wiota, Wayne, Gratiot, White Oak Springs, Fever River, and that part of Shullsburg precinct south of town two, in the county of La Fayette, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Marquette shall constitute an Assembly District.

The first ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The second ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The third ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The fourth and fifth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Franklin and Oak Creek, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Greenfield and Lake, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Granville, Wauwatosa and Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Portage shall constitute an Assembly District.

The town of Racine, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Norway, Raymond, Caledonia and Mount Pleasant, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Rochester, Burlington and Yorkville, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Southport, Pike and Pleasant Prairie, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Paris, Bristol, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Janesville and Bradford, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Beloit, Turtle and Clinton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Magnolia, Union, Porter and Fulton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Milton, Lima and Johnstown, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Newark, Rock, Avon, Spring Valley and Center, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District. *Provided*, That if the Legislature shall divide the town of Center, they may attach such part of it to the district lying next north, as they deem expedient.

The county of Sauk shall constitute an Assembly District.

Precincts numbered one, three and seven, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an Assembly District.

Precincts number two, four, five and six, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Troy, East Troy and Spring Prairie, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Whitewater, Richmond and Lagrange, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Geneva, Hudson and Bloomfield, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Darien, Sharon, Walworth and Linn, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Delavan, Sugar Creek, La Fayette and Elkhorn, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Lisbon, Menomonee and Brookfield, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Warren, Oconomowoc, Summit and Ottawa, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Delafield, Genesee and Pewaukee, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Waukesha and New Berlin, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Eagle, Mukwonago, Vernon and Muskego, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Port Washington, Fredonia and Clarence, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Grafton and Jackson, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Mequon and Germantown, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Polk, Richfield and Erin, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Hartford, Addison, West Bend and North Bend, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Winnebago shall constitute an Assembly District.

The foregoing Districts are subject, however, so far to be altered that when any new town shall be organized, it may be added to either of the adjoining Assembly Districts.

SECTION 13. Such parts of the common law as are now in force in the Territory of Wisconsin, not inconsistent with this Constitution, shall be and continue part of the law of this State until altered or suspended by the Legislature.

SECTION 14. The Senators first elected in the even numbered Senate Districts, the Gover-

nor, Lieutenant Governor, and other State officers first elected under this Constitution, shall enter upon the duties of their respective offices on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in office for one year from the first Monday of January next. The Senators first elected in the odd numbered Senate Districts, and the members of the Assembly first elected shall enter upon their duties respectively on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in office until the first Monday in January next.

SECTION 15. The oath of office may be administered by any judge or justice of the peace, until the Legislature shall otherwise direct.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States be, and is hereby requested, upon the application of Wisconsin for admission into the Union, so to alter the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to grant a quantity of land to the Territory of Wisconsin, for the purpose of aiding in opening a canal to connect the waters of Lake Michigan with those of Rock river," approved June eighteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and so to alter the terms and conditions of the grant made therein, that the odd numbered sections thereby granted, and remaining unsold, may be held and disposed of by the State of Wisconsin, as part of the five hundred thousand acres of land to which said State is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one; and further, that the even numbered sections reserved by Congress may be offered for sale by the United States for the same minimum price, and subject to the same rights of pre-emption as other public lands of the United States.

Resolved, That Congress be further requested to pass an act whereby the excess price over and above one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, which may have been paid by the purchasers of said even numbered sections which shall have been sold by the United States, be refunded to the present owners thereof, or they be allowed to enter any of the public lands of the United States, to an amount equal in value to the excess so paid.

Resolved, That in case the odd numbered sections shall be ceded to the State as aforesaid, the same shall be sold by the State in the same manner as other school lands. *Provided*, that the same rights of pre-emption as are now granted by the laws of the United States shall be secured to persons who may be actually settled upon such lands at the time of the adoption of this Constitution: *And provided further*, that the excess price over and above one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, absolutely or conditionally contracted to be paid by the purchasers of any part of said sections which shall have been sold by the Territory of Wisconsin, shall be remitted to such purchasers, their representatives or assigns.

Resolved, That Congress be requested, upon the application of Wisconsin for admission into the Union, to pass an act whereby the grant of five hundred thousand acres of land, to which the State of Wisconsin is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one, and also the five per centum of the net proceeds of the public lands lying within the State, to which it shall become entitled on its admission into the Union, by the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union," approved the sixth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, shall be granted to the State of Wisconsin for the use of schools, instead of the purposes mentioned in said acts of Congress respectively.

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States be, and hereby is requested, upon the admission of this State into the Union, so to alter the provisions of the act of Congress, entitled "an act to grant a certain quantity of land to aid in the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, and to connect the same by a canal in the territory of Wisconsin," that the price of the lands reserved to the United States shall be reduced to the minimum price of the public lands.

Resolved, That the Legislature of this State shall make provision by law for the sale of the lands granted to the State in aid of said improvements, subject to the same rights of pre-emption to the settlers thereon, as are now allowed by law to the settlers on the public lands.

Resolved, That the foregoing resolutions be appended to and signed with the Constitution of Wisconsin, and submitted therewith to the people of this Territory, and to the Congress of the United States.

We, the undersigned, members of the Convention to form a Constitution for the State of Wisconsin, to be submitted to the people thereof for their ratification or rejection do hereby certify that the foregoing is the Constitution adopted by the Convention.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands, at Madison, the first day of February, A. D. eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

MORGAN L. MARTIN,

President of the Convention and Delegate from Brown County.

THOS. McHUGH, *Secretary.*

CALUMET —	MILWAUKEE — (continued.)
G. W. FEATHERSTONHAUGH.	RUFUS KING,
COLUMBIA —	CHARLES H. LARKIN,
JAMES T. LEWIS.	MORITZ SCHEFFLER.
CRAWFORD —	PORTAGE —
DANIEL G. FENTON.	WILLIAM H. KENNEDY.
DANE —	RACINE —
WILLIAM H. FOX,	ALBERT G. COLE,
CHARLES M. NICHOLS,	STEPHEN A. DAVENPORT,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER.	ANDREW B. JACKSON,
DODGE —	FREDERICK S. LOVELL,
STODDARD JUDD,	SAMUEL R. McCLELLAN,
CHARLES H. LARRABEE,	JAMES D. REYMERT,
SAMUEL W. LYMAN.	HORACE T. SANDERS,
FOND DU LAC —	THEODORE SECOR.
SAMUEL W. BEALL,	ROCK —
WARREN CHASE.	ALMERIN M. CARTER,
GRANT —	JOSEPH COLLEY,
ORSAMUS COLE,	PAUL CRANDALL,
GEORGE W. LAKIN,	EZRA A. FOOT,
ALEXANDER D. RAMSAY,	LOUIS P. HARVEY,
WILLIAM RICHARDSON,	EDWARD V. WHITON.
JOHN HAWKINS ROUNTREE.	SHEBOYGAN —
GREEN —	SILAS STEADMAN.
JAMES BIGGS.	WALWORTH —
IOWA —	EXPERIENCE ESTABROOK,
CHARLES BISHOP,	GEORGE GALE,
STEPHEN P. HOLLENBECK,	JAMES HARRINGTON,
JOSEPH WARD.	AUGUSTUS C. KINNE,
JEFFERSON —	HOLLIS LATHAM,
JONAS FOLTS,	EZRA A. MULFORD.
MILO JONES,	WASHINGTON —
THEODORE PRENTISS,	JAMES FAGAN,
ABRAM VANDERPOOL.	PATRICK PENTONY,
LA FAYETTE —	HARVEY G. TURNER.
CHARLES DUNN,	WAUKESHA —
JOHN O'CONNOR,	SQUIRE S. CASE,
ALLEN WARDEN.	ALFRED L. CASTLEMAN,
MILWAUKEE —	PETER D. GIFFORD,
JOHN L. DORAN,	ELEAZER ROOT,
GARRET M. FITZGERALD,	GEORGE SCAGEL.
ALBERT FOWLER,	WINNEBAGO —
BYRON KILBOURN,	HARRISON REED.

AMENDMENTS.

ARTICLE I.

[Section 8, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1870.]

SECTION 8. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense without due process of law, and no person, for the same offense, shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself. All persons shall before conviction be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses when the proof is evident or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended unless when in case of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

ARTICLE III.

[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 1. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years or upwards belonging to either of the following classes who shall have resided within the State for one year next preceding any election, and in the election district where he offers to vote, such time as may be prescribed by the Legislature, not exceeding thirty days, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election.

1. Citizens of the United States.

2. Persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization.

3. Persons of Indian blood who have once been declared by law of congress to be citizens of the United States, any subsequent law of congress to the contrary notwithstanding.

4. Civilized persons of Indian descent not members of any tribe; *provided*, that the legislature may at any time extend by law the right of suffrage to persons not herein enumerated; but no such law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the people at a general election and approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election; *and provided further*, that in incorporated cities and villages, the legislature may provide for the registration of electors and prescribe proper rules and regulations therefor.

ARTICLE IV.

[Sections 4, 5, 11 and 21, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1881.]

SECTION 4. The members of the assembly shall be chosen biennially, by single districts, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November after the adoption of this amendment, by the qualified electors of the several districts; such districts to be bounded by county, precinct, town or ward lines, to consist of contiguous territory, and be in as compact form as practicable.

SECTION 5. The senators shall be elected by single districts of convenient contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of the assembly are required to be chosen, and no assembly district shall be divided in the formation of a senate district. The senate districts shall be numbered in the regular series, and the senators shall be chosen alternately from the odd and even-numbered districts. The senators elected, or holding over at the time of the adoption of this amendment, shall continue in office till their successors are duly elected and qualified; and after the adoption of this amendment, all senators shall be chosen for the term of four years.

SECTION 11. The legislature shall meet at the seat of government at such time as shall be provided by law, once in two years and no oftener, unless convened by the governor in special session, and when so convened no business shall be transacted except as shall be necessary to accomplish the special purposes for which it was convened.

SECTION 21. Each member of the legislature shall receive for his services, for and during a regular session, the sum of five hundred dollars, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the legislature on the most usual route. In case of an extra session of the legislature, no additional compensation

shall be allowed to any member thereof, either directly or indirectly, except for mileage, to be computed at the same rate as for a regular session. No stationery, newspapers, postage or other perquisite, except the salary and mileage above provided, shall be received from the state by any member of the legislature for his services, or in any other manner as such member.

[Sections 31 and 32, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1871, and amendment to section 31, adopted November 8, 1892.]

SECTION 31. The Legislature is prohibited from enacting any special or private laws in the following cases: 1st For changing the name of persons or constituting one person the heir-at-law of another. 2d. For laying out, opening or altering highways, except in cases of State roads extending into more than one county, and military roads, to aid in the construction of which lands may be granted by Congress. 3d. For authorizing persons to keep ferries across streams, at points wholly within this state. 4th. For authorizing the sale or mortgage of real or personal property of minors or others under disability. 5th. For locating or changing any county seat. 6th. For assessment or collection of taxes or for extending the time for collection thereof. 7th. For granting corporate powers or privileges, except to cities. 8th. For authorizing the apportionment of any part of the school fund. 9th. For incorporating any city, town or village, or to amend the charter thereof.

ARTICLE V.

[Sections 5 and 9, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 2, 1869.]

SECTION 5. The Governor shall receive, during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of five thousand dollars which shall be in full for all traveling or other expenses incident to his duties.

SECTION 9. The Lieutenant Governor shall receive, during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of one thousand dollars.

ARTICLE VI.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 4. Sheriffs, coroners, registers of deeds, district attorneys, and all other county officers except judicial officers, shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, once in every two years. Sheriffs shall hold no other office, and be ineligible for two years next succeeding the termination of their offices; they may be required by law to renew their security from time to time, and in default of giving such new security their office shall be deemed vacant; but the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the sheriff. The Governor may remove any officer in this section mentioned, giving to such a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity of being heard in his defense. All vacancies shall be filled by appointment; and the person appointed to fill a vacancy shall hold only for the unexpired portion of the term to which he shall be appointed and until his successor shall be elected and qualified.

ARTICLE VII.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 6, 1877.]

SECTION 4. The supreme court shall consist of one chief justice and four associate justices to be elected by the qualified electors of the State. The Legislature shall, at its first session after the adoption of this amendment, provide by law for the election of two associate justices of said court, to hold their offices for terms ending two and four years respectively, after the end of the term of the justice of the said court then last to expire. And thereafter the chief justice and associate justices of the said court shall be elected and hold their offices respectively for the term of ten years.

[Section 12, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 12. There shall be a clerk of the circuit court chosen in each county organized for judicial purposes by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal as shall be provided by law; in case of a vacancy the judge of the circuit court shall have power to appoint a clerk until the vacancy shall be filled by an election; the clerk thus elected or appointed shall give such security as the Legislature may require. The supreme court shall appoint its own clerk; and a clerk of the circuit court may be appointed a clerk of the supreme court.



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

LIGHT HORSE SQUADRON ARMORY (STATE ARSENAL), MILWAUKEE.

ARTICLE VIII.

[Section 2, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 6, 1877.]

SECTION 2. No money shall be paid out of the treasury, except in pursuance of an appropriation by law. No appropriation shall be made for the payment of any claim against the State, except claims of the United States, and judgments, unless filed within six years after the claim accrued.

ARTICLE XI.

[Section 3, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 3, 1874.]

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of the Legislature, and they are hereby empowered, to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages, and to restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and taxation, and in contracting by such municipal corporations. No county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation, shall be allowed to become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to any amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding five per centum on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness. Any county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation, incurring any indebtedness as aforesaid, shall, before or at the time of doing so, provide for the collection of a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on said debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof within twenty years from the time of contracting the same.

ARTICLE XIII.

[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 1. The political year for the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year, and the general elections shall be holden on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November. The first general election for all state and county officers, except judicial officers, after the adoption of this amendment, shall be holden in the year A. D. 1884, and thereafter the general election shall be held biennially. All state, county or other officers elected at the general election in the year 1881, and whose term of office would otherwise expire on the first Monday of January in the year 1884, shall hold and continue in such office respectively, until the first Monday in January in the year 1885.

ARTICLE VII.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at an election April 2, 1889.]

SECTION 4. The chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court shall be severally known as justices of said court with the same terms of office, respectively, as now provided. The supreme court shall consist of five justices (any three of whom shall be a quorum), to be elected as now provided. The justice having been longest a continuous member of the court (or in case of two or more of such senior justices having served for the same length of time, then the one whose commission first expires), shall be ex-officio the chief justice.

MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

BY THOMAS JEFFERSON.

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MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

NOTE.—The rules and practices peculiar to the SENATE are printed between brackets, []. Those of PARLIAMENT are not so distinguished.

IMPORTANCE OF RULES.

SECTION I.

IMPORTANCE OF ADHERING TO RULES.

MR. ONSLOW, the ablest among the Speakers of the House of Commons, used to say: "It was a maxim he had often heard when he was a young man, from old and experienced Members, that nothing tended more to throw power into the hands of the administration, and those who acted with a majority of the House of Commons, than a neglect of, or departure from, the rules of proceeding; that these forms, as instituted by our ancestors, operated as a check and control on the actions of the majority, and that they were in many instances, a shelter and protection to the minority, against the attempts of power." So far the maxim is certainly true, and it is founded in good sense, that as it is always in the power of the majority, by their numbers, to stop any improper measures proposed on the part of their opponents, the only weapons by which the minority can defend themselves against similar attempts from those in power, are the forms and rules of proceeding which have been adopted as they were found necessary, from time to time, and are become the law of the House; by a strict adherence to which, the weaker party can only be protected from those irregularities and abuses which these forms were intended to check, and which the wantonness of power is but too often apt to suggest to large and successful majorities. 2 *Hats.*, 171, 172.

And whether these forms be in all cases the most rational or not, is really not of so great importance. It is much more material that there should be a rule to go by, than what that rule is; that there may be a uniformity of proceeding in business, not subject to the caprice of the Speaker, or captiousness of the Members. It is very material that order, decency and regularity be preserved in a dignified public body. 2 *Hats.*, 149.

SECTION II.

LEGISLATIVE.

[All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives—*Constitution of the United States, Art. 1, Sec. 1.*]

[The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. *Constitution of the United States, Art. 1, Sec. 6.*]

[For the powers of Congress, see the following Articles and Sections of the Constitution of the United States. I, 4, 7, 8, 9. II, 1, 2. III, 3. IV, 1, 3, 5, and all the amendments.]

SECTION III.

PRIVILEGE.

The privileges of Members of Parliament, from small and obscure beginnings, have been advancing for centuries with a firm and never yielding pace. Claims seem to have been brought forward from time to time, and repeated, till some example of their admission enabled them to build law on that example. We can only, therefore, state the points of progression at which they now are. It is now acknowledged, 1st. That they are at all times exempted from question elsewhere for anything said in their own House; that during the time of privilege, 2d. Neither a Member himself, his* wife, nor his servants (families

*Order of House of Commons, 1663, July 16.

suñ), for any matter of their own, may be* arrested on mesne process, in any civil suit: 3d. Nor be detained under execution, though levied before time of privilege: 4th. Nor impleaded, cited or subpoenaed in any court: 5th. Nor summoned as a witness or juror: 6th. Nor may their lands or goods be distrained: 7th. Nor their persons assaulted, or characters traduced. And the period of time covered by privilege, before and after the session, with the practice of short prorogations under the connivance of the Crown, amounts in fact to a perpetual protection against the course of justice. In one instance, indeed, it has been relaxed by the 10 G. 3, c. 50, which permits judiciary proceedings to go on against them. That these privileges must be continually progressive, seems to result from their rejecting all definition of them; the doctrine being that "their dignity and independence are preserved by keeping their privileges indefinite; 'and that the maxims upon which they proceed, together with the method of proceeding, rest entirely in their own breast, and are not defined and ascertained by any particular stated laws.'" 1 *Blackst.*, 163, 164.

[It was probably from this view of the encroaching character of privilege that the framers of our constitution, in their care to provide that the law shall bind equally on all, and especially that those who make them shall not exempt themselves from their operation, have only privileged "Senators and Representatives" themselves from the single act of "arrest in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, during their attendance at the session of their respective Houses, and in going to and returning from the same, and from being questioned in any other place for any speech or debate in either House." *Const. U. S.*, Art. 1, Sec. 6. Under the general authority "to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the powers given them," *Const. U. S.*, Art. 2, Sec. 8, they may provide by law the details which may be necessary for giving full effect to the enjoyment of this privilege. No such law being yet made, it seems to stand at present on the following grounds: 1. The act of arrest is void, ab initio+ 2. The member arrested may be discharged on motion, 1 *Bl.*, 166; 3 *Stra.*, 990; or by habeas corpus under the Federal or State authority as the case may be; or by a writ of privilege out of the Chancery, 2 *Stra.*, 989, in those States which have adopted that part of the laws of England. *Orders of the House of Commons*, 1550, February 20. 3. The arrest being unlawful, is a trespass for which the officer and others concerned are liable to action and indictment in the ordinary courts of justice, as in other cases of unauthorized arrest. 4. The court before which the process is returnable is bound to act as in other cases of unauthorized proceeding, and liable also, as in other similar cases, to have their proceedings stayed or corrected by the superior courts.]

[The time necessary for going to, and returning from, Congress, not being defined, it will, of course, be judged of in every particular case by those who will have to decide the case.] While privilege was understood in England to extend, as it does here, only to exemption from arrest, eundo, moranda, et redeundo, the House of Commons themselves decided that "a convenient time was to be understood." (1580, 1 *Hats.*, 99, 100. Nor is the law so strict in point of time as to require the party to set out immediately on his return, but allows him time to settle his private affairs, and to prepare for his journey; and does not even scan his road very nicely, nor forfeit his protection for a little deviation from that which is most direct; some necessity perhaps constraining him to it. 2 *Stra.*, 986, 987.

This privilege from arrest, privileges of course against all process, the disobedience to which is punishable by an attachment of the person; as a subpoena ad respondendum, or, testificandum, or a summons on a jury; and with reason, because a member has superior duty to perform in another place. [When a representative is withdrawn from his seat by summons, the 40,000 people whom he represents, lose their voice in debate and vote, as they do on his voluntary absence; when a Senator is withdrawn by summons, his State loses half its voice in debate and vote, as it does on his voluntary absence. The enormous disparity of evil admits no comparison.]

[So far there will probably be no difference of opinion as to the privileges of the two Houses of Congress; but in the following cases it is otherwise. In December, 1795, the House of Representatives committed two persons of the name of Randall and Whitney, for attempting to corrupt the integrity of certain members, which they considered as a contempt and breach of the privileges of the House; and the facts being proved, Whitney was detained in confinement a fortnight, and Randall three weeks, and was reprimanded by the Speaker. In March, 1796, the House of Representatives voted a challenge given to a member of their House to be a breach of the privileges of the House; but satisfactory apologies and acknowledgments being made, no further proceeding was had. The editor of the *Aurora* having, in his paper of February 19, 1800, inserted some paragraphs defamatory of

*Elysnge, 217; 1 *Hats.*, 21; *Gray's Deb.*, 133.

†*Stra.*, 989.

the Senate, and failed in his appearance, he was ordered to be committed. In debating the legality of this order, it was insisted, in support of it, that every man, by the law of nature, and every body of men, possesses the right of self-defense; that all public functionaries are essentially invested with the powers of self-preservation; that they have an inherent right to all acts necessary to keep themselves in a condition to discharge the trusts confided to them; that whenever authorities are given, the means of carrying them into execution are given by necessary implication; that thus we see the British Parliament exercise the right of punishing contempts; all the State Legislatures exercise the same power, and every court does the same; that, if we have it not, we sit at the mercy of every intruder who may enter our doors or gallery, and, by noise and tumult, render proceeding in business impracticable; that if our tranquillity is to be perpetually disturbed by newspaper defamation, it will not be possible to exercise our functions with the requisite coolness and deliberation; and that we must, therefore, have a power to punish these disturbers of our peace and proceedings. To this it was answered, that the Parliament and courts of England have cognizance of contempts by the express provisions of their law; that the State Legislatures have equal authority, because their powers are plenary; they represent their constituents completely, and possess all their powers, except such as their Constitutions have expressly denied them; that the courts of the several States have the same powers by the laws of their States, and those of the Federal Government by the same State laws adopted in each State, by a law of Congress; that none of these bodies, therefore, derive those powers from natural or necessary right, but from express law; that Congress have no such natural or necessary power, nor any powers but such as are given them by the Constitution; that that has given them, directly, exemption from personal arrest, exemption from question elsewhere for what is said in their House, and power over their own members and proceedings; for these no further law is necessary, the Constitution being the law; that, moreover, by that article of the Constitution which authorizes them "to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the power vested by the Constitution in them," they may provide by law for an undisturbed exercise of their functions, e. g., for the punishment of contempt, of affrays or tumult in their presence, etc., but, till the law be made, it does not exist; and does not exist, from their own neglect; that in the mean time, however, they are not unprotected, the ordinary magistrates and courts of law being open and competent to punish all unjustifiable disturbances or defamations, and even their own sergeant, who may appoint deputies *ad libitum* to aid him, 3 *Grey*, 59, 147, 255, is equal to small disturbances; that in requiring a previous law, the Constitution had regard to the inviolability of the citizen, as well as of the member; as, should one House, in the regular form of a bill, aim at too broad privileges, it may be checked by the other, and both by the President; and also as, the law being promulgated, the citizen will know how to avoid offense. But if one branch may assume its own privileges without control; if it may do it on the spur of the occasion, conceal the law in its own breast, and after the fact committed, make its sentence both the law and the judgment on that fact, if the offense is to be kept undefined, and to be declared only *ex re nata*, and according to the passion of the moment, and there be no limitation either in the manner or measure of the punishment, the condition of the citizen will be perilous indeed. Which of these doctrines is to prevail, time will decide. Where there is no fixed law, the judgment on any particular case, is the law of that single case only, and dies with it. When a new and even similar case arises, the judgment which is to make and at the same time apply the law, is open to question and consideration, as are all new laws. Perhaps Congress, in the mean time, in their care for the safety of the citizen as well as that for their own protection, may declare by law what is necessary and proper to enable them to carry into execution the powers vested in them, and thereby hang up a rule for the inspection of all, which may direct the conduct of the citizen, and at the same time test the judgments they shall themselves pronounce in their own case.]

Privilege from arrest takes place by force of the election; and before a return be made a member elected may be named of a committee, and is to every extent a member, except that he cannot vote until he is sworn. *Memor.*, 107, 108. *D'Ewes*, 642, col. 2; 643, col. 1. *Pet. Miscel. Parl.*, 119. *Lex Parl.*, c. 23. 2 *Hats.*, 22, 62.

Every man must, at his peril, take notice who are members of either House returned of record. *Lex Parl.*, 23; 4 *Inst.*, 24.

On complaint of a breach of privilege the party may either be summoned or sent for in custody of the sergeant. *Grey*, 88, 95.

The privilege of a member is the privilege of the House. If the member waive it without leave, it is a ground for punishing him, but cannot in effect waive the privilege of the House. 3 *Grey*, 140, 222.

For any speech or debate in either House, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

Const. U. S., I, 6, *S. P.*, *Protest of the Commons to James I.*, 1621; 2 *Rapin*, No. 54, pp. 211, 212. But this is restrained to things done in the House in a parliamentary course. 1 *Rush.*, 663. For he is not to have privilege contra morem parliamentarum, to exceed the bounds and limits of his place and duty. *Com. p.*

If an offense be committed by a member of the House, of which the House has cognizance, it is an infringement of their right for any person or court to take notice of it, till the House has punished the offender, or referred him to a due course. *Lex Parl.*, 63.

Privilege is in the power of the House, and is a restraint to proceedings of inferior courts, but not of the House itself. 2 *Nelson*, 450; 2 *Grey*, 399. For whatever is spoken in the House is subject to the censure of the House; and offenses of this kind have been severely punished by calling the person to the bar to make submission, committing him to the tower, expelling the House, etc. *Scob.*, 72; *L. Parl.*, c. 22.

It is a breach of order for the speaker to refuse to put a question which is in order. 2 *Hats.*, 175-6; 5 *Grey*, 133.

And even in cases of treason, felony, and breach of the peace, to which privilege does not extend as to substance, yet in Parliament a member is privileged as to the mode of proceeding. The case is first to be laid before the House, that it may judge of the fact and of the grounds of the accusation, and how far forth the manner of the trial may concern their privilege; otherwise it would be in the power of the other branches of government, and even of every private man, under pretense of treason, etc., to take any man from his service in the House, and so as many, one after another, as would make the House what he pleaseth. *Dec. of Com. on the King's declaring Sir John Holham a traitor.* 4 *Rushw.*, 586. So when a member stood indicted for felony, it was adjudged that he ought to remain of the House till conviction; for it may be any man's case who is guiltless, to be accused and indicted of felony or the like crime. 23 *El.* 1580; *D'Ewes*, 283, col. 1; *Lex Parl.*, 133.

When it is found necessary for the public service to put a member under arrest, or when on any public inquiry, matter comes out which may lead to affect the person of a member, it is the practice immediately to acquaint the House, that they may know the reasons for such a proceeding, and take such steps as they think proper. 2 *Hats.*, 259. Of which see many examples. *Ib.*, 256, 257, 253. But the communication is subsequent to the arrest. 1 *Blackst.*, 167.

It is highly expedient, says Hatsel, for the due preservation of the privileges of the separate branches of the Legislature, that neither should encroach on the other or interfere in any matter depending before them, so as to preclude or even influence that freedom of debate, which is essential to a free counsel. They are therefore not to take notice of any bills or other matters depending or of votes that have been given, or of speeches which have been held, by the members of either of the other branches of the Legislature, until the same have been communicated to them in the usual parliamentary manner. 2 *Hats.*, 252. 4 *Inst.*, 15. *Seld. Jud.*, 53. Thus the King's taking notice of the bill for suppressing soldiers, depending before the House; his proposing a provisional clause for a bill before it was presented to him by the two Houses; his expressing displeasure against some persons for matters moved in parliament during the debate and preparation of a bill, were breaches of privilege; 2 *Nelson*, 347; and in 1783, December 17, it was declared a breach of fundamental privileges, etc., to report any opinion or pretended opinion of the King on any bill or proceeding depending in either House of Parliament with a view to influence the votes of the members. 2 *Hats.*, 251, 6.

SECTION IV.

ELECTIONS.

[The times, places, and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators. *Const.*, I, 4.]

[Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members. *Const.*, I, 5.]

SECTION V.

QUALIFICATIONS.

[The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.]

[Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the

first class shall be vacated at the end of the second year; of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year; so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen, by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature of the State, any Executive thereof may make temporary appointments, until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.]

[No person shall be a Senator, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen. *Const. I, 3.*]

[The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States; and the electors of each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature.]

[No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.]

[Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers; which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons; including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one representative. *Constitution of the United States, I, 2.*]

[When vacancies happen in the representation from any State the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies. *Const. U. S., Art. I, Sec. 2.*]

[No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person, holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either House during his continuance in office. *Const. I, 6.*]

SECTION VI.

QUORUM.

[A majority of each House shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each House may provide. *Const. I, 5.*]

In general, the chair is not to be taken till a quorum for business is present; unless, after due waiting, such a quorum be despaired of, when the chair may be taken and the House adjourned. And whenever, during business, it is observed that a quorum is not present, any member may call for the House to be counted; and being found deficient, business is suspended. *2 Hats., 125, 126.*

[The President having taken the chair, and a quorum being present, the journal of the preceding day shall be read, to the end that any mistakes may be corrected that shall have been made in the entries. *Rules of the Senate.*]

SECTION VII.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

On a call of the House, each person rises up as he is called and answereth; the absentees are then only noted, but no excuse to be made till the House be fully called over. Then the absentees are called a second time, and if still absent, excuses are to be heard. *Ord. House of Commons, 92.*

They rise that their persons may be recognized; the voice in such a crowd, being an insufficient verification of their presence. But in so small a body as the Senate of the United States, the trouble of rising cannot be necessary.

Orders for calls on different days may subsist at the same time. *2 Hats., 72*

SECTION VIII.

ABSENCE.

[No member shall absent himself from the service of the Senate without leave of the Senate first obtained. And in case a less number than a quorum of the Senate shall con-

vene, they are hereby authorized to send the Sergeant-at-Arms, or any other person or persons by them authorized, for any or all absent members, as the majority of such members present shall agree, at the expense of such absent members, respectively, unless such excuse for non-attendance shall be made as the Senate, when a quorum is convened, shall judge sufficient; and in that case the expense shall be paid out of the contingent fund. And this rule shall apply as well to the first convention of the Senate, at the legal time of meeting, as to each day of the session, after the hour is arrived to which the Senate stood adjourned. *Rule 8.*]

SECTION IX.

SPEAKER.

[The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided. *Constitution*, I, 3.]

[The Senate shall choose their officers, and also a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States. *Ib.*]

[The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers. *Const.*, I, 2.]

When but one person is proposed, and no objection made, it has not been usual in Parliament to put any question to the House; but without a question the members proposing him conduct him to the chair. But if there be objection, or another proposed, a question is put by the clerk. *2 Hats.*, 168. As are also questions of adjournment. *6 Grey*, 406. Where the House debated and exchanged messages and answers with the King for a week, without a Speaker, till they were prorogued. They have done it devote in diem for 14 days. *1 Chand.*, 331, 335.

[In the Senate, a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President is proposed and chosen by ballot. His office is understood to be determined on the Vice President's appearing and taking the chair, or at the meeting of the Senate after the first recess.

Where the Speaker has been ill, other Speakers pro tempore have been appointed. Instances of this are *1 H.*, 4. Sir John Cheyney, and for Sir Wm. Sturton, and in *15 H.*, 6, Sir John Tyrrell, in 1656, January 27; 1658, March 9; 1659, January 13.

Sir Job Charlton ill, Seymour chosen, 1673, February 18.

Seymour being ill, Sir Robert Sawyer chosen, 1678, April 15.

Sawyer being ill, Seymour chosen.

Thorpe in execution, a new speaker chosen, *31 H.*, VI, *3 Grey*, 11; and March 14, 1694, Sir John Trevor chosen. There have been no later instances. *2 Hats.*, 161; *4 Inst.*; *8, L. Parl.*, 263.

A Speaker may be removed at the will of the House and a Speaker pro tempore appointed.* *2 Grey*, 186; *5 Grey*, 134.

Not merely pro tempore. *1 Chand.*, 169, 276, 277.

SECTION X.

ADDRESS.

[The President shall, from time to time, give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient. *Const.*, II, 3.]

A joint address of both houses of Parliament is read by the Speaker of the House of Lords. It may be attended by both Houses in a body, or by a committee from each House, or by the two Speakers only. An address of the House of Commons only may be presented by the whole House, or by the Speaker, *9 Grey*, 473; *1 Chandler*, 298, 301; or by such particular members as are of the privy council. *2 Hats.*, 278.

SECTION XI.

COMMITTEES.

Standing committees, as of privileges and elections, etc., are usually appointed at the first meeting, to continue through the session. The person first named is generally permitted to act as chairman. But this is a matter of courtesy; every committee having a right to elect their own chairman, who presides over them, puts questions, and reports their proceedings to the House. *4 Inst.*, 11, 12; *Scob.*, 9; *1 Grey*, 122.

At these committees the members are to speak standing, and not sitting; though there is reason to conjecture it was formerly otherwise. *D'Ewes*, 630, col. 1; *4 Parl. Hist.*, 440; *2 Hats.*, 77.

**RULE 23.* The Vice President or President of the Senate pro tempore, shall have the right to name a member to perform the duties of the chair; but such substitution shall not extend beyond an amendment.

Their proceedings are not to be published, as they are of no force till confirmed by the House. *Rushw.*, part 3, vol. 2, 74; 3 *Grey*, 401; *Scob.*, 39. Nor can they receive a petition but through the House. 9 *Grey*, 412.

When a committee is charged with an inquiry, if a member prove to be involved, they cannot proceed against him, but must make a special report to the House; whereupon the member is heard in his place, or at the bar, or a special authority is given to the committee to inquire concerning him. 9 *Grey*, 523.

So soon as the House sits, and a committee is notified of it, the chairman is in duty bound to rise instantly, and the members to attend the service of the House. 2 *Nals.*, 319.

It appears that on joint committees of the Lords and Commons, each committee acted integrally in the following instances: 7 *Grey*, 261, 278, 285, 338; 1 *Chandler*, 357, 462. In the following instances it does not appear whether they did or not: 6 *Grey*, 129; 7 *Grey*, 213, 229, 321.

SECTION XII.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

The speech, message, and other matters of great concernment, are usually referred to a committee of the whole House (6 *Grey*, 311), where general principles are digested in the form of resolutions, which are debated and amended till they get into a shape which meets the approbation of a majority. These being reported and confirmed by the House, are then referred to one or more select committees, according as the subject divides itself into one or more bills. *Scob.*, 36, 44. Propositions for any charge on the people are especially to be first made in a committee of the whole. 3 *Hats.*, 127. The sense of the whole is better taken in committee, because in all committees every one speaks as often as he pleases. *Scob.*, 49. They generally acquiesce in the chairman named by the Speaker; but, as well as all other committees, have a right to elect one, some member, by consent, putting the question. *Scob.*, 36; 3 *Grey*, 301. The form of going from the House into committee, is for the Speaker, on motion, to put the question that the House do now resolve itself into a committee of the Whole, to take into consideration such a matter, naming it. If determined in the affirmative he leaves the chair and takes a seat elsewhere, as any other member; and the person appointed chairman seats himself at the clerk's table. *Scob.*, 36. Their quorum is the same as that of the House, and if a defect happens, the chairman, on a motion and question, rises, the Speaker resumes the chair, and the chairman can make no other report than to inform the House of the cause of their dissolution. If a message is announced during a committee, the Speaker takes the chair, and receives it, because the committee cannot. 2 *Hats.*, 125, 126.

In a Committee of the Whole, the tellers on a division, differing as to numbers, great heats and confusion arose, and danger of a decision by the sword. The Speaker took the chair, the mace was forcibly laid on the table; whereupon the members retiring to their places, the Speaker told the House "he had taken the chair without an order to bring the House into order." Some excepted against it but it was generally approved, as the only expedient to suppress the disorder. And every member was required, standing up in his place, to engage that he would proceed no further, in consequence of what had happened in the grand committee, which was done. 3 *Grey*, 128.

A Committee of the Whole being broken up in disorder, and the chair resumed by the Speaker without an order, the House was adjourned. The next day the committee was considered as thereby dissolved, and the subject again before the House; and it was decided in the House without returning into the committee. 3 *Grey*, 130.

No previous question can be put in a committee, nor can this committee adjourn as others may; but if their business is unfinished, they rise, on a question, the House is resumed, and the chairman reports that the Committee of the Whole have, according to order, had under their consideration such a matter, and have made progress therein; but not having had time to go through the same, have directed him to ask leave to sit again. Whereupon a question is put upon their having leave, and on the time the House will again resolve itself into a committee. *Scob.*, 38. But if they have gone through the matter referred to them, a member moves that the committee may rise, and the chairman report their proceedings to the House; which being resolved, the chairman rises, the speaker resumes the chair, the chairman informs him that the committee have gone through the business referred to them, and that he is ready to make report when the House shall think proper to receive it. If the House have time to receive it, there is usually a cry of "Now, now," whereupon he makes the report; but if it be late, the cry is, "To-morrow, to-morrow," or "Monday," etc.; or a motion is made to that effect, and a question put, that it be received to-morrow, etc. *Scob.*, 38.

In other things the rules of proceedings are to be the same as in the House. *Scob.*, 39.

SECTION XIII.

EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES.

Common fame is a good ground for the house to proceed by inquiry, and even to accusation. *Resolution House of Commons*, 1 *Car.*, 1, 1624; *Rush.*, *L. Parl.*, 115; 1 *Grey*, 16-22, 92; *Grey*, 21, 23, 27, 45.

Witnesses are not to be produced but where the House has previously instituted an inquiry (2 *Hats.*, 102), nor then are orders for their attendance given blank. 3 *Grey*, 51.

When any person is examined before a committee, or at the bar of the House, any member wishing to ask the person a question, must address it to the Speaker or chairman, who repeats the question to the person, or says to him, "you hear the question—answer it." But if the propriety of the question be objected to, the Speaker directs the witness, counsel and parties to withdraw, for no question can be moved or put, or debated, while they are there. 2 *Hats.*, 108. Sometimes the questions are previously settled in writing before the witness enters. *Ib.*, 106, 107; 8 *Grey*, 64. The question asked must be entered in the journals. 3 *Grey*, 81. But the testimony given in answer before the House is never written down; but before a committee it must be, for the information of the House, who are not present to hear it. 7 *Grey*, 52, 334.

If either House have occasion for the presence of a person in custody of the other, they ask the other their leave that he may be brought up to them in custody. 3 *Hats.*, 52.

A Member, in his place, gives information to the House of what he knows of any matter under hearing at that time. *Jour. H. of C.*, Jan. 22, 1744-'45.

Either House may request, but not demand, the attendance of a member of the other. They are to make the request by message to the other House, and to express clearly the purpose of attendance, that no improper subject of examination may be tendered to him. The House then gives leave to the member to attend, if he chooses it; waiting first to know from the Member himself whether he chooses to attend, till which they do not take the message into consideration. But when the Peers are sitting as a court of criminal judicature, they may order attendance, unless where it be a case of impeachment by the Commons. There, it is to be a request. 3 *Hats.*, 17; 9 *Grey*, 306, 406; 10 *Grey*, 133.

Counsel are to be heard only on private, not on public bills, and on such points of law only as the House shall direct. 10 *Grey*, 61.

SECTION XIV.

ARRANGEMENT OF BUSINESS.

The Speaker is not precisely bound to any rules as to what bills or other matter shall be first taken up; but is left to his own discretion, unless the House on the question decide to take up a particular subject. *Hakew.*, 136.

A settled order of business is, however, necessary for the government of the presiding person, and to restrain individual members from calling up favorite measures, or matters under their special patronage, out of their just turn. It is useful also for directing the discretion of the House, when they are moved to take up a particular matter, to the prejudice of the others having priority of right to their attention in the general order of business.

[In Senate, the bills and other papers which are in possession of the House, and in a state to be acted on, are arranged every morning, and brought on in the following order:]

[1. Bills ready for a second reading are read, that they may be referred to committees and so be put under way. But if, on their being read, no motion is made for commitment, they are then laid on the table in the general file, to be taken up in their just turn.]

[2. After 12 o'clock, bills ready for it are put on their passage.]

[3. Reports in possession of the House, which offer grounds for a bill, are to be taken up, that the bill may be ordered in.]

[4. Bills or other matters before the House, and unfinished on the preceding day, whether taken up in turn or on special order, are entitled to be resumed and passed on through their present stage.]

[5. These matters being dispatched, for preparing and expediting business, the general file of bills and other papers is then taken up, and each article of it is brought on according to its seniority, reckoned by the date of its first introduction to the House. Reports on bills belong to the dates of their bill.]

[The arrangement of the business of the Senate is now as follows:]

[1. Motions previously submitted.]

[2. Reports of Committees previously made.]

[3. Bills from the House of Representatives, and those introduced on leave, which have been read the first time, are read the second time; and if not referred to a committee, are considered in Committee of the Whole, and proceeded with as in other cases.]

[4. After twelve o'clock, engrossed bills of the Senate, and bills of the House of Representatives, on third reading are put on their passage.]

[5. If the above are finished before one o'clock, the general file of bills, consisting of those reported from committees on the second reading, and those reported from committees after having been referred, are taken up in the order in which they were reported to the Senate by the respective committees.]

[6. At one o'clock, if no business be pending, or if no motion be called to proceed to other business, the special orders are called, at the head of which stands the unfinished business of the preceding day.]

[In this way we do not waste our time in debating what shall be taken up. We do one thing at a time; follow up a subject while it is fresh, and till it is done with, clear the House of business gradatim as it is brought on, and prevent to a certain degree, its immense accumulation towards the close of the session.]

[Arrangements, however, can only take hold of matters in possession of the House. New matter may be moved at any time when no question is before the House. Such are original motions and reports on bills. Such are bills from the other House, which are received at all times, and receive their first reading as soon as the question then before the House is disposed of; and bills brought in on leave, which are read first whenever presented. So messages from the other House respecting amendments to bills are taken up as soon as the House is clear of a question, unless they require to be printed for better consideration. Orders of the day may be called for even when another question is before the House.

SECTION XV.

ORDER.

[Each House may determine the rules of its proceedings; punish its members for disorderly behavior; and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member. *Const.*, 1, 5.]

In Parliament, "Instances make order," per Speaker Onslow. 2 *Hats.*, 141. But what is done only by one Parliament, cannot be called custom of Parliament; by Prynne. 1 *Grey*, 52.

SECTION XVI.

ORDER RESPECTING PAPERS.

The Clerk is to let no journals, records, accounts or papers, be taken from the table or out of his custody. 2 *Hats.*, 193, 194.

Mr. Prynne having at a Committee of the Whole amended a mistake in a bill without order or knowledge of the committee was reprimanded. 1 *Chand.*, 77.

A bill being missing, the House resolved that a protestation should be made and subscribed by the members "before Almighty God and this honorable House, that neither myself nor any other to my knowledge have taken away, or do at this present conceal a bill entitled," etc. 5 *Grey*, 202.

After a bill is engrossed, it is put into the Speaker's hands, and he is not to let any one have it to look into. *Town.*, col. 200.

SECTION XVII.

ORDER IN DEBATE.

When the Speaker is seated in his chair, every member is to sit in his place. *Scob.*, 6; 3 *Grey*, 403.

When any member means to speak, he is to stand up in his place, uncovered, and to address himself, not to the House, or any particular member, but to the Speaker, who calls him by his name, that the House may take notice who it is that speaks. *Scob.*, 6; *D'Ewes*, 487, col. 1; 2 *Hats.*, 77; 4 *Grey*, 66; 8 *Grey*, 108. But members who are indisposed may be indulged to speak sitting. 2 *Hats.*, 75; 1 *Grey*, 143.

[In Senate, every member, when he speaks, shall address the chair, standing in his place, and when he has finished, shall sit down. *Rule* 3.]

When a member stands up to speak, no question is to be put, but he is to be heard unless the House overrules him. 4 *Grey*, 390; 5 *Grey*, 6, 143.

If two or more rise to speak nearly together, the Speaker determines who was first up and calls him by name; whereupon he proceeds, unless he voluntarily sits down and gives way to the other. But sometimes the House does not acquiesce in the Speaker's

decision, in which case the question is put, "Which member was first up?" 2 *Hats.*, 76; *Scob.*, 7; *D'Ewes* 434, col. 1, 2.

[In the Senate of the United States, the President's decision is without appeal. Their rule is in these words: *When two members rise at the same time, the President shall name the person to speak; but in all cases the member who shall first rise and address the Chair shall speak first.* Rule 5.]

No man may speak more than once on the same bill on the same day; or even on another day, if the debate be adjourned. But if it be read more than once in the same day, he may speak once at every reading. *Co.*, 12, 115; *Hakew.*, 148; *Scob.*, 58; 2 *Hats.*, 75. Even a change of opinion does not give a right to be heard a second time. *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3; *Arcan Parl.*, 17.

[The corresponding rule of the Senate is in these words: No member shall speak more than twice, in any one debate on the same day, without leave of the Senate. Rule 4.]

But he may be permitted to speak again to a clear matter of fact (3 *Grey*, 357, 416); or merely to explain himself (2 *Hats.*, 73) in some material part of his speech (*Ib.*, 75); or to the manner of words of the question, keeping himself to that only, and not traveling into the merits of it (*Memorials in Hakew.*, 29) or to the orders of the House, if they be transgressed, keeping within that line, and not falling into the matter itself. *Memorials Hakew.*, 30, 31.

But if the Speaker rise to speak, the member standing up ought to sit down, that he may be first heard. *Town.* col., 205; *Hale Parl.*, 133; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 30, 31. Nevertheless, though the Speaker may of right speak to matters of order, and be first heard, he is restrained from speaking on any other subject, except where the House have occasion for facts within his knowledge; then he may, with their leave, state the matter of fact. 3 *Grey*, 33.

No one is to speak impertinently or beside the question, superfluously or tediously *Scob.*, 31, 33; 2 *Hats.*, 166, 168; *Hale Parl.*, 133.

No person is to use indecent language against the proceedings of the House; no prior determination of which is to be reflected on by any member, unless he means to conclude with a motion to rescind it. 2 *Hats.*, 169, 170; *Rushw.*, p. 3, v. 1, fol. 42. But while a proposition under consideration is still in *fieri*, though it has even been reported by a committee, reflections on it are no reflections on the House. 9 *Grey*, 503.

No person in speaking, is to mention a member then present by his name, but to describe him by his seat in the House, or who spoke last, or on the other side of the question, etc. (*Mem. in Hakew.*, 3; *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3); nor to digress from the matter to fall upon the person (*Scob.* 31; *Hale Parl.*, 133; 2 *Hats.*, 166) by speaking, reviling, nipping or unmanly words against a particular member. *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3. The consequences of a measure may be reprobated in strong terms; but to arraign the motives of those who propose to advocate it, is a personality, and against order. *Qui digreditur a materia ad personam*, Mr. Speaker ought to suppress. *Ord. Com.*, 1604, Apr. 19.

[* * * When a member shall be called to order by the President or a Senator, he shall sit down, and shall not proceed without leave of the Senate; and every question of order shall be decided by the President, without debate, subject to an appeal to the Senate; and the President may call for the sense of the Senate on any question of order. Rule 6.]

[No member shall speak to another or otherwise interrupt the business of the Senate, or read any newspaper while the journals or public papers are reading, or when any member is speaking in any debate. Rule 2.]

No one is to disturb another in his speech by hissing, coughing, spitting (6 *Grey*, 332; *Scob.*, 8; *D'Ewes*, 332, col., 1, 640, col., 1) speaking or whispering to another (*Scob.*, 6; *D'Ewes*, 487, col., 1); nor stand up to interrupt him (*Town.*, col., 205; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 31); nor to push between the Speaker and the speaking member, nor to go across the House (*Scob.*, 6), or to walk up and down it, or to take books or papers from the table, or write there. 2 *Hats.*, 171.

Nevertheless, if a member finds that it is not the inclination of the House to hear him, and that by conversation or any other noise they endeavor to drown his voice, it is his most prudent way to submit to the pleasure of the House, and sit down; for it scarcely ever happens that they are guilty of this piece of ill manners without sufficient reason, or inattentive to a member who says anything worth their hearing. 2 *Hats.*, 77, 78.

If repeated calls do not produce order, the Speaker may call by his name any member obstinately persisting in irregularity; whereupon the House may require the member to withdraw. He is then to be heard in exculpation, and to withdraw. Then the Speaker states the offense committed, and the House considers the degree of punishment they will inflict. 3 *Hats.*, 167, 7, 8, 172.

For instances of assaults and affrays in the House of Commons, and the proceedings thereon, see 1 *Pet. Misc.*, 82; 3 *Grey*, 128; 4 *Grey*, 328; 5 *Grey*, 332; 6 *Grey*, 254; 10 *Grey*, 8. Whenever warm words or an assault have passed between members, the House, for the protection of their members, requires them to declare in their places not to prosecute any quarrel (3 *Grey*, 127, 293; 5 *Grey*, 280); or orders them to attend the Speaker, who is to accommodate their differences, and report to the House (3 *Grey*, 419); and they are put under restraint if they refuse, or until they do. 9 *Grey*, 234, 312.

Disorderly words are not to be noticed till the member has finished his speech. 5 *Grey*, 356; 6 *Grey*, 60. Then the person objecting to them, and desiring them to be taken down by the clerk at the table, must repeat them. The Speaker then may direct the clerk to take them down in his minutes; but if he thinks them not disorderly, he delays the direction. If the call becomes pretty general, he orders the clerk to take them down, as stated by the objecting member. They are then part of his minutes, and when read to the offending member, he may deny they were his words, and the House must then decide by a question whether they are his words or not. Then the member may justify them, or explain the sense in which he used them, or apologize. If the House is satisfied, no further proceeding is necessary. But if two members still insist to take the sense of the House, the member must withdraw before that question is stated, and then the sense of the house is to be taken. 2 *Hats.*, 199; 4 *Grey*, 170; 6 *Grey*, 59. When any member has spoken, or other business intervenes, after offensive words spoken, they cannot be taken notice of for censure. And this is for the common security of all, and to prevent mistakes which must happen if words are not taken down immediately. Formerly they might be taken down at any time the same day. 2 *Hats.*, 196; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 71; 3 *Grey*, 48; 9 *Grey*, 514.

Disorderly words spoken in a committee must be written down as in the House; but the committee can only report them to the House for animadversion. 6 *Grey*, 46.

[The rule of the Senate says: "If the member be called to order by a Senator for words spoken, the exceptionable words shall immediately be taken down in writing, that the President may be better enabled to judge of the matter." *Rule 7.*]

In Parliament, to speak irreverently or seditiously against the King is against order. *Smyth's Conv.*, L. 2, c. 3; 2 *Hats.*, 170.

It is a breach of order in debate to notice what has been said on the same subject in the other House, on the particular votes or majorities on it there; because the opinion of each House should be left to its own independency; not to be influenced by the proceedings of the other; and the quoting them might beget reflections leading to a misunderstanding between the two Houses. 8 *Grey*, 22.

Neither House can exercise any authority over a member or officer of the other, but should complain to the House of which he is, and leave the punishment to them. Where the complaint is of words disrespectfully spoken by a member of another House, it is difficult to obtain punishment, because of the rules supposed necessary to be observed (as to the immediate noting down of words), for the security of members. Therefore, it is the duty of the House, and more particularly of the Speaker, to interfere immediately, and not to permit expressions to go unnoticed which may give a ground of complaint to the other House, and introduce proceedings and mutual accusations between the two Houses, which can hardly be terminated without difficulty and disorder. 3 *Hats.*, 51.

No member may be present when a bill or any business concerning himself is debating; nor is any member to speak to the merits of it till he withdraws.* 2 *Hats.*, 219. The rule is, that if a charge against a member arise out of a report of a committee, or of examination of witnesses in the House, as the member knows from that to what points he is to direct his exculpation, he may be heard to those points, before any question is moved or stated against him. He is then to be heard, and withdraw before any question is moved. But if the question itself is the charge, as for breach of order, or matter arising in the debate, then the charge must be stated (that is the question must be moved), himself heard and then to withdraw. 2 *Hats.*, 121, 122.

Where the private interests of a member are concerned in a bill or question, he is to withdraw. And where such an interest has appeared, his voice has been disallowed even after a division. In a case so contrary, not only to the laws of decency, but to the fundamental principle of the social compact which denies to any man to be a judge in his own cause, it is for the honor of the House that this rule, of immemorial observance, should be strictly adhered to. 2 *Hats.*, 119, 121; 6 *Grey*, 368.

No member is to come into the House with his head covered, nor to remove from one place to another with his hat on, nor is to put on his hat in coming in or removing until he be set down in his place. *Scob.*, 6.

A question of order may be adjourned to give time to look into precedents. 2 *Hats.*, 118. In Parliament, all decisions of the Speaker may be controlled by the House. 3 *Grey*, 319.

SECTION XVIII.

ORDERS OF THE HOUSE.

Of right, the doors of the House ought not to be shut, but to be kept by porters, or sergeants-at-arms, assigned for that purpose. *Mod. Ten. Parl.*, 23.

[By rules of the Senate, on motion made and seconded to shut the doors of the Senate on the discussion of any business which may, in the opinion of a member, require secrecy, the President shall direct the gallery to be cleared; and during the discussion of such motion the doors shall remain shut. *Rule 18.*]

[No motion shall be deemed in order to admit any person or persons whatsoever within the doors of the Senate Chamber to present any petition, memorial or address, or to hear any such read. *Rule 19.*]

The only case where a member has a right to insist on anything, is where he calls for the execution of a subsisting order of the House. Here, there having been already a resolution, any person has a right to insist that the Speaker, or any other whose duty it is, shall carry it into execution; and no debate or delay can be had on it. Thus any member has a right to have the House or gallery cleared of strangers, an order existing for that purpose; or to have the House told where there is no quorum present. *Hats.*, 87, 129. How far an order of the House is binding, see *Hakew.*, 332.

But where an order is made that any particular matter be taken up on a particular day, there a question is to be put, when it is called for, whether the House will now proceed to that matter? Where orders of the day are on important or interesting matter, they ought not to be proceeded on till an hour at which the House is usually full [*which in Senate is at noon*].

Orders of the day may be discharged at any time, and a new one made for a different day. 3 *Grey*, 48, 313.

When a session is drawn to a close, and the important bills are all brought in, the House, in order to prevent interruption by further unimportant bills, sometimes come to a resolution that no new bill be brought in, except it be sent from the other house. 3 *Grey*, 156.

All orders of the House determine with the session; and one taken under such an order may, after the session is ended, be discharged on a habeas corpus. *Raym.*, 120; *Jacob's L. D.*, by *Roughead*; *Parliament*, 1 *Lev.*, 165 (*Pritchard's case*).

[Where the Constitution authorizes each House to determine the rules of its proceedings, it must mean in those cases (legislative, executive or judiciary) submitted to them by the Constitution, or in something relating to these, and necessary towards their execution. But orders and resolutions are sometimes entered in the journals, having no relation to these, such as acceptances of invitations to attend orations, to take part in processions, etc. These must be understood to be merely conventional among those who are willing to participate in the ceremony, and are, therefore, perhaps, improperly placed among the records of the House.]

SECTION XIX.

PETITIONS.

A petition prays something. A remonstrance has no prayer. 1 *Grey*, 58.

Petitions must be subscribed by the petitioners (*Scob.*, 87; *L. Parl.*, c. 22; 9 *Grey*, 362), unless they are attending (1 *Grey*, 401); or unable to sign, and averred by a member (3 *Grey*, 418). But a petition not subscribed, but which the member presenting it affirmed to be all in the handwriting of the petitioner, and his name written in the beginning, was on the question (Mar. 14, 1800) received by the Senate. The averment of a member, or of somebody without doors, that they know the handwriting of the petitioners, is necessary, if it be questioned. 6 *Grey*, 36. It must be presented by a member, not by the petitioners, and must be opened by him holding it in his hand. 10 *Grey*, 57.

[Before any petition or memorial addressed to the Senate shall be received and read at the table, whether the same shall be introduced by the President or a member, a brief statement of the contents of the petition or memorial shall verbally be made by the introducer. *Rule 24.*]

Regularly, a motion for receiving it must be made and seconded, and a question put, whether it shall be received? But a cry from the House of "Received," or even its silence, dispenses with the formality of this question; it is then to be read at the table, and disposed of.

SECTION XX.

MOTIONS.

When a motion has been made, it is not to be put to the question, or debated until it is seconded. *Scob.*, 21.

[The Senate say, No motion shall be debated until the same shall be seconded. *Rule* 9.] It is then, and not till then, in possession of the House, and cannot be withdrawn but by leave of the House. It is to be put into writing if the House or Speaker require it, and must be read to the House by the Speaker as often as any member desires it for his information, 2 *Hats.*, 82.

[The rule of the Senate is: When a motion shall be made and seconded, it shall be reduced to writing, if desired by the President or any member, delivered in at the table, and read before the same shall be debated. * * * *Rule* 10.]

It might be asked, whether a motion for adjournment or for the orders of the day, can be made by any one member while another is speaking. It cannot. When two members offer to speak, he who rose first is to be heard; and it is a breach of order in another to interrupt him, unless by calling him to order, if he departs from it. And the question of order being decided, he is still to be heard through. A call for adjournment, or for the order of the day, or for the question, by gentlemen from their seats, is not a motion. No motion can be made without arising and addressing the Chair. Such calls are themselves breaches of order which, though the member who has risen may respect as an expression of impatience of the House against further debate, yet, if he chooses he has a right to go on.

SECTION XXI.

RESOLUTIONS.

When the House commands, it is by an "order." But facts, principles, and their own opinions and purposes, are expressed in the form of resolutions.

[A resolution for an allowance of money to the clerks being moved, it was objected to as not in order, and so ruled by the Chair; but on an appeal to the Senate (i. e., a call for their sense by the President, on account of doubt in his mind, according to rule 20), the decision was overruled. *Jour. Sen.*, June 1, 1796. I presume the doubt was whether an allowance of money could be made otherwise than by bill.]

SECTION XXII.

BILLS.

[Every bill shall receive three readings previous to its being passed; and the President shall give notice at each whether it be first, second or third; which readings shall be on three different days, unless the Senate unanimously direct otherwise. * * * *Rule* 26.]

SECTION XXIII.

BILLS, LEAVE TO BRING IN.

[One day's notice, at least, shall be given of an intended motion for leave to bring in a bill. *Rule* 25.]

When a member desires to bring in a bill on any subject, he states to the house in general terms the causes for doing it, and concludes by moving for leave to bring in a bill entitled, etc. Leave being given on the question, a committee is appointed to prepare and bring in the bill. The mover and seconder are always appointed of this committee, and one or more in addition. *Hakew.*, 122; *Scob.*, 40.

It is to be presented fairly written, without any erasure or interlineation, or the Speaker may refuse. *Scob.*, 41; 1 *Grey*, 82, 84.

SECTION XXIV.

BILLS, FIRST READING.

When a bill is first presented, the Clerk reads it at the table, and hands it to the Speaker, who, rising, states to the House the title of the bill; that this is the first time of reading it; and the question will be, whether it shall be read a second time? then sitting down to give an opening for objections. If none be made, he rises again, and puts the question, whether it shall be read a second time? *Hakew.*, 137, 141. A bill cannot be amended on the first reading (6 *Grey*, 286); nor is it usual for it to be opposed then, but it may be done, and rejected. *D'Ewes*, 335; col. 1; 3 *Hats.*, 198.

SECTION XXV.

BILLS, SECOND READING.

The second reading must regularly be on another day. *Hakew.*, 143. It is done by the Clerk at the table, who then hands it to the Speaker. The Speaker, rising, states to the House the title of the bill; that this is the second time of reading it; and that the question will be, whether it shall be committed or engrossed and read a third time? But if the bill came from the other House, as it always comes engrossed, he states that the question will be, whether it shall be read a third time, and before he has so reported the state of the bill, no one is to speak to it. *Hakew.*, 143, 146.

[In the Senate of the United States, the President reports the title of the bill; that this is the second time of reading it; that it is now to be considered as in a committee of the whole; and the question will be, whether it shall be read a third time? or that it may be referred to a special committee?]

SECTION XXVI.

BILLS, COMMITMENT.

If on motion and question it be decided that the bill shall be committed, it may then be moved to be referred to Committee of the Whole House, or to a special committee. If the latter, the Speaker proceeds to name the committee. Any member also may name a single person, and the Clerk is to write him down as of the committee. But the House have a controlling power over the names and number, if a question be moved against anyone; and may in any case put in and put out whom they please.

Those who take exceptions to some particulars in the bill are to be of the committee, but none who speak directly against the body of the bill, for he that would totally destroy will not amend it (*Hakew.*, 146; *Town.*, col. 208; *D'Ewes*, 634, col. 2; *Scob.*, 47); or, as it is said (5 *Grey*, 145), the child is not to be put to a nurse that cares not for it (6 *Grey*, 373). It is therefore a constant rule "that no man is to be employed in any matter who has declared himself against it." And when any member who is against the bill hears himself named of its committee, he ought to ask to be excused. Thus (March 7, 1606) Mr. Hadley was, on the question being put, excused from being of a committee, declaring himself to be against the matter itself. *Scob.*, 46.

[No bill shall be committed or amended until it shall have been twice read; after which it may be referred to a committee. *Rule* 27.]

[In the appointment of the standing committees, the Senate will proceed by ballot, severally, to appoint the Chairman of each committee; and then, by one ballot, the other members necessary to complete the same; and a majority of the whole number of votes given shall be necessary to the choice of a chairman of a standing committee. All other committees shall be appointed by ballot, and a plurality of votes shall make a choice. When any subject or matter shall have been referred to a committee, any other subject or matter of a similar nature may, on motion, be referred to such committee. *Rule* 34.]

The Clerk may deliver the bill to any member of the committee (*Town.*, col. 38); but it is usual to deliver it to him who is first named.

In some cases the House has ordered a committee to withdraw immediately into the Committee Chamber and act on and bring back the bill, sitting in the House. *Scob.*, 48. A committee meet when and where they please, if the House has not ordered time and place for them (6 *Grey*, 370); but they can only act when together, and not by separate consultation and consent—nothing being the report of the committee but what has been agreed to in committee actually assembled.

A majority of the committee constitutes a quorum for business. *Elsynge's Method of Passing Bills*, 11.

Any member of the House may be present at any select committee, but cannot vote, and must give place to all of the committee, and sit below them. *Elsynge*, 12; *Scob.*, 49.

The committee have full power over the bill or other paper committed to them, except that they cannot change the title or subject. 8 *Grey*, 228.

The paper before a committee, whether select or of the whole, may be a bill, resolutions, draught of an address, etc., and it may either originate with them or be referred to them. In every case the whole paper is read first by the clerk and then by the chairman, by paragraphs (*Scob.*, 49), pausing at the end of each paragraph, and putting questions for amending, if proposed. In the case of resolutions on distinct subjects, originating with themselves, a question is put on each separately, as amended or unamended, and no final question on the whole (3 *Hats.*, 276); but if they relate to the same subject, a question is put on the

whole. If it be a bill, draught of an address, or other paper originating with them, they proceed by paragraphs; putting questions for amending either by insertion or striking out, if proposed, but no question on agreeing to the paragraphs separately; this is reserved to the close, when a question is put on the whole for agreeing to it as amended or unamended. But if it be a paper referred to them, they proceed to put questions of amendment, if proposed, but no final question on the whole, because all parts of the paper, having been adopted by the House, stand, of course, unless altered or struck out by a vote. Even if they are opposed to the whole paper, and think it cannot be made good by amendments, they cannot reject it, but must report it back to the House without amendments and there make their opposition.

The natural order in considering and amending any paper is to begin at the beginning, and proceed through it by paragraphs, and this order is so strictly adhered to in Parliament, that when a latter part has been amended, you can recur back and make any alterations in a former part. 2 *Hats.*, 90. In numerous assemblies this restraint is doubtless important. [But in the Senate of the United States, though in the main we consider and amend the paragraphs in their natural order, yet recurrences are indulged; and they seem on the whole, in that small body, to produce advantages overweighing their inconveniences.]

To this natural order of beginning at the beginning, there is a single exception found in parliamentary usage. When a bill is taken up in committee, or on its second reading, they postpone the preamble till the other parts of the bill are gone through. The reason is, that on consideration of the body of the bill, such alterations may therein be made as may also occasion the alteration of the preamble. *Scob.*, 50; 7 *Grey*, 431.

On this head the following case occurred in the Senate, March 6, 1800: A resolution which had no preamble having been already amended by the House, so that a few words only of the original remained in it, a motion was made to prefix a preamble, which having an aspect very different from the resolution, the mover intimated that he should afterwards propose a corresponding amendment in the body of the resolution. It was objected that a preamble could not be taken up till the body of the resolution is done with; but the preamble was received, because we are in fact through the body of the resolution; we have amended that as far as amendments have offered, and, indeed, till little of the original is left. It is the proper time, therefore, to consider a preamble; and whether the one offered be consistent with the resolution is for the House to determine. The mover, indeed, has intimated that he shall offer a subsequent proposition for the body of the resolution; but the House is not in possession of it; it remains in his breast, and may be withheld. The rules of the House can only operate on what is before them. [The practice of the Senate, too, allows recurrences backwards and forwards, for the purposes of amendment, not permitting amendments in a subsequent to preclude those in a prior part, or, *e converso*.]

When the committee is through the whole, a member moves that the committee may rise, and the chairman report the paper to the House, with or without amendments, as the case may be. 2 *Hats.*, 289, 292; *Scob.*, 53; 2 *Hats.*, 290; 8 *Scob.*, 50.

When a vote is once passed in a committee, it cannot be altered, but by the House, their votes being binding on themselves. 1607, June 4.

The committee may not erase, interline, or blot the bill itself; but must, in a paper by itself, set down the amendments, stating the words which are to be inserted or omitted (*Scob.*, 50), and where, by references to the page, line, and word of the bill. *Scob.*, 50.

SECTION XXVII.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

The chairman of the committee, standing in his place, informs the House that the committee, to whom was referred such a bill, have, according to order, had the same under consideration, and have directed him to report the same without any amendment or with sundry amendments (as the case may be), which he is ready to do when the House pleases to receive it. And he or any other may move that it be now received; but the cry of "now, now," from the House, generally dispenses with the formality of a motion and question. He then reads the amendment, with the coherence in the bill, and opens the alterations and the reasons of the committee for such amendments, until he has gone through the whole. He then delivers it at the clerk's table, where the amendments reported are read by the clerk without the coherence; whereupon the papers lie upon the table till the House, at its convenience, shall take up the report. *Scob.*, 52; *Hakew.*, 143.

The report being made, the committee is dissolved and can act no more without a new power. *Scob.*, 51. But it may be revived by a vote, and the same matter recommitted to them. 4 *Grey*, 361.

SECTION XXVIII.

BILL, RECOMMITMENT.

After a bill has been committed and reported, it ought not in an ordinary course to be recommitted; but in case of importance, and for special reasons, it is sometimes recommitted, and usually to the same committee. *Hakev.*, 151. If a report be recommitted before agreed to in the House, what has passed in committee is of no validity; the whole question is again before the committee, and a new resolution must be again moved, as if nothing had passed. 2 *Hats.*, 131—note.

In Senate, January, 1800, the salvage bill was recommitted three times after the commitment.

A particular clause of a bill may be committed without the whole bill (3 *Hats.*, 131); or so much of a paper to one and so much to another committee.

SECTION XXIX.

BILL, REPORTS TAKEN UP.

When the report of a paper originating with a committee is taken up by the House, they proceed exactly as in committee. Here, as in committee, when the paragraphs have, on distinct questions, been agreed to *seriatim* (5 *Grey*, 366; 6 *Grey*, 368; 8 *Grey*, 47, 104, 360; 1 *Tor-buck's Deb.*, 125; 3 *Hats.*, 348), no question need be put on the whole report. 5 *Grey*, 381.

On taking up a bill reported with amendments, the amendments only are read by the Clerk. The Speaker then reads the first, and puts it to the question, and so on until the whole are adopted or rejected, before any other amendment be admitted, except it be an amendment to an amendment. *Elsynge's Mem.*, 53. When through the amendments of the committee, the Speaker pauses, and gives time for amendments to be proposed in the House to the body of the bill as he does also if it has been reported without amendments, putting no questions but on amendments proposed; and when through the whole, he puts the question whether the bill be read the third time.

SECTION XXX.

QUASI-COMMITTEE.

If on motion and question the bill be not committed, or if no proposition for commitment be made, then the proceedings in the Senate of the United States and in Parliament are totally different. The former shall be first stated.

[The 28th rule of the Senate says: "All bills on a second reading shall first be considered by the Senate in the same manner as if the Senate were in Committee of the Whole, before they shall be taken up and proceeded on by the Senate agreeably to the standing rules, unless otherwise ordered;" (that is to say, unless ordered to be referred to a special committee.) And when the Senate shall consider a treaty, bill, or resolution, as in Committee of the Whole, the Vice President or President *pro tempore* may call a member to fill the chair during the time the Senate shall remain in Committee of the Whole; and the chairman (so called) shall, during such time, have the powers of a President *pro tempore*.]

[The proceedings of the Senate, as in a Committee of the Whole, or in Quasi-Committee are precisely as in a real Committee of the Whole, taking no question but on amendments. When through the whole they consider the Quasi-Committee as risen, the House resumes without any motion, question or resolution to that effect, and the President reports that "The House acting as in a committee of the Whole, have had under their consideration the bill entitled, etc., and have made sundry amendments, which he will now report to the House." The bill is then before them, as it would have been if reported from a committee, and the questions are regularly to be put again on every amendment; which being gone through, the President pauses to give time to the House to propose amendments to the body of the bill, and when through, puts the question whether it shall be read a third time.]

[After progress in amending the bill in Quasi-Committee a motion may be made to refer it to a special committee. If the motion prevails, it is equivalent in effect to the several votes, that the committee rise, the House resume itself, discharge the Committee of the Whole, and refer the bill to a special committee. In that case the amendments already made fall. But if the motion falls, the Quasi-Committee stands *in statu quo*.]

[How far does this 28th rule subject the House, when in Quasi-Committee, to the laws which regulate the proceedings of Committees of the Whole?] The particulars in which these differ from proceedings in the House are the following: 1. In a committee every member may speak as often as he pleases. 2. The votes of a committee may be rejected or

altered when reported to the House. 3 A committee, even of the whole, cannot refer any matter to another committee. In a committee, no previous question can be taken; the only means to avoid any improper discussion is to move that the committee rise; and if it be apprehended that the same discussion will be attempted on returning into committee, the House can discharge them, and proceed itself on the business, keeping down the improper discussions by the previous question. 5 A committee cannot punish a breach of order in the House or in the gallery. 9 *Grey*, 113. It can only rise and report to the House, who may proceed to punish. [The first and second of these peculiarities attach to the Quasi-Committee of the Senate, as every day's practice proves, and seem to be the only ones to which the 28th rule meant to subject them; for it continues to be a House, and therefore, though it acts in some respects as a committee, in others it preserves its character as a House. Thus: 3. It is in the daily habit of referring its business to a special committee. 4. It admits of the previous question; if it did not, it would have no means of preventing an improper discussion, not being able as a committee is, to avoid it by returning into the House, for the moment it would resume the same subject there, the 28th rule declares it again a Quasi-Committee. 5. It would doubtless exercise its powers as a House on any breach of order. 6. It takes a question by yea and nay as the House does. 7. It receives messages from the President and the other House. 8. In the midst of a debate it receives a motion to adjourn, and adjourns as a House, not a committee.]

SECTION XXXI.

BILLS, SECOND READING IN THE HOUSE.

In Parliament after the bill has been read a second time, if on the motion and question it be not committed, or if no proposition for commitment be made, the Speaker reads it by paragraphs, pausing between each, but putting no question but on amendments proposed; and when through the whole, he puts the question whether it shall be read a third time? If it come from the other House; or, if originating with themselves whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time? The Speaker reads sitting, but rises to put questions. The Clerk stands while he reads.

[*But the Senate of the United States is so much in the habit of making many and material amendments at the third reading, that it has become the practice not to engross a bill until it has passed—an irregular and dangerous practice, because in this way the paper which passes the Senate is not that which goes to the other House, and that which goes to the other House as the act of the Senate has never been seen in the Senate. In reducing numerous, difficult and illegible amendments into the text, the Secretary may with the most innocent intentions, commit errors which can never be again corrected.]

The bill being now as perfect as its friends can make it, this is the proper stage for those fundamentally opposed to make their first attack. All attempts at earlier periods are with disjointed efforts, because many who do not expect to be in favor of the bill ultimately are willing to let it go on to its perfect state, to take time to examine it themselves and to hear what can be said for it, knowing that after all they will have sufficient opportunities of giving it their veto. Its last two stages, therefore, are reserved for this—that is to say, on the question whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time, and lastly, whether it shall pass? The first of these is usually the most interesting contest, because then the whole subject is new and engaging; and the minds of the members having not yet been declared by any trying vote, the issue is the more doubtful. In this stage, therefore, is the main trial of strength between its friends and opponents, and it behooves every one to make up his mind decisively for this question, or he loses the main battle; and accident and management may, and often do, prevent a successful rallying on the next and last question, whether it shall pass.

When the bill is engrossed, the title is to be indorsed on the back and not within the bill. *Hakew.*, 250.

* The former practice of the Senate referred to in this paragraph has been changed by the following rule:
[RULE 29 The final question upon the second reading of every bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, originating in the Senate, and requiring three readings previous to being passed, shall be, "Whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time?" and no amendment shall be received for discussion at the third reading of any bill, resolution, amendment or motion, unless by unanimous consent of the members present; but it shall at all times be in order before the final passage of any such bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, to move its commitment; and should such commitment take place, and any amendment be reported by the committee, the said bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, shall be again read a second time, and considered as in Committee of the Whole, and then the aforesaid question shall be again put.]

SECTION XXXII.

READING PAPERS.

Where papers are laid before the House or referred to a committee, every member has a right to have them once read at the table before he can be compelled to vote on them; but it is a great though common error to suppose that he has a right *toties quoties*, to have acts, journals, accounts, or papers on the table, read independently of the will of the House. The delay and interruption which this might be made to produce evince the impossibility of the existence of such a right. There is, indeed, so manifest a propriety of permitting every member to have as much information as possible on every question on which he is to vote, that when he desires the reading, if it be seen that it is really for information and not for delay, the Speaker directs it to be read without putting a question, if no one objects; but if objected to, a question must be put. 2 *Hats.*, 117, 118.

It is equally an error to suppose that any member has a right, without a question put, to lay a book or paper on the table, or have it read, on suggesting that it contains matter infringing on the privileges of the House. *Ib.*

For the same reason a member has not a right to read a paper in his place, if it be objected to, without leave of the House. But this rigor is never exercised but where there is an intentional or gross abuse of the time and patience of the House.

A member has not a right even to read his own speech, committed to writing, without leave. This also is to prevent an abuse of time, and therefore is not refused but where that is intended. 2 *Grey*, 226.

A report of a committee of the Senate on a bill from the House of Representatives being under consideration, on motion that the report of the committee of the House of Representatives on the same bill be read in the Senate, it passed in the negative. *Feb.* 28, 1793.

Formerly when papers were referred to a committee, they used to be first read; but of late only the titles, unless a number insist that they shall be read, and then nobody can oppose it. 2 *Hats.*, 117.

SECTION XXXIII.

PRIVILEGED QUESTIONS.

[*While a question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received, unless for an amendment, for the previous question, or for postponing the main question, or to commit it, or to adjourn. *Rule* 11.]

It is no possession of a bill unless it be delivered to the Clerk to be read or the Speaker reads the title. *Lex. Parl.*, 274; *Elsynge's Mem.*, 85; *Ord. House of Commons*, 64.

It is a general rule that the question first moved and seconded shall be first put. *Scob.*, 28, 22; 2 *Hats.*, 81. But this rule gives way to what may be called privileged questions; and the privileged questions are of different grades among themselves.

A motion to adjourn simply takes place of all others, for otherwise the House might be kept sitting against its will, and indefinitely. Yet this motion cannot be received after another question is actually put, and while the House is engaged in voting.

Orders of the day take place of all other questions, except for adjournment—that is to say, the question which is the subject of an order is made a privileged one, *pro hac vice*. The order is a repeal of the general rule as to this special case. When any member moves, therefore, for the Order of the Day to be read, no further debate is permitted on the question which was before the House; for if the debate might proceed, it might continue through the day and defeat the order. This motion, to entitle it to precedence, must be for the orders generally, and not for any particular one; and if it be carried on the question, “Whether the House will now proceed to the orders of the day?” they must be read and proceeded on in the course in which they stand (2 *Hats.*, 83), for priority of order gives priority of right, which cannot be taken away by another special order.

After these there are other privileged questions, which will require considerable explanation.

It is proper that every parliamentary assembly should have certain forms of questions, so adapted as to enable them fitly to dispose of every proposition which can be made to them. Such are: 1. The previous question. 2. To postpone indefinitely. 3. To adjourn a question to a definite day. 4. To lie on the table. 5. To commit. 6. To amend. The proper occasion for each of these questions should be understood.

*This rule has been modified so as to specify the questions entitled to preference. The rule is now as follows: [When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received but to adjourn, to lay on the table, to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a day certain, to commit or to amend; which several motions shall have precedence in the order they stand arranged, and the motion for adjournment shall always be in order, and be decided without debate.]

1. When a proposition is moved which it is useless or inexpedient now to express or discuss, the previous question has been introduced for suppressing for that time the motion and its discussion. 3 *Hats.*, 188, 189.

2. But as the previous question gets rid of it only for that day, and the same proposition may recur the next day, if they wish to suppress it for the whole of that session, they postpone it indefinitely. 3 *Hats.*, 183. This quashes the proposition for that session, as an indefinite adjournment is a dissolution, or the continuance of a suit *sine die* is a discontinuance of it.

3. When a motion is made which it will be proper to act on, but information is wanted, or something more pressing claims the present time, the question or debate is adjourned to such day within the session as will answer the views of the House. 2 *Hats.*, 81. And those who have spoken before may not speak again when the adjourned debate is resumed. 2 *Hats.*, 73. Sometimes, however, this has been abusedly used by adjourning it to a day beyond the session, to get rid of it altogether, as would be done by an indefinite postponement.

4. When the House has something else which claims its present attention, but would be willing to reserve in their power to take up a proposition whenever it shall suit them, they order it to lie on the table. It may then be called for at any time.

5. If the proposition will want more amendment and digestion than the formalities of the House will conveniently admit, they refer it to a committee.

6. But if the proposition be well digested, and may need but few and simple amendments, and especially if these be of leading consequence, they then proceed to consider and amend it themselves.

The Senate, in their practice, vary from this regular gradation of forms. Their practice, comparatively with that of Parliament, stands thus:

FOR THE PARLIAMENT:

Postponement indefinite,
Adjournment,

Lying on the table.

THE SENATE USES:

Postponement to a day beyond the session,
Postponement to a day within the session,
{ Postponement indefinite,
{ Lying on the table.

In their eighth rule, therefore, which declares that while the question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received, unless it be for the previous question, or to postpone, commit, or amend the main question, the term postponement must be understood according to their broad use of it and not in the parliamentary sense. Their rule then establishes as privileged questions, the previous questions, postponement, commitment and amendment.

But it may be asked, Have these questions any privileges among themselves? or are they so equal that the common principle of the "first moved first put," takes the place among them? This will need explanation. Their competitions may be as follows:

1. Previous question and postpone.....	} In the first, second and third classes, and the first member of the fourth class, the rule, "first moved first put" takes place.
commit.....	
amend.....	
2. Postpone and previous question.....	
commit.....	
amend.....	
3. Commit and previous question.....	}
postpone.....	
amend.....	
4. Amend and previous question.....	}
postpone.....	
commit.....	

In the first class, where the previous question is first moved, the effect is peculiar; for it not only prevents the after motion to postpone or commit from being put to question before it, but also from being put after it; for if the previous question be decided affirmatively, to wit, that the main question shall *now* be put, it would of course be against the decision to postpone or commit; and if it be decided negatively, to wit, that the main question shall not now be put, this puts the House out of possession of the main question, and consequently there is nothing before them to postpone or commit. So that neither voting for nor against the previous question will enable the advocates for postponing or committing to get at their object. Whether it may be amended shall be examined hereafter.

Second class. If postponement be decided affirmatively, the proposition is removed from before the House, and consequently there is no ground for the previous question, commit

ment, or amendment; but if decided negatively (that it shall not be postponed), the main question may then be suppressed by the previous question, or may be committed or amended.

The third class is subject to the same observations as the second.

The fourth class. Amendment of the main question first moved, and afterwards the previous question, the question of amendment shall be first put.

Amendment and postponement competing, postponement is first put, as the equivalent proposition to adjourn the main question would be in Parliament. The reason is, that the question for amendment is not suppressed by postponement or adjourning the main question, but remains before the House whenever the main question is resumed; and it might be that the occasion for other urgent business might go by, and be lost by length of debate on the amendment, if the House had it not in their power to postpone the whole subject.

Amendment and commitment. The question for committing though last moved, shall be first put; because, in truth, it facilitates and befriends the motion to amend. *Scobell* is express: "On motion to amend a bill, any one may, notwithstanding, move to commit it, and the question for commitment shall be first put." *Scob.*, 46.

We have hitherto considered the question of two or more of the privileged questions contending for privilege between themselves, when both are moved on the original or main question; but now let us suppose one of them to be moved not on the original primary question, but on the secondary one, *e. g.*

Suppose a motion to postpone, commit or amend the main question, and that it be moved to suppress that motion by putting a previous question on it. This is not allowed, because it would embarrass questions too much to allow them to be piled on one another several stories high; and the same result may be had in a more simple way, by deciding against the postponement, commitment or amendment. 2 *Hats.*, 81, 2, 3, 4.

Suppose a motion for the previous question, or commitment or amendment of the main question, and that it be then moved to postpone the motion for the previous question, or for commitment or amendment of the main question. 1. It would be absurd to postpone the previous question, commitment or amendment alone, and thus separate the appendage from its principal; yet it must be postponed separately from its original, if at all, because the eighth rule of the Senate says that "when a main question is before the House, no motion shall be received but to commit, amend or pre-question the original question," which is the parliamentary doctrine also; therefore the motion to postpone the secondary motion for the previous question, or for committing or amending, cannot be received. 2. This is a piling of questions one on another; which to avoid embarrassment, is not allowed. 3. The same result may be had more simply by voting against the previous question, commitment or amendment.

Suppose a commitment moved of a motion for the previous question, or to postpone or amend. The first, second and third reasons before stated, all hold good against this.

Suppose an amendment moved to a motion for the previous question. Answer: the previous question cannot be amended. Parliamentary usage, as well as the ninth rule of the Senate, has fixed its form to be, Shall the main question be now put? — *i. e.*, at this instant; and as the present instant is but one, it can admit of no modification. To change it to tomorrow, or any other moment, is without example and without utility. But suppose a motion to amend a motion for postponement as to one day instead of another, or to a special instead of an indefinite time. The useful character of amendment gives it a privilege of attaching itself to a secondary and privileged motion; that is, we may amend a postponement of a main question. So, we may amend a commitment of a main question, as by adding, for example, "with instructions to inquire," etc. In like manner, if an amendment be moved to an amendment, it is admitted; but it would not be admitted in another degree, to wit: to amend an amendment to an amendment of a main question. This would lead to too much embarrassment. The line must be drawn somewhere, and usage has drawn it after the amendment to the amendment. The same result must be sought by deciding against the amendment to the amendment, and then moving it again as it wished to be amended. In this form it becomes only amendment to an amendment.

[When motions are made for reference of the same subject to a select committee and to a standing committee, the question on reference to the standing committee shall be first put. *Rule 36.*]

[In filling a blank with a sum, the largest sum should be first put to the question, by the thirteenth rule of the Senate,*] contrary to the rule of Parliament, which privileges the smallest sum and longest time. 5 *Grey*, 179; 2 *Hats.*, 8, 83; 3 *Hats.*, 132, 133. And this is con-

**Rule 13.* In filling up blanks, the largest sum and longest time shall be first put.]

sidered to be not in the form of an amendment to the question, but as alternative or successive originals. In all cases of time or number, we must consider whether the larger comprehends the lesser as in a question to what day a postponement shall be, the number of a committee, amount of fine, term of an imprisonment, term of irremediability of a loan, or the *terminus in quem* in any other case; then the question must begin *a maximo*. Or whether the lesser includes the greater, as in questions on the limitation of the rate of interest, on what day the session shall be closed by adjournment, on what day the next shall commence, when an act shall commence, or the *terminus a quo* in any other case where the question must begin *a minimo*; the object being not to begin at that extreme which, and more, being within every man's wish, no one could negative it, and yet, if he should vote in the affirmative, every question for more would be precluded; but at that extreme which would unite few, and then to advance or recede till you get a number which will unite a bare majority. 3 *Grey*, 376, 381, 385. "The fair question, in this case, is not that to which, and more, all will agree, whether there shall be addition to the question." *Grey*, 375.

Another exception to the rule of priority is when a motion has been made to strike out or agree to a paragraph. Motions to amend it are to be put to the question before a vote is taken on striking out or agreeing to the whole paragraph.

But there are several questions which, being incidental to every one, will take place of every one, privileged or not, to wit: a question of order arising out of any other question must be decided before that question. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

A matter of privilege arising out of any question, or from a quarrel between two members or any other cause, supersedes the consideration of the original question, and must be first disposed of. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

Reading papers relative to the question before the House. This question must be put before the principal one. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

Leave asked to withdraw a motion. The rule of Parliament being that a motion made and seconded is in the possession of the House, and cannot be withdrawn without leave, the very terms of the rule imply that leave may be given, and, consequently, may be asked and put to the question.

SECTION XXXIV.

THE PREVIOUS QUESTION.

When any question is before the House, any member may move a previous question, "Whether that question (called the main question) shall now be put?" If it pass in the affirmative, then the main question is to be put immediately, and no man may speak anything further to it, either to add or alter. *Memor. in Hakew.*, 28; 4 *Grey*, 27.

The previous question being moved and seconded, the question from the chair shall be, "Shall the main question be now put?" and if the nays prevail, the main question shall not then be put.

This kind of question is understood by Mr. Hatsell to have been introduced in 1604. 1 *Hats.*, 80. Sir Henry Vane introduced it. 2 *Grey*, 113, 114; 3 *Grey*, 384. When the question was put in this form, "Shall the main question be put?" a determination in the negative suppressed the main question during the session; but since the words, "now put" are used they exclude it for the present only; formerly, indeed, only till the present debate was over (4 *Grey*, 43), but now for that day and no longer. 2 *Grey*, 113, 114.

Before the question "Whether the main question shall now be put?" any person might formerly have spoken to the main question, because otherwise he would be precluded from speaking to it at all. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 28.

The proper occasion for the previous question, is when a question is brought forward of a delicate nature as to high personages, etc., or the discussion of which may call forth observations which might be of injurious consequences. Then the previous question is proposed; and in the modern usage, the discussion of the main question is suspended, and the debate confined to the previous question. The use of it has been extended abusively to other cases; but in these it has been an embarrassing procedure; its uses would be as well answered by other more simple parliamentary forms, and therefore it should not be favored, but restricted within as narrow limits as possible.

Whether a main question may be amended after the previous question on it has been moved and seconded? 2 *Hats.*, 88, says, if the previous question has been moved and seconded, and also proposed from the chair (by which he means stated by the Speaker for debate), it has been doubted whether an amendment can be admitted to the main question. He thinks it may, after the previous question is moved and seconded; but not after it has been proposed from the chair. In this case he thinks the friends to the amendment must

vote that the main question be not now put; and then move their amended question, which being made new by the amendment, is no longer the same which has just been suppressed, and therefore may be proposed as a new one. But this proceeding certainly endangers the main question, by dividing its friends, some of whom may choose it unamended, rather than lose it altogether; while others of them may vote, as Hatsell advises, that the main question be not now put with a view to move it again in an amended form. The enemies of the main question, by this manœuvre to the previous question, get the enemies to the amendment added to them on the first vote and throw the friends of the main question under the embarrassment of rallying again as they can. To support his opinion, too, he makes the deciding circumstances, whether an amendment may or may not be made, to be, that the previous question has been proposed from the Chair. But, as the rule is that the House is in possession of a question as soon as it is moved and seconded, it cannot be more than possessed of it by its being also proposed from the Chair. It may be said, indeed, that the object of the previous question being to get rid of a question, which it is not expedient should be discussed, this object may be defeated by moving to amend, and, in the discussion of that motion, involving the subject of the main question. But so may the object of the previous question be defeated, by moving the amended question as Mr. Hatsell proposes after the decision against putting the original question. He acknowledges, too, that the practice has been to admit previous amendments, and only cites a few late instances to the contrary. On the whole, I should think it best to decide it as inconvenient, to wit: which is most inconvenient, to put it in the power of one side of the House to defeat a proposition by hastily moving the previous question, and thus forcing the main question to be put unamended; or to put it in the power of the other side to force on, incidentally at least, a discussion which would be better avoided? Perhaps the last is the least inconvenience; inasmuch as the Speaker, by confining the discussion rigorously to the amendment only, may prevent their going into the main question, and inasmuch also as so great a proportion of the cases in which the previous question is called for, are fair and proper subjects for public discussion, and ought not to be obstructed by a formality introduced for questions of a peculiar character.

SECTION XXXIV.

AMENDMENTS.

On an amendment being moved, a member who has spoken to the main question may speak again to the amendment. *Scob.*, 23.

If an amendment be proposed inconsistent with one already agreed to, it is a fit ground for its rejection by the House, but not within the competence of the Speaker to suppress as if it were against order; for were he permitted to draw questions of consistence within the vortex of order, he might usurp a negative on important modifications, and suppress, instead of subserving the legislative will.

Amendments may be made so as totally to alter the nature of the proposition; and it is a way of getting rid of a proposition by making it bear a sense different from what it was intended by the movers, so that they vote against it themselves. 2 *Hats.*, 79, 4, 82, 84. A new bill may be engrafted by way of amendment, on the words, "Be it enacted," etc. 1 *Gray*, 190, 192.

If it be proposed to amend by leaving out certain words, it may be moved, as an amendment to this amendment, to leave out a part of the words of the amendment, which is equivalent to leaving them in the bill. 2 *Hats.*, 80, 9. The parliamentary question is, always, whether the words shall stand part of the bill.

When it is proposed to amend by inserting a paragraph, or part of one, the friends of the paragraph may make it as perfect as they can by amendments before the question is put for inserting it. If it be received, it cannot be amended afterwards, in the same stage, because the House has, on a vote, agreed to it in that form. In like manner, if it is proposed to amend by striking out a paragraph, the friends of the paragraph are first to make it as perfect as they can by amendments, before the question is put for striking it out. If on the question it be retained, it cannot be amended afterwards, because a vote against striking out is equivalent to a vote agreeing to it in that form.

When it is moved to amend by striking out certain words and inserting others, the manner of stating the question is first to read the whole passage to be amended as it stands at present, then the words proposed to be struck out, next those to be inserted, and lastly the whole passage as it will be when amended. And the question, if desired, is then to be divided, and put first on striking out. If carried, it is next on inserting the words proposed. If that be lost, it may be moved to insert others. 2 *Hats.*, 80, 7.

A motion is made to amend by striking out certain words and inserting others in their place, which is negatived. Then it is moved to strike out the same words, and to insert others of a tenor entirely different from those first proposed. It is negatived. Then it is moved to strike out the same words and insert nothing, which is agreed to. All this is admissible, because to strike out and insert A, is one proposition. To strike out and insert B, is a different proposition. And to strike out and insert nothing, is still different. And the rejection of one proposition does not preclude the offering a different one. Nor would it change the case were the first motion divided by putting the question first on striking out, and that negatived; for, as putting the whole motion to the question at once would not have precluded, the putting the half of it cannot do it.*

But if it had been carried affirmatively to strike out the words and to insert A, it could not afterwards be permitted to strike out A and insert B. The mover of B should have notified, while the insertion of A was under debate, that he would move to insert B; in which case those who preferred it would join in rejecting A.

After A is inserted, however, it may be moved to strike out a portion of the original paragraph, comprehending A, provided the coherence to be struck out be so substantial as to make this effectively a different proposition, for then it is resolved into the common case of striking out a paragraph after amending it. Nor does anything forbid a new insertion, instead of A and its coherents.

In Senate, January 25, 1793, a motion to postpone until the second Tuesday in February some amendments proposed to the Constitution; the words, "until the second Tuesday in February" were struck out by way of amendment. Then it was moved to add, "until the first day of June." Objected that it was not in order, as the question should be first put on the longest time; therefore, after a shorter time decided against a longer, cannot be put to question. It was answered that this rule takes place only in filling blanks for time. But when a specific time stands part of motion, that may be struck out as well as any other part of a motion; and when struck out a motion may be received to insert any other. In fact, it is not until they are struck out, and a blank for the time thereby produced, that the rule can begin to operate, by receiving all the propositions for different times, and putting the question successively on the longest. Otherwise it would be in the power of the mover, by inserting originally a short time, to preclude the possibility of a longer, for till the short time is struck out, you cannot insert a longer; and if, after it is struck out, you cannot do it, then it cannot be done at all. Suppose the first motion had been made to amend by striking out "the second Tuesday in February," and inserting instead thereof "the first of June," it would have been regular, then, to divide the question, by proposing the first question to strike out and then that to insert. Now this is precisely the effect of the present proceeding; only, instead of one motion and two questions, there are two motions and two questions to effect it—the motion being divided as well as the question.

When the matter contained in two bills might better be put into one, the manner is to reject the one, and incorporate its matter into another bill by way of amendment. So if the matter of one bill would be better distributed into two, any part may be struck out by way of amendment, and put into a new bill. If a section is to be transposed, a question must be put on striking it out where it stands, and another for inserting it in the place desired.

A bill passed by the one House with blanks. These may be filled up by the other by way of amendments, returned to the first as such, and passed. 3 *Hats.*, 83.

The number prefixed to the section of a bill, being merely a marginal indication, and no part of the text of the bill, the clerk regulates that—the House or committee is only to amend the text.

SECTION XXXVI.

DIVISION OF THE QUESTION.

If a question contain more parts than one, it may be divided into two or more questions. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 39. But not as the right of an individual member, but with the consent of the House. For who is to decide whether a question is complicated or not?—where it is complicated?—into how many propositions it may be divided? The fact is, that the only mode of separating a complicated question is by moving amendments to it; and these

* In the case of a division of the question, and a decision against striking out, I advance doubtfully the opinion here expressed. I find no authority either way, and I know it may be viewed under a different aspect. It may be thought that having decided separately not to strike out the passage, the same question for striking out cannot be put over again, though with a view to a different insertion. Still I think it more reasonable and convenient to consider the striking out and insertion as forming one proposition; but should readily yield to any evidence that the contrary is the practice in Parliament.

must be decided by the House, on a question, unless the House orders it to be divided; as, on a question, December 2, 1640, making void the election of the knights for Worcester, on a motion it was resolved to make two questions of it, to wit: one on each knight. 2 *Hats.*, 85, 86. So, wherever there are several names in question, they may be divided and put one by one. 9 *Grey*, 444. So, 1729, April 17, on an objection that a question was complicated, it was separated by amendment. 2 *Hats.*, 79.

The soundness of these observations will be evident from the embarrassments produced by the 12th rule of the Senate, which says, "if the question in debate contain several points, any member may have the same divided."

1798, May 30, the alien bill in quasi-committee. To a section and proviso in the original had been added two new provisos by way of amendment. On a motion to strike out the section as amended, the question was desired to be divided. To do this it must be put first on striking out either the former proviso or some distinct member of the section. But when nothing remains but the last member or the section and the proviso, they cannot be divided so as to put the last member to question by itself; for the proviso might then be left standing alone as exceptions to a rule when the rule is taken away; or the new provisos might be left to a second question, after having been decided on once before at the same reading, which is contrary to rule. But the question must be on striking out the last member of the section as amended. This sweeps away the exceptions with the rule, and relieves from inconsistency. A question to be divisible, must comprehend points so distinct and entire that one of them being taken away the other may stand entire. But a proviso or an exception, without an enacting clause does not contain an entire point or proposition.

May 31. The same bill being before the Senate. There was a proviso that the bill should not extend, 1, To any foreign minister; nor, 2, To any person to whom the President should give a passport; nor, 3, To any alien merchant conforming himself to such regulations as the President shall prescribe, and a division of the question into its simplest elements was called for. It was divided into four parts, the fourth taking in the words, "conforming himself," etc. It was objected that the words, "any alien merchant" could not be separated from their modifying words, "conforming," etc., because these words if left by themselves contain no substantive idea — will make no sense. But admitting that the divisions of a paragraph into separate questions must be so made that each part may stand by itself, yet the House having on the question, retained the two first divisions, the words "any alien merchant" may be struck out, and their modifying words will then attach themselves to the preceding description of persons, and become a modification of that description.

When a question is divided, after the question on the first member, the second is open to debate and amendment, because it is a known rule that a person may rise and speak at any time before the question has been completely decided, by putting the negative as well as the affirmative side. But the question is not completely put when the vote has been taken on the first member only. One-half of the question, both affirmative and negative remains still to be put. See *Execut. Jour.*, June 25, 1795. The same decision by President Adams.

SECTION XXXVII.

CO-EXISTING QUESTIONS.

It may be asked whether the House can be in possession of two motions or propositions at the same time, so that one of them being decided, the other goes to question without being moved anew? The answer must be special. When a question is interrupted by a vote of adjournment, it is thereby removed from before the House, and does not stand *ipso facto* before them at their next meeting, but must come forward in the usual way. So, when it is interrupted by the order of the day. Such other privileged questions also as dispose of the main question (*e. g.* the previous question, postponement, or commitment), remove it from before the House. But it is only suspended by a motion to amend, to withdraw, to read papers, or by a question of order or privilege, and stands again before the House when these are decided. None but the class of privileged questions can be brought forward while there is another question before the House, the rule being that when a motion has been made and seconded, no other can be received, except it be a privileged one.

SECTION XXXVIII.

EQUIVALENT.

If, on a question for rejection, a bill be retained, it passes of course to its next reading, *Hakew.*, 141; *Scob.*, 42. And a question for a second reading determined negatively, is a rejection without further question. 4 *Grey*, 145. And see *Elysinge's Memor.*, 42, in what cases questions are to be taken for rejection.

Where questions are perfectly equivalent, so that the negative of the one amounts to the affirmative of the other, and leaves no other alternative, the decision of the one concludes necessarily the other. 4 *Grey*, 157. Thus the negative of striking out amounts to the affirmative of agreeing; and therefore to put a question on agreeing after that on striking out, would be to put the same question in effect twice over. Not so in questions of amendments between the two Houses. A motion to recede being negatived, does not amount to a positive vote to insist, because there is another alternative, to wit: to adhere:

A bill originating in one House is passed by the other with an amendment. A motion in the originating House to agree to the amendment is negatived. Does there result from this a vote of disagreement, or must the question on disagreement be expressly voted? The questions respecting amendments from another House are—1st, to agree; 2d to disagree; 3d, recede; 4th, insist; 5th, adhere.

1st. To agree.

2d. To disagree.

3d. To recede.

4th. To insist.

5th. To adhere.

} Either of these concludes the other necessarily, for the positive of either is exactly the equivalent of the negative of the other, and no other alternative remains. On either motion amendments to the amendments may be proposed; e. g., if it be moved to disagree, those who are for the amendment have a right to propose amendments, and to make it as perfect as they can, before the question of disagreeing is put.

} You may then either insist or adhere.

} You may then either recede or adhere.

} You may then either recede or insist.

Consequently the negative of these is not equivalent to a positive vote the other way. It does not raise so necessary an implication as may authorize the Secretary by inference to enter another vote; for two alternatives still remain, either of which may be adopted by the House.

SECTION XXXIX.

THE QUESTION.

The question is to be put first on the affirmative and then on the negative side.

After the Speaker has put the affirmative part of the question, any member who has not spoken before to the question may rise and speak before the negative be put; because it is no full question till the negative part be put. *Scob.*, 23; 2 *Hats.*, 73.

But in small matters, and which are, of course, such as receiving petitions, reports, withdrawing motions, reading papers, etc., the Speaker most commonly supposes the consent of the House where no objection is expressed, and does not give them the trouble of putting the question formally. *Scob.*, 22; 2 *Hats.*, 87; 5 *Grey*, 129; 9 *Grey*, 301.

SECTION XL.

BILLS, THIRD READING.

To prevent bills from being passed by surprise, the House, by a standing order, directs that they shall not be put on their passage before a fixed hour, naming one at which the House is commonly full. *Hakew.*, 153.

[The usage of the Senate is, not to put bills on their passage till noon.]

A bill reported and passed to the third reading cannot on that day be read the third time and passed; because this would be to pass on two readings in the same day.

At the third reading the Clerk reads the bill and delivers it to the Speaker, who states the title, that it is the third time of reading the bill, and that the question will be whether it shall pass? Formerly the Speaker or those who prepared a bill, prepared also a brief or summary statement of its contents, which the Speaker read when he declared the state of the bill, at the several readings. Sometimes, however, he read the bill itself, especially on its passage. *Hakew.*, 139, 137, 153; *Coke*, 22, 115. Latterly, instead of this, he, at the third reading, states the whole contents of the bill, verbatim, only, instead of reading the formal parts "Be it enacted, etc.," he states that "preamble recites so and so—the first section enacts that, etc., the 2d section enacts," etc.

[But in the Senate of the United States both of these formalities are dispensed with; the brief or summary statement being but an imperfect view of the bill, and being capable of being made to present a false one; and the full statement being a useless waste of time, immediately after a full reading by the Clerk, and especially as every member has a printed copy in his hand.]

A bill on the third reading is not to be committed for the matter or body thereof; but to

receive some particular clause or proviso, it has been sometimes suffered, but as a thing very unusual. *Hakew.*, 126. Thus, 27 *El.*, 1584, a bill was committed on the third reading, having been formerly committed on the second, but it is declared not usual. *D'Eves*, 337, *col.*, 2; 414, *col.*, 2.

When an essential provision has been omitted, rather than erase the bill and render it suspicious, they add a clause on a separate paper, engrossed and called a rider, which is read and put to the question three times. *Elsynge's Memorials*, 59; 6 *Grey*, 335; 1 *Blackst.*, 183. For example of riders, see 3 *Hats.*, 121, 122, 124, 126. Every one is at liberty to bring in a rider without asking leave. 10 *Grey*, 52.

It is laid down as a general rule, that amendments proposed at the second reading, shall be twice read, and those proposed at the third reading thrice read; as also all amendments from the other House. *Town*, *col.*, 19, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28.

It is with great and almost invincible reluctance that amendments are admitted at this reading, which occasion erasures or interlineations. Sometimes a proviso has been cut off from a bill; sometimes erased. 9 *Grey*, 513.

This is the proper stage for filling up blanks; for if filled up before, and now altered by erasure, it would be peculiarly unsafe.

At this reading the bill is debated afresh, and for the most part is more spoken to at this time than on any of the former readings. *Hakew.*, 153.

The debate on the question whether it should be read a third time, has discovered to its friends and opponents the arguments on which each side relies, and which of these appear to have influence with the House; they have had time to meet them with new arguments, and to put their old ones into new shapes. The former vote has tried the strength of the former opinion, and furnished grounds to estimate the issue; and the question now offered for its passage is the last occasion which is ever to be offered for carrying or rejecting it.

When the debate is ended, the Speaker, holding the bill in his hand, puts the question for its passage by saying, "Gentlemen, all of you who are of opinion that this bill shall pass, say aye;" and after the answer of the ayes, "All those of the contrary opinion, say no." *Hakew.*, 154.

After the bill is passed there can be no further alteration of it in any point. *Hakew.*, 159.

SECTION XII.

DIVISION OF THE HOUSE.

The affirmative and negative of the question having been both put and answered, the Speaker declares whether the yeas or nays have it by the sound, if he be himself satisfied, and it stands as the judgment of the House. But if he be not himself satisfied which voice is the greater, or if before any other member comes into the House, or before any new motion is made (for it is too late after that), any member shall rise and declare himself dissatisfied with the Speaker's decision, then the Speaker is to divide the House. *Scob.*, 24; 2 *Hats.*, 140.

When the House of Commons is divided, the one party goes forth, and the other remains in the House. This has made it important which go forth and which remain; because the latter gain all the indolent, the indifferent and inattentive. Their general rule therefore, is, that those who give their vote for the preservation of the orders of the House, shall stay in; and those who are for introducing any new matter or alteration, or proceeding contrary to the established course, are to go out. But this rule is subject to many exceptions and modifications. 2 *Hats.*, 134; 1 *Rush*, p. 3, fol. 92; *Scob.*, 43, 52; *Co.*, 12, 116; *D'Eves*, 505, *col.* 1; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 25, 29, as will appear by the following statement of who go forth.

Petition that it be received*	.....	} Ayes.
Read .....	.....	
Lie on the table .....	.....	} Noes.
Rejected after refusal to lie on the table .....	.....	
Referred to committee for further proceeding .....	.....	Ayes,
Bill, that it be brought in .....	.....	} Ayes.
Read first or second time .....	.....	
Engrossed or read a third time .....	.....	
Proceedings on every other stage .....	.....	
Committed .....	.....	

* Noes. 9 *Grey*, 365.

To committee of the whole.....	Noes.	
To select committee	Ayes.	
Report of bill to lie on table	Noes.	
Be now read	Ayes.	
Be taken into consideration three months hence.....		30, P. J. 251
Amendments to be read a second time.....	Noes.	
Clause offered on report of bill be read a second time.....	Ayes.	
For receiving a clause.....		334
With amendments be engrossed.....		395
That a bill be now read a third time.....	Noes.	398
Receive a rider.....		260
Pass		
Be printed	Ayes.	256
Committees. That A take the chair		
To agree to the whole or any part of report		
That the House do now resolve into committee		
Speaker. That he now leave the chair, after order to go into committee.....	Noes.	291
That he issue warrant for new writ		
Member. That none be absent without leave		
Witness. That he be further examined.....	Ayes.	344
Previous question.....	Noes.	
Blanks. That they be filled with the largest sum.		
Amendments. That words stand part of.....	Ayes.	
Lords. That their amendment be read a second time.....	Noes.	
Messenger be received	Ayes.	
Orders of day to be now read if before 2 o'clock.....	Noes.	
If after 2 o'clock.....	Ayes.	
Adjournment. Till the next sitting day, if before 4 o'clock.....	Noes.	
If after 4 o'clock	Ayes.	
Over a sitting day (unless a previous resolution).....	Noes.	
Over the 30th of January.....	Ayes.	
For sitting on Sunday, or any other day not being a sitting day.....		

The one party being gone forth, the Speaker names two tellers from the affirmative and two from the negative side, who first count those sitting in the House and report the number to the Speaker. Then they place themselves within the door, two on each side, and count those who went forth as they come in, and report the number to the Speaker. *Mem. in Hakew., 26.*

A mistake in the report of the tellers may be rectified after the report made. *2 Hats., 145, note.*

[But in both Houses of Congress all these intricacies are avoided. The ayes first rise, and are counted standing in their places by the President or Speaker. Then they sit, and the noes rise and are counted in like manner.]

[In Senate, if they are equally divided, the Vice President announces his opinion, which decides.]

[The Constitution, however, has directed that "the yeas and nays of the members of either House on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal." And again; that in all cases of reconsidering a bill disapproved by the President, and returned with his objections, "the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journals of each House respectively."]

[By the 16th and 17th rules of the Senate, when the yeas and nays shall be called for by one-fifth of the members present, each member called upon shall, unless for special reasons he be excused by the Senate, declare openly, and without debate, his assent or dissent to the question. In taking the yeas and nays and upon the call of the House, the names of the members shall be taken alphabetically.]

[When the yeas and nays shall be taken upon any question in pursuance of the above rule no member shall be permitted, under any circumstances whatever, to vote after the decision is announced from the Chair.]

[When it is proposed to take the vote by yeas and nays, the President or Speaker states that "the question is whether, *e. g.*, the bill shall pass — that it is proposed that the yeas and nays shall be entered on the journal. Those, therefore, who desire it, will rise." If he

finds and declares that one-fifth have risen, he then states that "those who are of the opinion that the bill shall pass are to answer in the affirmative; those of a contrary opinion in the negative." The Clerk then calls over the names alphabetically, notes the yea or nay of each, and gives the list to the President or Speaker, who declares the result. In the Senate, if there be an equal division, the Secretary calls on the Vice President and notes his affirmative or negative, which becomes the decision of the House.]

In the House of Commons every member must give his vote, the one way or the other (*Scob.*, 24), as it is not permitted to any one to withdraw who is in the House when the question is put, nor is any one to be told in the division who was not in when the question was put. 2 *Hats.*, 140.

This last position is always true when the vote is by yeas and nays; where the negative as well as affirmative of the question is stated by the President at the same time, and the vote of both sides begins and proceeds *pari passu*. It is true also when the question is put in the usual way, if the negative has also been put; but if it has not, the member entering, or any other member, may speak, and even propose amendments, by which the debate may be opened again, and the question be greatly deferred. And as some who have answered aye may have been changed by the new arguments, the affirmative must be put over again. If, then, the member entering may, by speaking a few words, occasion a repetition of a question, it would be useless to deny it on his simple call for it.

While the House is telling, no member may speak or move out of his place, for if any mistake be suspected it must be told again. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 26; 2 *Hats.*, 143.

If any difficulty arises in point of order during the division, the Speaker is to decide *peremptorily*, subject to the future censure of the House, if irregular. He sometimes permits old experienced members to assist him with their advice, which they do sitting in their seats, covered to avoid the appearance of debate; but this can only be with the Speaker's leave, else the division might last several hours. 2 *Hats.*, 143.

The voice of the majority decides; for the *lex majoris partis* is the law of all councils, elections, etc., where not otherwise expressly provided. *Hakew.*, 93. But if the House be equally divided, "*semper presumatur pro negante*;" that is, the former law is not to be changed but by a majority. *Towns.*, col. 131.

[But in the Senate of the United States, the Vice President decides when the House is divided. *Const. U. S.*, I, 3.]

When, from counting the House on a division, it appears that there is not a quorum, the matter continues exactly in the state in which it was before the division, and must be resumed at that point on any future day. 2 *Hats.*, 126.

1606, May 1, on a question whether a member having said yea may afterwards sit and change his opinion, a precedent was remembered by the Speaker, of Mr. Morris, attorney of the wards, in 39 *Eliz.*, who in like case changed his opinion. *Mem. Hakew.*, 27.

SECTION XLII.

TITLES.

After the bill has passed, and not before, the title may be amended, and is to be fixed by a question; and the bill is then sent to the other House.

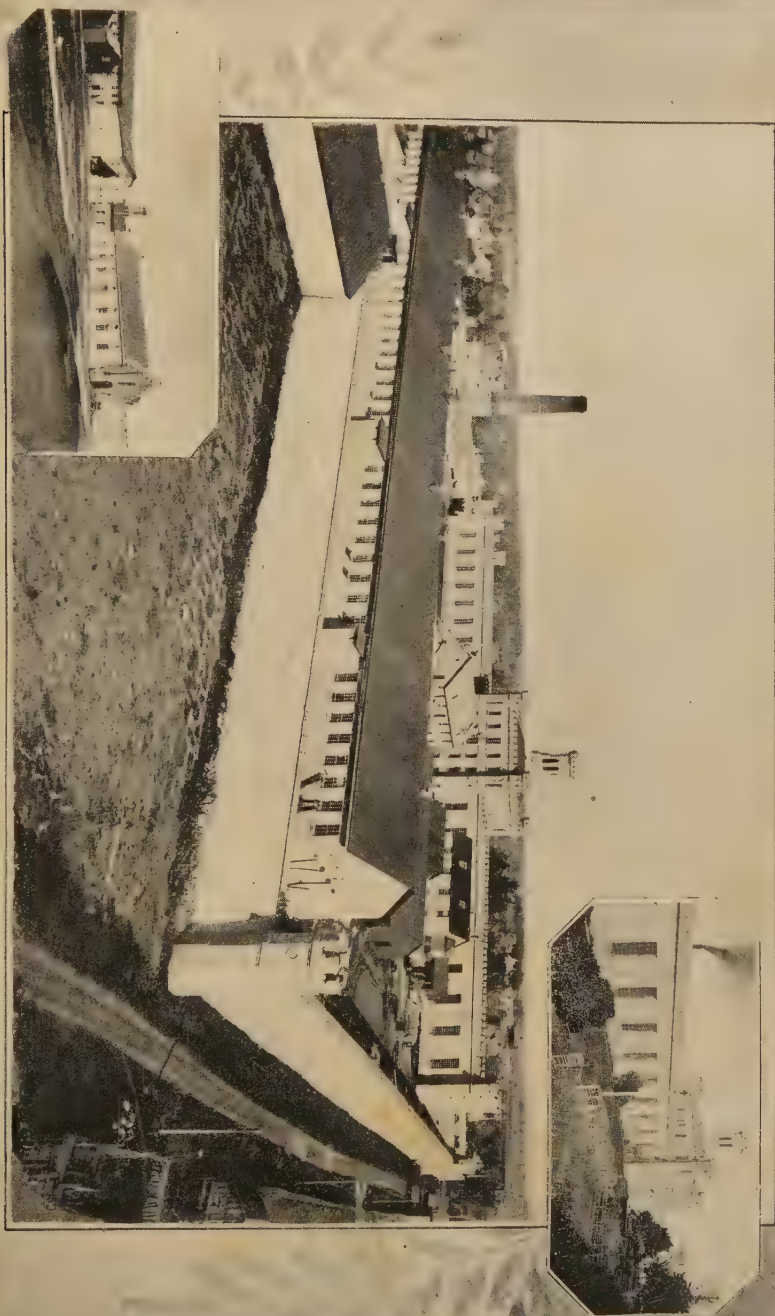
SECTION XLIII.

RECONSIDERATION.

[When a question has been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any member of the majority to move for the reconsideration thereof; but no motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after a bill, resolution, message, report, amendment, or motion upon which the vote was taken shall have gone out of the possession of the Senate announcing their decision; nor shall any motion for reconsideration be in order unless made on the same day on which the vote was taken, or within the two next days of the actual session of the Senate thereafter.* *Rule 20.*]

[1798, Jan. A bill on its second reading being amended and on the question whether it shall be read a third time negatived, was restored by a decision to reconsider that question. Here the votes of negative and reconsideration, like positive and negative quantities in an equation, destroy one another, and are as if they were expunged from the journal. Consequently the bill is open for amendment, just so far as it was the moment preceding the question for the third reading; that is to say, all parts of the bill are open for amendment except those on which votes have been already taken in its present stage. So, also, it may be recommitted.]

* This part of the rule has been added since the Manual was compiled.



WISCONSIN STATE PRISON, WAUPUN.

[*The rule permitting a reconsideration of a question affixing to it no limitation of time or circumstance, it may be asked whether there is no limitation? If, after the vote, the paper on which it is passed has been parted with, there can be no reconsideration; as if a vote has been for the passage of a bill, and the bill has been sent to the other house. But where the paper remains, as on a bill rejected, when, or under what circumstances, does it cease to be susceptible of reconsideration? This remains to be settled; unless, a sense that the right of reconsideration is a right to waste the time of the House in repeated agitations of the same question, so that it shall never know when a question is done with, should induce them to reform this anomalous proceeding.]

In Parliament, a question once carried cannot be questioned again at the same session, but must stand as the judgment of the House. *Towns.*, col. 67; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 33. And a bill once rejected, another of the same substance cannot be brought in again the same session. *Hakew.*, 158; 6 *Grey*, 392. But this does not extend to prevent putting the same question in different stages of a bill; because every stage of a bill submits the whole and every part of it to the opinion of the House, as open for amendment, either by insertion or omission though the same amendment has been accepted or rejected in a former stage. So in reports of committees, *e. g.*, report of an address, the same question is before the House and open for free discussion. *Towns.*, col. 26; 2 *Hats.*, 98, 100, 101. So orders of the House, or instructions to committee, may be discharged. So a bill, begun in one house, and sent to the other, and there rejected, may be renewed again in that other, passed and sent back. *Ib.*, 92; 3 *Hats.*, 161. Or if, instead of being rejected, they read it once and lay it aside, or amend it, and put it off a month, they may order in another to the same effect, with the same or different title. *Hakew.*, 97, 98.

Divers expedients are used to correct the effects of this rule; as by passing an explanatory act, if anything has been omitted or ill expressed (3 *Hats.*, 278), or an act to enforce, and make more effectual an act, etc., or to rectify mistakes in act, etc., or a committee on one bill may be instructed to receive a clause to rectify the mistakes of another. Thus, June 24, 1685, a clause was inserted in a bill, for rectifying a mistake committed by a clerk in engrossing a bill of supply. 2 *Hats.*, 194, 6. Or the session may be closed for one, two, three, or more days, and a new one commenced. But then all matters depending must be finished, or they fall, and are to begin de novo. 3 *Hats.*, 94, 98. Or a part of the subject may be taken up by another bill, or taken up in a different way. 6 *Grey*, 304, 316.

And in cases of the last magnitude, this rule has not been so strictly and verbally observed as to stop indispensable proceedings altogether. 2 *Hats.*, 92, 98. Thus when the address on the preliminaries of peace in 1782 had been lost by a majority of one, on account of the importance of the question, and smallness of the majority, the same question in substance, though with some words not in the first, and which might change the opinion of some members, was brought on again and carried, as the motives for it were thought to outweigh the objection of form. 2 *Hats.*, 99, 100.

A second bill may be passed to continue an act of the same session, or to enlarge the time limited for its execution. 2 *Hats.*, 95, 98. This is not in contradiction to the first act.

SECTION XLIV.

BILLS SENT TO THE OTHER HOUSE.

[All bills passed in the Senate, shall, before they are sent to the House of Representatives, be examined by a committee, consisting of three members, whose duty shall be to examine all bills, amendments, resolutions or motions, before they go out of the possession of the Senate and to make report that they are correctly engrossed, which report shall be entered on the journal. *Rule 33.*]

A bill from the other House is sometimes ordered to lie on the table. 2 *Hats.*, 97.

When bills passed in one house and sent to the other, are grounded on special facts requiring proof, it is usual, either by message or at a conference, to ask the grounds and evidence; and this evidence, whether arising out of papers, or from the examination of witnesses, is immediately communicated. 3 *Hats.*, 48.

SECTION XLV.

AMENDMENTS BETWEEN THE HOUSES.

When either house, *e. g.*, the House of Commons, sends a bill to the other, the other may pass it with amendments. The regular progression in this case is, that the commons disagree to the amendment; the lords insist on it; the commons insist on their disagree-

** This rule now fixes the limitation.

ment; the lords adhere to their amendment; the commons adhere to their disagreement. The term of insisting may be repeated as often as they choose to keep the question open. But the first adherence by either renders it necessary for the other to recede or adhere also; when the matter is usually suffered to fall. 10 *Grey*, 148. Latterly, however, there are instances of their having gone to a second adherence. There must be an absolute conclusion of the subject somewhere, or otherwise transactions between the houses would become endless. 3 *Hats.*, 268, 270. The term of insisting, we are told by Sir John Trevor, was then (1679) newly introduced into parliamentary usage by the lords. 7 *Grey*, 94. It was certainly a happy innovation, as it multiplies the opportunities of trying modifications which may bring the houses to concurrence. Either house, however, is free to pass over the term of insisting, and to adhere in the first instance; 10 *Grey*, 146; but it is not respectful to the other. In the ordinary parliamentary course, there are two free conferences, at least, before an adherence. 10 *Grey*, 147.

Either house may recede from its amendment and agree to the bill; or recede from their disagreement to the amendment, and agree to the same absolutely, or with an amendment; for here the disagreement and receding destroy one another, and the subject stands as before the disagreement. *Elsynge*, 23, 27; 9 *Grey*, 476.

But the house cannot recede from, or insist on its own amendment, with an amendment for the same reason that it cannot send to the other house an amendment to its own act after it has passed the act. They may modify an amendment from the other house by ingrafting an amendment on it, because they have never assented to it; but they cannot amend their own amendment, because they have on the question, passed it in that form. 9 *Grey*, 363; 10 *Grey*, 240. In the Senate, March 29, 1798. Nor where one house has adhered to their amendment, and the other agrees with an amendment, can the first house depart from the form which they have fixed by an adherence.

In the case of a money bill, the lords' proposed amendments become, by delay, confessedly necessary. The commons, however, refused them, as infringing on their privileges as to money bills; but they offered themselves to add to the bill a proviso to the same effect, which had no coherence with the lords' amendments; and urged that it was an expedient warranted by precedent, and not unparliamentary in a case become impracticable, and irremediable in any other way. 3 *Hats.*, 256, 266, 270, 271. But the lords refused, and the bill was lost. 1 *Chand.*, 288. A like case, 1 *Chand.*, 311. So the commons resolved that it was unparliamentary to strike out, at a conference anything in a bill which had been agreed and passed by both Houses. 6 *Grey*, 274; 1 *Chand.*, 312.

A motion to amend an amendment from the other House takes precedence of a motion to agree or disagree.

A bill originating in one House is passed by the other with an amendment.

The originating House agrees to their amendment with an amendment. The other may agree to their amendment with an amendment, that being only in the 2d and not the 3d degree; for, as to the amending House, the first amendment with which they passed the bill is a part of its text. It is the only text they have agreed to. The amendment to that text by the originating House, therefore, is only in the first degree, and the amendment to that again by the amending House is only in the 2d, to wit: an amendment to an amendment, and so admissible. Just so, when, on a bill from the originating House, the other, at its second reading makes an amendment; on the third reading this amendment is become the text of the bill, and if an amendment to it be moved, an amendment to that amendment may also be moved, as being only in the 2d degree.

SECTION XLVI.

CONFERENCES.

It is on the question of amendments between the Houses that conferences are usually asked; but they may be asked in all cases of difference of opinion between the two Houses on matters depending between them. The request of a conference, however, must always be with the House which is possessed of the papers. 3 *Hats.*, 31; 1 *Grey*, 425.

Conferences may be either simple or free. At a conference simply, written reasons are prepared by the House asking it, and they are read and delivered, without debate, to the managers of the other House at the conference; but are not then to be answered; 4 *Grey*, 114. The other House, then, if satisfied, vote the reason satisfactory, or say nothing; if not satisfied, they resolve them not satisfactory, and ask a conference on the subject of the last conference, where they read and deliver, in like manner, written answers to those reasons. 3 *Grey*, 183. They are meant chiefly to record the jurisdiction of each House to the nation at large, and to posterity, and in proof that the miscarriage of a necessary measure is not

imputable to them. 3 *Grey*, 255. At free conferences the managers discuss, viva voce and freely, and interchange propositions for such modifications as may be made in a parliamentary way, and may bring the sense of the two Houses together. And each party reports in writing to their respective Houses the substance of what is said on both sides, and it is entered in their journals. 9 *Grey*, 220; 3 *Hats.*, 280. This report can not be amended or altered, as that of a committee may be. *Journal of Senate*, May 24, 1796.

A conference may be asked, before the House asking it has come to a resolution of disagreement, insisting or adhering. 3 *Hats.*, 269, 341. In which case the papers are not left with the other conferees, but are brought back to be the foundation of the vote to be given. And this is the most reasonable and respectful proceeding; for, as was urged by the lords on a particular occasion, "it is held vain, and below the wisdom of Parliament, to reason or argue against fixed resolutions, and upon terms of impossibility to persuade." 3 *Hats.*, 226. So the commons say, "an adherence is never delivered at a free conference, which implies debate." 10 *Grey*, 137. And on another occasion the lords made it an objection that the commons had asked a free conference after they had made resolutions of adhering. It was then affirmed, however, on the part of the commons, that nothing was more parliamentary than to proceed with free conferences after adhering (3 *Hats.*, 269), and we do in fact see inferences of conferences, or of free conference, asked after the resolution of disagreeing (3 *Hats.*, 251, 253, 260, 286, 291, 316, 349); of insisting (*Ib.*, 280, 296, 299, 319, 322, 355); of adhering (269, 270, 283, 300); and even of a second or final adherence. 3 *Hats.*, 270. And in all cases of conference asked after a vote of disagreement, etc., the conferees of the House asking it are to leave the papers with the conferees of the other; and in one case where they refused to receive them, they were left on the table in the conference chamber. *Ib.*, 317, 323, 354; 10 *Grey*, 146.

After a free conference, the usage is to proceed with free conferences, and not return again to a conference. 3 *Hats.*, 270; 9 *Grey*, 229.

After a conference denied, a free conference may be asked. 1 *Grey*, 45.

When a conference is asked, the subject of it must be expressed, or the conference not agreed to. *Ord. H. Com.*, 39; 1 *Grey*, 425; 8 *Grey*, 31. They are sometimes asked to inquire concerning an offense or default of a member of the other House. 6 *Grey*, 181; 1 *Chand.*, 304. Or the failure of the other House to present to the King a bill passed by both Houses. 8 *Grey*, 302. Or on information received, and relating to the safety of the nation. 10 *Grey*, 171. Or when the methods of Parliament are thought by the one House to have been departed from by the other, a conference is asked to come to a right understanding thereon. 10 *Grey*, 148. So when an unparliamentary message has been sent instead of answering it, they ask a conference. 3 *Grey*, 155. Formerly an address or article of impeachment, or a bill with amendments, or a vote of the House, or concurrence in a vote, or a message from the King, were sometimes communicated by way of conference. 6 *Grey*, 128, 300, 387; 7 *Grey*, 80; 8 *Grey*, 210, 255; 1 *Torbuck's Deb.*, 278; 10 *Grey*, 293; 1 *Chandler*, 49, 287. But this is not the modern practice. 4 *Grey*, 255.

A conference has been asked after the first reading of the bill, 1 *Grey*, 194. This is a singular instance.

SECTION XLVII.

MESSAGES.

Messages between the Houses are to be sent only while both Houses are sitting. 2 *Hats.*, 15. They are received during debate without adjourning the debate. 3 *Hats.*, 22.

[In Senate the messengers are introduced in any state of business, except: 1. While a question is putting. 2. While the yeas and nays are calling. 3. While the ballots are counting. *Rule 47*. The first case is short; the second and third are cases where any interruption might occasion errors difficult to be corrected. So arranged June 15, 1789.]

In the House of Representatives, as in Parliament, if the House be in committee when a messenger attends, the Speaker takes the chair to receive the message, and then quits it to return into committee, without any question or interruption. 4 *Grey*, 226.

Messengers are not saluted by the members, but by the Speaker of the House. 2 *Grey*, 253, 274.

If messengers commit an error in delivering their message, they may be admitted or called in to correct their message. 4 *Grey*, 41. Accordingly, March 13, 1800, the Senate having made two amendments to a bill from the House of Representatives, their Secretary, by mistake, delivered one only, which being inadmissible by itself, that House disagreed, and notified the Senate of their disagreement. This produced a discovery of the mistake. The Secretary was sent to the other House to correct his mistake, the correction was received, and the two amendments acted on de novo.

As soon as the messenger who has brought the bills from the other House, has retired, the Speaker holds the bills in his hand, and acquaints the House "that the other House have by their messenger sent certain bills," and then reads their titles, and delivers them to the Clerk, to be safely kept till they shall be called for to be read. *Hakew.*, 178.

It is not the usage for one House to inform the other by what numbers a bill has passed. 10 *Grey*, 150. Yet they have sometimes recommended a bill as of great importance, to the consideration of the House to which it is sent. 3 *Hats.*, 25. Nor when they have rejected a bill from the other House, do they give notice of it; but it passes sub-silento, to prevent unbecoming altercations. *Blackst.*, 183.

[But in Congress the rejection is notified by message to the House in which the bill originated.]

A question is never asked by the one House of the other by way of message, but only at a conference; for this is an interrogatory, not a message. 3 *Grey*, 151, 181.

When a bill is sent by one House to the other, and is neglected, they may send a message to remind them of it. 3 *Hats.*, 25; 5 *Grey*, 154. But if it be mere inattention, it is better to have it done informally, by communication between the Speakers or members of the two Houses.

Where the subject of a message is of a nature that can properly be communicated to both houses of Parliament, it is expected that this communication should be made to both on the same day. But where a message was accompanied with an original declaration, signed by the party to which the message referred, its being sent to one house was not noticed by the other, because the declaration, being original, could not possibly be sent to both houses at the same time. 2 *Hats.*, 260, 261, 262.

The King having sent original letters to the commons, afterwards desires they may be returned, that he may communicate them to the lords. 1 *Chandler*, 303.

SECTION XLVIII.

ASSENT.

The House which has received a bill and passed it, may present it for the King's assent and ought to do it, though they have not by message notified to the other their passage of it. Yet the notifying by message is a form which ought to be observed between the two houses, from motives of respect and good understanding. 2 *Hats.*, 142. Were the bill to be withheld from being presented to the King, it would be an infringement of the rules of Parliament. *Id.*

[When a bill has passed both houses of Congress, the house last acting on it notifies its passage to the other, and delivers the bill to the Joint Committee of Enrollment, who see that it is truly enrolled in parchment.] When the bill is enrolled, it is not to be written in paragraphs, but solidly, and all of a piece, that the blanks between the paragraphs may not give room for forgery. 9 *Grey*, 143. [It is then put in the hands of the Clerk of the House of Representatives to have it signed by the Speaker. The Clerk then brings it by way of message to the Senate to be signed by their President. The Secretary of the Senate returns it to the Committee of Enrollment, who present it to the President of the United States. If he approve, he signs, and deposits it among the rolls in the office of the Secretary of State, and notifies by message the house in which it originated that he has approved and signed it; of which that house informs the other by message. If the President disapproves, he is to return it with his objections to that house in which it shall have originated, who are to enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent together with the President's objections to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered; and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress by its adjournment prevent its return; in which case it shall not be a law. *Const. U. S.*, I, 7.]

[Every order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment), shall be presented to the President of the United States, and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him; or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill. *Const. U. S.*, I, 7.]

SECTION XLIX.

JOURNALS.

[Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may, in their judgment, require secrecy. *Const.*, I, 5.]

[The proceedings of the Senate, when not acting as in a Committee of the Whole, shall be entered on the journals as concisely as possible, care being taken to detail a true account of the proceedings. Every vote of the Senate shall be entered on the journals, and a brief statement of the contents of each petition, memorial, or paper presented to the Senate, be also inserted on the journal. *Rule* 33.]

[The titles of bills, and such parts thereof only, as shall be affected by proposed amendments, shall be inserted on the journals. *Rule* 32.]

If a question is interrupted by a vote to adjourn, or to proceed to the orders of the day, the original question is never printed in the journal, it never having been a vote, nor introductory to any vote; but when suppressed by the previous question, the first question must be stated, in order to introduce and make intelligible the second. 2 *Hats.*, 83.

So also when a question is postponed, adjourned, or laid on the table, the original question, though not yet a vote, must be expressed in the journals; because it makes part of the vote of postponement, adjourning, or laying it on the table.

Where amendments are made to a question, those amendments are not printed in the journals, separated from the question; but only the question as finally agreed to by the House. The rule of entering in the journals only what the House has agreed to, is founded in great prudence and good sense; as there may be many questions proposed, which it may be improper to publish to the world in the form in which they are made. 2 *Hats.*, 85.

[In both houses of Congress, all questions whereon the yeas and nays are desired by one-fifth of the members present, whether decided affirmatively or negatively, must be entered on the journals. *Const.*, I, 5.]

The first order for printing the votes of the House of Commons was October 30, 1635. 1 *Chandler*, 387.

Some judges have been of opinion that the journals of the House of Commons are no records, but only remembrances. But this is not law. *Hob.*, 110, 111; *Lex. Parl.*, 114, 115; *Jour. H. C.*, Mar. 17, 1592; *Hale, Parl.*, 105. For the lords in their house have power of judicature, the commons in their house have power of judicature; and both houses together have power of judicature; and the Book of the Clerk of the House of Commons is a record, as is affirmed by act of Parl., 6 H. 8 c. 16; 4 *Inst.*, 23, 24; and every member of the House of Commons hath a judicial place. 4 *Inst.*, 15. As records they are open to every person, and a printed vote of either house is sufficient ground for the other to notice it. Either may appoint a committee to inspect the journals of the other, and report what has been done by the other in any particular case. 2 *Hats.*, 361; 3 *Hats.*, 27-30. Every member has a right to see the journals, and take and publish votes from them. Being a record, every one may see and publish them. 6 *Grey*, 118, 119.

On information of a mis-entry or omission of an entry in the journal, a committee may be appointed to examine and rectify it, and report it to the House. 2 *Hats.*, 194, 5.

SECTION L.

ADJOURNMENT.

The two houses of Parliament have the sole, separate and independent power of adjourning each their respective Houses. The King has no authority to adjourn them; he can only signify his desire, and it is in the wisdom and prudence of either House to comply with his requisition, or not, as they see fitting. 2 *Hats.*, 332; 1 *Blacks.*, 186; 5 *Grey*, 122.

[By the Constitution of the United States a smaller number than a majority may adjourn from day to day. I, 5. But "neither House, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting." I, 5. And in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, the president may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper. *Const.*, II, 3.]

A motion to adjourn, simply, cannot be amended, as by adding "to a particular day; but must be put simply "that this House do now adjourn;" and if carried in the affirmative, it is adjourned till the next sitting day, unless it has come to a previous resolution, "that at its rising it will adjourn to a particular day," and then the House is adjourned to that day. 2 *Hats.*, 82.

Where it is convenient that the business of the House be suspended for a short time, as for a conference presently to be held, etc., it adjourns during pleasure. 2 *Hats.*, 305; or for a quarter of an hour. 5 *Grey*, 331.

If a question be put for adjournment, it is no adjournment till the Speaker announces it. 5 *Grey*, 137. And from courtesy and respect, no member leaves his place till the Speaker has passed on.

SECTION LI.

A SESSION.

Parliament have three modes of separation, to-wit: By adjournment, by prorogation or dissolution by the King, or by the efflux of the term for which they were elected. Prorogation or dissolution constitutes there what is called a session, provided some act has passed. In this case all matters depending before them are discontinued, and at their next meeting are to be taken up de novo, if taken up at all. 1 *Blackst.*, 186. Adjournment, which is by themselves, is no more than a continuance of the session from one day to another, or for a fortnight, a month, etc., ad libitum. All matters depending remain in statu quo, and when they meet again, be the term ever so distant, are resumed, without any fresh commencement, at the point at which they were left. 1 *Lev.*, 165; *Lex. Parl.*, c. 2; 1 *Ro. Rep.*, 29; 4 *Inst.*, 7, 27, 28; *Hutt.*, 61; 1 *Mod.*, 252; *Ruffh. Jac. L. Dict. Parliament*; 1 *Blackst.*, 186. Their whole session is considered in law but as one day, and has relation to the first day thereof. *Bro. Abr. Parliament*, 88.

Committees may be appointed to sit during a recess by adjournment, but not by prorogation. 5 *Grey*, 374; 9 *Grey*, 350; 1 *Chandler*, 50. Neither house can continue any portion of itself in any parliamentary function beyond the end of the session without the consent of the other two branches. When done, it is by a bill constituting them commissioners for the particular purpose.

[Congress separate in two ways only, to-wit: by adjournment, or dissolution by the efflux of their time. What, then, constitutes a session with them? A dissolution closes one session, and the meeting of the new Congress begins another. The Constitution authorizes the President, "on extraordinary occasions to convene both houses or either of them." (I. 3.) If convened by the President's proclamation, this must begin a new session, and of course determine the preceding one to have been a session. So if it meets under the clause of the Constitution, which says, "the Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day" (I. 4), this must begin a new session: for even if the last adjournment was to this day, the act of adjournment is merged in the higher authority of the Constitution, and the meeting will be under that and not under their adjournment. So far we have fixed landmarks for determining sessions. In other words, it is declared by the joint vote authorizing the President of the Senate and Speaker to close the session on a fixed day, which is usually in the following form: *Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives*, That the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives be authorized to close the present session by adjourning their respective Houses on the — day of —.]

When it was said above that all matters depending before Parliament were discontinued by the determination of the session, it was not meant for judiciary cases depending before the House of Lords, such as impeachments, appeals and writs of error. These stand continued, of course, to the next session. *Raym.*, 120, 331; *Ruffh. Jac. L. D., Parliament*.

[Impeachments stand, in like manner, continued before the Senate of the United States.]

SECTION LII.

TREATIES.

[The President of the United States has power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur. *Const. U. S.*, II., 2.]

[All confidential communications made by the President of the United States to the Senate, shall be by the members thereof kept secret; and that all treaties which may hereafter be laid before the Senate, shall also be kept secret, until the Senate shall, by their resolution, take off the injunction of secrecy. *Rule 39.*]

Treaties are legislative acts. A treaty is the law of the land. It differs from other laws only as it must have the consent of a foreign nation, being but a contract with respect to that nation. In all countries, I believe, except England, treaties are made by the legislative power; and there also, if they touch the laws of the land, they must be approved by

Parliament. *Ware v. Hayton*, 3 *Dallas' Rep.*, 223. It is acknowledged, for instance, that the King of Great Britain cannot by a treaty make a citizen of an alien. *Vattel*, b., c. 19, sec. 214. An act of Parliament was necessary to validate the American treaty of 1783. And abundant examples of such acts can be cited. In the case of the treaty of Utrecht, in 1712, the commercial articles required the concurrence of Parliament; but a bill brought in for that purpose was rejected. France, the other contracting party, suffered these articles, in practice, to be not insisted on, and adhered to the rest of the treaty. 4 *Russell's Hist. Mod. Europe*, 457; 2 *Smollet*, 242, 246.

[By the Constitution of the United States this department of legislation is confined to two branches only of the ordinary legislature; the President originating and the Senate having a negative. To what subjects this power extends has not been defined in detail by the Constitution; nor are we entirely agreed among ourselves. 1. It is admitted that it must concern the foreign nation party to the contract, or it would be a mere nullity, *res inter alios acta*. 2. By the general power to make treaties, the Constitution must have intended to comprehend only those subjects which are usually regulated by treaty, and cannot be otherwise regulated. 3. It must have meant to except out of these rights to the States; for surely the President and Senate cannot do by treaty what the whole government is interdicted from doing in any way. 4. And also to except those subjects of legislation in which it gave a participation to the House of Representatives. This last exception is denied by some, on the ground that it would leave very little matter for the treaty power to work on. The less the better, say others. The Constitution thought it wise to restrain the Executive and Senate from entangling and embroiling our affairs with those of Europe. Besides, as the negotiations are carried on by the Executive alone, the subjecting to the ratification of the representative such articles as are within their participation, is no more inconvenient than to the Senate. But the ground of this exception is denied as unfounded. For examine, *e. g.*, the treaty of commerce with France, and it will be found that, out of thirty-one articles, there are not more than small portions of two or three of them which would not still remain as subjects of treaties, untouched by these exceptions.]

Treaties being declared, equally with the laws of the United States, to be the supreme law of the land, it is understood that an act of the legislature alone can declare them in'ringed and rescinded. This was accordingly the process adopted in the case of France in 1798.

[It has been the usage for the Executive, when it communicates a treaty to the Senate for their ratification, to communicate also the correspondence of the negotiators. This having been omitted in case of the Prussian treaty, was asked by a vote of the House, of February 12, 1800, and was obtained. And in December, 1800, the convention of that year between the United States and France, with the report of the negotiations by the envoys, but not their instructions, being laid before the Senate, the instructions were asked for, and communicated by the President.]

[The mode of voting on questions of ratification is by nominal call.]

[Whenever a treaty shall be laid before the Senate for ratification, it shall be read a first time for information only; when no motion to reject, ratify, or modify the whole, or any part, shall be received. Its second reading shall be for consideration, and on a subsequent day, when it shall be taken up as in a committee of the whole, and every one shall be free to move a question on any particular article, in this form: "Will the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of this article?" or to propose amendments thereto, either by inserting or by leaving out words, in which last case the question shall be, "shall the words stand part of the article?" And in every one of the said cases, the concurrence of two-thirds of the Senators present shall be requisite to decide affirmatively. And when, through the whole, the proceedings shall be stated to the House, and questions being again severally put thereon, for confirmation, or new ones proposed, requiring in like manner a concurrence of two-thirds for whatever is retained or inserted.]

[The votes so confirmed shall, by the House, or a committee thereof, be reduced into the form of a ratification, with or without modifications, as may have been decided, and shall be proposed on a subsequent day, when every one shall again be free to move amendments, either by inserting or leaving out words; in which last case the question shall be, "Shall the words stand part of the resolution?" And in both cases the concurrence of two-thirds shall be requisite to carry the affirmative; as well as on the final question to advise and consent to the ratification in the form agreed to. *Rule 37.*]

[When any question may have been decided by the Senate, in which two-thirds of the members present are necessary to carry the affirmative, any member who voted on that side which prevailed in the question may be at liberty to move for a reconsideration, and a motion for reconsideration shall be decided by a majority of votes. *Rule 37.*]

SECTION LIII.

IMPEACHMENT.

[The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. *Const. U. S.*, I, 3.]

[The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States. But the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law. *Const.*, I, 3.]

[The President, Vice President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors. *Const.*, II 4.]

[The trial of crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury. *Const.*, III, 2.]

These are the provisions of the Constitution of the United States on the subject of impeachments. The following is a sketch of some of the principles and practices of England on the same subject.

Jurisdiction. The Lords cannot impeach any to themselves, nor join in the accusation, because they are the judges. *See 1. Jurisdiction in Parl.*, 12, 63. Nor can they proceed against a commoner but on complaint of the Commons. *Ib.*, 84. The Lords may not, by the law, try a commoner for a capital offense, on the information of the King or a private person, because the accused is entitled to a trial by his peers generally; but on accusation by the House of Commons, they may proceed against the delinquent, of whatsoever degree, and whatsoever be the nature of the offense; for there they do not assume to themselves trial at common law. The commons are then instead of a jury, and the judgment is given on their demand, which is instead of a verdict. So the Lords do only judge, but not try the delinquent. *Ib.*, 6, 7. But Wooddeson denies that a commoner can now be charged capitally before the Lords, even by the commons; and cites Fitzharris's case, 1681, impeached for high treason, when the Lords remitted the prosecution to the inferior court. 8 *Grey's Deb.*, 325-7; Wooddeson, 601, 576; 3 *Seld.*, 1610, 1619, 1641; 4 *Blackst.*, 25; 73 *Seld.*, 1601, 1618; 9, 1656.

Accusation. The Commons, as the grand inquest of the nation, become suitors for penal justice. 2 *Woodd.*, 597; 6 *Grey*, 356. The general course is to pass a resolution containing a criminal charge against the supposed delinquent, and then to direct some member to impeach him by oral accusation, at the bar of the House of Lords, in the name of the Commons. The person signifies that the articles will be exhibited, and desires that the delinquent may be sequestered from his seat, or be committed, or that the peers will take order from his appearance. *Sachev. Trial*, 329; 2 *Woodd.*, 602, 605; *Lords' Jour.*, 3 June, 1701, 101; 1 *Wms.*, 616; 6 *Grey*, 324.

Process. If a party do not appear, proclamations are to be issued, giving him a day to appear. On their return they are strictly examined. If any error be found in them, a new proclamation issues, giving a short day. If he appear not, his goods may be arrested and they may proceed. *Seld. Judd.*, 98, 99.

Articles. The accusation (articles) of the Commons is substituted in place of an indictment. Thus, by the usage of Parliament, in impeachment for writing or speaking, the particular words need not be specified. *Sach. Tr.*, 325; 2 *Woodd.*, 602, 605; *Lords' Jour.*, 3 June, 1701; 1 *Wms.*, 616.

Appearance. If he appears, and the case be capital, he answers in custody; though not if the accusations be general. He is not to be committed but on special accusations. If it be for a misdemeanor only, he answers, a Lord in his place, a Commoner at the bar, and not in custody, unless, on the answer, the Lords find cause to commit him, till he finds sureties to attend, and lest he should fly. *Seld. Judd.*, 98, 99. A copy of the articles is given him, and a day fixed for his answer. *T. Ray*; 1 *Rushw.*, 263; *Fost.*, 232; 1 *Clar. Hist. of the Ret.*, 379. Or a misdemeanor his appearance may be in person, or he may answer in writing, or by attorney. *Seld. Judd.*, 100. The general rule on accusations for a misdemeanor is, that in such a state of liberty or restraint as the party is when the commons complain of him, in such he is to answer. *Ib.*, 101. If previously committed by the commons, he answers as a prisoner. But this may be called in some sort *judicium parium suorum*. *Ib.* In misdemeanors the party has a right to counsel by the common law; but not in capital cases. *Seld. Judd.*, 102-5.

Answer. The answer need not observe great strictness of form. He may plead guilty as to part, and defend as to the residue; or, saving all exceptions, deny the whole or give a particular answer to each article separately. 1 *Rush.*, 274; 1 *Rush.*, 1374; 12 *Parl. Hist.*, 442; 3 *Lords' Jour.*, 13 Nov., 1643; *Woodd.*, 607. But he can not plead a pardon in bar to the impeachment. 2 *Woodd.*, 615; 2 *St. Tr.*, 735.

Replication, rejoinder, etc. There may be a replication, rejoinder, etc. *Seld. Jud.*, 114; 8 *Grey's Deb.*, 233; *Sach. Tr.*, 15; *Journ. H. of Commons, March*, 1640, 1.

Witnesses. The practice is to swear the witnesses in open House, and then examine them there, or a committee may be named, who shall examine them in committee, either on interrogatories agreed on in the House, or such as the committee in their discretion shall demand. *Seld. Jud.*, 120, 123.

Jury. In the case of Alice Pierce (1 *R. 2.*), a jury was empaneled for her trial before a committee. *Seld. Jud.*, 123. But this was on a complaint, not on impeachment by the commons. *Seld. Jud.*, 163. It must also have been for a misdemeanor only, as the lords spiritual sat in the case, which they do on misdemeanors, but not in capital cases. *Id.*, 145. The judgment was a forfeiture of all her lands and goods. *Id.*, 188. This, Selden says, is the only jury he finds recorded in Parliament for misdemeanor; but he makes no doubt, if the delinquent doth put himself on trial of his country a jury ought to be impaneled, and he adds that it is not so on impeachment by the commons; for they are in loco proprio, and there no jury ought to be impaneled. *Id.*, 124. The *Ld. Berkeley*, 6 *E.*, 3, was arraigned for the murder of *L.*, 2, on an information on the part of the King, and not impeachment of the commons; for then they had been patria sua. He waived his peerage, and was tried by a jury of Gloucestershire and Warwickshire. *Id.*, 125. In 1 *H.*, 7, the commons protest that they are not to be considered as parties to any judgment given, or hereafter to be given in Parliament. *Seld. Jud.*, 133. They have been generally and more justly considered, as is before stated, as the grand jury; for the conceit of Selden is certainly not accurate, and they are the patria sua of the accused, and that the Lords do only judge, but not try. It is undeniable that they do try; for they examine witnesses as to the facts, and acquit or condemn, according to their own belief of them. And Lord Hale says, "the peers are judges of law as well as of fact;" (2 *Hale*, *P. C.*, 275); consequently of fact as well as of law.

Presence of Commons. The Commons are to be present at the examination of witnesses. *Seld. Jud.*, 124. Indeed, they are to attend throughout, either as a committee of the whole House, or otherwise, at discretion, appoint managers to conduct the proofs. *Rushw. Tr. of Straff.*, 37; *Com. Journ.*, 4 *Feb.*, 1709-10; 2 *Woodd.*, 614. And judgment is not to be given till they demand it. *Seld. Jud.*, 124. But they are not to be present on impeachment when the Lords consider of the answer of proofs and determine of their judgment. Their presence, however, is necessary at the answer and judgment in cases of capital (*Id.*, 58, 159) as well as not capital (162). The Lords debate the judgment among themselves. Then the vote is first taken on the question of guilty or not guilty; and if they convict, the question, or particular sentence, is out of that which seemeth to be most generally agreed on. *Seld. Jud.*, 167, 2 *Woodd.*, 612.

Judgment. Judgments in Parliament, for death, have been strictly guided per legem terre, which they cannot alter; and not at all according to their discretion. They can neither omit any legal part of the judgment nor add to it. Their sentence must be secundum, non ultra legem. *Seld. Jud.*, 168-171. This trial, though it varies in external ceremony, yet differs not in essentials from criminal prosecutions before inferior courts. The same rules of evidence, the same legal notions of crimes and punishments, prevailed; for impeachments are not framed to alter the law, but to carry it into more effectual execution against two powerful delinquents. The judgment, therefore, is to be such as is warranted by legal principles or precedents. 6 *Sta., Tr.*, 14; 2 *Woodd.*, 611. The chancellor gives judgment in misdemeanors; the lord high steward formerly in cases of life and death. *Seld. Jud.*, 180. But now the steward is deemed not necessary. *Eost.*, 144; 2 *Woodd.*, 613. In misdemeanors the greatest corporal punishment hath been imprisonment. *Seld. Jud.*, 184. The King's assent is necessary in capital judgments (2 *Woodd.*, 614, contra), but not in misdemeanors. *Seld. Jud.*, 136.

Continuance. An impeachment is not discontinued by the dissolution of Parliament, but may be resumed by the new Parliament. *T. Ray.*, 383; 4 *Com. Journ.*, 23 *Dec.*, 1790; *Lords' Jour.*, May 15, 1791; 2 *Woodd.*, 618.

CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS, FORMS AND RULES

FOR THE USE AND GOVERNMENT OF THE WISCONSIN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY.

COMPILED BY THE COMMITTEE AUTHORIZED BY JOINT RESOLUTION No. 62, S.,
SESSION OF 1895.

(Adopted by the Legislature of 1897.)

CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS AND FORMS.

Organization.

The Legislature convenes at 12 o'clock M., on the second Wednesday of January in every odd numbered year.

Custom, so prevalent and so ancient as to have the force of law, has made it the duty of the Chief Clerk of the previous Assembly to call to order, and to conduct the proceedings generally, until a Speaker is chosen.

In the Senate the Lieutenant Governor calls the Senators to order, the Chief Clerk of the previous session acting in that capacity until his successor is chosen. The oath of office is usually administered to the newly elected Senators by the Lieutenant Governor, who also administers the oath of office to the Chief Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms. Immediately after the senators take the oath of office the election of President pro tem., Chief Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms is proceeded with in the order named.

The Secretary of State furnishes to the clerk a certified statement of the names of the members elect, which is read. The members then advance to the Clerk's desk, and subscribe to the oath of office.

The election of President pro tem. of the Senate, Speaker of the Assembly, Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms of both the respective Houses are required to be viva voce.

After the organization each House informs the other House that it is organized and ready to proceed to business.

A joint committee of both Houses is then appointed to convey a like message to the Governor, and inform him that the Houses are in readiness to receive any communication from him he may desire to make.

At the first opportunity after hearing the message read, the various recommendations therein contained, are referred by resolution to appropriate standing committees or select committees.

Drawing of Seats.

The drawing of seats by lot has been observed since the Assembly first took possession of the new Assembly Chamber.

The method heretofore pursued is as follows:

The members leave their seats, and take places in the open area behind their seats. The Clerk having placed in a box, slips of paper containing the names of the members respectively, a page or messenger draws them therefrom. The Clerk announces each

name as it is drawn, and the member named selects his seat, and occupies it until the drawing is completed. In the Senate the seats are usually placed in such manner as will be most agreeable to the senators.

Duties of Officers.

PRESIDENT AND SPEAKER.—The duties of these officers are generally defined in the rules.

CHIEF CLERKS.—The rules set forth the duties of these officers. They have the care and custody of all the papers and records, and arrange in its proper order from day to day, after its inception, all the business of the two Houses. They must, in order to have a proper knowledge of the affairs of their departments, apportion, systematize and personally supervise the labor of all their subordinates, and, when not called therefrom by more important duties, should officiate in person at the reading desk. The duties of their subordinates are properly their duties, as all are performed under their direction, and they are responsible for any deficiencies. It is their duty to prepare and furnish to the public printer, an accurate record of each day's proceedings and a copy of every bill, report and other thing ordered to be printed "on the same day such orders are made"; to keep the pay accounts of employees and issue certificates of per diem to them; to deliver the messages of the one House to the other and to sign subpoenas.

It is their duty to prepare an index to the journal, at the close of the session, and to be present at the opening of the next session, and to attend to such preliminary business as may be necessary, and conduct the proceedings therein until a speaker is elected, and perform the duties of clerk thereof until their successors are chosen and qualified.

They are by law responsible for the safe keeping of all the bills and other documents in possession of the Legislature, and for the proper registry of all proceedings; and are required at the close of the session, to deposit all papers in their possession as Chief Clerks, properly classified and labeled, with the Secretary of State.

Regulations in the Department of the Clerk.

To insure a systematic and correct performance of the duties of their departments, the Chief Clerks of the two Houses have established the following regulations:

THE ASSISTANT CLERKS.—It is their special duty:

1. To keep a record of each day's proceedings, and to correct the proof of same when printed.
2. To officiate at the reading desk when required by the clerk, and in case of his absence to perform his duties generally.
3. To label and file in the appropriate places all papers presented, with proper dates and references.
4. To select each day all papers ordered to be printed, make the list thereof in a book provided for that purpose, and send them to the State Printer, taking his receipt therefor.
5. To keep a list of all absentees on leave, etc.

THE BOOK-KEEPER.—It is his special duty:

1. To keep the register of bills, resolutions, memorials, etc., showing therein, and opposite to each title, all actions taken and proceedings had, with regard to such papers.
2. To distribute to the proper committee, or officers, all bills, petitions and other papers referred.
3. To make out all certificates of per diem and mileage, ready for the signature of the Speaker and Clerk.
4. To prepare the message to be delivered to the other House, and when not otherwise occupied, to help the Journal Clerk in the performance of his duties.

THE ENGROSSING CLERK.—It is his special duty:

1. To engross all bills ordered to a third reading which the rules require to be engrossed, properly placing all amendments adopted prior to the order of their engrossment.
2. By the direction of the Chief or Journal Clerk to perform any necessary service appertaining to the duties of the other deputies.

THE ENROLLING CLERK.—It is his special duty:

To make clear, legible copies of all bills which have been concurred in, without erasure or interlineations.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

1. Each deputy when not occupied in the performance of his own special duties, is to render such assistance to the Clerk and his associate deputies as may be in his power, or as the pressure of duties in a particular department may render necessary.

2. The deputies are expected to notify the Chief Clerk of any interference with their duties, and of all improper approaches or requests made to them by any person. They are not to exhibit to any person any bill or other document in their possession without leave of the Chief Clerk.

Perfect courtesy must at all times be maintained toward members, reporters, associate deputies, and all who have business to transact with the department, but interference with legislation cannot be allowed under any circumstances.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.—This officer is executive officer of the House. He has charge of the Post Office and other appurtenant conveniences of the Assembly. He controls the police regulations, attends to the warming of the chambers, serves the subpoenas and warrants of the Assembly, announces messages from the Governor and from the Senate, provides rooms for committees, receives from the Superintendent of Public Property all public documents ordered or coming in due course, and distributes the same through the Post Office, or otherwise, to members and officers entitled thereto, and keeps the pay roll of the employes in his department. He is to organize his department with such system that each of his subordinates shall know his precise duties, and he is to see that each performs his duty promptly, thoroughly and courteously. He is required to keep the chamber open from 8 o'clock A. M. to 11 o'clock P. M.

He should have the printed bills and other documents in his possession so classified and arranged that he can at once answer any call upon him for them. His assistant assists him generally in the discharge of his duties, and takes his place when he is absent.

The **POSTMASTER** attends to the receipt and delivery of all mail matter coming to members and officers of the Assembly. Each member has a box in the Post Office of the Assembly corresponding with the number of his seat, in which his mail matter is deposited, and the Postmaster must, by himself or assistant, be at his post from 8 o'clock A. M., until 10 o'clock P. M., and until the adjournment of the Assembly for the day. He receives and forwards all mail matter deposited in his office by members or officers, in time to be mailed from the Madison Post Office. He is to prominently post in the cloak and hat room (which is the members' side of the Post Office), a notice of the hours of closing the Assembly mails. He is entitled to the exclusive use of the Post Office, and no one ought to be admitted thereto except the Sergeant-at-Arms and the Speaker.

The **ASSISTANT POSTMASTER** brings the mail to and from the Madison Post Office, and assists the Postmaster generally in his duties.

The **DOORKEEPERS** attend to the principal door; open and close it for the entry and exit of all persons; maintain order in the lobby and vestibule; see that visitors are seated, and that the regulations of the House in their departments are strictly enforced.

The assistant sergeant-at-arms, postmaster, porter, watchman, doorkeepers, and gallery, committee-room and washroom attendants are appointed by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and are responsible to him.

DUTIES OF MESSENGERS.

1. To be in attendance from 8 o'clock A. M. until 10 o'clock P. M. every day (Sunday excepted), whether the Assembly is in session or not.

2. To receive the journals and printed bills from the Sergeant-at-Arms, and arrange them in order on the file of each member.

3. Not to leave the Chamber during the morning hour, or absent themselves from the session of the House during an entire day, except upon leave of the Speaker, Clerk or Sergeant-at-Arms.

4. During the morning hour to take the positions assigned to them by the Clerk, and, standing up, so as to see and be seen, hold themselves in readiness to bring all bills, resolutions, etc., from the several members to the Clerk when presented.

5. After the expiration of the morning hour, when not engaged in filing bills, etc., for the members they have in charge, to answer promptly any call, and render assistance to any member requiring it.

6. To refrain from throwing any paper balls, darts, or other missiles; to move lightly across the chamber and demean themselves respectfully towards every member and officer of the House.

Process of Passing Bills.

Some diversity of practice exists herein, but the ordinary method in the Assembly, as an illustration, is as follows:

A member having prepared a bill and endorsed the title thereof, together with his name upon the back of it, rises to his feet, at such time as the introduction of bills is under order and says: "Mr. Speaker:" If recognized the Speaker responds: "The gentleman from———" The member announces: "I ask leave to introduce a bill." The bill is then sent to the Chief Clerk by a messenger. The Clerk then reads the title of the bill and the Speaker announces: "First reading of the bill."

The Clerk again reads the bill by its title, and the Speaker announces: "Second reading of the bill." And refers the same to some standing or select committee, as seems to him appropriate, unless special reference is made by request of the member introducing the bill. The bill is, in due course of time, reported back to the Assembly by the committee, when it is placed in the order: "Bills ready for engrossment and third reading." Under this order of business, the question put by the Speaker is as follows: "Shall this bill be engrossed and read a third time?" If decided affirmatively, the bill is sent by the Chief Clerk to the Engrossing Clerk for engrossment. When correctly engrossed, and compared by the Comparing Clerks, it is delivered by the Engrossing Clerk to the committee on Engrossed Bills, who compare the engrossed bill with the original bill and amendments, if any, and cause any errors which they may find to be corrected. When found correct, or made so, the committee report them to the House as correctly engrossed, and then referred to the committee on Bills on their Third Reading and when reported by that committee the original is filed with the Chief Clerk, and the engrossed bill goes into the order of "Bills ready for a third reading." When under this order of business, the bill, unless it appropriates money, is read by its title; if it appropriates money, at length, when the Speaker says as follows:

"This bill having been read three several times, the question is, shall the bill pass?" If the bill passes, it is taken to the Senate with a message announcing its passage by the Assembly, and asking the concurrence of the Senate therein. If the Senate concurs the bill is returned to the Assembly and is sent to the Enrolling Clerk, who makes a copy thereof, as is elsewhere described. When enrolled it goes to the committee on Enrolled Bills, who compare it with the engrossed bill. When found or made correct, they report the bill to the Assembly as correctly enrolled. The engrossed bill is filed with the Chief Clerk. The enrolled bill is then endorsed by the Chief Clerk, as having originated in the Assembly, for the information of the Governor, in case he vetoes it; then it is signed by the Speaker and sent to the President of the Senate for his signature thereto. It is then sent by the Chief Clerk of the Assembly to the Governor for his approval. The Governor, if he approves the bill, informs the House in which it originated of the fact and that he has deposited it with the Secretary of State. If he vetoes the bill, information of the fact is given to the House in like manner, whereupon, the question shall be, "Shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the objections of the Governor?" The vote shall be taken by ayes and noes, and shall be lost, unless two-thirds of the members present vote in favor of the passage of the bill, over the Governor's veto. Concurrence of the Senate by a two-thirds majority of the Senators present is necessary.

This is the ordinary process of a bill through all of its stages until it becomes a law.

A bill of great interest or importance, or one which is warmly contested, may, by reason of majority or minority reports, special orders, re-commitments, amendments, substitutes, committees of conference, and various other parliamentary process, pass through a vast variety of stages not before enumerated.

Senate bills going into the Assembly, after passing the Senate, are read twice by title and then referred to the appropriate committee. After being reported to the House by the committee, the question shall be: "Shall this bill be ordered to a third reading?" unless there be an amendment offered to the same, which shall be acted upon before the bill is ordered to a third reading. If it is decided affirmatively and the bill passes in the order of "Bills on third reading," and when read in that order, the question is, "Shall the bill be concurred in?" If concurred in, the bill is returned to the Senate with a message informing it of that fact. If an amendment be adopted to a bill, the

Senate is so informed by message, and the amendment transmitted with the bill to the Senate. The question is, "Shall the Senate concur in the amendment adopted by the Assembly to the bill?"

If it is desired to hasten the passage of a bill, it is done by motion as follows:

I move to suspend all rules which will interfere with the immediate consideration of bill No. ——. If this motion prevails, which requires an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members present, the question will be put on passage of the bill, and if passed, will go at once to the Senate.

Forms.

OF TITLES:

No. —, a bill to —.

Amending bill:

A bill relating to —, and amendatory of section — of chapter — of the —.

Repealing bill:

A bill to repeal section —, of chapter —, of the —, (relating to statutes or general laws, designating the same, and also the subject, object or purpose of the section of the chapter repealed; and in the body of every bill, the full title of the act repealed, shall be recited at length.)

Appropriation bill:

"To appropriate to —, the sum of — dollars."

Titles must be written inside the bill and endorsed upon the outside as follows.*

No. —, A., <i>A bill to regulate the license to be paid by railroad companies.</i> <u>MR. GORDON.</u>
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RESOLUTIONS should not be entitled, but should have the name of the mover indorsed upon them. The same rule applies to amendments.

Resolutions are of no special form; the following may serve as a general guide in such matters:

Res. No. —, A.,

Resolved, That three thousand copies of the Governor's message be furnished by the public printer to the Sergeant-at-Arms, for the use of the Assembly.

"MR. TUCKER."

AN ENACTING CLAUSE must precede the body of the bill—†

It must *invariably* be in the following form:

*The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:—*Const., Art. IV., Sec. 17.

Investigations.

When an investigation is required into any matter, the person most interested in having the inquiry made, should move the appointment of a committee to take the subject in charge. This is done by resolution. The resolution should be so drawn as to state the precise subject to be investigated, and to give the committee all the power which the mover may deem necessary for a thorough examination into the subject matter to be laid before them; this should be done to prevent any misapprehension as to the intention and extent of the inquiry to be made. In case of the adoption of the resolution the mover, together with other members, will be appointed a committee. They have power to send for persons and papers. The form of a subpoena is as follows:

"THE STATE OF WISCONSIN,

"To —: You are hereby commanded, that, laying aside all business and excuse, you personally appear and attend before Messrs. —, on the part of the Senate

* It is important that the titles of bills should be the same on the outside and inside of the bill, as the bill appears on the books of the Clerk by the indorsement, and is printed from the inside title and text.

† Section 17, Article IV., Constitution of Wisconsin, provides that legislation shall be by bill, and the enacting clause is necessary to the constitutionality of the law.

and Messrs. ———, on the part of the Assembly, a *joint* committee appointed under a resolution of the Senate and Assembly, to investigate ——— at the room of said committee ———, in the city of Madison, the capital of the State, on the ——— day of ———, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and ———, at the hour of ——— in the ——— noon, then and there, and from time to time, as required by said committee, to testify and give evidence upon the matters of inquiry before said committee.

"Hereof fail not, under penalty in such case made and provided.

"Given at the Assembly Chamber, in the city of Madison aforesaid, this ——— day of ———, A. D. 18—.

"Attest:

"———, *Chief Clerk of the ———.*"

"———, *Presiding Officer.*

In case of a refusal to appear, or a refusal to testify, the following form of certificate may be used:

"To Hon ———, (*Presiding Officer*).

"I, ———, chairman of the *joint* committee appointed to investigate ———, do hereby certify that ——— has been duly subpoenaed to appear before said committee, as will fully appear by the writ served, and affidavit of service accompanying same, on file with the Chief Clerk of the Assembly.

"I further certify that said ——— has failed to appear before said committee, according to the exigency or mandate of said writ or subpoena.

"Dated, Madison, ———, 18—, at — o'clock.

———."

Upon which a warrant in the following form may be used:

"*The State of Wisconsin to the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly:*"

"It appearing that a writ of subpoena, directed to ———, commanding him to personally appear and attend before Messrs. ———, on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. ———, on the part of the Assembly, a *joint* committee appointed under a resolution of the Senate and Assembly, to investigate ———, at the room of said committee, in the city of Madison, the capital of the State, the ——— day of ———, A. D. 18—, at the hour of ——— in the ——— noon, then and there, and from time to time, as required by said committee, to testify and give evidence upon the matter of inquiry before said committee has been issued, and that the said writ of subpoena was duly personally served upon the said ———, on the ——— day of ———, A. D. 18—, and returned as provided in section one of an act entitled 'an act concerning evidence and witnesses,' approved February 3, 1857; and it further appearing by the certificate of the chairman of the said joint committee, that the said ——— has failed or neglected to appear before the said committee in obedience to the mandate of the said subpoena; therefore, you are hereby commanded, in the name of the State of Wisconsin, to take the body of him, the said ———, and bring him before the ———, so that he may testify and give evidence before the said committee, and answer for his contempt of the Assembly in not obeying the mandate of subpoena. Hereof fail not.

"Given at the ——— Chamber in the city of Madison aforesaid, this ——— day of ———, A. D. 18—.

"*Chief Clerk of the ———.*"

"———, (*Presiding Officer*).

To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be:

"By virtue of the within process, I did, on the ——— day of ———, 18—, arrest the body of ———, and took him before the committee within named, and the said ——— having refused to answer interrogatories propounded by said committee, I have him, by direction of said committee, now before the Assembly.

"Assembly chamber, ———, 18—.

"*Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly.*"

A resolution declaring the defaulter to be in contempt, is the next proceeding.

The following form for such resolution was used at the session of 1858:

"*Resolved*, that the neglect or failure of ———, to appear before the joint investigating committee composed of Messrs. ———, of the Senate, and Messrs. ———, of the Assembly, in compliance with the mandate of the writ of subpoena of this Assembly, served upon him on the ——— instant, as fully appears by the said writ and the affidavit of the service thereof indorsed thereon, now on file with the Chief Clerk of this House, be and the said neglect and failure is hereby declared a contempt of this House."

This is followed by an interrogatory, as follows:

"*Int.* 1.—Why did you not appear before the *joint* investigating committee as required by the mandate of the subpoena served upon you the — inst?"

To which the defaulter pleads before judgment is inflicted.

Another form is as follows:

"*Resolved*, That the refusal of ——— to answer the questions put to him by a member of the *joint* investigating committee, on the — instant, and which questions were certified to the House by ———, Chairman of said committee; and are now in writing, on file with the Chief Clerk of the House, be, and the same is hereby declared a contempt of this House."

Followed by the corresponding interrogatory:

"Why did you not answer the question put or propounded to you on the — instant, by a member of the *joint* investigating committee, of which ——— is Chairman?"

In case the answer is satisfactory, the offender is discharged; if otherwise, he is punished by reprimand, fine or imprisonment, or both; but such imprisonment can not extend beyond the session of the Legislature.

The report of a committee on Investigation should consist of three parts:

1. The testimony taken.
2. A statement of the facts proven thereby, or conclusions derived therefrom.
3. Resolutions, or a bill providing for the action which the Committee deem proper to be taken in the premises.

Quorums.

To expel a member —

"Two thirds of all the members elected." Const., Art. IV., Sec. 8.

To do any business except to adjourn from day to day, and to compel the attendance of absent members—

"A majority." Const., Art. IV., Sec. 7.

To cause the ayes and nays on any question to be entered on the journal—

"One-sixth of those present." Const., Art. IV., Sec. 20.

To pass any bill which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews any appropriation of public trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand from the State —

"A majority of three-fifths." Const., Art. VIII., Sec. 8.

To adjourn from day to day —

"A smaller number" (than a majority). Const., Art. IV., Sec. 7.

To compel the attendance of absent members —

"A smaller number" (than a majority). Const., Art. IV., Sec. 7.

To agree to an amendment of the Constitution—

"A majority of the members elected." Const., Art. XII., Sec. 1.

To recommend a Constitutional Convention—

"A majority" (present). Const., Art. XII., Sec. 2.

To contract a public debt—

"A majority of all the members elected." Const., Art. VIII., Sec. 6.

To pass any bill, resolution or motion—

"A majority" of a quorum.

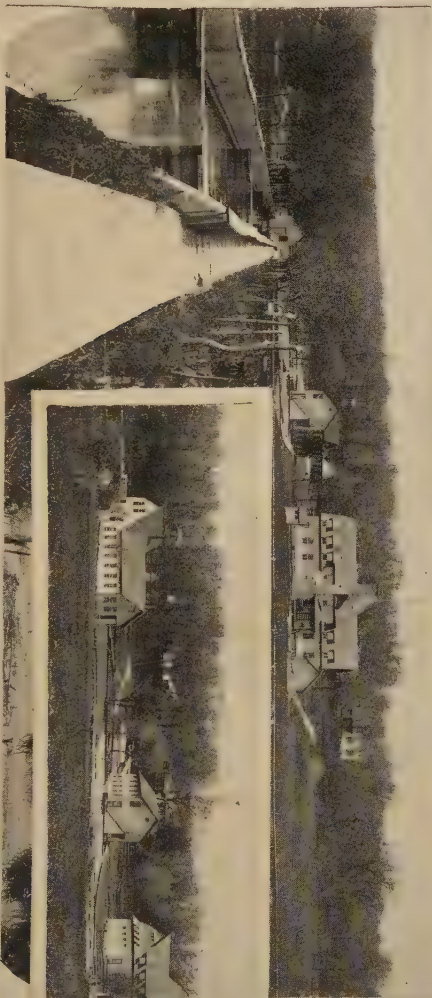
RULES OF THE LEGISLATURE.

It is much more material that there should be a rule to go by, than what that rule is; that there may be a uniformity of proceeding in business, not subject to the caprice of the speaker or captiousness of the members. It is very material that order, decency, and regularity be preserved in a dignified public body.—2 *Hats.*, 149.

MEETING, QUORUM, PRIVILEGES, ETC.

1.—The hour for the meeting of the two houses shall be at 10 o'clock A. M., unless a different hour shall be prescribed by resolution.

2.—Before proceeding to business, the roll of the members in each House shall be called, and the names of those present and those absent shall be entered on the journal. A majority of all the members elected must be present to constitute a quorum for the trans-



WISCONSIN FISH HATCHERY, FITCHBURG, NEAR MADISON.

action of business; a smaller number, however, can adjourn from time to time, and shall have power to compel the attendance of absent members.

3.—No member or officer of either House, unless from illness or other cause he shall be unable to attend, shall absent himself from the session during the entire day, without first having obtained leave of absence.

4.—Contestants for seats shall have the privilege of the House until their respective cases are disposed of; the privilege to extend only so far as access to the Chamber during the time occupied in settling the contest.

WHO MAY BE ADMITTED TO THE FLOOR.

5.—Persons of the following classes, and no others, shall be admitted to the floor of the two Houses during the session thereof, viz.: The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Members of the Legislature, State Officers, Regents of the University, Regents of the Normal Schools, Members of Congress, Judges of the Supreme Court and other Courts, Ex-Members of the Wisconsin Legislature, all editors of newspapers within the State, and reporters for the press, and such other persons as the presiding officer may invite.

6.—Whenever any disturbance or disorderly conduct shall occur in the lobby or gallery, the presiding officer shall have power to cause the same to be cleared of all persons except members and officers.

7.—No member or officer of either House shall read newspapers within the bar of the House, nor smoke therein while in session.

PRESIDING OFFICERS.

8.—The Lieutenant Governor of the State, who, by the 8th Section of the 5th Article of the Constitution, is constituted ex-officio president of the Senate, shall, when present, take the Chair at the hour fixed for the meeting of the Senate, when he shall call the Senators to order, who shall thereupon take their seats, and remain with their heads uncovered, while the senate remains in session.

9.—The Senate shall elect a President pro tempore, for the session, who shall possess all the powers and prerogatives of the President of the Senate in the absence of the President, and in the absence or inability of the President pro tem. to preside, the President shall have the right to name any Senator to perform the duties of the Chair temporarily and who shall be invested, during such time, with all the powers of the President, but no Senator shall be excused from voting on any question by reason of his occupying the Chair; nor shall such substitute's authority as presiding officer, except to the President pro tem., extend beyond a day's adjournment of the Senate.

10.—The Assembly shall elect, viva voce, one of its members as presiding officer, who shall be styled Speaker of the Assembly, and who shall hold his office during one session.

DUTIES OF PRESIDING OFFICERS.

11.—It shall be the general duty of the presiding officer:

To open the session, at the time to which adjournment is taken, by taking the chair and calling the members to order;

To announce the business before the House in the order in which it is to be acted upon;

To receive and submit, in the proper manner, all motions and propositions presented by the members;

To put to vote all questions which are regularly moved, or which necessarily arise in the course of proceedings, and to announce the result;

To restrain the members while engaged in debate, within the rules of order;

To enforce on all occasions the observance of order and decorum among the members;

To inform the House, when necessary, or when referred to for that purpose, in any point of order or practice;

To receive messages and other communications from other branches of the Government, and to announce them to the House;

To authenticate by his signature, when necessary, all the acts, orders and proceedings of the House over which he presides;

To name the members, when directed to do so in a particular case, or when it is a part of his general duty by these rules, who are to serve on committees, and in general—

To represent and stand for the body over which he presides, declaring its will, and in all things obeying its commands. Every officer of each House is subordinate to his presiding officer, and, in all that relates to the discharge of his several duties, is under his supervision.

12—The presiding officer shall preserve order and decorum; may speak to points of order in preference to others, rising from his seat for that purpose; and he shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal by any member, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once, unless by leave of the House. On appeal being taken, the question shall be: "Shall the decision of the chair stand as the judgment of the House?" which question and the action thereon, shall be entered on the journal.

13—The presiding officer may call a member to the chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.

14—In the absence of the presiding officer, in either House, one of the members shall be elected to preside temporarily, until the return of the regular presiding officer.

15—The Speaker of the Assembly shall vote on the call of yeas and nays, and his name shall be recorded with those of the other members.

16—The Lieutenant Governor shall not vote except in the case of a tie vote in the Senate, and he shall cast the deciding vote. See Section 8 of Article V., Constitution.

CLERKS AND THEIR DUTIES.

17—A Chief Clerk of the Senate and Assembly respectively, shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the body electing him. He shall keep a journal of the daily proceedings of the body, and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him. He shall superintend the recording of the journal of the proceedings; the engrossing and enrolling of bills, resolutions, etc.; shall permit no records or papers belonging to the Legislature to be taken out of his custody, otherwise than in the regular course of business; shall report any missing papers to the notice of the presiding officer, and generally shall perform, under direction of the presiding officer, all duties pertaining to his office as clerk, and shall be responsible for the official acts of his assistants. He shall appoint his assistants as provided by law.

18—The Chief Clerk and his engrossing clerk, in all proper cases, shall correct any mere clerical errors in any bill, memorial or resolution, such as errors in orthography; or the use of one word for another, as affect for "effect," previous for "previously," are for "is," and banks for "bank," and the like; and also all mistakes for numbering the sections and references thereto, whether such errors occur in the original bill, or are caused by amendment made thereto. It shall also be competent for the Chief Clerk at any time before the passage of any bill, to insert therein an "enacting clause," when such clause has been omitted. But no corrections, other than such as are authorized by this rule, shall be made at any time by the clerk or his assistants, unless upon the order of the House. On questions of orthography, Webster's Unabridged Dictionary shall be taken as a standard.

19—All acts, addresses and resolutions shall be signed by the presiding officer, and all writs, warrants and subpoenas issued by order of the House shall be under his hand, and attested by the clerk.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

20—A Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate and Assembly respectively, shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the body electing him. It shall be his duty to execute all orders of the House or its presiding officer, and to perform all the duties that may be assigned to him connected with the police and good order of the body, and to exercise a supervision over the ingress and egress of all persons to and from the chamber; to see that messages, etc., are promptly executed; that the hall is properly ventilated and is open for the use of the members from 8 A. M. until 11 P. M., and to perform all other services pertaining to the office of Sergeant-at-Arms.

COMMITTEES.

21—The following standing committees shall be elected by the Senate as near the commencement of the session as may be, unless otherwise directed, as follows:

A committee on Judiciary, to consist of seven members.

A committee on State Affairs, to consist of five members.

A committee on Finance, Banks and Insurance, to consist of five members.

A committee on Railroads, to consist of nine members.

A committee on Education, to consist of five members.

A committee on Manufactures, to consist of five members.

A committee on Assessment and Collection of Taxes, to consist of three members.

A committee on Corporations, to consist of five members.

A committee on Town and County Organization, to consist of three members.

A committee on Public Lands, to consist of three members.

A committee on Military Affairs, to consist of five members.

A committee on Public Health and Sanitation, to consist of three members.

A committee on Privileges and Elections, to consist of five members.

A committee on Legislative Expenditures, to consist of three members.

A committee on Federal Relations, to consist of three members.

A committee on Roads and Bridges, to consist of three members.

A committee on Agriculture, to consist of five members.

A committee on Engrossed Bills, three members.

A committee on Enrolled Bills, three members.

A committee on Bills on Their Third Reading, to consist of three members.

The following joint committees shall be constituted as follows:

On Claims—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.

On Charities and Penal Institutions—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.

On Printing—Two from the Senate and three from the Assembly.

On Fish and Game—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.

22. The standing committees of the Assembly shall be appointed by the Speaker as near the commencement of the session as possible, and shall be constituted as follows:

On Judiciary—Eleven members.

On State Affairs—Seven members.

On Cities—Nine members.

On Finance, Banks and Insurance—Seven members.

On Railroads—Eleven members.

On Education—Seven members.

On Manufactures—Seven members.

On Assessment and Collection of Taxes—Seven members.

On Corporations—Seven members.

On Town and County Organization—Five members.

On Public Lands—Five members.

On Military Affairs—Seven members.

On Public Health and Sanitation—five members.

On Privileges and Elections—Seven members.

On Legislative Expenditures—Five members.

On Federal Relations—Five members.

On Roads and Bridges—Five members.

On Agriculture—Seven members.

On Ways and Means—Five members.

On Lumber and Mining—Five members.

On Public Improvements—Five members.

On Dairy and Food—Seven members.

On Engrossed Bills—Five members.

On Enrolled Bills—Five members.

On Bills on Their Third Reading—Five members.

23.—Select or special committees may be provided for on motion or by resolution designating the number and object, and, unless otherwise ordered, shall be appointed, by the presiding officer.

24.—It shall be the duty of the committee on Bills on Their Third Reading to carefully examine every bill ordered to a third reading and correct any errors of orthography, grammatical construction of sentences, and any other errors in the bill, so that the real object of the bill may be clearly stated. They shall report in writing, and the amendments they propose shall be read to the House before being acted upon.

25.—A majority of any committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Sub-committees, who shall report to the regular committee, may be appointed to take charge of any part of the committee's business.

26.—All business referred to a committee shall be taken up and disposed of as soon as practicable, and reported to the House at as early a date as may be consistent with a careful consideration of the same.

27.—All reports shall be in the following form:

The committee on to whom (was or were) referred (insert here the number and title of the bill or bills, resolutions or memorials, reported by the committee), have had the same under consideration, and report the same back with the recommendation that it do (pass, be indefinitely postponed, referred to some other committee, etc.), or, if amended, with amendment or amendments, with the recommendation that the same do pass when so amended.

Signed.....Chairman.

28.—Members dissenting from a report of a committee shall be so reported when they request it.

29.—In case all the members of any committee required or entitled to report on any subject referred to them, cannot agree upon a report, the majority and minority of such committee may each make a separate report; and any member dissenting in whole or in part from the reasonings and conclusions of both majority and minority, may also present a statement for his reasons and conclusions; and all reports, if decorous in language and respectful to the House, shall be entered at length on the Journal.

30.—In all cases where there shall be both majority and minority reports submitted to the House, the bill, resolution, memorial, or other matter reported upon, shall lie upon the table until the reports thereon, shall have been printed in the Journal and laid upon the desks of the members.

31.—Every committee, in reporting upon any bill or memorial, shall recite at length in their report, the title of such bill or memorial, as well as the number thereof.

32.—No committee shall absent themselves by reason of their appointment, during the sitting of the House, without special leave, except a committee of conference.

33.—All bills, resolutions, memorials, or other business, referred to a committee and reported by them to the House, shall be placed upon the calendar for the succeeding day under the order of business, "Bills ready for engrossment and third reading." Provided that during the consideration of bills under this order, one-sixth of the members present may move that any bill in said order of business shall be considered in committee of the whole, and at the close of said order of business, unless otherwise ordered, the house shall resolve itself into a committee of the whole for the consideration of the bill or bills ordered to be so considered. The rules of the legislature shall govern, as far practicable, the proceedings in the committee of the whole, except that a member may speak more than twice on the same subject, and that a call for the yeas and nays, or for a previous question, cannot be made in the committee.

34.—All bills ordered to be engrossed and read the third time, shall be carefully copied under direction of the engrossing clerk, together with all amendments adopted to the original bill, and, by the engrossing clerk, delivered to the committee on engrossed bills, whose duty it shall be to carefully compare the engrossed bill and the original bill, and if correctly engrossed, to report the same to the House.

35.—Whenever a bill which is fairly written, without interlineation or erasure, is ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, without amendment, the committee on engrossed bills may report the same back to the House as the engrossed bill.

36.—It shall be in order for the committee on Enrolled Bills to report at any time, except when a vote is being taken or a call of the House is being had.

37.—No standing or select committee, or any member thereof, shall report any substitute or amendment for any bill or bills, or resolutions, referred to such committee, which substitute or amendment relates to a different subject, or is intended to accomplish a different purpose than that of the bill or resolution for which it is reported, or, if adopted and passed, would require a title essentially different from the original title of the bill or resolution. Any substitute bill or resolution so reported shall be rejected whenever the House is advised that the same is in violation of this rule. And this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the House, and shall apply to bills or resolutions originating in either House, whether under consideration of the House in which they originated or not.

38.—No motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment; and no bill or resolution shall at any time be amended by annexing thereto, or incorporating therein, any other bill or resolution pending before the House.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

39.—The order of business in both Houses shall be as follows:

1. Call of the roll.
2. Correction of the journal.
3. Communication to the Legislature.
4. Resolutions may be offered.
5. Introduction and reference of bills.
6. Reports of standing committees.
7. Reports of select committees.
8. Executive communications.
9. Communications from either House and action thereon.
10. Resolutions may be considered.
11. Bills ready for a third reading.
12. Bills to be ordered to a third reading.
13. Bills ready for engrossment.

PETITIONS, MEMORIALS, ETC.

40.—Petitions, memorials, communications, and other papers, addressed to either House, shall be presented by a member thereof in his place; a brief statement of the contents thereof shall be endorsed thereon, together with his name, by the member introducing the same.

41.—Resolutions may be offered by any member who shall endorse his name on the same. It shall then be sent to the Clerk's desk, and there read by the Clerk, and when so read shall be considered to be before the House; but it shall not be acted on the same day of which it is offered without leave.

42.—All bills and resolutions offered by any member or committee shall be endorsed by the member or committee offering the same.

43.—Every bill shall receive three several readings by title except where otherwise provided, previous to its passage, but no bill shall receive its second and third readings on the same day. The first reading of the bill shall be for information, and if objection be made to it, the question shall be, "Shall the bill be rejected?" If no objection be made, or the question to reject lost, the bill shall go to its second reading without further question.

On the second reading, every bill or memorial requiring three readings shall be referred to the appropriate standing committee, which shall be announced by the presiding officer, unless the House, on motion, make a different order in relation thereto; and this rule shall apply as well to bills, resolutions and memorials originating in either House.

44.—All joint resolutions and all memorials, which will require the signature of the Governor, shall take the same course as to their reading and reference as bills.

45.—Three hundred copies of the Assembly Journal, and every Assembly bill, and two hundred and fifty copies of the Senate Journal, and every Senate bill, shall be printed after the second reading, unless otherwise ordered. And all bills, resolutions and memorials, that shall be printed, shall remain at least one day on the files, after being printed, before being considered. If the rules be suspended for the consideration of any bill, resolution, or memorial, before such bill, resolution or memorial has been printed, the same shall be read at length at least once before its final passage, and this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the House.

46.—The third reading of all bills appropriating money shall be at length, and the suspension of this rule shall not be made without the unanimous consent of the House.

47.—The yeas and nays shall be called upon the passage of every bill appropriating money; a majority of three-fifths of each House being necessary to pass any bill which imposes, continues, or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews any appropriation of public trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand in favor of the State.

HOW BUSINESS IS CONDUCTED.

48.—When a member is about to speak in debate or deliver any matter to the House he shall rise in his place and respectfully address the chair, and upon being recognized, shall proceed, confining himself to the question under debate, avoiding personality.

49.—When any two or more members shall rise at the same time, the presiding officer shall name the person who is first to speak.

50.—When a member is called to order he shall sit down, and shall not speak, except in explanation, until it shall have been determined whether or not he is in order; and if a member be called to order for words spoken, the exceptional words shall be taken down in writing, that the presiding officer may be better able to judge as to whether they are in violation of the rules.

51.—No member shall speak except in his place, and not more than twice on a question, except on leave of the House. And if a question pending be lost by adjournment and revived on the succeeding day, no member who shall have spoken twice on the preceding day shall be permitted again to speak without leave of the House.

52.—While the presiding officer is addressing the House, or submitting a question, no member shall cross the floor, or leave the House; nor while a member is speaking, walk between him and the chair.

53.—When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received except:

1. To adjourn;
2. To lay on the table;
3. For the previous question,
4. To postpone to a day certain;
5. To commit to a standing committee;
6. To commit to a select committee;
7. To amend;
8. To postpone indefinitely.

These several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged in this rule.

54.—A motion to lay on the table shall only have the effect of disposing of the matter temporarily and may be taken from the table at any time by order of the House.

55.—A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall be considered equivalent to a motion to indefinitely postpone.

56.—A motion to adjourn, to take a recess, to lay on the table, and a call for the previous question shall be decided without debate. And all incidental questions of order, arising after a motion is made for either of the questions named in this rule, and pending such motion, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

57.—A motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to postpone indefinitely, being decided shall not be again allowed on the same day, and at the same stage of a bill or proposition.

58.—When a motion is made, it shall be stated by the presiding officer, or read by the clerk, previous to debate. If any member require it, all motions, except to adjourn, postpone, or commit, shall be reduced to writing. Any motion may be withdrawn by consent of the House before division or amendment.

59.—All questions shall be put in this form: "Those who are of the opinion that the bill pass, be concurred in, etc. (as the case may be) say, aye. Those of contrary opinion, say, no;" and in doubtful cases any member may call for a division.

60.—The yeas and nays shall be ordered whenever mandated by one-sixth of the members present. In recording the votes taken by yeas and nays, the clerk shall report those absent or not voting.

61.—Every member present when a question is put, or when his name is called, shall vote, unless the House shall, for a special cause, excuse him, but it shall not be in order for a member to be excused after the House has commenced voting.

62.—Any member may call for a division of a question, which shall be divided if it comprehend propositions in substance so distinct, that one being taken away, a substantive proposition shall remain for the decision of the House. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible, but a motion to strike out being lost, shall preclude neither amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.

63.—In filling blanks the largest sum and the longest time shall be first submitted.

64.—In all cases when the Assembly is equally divided the question shall be lost.

65.—When a motion or question shall have been once determined, either in the affirmative or negative, it shall always be in order for any member of the majority, or when the house is equally divided, for any member who voted in the negative to move for a reconsideration thereof, on the same or succeeding day. A motion to reconsider being put and lost shall not be renewed. A motion to reconsider may be made within

the time specified, and consideration of the same be postponed to some future time, by order of the House.

66.—No member or other person shall visit or remain by the Clerk's table while the yeas and nays are being called.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

67.—Five Senators, or fifteen members of the Assembly, may make a call of the House and require absent members to be sent for, but a call of the House cannot be made after the voting has commenced.

68.—On a call of the House being moved, the presiding officer shall say: "It requiring (if the call be moved in the Senate, five Senators, or if in the Assembly, fifteen members) to make a call of the House, those in favor of the call will rise." And if a sufficient number shall rise, the call shall be thereby ordered.

69.—A call of the House being ordered, the Sergeant-at-Arms shall close the doors, and no member shall be allowed to leave the room.

70.—The clerk shall immediately call the roll of members, and note the absentees whose names shall be read and entered upon the Journal in such manner as to show who are absent with leave, and who are absent without leave. The Clerk shall furnish the Sergeant-at-Arms with a list of those who are absent without leave, and the Sergeant-at-Arms shall forthwith proceed to find and bring in such absentees.

71.—While the House is under a call, no business shall be transacted, except to receive and act on the report of the Sergeant-at-Arms; and no other motion shall be in order, except a motion to adjourn, and a motion to suspend further proceedings under the call, which motions shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the motion to suspend further proceedings under the call shall not be adopted unless a majority of all the members elect vote in favor thereof. A majority of those present may adjourn, but upon re-convening, the House shall not be considered to be under the call, but a call of the House may be again ordered in the same manner as above described.

72.—When the Sergeant-at-Arms shall make a report showing that all who were absent without leave (naming them) are present, such report shall be entered on the Journal, and the call shall be at an end; and thereupon the doors shall be open and the business pending when the call was made shall be proceeded with.

73.—The Sergeant-at-Arms may make a report of his proceedings at any time, which report may be accepted, and further proceedings under the call thereby dispensed with; but the motion to accept such report shall be determined by yeas and nays, and it shall not be adopted unless a majority of all the members elect of the House shall vote in favor thereof. If such report be not accepted, the Sergeant-at-Arms shall proceed to a completion of his duties as required by rule number 69.

PREVIOUS QUESTION.

74.—When any bill, memorial or resolution is under consideration, any member being in order and having the floor, may move the "previous question," but such motion must be seconded by at least five Senators or fifteen members of the Assembly.

75.—The previous question being moved, the presiding officer shall say: "It requiring (five Senators or fifteen members of the Assembly, as the case may be) to second the motion for the previous question, those in favor of sustaining the motion will rise?" And if a sufficient number rise, the previous question shall be thereby seconded, and the question shall then be: "Shall the main question be now put?" which question shall be determined by the yeas and nays. The main question being ordered to be now put, its effect shall be to put an end to all debate, and bring the House to a direct vote upon the pending amendments, if there be any, and then upon the main question.

76.—When on taking the previous question, the House shall decide that the main question shall not now be put, the main question shall remain as the question before the House, in the same stage of proceedings as before the previous question was moved.

77.—On motion for the previous question, and prior to the ordering of the main question, one call of the House shall be in order; but after proceedings under such call shall have been once dispensed with, or after a majority shall have ordered the main question, no call shall be in order prior to the decision of such question.

AMENDMENTS.

78.—Amendments may be offered to any bill, resolution or memorial, and acted upon before they are ordered engrossed for third reading; but no amendment shall be considered after a bill has been ordered engrossed, except by unanimous consent of the members present.

Amendments reported by committees shall be acted upon by the House in the same manner as though offered from the floor. On an amendment being moved, a member who has spoken to the main question may speak again to the amendment.

79.—No amendment shall be considered in order that will totally alter the nature of the original bill, resolution or memorial; and the presiding officer shall rule as to the admissibility of amendments where the question is raised as to whether or not they do materially alter the nature of the original proposition.

80.—Amendments proposed by a committee, or by a member of either House, shall be reduced to writing and state clearly and definitely the object which they seek to accomplish. They shall be read by the Clerk, and stated by the presiding officer to the House before being acted upon.

81.—A bill, resolution or memorial may be re-committed at any time previous to its passage. If any amendment be reported by the committee to which the bill was re-committed, the question shall be upon the amendment, or amendment to amendment, if any be offered from the floor; and if adopted, the question for its engrossment and third reading shall then be put.

82.—Every bill, resolution or memorial, ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, shall be re-written in a plain hand, with all amendments agreed to, adopted and incorporated in the bill before being read a third time, except such bills as are fairly written, without interlineation or erasure. Upon the third reading of the bill, the question shall be stated thus: "This bill having been read three several times, the question is 'Shall the bill pass?' or "be concurred in", as the case may be.

83.—Each bill which passes its third reading shall be certified by the clerk of the House passing it, and by him transmitted to the other House. The day of transmission shall be entered on the bill books of the Clerk.

84.—A motion to adjourn shall always be in order except when the House is voting; but this rule shall not authorize any member to move an adjournment when another member has the floor. Any motion or resolution relating to the organization of either House, or to any of its officers, members or committees, shall be privileged and need not lie over for consideration.

85.—No standing rule or order shall be rescinded or changed without one day's notice being given for the motion therefor, which motion shall embrace the proposed amendment. These rules shall not be rescinded or changed except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present. Unless there be unanimous consent for the suspension of the same the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays.

86.—Whenever by joint resolution of the two Houses, any bill or resolution shall have been recalled from the Governor for further consideration, said bill or resolution shall be deemed to be before the House for its action thereon, and may be reconsidered or otherwise acted upon; provided such bill or resolution shall have been actually returned to and be before the House when such action shall be taken.

87.—The Chief Clerk of the Senate and Assembly respectively, and Sergeant-at-Arms of each House, shall certify to the Secretary of State the names of all persons employed in their respective departments, the capacity in which they are employed, and the amount respectively due them, which certificate shall be approved by the presiding officer of the House in which they are employed.

88.—After a bill has passed both Houses, it shall be duly enrolled by, or under the direction of, the Chief Clerk for the House in which the same originated before it shall be presented to the Governor for his approval. When a bill is duly enrolled, it shall be carefully compared by the comparing clerks, after which it shall be delivered by the enrolling clerk to the Chairman of the Committee on Enrolled Bills, which committee shall carefully compare the enrolled bill with the engrossed bill as passed in the two Houses; said committee shall cause the enrolling clerk to correct any error that may be discovered in the enrolled bill, and when perfect, shall make their report forthwith to the House.

SIGNING OF BILLS.

89.—When a bill shall have been duly reported as correctly enrolled, it shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk of the House in which it originated to present the bill, first to the presiding officer of the House in which it originated, and next, to the presiding officer of the other House, for their signatures, which duty shall be performed at as early an hour as possible.

90.—After a bill shall have been signed by the respective presiding officers of the two Houses, it shall be presented by the Chief Clerk of the House in which it originated, to the Governor, in the Executive Chamber, for his approval; it first being indorsed on the back of the bill, certifying in which House the same originated, which certificate shall be signed by the Chief Clerk of such House. In case the bill was passed by the ayes and nays being taken thereon, the number of affirmative and negative votes in each House shall be indorsed on the back of the bill.

COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

91.—In all cases of disagreement between the Senate and Assembly on amendments, adopted by either House, to a bill, memorial or resolution, passed by the other House, a committee of conference consisting of three members from each House may be requested by either House, and the other House shall appoint a similar committee. The usual manner of procedure is as follows: The Senate, for instance, passes a bill and it is duly messaged to the Assembly, which body adopts an amendment to the bill and concurs in it as amended, returning the same, with record of the action of the Assembly, to the Senate; the Senate refuses to concur in the Assembly amendment and so notifies the Assembly; the Assembly adheres to its amendment and asks for a committee of conference, and appoints such committee on the part of the Assembly, and this action is reported to the Senate, whereupon, a like committee is appointed by the Senate. The joint committee shall, at a convenient hour agreed upon, meet and state to each other, verbally or in writing, the reason of their respective Houses for, or against the disagreement, and confer thereon, and shall report to their respective Houses such agreement as they may arrive at, if any, and if not the fact of a disagreement. The House having possession of the bill at the time the conference report is made, shall first act upon such report, if an agreement is reported, and duly message the same to the other House, together with the bill, which, if the conference report be concurred in and the bill concurred in as amended, shall be the bill that is finally passed.

92.—All bills, resolutions and memorials, which are to be presented to the Governor for his approval, shall also in the same manner be previously examined, enrolled and signed.

MISCELLANEOUS.

93.—These rules may be suspended by either House by vote of two-thirds of the members present thereof; the vote shall be determined by yeas and nays unless unanimous consent be given.

94.—Members may pair on any question pending in either House by filing a statement of the same with the Chief Clerk, who shall read the same to the House before the vote is taken.

95.—The title to all bills appropriating money shall state that fact in addition to the general purpose of the bill.

A BOOK FOR ENROLLED BILLS TO BE KEPT BY EACH HOUSE.

96.—It shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk of each House to keep a Senate and Assembly book of enrolled bills in which shall be accurately minuted the exact time at which each bill or resolution (indicating it by its number) was presented to the presiding officer of each House for signature, and to the Governor for his approval. Such book shall always be open for inspection, and shall be deposited with the Secretary of State, to be preserved by him, at the close of the session. The books shall be substantially in the following form:

SENATE BILLS PRESENTED FOR SIGNATURE AND APPROVAL.

NO. OF BILL.	PRESENTED TO PRESIDENT.		PRESENTED TO SPEAKER.		PRESENTED TO GOVERNOR.	
	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.
No. 1, S.*	Feb. 14.	9 A. M.	Feb. 15.	10 A. M.	Feb. 15.	2 P. M.

And a like book for bills originating in the Assembly shall be kept by the Chief Clerk thereof.

Of Claims.

ACCOUNTS TO BE VERIFIED.

97.—No account presented shall be acted upon, unless verified by affidavit of the person in whose favor the same may be.

ALL PAPERS CLAIMING MONEY TO BE PRESERVED.

98.—All petitions, claims, bills, accounts, or demands asking for an appropriation of money, shall be preserved by the committee to whom the same may be referred; and such committee shall indorse on every such petition, claim, bill, account or demand, whether they report in favor of allowing or disallowing the same and if in favor of allowing a part thereof, only, then the sum so reported. After such committee shall have reported upon the same, such petition, claim, bill, account or demand, and every one of them shall be delivered to the Chief Clerk of the House to which the same was first presented, to be filed with such clerk, and delivered, at the close of the session, to the Secretary of State.

CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES.

99.—In Joint Committees, standing or select, the chairman of the Senate Committee shall be chairman of the Joint Committee.

JOINT CONVENTION.

100.—Whenever there shall be a Joint Convention of the two Houses, the proceedings shall be entered at length upon the Journal of each House. The Lieutenant Governor or President of the Senate shall preside over such Joint Convention, and the Chief Clerk of the Assembly shall act as Clerk thereof, assisted by the Chief Clerk of the Senate; *provided*, that the Lieutenant Governor shall not act in said convention except as the presiding officer, and in no case shall have the right to give the casting vote.

101—The rules of parliamentary practice, comprised in Jefferson's Manual, shall be the standard in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not in consistent with these rules.

ADJOURNMENT.

102.—Neither House shall adjourn during any session thereof, without the consent of the other, for a longer period than three days.

ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATORS.

Chapter VIII, R. S. 1873.

SECTION 90. Senators in Congress shall hereafter be elected as provided by the statutes of the United States. The meeting of the Senate and Assembly in joint convention shall be held in the hall of the Assembly. Each member shall vote *viva voce* upon a call of the roll, and such votes shall be entered upon the journal of the convention. The President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly shall cause a statement in duplicate of the result of such election to be made under their hands, certifying who has been chosen such Senator; one of which statements they shall deliver to the Governor, to be filed and recorded in the executive office, and the other they shall deliver to the Secretary of State, who shall file and record the same in his office. In case the President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly, or either of them, shall neglect or refuse to execute and deliver such statement, the Chief Clerk of the Senate or of the Assembly, respectively, shall make and deliver, as aforesaid, such statement in duplicate, setting forth the whole number of votes given on the final ballot and the number thereof received by each person then voted for.

SECTION 91. Immediately thereafter, the Governor shall certify the election of such Senator under the Great Seal to the President of the Senate of the United States, and the Secretary of State shall countersign such certificate.

STATUTES OF THE UNITED STATES RELATIVE TO ELECTION OF SENATORS.

(Title II, Chapter 1, Rev. Stat. U.S.)

SECTION 14. The Legislature of each State which is chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any Senator was elected to represent such State in Congress shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof, proceed to elect a Senator in Congress.

SECTION 15. Such election shall be conducted in the following manner: Each House shall openly, by a *viva voce* vote of each member present, name one person for Senator in Congress from such State, and the name of the person so voted for, who receives a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each House, shall be entered on the journal of that House by the Clerk or Secretary thereof; or if either House fails to give such majority to any person on that day, the fact shall be entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock meridian of the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place as aforesaid, the members of the two Houses shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each House shall then be read, and if the same person has received a majority of all the votes in each House, he shall be declared duly elected Senator. But if the same person has not received a majority of the votes in each House, or if either House has failed to take proceedings as required by this section, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a *viva voce* vote of each member present, a person for Senator; and the person who receives a majority of all the votes of the joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both Houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected. If no person receives such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock meridian of each succeeding day during the session of the Legislature, and shall take at least one vote until a Senator is elected.

SECTION 16. Whenever, on the meeting of the Legislature of any State, a vacancy exists in the representation of such State in the Senate, the Legislature shall proceed on the second Tuesday after meeting and organization, to elect a person to fill such vacancy, in the manner prescribed in the preceding section for the election of a Senator for a full term.

SECTION 17. Whenever, during the session of the Legislature of any State, a vacancy occurs in the representation of such State in the Senate, similar proceedings to fill such vacancy shall be had on the second Tuesday after the Legislature is organized and has had notice of such vacancy.

SECTION 18. It shall be the duty of the Executive of the State from which any Senator has been chosen, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the President of the Senate of the United States.

SECTION 19. The certificate mentioned in the preceding section shall be countersigned by the Secretary of State of the state.

PART II.

HISTORICAL.

AN OUTLINE HISTORY OF WISCONSIN.

Early Explorations.—1634.—Jean Nicôlet, a French explorer, was sent by Samuel de Champlain, governor of New France, at Quebec, to explore the northwest. He came by way of Lake Michigan and landed on Wisconsin soil just below the mouth of Fox river. Clothed in silken robes he advanced into a village of the Winnebagoes, discharging pistols held in each hand. He was received with welcome. A great feast was then held, 120 beavers being eaten. He then proceeded up the Fox river to near the present site of Berlin, where was a palisaded village of the Mascoutins.

1659. Sieur Radisson and Sieur Groseilliers followed in the wake of Nicolet, and wintered among the Pottawatomies in the Green Bay region, and in the spring of 1659 went up the Fox river, made portage and entered the Wisconsin, spending four months on the trip. The narrative of Radisson indicates that they proceeded as far as the mouth of the Wisconsin and saw the Mississippi.

1661.—The same adventurers, Radisson and Groseilliers, with six other fur traders and a band of Huron Indians, skirted the south shore of Lake Superior in their canoes, passed the Pictured Rocks, learned of the great mines of copper, and entered Chequamegon Bay, late in autumn. Near the present site of Ashland they built a "fort" close to the water's edge. Hiding their stores in a *cache*, they visited the Huron village on the headwaters of the Chippewa river, and wandered as far west as the Mille Lac region in Minnesota, wintering among the Indians.

1662.—The same party returned to Chequamegon Bay and built a fort on Oak Point, eastward of Ashland. They returned to Three Rivers in Canada the same year.

Meanwhile Pere Menard, a Jesuit missionary, who had been left at Keweenaw Bay by Radisson's party while on their way westward, set out to visit the Huron villages on the Chippewa and Black rivers. Suffering intensely from mosquitoes, hunger and the insolence and cruelty of the Indian guides, they reached the Black river. While portaging one of its rapids, Menard lost the blind trail, and was never seen again. He was killed by lurking savages or died from exposure. His kettle, breviary and cassock are said to have been afterwards seen in the possession of the Indians.

1665.—Claude Allouez, an eminent pioneer missionary, was sent by his superior to open a mission on Lake Superior. He came from Canada, by way of the lakes, into Chequamegon Bay and chose for the site of the mission a point on the southeast shore, between the sites now occupied by Washburn and Ashland, which he named "La Point du Saint Esprit." Remaining here four years, he was relieved by a younger zealot, Pere Marquette.

1669.—Pere Allouez was invited by the Pottawatomies to Green Bay.

1670.—The Sieur Saint Lussan, piloted by a hardy adventurer, Nicholas Perrot, came to Sault Ste. Marie and there in the presence of Allouez and other Jesuits and the man Perrot acting as interpreter took possession of the northwest in the name of the French king. Among the party was Louis Joliet.

1671.—Father Allouez founded a mission on the south side of Fox river, six miles from its mouth, naming it the mission of St. Francis Xavier, on the site of the present city of Deperé (so called from *mission des peres*, the mission of the fathers).

1672.—Father Allouez established the mission of Saint Marks on the Wolf river, near Lake Shawano. He made a voyage to the Fox river, visiting the Foxes and Mascoutins, two Indian tribes above Lake Winnebago. Here he established the mission of St. James the following year.

1673.—Louis Joliet and Pere Marquette set out in May, from St. Ignace mission, at the straits of Mackinaw, in canoes paddled by voyageurs or boatmen, and reached the Mascoutin village on the Upper Fox, June 7th, pushed up through its reeds, made the portage at the present site of Portage City, into the Wisconsin river, which they descended to its mouth, arriving there June 17th. They descended the Great river as far as the mouth of the Arkansas. The narratives of this voyage and journey by Marquette have made the names of Joliet and Marquette immortal.

1674.—Joliet and Marquette, returning from their canoe voyage, came up the Mississippi and Illinois rivers, made portage to Chicago, thence paddled down the shores of Lake Michigan, and in September were again at the St. Francis Xavier's mission. In October, 1674, Marquette started with two assistants to establish a mission at Kaskaskia, among the Illinois Indians. Paddling by way of Green Bay, they came to Sturgeon's Bay; thence he made the portage eastward across the peninsula, where the Sturgeon Bay ship canal now is, paddled up the lake to the mouth of the Chicago river, where they wintered on a sand dune near the shore, in much discomfort. In the spring they proceeded to the Illinois river and Kaskaskia. But a mortal sickness was on the intrepid Marquette; and he turned back to Mackinaw, to die among his brethren. He died on the journey, May 19th, of a dysentery brought on by the hardships and privations he had suffered. He was buried at the mouth of a little stream on the Michigan side of the lake, some little distance south of the high point called the Sleeping Bear.

1679.—The great explorer, La Salle, appeared upon the scene, arriving at Green Bay early in September, in a schooner built at Niagara river above the falls, called the "Griffin," a rude figure of which monster graced the prow. Sending her back laden with furs, to satisfy his creditors at Quebec, he started with a party of fourteen men in canoes laden with forges, merchandise and arms, up the west shore of the lake. The voyage was one of great peril, as the lake was swept by gales. They were nearly swamped in landing. Touching at one of these landings and camps, at or near the present site of Milwaukee, in the bay of Milwaukee river (which the relation called the "Millioke"), they were visited by a band of Fox or Outagamie Indians who stole several articles from their camp. La Salle intrepidly went out, captured a young Indian and brought him into camp to hold as a hostage, and prepared to fight the Indians, six score strong. He then held a parley, induced them to restore the stolen property or make recompense. He then moved on up the lake coast.

The same year a daring chief of the *coureur du bois*, Daniel Graysolon du Lhut (Duluth), explored the Upper Mississippi, taking special note of the Wisconsin and Black rivers. Visiting the Mille Lac Sioux, his party went with their band on a great buffalo hunt, below the St. Croix river on the Wisconsin side.

1680.—Hennepin, with two companions, Accau and DuGay, set out, under orders of LaSalle, to explore the Upper Mississippi. Leaving the mouth of the Illinois river, March 12th, he passed the mouth of the Wisconsin, and the site of Prairie du Chien. Below Lake Pepin the party were taken prisoners by the Sioux, and carried to the present site of St. Paul, thence to Mille Lacs. Kept here for two months, they were started with a party on a buffalo hunt. At the mouth of Rum river, Hennepin and DuGay were set at liberty, given a gun, knife, an earthen pot and a small canoe. They began their journey, descended the river into the Mississippi, passed the great falls, which Hennepin named the St. Anthony. Nearing the mouth of the Chippewa river, being driven by starvation, they ascended that river and joined a party of Sioux hunters, by whom they were roughly treated, but permitted to live.

Du Lhut voyaged from Lake Superior to the Mississippi with a small party. He canoed up the Bois Brule, now a famous trout stream, midway between Bayfield and Superior, crossed over from its upper waters to the head waters of the Saint Croix, and descended that river into the Mississippi. He there heard of some white men with the Sioux, and pushing on found Hennepin and DuGay, with the Indian hunting party near the mouth of the Chippewa river. Rescuing the good Hennepin and his companion, the two parties returned to the Mille Lacs. That year, in his voyage up the river, Father Hennepin was the first white man to visit the fine prairie on this river, now Prairie du Chien. In autumn, Du Lhut and Hennepin drifted down to the mouth of the Wisconsin river, thence up that stream, they portaged across to the Fox, down which they paddled, and thence to Mackinaw. Du Lhut made several voyages of this kind later.

1683.—La Sueur passed the Fox and Wisconsin route, thence ascended the Mississippi to the Falls of St. Anthony.

1685.—Nicholas Perrot, a daring chief of the *coureur du bois*, whose previous explorations are above narrated, was appointed the "commandant of the west," with an "army" of twenty men. He came to Green Bay, and there met Indians from the west who told him of white men far to the southwest who lived in houses that "walked on the water," probably Spaniards. Perrot, anxious for further discoveries, passed over the Fox-Wisconsin route. He wintered on the east bank of the Mississippi, about a mile above the now village of Trempealeau. Afterwards he established several trading posts on the river, among them Fort St. Nicholas, the site of Prairie du Chien, and worked lead mines in Wisconsin opposite Dubuque.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, PLATTEVILLE.



1689.—Perrot took possession of the St. Croix, St. Peter, and Upper Mississippi in the name of the French king.

1693.—Pierre La Sueur was sent by the authorities of New France, at Quebec, to restore the French prestige in the west, which had been much weakened by the intrigues of the Dutch-English traders from Albany on the Hudson. He built a stockaded fort at La Point, on the Chequamegon Bay, another at Red Wing, Minnesota, which became the center of western commerce. He was governor for several years. He also worked the Perrot lead mines.

1699.—Returning from France, which he had visited, Perrot brought with him thirty experienced miners, and on his voyage up the Mississippi found lead mines on or near the sites of Dubuque and Galena, and at the "Smoke Diggings," near Potosi, Wisconsin.

1699.—In October, Pere St. Cosmes, a missionary from Quebec, found the Fox Indians opposed to his passing up the Fox river route to the Mississippi, and went south up the west shore of the lake. He stopped, as is supposed, at the present site of Sheboygan, where another missionary, Father Marest had wintered and planted a cross.

1700.—Father St. Cosmes visited Milwaukee Bay, finding there many Mascoutins, Foxes, Pottawattomies, etc. He calls the Milwaukee river the "Milwarick." Lead mines discovered in southwest Wisconsin by La Sueur.

Wars With the Fox or Outagamie Indians. 1706-1734.—The Fox Indians having grown quite insolent and obstructive of the passage of the great water-way from the Green Bay to the Mississippi, demanded tribute of all traders and voyagers. It is related, though on questionable authority, that Perriere Marin, a bold French captain, was sent to punish them. At the head of a large party of soldiers, half-breeds and *coureur du bois*, he ascended the frozen surface of the Fox river, surprised the enemy at Winnebago Rapids and slew many hundreds of them, where Neenah now stands.

1711.—The Illinois country and all Wisconsin placed in command of Governor-general D'Ar-laguette, with headquarters at the site of Mobile (Ala.).

1712.—The Fox or Outagamies made a desperate attempt to destroy Detroit, but were thwarted and themselves severely punished. Full of hate they robbed and butchered all travelers. De Louvigny, the King's lieutenant at Quebec, was sent at the head of 800 men to destroy them.

1716.—Leaving Quebec, March 14, 1716, he appeared before the Indian village, at the Little Butte des Mortes, 37 miles above Green Bay, surrounded their fort, which was heavily palisaded, laid siege to it and approached it by trenches. He set about mining and blowing up the work when the Indians sued for peace. It was granted upon severe conditions which the Indians promised to faithfully perform. But they were faithless, savage, untamable, and persistent in their ferocity.

1718.—Frenchmen known to be at Green Bay.

1719.—Francis Renault, with 200 miners, explores Upper Mississippi.

1718-1721.—Fort St. Frances erected at Green Bay. Father Charlevoi, the historian, visits Green Bay.

1726.—The Cardinells settle temporarily at Prairie du Chien. The French make a treaty with the Foxes, Sacs and Winnebagoes, to open the Fox-Wisconsin water-way.

1727.—A French trading fort, called Fort Beauharnais, established at Lake Pepin, with Sieur de La Perriere in command.

1728.—Sieur Marchand de Lignery was sent against them with 400 Frenchmen, and reached the fort at the mouth of the Fox river, August 17th. Informed of the approach of this party the Indians fled, destroying their villages, corn, and other growing crops. He returned, much chagrined and censured for the failure of the expedition, destroying Fort St. Francis at Green Bay.

1729.—A party of over 200 Indians fell by surprise upon a large band of Foxes, killed 77 men and some 300 women and children.

1730.—Sieur Perriere Marin was, according to some accounts, the next leader to punish the Foxes. He had a trading post on the Wisconsin near what is now Wyalusing, Grant county, and carried on an extensive trade. He resolved to punish the Foxes, who were still insolent. Raising a force of volunteers at Mackinaw and some friendly Indians at Green Bay, he advanced up the river. At Grand Chute he divided the party, sending one band around to attack the village in the rear. The rest continued up stream in boats, the men concealed under large oil-cloth tarpaulins such as traders used to cover their goods, each boat exposing only two oarsmen. Some 1,500 Foxes awaited their coming, eager to plunder the party. At a signal the coverings were thrown off, a volley poured into the crowd of Indians, and the carnage increased by a swivel gun in one of the boats,

loaded with canister. Tradition tells that over 1,000 Foxes were slain. Fleeing to their villages they found their dwellings in flames, which had been set by the flanking party. They ran to the forest, and there were beset by the other portion of Marin's command. They fought with the frenzy of despair; but only a remnant was left of the tribe. The survivors fled and located at a place where Wauzeka now stands on the lower Wisconsin. Later in the year De Villiers punishes the same tribe. Not long afterwards (1746) Marin fell upon them again, killed and captured them in that village, compelling the survivors to go beyond the Mississippi. A few years later, the Sacs, who were living in villages near the present site of Green Bay, committed some outrages, and Charles de Langlade, afterwards the first white settler in Wisconsin, led a party of soldiers and habitants from Green Bay, attacked the Sacs in their village, and after a desperate battle drove them away. They fled up the river and settled on the plateau where now flourish the villages of Sauk City and Prairie du Sac. Overpowered by the whites and beset by other Indian foes, the Sacs and Foxes or Outagamies, united the remnants of their tribes.

Missions and Trading Posts.—1735.—Saint Pierriere in command of the fort at Lake Pepin, called Fort Beauharnais.

1737.—On hearing from La Pointe of the murder of French explorers at the Lake of the Woods, Saint Pierriere evacuates the fort.

1742.— Presents distributed by the French among the Sacs and Foxes.

1749.— The younger Marin stationed at La Pointe.

1752.— He was at Lake Pepin.

1754.— Marin in command at Green Bay, makes peace with the Wisconsin Indians. The Menomonees, Foxes, Sacs, Winnebagoes, Pottawattomies, Ottowas, Chippewas and Sioux are engaged to attack the English colonies on the western borders of Pennsylvania.

1755.— Langlade, with Wisconsin Indians, led the onslaught upon Braddock's army, July 9th. Later he was at Fort George, and fought against Wolfe on the plains of Abraham, with his braves from Wisconsin.

1758.— Eleven Frenchmen killed at Green Bay by Menomonees, who pillage a storehouse.

1760.—The French dominions seized by the English. Alexander Henry visited Milwaukee.

1761.— Capt. Belfour of the British army came with troops to Green Bay, took possession of the fort, naming it Fort Edward. He left here Lieut. James Gorrell of the Sixtieth, or Royal American regiment, with a sergeant, corporal and fifteen privates who spent a wretched winter in the old fort. In the spring, Gorrell made treaties with the bands who came in.

1763.— Gorrell and his force abandon Green Bay. Pontiac's conspiracy led to a confederation of Miamis, Ottawas, Chippewas, Wyandottes, Pottawattomies, Missisaguas, Shawanoes, Outagamies and Winnebagoes. They organized and burst upon the English posts, eight of which were captured. After the massacre of a large part of the garrison at Michillimackinac, a friendly band of Indians escorted Gorrell and his party from Green Bay to L'Arbre Croche, where they sent the remnants of the garrison, that had been spared in the Michillimackinac slaughter.

1763.— The territories of New France, including Wisconsin, ceded by the French to the English. Traders' posts established at Milwaukee.

1766.— The Langlades had settled with other white settlers at Green Bay.

This year Capt. Jonathan Carver, a medical student and officer of Massachusetts militia, visited Green Bay. He was searching for a northwest passage to the Pacific ocean, and passed over the Fox-Wisconsin route, wintering with the Sioux on the plains. Disappointed in his search he returns next year by way of Lake Superior.

1774.— A civil government established over the northwest and Canadas by the "Quebec act."

1777.— Indians under Charles de Langlade and Gauthier join the British against the colonies in the Revolutionary war. But they do not appear to have fought in any of the battles.

1779.— Capt. Robertson of the British sloop "Felicity" made a voyage of reconnaissance around Lake Michigan, inducing traders and Indians to support the English.

1781.— Lieut.-Gov. Patrick Sinclair, of Canada, purchased Green Bay, Prairie du Chien, etc., from the Indians. His purchase was not confirmed. The settlement of Prairie du Chien commenced by Bazil Giard, Augustin Ange and Pierre Antaya.

1786.— Julian Dubuque explored the lead regions of the Upper Mississippi and opened lead mines in both Wisconsin and Iowa.

1787.—Wisconsin, with the territory northwest of the Ohio, placed under a government, by the "Ordinance of 1787, and the action of the President thereupon."

1788.—An Indian council at Green Bay. Permission given to Dubuque to work the lead mines on a large scale.

1789.—Jean Baptiste Mirandea said to have settled at Milwaukee.

1793.—Lawrence Barth built a cabin at the portage of the Wisconsin and Fox rivers and engaged in the carrying trade.

1795.—Jacques Vieau, agent of the Northwest Company, established trading posts at Kewaunee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Milwaukee.

1796.—The western parts surrendered by the British to the United States, and the Ordinance of 1787 extended over all the northwest.

1800.—Indiana territory organized embracing the territory now comprising Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan and Minnesota east of the Mississippi. Gen. Wm. Henry Harrison is appointed governor.

1804.—Gen. Harrison makes a treaty with the Sacs and Foxes at St. Louis, in which they extinguish their title to parts of the lands in Wisconsin in the southern portion, including the lead region.

1805.—Michigan territory organized.

1809.—Thomas Nuttall, the botanist, and John Bradbury, the Scotch naturalist, explored Wisconsin.

John Jacob Astor's party of explorers, under William P. Hunt and Ramsay Crooks, passed Green Bay and Prairie du Chien, en route for the Pacific Ocean. The story of the western part of their journey is told in Irving's "Astoria."

1811.—The Wisconsin Indians to some extent take part in Tecumseh's war.

Wisconsin in the war of 1812.—The Indians assembled at Green Bay to join the English in the "war of 1812." French traders mostly held commissions in the British army.

1814.—An expedition by the British organized at Mackinaw (Michillimackinac) for the capture of the military post at Prairie du Chien, started June 28th, reaching Green Bay six days later, were joined by Louis Grignon, a Creole trader, with 30 *habitans* of Green Bay, and about 100 Indians, and rowed up the Fox river in grand procession. July 17th they landed at the mouth of the Wisconsin a few miles below Fort Shelby, at Prairie du Chien. The American garrison numbered some 60 or 70 effective men with six pieces of cannon. The fort consisted of a small stockade and two block houses; and a gun boat manned by part of the garrison, and with 14 cannon, lay in the river. The attacking force was about 500 whites and 120 Indians. The British commander, Major McKay, demanded the surrender of the fort. Lieut. Perkins, the American officer in command, declined to surrender. The British artillery opened upon the gun boat. After receiving some 50 or more shots the boat dropped down stream. The fort was then attacked and Perkins, abandoned by the gun boat, was forced to surrender. McKay with difficulty saved the prisoners from massacre by his Indian allies. The American loss was 5 killed and 10 wounded in the boat and 3 in the fort. Soon after Perkins and his men were given back their arms and sent down the river. The name of the fort was then changed from Fort Shelby to Fort McKay.

1815.—After peace, the British commander of the fort offered to turn the post over to the American governor at St. Louis, and (May 24th) hauled down the British flag and proceeded up the Wisconsin, thence to Mackinaw.

1816.—Treaty with Indians confirming that of 1804. Erection of Fort Crawford at Prairie du Chien and Fort Howard, on Green Bay, begun; Major Morgan in command at Prairie du Chien, Col. John Miller at Fort Howard.

1818.—Illinois admitted into the Union. Wisconsin attached to the territory of Michigan. Brown, Crawford and Michillimackinac counties organized in Michigan and embrace the whole of Wisconsin, besides other territory. Solomon Juneau arrived in Milwaukee.

1820.—United States Commissioners adjusted land claims in Green Bay. John Jacob Astor's American Fur Company had stations at Green Bay, on the Menomonee, Peshtigo, Oconto, and Upper Wolf rivers. Milwaukee the entrepot of trade with the Pottawatomies. Augustin Grignon had a trading shanty at the present site of Kaukauna, for the trade on the Lower Fox. At Prairie du Chien, Joseph Roulette was the chief trader for the American Fur Company, his field being on the Mississippi from Dubuque upwards. The same company had stations at La Pointe, and on Lac du Chambeau, Lac Chetac, Rice Lake, Tomahawk Lake, Lac Court Oreilles, Namekogan Lake and other points in the Chippewa country.

The fur traders, it is said, established posts, which ultimately led to settlements at Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, La Crosse, Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, Madison, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Two Rivers, Kewaunee, Green Bay, Prairie du Chien, Depere, Kaukauna, Neenah, Hudson, Portage, Menomonee, Oconto, Peshtigo, Black River Falls, Rice Lake, Baraboo, and Shullsburg. These were established at various times.

On July 2, of this year the first Protestant sermon preached in Wisconsin was delivered at Fort Howard, by Rev. Jedediah Morse, father of the inventor of the telegraph.

1822.—The New York Indians, transplanted, purchase lands east of Lake Winnebago. James Johnson obtained from the Indians the right to dig for lead with negro slaves from Kentucky.

1823.—Counties of Brown, Crawford, and Michillimackinac made a separate judicial district by Congress. The first steamboat ascended the Mississippi and Lake Superior surveyed by Lieut. Bayfield of the British navy. An Episcopal mission established near Green Bay.

1824.—Judge James Duane Doty held his first district court of the territory, at Green Bay.

1825.—Treaty concluded in August between the Indians of Illinois, Minnesota, and Wisconsin by Gov. William Clark and Lewis Cass, the former then serving as Superintendent of Indian affairs at St. Louis, the latter as governor of Michigan territory. The Indians begin to grow sullen.

1826. First steamboat on Lake Michigan.

1826. The lead mines attract attention. The general government leased lands for mining purposes in 1822, and in this year the mining population rose from 100 to 406 by the following March.

1827. The rush to the lead mines continued. The Indians sullen and inimical to the whites. Fort Crawford abandoned and the troops sent to Fort Snelling, near St. Paul. The Winnebagoes murdered a half-breed named Methode and his family near Prairie du Chien. The Indian chief, Red Bird, and two others, inflamed by rumors that Winnebago prisoners had been killed by the whites, murdered and scalped Rigeste Gagnier and Solomon Lipcop near Prairie du Chien. About the same time, a band of thirty-seven Winnebagoes attacked two keel boats laden with provisions for the troops at Fort Snelling, killing two, wounding two mortally and two slightly, but were repulsed. These outrages produced great alarm. The settlers fled to Prairie du Chien and there organized and manned the abandoned fort. The news spread through southwestern Wisconsin and thousands of settlers fled in the greatest precipitation to Galena. Gov. Cass, of Michigan territory, soon came upon the scene. Col. Snelling reinforced Fort Crawford. Col. Henry Dodge raised a hundred mounted volunteers in the lead mines; Maj. Whistler, in command at Fort Howard, moved up the Fox to Portage, and the troops on the Lower Wisconsin moved up that river, pursuing the fleeing Winnebagoes. They were overtaken near Portage, and seeing themselves overpowered, gave up the murderers. Red Bird died in prison soon after. His associates were tried and sentenced, but afterwards pardoned on condition that the Winnebagoes cede lands.

1828. Fort Winnebago built at the portage. An Indian treaty had at Green Bay. The Indian claim to the lead region purchased.

1829.—Thousands of miners settled in the lead region. Speculation rife. A Methodist mission established at Green Bay.

1830.—The Sioux killed seventeen Sacs and Foxes near Prairie du Chien. A Protestant mission was founded on Madeline island, one of the Apostle islands, in Lake Superior, opposite Bayfield—the first of the island missions at La Point, the original La Point mission having been founded on the main land.

1832.—*The Black Hawk War.*—This year Black Hawk, a petty chief of the Sacs, had a village at the mouth of the Rock river. He hated the Americans and loved the English. Returning from a visit to Canada in 1830, where he had been flattered by the English, he found the settlers had preëmpted the site of his village and the burial ground of his fathers. He was enraged and made threats. The militia were called out. Ten companies of United States troops came to the mouth of the Rock river, and Black Hawk was compelled to cross the Mississippi promising never to return. But he failed to keep his promise. He re-crossed the river in April, passed up Rock river to Prophetstown, intending to raise a crop there. This "invasion" aroused general alarm in Illinois and Wisconsin. Settlers fled or threw up log forts. Gen. Atkinson, with 1,600 horse and 200 foot volunteers—of whom Abraham Lincoln commanded one company—and 800 regulars were put on the march. Black Hawk sent a defiant message and retreated up Rock river. At Stillman's creek he halted to surrender. His messengers of peace were killed by the pickets

when they approached the lines. He then attacked and sent scampering to the rear 275 horsemen, with thirty-five braves. He then removed his women and children to the swamps of Lake Koshkonong, in Wisconsin. He descended into Illinois, scattering consternation. Skirmishes took place in Illinois, at Pecatonica, Blue Mounds and Sinsinewa Mounds in Wisconsin. Some 200 whites and as many Indians lost their lives in these battles, skirmishes and surprises.

Meanwhile, forts had been thrown up in the lead region.—Fort Union at Dodgeville, where Major Dodge's headquarters had been; Fort Defiance at the farm of D. M. Parkinson; Fort Hamilton at Wiota; Fort Jackson at Mineral Point; Mound Fort at Blue Mounds and others.

Pending this outbreak, Col. Dodge came with Captains John H. Rountree, and James H. Gentry, to the head of the Four Lakes, near where Madison now is, and had a council with the Winnebagoes, counseling them not to join the Sacs in the war.

Gen. Atkinson, in command, sent Dodge's command, and also Major Henry's and Major Alexander's brigades to Fort Winnebago at Portage for supplies. Arriving there, he learned from the Winnebagoes the hiding place of the Sacs and Foxes, Black Hawk's band. They were then at the rapids of Rock river, near now Hustisford. The force at once set out to attack them.

The Indians, however, had fled. Their trail was discovered, bearing toward Wisconsin river. They were pursued. Reaching the Catfish river, between Third and Fourth Lakes, the Indians were found on the site of the city of Madison,—one of whom was shot and left dead near the present capitol. The next day (July 21st) the Indians were pursued; they fled westward passing to the south of Fourth Lake to the bluffs of the Wisconsin. A battle here ensued. The Indians lost several killed and many were wounded. The American loss was one killed and 8 wounded. Thence, Black Hawk and his party fled westward to the Mississippi. A few days later Col. Dodge pursued them, with fresh troops, and came up with them near the mouth of the Bad Axe, 40 miles above Prairie du Chien. A steamboat had been sent up the river, to prevent their escape across the river. The Sacs were now in bad plight. Col. Dodge attacked them. Some escaped across the river. The rest were captured. Black Hawk escaped to seek refuge among the Winnebagoes; but a large reward was offered for him; and the Winnebagoes arrested and gave him up. He was sent to Prairie du Chien, thence to Jefferson Barracks. Of the 1,000 Indians who crossed the Mississippi with him in the spring not over 150 survived the famous Black Hawk war. The chief died in 1838 near Des Moines. This outbreak served one purpose. It advertised Wisconsin and stimulated settlement.

1833.—An Indian treaty at Chicago. The lands south and west of Milwaukee were ceded to the government. Milwaukee settled in the fall. The first newspaper, the Green Bay Intelligencer, established. First Congregational church in Wisconsin organized at La Point, on Madeline island.

1834.—Land offices established at Mineral Point and Green Bay. First public land sale at Mineral Point. Census taken; population found to be 4,795.

1835.—The first steamboat landed at Milwaukee June 17. Public lands surveyed by William A. Burt. Great influx of settlers. By December 1, 1836, 878,014 acres of land had been sold to settlers and speculators. Bishop Baraga founds a Catholic mission on Madeline island.

1836.—The territory of Wisconsin organized by act of Congress. April 30, Henry Dodge appointed governor by President Jackson. July 4, territory organized. John S. Horner of Virginia appointed Secretary, Charles Dunn, of Illinois, chief justice, David Irvin and William C. Frazer, of Pennsylvania, sworn in at Mineral Point, amid great festivity. Territorial council met at Belmont, October 25th. United States Land office opened at Milwaukee. December 3, capitol located at Madison, "between the Third and Fourth of the four lakes, on the corner of sections 13, 14, 23, and 24, in township 7, north of range 9, east." The same year, July 14, the "Milwaukee Advertiser" commenced publication. The first school opened in Milwaukee.

George W. Jones elected as the delegate in Congress.

The supreme court held its first session at Belmont. The Belmont "Gazette" published.

1837.—Michigan admitted into the Union. The Northern Peninsula attached to it, in violation of the rights of Wisconsin, causing great indignation to the people of the territory.

A treaty made by Governor Dodge with the Menomonees, in which they ceded to the United States about four million acres of land in Michigan and Wisconsin.

The people of Milwaukee organize two municipal corporations — "Milwaukee-on-the-east-

side-of-the-river," and "Milwaukee-on-the-west-side-of-the-river." Great strife between them.

Copper ore found near Mineral Point. The corner stone of the capitol laid at Madison, July 4th, with great solemnities.

1838.— Congress appropriated land to endow the University of the Territory of Wisconsin. Eighty postoffices established in the territory.

1839.— Battle between Sioux and Chippewas in northern Wisconsin; 200 said to have been killed.

1840.— First brewing of beer in Milwaukee. U. S. census showed population of 30,945 white persons.

1842.— C. C. P. Arndt, a member of the legislative council, shot and killed in the council chamber by James R. Vineyard, who was afterward tried in Green county and acquitted.

1844.— The Wisconsin Phalanx, a communistic organization, settle at Cresco, now Ripon, under the leadership of Jesse Strong. Gov. Doty removed and Nathaniel P. Tallmadge appointed.

1845.— Tallmadge removed and Doty reappointed. Large Swiss colony planted at New Glarus, Green county.

1846.— The people voted in favor of a state government. Congress passed act to enable and authorize the formation of state government. First constitutional convention met at Madison, October 5th.

1847.— First railroad charter in Wisconsin granted to the Milwaukee & Waukesha Railroad Company. Census showed population of 210,546. Second constitutional convention met at Madison, December 15th.

1848.— Wisconsin admitted into the Union May 20. First legislature convened June 5. State officers sworn in June 7. Henry Dodge and Isaac P. Walker elected United States senators. Andrew G. Miller appointed judge of United States district court. Large German immigration this year. Partially successful attempt made to remove the Wisconsin Winnebagoes to Long Prairie, Minnesota. State university organized. Free school system established by law.

1849.— Construction of railroad from Milwaukee westward begun. In January, first telegram received in Milwaukee. Legislature instruct I. P. Walker to resign because of his vote in interest of the south. Cholera epidemic. "Gold Fever" causes great exodus to California.

1850.— Mob in Milwaukee attack and wreck house of John B. Smith for introducing a liquor law in the legislature. Census reported population at 305,391.

1851.— First railroad train run from Milwaukee to Waukesha.

1852.— Numerous railroad enterprises started in southern part of the state.

1853.— Charges made for the impeachment of Judge Levi Hubbell, judge of the second judicial district. Tried, and, after protracted trial, acquitted.

1854.— Meeting at Ripon to organize the Republican party; the name "Republican" suggested by A. E. Bovay. This on February 28th. Joshua Glover, a fugitive slave, arrested at Racine. Rescued at Milwaukee by force, from the United States marshal, on the 11th of March. Sherman M. Booth arrested and committed to jail on the 26th of May for aiding in Glover's rescue. A writ of *habeas corpus* was granted by Associate Justice Hon. Abram D. Smith, who decided on the hearing that the "Fugitive Slave law" of 1850 was void, and discharged the prisoner. The Supreme Court of the state sustained him. (An interesting account of this conflict between the State and Federal Judiciary will be found in note in Vilas & Bryant's edition of Wisconsin Reports, Vol. 11, p. 517.) The Supreme Court of Wisconsin held the fugitive slave law void, and that it had the power to discharge from the custody of the United States marshal, those who were held in custody charged with violating the law. This was reversed by the Supreme Court of the United States, July 13. A mass convention held in the Capitol Park at Madison. The Republican party organized, and so named. German immigration very large.

1856.— Gov. William A. Barstow having been certified by the state board of canvassers as re-elected and taken the office of governor, Coles Bashford brought an information in the nature of *quo warranto* to oust Barstow and establish his own claim as having been elected. The proceedings result in Bashford's favor. Sept. 24. The Steamer Niagara burned off Port Washington. Hon. John B. Macy, pioneer member of congress, perished in the boat.

1857.— Railway completed to Prairie du Chien. Monetary panic of this year severely felt in Wisconsin.

1858.— November 1. Excursion train celebrating opening of the Chicago and Fond du

Lac R. R. (now C. & N. W.) wrecked at Johnson's Creek, Jefferson county. Fourteen persons killed and seven wounded.

1860.—Steamer Lady Elgin with 600 excursionists, sunk in collision off Racine, and 225 persons, mostly of the Third ward in Milwaukee, drowned.

1861.—April 16, President Lincoln's call for one regiment received. Governor Randall's proclamation issued calling for volunteers. Thirty-six companies tender service within one week. Troops organized and mustered during the year as follows:

May 17, First regiment mustered; June 7, left for the field.

June 11, Second regiment mustered; June 20, left for the field.

June 29, Third regiment mustered; July 12, left for the field.

July 2, Fourth regiment mustered; July 15, left for the field.

July 13, Fifth regiment mustered; July 22, left for the field.

July 16, Sixth regiment mustered; July 28, left for the field.

September 2, Seventh regiment mustered; September 21, left for the field.

September 4, Eighth regiment mustered; October 12, left for the field.

October 14, Tenth regiment mustered; November 9, left for the field.

October 18, Eleventh regiment mustered; November 20, left for the field.

October and November, Twelfth regiment mustered; January 11, 1862, left for the field.

October 17, Thirteenth regiment mustered; January 15, 1862, left for the field.

November 14, Fourteenth regiment organized.

January, 1862, Fourteenth regiment mustered; March 10, 1862, left for the field.

November, 1861, Fifteenth regiment organized.

February 14, 1862, Fifteenth regiment mustered; March 2, 1862, left for the field.

November, 1861, Sixteenth regiment organized.

January 31, 1862, Sixteenth regiment mustered; March 13, 1862, left for the field.

Bank riot at Milwaukee, Mitchell's bank attacked, June 24.

July 2, first Wisconsin soldier, George C. Drake, Company A, First infantry, killed at Falling Waters.

1862.—April 10, Gov. Louis P. Harvey started south to care for Wisconsin soldiers wounded at Shiloh. April 19, he was drowned at Pittsburg Landing in the Tennessee river. In April, some 700 Confederate prisoners received at Camp Randall, Madison. In May, the President calls for 75,000 more troops. Wisconsin's quota assigned at about 2,976. July, 300,000 troops called for. The Wisconsin quota assigned at 11,904. November 10, draft made to fill Wisconsin quota, 11,904.

1863.—August 5, Democratic state convention held at Milwaukee. The "Ryan address" to the people of the state adopted. Matt. H. Carpenter publishes reply to the address. The "War Democrats" held mass convention at Janesville to protest against the Ryan address. October 17, further call for troops; Wisconsin's quota, 11,904. November, draft made to fill quota.

1864.—February 1. President calls for 300,000 more volunteers; in March 200,000; and in July for 500,000; in December for 300,000. Wisconsin's quota about 53,483. On these calls 5,784 veterans in Wisconsin organizations re-enlisted. Nov. 2. Ex-Gov. N. P. Tallmadge died.

1865.—Several regiments sent to the field in completion of quotas under calls for troops. Whole number of troops furnished by Wisconsin, 91,379. June 23, Viroqua struck by cyclone, 17 persons killed and 150 wounded. Most of the Wisconsin troops mustered out of service during the summer and autumn. July 13, Ex-Gov. James D. Doty died. December 13, Ex-Gov. William A. Barstow died.

1866.—Hon. James R. Doolittle, U. S. senator, requested to resign, because of his support of President Johnson's "policy." Fourth regiment mustered out after serving over five years.

1867.—Ex-Gov. Henry Dodge died, June 19.

1868.—Col. Dunbar discovers the medicinal properties of the "Bethesda Spring" at Waukesha. April 8, the "Sea Bird" burned on Lake Michigan. All on board lost, save two. Effort made to remove the state capitol to Milwaukee. Towns, cities and villages authorized to take stock in railroads.

1871.—Great fires in Door, Oconto, Shawano, Outagamie, Brown and Manitowoc. One thousand or more persons perished and three thousand reduced to destitution. Large contributions, poured in from all parts of the United States, Great Britain and Canada, France and Germany, relieve the sufferers and provide them with comfortable homes, food, implements and clothing.

1872.—July 26. Ex-Gov. Alex. W. Randall, the first "war governor," died.

1873.—July 4. Great hurricane on Green Lake in Green Lake county. Eleven persons

drowned. Partially successful attempt to remove the Wisconsin Winnebagoes to Nebraska, and place them on reservation there.

1874.—“Potter Law” placing limit on railroad freights and fares enacted. April 27. Railway companies’ presidents announce, through communication to the governor, that they regard the law invalid. Gov. William R. Taylor issues proclamation demanding obedience to the law. Action brought to enjoin companies from violating the law, and, after able trial, the injunction granted, Chief Justice Ryan delivering an opinion now quite famous.

1875.—April 28. Oshkosh burned. Manufacture of cotton cloth started in Janesville—the first in the state. Women first made eligible to school offices.

1876.—January, Supreme court decided that under our laws women cannot be admitted to practice law at the bar of that court.

1877.—Law passed admitting women to the privilege of practicing law. Cyclone at Pensaukee, Oconto county.

1878.—State overrun with tramps. Disturbances and lawlessness at various points where tramps congregate. June. Cyclone sweeps through Grant, Iowa, Dane, Jefferson and counties eastward. Some twelve or fifteen persons killed and great destruction of property. Indian scare in Burnett county. Hundreds of settlers leave their homes on account of large assemblies of Indians gathering to hold dances. April 25. Ex-Gov. Coles Bashford died.

1880.—October 19. Chief Justice Edward G. Ryan died

1881.—Senator Matt. H. Carpenter died in Washington, February 24. Strike of cigar-makers in Milwaukee. September. Strike at Eau Claire of workmen in mills for reduction of hours. Property injured, National Guard called out, and eight companies stationed there. September. Milwaukee Industrial Exposition opened.

1882.—Ex-Gov. Cadwallader C. Washburn died. Constitution amended to have biennial legislative sessions.

1883.—January 10. Newhall House burned. About seventy persons perished in the flames or in leaping from the upper stories of the building. March 25, Hon. Timothy O. Howe, Post Master General, died at Racine. November 8, South wing of the capitol extension fell, killing seven workmen. February 23, Ex-Gov. William E. Smith died.

1884.—December 1. Science Hall, State University, burned to the ground.

1886.—May 1. Workmen in Milwaukee struck to enforce “eight hours” for a day’s work. May 3-5. Becoming riotous and refusing to obey the authorities, they were fired upon by the National Guard and several killed and wounded. October. The “limited express” on the C. M. & St. P. R’y wrecked and burned at East Rio, Columbia county. Some 11 to 15 persons killed or burned.

1887.—Great boom in Gogebic iron stocks.

1888.—Collapse in Gogebic iron stocks.

1889.—Great strike at West Superior. National Guard ordered to the scene to preserve order. April 10. Ex-Gov. Leonard J. Farwell died. July 21. Ex-Gov. Nelson Dewey died.

1890.—Eleventh census gives population of Wisconsin 1,686,880.

1891.—June 17. Ex-Gov. Harrison Ludington died. August 27. Dr. Lyman C. Draper, secretary Wisconsin State Historical Society, and one of the leading spirits in its work, died.

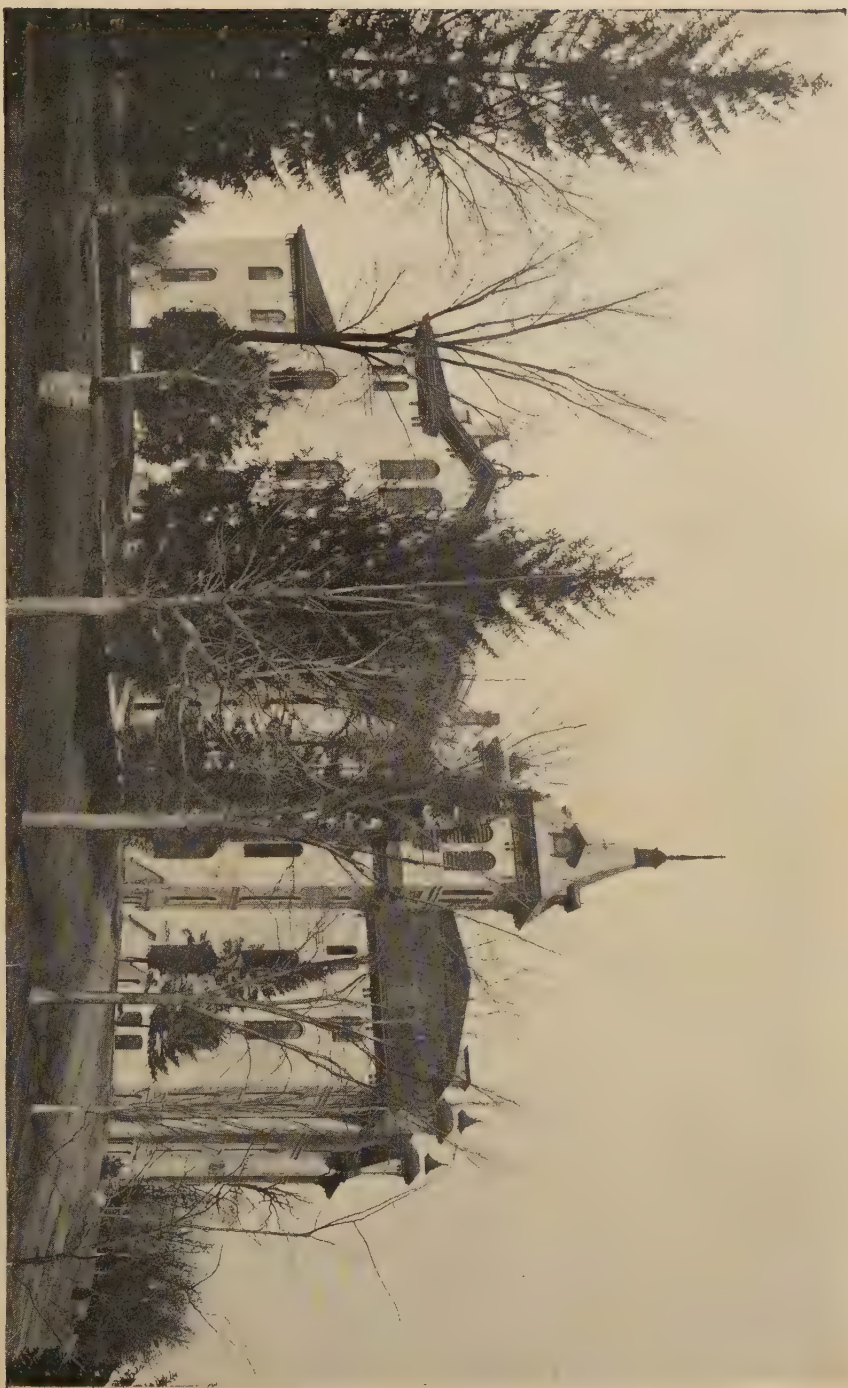
1892.—A disastrous succession of fires in Milwaukee including the great Third Ward-fire October 23. \$5,000,000 of property destroyed. Daniel S. Durrie, for 37 years Librarian of State Historical Society, died September first.

1893.—Panic resulting in failure of the Plankinton, The Fire & Marine, and other important banks in Milwaukee. Ex-Governor J. M. Rusk died November 21. R. L. D. Potter, author of Potter Railroad Law, died November 9. General Joshua Guppy died December 8.

1894.—Disastrous forest fires in Douglas, Bayfield, Ashland, Chippewa, Price, Portage and Washburn counties. Moses M. Strong died July 20. Experience Estabrook, prominently identified with formation of state constitution, died March 26.

1895.—State census taken, giving a population of 1,937,915. Severe drought and light crops in southern Wisconsin; abundance of rain and heavy crops in northern Wisconsin. Chief Justice Harlow S. Orton died July 4. Peter Parkinson, last survivor of the Black Hawk war, died May 30. Simeon Mills died June 1. Hiram H. Giles died May 10. Mrs. Cordelia A. P. Chester died February 27.

1896.—Very large immigration to northern Wisconsin as a result of special effort to induce settlement and the liberal state and county appropriations for the same purpose. Active organized preparation for an appropriate celebration of the semi-centennial anniversary of the admission of Wisconsin into the Union. Gen. Lucius Fairchild died May 23. Horace Rublee, editor of the Milwaukee Sentinel, died October 19. Carl Jonas, United States Consul at Crefeld, Germany, died January 15. George W. Jones, Wisconsin pioneer, died July 22.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, WHITEWATER.

TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

TERRITORIAL OFFICERS OF WISCONSIN.

GOVERNORS.

Henry Dodge,	-	-	-	-	from July 4, 1836, to October 5, 1841
James Duane Doty.	-	-	-	-	from Oct. 5, 1841, to September 16, 1844
Nathaniel P. Tallmadge,	-	-	-	-	from September 16, 1844, to May 13, 1845
Henry Dodge,	-	-	-	-	from May 13, 1845, to June 7, 1848

SECRETARIES.

John S. Horner,	-	appointed by Andrew Jackson,	-	-	-	May 6, 1836
William B. Slaughter,	-	appointed by Andrew Jackson,	-	-	-	Feb. 16, 1837
Francis J. Dunn,	-	appointed by Martin Van Buren,	-	-	-	Jan. 25, 1841
A. P. Field,	-	appointed by John Tyler,	-	-	-	Apr. 23, 1841
George R. C. Floyd,	-	appointed by James K. Polk,	-	-	-	Oct. 30, 1843
John Catlin,	-	appointed by James K. Polk,	-	-	-	Feb. 24, 1846

SUPREME COURT.

Charles Dunn, C. J.	-	appointed by Andrew Jackson,	-	-	-	Aug. 1836
William C. Frazer, A. J.,	-	appointed by Andrew Jackson,	-	-	-	July, 1836
David Irvin, A. J.,	-	appointed by Andrew Jackson,	-	-	-	Sept. 1836
Andrew G. Miller, A. J.,	-	appointed by Martin Van Buren,	-	-	-	Nov. 1838

ATTORNEYS GENERAL.

Henry S. Baird,	-	appointed by Governor Dodge,	-	-	-	Dec. 7, 1836
Horatio N. Wells,	-	appointed by Governor Dodge,	-	-	-	Mar. 30, 1839
Mortimer M. Jackson,	-	appointed by Governor Dodge,	-	-	-	Jan. 26, 1842
William Pitt Lynde,	-	appointed by Governor Tallmadge,	-	-	-	Feb. 23, 1845
A. Hyatt Smith,	-	appointed by Governor Dodge,	-	-	-	Aug. 4, 1845

CLERKS OF THE COURT.

John Catlin,	-	appointed at December Term,	-	-	-	1836
Simeon Mills,	-	appointed at July Term,	-	-	-	1839
La Fayette Kellogg,	-	appointed at July Term,	-	-	-	1840

UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

William W. Chapman,	-	appointed by Andrew Jackson,	-	-	-	1836
Moses M. Strong,	-	appointed by Martin Van Buren,	-	-	-	1838
Thomas W. Sutherland,	-	appointed by John Tyler,	-	-	-	1841
William Pitt Lynde,	-	appointed by James K. Polk,	-	-	-	1845

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURES.

FIRST LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1836.

Convened at Belmont, Iowa county, Oct. 25, and adjourned Dec. 9, 1836.

COUNCIL.

President — Henry S. Baird, of Brown. *Secretary* — Edward McSherry. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — William Henry.

Brown — Henry S. Baird. John P. Arndt.

Iowa — Ebenezer Brigham, John B. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Dubuque — Thomas McCraney, John Foley, Thomas McKnight.

Crawford — [Had no member of the Council.*]

Milwaukee — Alanson Sweet, Gilbert Knapp.

Des Moines — Jeremiah Smith, Jr., Joseph B. Teas, Arthur B. Ingraham.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Peter Hill Engle, of Dubuque. *Chief Clerk* — Warren Lewis. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — Jesse M. Harrison.

Des Moines — Isaac Leffler, Thomas Blair, John Box, George W. Teas, David R. Chance, Warren L. Jenkins, Eli Reynolds.

Crawford — James H. Lockwood, James B. Dallam.

Milwaukee — William B. Sheldon, Madison W. Cornwall, Charles Durkee.

Iowa — William Boyles, George F. Smith, Daniel M. Parkison, Thomas McKnight, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox.

Dubuque — Loring Wheeler, Hardin Nowlin, Hosea T. Camp, Peter Hill Engle, Patrick Quigley.

Brown — Ebenezer Childs, Albert G. Ellis, Alexander J. Irwin.†

SECOND SESSION, 1837-1838.

Convened at Burlington, Des Moines County, Nov. 6, 1837, and adjourned Jan. 20, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President — Arthur B. Ingraham, of Des Moines. *Secretary* — George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — Levi Sterling.

Brown — John P. Arndt, Joseph Dickinson.‡

Iowa — Ebenezer Brigham, John H. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Milwaukee — Alanson Sweet, Gilbert Knapp.

Dubuque — John Foley, Thomas McKnight, Thomas McCraney.

Des Moines — Jeremiah Smith, Jr., Joseph B. Teas, Arthur B. Ingraham.

Crawford — [Had no member of the Council.]

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Isaac Leffler, of Des Moines. *Chief Clerk* — John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — William Morgan.

Brown — Ebenezer Childs, George McWilliams, Charles C. Sholes.

Iowa — William Boyles, Thomas McKnight, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox, George F. Smith, Daniel M. Parkison.

Crawford — Ira B. Brunson.§ Jean Brunet.||

Des Moines — Isaac Leffler, Thomas Blair, John Box, George W. Teas, David R. Chance, Warren L. Jenkins, John Reynolds.

* Thomas P. Burnett claimed a seat, but was rejected by a vote of the Council, as the appointment of members belonged exclusively to the Executive of the Territory.

† Seat successfully contested by George McWilliams.

‡ In place of Henry S. Baird, resigned. Mr. Dickinson's seat was contested and vacated; replaced by Alexander J. Irwin.

§ In place of James B. Dallam.

|| In place of James H. Lockwood.

Dubuque—Peter Hill Engle, Patrick Quigley,* Loring Wheeler, Hardin Nowlin, Alexander McGregor.†

Milwaukee—William R. Sheldon, Charles Durkee, Madison W. Cornwall.

SPECIAL SESSION, 1838.

Convened at Burlington, Des Moines County, June 11, 1838, and adjourned June 25, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President—Arthur B. Ingraham, of Des Moines. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—George W. Harris.

(Officers elected by Resolution.)

Brown—Alexander J. Irwin, John P. Arndt.

Iowa—Ebenezer Brigham, John B. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Milwaukee—Gilbert Knapp, Alanson Sweet.

Dubuque—John Foley, Thomas McCraney, Thomas McKnight.

Des Moines—Arthur B. Ingraham, Joseph B. Teas, Jeremiah Smith, Jr.

Crawford—[Had no member of the Council.]

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—William B. Sheldon, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William Morgan.

Brown—George McWilliams, Charles C. Sholes, Ebenezer Childs.

Iowa—William Boyles, Thomas McKnight, Daniel M. Parkison, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox, James Collins.‡

Milwaukee—Wm. B. Sheldon, Charles Durkee, Madison W. Cornwall.

Dubuque—Peter Hill Engle, Hardin Nowlin, Patrick Quigley, Lucius H. Langworthy,\$ Loring Wheeler.

Des Moines—Isaac Leffler, Warren L. Jenkins, Thomas Blair, John Reynolds, George W. Teas, John Box, David R. Chance.

Crawford—Ira B. Brunson, Jean Brunet.

SECOND LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1838.

Convened at Madison, November 26, 1838, and adjourned December 22, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President—William Bullen, of Racine. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Stephen N. Ives.

Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.

Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.

Milwaukee and Washington—Daniel Wells, Jr., William A. Prentiss.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.

Racine—William Bullen, Marshall M. Strong.

Brown—Alexander J. Irwin, Morgan L. Martin.

Crawford—George Wilson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—John W. Blackstone, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas Morgan.

Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackelford, Jacob W. Conroe.

Racine—Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

Crawford—Alexander McGregor.

* Mr. Quigley resigned his seat on the 17th of January, 1838, for cause arising out of McGregor's case, wherein he felt his dignity as a member overlooked and unsupported by the House.

† Mr. McGregor was elected in place of Hosea T. Camp, deceased. Was charged with having accepted a bribe at this session, and resigned his seat while the investigation was pending; but by a resolution of the House, at its June session, he was declared "unworthy of confidence," by a vote of the House.

‡ In place of George F. Smith, resigned.

§ In place of A. McGregor, resigned.

Grant—Thomas Cruson, Nelson Dewey, Ralph Carver, Joseph H. D. Street.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.
Rock and Walworth—Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.
Milwaukee and Washington—Lucius I. Barber, William Shew, Henry C. Skinner, Ezekiel Churchill, Augustus Story.
Iowa—Russell Baldwin, John W. Blackstone, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins.

SECOND SESSION, 1839.

Convened at Madison, January 21, 1839, and adjourned March 11, 1839.

COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Stephen N. Ives.
Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Alexander J. Irwin.
Racine—William Bullen, Marshall M. Strong.
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.
Milwaukee and Washington—Daniel Wells, Jr., William A. Prentiss.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.
Crawford—George Wilson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Lucius I. Barber, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas J. Moorman.
Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackleford, Jacob W. Conroe.
Milwaukee and Washington—Lucius I. Barber, William Shew, Henry C. Skinner, Ezekiel Churchill, Augustus Story.
Racine—Tristram C. Hoyt, Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman.
Grant—Thomas Cruson, Nelson Dewey, Ralph Carver, Joseph H. D. Street.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.
Crawford—Alexander McGregor, Ira B. Brunson.
Rock and Walworth—Edward V. Whiton, Othni Beardsley.
Iowa—Russell Baldwin, John W. Blackstone, Thomas Jenkins, Henry M. Billings. Charles Bracken.

THIRD SESSION, 1839-40.

Convened at Madison, December 2, 1839, and adjourned January 13, 1840.

COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas J. Noyes.
Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.
Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.*
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Milwaukee and Washington—William A. Prentiss, Daniel Wells, Jr.
Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.
Crawford—Joseph Brisbois.†

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Edward V. Whiton, of Rock. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—James Durley.
Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Jacob W. Conroe, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackleford.
Milwaukee and Washington—Augustus Story, Adam E. Ray, William R. Longstreet, William Shew, Horatio N. Wells.
Rock and Walworth—Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.
Iowa—Russell Baldwin, Charles Bracken, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins, John W. Blackstone.
Grant—Thomas Cruson, Joseph H. D. Street, Nelson Dewey, Jonathan Craig.
Crawford—Ira B. Brunson, Alexander McGregor.
Racine—Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

* In place of Marshall M. Strong, resigned.

† In place of Geo. Wilson, resigned.

FOURTH (EXTRA) SESSION, 1840.

Convened at Madison, August 3, 1840, and adjourned August 14, 1840.

COUNCIL.

President — William A. Prentiss, of Milwaukee. *Secretary* — George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — Gilbert Knapp.

Brown — Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.

Racine — William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.

Rock and Walworth — James Maxwell.

Milwaukee and Washington — William A. Prentiss, Daniel Wells, Jr.

Grant — James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson — Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa — Levi Sterling, James Collins.

Crawford — Charles J. Learned.*

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Nelson Dewey, of Grant. *Chief Clerk* — John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — D. M. Whitney.

Brown — Ebenezer Childs, Barlow Shackelford, Charles C. Sholes, Jacob W. Conroe.

Milwaukee and Washington — Adam E. Ray, William Shew, Horatio N. Wells, Augustus Story, William R. Longstreet.

Rock and Walworth — Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson — Daniel S. Sutherland.

Iowa — Russel Baldwin, Charles Bracken, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins, John W. Blackstone.

Grant — Thomas Cruson, Joseph H. D. Street, Nelson Dewey, Jonathan Craig.

Crawford — Ira B. Brunson, Alexander McGregor.

Racine — Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

THIRD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1840-1.

Convened at Madison, December 7, 1840, and adjourned February 19, 1841.

COUNCIL.

President — James Maxwell, of Walworth. *Secretary* — George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — Miles M. Vineyard.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc and Sheboygan — Charles C. P. Arndt, Morgan L. Martin.

Milwaukee and Washington — Jonathan E. Arnold, Don A. J. Upham.

Racine — William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.

Rock and Walworth — James Maxwell.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson — Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa — Levi Sterling, James Collins.

Grant — John H. Rountree, James R. Vineyard.

Crawford and St. Croix — Charles J. Learned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — David Newland, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk* — John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — Francis M. Rublee.

Racine — George Batchelder, Thomas E. Parmelee, Reuben H. Deming.

Rock and Walworth — John Hackett, Hugh Long, Jesse C. Mills, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson — Lucius I. Barber, James Sutherland.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc and Sheboygan — William H. Bruce,† Mason C. Darling, David Giddings.

Milwaukee and Washington — Joseph Bond, Jacob Brazelton, Adam E. Ray, John S. Rockwell, William F. Shephard.

Iowa — Francis J. Dunn, Ephraim F. Ogden, Daniel M. Parkison, David Newland.

Grant — Daniel R. Burt, Nelson Dewey, Neely Gray.

Crawford and St. Croix — Alfred Brunson,‡ Joseph R. Brown.

* In place of Joseph Brisbois, resigned.

† Seat successfully contested by Albert G. Ellis.

‡ Seat contested by Theophilus La Chappelle, and Joseph R. Brown appointed Commissioner to take testimony and

SECOND SESSION, 1841-2.

Convened at Madison, December 6, 1841, and adjourned February 19, 1842.

COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Ebenezer Childs.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Portage and Sheboygan—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.*

Milwaukee and Washington—John H. Tweedy,† Don A. J. Upham.

Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.

Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa—James Collins; Moses M. Strong.

Grant—John H. Rountree, James R. Vineyard.‡

Crawford and St. Croix—Charles J. Learned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—David Newland, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*.—Thomas J. Moorman.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Portage and Sheboygan—Mason C. Darling, Albert G. Ellis, David Giddings.

Racine—George Batchelder, Jonathan Eastman, Thomas E. Parmelee.§

Crawford and St. Croix—Joseph R. Brown, Alfred Brunson.¶

Milwaukee and Washington—Joseph Bond, Adam E. Ray, William F. Shephard, John S. Rockwell, Jacob Brazelton.

Rock and Walworth—John Hackett, Jesse C. Mills, Edward V. Whiton, James Tripp.¶

Iowa—Thomas Jenkins,** David Newland, Ephraim F. Ogden, Daniel M. Parkison.

Grant—Daniel R. Burt, Neely Gray, Nelson Dewey.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Lucius I. Barber, James Sutherland.

FOURTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1842-43.

The two Houses organized on the 5th of December, 1842, but the Governor (J. D. Doty) refused to communicate with them, as a body legally assembled, according to the act of Congress, as no appropriation for that object had been previously made by Congress. The Houses continued in session until the 10th day of December, when they adjourned until the 30th of January, 1843, when they again met, and continued in session until February 1843, when they adjourned until March 6, 1843, on which latter day they again convened, as well in pursuance of their vote of adjournment, as in pursuance of the Governor's Proclamation calling them together as of a special session, on that day. Of this intention of the Governor, they had been apprised by resolutions referring to his Proclamation, introduced by one of their members at their first session. The Houses continued in session subsequently until the 25th day of March, when they adjourned without day. Both Houses again assembled on the 27th day of March, as of the second session, and adjourned on the 17th of April 1843. The session was held at Madison. Officers the same in both sessions.

COUNCIL.

President—Moses M. Strong, of Iowa [resigned March 18th, and Morgan L. Martin, of Brown, elected to fill vacancy]. *Secretary*—John V. Ingersol [Mr. Ingersol resigned March 31, 1843, and John P. Sheldon appointed for balance of the session.] *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Charles C. Brown.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan, and Winnebago—Morgan L. Martin.

* Killed by James R. Vineyard, Feb. 11, 1842.

† In place of Nathan E. Arnold, resigned.

‡ Resignation sent to Council, Feb. 14, which was refused to be accepted, and a vote expelling him from the Council was passed.

§ Elisha S. Sill claimed a seat as an additional member, but was not admitted. Mr. Parmelee afterwards resigned.

¶ Seat contested and awarded to Theophilus La Chappelle

** In place of Hugh Long, resigned.

¶ In place of Francis J. Dunn, resigned.

Racine — Consider Heath.* Peter D. Hugunin.*

Rock and Walworth — Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk — Lucius I. Barber.

Grant — John H. Rountree, Nelson Dewey.

Milwaukee and Washington — Hans Crocker, Lemuel White, David Newland.

Iowa — Moses M. Strong.

Crawford and St. Croix — Theoph. LaChapelle.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Albert G. Ellis, of Portage. *Chief Clerk* — John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — William S. Anderson.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Albert G. Ellis, Mason C. Darling, David Agry.

Walworth and Rock — John Hopkins, James Tripp, John M. Capron, Wm. A. Bartlett.

Milwaukee and Washington — Andrew E. Elmore, Benjamin Hunkins, Thomas H. Olin, Jonathan Parsons, Jared Thompson, George H. Walker.

Iowa — Robert M. Long, Moses Meeker, William S. Hamilton.

Crawford and St. Croix — John H. Manahan.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk — Isaac H. Palmer, Lyman Crossman, Robert Masters.

Racine — Philander Judson, John T. Trowbridge, Peter Van Vliet.

Grant — Franklin Z. Hicks, Alonzo Platt, Glendower M. Price.

SECOND SESSION, 1843-4.

Convened at Madison, December 4, 1843, and adjourned January 31, 1844.

COUNCIL.

President — Marshall M. Strong, of Racine. *Secretary* — Benjamin C. Eastman. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — G. C. S. Vail.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Morgan L. Martin.

Rock and Walworth — Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Milwaukee and Washington — Lemuel White, Hans Crocker, David Newland.

Iowa — Moses M. Strong.

Crawford and St. Croix — Theoph. La Chappelle.

Grant — John H. Rountree, Nelson Dewey,

Racine — Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk — Lucius I. Barber.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — George H. Walber, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk* — John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — J. W. Trowbridge.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Albert G. Ellis, David Agry, Mason C. Darling.

Crawford and St. Croix — John H. Manahan.

Iowa — Moses Meeker, George Messersmith, Robert M. Long.

Milwaukee and Washington — Andrew E. Elmore, Benjamin Hunkins, Thomas H. Olin, Jonathan Parsons, Jared Thompson, George H. Walker.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk — Robert Masters, Lyman Crossman, Isaac H. Palmer.

Rock and Walworth — John M. Capron, William A. Bartlett, John Hopkins, James Tripp.

Grant — Alonzo Platt, Glendower M. Price, Franklin Z. Hicks.

Racine — John T. Trowbridge, Levi Grant, Ezra Birchard.

THIRD SESSION, 1845.

Convened at Madison, January 6th, 1845, and adjourned February 24, 1845.

COUNCIL.

President — Moses M. Strong, of Iowa. *Secretary* — Benjamin C. Eastman. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — Charles H. Larkin.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Randall Wilcox.

*These Councilmen did not take their seats until March 6, 1843.

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

Grant—Nelson Dewey, John H. Rountree.
Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.
Iowa—Moses M. Strong.
Milwaukee and Washington—Adam E. Ray, James Kneeland, Jacob H. Kimball.
Crawford and St. Croix—Wiram Knowlton.
Racine—Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—John Catlin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—George H. Walker, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Chauncy Davis.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling, Abraham Brawley, William Fowler.*
Rock and Walworth—Stephen Field, Jesse C. Mills, Salmon Thomas, Jesse Moore.
Crawford and St. Croix—James Fisher.
Racine—Robert McClellan, Orson Sheldon, Albert G. Northway.
Milwaukee and Washington—Charles E. Brown, Pitts Ellis, Byron Kilbourn, Benjamin H. Mooers, William Sher, George H. Walker.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Charles S. Bristol, Noah Phelps, George H. Slaughter.
Iowa—James Collins, Robert C. Hoard, Solomon Oliver.
Grant—Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson, Franklin Z. Hicks.

FOURTH SESSION, 1846.

Convened at Madison, January 5th, and adjourned February 3, 1846.

COUNCIL.

President—Nelson Dewey, of Grant. *Secretary*—Benjamin C. Eastman.† *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Joseph Brisbois.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Randall Wilcox.
Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe—Wiram Knowlton.
Milwaukee and Washington—Curtis Reed, Jacob H. Kimball, James Kneeland.
Iowa—Moses M. Strong.
Grant—Nelson Dewey, John H. Rountree.
Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.
Racine—Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—John Catlin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Mason C. Darling, of Fond du Lac. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—David Bonham.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Abraham Brawley, Mason C. Darling, Elisha Morrow.
Racine—Andrew B. Jackson, Orson Sheldon, Julius Wooster.
Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe—James Fisher.
Grant—Armstead C. Brown, Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson.
Walworth—Caleb Crosswell, Warren Earl, Gaylord Graves.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Mark R. Clapp, William M. Dennis, Noah Phelps.
Milwaukee and Washington—Samuel H. Barstow, John Crawford, James Magone, Benjamin H. Mooers, Luther Parker, William H. Thomas.
Iowa—Henry M. Billings, Robert C. Hoard, Charles Pole.
Rock—Ira Jones.

*Brothertown Indian.

† Mr. Eastman resigned Jan. 19, and Wm. R. Smith elected.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, OSHKOSH.

HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1847.

Convened at Madison, January 4, and adjourned February 11, 1847.

COUNCIL.

President—Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—John Bevins.

Brown, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling.

Milwaukee—Horatio N. Wells.

Racine—Frederick S. Lovell, Marshall M. Strong.

Walworth—Henry Clark.

Rock—Andrew Palmer.

Iowa and Richland—William Singer.

Waukesha—Joseph Turner.

Crawford—Benjamin F. Manahan.

Grant—Orris McCartney.

Dane, Green and Sauk—Alexander L. Collins.

Dodge and Jefferson—John E. Holmes.

Washington and Sheboygan—Chauncy M. Phelps.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—William Shew, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—E. R. Hugunin.

Racine—Uriah Wood, Elisha Raymond.

Walworth—Charles A. Bronson, Palmer Gardiner.

Milwaukee—William Shew, Andrew Sullivan, William W. Brown.

Iowa and Richland—Timothy Burns, James D. Jenkins, Thomas Chilton.

Grant—Armstead C. Brown, William Richardson.

Dane, Green and Sauk—Charles Lum, William A. Wheeler, John W. Stewart.

Sheboygan and Washington—Harrison C. Hobart.

Dodge and Jefferson—George W. Green, John T. Haight, James Giddings.

Rock—Jared G. Winslow, James M. Burgess.

Waukesha—Joseph Bond, Chauncey F. Heath.

Crawford—Joseph W. Furber.

Brown, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Elisha Morrow, Hugh McFarlane.

SPECIAL SESSION, 1847.

Convened October 18, and adjourned October 27, 1847.

COUNCIL.

President—Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Edward P. Lockhart.

Racine—Frederick S. Lovell, Philo White.

Rock—Andrew Palmer.

Iowa, La Fayette and Richland—Ninian E. Whitesides.

Washington and Sheboygan—Chauncy M. Phelps.

Walworth—Henry Clark.

Grant—Orris McCartney.

Dane, Green and Sauk—Alexander L. Collins.

Milwaukee—Horatio N. Wells.

Waukesha—Joseph Turner.

Jefferson and Dodge—John E. Holmes.

Crawford, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe—Benjamin F. Manahan.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Isaac P. Walker, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk* — La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — E. R. Hugunin.

Racine — G. F. Newell, Dudley Cass.

Walworth — Eleazer Wakeley, George Walworth.

Iowa, La Fayette and Richland — Timothy Burns, M. M. Cothren, Charles Pole.

Milwaukee — Isaac P. Walker, James Holliday, Asa Kinney.

Grant — Noah H. Virgin, Daniel R. Burt.

Dane, Green and Sauk — E. T. Gardner, Alexander Botkin, John W. Stewart.

Jefferson and Dodge — Levi P. Drake, Horace D. Patch, James Hanrahan.

Crawford, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe — Henry Jackson.

Washington and Sheboygan — Benjamin H. Mooers.

Waukesha — George Reed, L. Martin.

Rock — Daniel C. Babcock, George H. Williston.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — Moses S. Gibson, G. W. Featherstonhaugh.

SECOND SESSION, 1848,

Convened February 7, and adjourned March 13, 1848.

COUNCIL.

President — Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary* — Thomas McHugh. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — Edward P. Lockhart.

Iowa, La Fayette and Richland — Ninian E. Whitesides.

Waukesha — Joseph Turner.

Dodge and Jefferson — John E. Holmes.

Chippewa, Crawford, La Pointe, and St. Croix — Benjamin F. Manahan.

Racine — Frederick S. Lovell, Philo White.

Walworth — Henry Clark.

Rock — Andrew Palmer.

Grant — Orris McCartney.

Dane, Green and Sauk — Alexander L. Collins.

Milwaukee — Horatio N. Wells.

Sheboygan and Washington — Chauncy M. Phelps.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — Mason C. Darling.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Timothy Burns, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk* — La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — John Mullanphy.

Iowa, La Fayette and Richland — Timothy Burns, Charles Pole, M. M. Cothren.

Grant — Noah H. Virgin, Daniel R. Burt.

Sheboygan and Washington — Benj. H. Mooers.*

Dane, Green and Sauk — E. T. Gardner, John W. Stewart, Alexander Botkin.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — G. W. Featherstonhaugh, Moses S. Gibson.

Racine — G. F. Newell, Dudley Cass.

Walworth — Eleazer Wakeley, George Walworth.

Rock — Daniel C. Babcock, George H. Williston.

Milwaukee — Isaac P. Walker, James Holliday, Asa Kinney.

Waukesha — George Reed, Leonard Martin.

Dodge and Jefferson — Levi P. Drake, Horace D. Patch, James Hanrahan.

Chippewa, Crawford, La Pointe and St. Croix — Henry Jackson.

* Resigned his seat because a bill in relation to Washington County was rejected.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS.

FIRST CONVENTION.

The first Constitutional Convention assembled at Madison on the 5th day of October, 1846, and adjourned on the 16th day of December, 1846, having framed a constitution, which was submitted to a vote of the people on the first Tuesday in April, 1847, and the same was rejected.

The convention was composed of the following gentlemen:

- President* — Don A. J. Upham, of Milwaukee. *Secretary* — La Fayette Kellogg.
- Brown* — David Agry, Henry S. Baird.
- Calumet* — Lemuel Goodell.
- Columbia* — Jeremiah Drake, La Fayette Hill.
- Crawford* — Peter A. R. Brace.
- Dane* — John Y. Smith, Abel Dunning, Benjamin Fuller, George B. Smith, Nathaniel F. Hyer, John M. Babcock.
- Dodge* — William M. Dennis, Stoddard Judd, Hiram Barber, Benjamin Granger, Horace D. Patch, John H. Manahan.
- Fond du Lac* — Warren Chase, Lorenzo Hazen, Moses S. Gibson.
- Grant* — Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson, Lorenzo Bevans, Neeley Gray, J. Allen Barber, James Gilmore, Franklin Z. Hicks, Daniel R. Burt, James R. Vineyard.
- Green* — Davis Bowen, Noah Phelps, William C. Green, Hiram Brown.
- Iowa* — William R. Smith, Moses M. Strong, Daniel M. Parkinson, Thomas Jenkins, William J. Madden, Ninian E. Whitesides, Joshua L. White, Thomas James, Andrew Burnside, Moses Meeker, Elihu B. Goodell.
- Jefferson* — Patrick Rogan, Theodore Prentiss, Aaron Rankin, Elihu L. Attwood, Samuel T. Clothier, Peter H. Turner, George Hyer.
- La Pointe* — James P. Hays.
- Marquette* — Samuel W. Beall.
- Manitowoc* — Evander M. Soper.
- Milwaukee* — Don A. J. Upham, Francis Huebschmann, Wallace W. Graham, Garret Vliet, John Crawford, Asa Kinney, Garret M. Fitzgerald, John Cooper. John H. Tweedy, James Magone, Horace Chase, Charles E. Browne.
- Portage* — Henry C. Goodrich.
- Racine* — Edward G. Ryan, Marshall M. Strong, Frederick S. Lovell, Elijah Steele, Stephen O. Bennett, Nathaniel Dickinson, Daniel Harkin, Chauncey Kellogg, Haynes Finch, Chatfield H. Parsons, Victor M. Willard, James H. Hall, James B. Cartter, T. S. Stockwell.*
- Rock* — A. Hyatt Smith, David Noggle, Sanford P. Hammond, James Chamberlain, Joseph S. Pierce, George B. Hall, David L. Mills, John Hackett, Joseph Kinney, Jr., Israel Inman, Jr.
- Richland* — Edward Coumbe.
- Sauk* — Wm. H. Clark.
- St. Croix* — William Holcombe.
- Sheboygan* — David Giddings.
- Washington* — Bostwick O'Connor, Edward H. Janssen, Patrick Toland, Charles J. Kern, Hopewell Coxe, Joel F. Wilson.
- Waukegan* — Andrew E. Elmore, Pitts Ellis, George Reed, Elisha W. Edgerton, Rufus Parks, William R. Hesk, Barnes Babcock, Charles Burchard,† James M. Moore, Benjamin Hunkins, Alexander W. Randall.
- Walworth* — Solmous Wakeley, Joseph Bowker, Charles M. Baker, John W. Boyd, William Bell, Lyman H. Seaver, Sewall Smith, Josiah Topping, William Berry, M. T. Hawes.‡
- Winnebago* — James Duane Doty.

* This gentleman never took his seat.

† Seat unsuccessfully contested by Matthias J. Bovee

‡ This gentleman never took his seat.

SECOND CONVENTION.

This Convention assembled at Madison, on the 15th of December, 1847, and adjourned on the 1st of February, 1848, having framed a Constitution which was submitted to a vote of the people on the second Monday in March following, and the same was adopted. The Convention was constituted as follows: Messrs. Samuel W. Beall, Warren Chase, Stoddard Judd, Theodore Prentiss, Garret M. Fitzgerald and Frederick S. Lovell, being the only members of the first Convention who were elected to the second; the members of the first, in almost every county, declining a re-election.

President—Morgan L. Martin, of Brown. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh.

Brown—Morgan L. Martin.

Calumet—G. W. Featherstonhaugh.

Chippewa and Crawford—Daniel G. Fenton.

Columbia—James T. Lewis.

Dane—Charles M. Nichols, William A. Wheeler, William H. Fox.

Dodge—Stoddard Judd, Samuel W. Lyman, Charles H. Larrabee.

Fond du Lac—Samuel W. Beall, Warren Chase.

Grant—George W. Lakin, John H. Rountree, Alexander D. Ramsay, Orsamus Cole, William Richardson.

Green—James Biggs, William McDowell.

Iowa—Stephen P. Hollenbeck, Charles Bishop, Joseph Ward.

Jefferson—Theodore Prentiss, Milo Jones, Abram Vanderpool, Jonas Folts.

La Fayette—Charles Dunn, Allen Warden, John O'Connor.

Marquette and Winnebago—Harrison Reed.

Milwaukee—Byron Kilbourn, Rufus King, Charles H. Larkin, John L. Doran, Garret M. Fitzgerald, Moritz Schœffler, Albert Fowler.

Portage—William H. Kennedy.

Racine—Theodore Secor, Samuel R. McClellan, Horace T. Sanders, Frederick S. Lovell, Stephen A. Davenport, Andrew B. Jackson, Albert G. Cole, James D. Reymert.

Rock—Almerin M. Carter, Ezra A. Foot, Edward V. Whiton, Paul Crandall, Joseph Colley, Louis P. Harvey.

St. Croix—George W. Brownell.

Sheboygan and Manitowoc—Silas Steadman.

Walworth—James Harrington, Augustus C. Kinne, George Gale, Experience Estabrook, Hollis Latham, Ezra A. Mulford.

Washington—Patrick Pentony James Fagan, Harvey G. Turner.

Waukesha—Peter D. Gifford, George Scagel, Squire S. Case, Alfred L. Castleman, Emulous P. Cotton, Eleazer Root.

STATE GOVERNMENT OF WISCONSIN.

FROM ITS ORGANIZATION.

NOTE -- The term of office of all elective state officers commences on the first Monday in January of the odd numbered years. Previous to the constitutional amendment of 1882, the term of office began in the even numbered years.

GOVERNORS.

Nelson Dewey, - - -	Lancaster, - - -	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 5, 1852
Leonard J. Farwell, - -	Madison. - - -	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Wm. A. Barstow, - - -	Waukesha, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Mar. 21, 1856
Arthur McArthur, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Mar. 21, 1856, to Mar. 25, 1856
Coles Bashford, - - -	Oshkosh, - - -	from Mar. 25, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Alex. W. Randall, - - -	Waukesha, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 6, 1862
Louis P. Harvey, - - -	Shopiere, - - -	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Apr. 19, 1862
Edward Salomon, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Apr. 19, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
James T. Lewis, - - -	Columbus, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 1, 1866
Lucius Fairchild, - - -	Madison, - - -	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 1, 1872
C. C. Washburn, - - -	La Crosse, - - -	from Jan. 1, 1872, to Jan. 5, 1874
William R. Taylor - - -	Cottage Grove, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 3, 1876
Harrison Ludington, - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1876, to Jan. 7, 1878
Wm. E. Smith, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Jere niah M. Rusk, - - -	Viroqua, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 7, 1889
William D. Hoard, - - -	Ft. Atkinson, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1889, to Jan. 5, 1891
George W. Peck, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
William H. Upham, - - -	Marshfield, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 4, 1897
Edward Scofield, - - -	Oconto - - -	from Jan. 4, 1897, to

LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS.

John E. Holmes, - - -	Jefferson, - - -	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
Samuel W. Beal, - - -	Taycheedah, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852
Timothy Burns, - - -	La Crosse, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
James T. Lewis, - - -	Columbus, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
Arthur McArthur, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
E. D. Campbell, - - -	La Crosse, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Butler G. Noble, - - -	Whitewater, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
Edward Salomon, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Apr. 19, 1862
Wyman Spooner, - - -	Elkhorn, - - -	from Jan. 14, 1863, to Jan. 3, 1870
Thaddeus C. Pound, - -	Chippewa Falls, - -	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 1, 1872
Milton H. Pettit, - - -	Kenosha, - - -	from Jan. 1, 1872, to Mar. 23, 1873
Charles D. Parker, - - -	Pleasant Valley, - -	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
James M. Bingham, - - -	Chippewa Falls, - -	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Sam S. Fifield, - - -	Ashland, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Geo. W. Ryland, - - -	Lancaster, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Charles Jonas, - - -	Racine, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Apr. 4, 1894
Emil Bensch, - - -	Manitowoc, - - -	from Jan. 8, 1895, to

SECRETARIES OF STATE.

Thos. McHugh,	- - -	Delavan,	- - -	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
Wm. A. Barstow,	- - -	Waukesha,	- - -	from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852
C. D. Robinson,	- - -	Green Bay,	- - -	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Alex. T. Gray,	- - -	Janesville,	- - -	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
David W. Jones,	- - -	Belmont,	- - -	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 2, 1860
Louis P. Harvey,	- - -	Shopiere,	- - -	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
James T. Lewis,	- - -	Columbus,	- - -	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
Lucius Fairchild,	- - -	Madison,	- - -	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 1, 1866
Thomas S. Allen,	- - -	Mineral Point,	- - -	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870
Llewellyn Breese,	- - -	Portage,	- - -	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874
Peter Doyle,	- - -	Prairie du Chien,	- - -	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
Hans. B. Warner,	- - -	Ellsworth,	- - -	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Ernst G. Timme,	- - -	Kenosha,	- - -	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 5, 1891
Thomas J. Cunningham,	- - -	Chippewa Falls,	- - -	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
Henry Casson,	- - -	Viroqua,	- - -	from Jan. 7, 1895, to

STATE TREASURERS.

Jairus C. Fairchild,	- - -	Madison,	- - -	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 5, 1852
Edward H. Janssen,	- - -	Cedarburg,	- - -	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 7, 1856
Charles Kuehn,	- - -	Manitowoc,	- - -	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Samuel D. Hastings,	- - -	Trempealeau,	- - -	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 1, 1866
William E. Smith,	- - -	Fox Lake,	- - -	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870
Henry Baetz,	- - -	Manitowoc,	- - -	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874
Ferdinand Kuehn,	- - -	Milwaukee,	- - -	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
Richard Guenther,	- - -	Oshkosh,	- - -	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Edward C. McFetridge,	- - -	Beaver Dam,	- - -	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Henry B. Harshaw,	- - -	Oshkosh,	- - -	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
John Hunner,	- - -	Eau Claire,	- - -	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
Sewell A. Peterson,	- - -	Rice Lake,	- - -	from Jan. 7, 1895, to

ATTORNEYS GENERAL.

James S. Brown,	- - -	Milwaukee,	- - -	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
S. Park Coon,	- - -	Milwaukee,	- - -	from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852
Experience Estabrook,	- - -	Geneva,	- - -	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
George B. Smith,	- - -	Madison,	- - -	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
William R. Smith,	- - -	Mineral Point,	- - -	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Gabriel Bouck,	- - -	Oshkosh,	- - -	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
James H. Howe,	- - -	Green Bay,	- - -	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Oct. 7, 1862
Winfield Smith,	- - -	Milwaukee,	- - -	from Oct. 7, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1866
Charles R. Gill,	- - -	Watertown,	- - -	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870
Stephen S. Barlow,	- - -	Dellona,	- - -	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874
A. Scott Sloan,	- - -	Beaver Dam,	- - -	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
Alexander Wilson,	- - -	Mineral Point,	- - -	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Leander F. Frisby,	- - -	West Bend,	- - -	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Charles E. Estabrook,	- - -	Manitowoc,	- - -	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
James L. O'Connor,	- - -	Madison,	- - -	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
William H. Mylrea,	- - -	Wausau,	- - -	from Jan. 7, 1895, to

STATE SUPERINTENDENTS.

(Office created August 16, 1843.)

Eleazer Root,	- - -	Waukesha,	- - -	from Jan. 1, 1849, to Jan. 5, 1852
Azel P. Ladd,	- - -	Shullsburg,	- - -	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Hiram A. Wright,	- - -	Prairie du Chien,	- - -	from Jan. 2, 1854, to May 23, 1855
A. Constantine Barry,	- - -	Racine,	- - -	from June 26, 1855, to Jan. 4, 1858
Lyman C. Draper,	- - -	Madison,	- - -	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860

STATE SUPERINTENDENTS — Continued.

Josiah L. Pickard, - -	Platteville, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Sept. 30, 1861
John G. McMynn, - -	Racine, - - -	from Oct. 1, 1864, to Jan. 6, 1868
Alexander J. Craig, - ,	Madison, - - -	from Jan. 6, 1868, to July 6, 1870
Samuel Fallows, - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from July 6, 1870, to Jan. 4, 1874
Edward Searing, - -	Milton, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
William C. Whitford, - -	Milton, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Robert Graham, - -	Oshkosh, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Jerse B. Thayer, - -	River Falls, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Oliver E. Wells, - -	Appleton, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
John Q. Emery, - -	Albion, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1895, to

BANK COMPTROLLERS.

(Office created by Chapter 479, Laws 1852—Abolished January 3, 1870, Chapter 28, Laws of 1868.)

James S. Baker, - - -	Green Bay, - - -	from Nov. 20, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
William M. Dennis, - -	Watertown, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 4, 1858
Joel C. Squires, - - -	Mineral Point, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Gysbert Van Steenwyk, -	Kilbourn City, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
William H. Ramsey, - -	Ozaukee, - - -	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1866
Jeremiah M. Rusk, - -	Viroqua, - - -	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870

STATE PRISON COMMISSIONERS.

(Office created by Chapter 24, Laws of 1853—Abolished January 4, 1874, by Chapter 193, Laws of 1873.)

John Taylor, - - -	Waupun, - - -	from Mar. 23, 1853, to Apr. 2, 1853
Henry Brown, - - -	Fond du Lac, - - -	from Apr. 2, 1853, to Jan. 2, 1854
Argalus W. Starks, - -	Baraboo, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
Edward McGarry, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Edward MacGraw, - - -	Sheboygan, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Hans C. Heg, - - -	Waterford, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
Alexander P. Hodges, -	Oshkosh, - - -	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
Henry Cordier, - - -	Waupun, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 3, 1870
George F. Wheeler, - -	Springvale, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 4, 1874

STATE COMMISSIONERS OF IMMIGRATION.

(Office created by Chap. 155, Laws of 1871—Abolished January 3, 1876, by Chap. 238, Laws of 1874)

Ole C. Johnson, - - -	Beloit, - - -	from Apr. 3, 1871, to Jan. 5, 1874
Martin J. Argard, - -	Eau Claire, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 3, 1876

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

Office created by Section 8 of Chapter 273, Laws of 1874; made elective by Chapter 300, Laws of 1881.)

John W. Hoyt, - - -	Madison, - - -	from Apr. 29, 1874, to Mar. 10, 1876
Geo. H. Paul, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Apr. 29, 1874, to Mar. 10, 1876
Joseph H. Osborn, - -	Oshkosh, - - -	from Apr. 29, 1874, to Mar. 10, 1876
Dana C. Lamb, - - -	Fond du Lac, - - -	from Mar. 10, 1876, to Feb. 1, 1876
A. J. Turner, - - -	Portage, - - -	from Feb. 1, 1878, to Feb. 15, 1882
N. P. Haugen, - - -	River Falls, - - -	from Feb. 15, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Atley Peterson, - - -	Soldiers' Grove, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Thomas Thompson, - -	Independence, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
Duncan J. McKenzie, -	Alma, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1895, to

INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS.

(By Chapter 56, Section 32, General Laws of 1867, the Secretary of State was Commissioner of Insurance *ex-officio* until the passage of Chapter 214, Laws of 1878, creating the office of Insurance Commissioner, which office was made elective by Chapter 300, Laws of 1881.)

Philip L. Spooner, Jr., Madison,	- - - - -	from Apr. 1, 1878, to Jan. 3, 1887
Philip Cheek, Jr., Baraboo,	- - - - -	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Wilbur M. Root, Sheboygan,	- - - - -	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
William A. Fricke, Milwaukee,	- - - - -	from Jan. 7, 1895, to.....

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

(The Supreme Court was not separately organized until 1853, previous to which the Judges of the Circuit Court were *ex-officio* Justices of the Supreme Court.)

Name.	Circuit.	Date oath of office.	Exp'n of term.
Alex. W. Stow, C. J.,	- - - - 4th	August 28, 1848,	to Jan. 1, 1853
Edward V. Whiton, A. J.,	- - - - 1st	August 28, 1848,	to June 1, 1851
Levi Hubbell, A. J.,*	- - - - 2d	August 28, 1848,	to June 1, 1853
Charles H. Larrabee, A. J.,	- - - - 3d	August 28, 1848,	to June 1, 1853
Mortimer M. Jackson, A. J.,	- - - - 5th	August 28, 1848,	to June 1, 1853
Timothy O. Howe, A. J.,	- - - - 4th	January 1, 1851,	to June 1, 1853
Wiram Knowlton, A. J.,	- - - - 6th	August 6, 1850,	to June 1, 1853

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT—SEPARATE ORGANIZATION.

Name.	Title.	Date.	Exp'n of term.
Edward V. Whiton,	- - - - C. J.	June 1, 1853,	to Apr. 12, 1859
Luther S. Dixon,	- - - - C. J.	April 20, 1850,	to June 17, 1874
Edward G. Ryan,	- - - - C. J.	June 17, 1874,	to Oct. 19, 1880
Orsamus Cole,	- - - - C. J.	Nov. 11, 1880,	to 1st M. Jan. 1892
Samuel Crawford,	- - - - A. J.	June 1, 1853,	to June 19, 1855
Abram D. Smith,	- - - - A. J.	June 1, 1853,	to June 21, 1859
Orsamus Cole,	- - - - A. J.	June 19, 1855,	to Nov. 11, 1884
Byron Paine,	- - - - A. J.	June 21, 1859,	to Nov. 15, 186
Jason Downer,	- - - - A. J.	Nov. 15, 1851,	to Sept. 11, 1867
Byron Paine,	- - - - A. J.	Sept. 11, 1867,	to Jan. 13, 1871
William P. Lyon,†*	- - - - J.	Jan. 20, 1871,	to 1st M. Jan., 1894
David Taylor,	- - - - J.	April 18, 1878,	to Apr. 3, 1896
Harlow S. Orton,§*	- - - - J.	Apr. 18, 1878,	to 1st M. Jan., 1898
John B. Cassoday,*	- - - - J.	Nov 11, 1880,	to 1st M. Jan., 1900
John B. Winslow,	- - - - J.	May 4, 1891,	to 1st M. Jan., 1906
Silas U. Pinney,	- - - - J.	Jan. 1, 1892,	to 1st M. Jan., 1902
Alfred W. Newman,	- - - - J.	Jan. 1, 1894,	to 1st M. Jan., 1904
Roujet D. Marshall,	- - - - J.	Aug. 5, 1895,	to 1st M. Jan., 1898

CLERKS OF SUPREME COURT.

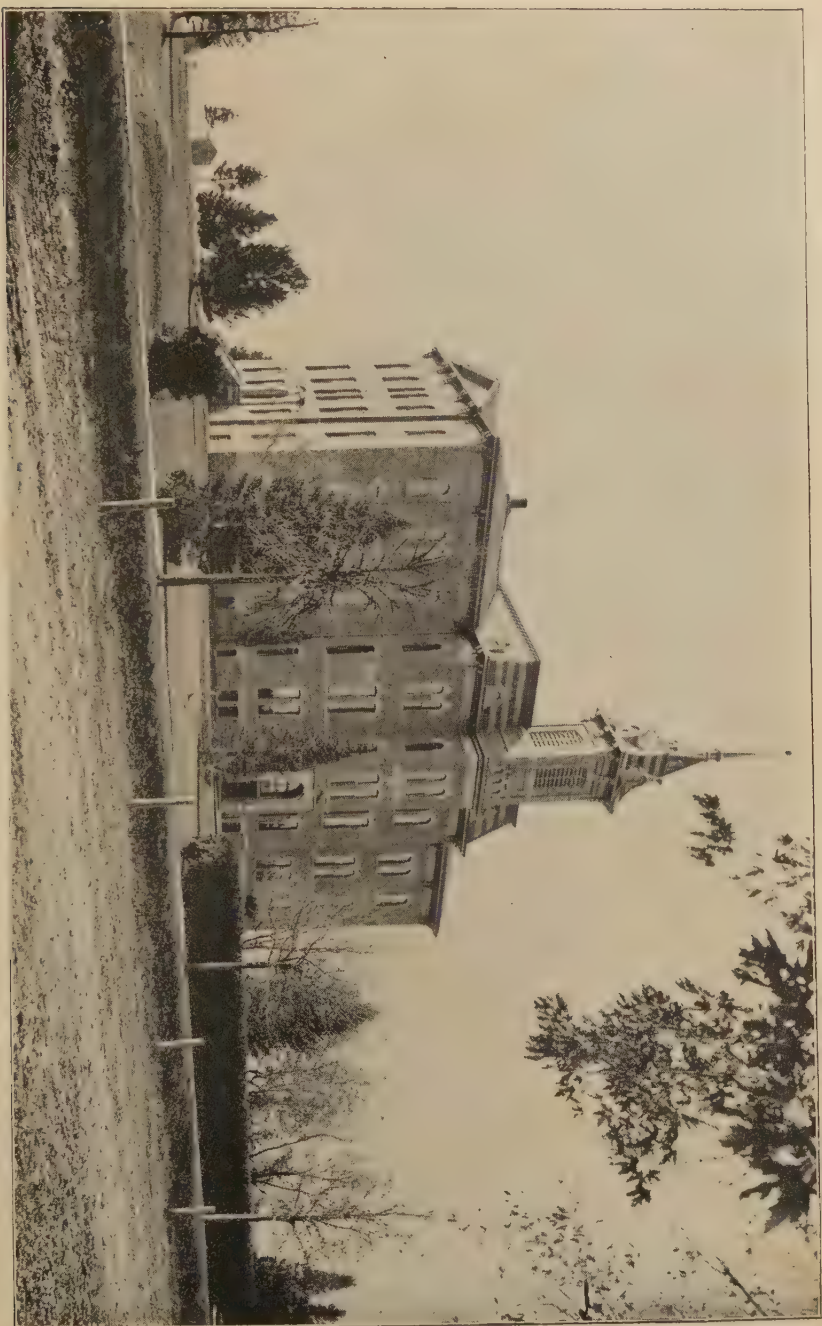
J. R. Brigham	- - -	Appointed August term,	- - - - -	1848
Samuel W. Beale,	- - -	Appointed December 12,	- - - - -	1851
Lafayette Kellogg,	- - -	Appointed June 1,	- - - - -	1853
Clarence Kellogg,	- - -	Appointed June 11,	- - - - -	1878

*Elected Chief Justice June 18, 1851.

†Became Chief Justice on 1st M. Jan., 1892. ‡Deceased Apr. 3, 1891. §Became Chief Justice on 1st M. Jan., 1894.

Died July 4, 1895.

*Ex-officio Chief Justice.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, RIVER FALLS.

HENRY GUTHRIE CO., MILWAUKEE.

CIRCUIT JUDGES SINCE SEPARATE ORGANIZATION.

Circuit.	Name.	Term of Service	Circuit.	Name.	Term of service.
1	Wyman Spooner.....	1853	7	Geo. W. Cate.....	1854 to 1875.
	James R. Doolittle.....	1853 to 1856.		G. L. Park.....	1875 to 1884.
	C. M. Baker.....	1856 to 1857.		Chas. M. Webb.....	1884 to
	J. M. Keep.....	1857 to 1859.	8.	S. S. N. Fuller.....	1855 to 1860.
	David Noggle.....	1859 to 1865.		Henry D. Barron.....	1860
	Wm. P. Lyon.....	1865 to 1871.		L. P. Weatherby.....	1860 to 1866.
	Robert Harkness.....	1871 to 1875.		H. L. Humphrey.....	1866 to 1877.
	Ira C. Paine.....	1875 to 1876.		E. B. Bundy.....	1878 to 1897.
	J. T. Wentworth.....	1876 to 1884.		Eugene W. Helms.....	1897 to
	John B. Winslow.....	1884 to 1891.	9.	A. L. Collins.....	1855 to 1858.
	Frank M. Fish.....	1891 to		L. S. Dixon.....	1858 to 1859.
2.	Alex. W. Randall.....	1856		H. S. Orton.....	1859 to 1864.
	Arthur McArthur.....	1856 to 1869.		Alva Stewart.....	1864 to 1889.
	Jason Downer.....	1869	10.	Robert G. Siebecker.....	1889 to
	D. W. Small.....	1869 to 1880.		S. R. Cotton.....	1855 to 1861.
	Charles A. Hamilton.....	1880 to 1888.		Edwin Wheeler.....	1861 to 1863.
	D. H. Johnson.....	1888 to		G. W. Washburn.....	1863 to 1870.
3	C. H. Larrabee.....	1853 to 1858		Ezra T. Sprague.....	1870 to 1872.
	A. Scott Sloan.....	1858 to 1859.		E. H. Ellis.....	1872 to 1879.
	John E. Mann.....	1859 to 1867.		Geo. H. Meyers.....	1880 to 1892.
	D. J. Pulling.....	1867 to 1873.		John Goodland.....	1892 to
	Eli C. Lewis.....	1873 to 1874.	11.	S. H. Clough.....	1864 to 1877.
	D. J. Pulling.....	1874 to 1885.		H. D. Barron.....	1877 to 1882.
	Geo. W. Burnell.....	1885 to		S. H. Clough.....	1882 to 1889.
4.	Wm. R. Gorsline.....	1853 to 1858.		R. D. Marshall.....	1889 to 1896.
	David Taylor.....	1858 to 1869.		A. J. Vinje.....	1896 to
	Cambell McLean.....	1869 to 1881.	12.	S. H. Conger.....	1871 to 1883.
	N. S. Gilson.....	1881 to		John R. Bennett.....	1883 to
5.	M. M. Cothren.....	1853 to 1865.	13.	A. W. Newman.....	1877 to 1878**
	J. T. Mills.....	1865 to 1877.		* A. Scott Sloan.....	1881 to 1895.
	M. M. Cothren.....	1877 to 1883.		Warham Parks.....	1895 to 1896.
	Geo. Clementson.....	1883 to		James J. Dick.....	1896 to
6.	Geo. Gale.....	1856 to 1861.	14.	S. D. Hastings, Jr.....	1884 to
	Isaac E. Messmore.....	1861 to 1862.		J. K. Parish.....	1888 to
	Edwin Flint.....	1862 to 1869.	16.	C. V. Bardeen.....	1891 to ****
	Romanzo Bunn.....	1869 to 1877.		Wm. F. Bailey.....	1891 to ****
	A. W. Newman.....	1878 to 1893.	17.		
	Joseph M. Morrow.....	1894			
	Orvis B. Wyman.....	1894 to			

** Changed to 6th circuit.

* Died April 8, 1895.

**** Created in 1891.

MEMBERS OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURES.

FROM 1848 TO 1897, INCLUSIVE.

SENATORS.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Abert, George A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877, 78, b.
Abrams, Wm. J.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1868, 69, b.
Ackley, Henry M.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1882, 83.
Adams, Henry.....	Monticello, Green.....	1866, 67, 68, 69, b.
Adams, John.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1882, 83, b.
Adams, John Q.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1854, 55, 56, b.
Alban, James S.....	Plover, Portage.....	1852, 53.
Allen, Benjamin.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1853, 54.
Altpeter, Oscar.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893, 95.
Anderson, Matthew.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1878, 79, 80, 81, b.
Andrews, Abram D.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1873, 79.
Apple, Adam.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1891, 93, b.
Arnold, Alexander A.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1877, 78, b.
Austin William H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895, 97.
Avery, Frank.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1889, 91, b.
Bacon, Orrin.....	Monticello, Green.....	1872, 73, b.
Bailey, Dana R.....	Baldwin, St. Croix.....	1878, 79.
Baker, Robert H.....	Racine, Racine.....	1873, 75, 76.
Baldwin, George.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1870, 71, b.
Barber, J. Allen.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1856, 57, b.
Barden, Levi W.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1875, 76, 77, 78, b.
Barlow, Stephen S.....	Delton, Sauk.....	1868, 69, b.
Barnes, S. W.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1856, 57.
Barney, John A.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1875, 76.
Bashford, Robert M.....	Madison, Dane.....	1893, 95.
Burnum, George S.....	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1865, 66, b.
Barron, Henry D.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1874, 75, 76, b.
Bartlett, M. D.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1862, 63.
Bartlett, Oscar F.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1860, 61.
Bashford, Coles.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1853, 54, 55.
Baxter, Charles H.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1893, 95, 97.
Bean, Samuel C.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1857, 58, 61, 62.
Rechtner, Paul.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891, 93.
Belden, Philo.....	Rochester, Racine.....	1871, 72, b.
Bennett, Alden I.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1858, 59, 60, 61.
Bennett, George.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1860, 61.
Bennett, Joseph B.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1879, 80.
Bennett, Stephen O.....	Raymond, Racine.....	1851, 52, b.
Bennett, Van S.....	Rockton, Vernon.....	1882, 83, b.
Bently, John A.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1865, 66.
Billings, Henry M.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1848, b.
Black, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874, 75, b.
Blackstone, John W.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1880, 81.
Blake, Edward R.....	Port Washington, Ozaukee.....	1883, 85, b.
Blair, Andrew M.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1853, 54.
Blair, William.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77.
Bleekman, Adelbert E.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1874, 75, b.
Bohan, John R.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1863, 64, b.
Bones, Thomas A.....	Racine, Racine.....	1877, 78.
Rotkin, Alexander.....	Madison, Dane.....	1840, 50, b.
Bovee, Marvin H.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1853.
Rowen, Ezra B.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1854, 55.
Rowen, Thomas S.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1852, 53.
Bowman, Jonathan.....	Kilbourn City, Columbia.....	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Boyd, John W.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1848, 49, 58, 59.
Bragg, Edward S.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1866, 69.
Briggs, John R., Jr., ..	Beloit, Rock.....	1853.
Brown, Neal.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1893, 95, b.
Brown, Orlando.....	Modena, Buffalo.....	1872, 73, h.
Browne, Edward L.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1861, 62, 67, 68.
Bryant, George E.....	Madison, Dane.....	1875, 76.
Buckstaff, Geo. H.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1887, 89, b.
Budlong, S. W.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1865, 66.
Bugh, Samuel G.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1851, 52.
Bull, Benjamin.....	Freire du Chien, Crawford.....	1866, 67.
Bull, Hiram C.....	Madison, Dane.....	1857.
Burchard, Samuel D.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1870, 71, 73, 74.
Burdge, R. J.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1879, 80, 91, 93, b.
Burdick, Zebulon P.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1859, 60, b.
Burke, Michael E.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1895, 97.
Burrows, George B.....	Madison, Dane.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Butt, Cyrus M.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1869, 70.
Cameron, Angus.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1863, 64, 71, 72, b.
Campbell, Archibald.....	Middlebury, Iowa.....	1878, 79.
Campbell, Francis.....	Gratiot, Lafayette.....	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Carey, John.....	Osmon, Manitowoc.....	1883, 85, 87, b.
Carter, Benjamin F.....	Sherwood, Calumet.....	1880, 81, b.
Cary, John W.....	Racine, Racine.....	1863, 64, b.
Cary, Luther H.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1861, 62, b.
Case, Jerome I.....	Racine, Racine.....	1865, 66.
Cate, N. S.....	De Sota, Vernon.....	1862.
Cavanaugh, Daniel.....	Osceola, Fond du Lac.....	1876, 77, b.
Chandler, John A.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1865, 66.
Chandler, Willard H.....	Windsor, Dane.....	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Chappel, William.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1858, 59, b.
Chase, C. S.....	Racine, Racine.....	1857, 58.
Chase, Enoch.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882, 83, b.
Chase, Warren.....	Ceresco, Fond du Lac.....	1848, 49.
Chipman, William E.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1879, 80.
Clapp, J. D.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1863, 64.
Clark, Satterlee.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, b.
Clark, Temple.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1857, 58.
Clawson, P. J.....	Monroe, Green.....	1889, 91.
Clement, Charles.....	Racine, Racine.....	1855, 56.
Cobb, Amasa.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1855, 56, b.
Cole, Samuel.....	Gratiot, Lafayette.....	1861, 62, 65, 66, b.
Colladay, William M.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1871, 72, b.
Colman, Edward.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1882, 83.
Comstock, Cicero.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859, 60.
Comstock, Noah D.....	Arcadia, Trempealeau.....	1883, 85, b.
Conger, William F.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1896, 97.
Conkey, Theodore.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1851, 52, b.
Conklin, James.....	Madison, Dane.....	1885, 87.
Conner, Henry.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1891, 93.
Cook, E. Fox.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1857, 58.
Cooper, H. A.....	Racine, Racine.....	1887, 89.
Copp, William J.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1868, 69.
Cothren, Montgomery M.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1849, 50.
Cottrell, J. P. C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85.
Cotzhausen, Frederick W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873, 74.
Cox, Charles P.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1860, 61.
Crane, H. O.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1861.
Crosby, Charles F.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1881, 82.
Cunning, Hugh.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1861, 62.
Curtis, Henry W.....	Delton, Sauk.....	1859, 60.
Davis, Horatio N.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Davis, Moses M.....	Portage City, Columbia.....	1857, 58, 59, 60, b.
Davis, Romanzo E.....	Middleton, Dane.....	1870, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77.
Davis, Charles W.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1895, 97.
Dav, C. W.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1887.
Dean, Ellab B., Jr.....	Madison, Dane.....	1851, 52.
Decker, Edward.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1860, 61.
DeGroff, John W.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1887, 89, b.
Delaney, Arthur K.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1881, 82, b.

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SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Dennett, Fred. A.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1897.
Dennis, William M.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1848, 49, b.
Dering, Charles L.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1879, 80.
Deuster, Peter V.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1870, 71, b.
Devos, William H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Dewey, Nelson.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1854, 55.
Dexter, George E.....	Monroe, Green.....	1856, 57.
Douglas, Mark.....	Melrose, Jackson.....	1876, 77, b.
Downs, Daniel L.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1876, 77, b.
Dunn, Charles.....	Belmont, Lafayette.....	1853, 54, 55, 56.
Dyson, T. A.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1887, 89.
Ernest, James H.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1863, 64, 67, 68 b.
Eastman, Enos.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1875, 76, b.
Eastman, J. A.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1850, 51.
Eaton, Henry L.....	Lone Rock, Richland.....	1872, 73, b.
Eagan, Michael, J.....	Franklin, Milwaukee.....	1860, 61, b.
Eldredge, Charles A.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1854, 55.
Ellis, Frederick S.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1864, 65, b.
Ellis, William A.....	Peshigo, Oconto.....	1881, 82.
Elwood, G. De Witt.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1865, 66.
Erwin, Charles K.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1882, 83, 85, 87.
Falconer, Russel C.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1891, 93.
Farr, Asahel.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1876, 77, b.
Fenton, Daniel G.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1848.
Fetzer, John.....	Forestville, Door.....	1885, 91, 93, b.
Ferguson, Benjamin.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1860, 61.
Field, R. C.....	Osseo, Trempealeau.....	1874, 75, b.
Fifield, Sam S.....	Ashland, Ashland.....	1877, 80, 81, b.
Finkelburg, Augustus.....	Fountain City, Buffalo.....	1881, 82, b.
Fisher, Ira W.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1869, 70.
Fisher, James.....	Eastman, Crawford.....	1849, 50, b.
Fisher, Charles T.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1895, 97.
Fitch, George.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1887, 89.
Fitzgerald, John.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1856.
Flint, Edwin.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1862.
Flint, Rockwell, J.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1876, 77, 82, 83, b.
Flint, Waldo S.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1871, 72, b.
Foot, Ezra A.....	Footville, Rock.....	1861, 62, b.
Foster, James H.....	Koro, Winnebago.....	1871, 72, b.
Fratt, Nicholas D.....	Racine, Racine.....	1859, 60.
Fritz, Theodore.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887, 89.
Frost, Geo. L.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1863, 64, b.
Fulton, Marcus A.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1866, 67, b.
Gale, George.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1850, 51.
Gardner, E. T.....	Monroe, Green.....	1848, 49.
Gary, George.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1866, b.
Gernon, Edward.....	Genesee, Waukesha.....	1856, 57.
Gibson, Thomas K.....	Benton, Lafayette.....	1848.
Gibson, William J.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1855, 56, b.
Giddings, James.....	Chester, Dodge.....	1850, 51.
Giles, Hiram H.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1855, 56, 57, 58, b.
Gill, Bolivar G.....	Grafton, Ozaukee.....	1855, 56.
Gill, Charles R.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1860, 61.
Ginty, George O.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1885, 87, b.
Goodell, Lemuel.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1849, 50, b.
Graham, Hiram P.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1874, 75.
Grant, Levi.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1854.
Gray, Hamilton H.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1869, 70, b.
Greene, Walter S.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1873, 74, b.
Greene, Walter S.....	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1887, 89.
Green J. Herbert.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Greulich, Augustus.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857, 58, b.
Griffin, Michael.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1880, 81, b.
Grimmer, George.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1877, 78, 79, 80.
Griswold, William M.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1869, 70, 71, 72, b.
Haben, Andrew.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1879, 80, b.
Habich, Carl.....	Madison, Dane.....	1868, 69.
Hadley, Jackson.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855, 56, b.
Hall, John C.....	Monroe, Green.....	1870, 71.
Hamilton, J. B.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1862, 63, 81, 82.

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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Hanchett, Luther.....	Plover, Portage.....	1857, 58, 59, 60.
Harris, Joseph.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1864, 65.
Harvey, Louis P.....	Shopiere, Rock.....	1854, 55, 56, 57.
Hathaway, Oscar C.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1876, 77, 78, 79.
Hay, Samuel M.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1862, b.
Hazelton, George C.....	Boscobel, Grant.....	1868, 69, 70, 71.
Hazelton, Gerry W.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1861, 62.
Head, Orson S.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1851.
Herrick, Charles.....	Racine, Racine.....	1874.
Hicks, Edward.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1862, 63, b.
Hilgen, Frederick.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1860.
Hill, James.....	Warren, St. Croix.....	1882, 83, b.
Ilner, William H.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1872, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77
Hixon, Gideon C.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1873, 74, b.
Hobart, Harrison C.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1848.
Holloway, John C.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1872, 73, 74, 75, b.
Hood, Thomas.....	Madison, Dane.....	1864, 65.
Hopkins, Benjamin F.....	Madison, Dane.....	1862, 63, b.
Horn, Frederick W.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1848, 49, 50, 91, 93, b.
Hotchkiss, Robert H.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1859, 60, 68, b.
Houghton, Horace E.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1879, 80, b.
Howell, Daniel.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1854, 55
Hoyt, J. W.....	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1885, 87.
Hudd, Thomas, E.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1862, 63.
Hudd, Thomas, R.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1876, 77, 78, 79, 82, 83, 85, b
Huebschmann, Francis.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851, 52, 62, 71, 72.
Hulbert, David B.....	Logansville, Sauk.....	1885, 87, b.
Humphrey, Herman L.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1862, 63, b.
Hunt, George F.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1881, 82.
Hunter, Ed. M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853, 54.
Hutchinson, Buell E.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1860, 61, b.
Hyde, Edwin.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, 80, b.
Hyer, George.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1851, b.
Irish, Joseph E.....	New Richmond, St. Croix.....	1872, 73.
Ives, Edward H.....	Trimbelle, Pierce.....	1870, 71, b.
Jacobs, William H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875, 76.
James, Norman L.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1885, 87, b.
Jenkins, George A.....	Charlestown, Calumet.....	1862, b.
Johnson, John A.....	Madison, Dane.....	1873, 74, b.
Joiner, Lemuel W.....	Wyoming, Iowa.....	1857, 58, 61, 62, 69, 70, b.
Joiner, R. L.....	Wyoming, Iowa.....	1889, 91.
Jonas, Charles.....	Racine, Racine.....	1883, 85, b.
Jones, Evan W.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1873, 74.
Jones, John H.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1871, 72.
Judd, Stoddart.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1866, 67, b.
Kellogg, John A.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1879, 80.
Kelly, David M.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1880, 81, b.
Kelsey, Charles S.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1861, 62, 63, 64, b.
Kelsey, Edwin B.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1855, 56, b.
Kemp, John J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889, 91.
Kennedy, William.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1885, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95
Keogh, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862, 63, b.
Kershaw, William J.....	Big Springs, Adams.....	1869, 70, b.
Keckham, William.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1864, 65, 68, 69.
Kidd, Edward I.....	Millville, Grant.....	1885, 87, 89, 91, b.
Kimball, Alanson M.....	Pine River, Waushara.....	1863, 64.
Kimball, M. L.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1857, 58.
Kingston, John T.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1857, 59, 61, 82, 83, b.
Kingston, J. T. Jr.....	Ashland, Ashland.....	1891, 93.
Kinney, Asa.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848, 49.
Klotz, Ignatius.....	Campbellsport, Fond du Lac.....	1885, 87, b.
Koenitzer, C. A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891, 93.
Kreiss, George.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1872, 73, b.
Kroeger, Herman.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889, 91.
Krouskop, George.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1870, 71, 74, 75.
Kruszka, M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893, 95, b.
Kusel, Frederick.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1881, 82.
Lakin, George W.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1848, 49.
Lamoreux, Clarence A.....	Ashland, Ashland.....	1897.
Lander, H. W.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1868, 69.
Larkin, Charles H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866, 67, 68, 69, b.

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SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Lawrence, William A....	Janesville, Rock.....	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Leahy, John E.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1887, 89, b.
Lees, Robert.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1891, 93, b.
Lewis, James T.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1853, b.
Lincoln, Wyman L.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1865, 66, b.
Lindsley, Myron P.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1872, 73.
Lins, John A.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1885, 87, b.
Little Francis.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Littlejohn, N. M.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1864, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69.
Lochen, Peter.....	Newberg, Washington.....	1887, 89.
Roper, Alonzo A.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1878, 79, b.
Lord, Simon L.....	Edgerton, Rock.....	1883, 85, b.
Lovejoy, A. P.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1887, 89.
Loy, Joseph F.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1854, 55.
Lynde, William Pitt.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869, 70, b.
MacBride, Robert J.....	Nellsville, Clark.....	1891, 93, b.
Magoon, Henry S.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1871, 72.
Mailier, Andrew C.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1897.
Main, Willett S.....	Madison, Dane.....	1889, 91.
Mann, Curtis.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1863, 69.
Manz, Baltus.....	Meeker, Washington.....	1854.
Martin, Levi E.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1893, 95.
Martin, Morgan L.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1858, 59, b.
Masters, E. D.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1859, 60.
Maxon, Densmore W.....	Cedar Creek, Washington.....	1858, 59, 60, 61, b.
Maxwell, Walter S.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1885, 87, b.
Mayer, Stephan F.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1895, 97.
McClellan, Samuel R.....	Wilmot, Kenosha.....	1858, 59.
McCord, Myron H.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1873, 74, b.
McCurdy, Robert.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1873, 74.
McDill, Alexander S.....	Plover, Portage.....	1863, 64, b.
McDonald, Donald A.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1883, 85, b.
McFarland, David.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1875, 76, b.
McFetridge, Edward C.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1879, 80, b.
McGarry, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854, 55, b.
McGeehan, Robert J.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1893, 95, b.
McGrew, Joseph B.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1880, 81, b.
McGillivray, J. J.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1895, 97.
McKeeby, Gilbert E.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1881, 82.
McLane, George R.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1853, 54.
McMullen, John E.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1895, 97.
Mead, M. C.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1889, 91.
Meade, Matt J.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1866, 67.
Mears, Daniel.....	Osceola Mills, Polk.....	1858, 59.
Meffert, William O.....	Arena, Iowa.....	1882, 83.
Merrill, Geo. F.....	Ashland, Ashland.....	1887, 89.
Merrill, Henry.....	Fort Winnebago, Columbia.....	1848, 49.
Messinger, R. N.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.
Miller, Ezra.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1853, 54.
Miller, Wm.....	Rusk, Dunn.....	1889, 91, b.
Mills, Jesse C.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1856, 57.
Mills, Simeon.....	Madison, Dane.....	1848.
Mills, Thomas B.....	Superior, Douglas.....	1895, 97, b.
Miner, Eliphalet S.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1871, 72, b.
Minor, Edward S.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1883, 85, b.
Mitchell, George W.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1862, 63.
Mitchell, John L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, 73, 76, 77.
Montgomery, Edwin.....	Farmington, Jefferson.....	1861, 62, b.
Moore, G. De G.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1850, 51.
Moore, Harvey T.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1874, 75.
Morgan, Lyman.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 79, 80.
Morris, T. D.....	Whitesville, Racine.....	1863, 64.
Mumbrue, Henry C.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1877, 78, b.
Munson, Oliver G.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1897.
Murphy, Dennis.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1849, 50.
Murphy, J. W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, 93, b.
Nash, Wm. F.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1889, 91, 93, b.
Nason, Joel F.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1885, 87.
Nelson, William.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1872, 73.
Nevins, Sylvester L.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1875, 1876.

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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Newman, Alfred W.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau	1868, 69, b.
Norton, Otis W.....	Milton, Rock.....	1848, 49, 50.
Officer, James C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
O'Neill, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1856, 57, b.
O'Rourke, Patrick H.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1873, 74, b.
Paddock, Francis.....	Salem, Kenosha	1855.
Palmer, Andrew.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1851, 52.
Palmer, Henry L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867, 68, b.
Palmetier, Charles.....	Lake Geneva, Walworth.....	1882, 83.
Parry, William T.....	Portage Columbia.....	1883, 85, b.
Paul, George H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878, 79, 80, 81.
Peirce, Clarence E.....	Germania, Marquette.....	1895, 97.
Peterson, E. W.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1889, 91.
Pettibone, C. A.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1887, 89.
Pettit, Milton H.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1870, 71.
Phalen, Dennis T.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1853, 95, b.
Phillips, Albert L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1881, 82, b.
Phillips, Charles H.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1879, b.
Phillips, E. S.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1860, 61.
Phillips, John.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1895, 97.
Phillips, W. H.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1891, 93.
Pier, Edward.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1856, 57, 58, 59.
Pingel, John L.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1882, 83.
Pinckney, Bertine.....	Rosendale, Fond du Lac.....	1852, 53, b.
Pond, L. E.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1887, 89.
Pope, Carl C.....	Black River Falls, Jackson	1864, 65, b.
Potter, Robert L. D.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Pratt, George C.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1862, 63.
Pratt, Samuel.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1870, 71, 72, 73, b.
Pratt, Geo. W.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1891, 93, b.
Prentice, Judson.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1852, 53.
Price, H. H.....	Black River Falls, Jackson	1889, 91.
Price, William T.....	Black River Falls, Jackson	1857, 70, 71, 78, 79, 80, 81, b.
Proudfit, Andrew.....	Madison, Dane.....	1858, 59.
Proudfit, James K.....	Madison, Dane.....	1866, 67.
Purdy, William S.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1863.
Putnam, Henry C.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1895, 97.
Quarles, Joseph V.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1880, 81, b.
Quentin, Charles.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861, 62.
Quimby, John B.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1872, 73, 74, 75.
Randall, Archibald N.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1882, 83.
Rankin, Joseph.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b.
Ranney, Joel W.....	West Salem, La Crosse.....	1867, 68.
Reed, John M.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1874, 75, b.
Reed, Duncan C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850, 51, 52, 53.
Reed, George.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70.
Reed, Myron.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1871, 72.
Reed, Orson.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1868, 67, b.
Reed, William W.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1875, 76, 77, 78, 83, 85, b.
Reynolds, J. C.....	Lake Geneva, Walworth.....	1889, 91.
Reymert, James D.....	Denoon, Waukesha.....	1854, 55, b.
Reynolds, Benoni O.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1878, 79, b.
Reynolds, H. P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864, 65.
Rice, John A.....	Merton, Waukesha.....	1870, 71, 74, 75, 78, 79.
Rich, Joel.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1862, 63.
Richardson, Hamilton.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b.
Richmond, George N.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1878, 79, b.
Ring, M. C.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1885, b.
Ringle, John.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1883, 85, b.
Ritch, William G.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1868.
Rittenhouse, W.....	Monroe, Green.....	1850, 51.
Riordan, Daniel E.....	Eagle River, Oneida.....	1897.
Rodolf, Charles G.....	Orion, Richland.....	1859, 60, b.
Roehr, Julius E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Rolfe, James.....	Jackson, Washington.....	1855.
Rose, Solomon L.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1856, 57, b.
Rounds, William P.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1875, 76, b.
Rountree, John H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1850, 51, 66, 67, b.
Rust, William A.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1887, 89.

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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Ryan, James.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1876, 77.
Ryland, George W.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1880, 81, 82, 83.
Sacket, Hobart S.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, b.
Sanderson, Robert B.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1867, 68, b.
Schantz, Adam.....	Addison, Washington.....	1868, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, b.
Schlichting, Reinhard.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1874, 75.
Schmidt, Carl H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Schneider, Philip.....	Barton, Washington.....	1877, 78, b.
Seofield, Edward.....	Ceonto, Oconto.....	1887, 89.
Schuette, John.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1875, 76.
Schulteis, H. J.....	Port Washington, Ozaukee.....	1867, 68.
Scott, Thomas B.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1873, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Seaton, James W.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1853, b.
Seeley, M. W.....	Marquette, Green Lake.....	1859, 60.
Sessions, Milan H.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1865, 66, b.
Sharpstein, John R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852, 63, b.
Sherman, Benjamin F.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1883, 85, b.
Sholes, Charles C.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1866, 67, b.
Sholes, C. Latham.....	Racine, Racine.....	1848, 49.
Sholes, C. Latham.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1856, 57, b.
Silverman, Lion.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1859.
Silverthorn, Willis C.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1875, 76, b.
Simpson, Edward B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881, 82, b.
Simpson, Philemon B.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1857, 58, 59, 60, b.
Smead, S. M.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1893.
Smith, Augustus L.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1866, 67.
Smith, Horatio N.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1853, 54, b.
Smith, John B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849, 50.
Smith, Patrick H.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1880, 81, 82, 83.
Smith, Perry H.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1856, 57, b.
Smith, William E.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1858, 59, 64, 65, b.
Solliday, Albert.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1891, 93, 95, 97.
Spensley, Calvert.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1893, 95.
Spooner, Wyman.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1862, 63, b.
Sprague, Fred A.....	Eagleville, Waukesha.....	1849, 50.
Squires, Joel C.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1852, 53, b.
Stanchfield, S. B.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1889, 91, b.
Stanley, Wm. S., Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85, b.
Starks, Argalus W.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1866, 67, b.
Stebbins, De Wayne.....	Annapee, Kewaunee.....	1895, 97.
Steele, Elijah.....	Pike, Kenosha.....	1870.
Sterling, Levi.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1851, 52, 53, 54, b.
Stevens, Henry.....	Caledonia Center, Racine.....	1867, 68, 69, 70, b.
Stewart, Alva.....	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1852, 53, b.
Stewart, John W.....	Monroe, Green.....	1860, 61.
Strong, Bennett U.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1870, 71.
Stout, James H.....	Menomonee, Dunn.....	1895, 97.
Sutherland, George E.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1880, 81.
Sutherland, James.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1855, 56, 57, 58.
Swain, George W.....	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1878, 79.
Sweat, John B.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1860, 61, b.
Sweet, Benjamin J.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1861.
Tate, J. Henry.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1876, 77, b.
Taylor, Chas. S.....	Barron, Barron.....	1889, 91, b.
Taylor, David.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1855, 56, 69, 70, b.
Taylor, H. A.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1889.
Taylor, William R.....	Cottage Grove, Dane.....	1859, 60, b.
Thayer, Lyman W.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1893, 95, 97.
Thomas, John E.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1863, 64, b.
Thomas, Ormsby B.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1880, 81.
Thorn, Gerrit T.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1867, 68, b.
Thorp, Frederick O.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67.
Thorp, Hermon S.....	Cypress, Kenosha.....	1862, 63, b.
Thorp, Joseph G.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1866, 67, 72, 73.
Thurber, Samuel H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1859, 60.
Timme, Ernst G.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1895, 97.
Todd, S. J.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1867, 68.
Torry, Return D.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1877, 78.
Town, Hiram S.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1870, 71.
Treat, Joseph B.....	Monroe, Green.....	1876, 77, 78, 79.
Tucker, William H.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1858, 59.
Turner, Harvey G.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1851, 52.

b. See list of Assemblymen.



HENRY GUTLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, MILWAUKEE.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Turner, Joseph.....	Prairieville, Waukesha.....	1848.
Turner, Peter H.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1850, 51.
Utley, William L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1861, 62, b.
Van Schaick, Isaac W....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Van Steenwyck, Gysbert	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1879, 80, b.
Van Wyck, Anthony.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1864, 65, 68, 69.
Vilas, Joseph, Jr.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1863, 64.
Virgin, Noah H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1858, 59, 60, 61.
Vittum, David S.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1853, 54.
Voss, Wm. F.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1891, 93.
Waddington, J. S.....	Argyle, Lafayette.....	1885, 87.
Wagner, Joseph.....	Calvary, Fond du Lac.....	1872, 73, 74, 75, b.
Wakeley, Eleazer.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1852, 53, 54, 55, b.
Walker, Lyman.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1870, 71, b.
Wall, Thomas.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1883, 85, b.
Walsh, Patrick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858, 59, b.
Ware, James F.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1885, 87, b.
Waring, George D.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1869, 70.
Warner, Clement E.....	Windsor, Dane.....	1867, 68, b.
Warner, Hans B.....	Ellsworth, Pierce.....	1883, 85.
Warren, John H.....	Albany, Green.....	1858, 59.
Washburn, G. W.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1859, 60.
Weaver, Richard.....	Sussex, Waukesha.....	1880, 81, b.
Welton, Chauncey B....	Madison, Dane.....	1897.
Webb, Charles M.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1869, 70, 83.
Webb, Henry G.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1865, 66, 67, 68, b.
Wechselberg, Julius.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889, 87.
Weeks, Thompson D.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1874, 75, 93, 95, b.
Well, Baruch S.....	West Bend, Washington....	1853, 55, 57, b.
Welch, David E.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1876, 77, 78, 79, b.
Wescott, Dayne E.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1893, 95.
Wescott, Walter S.....	Monroe, Green.....	1856, 65, b.
West, E. B.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1852.
West, Edmund A.....	Monroe, Green.....	1862, 63, b.
West, Francis H.....	Monroe, Green.....	1854, 55, b.
Whelan, John W.....	Mondovi, Buffalo.....	1897.
Wheeler, Edwin.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1857, 58.
Wheeler, Geo. F.....	Nanauapa, Fond du Lac....	1864, 65, 66, 67.
White, Philo.....	Racine, Racine.....	1848.
Whitehead, John M.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1897.
Whitman, Alexander B..	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1897.
Whitman, Joel.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1867, 68.
Whittlesey, T. T.....	Madison, Dane.....	1853, 54.
Widule, Christian.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887, 89, b.
Wiley, James F.....	Hancock, Waushara.....	1881, 82, 83, 85.
Wilson, Smith S.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1862, 63, 64, 65.
Willard, Victor M.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1849, 50.
Williams, Charles G.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1869, 70, 71, 72.
Williams, Charles H.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1877, 78.
Williams, M. B.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1848, 49.
Williams, Nelson.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1869, 70, b.
Wilmot, Gilead J.....	West Bend, Washington....	1875, 76.
Wilson, DeWitt C.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1868, b.
Wilson, William.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1857.
Wilson, William K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Withee, Levi.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1893, 95, 97.
Wing, Merrick P.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1877, 78, 81, 82.
Wolf, Louis.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1878, 79, b.
Woodman, Edwin E.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1880, 81.
Woodman, William W....	Farmington, Jefferson.....	1869, 70, 71, 72, b.
Woodnorth, J. H.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1891, 93.
Woodworth, D. W.....	Ellsworth, Pierce.....	1895, 97.
Worthington, Denison....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1855, 56, 58, 59, 60, 61, b.
Wright, Hiram A.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1851, 52, b.
Yahr, F. T.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1891, 93.
Youmans, Clarion A.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1895, 97.
Young, Austin H.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1864, 65.
Young, Milas K.....	Glen Haven, Grant.....	1862, 63, 64, 65, b.
Young, Van Eps.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1867.
Young, William.....	Medina, Outagamie.....	1868, 69.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Abbott, Chauncy.....	Madison, Dane.....	1850.
Abbott, Samuel G.....	Verona, Dane.....	1855.
Abbott, Simeon W.....	Spring Valley, Rock.....	1852.
Abell, Alfred H.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1877.
Abert, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861, 62, 63, 68, 69, 70, 72.
Abert, George A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882, 83, 93, b.
Abrams, Delos.....	Bloomington, Grant.....	1875.
Abrams, William J.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1864, 65, 66, 67, b.
Ackermann, Christian.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1895, 97.
Adams, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Adams, Benjamin F.....	Door Creek, Dane.....	1862, 72.
Adams, Ebenezer.....	Yorkville, Racine.....	1855.
Adams, George H.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1864.
Adams, Henry.....	Monticello, Green.....	1848, b.
Adams, Henry C.....	Madison, Dane.....	1883, 85.
Adams, Isaac.....	Door Creek, Dane.....	1867, 75.
Adams, James M.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1870.
Adams, John.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1869, 70, 72, b.
Adams, John Q.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1853, 63, b.
Adams, Michael.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1872, 83.
Adamson, Wm. A.....	Eldorado Mills, Fond du Lac.....	1880.
Adland, Knud.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1879.
Agen, James H.....	West Superior, Douglas.....	1897.
Agry, David.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1848.
Ahlhauser, Anthony.....	Saukville, Ozaukee.....	1860.
Aken, Robert.....	Richland, Richland.....	1856.
Albers, Wilhelm T.....	Hika, Manitowoc.....	1883.
Alcott, Denison.....	Spring Valley, Rock.....	1863.
Alden, Albert.....	Delafield, Waukesha.....	1849, 58, 60.
Alden Alvin B.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1858.
Alden, Levi.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1856.
Aldrich, Alma M.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1878.
Aldrich, William.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1859.
Allan, James, Jr.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1879.
Allen, Ahaz F.....	Gilmanton, Buffalo.....	1871.
Allen, Anson C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879.
Allen, Dwight S.....	Lake Geneva, Walworth.....	1889.
Allen, Fayette.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1864, 67, 69.
Allen, George.....	Linn, Walworth.....	1855.
Allen, George R.....	Genoa Junction, Walworth.....	1880.
Allen, Gideon W.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1872.
Allen, Henry.....	Port Washington, Wash.....	1848.
Allen, James H.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1873.
Allen, Joseph.....	New California, Grant.....	1867.
Allen, Lucius.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1864.
Allen, Philip.....	Browntown, Green.....	1889.
Allen, Thomas S.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1857.
Allen, William C.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1866, 67.
Allen, William P.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1854.
Alling, Alexander M.....	Saukville, Ozaukee.....	1858.
Allison, William.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1880.
Altenhofen, Mathias.....	Kewaskum, Washington.....	1860.
Anderson, Andrew J.....	Argyle, Lafayette.....	1877.
Anderson, Canute.....	Grantsburg, Burnett.....	1878, 83.
Anderson, John.....	Apple River (Ill.), Lafayette.....	1875.
Anderson, J. S.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1889.
Anderson, Matthew.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1871, b.
Anderson, Nels.....	Scandinavia, Waupaca.....	1880.
Anderson, Ole.....	Esofea, Vernon.....	1875.
Anderson, Thomas W.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1876.
Anson, Charles H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Anson, Frank A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895, 97.
Anunson, John.....	Winchester, Winnebago.....	1856, 57.
Apple, Adam.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1882, 83, 85, 87, b.
Armstrong, Charles.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1853.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Armstrong, John.....	Wlota, Lafayette.....	1866.
Armstrong, William H....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1873.
Arnold, Alexander H....	Galesville, Trempealeau....	1871, 80, b.
Arnold, Aloysius.....	New Coelin, Milwaukee....	1877.
Arnold, Douglas.....	Williamsburg, Trempealeau	1860.
Arnold, Fayette P.....	South Grove, Walworth....	1862.
Arnold, Josiah.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1878.
Arnot, William L.....	Plover, Portage.....	1877.
Ashley, Oliver.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1863, 66.
Ashley, Yates.....	Pardeeville, Columbia.....	1863, 64.
Aspinwall, Delatus M....	Farmington, Jefferson.....	1857.
Atherton, G. F. A.....	Emerald Grove, Rock.....	1848.
Atherton, George R.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1857.
Atwater, Allen H.....	Oak Grove, Dodge.....	1854, 71, 72.
Atwood, David.....	Madison, Dane.....	1861.
Ausman, Henry.....	Elk Mound, Dunn.....	1879.
Austin, Wm. H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1893.
Austin, William J.....	Leon, Monroe.....	1881.
Averbeck, Maximilian....	Emmett, Dodge.....	1852.
Avery, Frank.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1887, b.
Ayers, Almon P.....	Quincy, Adams.....	1858.
Ayres, D. Cooper.....	Fort Howard, Brown.....	1868, 71, 72.
Ayres, Maurice L.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1849.
Babcock, Alexander O....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1850.
Babcock, Ezekiel.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1882.
Babcock, J. W.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1889, 91.
Babcock, Oscar.....	Decotah, Waushara.....	1865, 66.
Bachuber, Andrew.....	Knowles, Dodge.....	1885.
Bachuber, Max.....	Farmersville, Dodge.....	1860, 64, 75.
Bacon, Orrin.....	Monticello, Green.....	1871, b.
Bacon, Winchel D.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1853.
Bacon, Frank L.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1895.
Bailey, Alexander.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1870.
Bailey, Elias P.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1872.
Bailey, Ellihu.....	Mill Creek, Richland.....	1861, 71, 77, 79.
Bailey, S. J.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1889.
Bailey, L. S.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1891.
Bainbridge, Thomas.....	Benton Lafayette.....	1872, 81.
Baker, James.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1858.
Baker, John A.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1871.
Baker, P. O.....	Mt. Vernon, Dane.....	1889.
Baker, Samuel H.....	Bristol, Dane.....	1854.
Baker, Thomas.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1875.
Baker, William Y.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1878.
Baker, Edmund U.....	Edmund, Iowa.....	1891.
Balch, Albert V.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1870.
Baldwin, Asa L.....	Baldwin's Mills, Waupaca..	1877.
Baldwin, George.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1866, b.
Baldwin, Lewis L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1860.
Baldwin, Phineas.....	Oregon, Dane.....	1872, 77.
Ball, Hiram J.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1871, 78.
Ballach, William.....	Yorkville, Racine.....	1869.
Ballantine, George.....	Patch Grove, Grant.....	1860.
Bancroft, Darius L.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1852, 74.
Bannester, John.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1851, 62.
Bannon, James.....	New Cassel, Fond du Lac..	1891.
Barney, A. B.....	Spencer, Marathon.....	1893.
Barber, Hiram.....	Oak Grove, Dodge.....	1849.
Barber, J. Allen.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1852, 53, 63, 64, b.
Barber, Silas.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1868, 75.
Barber, William A.....	Warren Mills, Monroe.....	1882.
Barden, Levi W.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1865, b.
Barden, Marcus.....	Pardeeville, Columbia.....	1860, 75.
Bardwell, Sherman.....	Plainfield, Waushara.....	1873.
Barliss, Andrew.....	Emerald Grove, Rock.....	1874, 75, 76.
Barlow, Frederic G.....	Rock Falls, Dunn.....	1878.
Barlow, Stephen S.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1852, b.
Barlow, Stephen S.....	Delton, Sauk.....	1867, b.
Barnard, Henry O.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1870, 71.
Barnes, Dwight B.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1880, 81.
Barnes, Harry.....	Middleton, Dane.....	1853, 54.
Barnes, Henry W.....	Wlota, Lafayette.....	1857, 70, 71.
Barnes, Horace W.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1862, 68.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Barnes, S. K.....	— — — — —, Fond du Lac..	1859.
Barnes, William F.....	Barton, Washington.....	1853.
Barnett, Morris S.....	Eldorado, Fond du Lac....	1851, 57.
Barney, Benj. F.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1854, 56.
Barney, J. A.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1889.
Barnum, George S.....	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1860, 64, b.
Barnum, Marcus H.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1897.
Barnes, Caleb P.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1850, 55.
Barrett, James M.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.	1878.
Barron, Henry D.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1863, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73, b.
Barron, Quartus H.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1857, 62.
Barron, Warren C. S.....	Loyd, Richland.....	1868.
Barrows, Augustus R.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1878.
Barry, A. Constantine.....	Sylvania, Kenosha.....	1864.
Barry, James.....	Pepin, Pepin.....	1879.
Barry, Thomas.....	Erin, Washington.....	1862.
Barter, Samuel.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1879.
Barth, John.....	Kiel, Manitowoc.....	1870.
Bartholf, J. C.....	Milton, Rock.....	1885, 87.
Bartholomew, G. M.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1857.
Bartlett, Frederick K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857.
Bartlett, James O.....	Racine, Racine.....	1866.
Bartlett, Oscar F.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1853, 54.
Bartlett, William B.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1882.
Bartlett, William P.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1860, 73.
Bartran, William H.....	Flintville, Brown.....	1873, 74.
Bashford, Luther.....	Glen Haven, Grant.....	1859, 70.
Bassett, Reuben L.....	Wilmet, Kenosha.....	1862.
Bassinger, Samuel H.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1858.
Bate, Arthur.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Bate, James A.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1871.
Bates, Allen C.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1862, 63, 66.
Bates, Richard B.....	Racine, Racine.....	1872.
Baxter, John B. G.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.	1869.
Beach, Carmi W.....	Pardeeville, Columbia.....	1870.
Beach, Horace.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.	1864.
Beach, Wood R.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1864.
Beach, Zenas.....	Eastman, Crawford.....	1875.
Beach, Joseph B.....	Whitehall, Trempealeau.....	1897.
Bean, David R.....	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1862, 80.
Bear, John.....	Plain, Sauk.....	1861.
Beard John F.....	Warren (Ill.), Lafayette.....	1874.
Beardsley, James W.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1862.
Beath, John.....	Verona, Dane.....	1860.
Beattie, Thomas.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1880.
Beaumont, Eph.....	Hartland, Waukesha.....	1889.
Becher, John A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Bechtel, Daniel.....	Madison, Dane.....	1897.
Beck, Jacob.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Beck, William.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852.
Becker, Moritz N.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, 73.
Beckman, Charles.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1874.
Beckwith, Abijah.....	Lone Rock, Sauk.....	1882.
Beckwith, George W.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1859.
Beckwith, Nelson, F.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1872.
Beebe, M. P.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1889.
Beecroft, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854.
Beger, Charles.....	Port Washington, Ozaukee.....	1856.
Belden, Philo.....	Rochester, Racine.....	1853, 64, 66, b.
Belding, Henry K.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1858.
Bell, Charles J.....	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson.	1854.
Bell, John.....	Lafayette, Walworth.....	1853.
Bemis, Kiron W.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1858.
Bennett, Alvery A.....	Glen Haven, Grant.....	1866, 67.
Bennett, George.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1859.
Bennett, Isaac M.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1870.
Bennett, James.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1855.
Bennett, Jesse.....	Fountain City, Buffalo.....	1859.
Bennett, Jesse.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1869.
Bennett, Joseph.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1876.
Bennett, Michael J.....	Pine Knob, Iowa.....	1887.
Bennett, Michael J.....	Clyde, Iowa.....	1889.
Bennett, Steven O.....	Raymond, Racine.....	1850, b.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Bennett, Van S.....	Rockton, Vernon.....	1869, 70, b.
Benson, Lewis M.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1868.
Benson, Schuyler W.....	Genoa Junction, Walworth.....	1861.
Bentley, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863, 78, 79, 80.
Beonaer, Edward.....	Ashford, Fond du Lac.....	1854.
Berg, Frederick R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Bernhard, Theodore.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1854.
Berry, James.....	Springville, Vernon.....	1865.
Bertram, Henry.....	Watertown, Dodge.....	1870.
Besse, Henry L.....	Butternut, Ashland.....	1895.
Bettis, Benjamin H.....	Ladoga, Fond du Lac.....	1860, 61, 69, 81.
Riddlecome, William R.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1851.
Billinghurst, Charles.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1848.
Billings, Henry M.....	Constance, Iowa.....	1858, b.
Bingham, James M.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1863, 64, 69, 70.
Bingham, James M.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1874.
Birchard, Matthew.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1868.
Bird, Augustus A.....	Madison, Dane.....	1851, 50.
Bird, Ira W.....	Madison, Dane.....	1849.
Bird, Joseph N. P.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1869.
Bishop, Benjamin P.....	Brownsville, Dodge.....	1882.
Bishop, George W.....	Wonewoc, Juneau.....	1882, 83.
Bishop, John C.....	LeRoy, Dodge.....	1859.
Bjornson, Gabriel.....	Perry, Dane.....	1851.
Black, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, b.
Black, Samuel.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1877.
Blackman, William W.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1859, 60, 64.
Blackstock, Thomas.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1869.
Blackstone, John W.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1879.
Blake, Edward R.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1874, b.
Blake, Lucius S.....	Racine, Racine.....	1871.
Blake, George H.....	Rochester, Racine.....	1895.
Blakeslee, Albert P.....	Johnstown, Rock.....	1848.
Blakeslee, Chauncy.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1877.
Blakeslee, Ephriam.....	Ironton, Sauk.....	1880, 81.
Blanchard, Caleb S.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1880.
Blanshan, Jacob.....	Scott, Sheboygan.....	1870.
Blazer, Henry.....	Mequon River, Ozaukee.....	1855.
Blockman, Adelbert E.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1873, b.
Blenski, Michael.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Bliss, Albert.....	Reedstown, Vernon.....	1864, 67.
Bliss, Charles F.....	Racine, Racine.....	1874, 75.
Bliss, George W.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1870.
Block, Hyman E.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1853.
Blodgett, Dudley C.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1852.
Blood, Ira.....	Mukwonago, Waukesha.....	1859.
Blout, Jere A.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1876.
Bly, George W.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1861.
Blyton, William H.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1883, 85, 89.
Bock, Joseph.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1876, 77.
Bodden, Jacob.....	Theresa, Dodge.....	1861, 66, 74.
Bodenstab, Julius.....	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan.....	1873, 74.
Bogan, W. H. P.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1866, 67.
Bohan, John R.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1859, 72, b.
Bohne, Johan H.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1868, 69.
Bolender, John.....	Monroe, Green.....	1882, 83.
Boncel, Andrew H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Bond, Joseph.....	Mukwonago, Waukesha.....	1848, 55.
Bonney, James H.....	Bellefontaine, Columbia.....	1861.
Bonnin, Christian.....	Bonduel, Shawano.....	1895.
Bonniwell, W. T., Jr.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1864, 65.
Boomer, Edward J.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1874.
Boorse, Washington.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1880.
Booth, Charles E.....	Elroy, Juneau.....	1876.
Borchardt, Francis J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Borchsenius, Hans.....	Baldwin, St. Croix.....	1897.
Bostedo, Louis.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1856.
Bostwick, Perry.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1864.
Bosustow, John.....	Yorkville, Racine.....	1880.
Botkin, Alexander.....	Madison, Dane.....	1852, b.
Bottom, Henry C.....	West Rosendale, Fond du Lac.....	1868, 69, 79.
Bouck, Gabriel.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1860, 74.
Bouffeur, Philip.....	Springville, Vernon.....	1885.
Boutin, Nelson.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1864.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Bovay, Alvan E.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1859, 60.
Bow, Orrin W.....	Kingston, Green Lake.....	1860, 78, 83, 93.
Bowe, Frank.....	Rosendale, Fond du Lac.....	1891.
Bowen, Jedediah.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1871.
Bowles, Thomas J.....	Elo, Winnebago.....	1881, 82.
Bowman, Jonathan.....	Kilbourn City, Columbia.....	1862, 74, b.
Bowron, Joseph.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1848, 49.
Boyce, Abram A.....	Lodi, Dane.....	1851, 65.
Boyce, Hilton W.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1862.
Boyd, John.....	Calumet, Fond du Lac.....	1855, 60, 62, 70.
Boyd, Thomas.....	Calumet, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Boyden, Philo Q.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1875, 76.
Brace, Henry C.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1872, 73.
Bracken, Charles.....	Mineral Point, Lafayette.....	1858.
Brackett, Joseph W.....	Brookfield, Waukesha.....	1848.
Brader, Isaac G.....	Waunakee, Dane.....	1893.
Bradberry, Joshua.....	Mt. Ida, Grant.....	1895.
Bradford, Ira B.....	Augusta, Eau Claire.....	1880, 81.
Bradford, Simeon S.....	Union Grove, Racine.....	1861.
Bradley, John.....	Bangor, La Crosse.....	1875, 76, 79, 80, 81.
Bradley, Wm. T.....	Leeds, Columbia.....	1851.
Brand, Frederick C. G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883.
Brandon, William.....	Smelser's Grove, Grant.....	1862, 65.
Brannan, Samuel S.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1873.
Brauer, Henry A.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1893.
Braton, Lorentus J.....	Marquette, Green Lake.....	1865, 85.
Brazeau, Alexander.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1873.
Brazelton, Reed C.....	Scott, Sheboygan.....	1856.
Bredemeyer, John.....	Edwards, Sheboygan.....	1861.
Brenner, George.....	Union Grove, Racine.....	1871.
Brennan, Maurice B.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1881.
Brick, Nathan.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1870.
Briggs, Andrew.....	Bad Ax, Bad Ax.....	1852, 56.
Briggs, Darius W.....	Mt. Sterling, Crawford.....	1871.
Briggs, John R.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1850.
Briggs, Melancthon J.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1881.
Briggs, Perry R.....	Mauston, Juneau.....	1871.
Briggs, Robert M.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1849, 51.
Briggs, Suel.....	New Amsterdam, La Crosse.....	1878.
Briggs, H. E.....	Madison, Dane.....	1891.
Brigham, Ebenezer.....	Blue Mounds, Dane.....	1848.
Brigham, J. R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Brill, John.....	South Kaukauna, Outagamie.....	1893.
Brimi, Syver E.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1887.
Brindley, John.....	Boscobel, Grant.....	1879, 80.
Brinkerhoff, John H.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Britton, William B.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1883.
Brock, Geo. H.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1869.
Brockway, Eustace L.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1872.
Broderick, George.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1859.
Bronson, Seldon M.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1881.
Brooks, Wolcott T.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1860, 77.
Brost, Lambert.....	Hinesburg, Fond du Lac.....	1876, 77.
Brown, Armstead C.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1848.
Brown, Charles.....	Brookfield Center, Waukesha.....	1872.
Brown, Daniel.....	Elm Grove, Waukesha.....	1866.
Brown, Elida W.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1883.
Brown, George.....	Woodman, Grant.....	1876.
Brown, George W.....	Brookfield Center, Waukesha.....	1862.
Brown, Isaac.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1856.
Brown, James T.....	Clinton, Grant.....	1856.
Brown, Jedediah.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1848, 49.
Brown, Orlando.....	Gilmantown, Buffalo.....	1862, b.
Brown, Samuel.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850.
Brown, William G.....	Skinner, Green.....	1853.
Brown, William W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.
Brown, Neal.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1891.
Brownson, John W.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1882.
Bruemmer, Lewis.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1883.
Brunquest, William.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1856.
Bryant Edwin E.....	Madison, Dane.....	1878.
Bryant, Gustavus H.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1867.
Bryant, Oliver B.....	Rutland, Dane.....	1850.
Buchan, Alfred L.....	Racine.....	1889.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

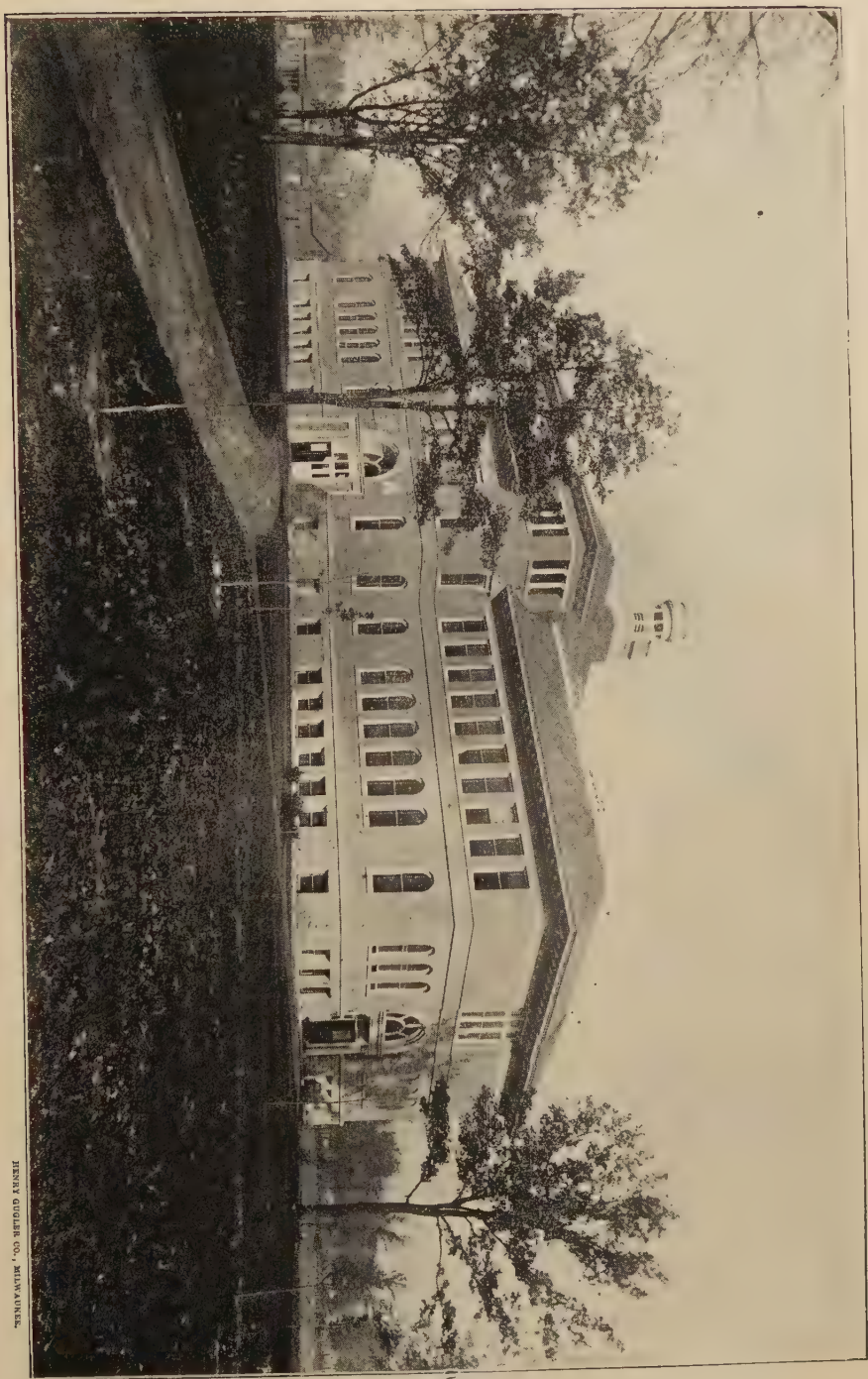
Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Buck, Erastus J.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1861.
Buckbee, Francis A.....	Springfield, Walworth.....	1867, 74.
Buckstaff, George H.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1881, 82, b.
Buckstaff, George A.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1895, 97.
Buell, Chas. E.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1885.
Buffington, Byron A.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1897.
Bugh, Jacob S.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1860, 83.
Bugh, William A.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1866.
Bullard, Ernest L.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1891.
Bullard, Silas.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1895, 97.
Bullen, Winslow.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1870.
Bullock, John D.....	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson.	1878, 79, 80, 81.
Bump, Menzus R.....	Rock Falls, Dunn.....	1876.
Bunker, Nathaniel M.....	Troy Center, Walworth.....	1875.
Bunn, Romanzo.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1860.
Burbank, Jerome.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1864.
Burchard, Charles.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1856.
Burdge, Richard J.....	Reloit, Rock.....	1879, 80, b.
Burdick, Burrows.....	Edgerton, Rock.....	1866.
Burdick, Henry P.....	Osceola Mills, Polk.....	1893, 95.
Burdick, Joseph C.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1870.
Burdick, Perez C.....	Albion, Dane.....	1853.
Burdick, Zebulon F.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1858, 72, 75, b.
Burgess, D. L.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1889.
Burgess, John.....	Maxville, Buffalo.....	1865.
Burgess, Lathrop.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1852, 57.
Burgit, William.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1870, 74.
Burke, Michael E.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1891, 93.
Burnett, Ellsworth.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1877.
Burnham, Charles T.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Burnham, Jonathan L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852.
Burnham, Miles.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1867.
Burnham, John F.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Burns, David M.....	Fort Howard, Brown.....	1878.
Burns, Timothy.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1849.
Burr, Benjamin.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1868.
Burroughs, Nelson.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1863.
Burrows, George B.....	Madison, Dane.....	1895, b.
Burt, James W.....	Mackford, Green Lake.....	1860.
Burtch, Albert.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1863.
Burtch, Henry S.....	Farmersville, Dodge.....	1870.
Burton, Samuel S.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1864.
Burke, Timothy.....	Wayside, Brown.....	1895.
Bushnell, Allen R.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1872.
Bushnell, Milo C.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1867, 68.
Butler, Ammi R. R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866.
Butler, Thomas.....	Mt. Pleasant, Racine.....	1862.
Butterfield, Henry L.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1856.
Buttles, Mark M.....	Onalaska, La Crosse.....	1897.
Button, Balza W.....	City Point, Jackson.....	1853.
Button, Seth W.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.	1873.
Buxton, Luther.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1868, 69.
Byers, F. W.....	Monroe, Green.....	1885.
Canbanis, George E.....	Big Patch, Grant.....	1872.
Canbanis, James H.....	Georgetown, Grant.....	1881, 82.
Cadby, John N.....	Merton, Waukesha.....	1865.
Cady, Charles A.....	Dell Prairie, Adams.....	1873, 74, 79.
Cahill, James.....	Franklin, Manitowoc.....	1862, 63.
Cain, Charles.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852.
Cairncross, George.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1857.
Caldwell, Columbus.....	Lind, Waupaca.....	1873, 74.
Caldwell, Geo. F.....	Augusta, Eau Claire.....	1889.
Caldwell, William.....	Barton, Washington.....	1848.
Calkins, George H.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1875.
Callahan, Jonathan G.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1875.
Callis, John B.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1874.
Calwell, Sylvester.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1869.
Cameron, Angus.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1866, 67, b.
Cameron, Dugald D.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1856, 57.
Cameron, Duncan E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Cameron, John E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850.
Campbell, Alexander.....	, Iowa.....	1862.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Campbell, James.....	Albany, Green.....	1861.
Campbell, James M.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1848.
Campbell, Robert.....	Glendale, Monroe.....	1880.
Campion, James.....	Mackville, Outagamie.....	1883.
Cance, Robert.....	Ettrick, Trempealeau.....	1883.
Cannon, Lucius.....	Pepin, Pepin.....	1858.
Cantwell, Michael J.....	Madison, Dane.....	1885, 87.
Carbys, William.....	Mequon River, Ozaukee.....	1876.
Carel, John.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1879.
Carey, John.....	Osman, Manitowoc.....	1879, 80, b.
Carey, Robert T.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1848.
Carlisle, Richard.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853.
Carmichael, Thomas.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1874, 77, 82, 83.
Carney, Joseph.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Carpenter, Elisha L.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1859.
Carpenter, Joel R.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1864.
Carpenter, Newton F.....	De Soto, Vernon.....	1866.
Carr, Egbert E.....	Monroe, Green.....	1866.
Carr, Solomon C.....	Milton Junction, Rock.....	1865, 74.
Carr, Warner C.....	Crystal Lake, Waupaca.....	1859.
Carroll, John P.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1866.
Carter, Almerin E.....	Johnstown, Rock.....	1868.
Carter, Benjamin F.....	Sherwood, Calumet.....	1874, 77, b.
Carter, Jarvis W.....	New London, Waupaca.....	1868.
Carter, William E.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1877, 78, 79.
Carthew, John.....	Rockville, Grant.....	1867, 70.
Cary, Alfred L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Cary, Benjamin F.....	Johnstown, Rock.....	1861.
Cary, John W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, b.
Cary, Luther H.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1855.
Case, John H.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1867, b.
Cash, William H. H.....	Eagle Corners, Richland.....	1880, 81.
Cashin, Patrick H.....	New Lisbon, Juneau.....	1877.
Caskey, La Fayette.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1897.
Cassoday, John B.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1875.
Caswell, Lucien B.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1865, 77.
Caswell, Napoleon B.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1863, 72, 74.
Caswell, Oliver A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Cate, George W.....	Mount Sterling, Crawford.....	1872.
Cathcart, Hugh.....	Amherst, Portage.....	1852, 53.
Catlin, Horace.....	Madison, Dane.....	1867.
Catton, James.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1856.
Cavanaugh, Daniel.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1852, 57, 62.
Caverno, Charles.....	Osceola, Fond du Lac.....	1870, b.
Caverny, Patrick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Challoner, Frank.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851.
Chamberlain, A. O.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1885, 87.
Chamberlain, Charles E.	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1881, 82.
Chamberlain, George H.	Grafton, Washington.....	1853.
Chambers, George H.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1873.
Champagne, Peter B.....	Rock Falls, Dunn.....	1881.
Chandler, Willard H.....	Bloomington, Grant.....	1871.
Chapin, William D.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1883.
Chapman, Horace M.....	Windsor, Dane.....	1861, 62, 70, b.
Chapman, James F.....	Bloomfield, Walworth.....	1856.
Chapman, Samuel E.....	Racine, Racine.....	1850.
Chappell, William.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1863.
Charleton, William.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1848, 61.
	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1856, 57, b.
	Verona, Dane.....	1866.
	Madison, Dane.....	1876.
Chase, Enoch.....	Lake, Milwaukee.....	1849, 50.
Chase, George H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851, 53, 70, b.
Chase, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Chase, Henry A.....	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1868.
Chase, Horace.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1871, 72.
Chse, Leroy S.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.
Chase, Reuben.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1875, 76.
Chase, Seth A.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1855.
Cheever, Dustin G.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1868.
Cheeves, Patrick G.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1872, 73.
Cheney, David D.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1856, 78.
Cheney, Rufus, Jr.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1871.
	Whitewater, Rock.....	1850.

b. See list of Senators.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, STEVENS POINT.

HENRY GOUGH CO., MILWAUKEE.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Chesak, Jos.....	Poniatowski, Marathon.....	1889.
Child, James.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1860.
Child, John.....	Lima, Rock.....	1856.
Chipman, William F.....	Warren, —.....	1856.
Christians, Henry C.....	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson.....	1895.
Christiaansen, Geo.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Church, Francis R.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1865.
Church, Leonard C.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1897.
Cirkel, William F.....	Seymour, Outagamie.....	1885.
Clack, Charles.....	Apple Creek, Outagamie.....	1897.
Clapp, Harvey S.....	New Richmond, St. Croix.....	1874.
Clarke, Eugene F.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1895.
Clark, Charles B.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1885.
Clark, George F.....	Bugle, Fond du Lac.....	1866.
Clark, Isaac.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1870.
Clark, Gid H.....	Rhineland, Oneida.....	1897.
Clark, Samuel.....	Randolph Center, Columbia.....	1887.
Clark, John G.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1861.
Clark, Kendall P.....	Portland, Jefferson.....	1857.
Clark, Lyman.....	Kildare, Juneau.....	1864.
Clarke, Frank E.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1895.
Clark, Samuel R.....	Brushville, Waushara.....	1878, 79, 85.
Clark, Saterlee, Jr.....	Green Lake, Marquette.....	1849.
Clark, Saterlee.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1873, b.
Clark, John C.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1882.
Clason, Jesse A.....	Neosho, Dodge.....	1895.
Clason, Henry.....	Brookfield, Waukesha.....	1874.
Clason, George W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867.
Clements, David R.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1873, 74.
Clemmons, Noah.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1852.
Clifford, Patrick.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1889.
Clise, Samuel F.....	Ellenboro, Grant.....	1860.
Clise, William H.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1873.
Clothier, Samuel T.....	Cold Spring, Jefferson.....	1851.
Coates, Benjamin M.....	Boscobel, Grant.....	1869, 75.
Coates, Kearton.....	Linden, Iowa.....	1875, 76.
Cobb, Amasa.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1860, 61, b.
Cobb, Nathan.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1865.
Cochran, Robert.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1864.
Cochrane, William A.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1893.
Coe, Edwin D.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1878, 79.
Colburn, Albert T.....	Cataract, Monroe.....	1876.
Colby, Charles L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1880.
Coldwell, Samuel J.....	Mazomanie, Dane.....	1881.
Cole, Luther A.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1859.
Cole, Samuel.....	Gratiot, Lafayette.....	1851, 60, 64, 68, b.
Cole, William.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1855.
Coleman, Charles B.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1853.
Coleman, David M.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1875.
Coleman, James.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1866, 67.
Coleman, Orrin.....	Marcellon, Columbia.....	1853.
Coles, Milo.....	—, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Colladay, William M.....	Bovina, Outagamie.....	1862.
Colley, Samuel G.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1856, 65, b.
Collins, Edward.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1849, 54, 55.
Collins, Samuel.....	Root Creek, Milwaukee.....	1863.
Colman, Elihu.....	Yorkville, Racine.....	1858.
Colomy, George W.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1872.
Colwell, Otis.....	Alderly, Dodge.....	1868.
Coombs, Chester D.....	Southport, Racine.....	1849.
Comdohr, Fred N.....	North Royalton, Waupaca.....	1861, 62.
Comstock, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883.
Comstock, Noah D.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1861.
Condit, Frederick T.....	Arcadia, Trempealeau.....	1872, 74, 75, 76, b.
Condit, James D.....	Merrillan, Jackson.....	1879.
Cone, Sterling M.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1858, 78, 79.
Cone, William A.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1861.
Conger, David B.....	New Berlin, Waukesha.....	1851.
Conkey, Theodore.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1852.
Conklin, Edgar.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1868.
Conklin, Sylvester J.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1857, b.
Conley, John.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1857, 58.
Conner, Edward.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1859, 69.
	Clinton, Rock.....	1882, 83.
	Woodville, St. Croix.....	1889.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Conner, Henry.....	Port Andrew, Richland....	1853.
Connors, Mathew J.....	Hurley, Iron.....	1897.
Connor, Lawrence.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1856, 68.
Connor, Robert.....	Auburndale, Wood.....	1889.
Converse, Henry.....	Wyocena, Columbia.....	1857.
Conway, Patrick J.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1891, 93.
Conway, John G.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1895.
Cook, Bernard F.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1876.
Coolidge, Evan.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1889.
Coons, Henry B.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1871.
Cooper, Joel H.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1852.
Copp, William J.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1866.
Corbett, C. A.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1889.
Corbett, Thomas M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Corcoran, B. H.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1893.
Cornick, Edward P.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1859.
Corning, William W.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1872.
Cornwell, Almon D.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1858.
Cornwell, Hiram H.....	Verona, Dane.....	1873.
Corson, Dighton.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853.
Cory, Jerome B.....	Patch Grove, Grant.....	1872.
Cory, Jonathan.....	Footville, Rock.....	1863.
Costigan, William.....	Marshall, Waukesha.....	1864.
Cotton, Zelotas A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849.
Cottrell, Daniel.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1861.
Cotzhausen, Alexander.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Couch, Charles.....	Amherst, Portage.....	1891, 93.
Coughlin, Cornelius.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1878.
Cousins, Henry.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1871.
Cousins, Marshall.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1895.
Cowie, George.....	Glencoe, Buffalo.....	1872.
Cox, Charles B.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1863, b.
Cox, George G.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1879, 80, 85, 87.
Cox, Lemuel B.....	Stevenstown, La Crosse.....	1893, 95.
Coxe, Hopewell.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1857.
Craig, Alexander J.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1859.
Craig, Samuel A.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1880, 81, 83, 85.
Craite, Isaac.....	Mishicott, Manitowoc.....	1887, 89.
Cram, Eliphalet.....	Racine, Racine.....	1856.
Cramond, James.....	Manchester, Calumet.....	1852, 56.
Crandall, Daniel B.....	Utica, Dane.....	1858.
Crandall, Paul.....	Lima, Rock.....	1849.
Crary, Leonard P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.
Cravath, Prosper.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1850.
Crawford, Henry.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1848.
Crawford, John.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1856.
Crawford, John C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854.
Crawford, Robert M.....	Monroe, Green.....	1849.
Crockett, John R.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1891.
Crockett, Samuel.....	Belleville, Dane.....	1870.
Croll, William.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1877.
Crosby, Geo. H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1891, 93, 95.
Crosby, John B.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1875.
Cross, James B.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1862.
Cross, William S.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849, 50, 55.
Crosse, Charles G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Crosswell, Caleb.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1880.
Cunningham, Thomas.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1850.
Cunningham, Thomas J.....	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc.....	1857.
Curley, Thomas.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1887.
Curtis, David W.....	Belle Center, Crawford.....	1883, 85.
Curtis, Dexter.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1876.
Curtis, Joseph S.....	Madison, Dane.....	1883.
Curtis, Mark.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1869, 71, 73.
Curtis, Thrumman H.....	Hebron, Jefferson.....	1889.
	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1866.
Daane, Peter, Jr.....	Oostburg, Sheboygan.....	1873.
Daggart, Charles B.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1865.
Dailey, Guy W.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1877.
Daily, Charles C.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1893.
Daily, John G.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1864.
Dakin, Wm. H.....	Dartford, Green Lake.....	1875.
Dale, Peter J.....	Coon Prairie, Vernon.....	1877.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Daley, Edward.....	Brown Deer, Milwaukee....	1866.
Dana, Stillman E.....	Portage City, Columbia....	1871.
Danielson, George.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1893.
Darbellay, Joseph E.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1880, 81, 85.
Darling, Lorenzo E.....	Shiocton, Shawano.....	1874.
Dassow, John.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.	1893.
Daugherty, Jonathan.....	Rosendale, Fond du Lac....	1848, 49.
Davenport, C. A.....	Auroraville, Waushara....	1891, 93.
Davidson, J. O.....	Soldiers' Grove, Crawford.	1893, 95, 97.
Davies, David C.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1868.
Davis, Charles A.....	Bear Creek, Waupaca.....	1881, 82.
Davis, DeWitt.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1865.
Davis, Emery F.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1863.
Davis, John J.....	Mifflin, Iowa.....	1871.
Davis, John W.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1853, 54, 73.
Davis, Moses M.....	Portage City, Columbia....	1856, b.
Davis, Orsamus S.....	Cato, Manitowoc.....	1873.
Davis, Richard H.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1855.
Davis, Thomas.....	Millard, Walworth.....	1865, 66.
Davison, James.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1879.
Davison, Robert W.....	Beverly, Dane.....	1857.
Dawson, John.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1883, 91.
Day, John.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1856.
Day, Rufus M.....	Mt. Hope, Grant.....	1885, 87.
Dean, Charles K.....	Boscobel, Grant.....	1878.
Dean, Nathaniel W.....	Madison, Dane.....	1857.
DeGroff, John W.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1879, b.
DeGroff, Allen H.....	Nelson, Buffalo.....	1895.
Deissner, Charles T.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1859.
DeLand, Ambrose D.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1877.
Deleglise, Frank A.....	Antigo, Langlade.....	1893.
Delaney, Arthur K.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1869, b.
Delaney, Mitchell L.....	Barton, Washington.....	1855, 65, 66.
Delano, George W.....	Pensaukee, Oconto.....	1882.
Delany, John.....	Stevens Point, Portage....	1849.
DeLap, R. H.....	Viola, Richland.....	1889.
DeLong, Cornelius.....	Belmont, Lafayette.....	1850.
Dennison, Charles R.....	Cadiz, Green.....	1874, 75.
Dennis, John E., Jr.....	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan....	1885.
Dennis, Wm. M.....	Watertown, Dodge.....	1853, b.
Dennis, W. L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1889.
Dent, James S.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha.	1876.
Dethrick, Walter G.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth..	1882.
Desmond, H. J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1891.
Desnoyer, Francis.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1854.
Detmering, Charles W.....	Newburg, Washington.....	1858.
Detling, Val.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan....	1889.
Daveney, Dominick.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1856.
Devy, Patrick.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1873.
Deuster, John H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1866.
Deuster, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1893.
Deuster, Peter V.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1863, b.
Dewane, Dennis.....	Coopertown, Brown.....	1873, 76.
Dewey, William Pitt.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1869, 70.
Dewhurst, Richard.....	Nielsville, Clark.....	1859, 65, 75, 87.
Dewing, Eli B.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1879.
DeWolf, Edwin.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1855.
DeWolf, John.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1860.
Dexter, Walter L.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1878.
Dick, Alonzo D.....	Manchester, Calumet.....	1849.
Dick, John C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1878.
Dick, Wm. H.....	Brothertown, Calumet.....	1851, 71.
Dickinson, P. Ensign.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1883.
Dickson, John P.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1859, 60.
Dieckman, Theodore.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan....	1893.
Dieringer, Andrew.....	Auburn, Fond du Lac.....	1866, 69.
Dieves, William.....	Greenfield, Milwaukee....	1861.
Dike, Henry B.....	Osceola Mills, Polk.....	1891.
Dimond, Nell.....	Midland, Marquette.....	1872.
Dill, Dan J.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1889, 91.
Dittmer, F. R.....	Seymour, Outagamie.....	1887.
Dittmar, Nicholas.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1866, 67.
Divin, Edward.....	Richfield, Washington.....	1850.
Dixon, Hannibal S.....	New London, Waupaca.....	1877.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Dixon, William.....	Ithaca, Richland.....	1859, 72.
Dobbs, Jerry, Jr.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1870.
Dockry, Michael.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1870.
Dockry, Patrick.....	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Dockstader, Benjamin.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1862, 63.
Dodge, Jeremiah E.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1850, 53, 68.
Dodge, Joshua E.....	Racine, Racine.....	1891.
Dodge, Henry S.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Doe, William H.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1866.
Dole, Augustus O.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1876.
Donaldson, Nicholas M.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1852, 53, 54.
Donovan, Richard.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1868, 69.
Doran, John L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851.
Dorwin, Vivus W.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1877, 78, 85, 89.
Doty, Charles.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1848.
Doud, Reuben.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1865.
Douglas, Alanson C.....	Hanover, Rock.....	1866.
Douglas, Byron.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1863.
Douglas, Mark.....	Melrose, Jackson.....	1874, b.
Douglas, Carlos L.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1873.
Dousman, Hercules F.....	Waterville, Waukesha.....	1877.
Dow, John T.....	Cooksville, Rock.....	1867.
Dowe, Carl.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1878.
Downs, Daniel L.....	Richmond, Richland.....	1855, b.
Doxtader, Harry.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1877.
Doyle, Peter.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1873.
Drake, Henry C.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1856.
Dresser, Samuel B.....	Osceola Mills, Polk.....	1870.
Dresser, Lester B.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1897.
Deutzer, Gus A.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1887.
Drew, Patrick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1868, 69, 76.
Duchman, William.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1858.
Duffy, Thomas T.....	Benton, Lafayette.....	1870.
Dufur, Andrew J.....	Iola, Waupaca.....	1858.
Dunlap, Charles.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1875.
Dunn, James B.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1858, 59.
Dunn, John, Jr.....	Mapleton, Dodge.....	1874.
Dunn, Michael.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887, 89.
Dunn, Tarleton.....	Elk Grove, Lafayette.....	1884.
Dunn, Thaddeus K.....	Wenewoc, Juneau.....	1881.
Dunning Philo.....	Madison, Dane.....	1874.
Dunwiddie, David.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1865, 67.
Dupont, Gregoire.....	Robinson, Brown.....	1887.
Durgin, Ezra.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1848.
Dutcher, William.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1862.
Dwight, Edward W.....	Oregon, Dane.....	1861.
Dwinell, John B.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1875.
Dyer, Charles E.....	Racine, Racine.....	1867, 68.
Dyer, Edward G.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1858.
Earl, Thomas.....	Fulton, Rock.....	1864.
Earle, Jonathan W.....	Pardeeville, Columbia.....	1858.
Earnest, James H.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1852, 54, 55, 57, 58, 77, b.
Eastman, Edward.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1851.
Eastman, Enos.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1871, b.
Eastman, Lafayette.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1879.
Easton, Elijah.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1851, 58.
Eaton, Barney A.....	Cudahy, Milwaukee.....	1895, 97.
Eaton, Addison.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1880.
Eaton, Henry L.....	Lone Rock, Richland.....	1865, 66, b.
Eatough, William.....	Brant's Mills, Manitowoc.....	1866.
Ebbetts, William H.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1855.
Eble, Andrew.....	—, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Eckhardt, Jacob, Jr.....	De Soto, Vernon.....	1879, 80.
Edgerton, Elisha W.....	Waterville, Waukesha.....	1863.
Edgerton, Stephen R.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1870.
Edmonds, E. A.....	Oconto Falls, Oconto.....	1891.
Edwards, John.....	Port Edwards, Wood.....	1893.
Edwards, Wynn.....	Rosendale, Fond du Lac.....	1897.
Egan, Michael.....	St. Martin's, Milwaukee.....	1883, b.
Egery, Edward Alden.....	Racine, Racine.....	1887.
Ehinger, Frederick H.....	Clyman, Dodge.....	1856.
Eldemiller, Louis.....	New Castle, Fond du Lac.....	1882.
Elghme, Richard P.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1859.
Eckern, Peder.....	Pigeon Falls, Trempealeau.....	1881.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Elkert, Chas.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885, 89.
Elkins, John.....	Racine, Racine.....	1873.
Ellarson, James T.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1895.
Ellefson, Christen.....	Liberty Pole, Vernon.....	1878, 83.
Ellenwood, Alexander P.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1878, 79.
Elliott, George W.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1862.
Ellis, Frederick S.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1861, 62, 63, b.
Ellis, Pitts.....	Genesee, Waukesha.....	1850.
Ellsworth, Lemuel.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875, 76.
Ellsworth, Orlando.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Elmore, Andrew E.....	Mukwonago, Waukesha.....	1859, 60.
Elston, A. C. V.....	Muscoda, Iowa.....	1889.
Elver, Fritz.....	Middleton, Dane.....	1882.
Elwell, Joseph S.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1864.
Emerey, Albert W.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1857, 58.
Emery, Harvey W.....	Portage City, Columbia.....	1861.
Emmons, Newton H.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1865.
Emmons, Wales.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1848.
English, Thomas W.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1891.
Eno, Edgar.....	Valley, Vernon.....	1874, 91.
Enos, Elihu, Jr.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1857.
Erskine, George Q.....	Racine, Racine.....	1866.
Esser, Bernard.....	Middleton, Dane.....	1883.
Estabrook, Charles E.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1881, 82, 85.
Estabrook, Edward.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1854.
Estabrook, Experience.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1851.
Eugene, John B.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1868.
Eustis, William.....	Oakland, Jefferson.....	1854.
Evans, Evan W.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1885, 87.
Evans, John M.....	Union, Rock.....	1856, 73.
Evans, Llewelyn J.....	Racine, Racine.....	1857.
Evans, Neils C.....	Mt. Horeb, Dane.....	1893.
Evans, Rees.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1869.
Evans, William H.....	Yankeetown, Crawford.....	1874.
Everley, Francis, Jr.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1851.
Everts, Almeron B.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1861.
Everts, Edward L.....	Falls City, Dunn.....	1882.
Everts, George W.....	Granville Sta., Milwaukee.....	1883.
Eviston, John W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863, 64.
Eviston, Thomas H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Faber, William.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1891.
Fagan, James.....	Cedarburg, Washington.....	1849, 57.
Pagg, Peter.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875, 76.
Fairchild, Cassius.....	Madison, Dane.....	1860.
Fairchild, H. O.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1883, 85.
Falvey, Thomas.....	Racine, Racine.....	1855, 56.
Farnsworth, Nathaniel C.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1875.
Farr, Asa W.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1856.
Farr, Asahel.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1873, b.
Farwell, Leonard J.....	Madison, Dane.....	1860.
Fay, Benjamin F.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1869.
Fay, Reuel K.....	Star Prairie, St. Croix.....	1871.
Fay, Truman M.....	Roche-a-Cri, Adams.....	1865.
Fehland, H. R.....	Byron, Fond du Lac.....	1873.
Fehlandt, William.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1889.
Feije, Julius.....	Mazomanie, Dane.....	1889.
Feld, Carl R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Fellenz, John.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1885, 87, 89.
Fellows, Timothy H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1868, 69, 70.
Felt, Eugene K.....	Genoa Junction, Walworth.....	1852, 53.
Fenton, Thomas.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1872, 73.
Ferrin, Samuel A.....	Attica, Green.....	1853.
Ferris, George H.....	Montford, Grant.....	1872.
Fetzer, John.....	Lamartine, Fond du Lac.....	1887.
Fiebrantz, W. J.....	Forestville, Door.....	1885.
Field, James.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Field, Norton J.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1864.
Field, Robert C.....	Racine, Racine.....	1876, 77, 79, 81.
Field, William, Jr.....	Richland City, Richland.....	1857, b.
Field, William W.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1859.
Field, Storer W.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1855, 62, 63, 64, 65, 71.
Fifield, Sam S.....	Fitchburg, Dane.....	1853, 58.
	Ashland, Ashland.....	1874, 75, 76, b.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Filer, Alanson.....	Racine, Racine.....	1855.
Filz, John.....	Luxemburg, Kewaunee.....	1891.
Filz, Joseph.....	Luxemburg, Kewaunee.....	1891, 93.
Finch Oscar.....	Augusta, Eau Claire.....	1891.
Finch, Earl P.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1883.
Findago, Charles.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Finger, Adam.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Fink, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1876, 77.
Finkelberg, Augustus.....	Fountain City, Buffalo.....	1874, b.
Finley, William S.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1861.
Finn, David.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1893, 95.
Finnerty, Patrick.....	Wrightstown, Brown.....	1887.
Fischer, Francis.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1860.
Fischer, Henry P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Fisher, James.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1855, 63, 68, b.
Fisher, Lewis S.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1887.
Fisher, Lucius G.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1857.
Fisher, Seth.....	Center, Rock.....	1869.
Fisk, Harmon J.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1877.
Fisk, William J.....	Fort Howard, Brown.....	1875, 76.
Fitzgerald, Frank.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1877.
Fitzgerald, Garrett M.....	Franklin, Milwaukee.....	1850.
Fitzgerald, James.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1878.
Fitzgerald, Michael.....	Maple Grove, Manitowoc.....	1870, 71.
Fitzgerald, William H.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1878, 79, 80, 91, 93.
FitzGibbon, E. E.....	Waunakee, Dane.....	1885.
Flagg, Abner S.....	Edgerton, Rock.....	1897.
Flanders, James G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Flett, William H.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1897.
Fletcher, Daniel.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1856.
Fleming, William.....	Emmett, Dodge.....	1879, 80.
Fleming, John G.....	Wilmet, Kenosha.....	1887.
Flinn, Hezekiah.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1877, 78, 79.
Flint, Alvin L.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1861.
Flint, John M.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1866, 67.
Flint, Rockwell J.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1875, b.
Flint, Waldo S.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1876, b.
Flood, Martin.....	Brooklyn, Green.....	1856.
Flynn, John.....	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1849.
Fobes, Jabez L.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1861, 69.
Fogo, William M.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1897.
Folts, Jonas.....	Black River, Jefferson.....	1868.
Fontaine, Benjamin.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1880, 81.
Foot, Ezra A.....	Footville, Rock.....	1857, 67, b.
Foot, Apollos D.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1873.
Ford, David.....	Waunakee, Dane.....	1865, 75.
Ford, Ira H.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1867, 68.
Ford, Milan.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1878, 79.
Forsyth, Wm. P.....	Golden Lake, Jefferson.....	1865.
Foster, Carlton.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1873, 74, 83.
Foster, Edward N.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1853, 57.
Foster, Egbert.....	Foster, Fond du Lac.....	1863.
Foster, Geo. H.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1863.
Foster, Henry L.....	Deerfield, Dane.....	1853.
Foster, James H.....	Koro, Winnebago.....	1869, 70, b.
Fowle, Jacob.....	Emerald, Rock.....	1863.
Fowler, E. Adams.....	Columbus, Dodge.....	1870.
Fowler, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1865, 67, 72.
Fox, George.....	Herman, Dodge.....	1854.
Frackenber, Ernst.....	Newberg, Washington.....	1865.
Frank, John G.....	Jackson, Washington.....	1879.
Frank, Michael.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1861.
Frary, John S.....	Oregon, Dane.....	1865.
Frazell, James B.....	Wonebec, Juneau.....	1863.
Fraser, Frank L.....	Lake Beulah, Walworth.....	1891, 93, 95.
Fraser, William.....	Enterprise, Vernon.....	1874.
Freeman, Charles F.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871, 80.
Freeman, James W.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1887, 89, 95.
French, Asa W.....	Herman, Dodge.....	1851.
Frey, Anton.....	Franklin, Milwaukee.....	1864.
Friend, Jacob E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85.
Frink, Charles N.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Frisby, Leander F.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1861.
Froehlich, William H.....	Jackson, Washington.....	1895, 97.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Frost, George L.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1879, b.
Frost, Joseph.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1867.
Frost, Richard D.....	Madison, Dane.....	1887.
Frost, Andrew C.....	Mountain, Oconto.....	1895.
Fryer, Nelson.....	Cold Spring, Jefferson.....	1871.
Fuessenich, Peter P.....	Eden, Manitowoc.....	1864.
Fuller, Hosea, Jr.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1851.
Fuller, M. D. L.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1881.
Fuller, Wilfred.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1873.
Fullerton, Thomas M.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1850.
Fullmer, Baldwin M.....	Loyal, Clark.....	1893.
Fulton, David C.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1873.
Fulton, Marcus A.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1865, 68, b.
Funke, Ernst.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1878, 81.
Fyffe, Jonathan W.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1852.
Gardner, O. P.....	Oxfordville, Rock.....	1891.
Gabriel, Hiram.....	Stewart, Green.....	1882, 83.
Gage, Charles D.....	New Fane, Fond du Lac.....	1853, 67.
Gage, Loroy D.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1862.
Gallaghan, Patrick.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1871.
Gallagher, John E.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1850.
Gallagher, James S.....	Gratiot, Lafayette.....	1883.
Gallett, Charles R.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1879.
Galloway, Edwin H.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1863, 64.
Gardner, George R.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1883.
Gardner, William.....	Emerald Grove, Rock.....	1879.
Garrison, Orestes.....	Centralia, Wood.....	1861.
Gary, George.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1854, 55, b.
Garside, Ben Charles.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Gault, Frank.....	Pheasant Branch, Dane.....	1858, 67, 68.
Gaynor, John A.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1893.
Gawin, August M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Gee, James E.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1881.
Gee, John.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1861.
Geise, William.....	Waterloo, Dodge.....	1879.
Geisse, Charles.....	Taycheedah, Fond du Lac.....	1864, 69, 70.
Geraghty, Patrick.....	Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan.....	1875.
Germain, Columbus.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1876.
Gibb, John.....	Ixonia, Jefferson.....	1855, 58.
Gibbs, Benjamin F.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1858.
Gibbs, Charles R.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1873.
Gibson, Moses S.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1859.
Gibson, William J.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1854, b.
Gifford, Peter D.....	North Prairie, Waukesha.....	1851, 62, 66.
Gilbert, Alvarus E.....	Prospect Hill, Waukesha.....	1878, 79.
Gilbert, Julius L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1848.
Gilbert, Myron.....	Prospect Hill, Waukesha.....	1861, 65.
Giles, Hiram H.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1852, b.
Gillen, Simon.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1882.
Gillespie, John.....	Dellona, Sauk.....	1868, 69.
Gillespie, Thomas.....	Kilbourn City, Columbia.....	1880, 81.
Gillilan, Davis.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1849.
Gilman, Franklin.....	Gilmanton, Buffalo.....	1880.
Gilmore, Henry S.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1895.
Gilmore, Hiram L.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1863, 68, 69.
Gilmore, James.....	Jamestown, Grant.....	1848.
Gilson, Franklin L.....	Ellsworth, Pierce.....	1881, 82.
Gilson, Luther F.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1880, 81.
Ginty, George C.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1863, b.
Gleason, Charles R.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1870.
Gleason, George.....	Whitewater, Rock.....	1876.
Gleason, Thomas.....	Grimm's, Manitowoc.....	1881.
Glenn, Robert.....	Wyalusing, Grant.....	1863, 65, 74.
Gnewuch, Ferdinand.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1865, 73.
Goddard, H. J.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1885.
Goedjen, Henry.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1882, 83.
Goetze, Gustav.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1875, 76, 77.
Golden, George.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1860.
Goodall, I. E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855.
Goodell, B. Frank.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1876.
Goodell, Lemuel.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1848, b.
Goodell, Emilus S.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1897.
Goodhue, Thomas H.....	Whitewater, Rock.....	1864, 70.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Goodrich, Charles P.....	Christiana, Jefferson.....	1868.
Goodrich, Joseph.....	Milton, Rock.....	1855.
Goodsell, Elihu B.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1865, 66.
Goodwin, Charles E.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1868.
Goodwin, George B.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1860.
Gordon, Abram.....	Racine, Racine.....	1852.
Gorman, Michael.....	North Port, Shawano.....	1872.
Goss, Benjamin F.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1855, 93.
Gowdey, David C.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1874.
Graham, Alexander.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1861, 70, 72.
Graham, Thomas J.....	Muscoda, Grant.....	1878.
Graham, Wallace W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852.
Granger, Jedediah W.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1870.
Grant, Harvey.....	Tichora, Marquette.....	1855.
Grant, Job N.....	Union Center, Juneau.....	1875.
Grant, Willard.....	Hebron, Jefferson.....	1855.
Graves, Gaylord.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1848.
Graves, George S.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1867, 68, 69.
Graves, LeRoy.....	Gravesville, Calumet.....	1861.
Graves, Sereno W.....	Rutland, Dane.....	1861.
Gray, Albert L.....	Ft. Howard, Brown.....	1879, 82, 85, 89, 91.
Gray, Almond D.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1856.
Gray, Amos S.....	Osceola, Polk.....	1865.
Gray, Ansley.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1876.
Gray, Hamilton H.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1856, 58, b.
Gray, James B.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1858.
Gray, John.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1877, 78.
Green, Asaph.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1860.
Green, John.....	Moscow, Iowa.....	1867.
Green, Paul M.....	Milton, Rock.....	1893.
Green, William C.....	York, Green.....	1850.
Green, William H.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1852, 64.
Greene, Nathan S.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1863.
Greene, Walter S.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1862, b.
Greening, Phillip.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1879.
Greening, William.....	Little Prairie, Walworth.....	1877.
Greeman, John W.....	Bergen, Vernon.....	1867.
Gregory, George K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Greulich, Augustus.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848, 56, b.
Grier, Thomas H.....	Bloomfield, Walworth.....	1895.
Griffin, Cornelius S.....	Saukville, Washington.....	1860.
Griffin, Harvey C.....	Oak Grove, Dodge.....	1860, 62.
Griffin, John D.....	Shields, Dodge.....	1855.
Griffin, John G.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1876.
Griffin, Michael.....	Kilbourn City, Columbia.....	1876, b.
Griffin, Patrick.....	Waterloo, Dodge.....	1876.
Grimm, Christopher.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1893.
Grimm, George.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1887.
Grimmer, Thomas D.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1872.
Grimshaw, John.....	Elroy, Juneau.....	1887.
Grinde, Hans S.....	De Forest, Dane.....	1887.
Griswold, William M.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1858, 59, 60, b.
Groesbeck, Benjamin F.....	Tirade, Walworth.....	1865.
Groot, Aaron V.....	Brookfield, Waukesha.....	1851.
Grover, Eleazer, Jr.....	Madison, Dane.....	1860.
Grover, Woodbury S.....	Prairie Farm, Barron.....	1877.
Grubb, William S.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1882, 83.
Grube, Herman.....	Watertown, Dodge.....	1875.
Guernsey, Francis M.....	Clintonville, Waupaca.....	1878.
Guernsey, George H.....	Almond, Portage.....	1875.
Guernsey, Orrin.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1862.
Gulick, Joachim.....	Ora Oak, Grant.....	1857.
Gunderson, Lars L.....	Cumberland, Barron.....	1880.
Gunn, Smith R.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1855.
Gunning, J. W.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1889.
Gurnee, John D.....	Madison, Dane.....	1872.
Haben, Andrew.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1882, 85, b.
Hackett, John.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1852.
Haderer, Frank.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Hadley, Jackson.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854, 65, 66, 67, b.
Hadfield, Jos. J.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1887.
Haertel, Herman.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853, 57.
Hagemeister, H. F.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1893, 95.

b. See list of Senators.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, SUPERIOR.

HENRY GUTLER CO. MILWAUKEE.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Hagerty, Timothy.....	Franklin, Milwaukee.....	1854.
Hagestad, K. K.....	Ettrick, Trempealeau.....	1889.
Hahn, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1856.
Haight, J. Hayward....	Brothertown, Calumet.....	1878.
Halbert, Thomas L.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa..	1875.
Hale, Obed P.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1851.
Hale, Samuel.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1854.
Hall, Albert R.....	Racine, Racine.....	1850.
Hall, Daniel.....	Knapp, Dunn.....	1891, 93, 95, 97.
Hall, Erasmus D.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1870, 71, 72.
Hall, George H.....	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1848.
Hall, Henry.....	Dell Prairie, Adams.....	1862.
Hall, John W.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1870.
Hall, Jonathan C.....	Dotyville, Fond du Lac....	1861.
Hall, Thomas W.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1858.
Hall, Charles.....	Monroe, Green.....	1857.
Hallock, James L.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1887, 89.
Ham, Philip A.....	Burnside, Buffalo.....	1870.
Hambright, C. M.....	Crystal Lake, Waupaca.....	1895.
Hamilton, Charles H....	Racine, Racine.....	1895.
Hamilton, Henry C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Hamilton, Irenus K.....	Waucousta, Fond du Lac....	1862.
Hamilton, Joseph.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc....	1858.
Hammarquist, Ch. G....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1869.
Hammel, David.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874, 77.
Hammel, Leopold.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson....	1860.
Hammett, George W....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1876, 77.
Hammon, Alason P.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1885, 87.
Hammond, Charles F....	—, Lafayette.....	1852.
Hammond, John.....	Montfort, Grant.....	1866.
Hand, Jesse F.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1861, 62.
Haney, Robert.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1870, 71.
Haney, M. C.....	Rocky Run, Columbia.....	1865.
Hanke, Charles F.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Hanrahan, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Hanrahan, Michael.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1893, 95.
Hansen, Edward F.....	Augusta, Eau Claire.....	1861, 63.
Hanson, Sylvester.....	Good Hope, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Hanson, William E.....	Good Hope, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Hanson, James.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1862.
Hardgrove, John.....	La Grange, Walworth.....	1862, 63.
Hardy, William H.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1895.
Harker, James.....	Ephraim, Door.....	1883.
Harmon, John C.....	Armstrong's Cor., F'd du Lac	1874, 76.
Harms, John.....	Geneseo, Waukesha.....	1865.
Harmden, Henry.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa..	1895.
Harrington, Benjamin R.	Platteville, Grant.....	1863.
Harrington, George E....	Rome, Jefferson.....	1866.
Harrington, George P....	Byron, Fond du Lac.....	1855.
Harrington, Perry G....	Boscobel, Crawford.....	1866.
Harris, Charles L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Harris, Joseph.....	Sugar Creek, Walworth....	1854.
Harris, Caleb C.....	Jacksonport, Door.....	1870.
Harrison, Stephen A....	Fairview, Grant.....	1861, 69, 71.
Harsh, John.....	Dousman, Waukesha.....	1895.
Hart, Alexander H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1870, 75.
Hart, Edmond.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1875.
Hart, Judson G.....	Lima, Calumet.....	1854.
Hartmann, Theodore O..	Elroy, Juneau.....	1885.
Hartung, Theodore.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee....	1879.
Harvey, Leslie C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Hasey, John.....	—, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Hasey, Samuel.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1897.
Hazeltine, Ira S.....	York, Dane.....	1850.
Haskell, Job.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1874.
Hass, Robert.....	Richland Center, Richland..	1867.
Hasse, Edward.....	Saukville, Ozaukee.....	1869.
Hastings, Samuel D.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1864.
Hatch, Benjamin T.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852, 59.
Hatcher, William W....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1849.
Haugen, Nils P.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau..	1857.
	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1863.
	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1862.
	River Falls, Pierce.....	1879, 80.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Hawkins, William A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853, 56.
Hawks, Eli.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1878, 83.
Hawley, Charles S.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1856, 57, 58.
Hawley, George.....	Poyssippi, Waushara.....	1857.
Hawn, Charles A.....	Rock Elm Center, Pierce..	1878.
Hay, Samuel M.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1858, b.
Hayden, Edward G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Hayden, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Hayes, Henry.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1863.
Hayes, Titus.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1853.
Hayes, Thomas.....	Richfield, Washington.....	1856.
Hays, James B.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1867.
Hays, Samuel.....	Neosho, Jefferson.....	1861.
Hayward, Paul D.....	Kingston, Marquette.....	1857.
Hazard, Enos I.....	La Grange, Walworth.....	1849.
Hazen, Chester.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1885.
Hazen, Nathan.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1861.
Head, Charles R.....	Albion, Dane.....	1854, 56, 63.
Heath, Chauncey G.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1848.
Heimdahl, Knudt O.....	Deerfield, Dane.....	1871.
Helmerl, Joseph, Jr.....	Farmersville, Dodge.....	1880.
Hellberg, Louis.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867.
Hemenway, H. C.....	Richmond, Walworth.....	1851.
Hemml, Ulrich.....	Black Hawk, Sauk.....	1879.
Hemsemeyer, W. H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1879, 80.
Henderson, Asabel.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1874.
Henderson, Joseph R.....	Riley, Dane.....	1891.
Henning, John O.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1851.
Henry, Andrew.....	Madison, Dane.....	1869.
Henry, Robert.....	Anchorage, Buffalo.....	1869.
Henton, Theodore.....	Otsego, Columbia.....	1889.
Herrick, Merton.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1881.
Herron, Wilson R.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1874, 77.
Herzer, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Hesk, William R.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha	1860.
Hetzell, Henry C.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1887.
Hevl, Charles W.....	Madison, Dane.....	1893.
Hicks, Edward.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1870, b.
Hicks, Franklin Z.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1861.
Higgins, James.....	Hubbleton, Dodge.....	1876.
Higgins, Patrick.....	Menomonee, Waukesha.....	1850.
Hildebrandt, Henry.....	Station, Washington.....	1863, 64.
Hiles, George.....	Dexterfield, Wood.....	1867.
Hill, James.....	Warren, St. Croix.....	1878, 79, 80, b.
Hill, Thomas.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1889.
Hill, Thomas W.....	Springfield, Walworth.....	1853, 63.
Hill, William.....	New Diggings, Lafayette.....	1849.
Hilliard, John U.....	Merton, Waukesha.....	1852.
Hillyer, Edwin.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1853.
Hineman, Miles Leroy.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1887.
Hinckley, J. R.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1883.
Hinckley, Leonard D.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1871.
Hindes, Lemuel P.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1897.
Hinn, Christopher.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1891.
Hintze, C. F. A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Hirschinger, Charles.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1893, 35.
Hitt, Henry D.....	Oakfield, Fond du Lac.....	1858.
Hixon, Gideon C.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1871, 72, b.
Hobart, Adin P.....	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1872.
Hobart, Harrison C.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1859.
	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1849, b.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867.
	Fall River, Columbia.....	1885.
Hobart, M. C.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1874, 75.
Hobbins, Patrick.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1875.
Hodgson, Manville S.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1862, 70.
Hoeflinger, Carl.....	Amherst Junction, Portage..	1895.
Hoffman, Herman H.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1889, 91.
Hogan, James J.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1882, 97.
Hogan, John M.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1862, 63.
Hogan, Michael.....	Arcadia, Trempealeau.....	1893.
Holcomb, David L.....	Barton, Washington.....	1881, 82.
Holehouse, Joseph W.....		

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Hollenbeck, Stephen P.	Highland, Iowa.....	1855.
Hollman, James V.	Platteville, Grant.....	1885.
Holloway, John C.	Lancaster, Grant.....	1871, b.
Holly, Alanson.	Kilbourn City, Columbia..	1868.
Holman, Nels.	Deerfield, Dane.....	1893.
Holmes, Harvey.	Janesville, Rock.....	1853.
Holmes, John E.	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1853.
Holmes, Miles.	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1858.
Holt, Eleazer.	Maiden Rock, Pierce.....	1868.
Holton, Edward D.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Holzhauser Charles.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Hooker, Culver E.	Waupun, Dodge.....	1887.
Hooker, Jesse.	Salem, Kenosha.....	1854.
Hooker, Daniel D.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85.
Hooper, Daniel.	Troy, Walworth.....	1855, 59, 69.
Hopkins, Benjamin F.	Madison, Dane.....	1866, b.
Hoppock, David D.	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1862.
Horn, Frederick W.	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1851, 54, 57, 59, 60, 67, 68, 72, 75, 82, 87, 89, b.
Horn, John.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Horst, Henry.	Hayton, Calumet.....	1876.
Horton, Norman.	Cold Spring, Jefferson.....	1860.
Horton, Townsend N.	West Salem, La Crosse.....	1865.
Hoskins, Leander.	Union, Rock.....	1850.
Hoskins, William L.	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1871, 72.
Hotchkiss, Robert H.	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1857, b.
Houghton, Horace E.	Durand, Pepin.....	1873, b.
Houston, Robert S.	Pleasant Prairie, Kenosha.	1874, 91.
Howard, Nathan B.	Magnolia, Rock.....	1855, 62.
Howe, Henry B.	Nora, Dane.....	1881.
Howe, Oliver C.	Lowville, Columbia.....	1856, 57.
Howell, Henry S.	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1868.
Howell, Richard P.	Racine, Racine.....	1882.
Howland, Meredith.	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1860.
Hoye, James.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869, 71.
Hoyt, Emerson D.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887, 93, 95, 97.
Hoyt, Charles M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871.
Hoyt, Edwin L.	Manchester, Green Lake.....	1869.
Hoyt, Franklin E.	Rochester, Racine.....	1859.
Hoyt, Henry H.	West Branch, Richland.....	1876.
Hoyt, Joseph W.	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1871.
Hoyt, Otis.	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1852.
Hubbard, Benj. W.	Evansville, Rock.....	1893.
Hubbard, Samuel D.	Waldo, Sheboygan.....	1861, 73, 77.
	Mondovi, Buffalo.....	1855.
Hubbell, Levi.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864.
Hubbell, Richard W.	Oconto, Oconto.....	1872, 73.
Huchting, Arnold.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Hudd, Thomas R.	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1868, b.
	Green Bay, Brown.....	1875, b.
Huebner, John F.	Lowell, Dodge.....	1887.
Hughes, William.	Waushara, Waushara.....	1897.
Hulbert, David B.	Loganville, Sauk.....	1875, 77, 78, b.
Hulburt, Julius.	Albany, Green.....	1851.
Hulett, Oliver P.	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha	1858.
Hull, David P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Hull, William.	Potosi, Grant.....	1854, 55, 56.
Humain, Mathias.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Humphrey, Cadwallader.	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1861.
Humphrey, George M.	New Berlin, Waukesha.....	1848.
Humphrey, Herman L.	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1887, b.
Humphrey, Humphery E.	Ixonia Center, Jefferson.....	1881.
Humphrey, Jasper.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857.
Humphrey, Lemuel O.	Albion, Dane.....	1871.
Hunkins, Benjamin.	New Berlin, Waukesha.....	1870.
Hunt, Charles A.	Melvina, Monroe.....	1863, 70.
Hunt, Jeremiah.	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1864.
Hunt, Samuel W.	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1863.
Hunt, Henry C.	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1891, 93.
Hunter, George.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1875.
Huntington, Augustus A.	York, Dane.....	1856.
Huntington, William H.	Durand, Pepin.....	1883.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Huntley, Frederick.....	Buena Vista, Portage.....	1869, 70.
Huntley, John.....	Brodhead, Rock.....	1882, 83.
Hurd, Frank E.....	New Lisbon, Juneau.....	1895, 97.
Hurlbut, Edwin.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1869.
Hurlbut, William H.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1897.
Hurlbut, Oscar.....	Lomira, Dodge.....	1850.
Huse, Jesse B.....	Rewey, Iowa.....	1885.
Hutchinson, Buell E.....	Prairie du Chien.....	1857.
Hutchinson, Christopher.....	Madison, Dane.....	1879, b.
Hyde, Edwin.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1873.
Hyer, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867, 77, 78, b.
	Madison, Dane.....	1863, b.
Inden, Gottfried.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Ingram, Julius G.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1878; 79.
Innis, William T.....	West Rosendale, Fond du L.....	1877.
Irish, George.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1858.
Isenring, Fred. B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Isham, Willard.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1855.
Iverson, Jacob J.....	South Wayne, Lafayette.....	1893.
Ives, Edward H.....	Trimbelle, Pierce.....	1869, b.
Jabas, Louis L.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1889.
Jackson, Jeremiah L.....	Viola, Richland.....	1860.
Jackson, Robert Wallace.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1887, 89.
Jackson, Thomas A.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1866, 70.
Jackson, William W.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1863, 75.
Jacobi, C. Hugo.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1891, 93.
Jacobs, John B.....	—, Oconto.....	1854.
James, John.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1856.
James, Norman L.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1873, 75, b.
Jamison, Hugh F.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1893.
Jarvis, Birney M.....	Cazenovia, Richland.....	1881.
Jeche, William.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1882, 95.
Jeffers, John.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1864, 71.
Jeffrey, James.....	Georgetown, Grant.....	1875.
Jeffrey, William.....	Ellenboro, Grant.....	1854.
Jenkins, Charles E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850, 51.
Jenkins, George A.....	Charlestown, Calumet.....	1857, b.
Jenkins, John J.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1872.
Jenkins, Thomas.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1874.
	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1848.
Jenne, Daniel C.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1860.
Jennings, Charles B.....	Benton, Lafayette.....	1862.
Jennings, David.....	Northport, Waupaca.....	1891, 93.
Jensen, Andrew.....	Ogdenburg, Waupaca.....	1897.
Jerman, Peter.....	Rising Sun, Vernon.....	1873.
Jeske, Gustav J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893, 95.
Jess, George.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1881.
Jewell, Henry C.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1867.
Jewell, James H.....	Ferryville, Crawford.....	1878.
Johnson, Calvin R.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1861, 64.
Johnson, Daniel.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1865.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869, 70.
Johnson, Daniel H.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1861.
Johnson, Hans.....	Newport, Door.....	1889.
Johnson, Henry.....	Somers, Kenosha.....	1851, 56.
Johnson, James B.....	Fairplay, Grant.....	1851.
Johnson, Jeremiah.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1860.
Johnson, John.....	York, Dane.....	1874.
Johnson, John A.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1857, b.
Johnson, John B.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1885.
Johnson, John E.....	Utica, Dane.....	1869.
Johnson, Joseph B.....	Montfort, Grant.....	1893.
Johnson, Lars E.....	Wlota, Lafayette.....	1878.
Johnson, Michael.....	Mt. Vernon, Dane.....	1874, 75, 76, 77.
Johnson, Ole.....	Breckenridge, Bad Axe.....	1862.
Johnson, Peter.....	Ashford, Fond du Lac.....	1856.
Johnson, Phineas M.....	Grafton, Washington.....	1852.
Johnson, Solon.....	Port Washington, Wash.....	1849, 50.
Johnson, William H.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1849.
Johnson, Stephen B.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1867.
Johnson, William W.....	Greenfield, Milwaukee.....	1879.
Johnson, Roger S.....	New London, Waupaca.....	1895.
Johnston, Francis.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1870.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Johnston, James.....	Boardman, St. Croix.....	1883.
Johnston, Peter.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1877.
Joiner, Lemuel W.....	Wyomling, Iowa.....	1854, b.
Jonas, Charles.....	Racine, Racine.....	1878, b.
Jones, David F.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1897.
Jones, Evan O.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1866, 67, b.
Jones, James V.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1878.
Jones, Joseph Vernon.....	Urne, Buffalo.....	1887.
Jones, John N.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1851.
Jones, John O.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1859.
Jones, Oscar F.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1863, 64, 65.
Jones, Owen R.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1875.
Jones, Stephen.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1848.
Jones, Thomas J.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1882.
Jones, William D.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1876.
Jones, Samuel S.....	Clinton Junction, Rock.....	1895.
Jones, William A.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1895, 97.
Jordan, Timothy S.....	West Lima, Vernon.....	1876.
Joslin, William H.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1880.
Judd, Russell J.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1871.
Judd, Stoddard.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1860, 65, b.
Judd, Truman H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867.
Judson, Philander.....	Bristol, Kenosha.....	1855.
Julius, Charles L.....	Calumet, Fond du Lac.....	1851.
Juneau, Narcisse M.....	Theresa, Dodge.....	1855, 58.
Juneau, Paul.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1849, 58.
Jussen, Edmund.....	Madison, Dane.....	1862.
Juve, T. O.....	Rising Sun, Vernon.....	1881, 82.
Kast, John D.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1877.
Kastler, John.....	Wayne, Washington.....	1869.
Keenan, John.....	Fitchburg, Dane.....	1859.
Keenan, Matthew.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871.
Keene, Henry S.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1881.
Kehl, John B.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1874.
Kelfer, George.....	Nenno, Washington.....	1860.
Kellam, Alphonso G.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1869.
Kelley, Patrick.....	Elba, Dodge.....	1853.
Kellogg, Austin.....	Concord, Jefferson.....	1850, 74, 75.
Kellogg, John.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1873.
Kelly, David M.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1877, 78, 79, b.
Kelly, Rollin C.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1868.
Kelsey, Charles S.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1867, 73, 80, b.
Kelsey, Edwin B.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1853, b.
Kelsey, Milo.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1848, 49.
Kempton, Richard R.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1881.
Kendall, Nathaniel W.....	Wyalusing, Grant.....	1868.
Kenealy, James.....	Toland's Prairie, Washington.....	1858, 66.
Kenealy, James.....	Thompson, Washington.....	1885, 87.
Kennedy, Duncan A.....	Stevenston, La Crosse.....	1887.
Kennedy, James E.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1870.
Kennedy, Richard.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1880, 83.
Kenyon, George P.....	Woneoc, Juneau.....	1880.
Keogh, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860, 61, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 87, 89, 91, 93, b.
Keogh, James.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1893.
Keri, Otto.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1873.
Kern, Charles J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855.
Kerr, Joseph.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1848, 49.
Kershaw, William J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875.
Ketchum, Asa C.....	Big Spring, Adams.....	1867, 68, b.
Keyes, Elisha W.....	Portage City, Columbia.....	1854.
Kickbush, F. W.....	Madison, Dane.....	1882.
Kidd, Edward I.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1878.
Kilbourne, Charles.....	Millville, Grant.....	1881, 82, 83, b.
Kilgore, Moses.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1867.
Kimball, Fenner.....	Bailey's Harbor, Door.....	1868.
Kimball, Jedediah.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1878, 95.
King, Edward P.....	Portland, Dodge.....	1849.
King, George G.....	Reno, Rock.....	1865, 66.
King, George W.....	Shields, Dodge.....	1849.
King, Owen.....	Humbird, Clark.....	1871.
King, William P.....	Helena, Iowa.....	1875, 78.
	Merton, Waukesha.....	1859.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Kingsbury, James T.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1860.
Kingston, John T.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1874, 80, 81, b.
Kingston, William M.....	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1887.
Kinney, Asal.....	Lima Center, Rock.....	1852.
Kinney, Joseph, Jr.....	Lima, Rock.....	1851.
Kinzie, Robert H.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1877.
Kirchoff, Henry.....	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Kirkpatrick, Amos D.....	Dayton, Green.....	1855.
Kirkpatrick, James.....	Brodhead, Rock.....	1861.
Kite, Charles E.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1876.
Kizer, F. C.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1839, 91.
Klabunde, Reinhardt.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895, 97.
Klefer, George H.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1868.
Klein, L. C.....	Racine, Racine.....	1885.
Kleinfelter, H. G.....	Nora, Dane.....	1889.
Klindt, John A.....	Casville, Grant.....	1880.
Klotz, Ignatius.....	Campbellsport, Fond du Lac.....	1880, b.
Klotz, Nicholas.....	Eden, Fond du Lac.....	1868.
Knab, David.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864, 65.
Knapstein, T. E.....	New London, Outagamie.....	1889, 91.
Knapp, Gilbert.....	Racine, Racine.....	1861.
Knapp, Gaines, A.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1887.
Knapp, Levi E.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1877, 78.
Knapp, William A.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1865.
Kneeland, Cyrus S.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1859.
Knoell, Valentine.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852, 67, 71.
Knowlton, Ephraim.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1856, 57.
Knowlton, James H.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1858.
Knowlton, John J.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1854, 56.
Knox, Seymour M.....	Seymour, Outagamie.....	1876, 77.
Konrad, August.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1874.
Konrad, Frederick.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1891, 93.
Konze, Charles.....	Calvary, Fond du Lac.....	1881.
Kraatz, Charles.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1876.
Krauss, Charles A. W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Kreiss, George.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1864, b.
Krez, Konrad.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Kribs, Frederick H.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1858, 61.
Kroenenwetter S.....	Mosinee, Marathon.....	1885.
Kroncke, George H.....	Wilmet, Kenosha.....	1893.
Kruger, A. H. F.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1880, 82.
Kruszka, Michael.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Kuehn, Charles.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1849, 50.
Kuntz, Carl C.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1883.
Kussow, B. O. Zastrow..	Black Hawk, Sauk.....	1869, 70, 71, 71.
Kyle, David W.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1858.
Kyle, James L.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1859.
	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1854.
La Due, Albert D.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1853.
La Due, Nelson.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1851.
Lafferty, James.....	Spafford, Lafayette.....	1879.
Lagrande, John.....	Empire, Fond du Lac.....	1874.
Lamberson, Jay G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Lain, Isaac.....	Sextonville, Richland.....	1891, 93, 95.
Lake, Phipps W.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1861.
Lamoureux, Oliver H.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1854.
Lamoureux, Silas W.....	Plover, Portage.....	1872.
Lamure, Wm.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1872.
Landt, Sophrionius S.....	Ledyard, Outagamie.....	1885, 87.
Lane, Charles A.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1895.
Lange, Louis A.....	Plover, Portage.....	1882, 83.
Langenfeld, Peter.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1893, 95, 97.
Langer, William.....	Theresa, Dodge.....	1878.
Langland, Knud.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1882.
Langworthy, Joseph.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1860.
Lapham, Otis B.....	Mauston, Juneau.....	1857.
Large, Jonathan.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1861, 63, 69.
Larkin, Charles H.....	Oakfield, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Larkin, Martin, Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, 74, 75, b.
Larsin, James.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863.
LaSelle, William B.....	Menasha, Marinette.....	1891.
Latham, Hollis.....	Plainfield, Waushara.....	1887, 89.
	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1862.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Lathrop, Henry Allison...	Marshfield, Wood.....	1887.
Latta, George W.....	Antigo, Langlade.....	1895, 97.
Lauderdale, James.....	La Grange, Walworth.....	1853, 56.
Laverrenz, Otto.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1880, 81.
Lavies, Hubert.....	Root Creek, Milwaukee.....	1876.
Lavis, Peter.....	Greenfield, Milwaukee.....	1854, 55, 56.
Lawler, William.....	New Coeln, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Lawrence, Franklin S.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1880, 81.
Lawrence, George H.....	Burnett Station, Dodge.....	1876.
Lawrence, William A.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1852, b.
Lewton, A. F.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1885.
Layne, James H.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1863.
Lea, A. R.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1891.
Leach, Frank.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1874, 75.
Leahy, John E.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1883, b.
Leavens, Henry P.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1877.
Lebels, Henry.....	Bloomer, Chippewa.....	1893.
Lee, Daniel.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1872.
Lee, Levi.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1855.
Lee, Ole C.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1895.
Lees, Edward.....	Fountain City, Buffalo.....	1875, 76.
Lees, Robert.....	Ottawa, Waukesha.....	1853, 54.
Legler, H. E.....	Gilmantown, Buffalo.....	1873, b.
Legried, Christ.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Lehmanna, August H.....	Cambridge, Dane.....	1897.
Leigh, John.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1874.
Leissring, Alfred A.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1875.
Leland, Cyrus.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1893.
Leland, Frank.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1849.
Leumont, James.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1873.
Lenck, C. H.....	Bay View, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Lennon, James.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Leonard, Calvin D. W.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1883.
Leonard, Peter H.....	Dayton, Green.....	1862, 70.
Leonardson J. C.....	Fifield, Ashland.....	1889.
Leonhardt, Christopher.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1882.
Leonhardy, John.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1883.
Leslie, John.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1891.
Lessey, John F.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1885.
Lewis, Andrew H.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1851.
Lewis, Calvin E.....	Hale, Trempealeau.....	1885.
Lewis, Charles G.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1872.
Lewis, James M.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1879.
Lewis, James T.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1857.
Lewis, John C.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1852, b.
Lewis, Rensselear, M.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1859, 60.
Lewis, William T.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1873.
Liebenstein, John W.....	Racine, Racine.....	1897.
Lincoln, Wyman L.....	Scott, Sheboygan.....	1893.
Linderman, James L.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1864, b.
Lindsay, Freeman D.....	Osseo, Trempealeau.....	1877.
Lindsay, William.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1877.
Lins, John A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Linse, Chas.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1881, b.
Linseley, Marcus.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1885.
Liscow, William.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1861.
Little, Francis.....	Iron Ridge, Dodge.....	1881.
Little, James.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1864, 65, b.
Littlefield, Stephen D.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1859.
Lloyd, Evan W.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1859.
Lloyd, John.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1881.
Loehr, Peter.....	Clyman, Dodge.....	1875.
Loehr, Querin.....	Dotyville, Fond du Lac.....	1889.
Loneragan, Michael.....	Calumet, Fond du Lac.....	1853.
Long, Chester D.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1871.
Long, Hugh.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1861.
Loomis, Charles D.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1848.
Longbotham, John.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1882.
Loper, Alonzo A.....	Dickeyville, Grant.....	1891, 93.
Lord, Simon L.....	Eden, Fond du Lac.....	1873, b.
Lord, Freeman H.....	Edgerton, Rock.....	1880, b.
Lorigan, Bryan S.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1895.
Love, John.....	Maple Grove, Manitowoc.....	1874, 75.
	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1855.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Lovejoy, Allen P.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1879, b.
Loveland, Carpus.....	Rutland, Dane.....	1870.
Lovell, Frederick S.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1857, 58.
Low, Jacob.....	Lowville, Columbia.....	1872.
Lown, George H.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1849.
Lowth, John.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1850, 51, 59.
Lowth, Matthew.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1889.
Lowth, Michael F.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1865.
Lowry, Goodwin.....	Helena Station, Iowa.....	1868.
Luchsinger, John.....	Monroe, Green.....	1887.
Luse, Louis K.....	New Glarus, Green.....	1873, 76, 77, 78.
Luscher, Gustav S.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1881.
Lutkin, Peter C.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1891, 93.
Lyle, John.....	Whitesville, Racine.....	1857.
Lynch, Felix.....	Paoli, Dane.....	1873.
Lynch, Thomas.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1885.
Lynde, William Pitt.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1873, 83.
Lyon, James R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866, b.
Lyon, Joseph F.....	Glendale, Monroe.....	1889.
Lyon, Waldo.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1868.
Lyon, William P.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1859.
	Racine, Racine.....	1859, 60.
Macaulay, Robert.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1883.
MacBride, Robert J.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1882, 83, b.
Mackay, Thomas C. L.....	Elk Grove, Lafayette.....	1860, 61.
Madden, Henry.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1853.
Maertz, Fred. C.....	Reedsville, Manitowoc.....	1895, 97.
Mahoney, Daniel A.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1893.
Mahoney, Daniel O.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1893, 95.
Mahoney, George R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Main, Robert P.....	Oregon, Dane.....	1857.
Malmros, G. C. Oscar.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1851.
Maloy, Michael.....	Richfield, Washington.....	1862.
Manley, Ira, Jr.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1868.
Manney, Francis G.....	Linden, Sheboygan.....	1850.
Manson, Rufus P.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1871.
Marsh, Joseph C.....	Spokeville, Clark.....	1895, 97.
Markham, George H.....	Independence, Trempealeau.....	1879.
Marsden, Thomas B.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1866.
Marshall, Charles W.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1859.
Marshall, George M.....	Big Springs, Adams.....	1875, 76.
Marshall, John.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1882.
Marshall, William R.....	St. Croix Falls, St. Croix.....	1848.
Marston, Warren.....	Lomira, Dodge.....	1867.
Martin, Thomas L.....	Wilton, Monroe.....	1895.
Martin, Andrew.....	Riceville, Washington.....	1875, 76.
Martin, Constant.....	Dykesville, Kewaunee.....	1866.
Martin, Jacob, Sr.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1883.
Martin, Mark.....	Onion River, Sheboygan.....	1864.
Martin, Morgan L.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1855, 74, b.
Martin, N. T.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1889.
Martin, Stoddard H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849.
Marvin, George G.....	Westford, Columbia.....	1871.
Marx, Nicholas.....	Wayne, Washington.....	1864, 77.
Mason, Albert L.....	Elton, Walworth.....	1879.
Mason, Jacob.....	Monroe, Green.....	1868.
Mason, John.....	Wlota, Lafayette.....	1885.
Mason, Zebulon.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1857, 58.
Masters, William.....	Veyauwega, Waupaca.....	1887.
Masse, Charles A.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1879.
Massey, Henry L.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1861.
Mather, Samuel W.....	Markesan, Marquette.....	1858.
Mathes, John.....	Rhine, Sheboygan.....	1854.
Matteeson, Silas O.....	Waucousta, Fond du Lac.....	1859.
Matthews, Eschines P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Matts, Nicholas M.....	Verona, Dane.....	1862.
Matts, Peter W.....	Montrose, Dane.....	1854.
Maxon, Densmore W.....	Cedar Creek, Washington.....	1848, 52, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 82, b.
Maxon, Joseph S.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1891.
Maxson, Darwin E.....	Milton, Rock.....	1869.
Maxson, Orrin T.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1853, 57.
Maxwell, Walter S.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1877, 81, 84, b.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
May, Reuben.....	Springville, Vernon.....	1870, 72.
Mayer, Christian.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1875.
Mayer, Jacob G.....	Le Roy, Dodge.....	1862.
McAllister, William P....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1857, 58.
McArthur, Eric.....	Winneconne, Winnebago.....	1876.
McCarthy, James.....	Port Washington, Ozaukee.....	1866.
McCartney, Alexander R.	Cassville, Grant.....	1869.
McCarty, Frank D.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1858.
McCarty, Thomas.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha	1870, 77.
McCaul, Thomas.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1874.
McCollum, John F.....	Trenton, Dodge.....	1862, 63.
McCollum, J. L. R.....	Sextonville, Richland.....	1876, 77.
McConnell, Chas. D.....	Ripon, Green Lake.....	1882, 87.
McConnell, Thomas.....	Winneconne, Winnebago.....	1873.
McConochie, R. N.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1893.
McCord, Myron H.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1881, b.
McCormick, Andrew.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1856, 57.
McCormick, Francis.....	Ashippun,	1884.
McCormick, Joseph.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1871.
McCoy, James B.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1881, 89.
McCoy, William J.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1876, 78.
McCourt, James Henry..	Lancaster, Grant.....	1883, 85.
McCracken, M. W.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1887, 89.
McCracken, Samuel.....	Superior, Douglas.....	1859.
McDill, Alexander S.....	Marquette, Marquette.....	1854.
McDill, George D.....	Plover, Portage.....	1862, b.
McDill, Thomas H.....	Osceola Mills, Polk.....	1881, 82, 83.
McDonald, Thomas, Jr..	Plover, Portage.....	1867, 71, 79, 80.
McDonald, A. S.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1897.
McDonald, David.....	Marion, Waupaca.....	1885, 87.
McDonald, Donald A....	Racine, Racine.....	1848.
McDonald, James.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1874, b.
McDonald, John D.....	Sussex, Waukesha.....	1869.
McDonald, John R.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1870, 71.
McDonald, Alexander A.	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1869.
McDonald, Martin W...	Madison, Dane.....	1858.
McDonough, Frank.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1882.
McDowell, Samuel C.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1893.
McElroy, James.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1882.
McElroy, William.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1864.
McFarland, David.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887, 89.
McFarlane, Hugh.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1863, b.
McFetridge, Edward C..	Portage City, Columbia.....	1850.
McGalloway, Peter.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1878, 81, b.
McGarry, Edward.....	Forest, Fond du Lac.....	1895.
McGeehan, M. G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850, 53, 64, b.
McGeehan, R. J.....	Hurley, Ashland.....	1893.
McGillivray, Jas. J.....	DePere, Brown.....	1889, 91.
McGilton, John.....	Black River Falls, Jackson	1891, 93.
McGinty, Bernard.....	Cedar Falls, Dunn.....	1880.
McGlachlin, E.....	Calamine, Lafayette.....	1878, 80.
McGonigal, William.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1889.
McGranahan, William...	Wingville, Grant.....	1850.
McGrath, James.....	Fayette, Lafayette.....	1859.
McGrath, Thomas J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1865, 66, 67, 68, 70, 73, 74.
McGrew, Joseph B.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1897.
McGuigan, Ambrose.....	Richland Center, Richland.	1874, b.
McGuire, James M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
McIndoe, Walter D.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1865.
McIntosh, Charles E.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1880, 54, 55.
McIntyre, Eugene.....	Lime Rock, Outagamie.....	1869, 70, 71.
McIver, James.....	Waldo, Sheboygan.....	1880.
McKay, John J.....	Bay View, Milwaukee.....	1874.
McKee, David.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1860.
McKenzie, Duncan J....	Potosi, Grant.....	1852.
McKenzie, John.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1893.
McKibbin, John.....	Dekorra, Columbia.....	1883.
McKesson, James C.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1858.
McLean, Campbell.....	Wheatland, Kenosha.....	1853, 59.
McLean, Hector.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1862.
McLean, Thomas.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1865.
McLees, John M.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1864.
McLeran, J. B.....	Harmony, Vernon.....	1869.
	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1887.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
McLaughlin, William M.	Oregon, Green.....	1864, 65.
McMichael, William.....	Viroqua, Bad Axe.....	1860.
McMillan, Alexander.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1873.
McMullen, W. V.....	Brillion, Calumet.....	1889, 91.
McMurdo, James H.....	Hortonville, Outagamie.....	1880, 81.
McNair, Hugh A. W.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1859, 67, 70.
McNaughton, F.....	Vernon, Waukesha.....	1852.
McNeel, J. Henry.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1870.
McNitt, Edwin W.....	Otsego, Columbia.....	1864.
McNamara, Martin.....	Maple Grove, Manitowoc.....	1872.
McRea, Hector C.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1879, 80.
McRath, M. J.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1865.
McWhorter, George.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1858.
Mead, L. H.....	Shell Lake, Washburn.....	1889, 91.
Mead, Zerah.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1852.
Meade, John F.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1849.
Meadows, William.....	Lyons, Walworth.....	1881.
Meehan, James.....	Meehan, Portage.....	1878.
Meigs, Gardner C.....	Arena, Iowa.....	1859, 60.
Meiklejohn, John.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1882.
Meissner, Gustav.....	Ashippun, Dodge.....	1883.
Meloy, Charles J.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1891.
Melvin, Fordyce R.....	Brooklyn, Green.....	1879.
Menzies, James.....	Rock Prairie, Rock.....	1881.
Merriman, Charles W.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1897.
Merriam, Amzy.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1871.
Merriam, John G.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1855.
Merrill, Addison W.....	Alma Center, Jackson.....	1897.
Merrill, Almond.....	Charleston, Calumet.....	1855.
Merrill, Hiram.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1875.
Merrill, Lorenzo.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1848, 59.
Merrill, Leander G.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1866.
Merrill, Soreno T.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1876, 77.
Merrill, Willard.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1871.
Merritt, Edward E.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1873.
Merrity, Patrick.....	Hale's Corners, Milwaukee.....	1880.
Messmore, Isaac E.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1861.
Metcalf, Theophilus F.....	Spring Lake, Waushara.....	1870.
Meyer, Charles G.....	Fredonia, Ozaukee.....	1871, 81.
Meyer, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853.
Meyer, Joseph A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Milbrath, C. W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Mihills, Uriah D.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1870, 71.
Millard, Burton.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1858.
Millard, B. F.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1889.
Miller, Jerome B.....	Alma Center, Jackson.....	1895.
Miller, Clarkson.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1860.
Miller, Chas. H.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1867.
Miller, Joseph.....	Brillion, Manitowoc.....	1883, 85.
Miller, Lucius M.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1853.
Miller, Samuel.....	Shopiere, Rock.....	1862.
Miller, Henry.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1887.
Miller, William.....	Rusk, Dunn.....	1887, b.
Miller, Samuel S.....	Whitehall, Trempealeau.....	1887.
Miller, William H.....	Door Creek, Dane.....	1863, 64.
Miller, W. L.....	Winneconne, Winnebago.....	1889.
Milukin, N. W.....	Saxeville, Waushara.....	1882.
Mills, Edgar G.....	West Superior, Douglas.....	1893.
Mills, Ferguson.....	Seneca, Crawford.....	1876.
Mills, Hugh B.....	Millston, Jackson.....	1876.
Mills, Joseph T.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1856, 57, 62, 79.
Mills, Thomas B.....	Millston, Jackson.....	1885, 87, 89.
Minch, Oscar F.....	Paoli, Dane.....	1897.
Miner, Cyrus.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1889.
Miner, Eliphalet S.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1865, 66, b.
Miner, James H.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1870.
Minor, David N.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1861.
Minor, Edward S.....	Fish Creek, Door.....	1878, 80, 81, b.
Mitchell, Abner.....	Spring Grove, Green.....	1854.
Mitchell, Franklin.....	Juda, Green.....	1877, 78, 79.
Mitchell, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1856.
Mitchell, Martin.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1860.
Mitchell, Robert.....	Douglas Center, Marquette.....	1875.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Mitchell, William F. ..	Gibbsville, Sheboygan.....	1861.
Moeller, Adolph.....	New Holstein, Calumet....	1882.
Mohr, Charles.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1895.
Mohr, Christian Frederick	Portage, Columbia.....	1887, 89.
Mohr, Thomas.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc....	1876, 77.
Monroe, Publius V.....	New Berlin, Waukesha....	1852.
Monroe, William.....	Fayette, Lafayette.....	1867.
Monteith, John.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1873.
Monteith, John B.....	Genesee, Waukesha.....	1865.
Montgomery, Edwin.....	Hancock, Waushara.....	1871, b.
Moers, Benjamin H....	Grafton, Washington.....	1848.
Moore, Benjamin F.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1852.
Moore, Chas. W.....	Chetek, Barron.....	1889, 91.
Moore, Harvey.....	Ozaukee, Washington.....	1851.
Moore, Harvey T.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1862.
Moore, John B.....	Muscoda, Grant.....	1860.
Moore, William V.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1872.
Moran, Patrick H.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1882.
More, George E.....	Royalton, Waupaca.....	1871.
Moors, Chas. W.....	Hancock, Waushara.....	1880, 81.
Morgan, John E.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1897.
Morgan, D. H.....	Albany, Green.....	1885.
Morgan, Frederick A....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1871.
Morrill, John.....	Hixton, Jackson.....	1870.
Morris, Chas. E.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan....	1848.
Morrisson, David L.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson....	1854, 56.
Morman, Thomas J.....	Stevens Point, Portage....	1851.
Morrow, Joseph M.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1862.
Morse, Hiram D.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1867.
Morse, William M.....	Ashippun, Dodge.....	1866, 75.
Moscowitt, Frederick...	Alderly, Jefferson.....	1857.
Moser, Conrad, Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1855, 57, 59, 75, 78.
Mosher, Thomas H.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1867, 68.
Mosher, John.....	Kneeland, Racine.....	1897.
Mosher, Jonathan.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1866.
Mott, Thomas R.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1855.
Moulton, Powers G.....	Watertown, Jefferson....	1852.
Moule, Daniel.....	Onalaska, La Crosse.....	1870, 71.
Muckerhelde, Jacob H...	Orfordville, Rock.....	1865.
Muehl, Adam.....	Kewaskum, Washington....	1879.
Mulholland, Henry.....	St. Martin, Waukesha....	1868.
Mullowney, James.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1860, 65.
Mumbrue, Henry C.....	Kildare, Juneau.....	1878, 79.
Munger, A. R.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1876, b.
Munn, Henry B.....	Boltonville, Sheboygan....	1891.
Munroe, Orlando C.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1860.
Murdock, James.....	Racine, Racine.....	1861, 63.
Murphy, James L.....	Neosho, Dodge.....	1850.
Murphy, James S.....	Marinette, Marinette....	1887.
Murphy, James W.....	Benton, Lafayette.....	1859.
Murphy, John D.....	Brigsville, Marquette....	1879, b.
Murphy, John A.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1851.
Murphy, Matthew.....	Ellsworth, Pierce.....	1887.
Murphy, Michael.....	New Diggings, Lafayette....	1852, 56.
Murphy, Newton S.....	Maple Grove, Manitowoc....	1865, 67.
Murphy, William.....	Whitewater, Walworth....	1859.
Murray, Horatio J.....	Brigsville, Marquette....	1869, 74.
Murray, James.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1867.
Murray, Nathaniel O....	Turtle, Rock.....	1856.
Murray, William D.....	New Berlin, Waukesha....	1867.
Muzzy, John.....	Pepin, Pepin.....	1882.
	Beloit, Rock.....	1853.
	Mayville, Rock.....	1851.
Naber, Herman.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1864, 75, 80, 83.
Narracong, Jonas W....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1870.
Nash, Jonathan W.....	Oak Grove, Dodge.....	1860.
Nash, Thomas E.....	Centralla, Wood.....	1885.
Nash, William F.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc....	1878, b.
Nason, Solomon L.....	Nasonville, Wood.....	1878.
Neavil, James H.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1868.
Needham, Randolph J....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1867.
Neeves, George A.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1872.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Neff, Danverse.....	Calamine, Lafayette.....	1876.
Nelson, Andrew G.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1885.
Nelson, Homer.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1877.
Nelson Joseph.....	Raymond, Racine.....	1857.
Nelson, Jerome.....	Nelsonville, Portage.....	1887.
Nelson, Knute.....	Cambridge, Dane.....	1868, 69.
Nelson, Peter.....	Racine, Racine.....	1893.
Nelson, Thomas L.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1875.
Neuhauser, Francis A.....	Le Roy, Dodge.....	1877.
Newcomb, John.....	Pepin, Pepin.....	1887.
Neville, John C.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1860.
Newell, Franklin.....	Paris, Kenosha.....	1856, 66.
Newell, James E.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1875.
Newick, Samuel.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1862.
Newman, Alfred W.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.....	1863, b.
Newman, Gideon E.....	Cooksville, Rock.....	1877.
Newton, Selim.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1861.
Nichols, Abner.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1848.
Nichols, Archibald.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1848, 54, 62, 71, 72.
Nichols, Henry F. C.....	New Lisbon, Juneau.....	1872, 73, 79.
Nichols, Marshall C.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1883.
Nicholls, John.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.....	1867, 68.
Niedermann, J. C. U.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864.
Niss, Charles, Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Noble, Butler G.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1858.
Noble, Morgan L.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1849, 50.
Noggie, David.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1854, 57.
Nolan, J. P.....	Maple Grove, Manitowoc.....	1891.
Noll, William.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1876.
Noller, George.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1883.
Noon, Jeremiah.....	Merton, Waukesha.....	1856.
Norcross, Pliny.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1867, 85.
Northrop, George C.....	Racine, Racine.....	1864.
Northrop, Stiles S.....	Ogden, Rock.....	1861.
Northrop, Samuel.....	Dellona, Sauk.....	1858.
Norton, Nelson R.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1854.
Notbohm, Edward C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Noyes, David K.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1856.
Nute, Benjamin.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1849.
Nye, Frank M.....	Clear Lake, Polk.....	1885.
Nye, William M.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1887.
Oberman, Jacob.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1865.
O'Brien, John.....	Milton, Monroe.....	1881.
Ockler, William.....	Muskego Center, Waukesha.....	1871.
O'Connor, Eugene.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1869.
O'Connor, Thomas.....	Halder, Marathon.....	1891.
Oddie, J. M.....	Boyceville, Dunn.....	1885.
Oetting, Charles.....	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan.....	1863, 71.
Officer, William H.....	Springville, Vernon.....	1864, 65.
O'Flaherty, John.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1879.
O'Hara, Samuel.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1863.
Oliver, E. C.....	Cedar Grove, Sheboygan.....	1889.
Ollis, John.....	De Forest, Dane.....	1878.
Olmstead, Nathan.....	Cottage Inn, Lafayette.....	1851, 53.
Olson, Brown.....	Westby, Vernon.....	1891.
Olson, Hans H.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1897.
O'Malley, Dominick.....	Westport, Dane.....	1861.
O'Neill, William.....	Washburn, Washburn.....	1893, 95.
O'Neill, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864, 55, b.
O'Neill, James.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1868.
O'Neill, James.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1849.
O'Neill, James.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1885.
O'Neill, John.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1882, 83.
O'Neill, Thomas.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875.
Opitz, William F.....	Mequon River, Ozaukee.....	1861.
Ordway, David S.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1860.
Ormsby, James B.....	Oxford, Marquette.....	1859.
Orton, Charles H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866.
Orton, Harlow S.....	Madison, Dane.....	1854, 59, 71.
O'Rourke, Patrick H.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1872, b.
O'Rourke, John.....	Kildare, Juneau.....	1868.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Osborn, Albert K.....	Iola, Waupaca.....	1863, 65, 66.
Osborn, Chas. F.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1889, 91.
Osborn, Sylvester W.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1865.
Osborne, Marvin.....	Magnolia, Rock.....	1874, 75.
Osborne, Tobias G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851.
Ostrander, James H.....	Aztalan, Jefferson.....	1853.
Ostrander, James W.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1873, 75, 79, 82.
Ostrander, Jared F.....	Aztalan, Jefferson.....	1857.
Oswald, John J.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1891.
Overbeck, Henry, Jr.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1897.
Owen, David.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1877.
Owen, William.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1865.
Packard, William P.....	Racine, Racine.....	1880, 83.
Paddock, B. G.....	La Valle, Sauk.....	1889.
Paddock, William.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1881.
Page, Lucius H.....	Fulton, Rock.....	1849.
Pahl, Louis P.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1876.
Paine, Charles P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1830.
Palmer, Alexander S.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1850.
Palmer, Cassius C.....	West Salem, La Crosse.....	1869.
Palmer, Edwin.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Palmer, Ephraim.....	Edgerton, Rock.....	1862.
Palmer, Henry L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853, 60, 62, 73, b.
Palmer, John T.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1856.
Palmer, Rodman.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1861.
Palmer, Thomas.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1850.
Palmer, William.....	Logansville, Sauk.....	1865, 66.
Pape, A. H.....	New London, Outagamie.....	1882, 83.
Parish, John K.....	Medford, Taylor.....	1885.
Parker, Maynard T.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1897.
Parker, Charles D.....	Pleasant Valley, St. Croix.....	1869, 70.
Parker, Charles H.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1868, 69, 73.
Parker, George W.....	Metomen, Fond du Lac.....	1855, 56.
Parker, Nathan.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1861.
Parker, Ruel.....	Portland, Dodge.....	1854.
Parkinson, J. W.....	Brothertown, Calumet.....	1880, 93.
Parkinson, Daniel M.....	Willow Springs, Lafayette.....	1849.
Parkinson, Peter, Jr.....	Fayette, Lafayette.....	1854.
Parks, Francis G.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1873.
Parks, Rufus.....	Waterville, Waukesha.....	1867.
Parry, William T.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1881, 82, b.
Patch, Henry.....	Patch Grove, Grant.....	1858.
Patch, Horace D.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1852.
Patchin, Melvin B.....	Fremont, Waupaca.....	1860.
Pattin, Azel W.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1872.
Patterson, Andrew.....	Fox River, Kenosha.....	1885.
Patterson, Henry A.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1873.
Paulus, C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Peak, Uriel H.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1852.
Peal, Elisha.....	Lisbon, Waukesha.....	1853.
Pease, Harlow.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1858.
Pease, Spencer A.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1865, 66, 70, 71.
Peckham, Wm. P.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1874.
Pederson, Eli.....	Primrose, Dane.....	1883.
Pelce, Jabez.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1849.
Pelce, C. E.....	Germania, Marquette.....	1891, b.
Pemberton, John.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1878.
Pengra, Marshal H.....	Juda, Green.....	1871, 72.
Perkins, Albert J.....	Medford, Taylor.....	1893.
Perkins, James W.....	New Chester, Adams.....	1885, 87.
Perkins, Nathaniel.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1851.
Perry, Cyrus.....	Waterloo, Dodge.....	1869.
Perry, Eli P.....	New London, Waupaca.....	1867.
Perry, William W.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1872.
Persons, E. W.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1887, b.
Persons, James H.....	Plum City, Pierce.....	1873, 74.
Peters, Peter.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1861, 65.
Peters, William H.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1878.
Peterson, Peter N.....	Amherst, Portage.....	1897.
Peterson C. H. M.....	New Holstein, Calumet.....	1868, 69, 72, 81.
Peterson, John C.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1879, 80.
Peterson, Atley.....	Soldier's Grove, Crawford.....	1879, 80, 81, 82.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Peterson, Halvor H.....	Orfordville, Rock.....	1871.
Peterson, Sewall A.....	Rice Lake, Barron.....	1893.
Petrie, Jost D.....	Concord, Jefferson.....	1861, 67.
Petters, O. Hugo.....	Murone, Fond du Lac.....	1859.
Pettit, Paris.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1866.
Pfaff, Fredrick A.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1861.
Pfunder, Frederick.....	Nero, Manitowoc.....	1880.
Phalen, Dennis T.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1891.
Phelps, A. Warren.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Phelps, Chauncy M.....	Addison, Washington.....	1849.
Phelps, Joseph A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852.
Phillips, Albert L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1869, 70, b.
Phillips, Benjamin F.....	Mukwa, Manitowoc.....	1857.
Phillips, Bradley.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1872.
Phillips, Charles H.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1870, 76, 77, b.
Phillips, Enos M.....	Big Valley, La Crosse.....	1863.
Phillips, John.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1860, 64.
Phillips, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866, 67, 69.
Phillips, Peter.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1882.
Phillips, Sewell A.....	Royalton, Waupaca.....	1880, 81.
Pickett, Armine.....	Weelaunee, Winnebago.....	1861.
Pierce, Albert H.....	Monticello, Green.....	1859, 68.
Pieirce, Clarence E.....	Germania, Marquette.....	1891, 93, b.
Pierce, Humphrey.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1882.
Pierce, Robert W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85.
Pierce, Solon W.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1870, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 97.
Pierce, William A.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1852.
Pierron, William.....	Silver Springs, Milwaukee.....	1881, 91.
Pike, Alanson.....	Whitewater, Jefferson.....	1865.
Pike, Jarvis K.....	Cold Spring, Jefferson.....	1849.
Pinkney, Bertine.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1850, b.
Pinney, Silas U.....	Madison, Dane.....	1875.
Piper, Francis V.....	Pipersville, Jefferson.....	1883.
Piper, Jonathan.....	Ixonia Center, Jefferson.....	1865.
Place, Jacob B.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1880.
Platto, John V. V.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Plisch, Robert.....	Zeigler, Marathon.....	1895.
Plocker, William.....	Fair Water, Fond du Lac.....	1875.
Plumer, Bradley G.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1866.
Plumer, Daniel L.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1873.
Plummer, Samuel L.....	Arkansas, Pepin.....	1874.
Plummer, Samuel F.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1897.
Plummer, William E.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1891.
Poertner, Adam.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863.
Polacheck, Charles.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Pole, Charles.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1868, 69.
Polley, Horace N.....	Augusta, Eau Claire.....	1897.
Pooler, Frank.....	Onalaska, La Crosse.....	1882.
Pope, Anson W.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1849, 61, 66.
Pope, Carl C.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1862, 63, 77, 78.
Poppert, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Porter, James W.....	Port Washington, Wash.....	1853.
Porter, John L.....	Pacific, Columbia.....	1873.
Porter, William H.....	Marshall, Dane.....	1891.
Porter, Hugh.....	Seneca, Crawford.....	1887, 89.
Porter, Joseph K. P.....	Cooksville, Rock.....	1859.
Porter, Thomas.....	New Richmond, St. Croix.....	1885.
Porth, Peter.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Post, Lorenzo L.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1878, 79.
Potter, Jerome B.....	Sentinel, Juneau.....	1869, 70.
Potter, John F.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1856.
Potter, John, Jr.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1878, 79.
Potter, Peter.....	Le Roy, Dodge.....	1857.
Potter, William D.....	Cambridge, Dane.....	1866.
Pound, Albert E.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1873.
Pound, Thaddeus C.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1864, 66, 67, 69.
Powell, Abner.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1869.
Powell, Oliver S.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1870, 71, 72.
Powell, Robert T.....	Indian Ford, Rock.....	1871.
Powell, Henry.....	Mazomanie, Dane.....	1887.
Power, Robert.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1863.
Powers, David J.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1853.
Powers, Joseph.....	Hebron, Jefferson.....	1864.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Powers, Levi P.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1863.
Powers, Simeon D.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1862.
Powers, Simon D.....	Port Washington, Wash.....	1852.
Pratt, Delando.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1848.
Pratt, Geo. W.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1839, b.
Pratt, George E.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1897.
Pratt, Martin V.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1881, 89.
Pratt, Oris.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1833.
Pratt, Samuel.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1849, 55, 63, b.
Prentice, Wm. H.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1858.
Prentiss, Theodore.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1861.
Prentiss, Wm. A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867, 68.
Price, David J.....	Bay View, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Price, William T.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1851, 82, b.
Prickett, Harlow E.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1858.
Priest, Daniel B.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1863, 68.
Priestly, Chas. W.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1885.
Pritchard, Richard.....	Manchester, Green Lake.....	1880.
Prochnow, Theodore.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Proctor, John.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1866, 67.
Proctor, Wm. H.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1882.
Pugh, Wm. T.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1891.
Pulcifer, Daniel H.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1867, 79.
Puhlman, Otto.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1873.
Pullen, Lloyd T.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1876.
Pullen, Lloyd T.....	Argyle, Lafayette.....	1861, 63.
Purple, Chauncey H.....	Brookfield Center, Waukesha.....	1854.
Putnam, Edson A.....	Oakfield, Fond du Lac.....	1876.
Putnam, George W.....	Ash Ridge, Richland.....	1872, 73.
Putnam, John D.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1883.
Putnam, Henry C.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1891, 93.
Quarles, Joseph V.....	Kenosha.....	1879, b.
Quigg, Charles E.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1893.
Race, John J.....	Fredonia Station, Ozaukee.....	1885.
Rademacher, Peter J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Roesser, Christopher S.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, 80, 89.
Rahr, Reinhard.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1887.
Ramsey, George R.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1852.
Ramsey, William H.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1855, 61.
Rand, Elijah K.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1862, 63.
Randall, Alexander W.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1855.
Randall, Benjamin.....	Lebanon, Dodge.....	1848.
Rankin, Joseph.....	Mishicott, Manitowoc.....	1860.
Rankin, Joseph.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1871, 72, 73, 74.
Rasmussen, James J.....	Fort Howard, Brown.....	1881, 83.
Ray, Adam E.....	Troy, Walworth.....	1851.
Ray, George A.....	La Grange, Walworth.....	1868.
Ray, George H.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1895, 97.
Raymond, James O.....	Plover, Portage.....	1866.
Raymond, Shepard O.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1866.
Raymond, William.....	Belle Center, Crawford.....	1870.
Read, John M.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1881, b.
Reed, Curtis.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1853, 61.
Reed, Darius.....	Sullivan, Jefferson.....	1854, 56.
Reed, Dennis A.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1865, 74.
Reed, Henry.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1869.
Reed, Horatio G. H.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1870.
Reed, Orson.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1853, b.
Reed, William W.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1862, 66, 67, b.
Regan, Mathias J.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1883.
Reinholdt, Henry O.....	Genoa Junction, Kenosha.....	1897.
Reinhard, William.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854.
Remington, Cyrus C.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1854.
Remington, H. W.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1865.
Resch, Michael.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1876.
Resley, Arthur.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1853.
Reuter, Christian.....	Roxbury, Dane.....	1891.
Reuther, Peter.....	Centerville, Manitowoc.....	1872.
Rewey, Jefferson W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1868, 81, 82.
Reymert, James D.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857, b.
	Norway, Racine.....	1849, b.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Reynolds, John F.....	Genoa Junction, Kenosha...	1895, 97.
Reynolds, Benoni O.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1876, b.
Reynolds, James C.....	Lake Geneva, Walworth...	1885, 87, b.
Reynolds, Joseph B.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1879.
Reynolds, James.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857, 68.
Reukema, Rip.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Reuschlein, Francis.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1893.
Rhoda, David.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha...	1873.
Rhodes, Jonas W.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1871.
Ribble, John B.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1855.
Rice, Carlton E.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1864.
Rice, Ira A.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1870.
Rice, John T.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1877.
Rice, William.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1878.
Rich, Corydon L.....	Shiocton, Shawano.....	1873.
	Vinland, Winnebago.....	1854.
Richards, Daniel H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1868, 70, 71, 74, 75.
Richards, John F.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1872.
Richards, Richard.....	Racine, Racine.....	1873.
Richardson, E. D.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1849.
Richardson, Hamilton...	Janesville, Rock.....	1864, b.
Richardson, N. B.....	Warren, Lafayette.....	1869.
Richardson, Silas.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1863.
Richardson, William.....	Fairplay, Grant.....	1852.
Richmond, George N.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1874, 75, b.
Richter, August.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871.
Richer, Ezekiel.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1852, 53.
Rickerson, Charles.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1849.
Riemer, Gustav J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Ries, Florian J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Ring, M. C.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1889, b.
Ringle, Bartholomew.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1864, 72, 75, 76, 77.
Ringle, John.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1879, 80, 81, 93, b.
Riordan, James.....	Franklin, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Riordan, Jeremiah.....	West Bend, Washington...	1874.
Risum, Otto A.....	Pulcifer, Shawano.....	1897.
Robbins Hammer.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1857, 58, 61, 64, 66, 67, 68.
Roberts, David.....	North Prairie, Waukesha...	1858.
Roberts, Henry B.....	Caledonia, Racine.....	1848.
Robertson, Robert C.....	Vernon, Waukesha.....	1860.
Robinson, Charles D.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1850.
Robinson, Eli.....	Benton, Lafayette.....	1853.
Robinson, Frederick.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1872, 76.
Robinson, George M.....	Salem, Racine.....	1850.
Robinson, James.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1853, 58, 63, 70.
Robinson, John.....	Francis Creek, Manitowoc...	1885.
Robinson, Nathaniel S....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1875.
Robinson, Thomas.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1867.
Robinson, William.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1873, 74.
Robier, Hiram W.....	Wycena, Columbia.....	1874.
Roche, Matthew.....	Westport, Dane.....	1853.
Roche, Patrick.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1877.
Rockwell, D. Henry.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha...	1849.
Rockwell, Reuben.....	Springfield, Walworth...	1859.
Rodolph, Charles G.....	Orion, Richland.....	1858.
	Highland, Iowa.....	1851, b.
Rodolph, Theodore.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1868, 70.
Rodrian, Jacob.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1895.
Roe, William H.....	Mt. Pleasant, Racine.....	1853.
Roemer, John A.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1873.
Roethe, Henry.....	Painsville, Milwaukee.....	1869.
Rogan, Patrick.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1851, 53, 55, 66.
Rogan, Peter.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1858, 62.
Rogers, Asa.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1875.
Rogers, Chas.....	Hingham, Sheboygan.....	1865.
Rogers, E. D.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1878.
Rogers, James E.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1881.
Rogers, Oran.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1860.
Rogers, William.....	Carleton, Kewaunee.....	1882.
Rollis, Christopher J.....	Oregon, Dane.....	1885.
Rolph, Frederick B.....	Monroe, Green.....	1864.
	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1857.
Rood, Anson.....	Kilbourn City, Adams.....	1864, 71.

b. See list of Senators.



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, MENDOTA.

MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Rood, Davenport.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1848.
Rood, Lewis.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1854.
Rood, Samuel R.....	Packwaukee, Marquette.....	1855.
Root, Eleazer.....	Dartford, Marquette.....	1852.
Root, Wilbur M.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1879, 80, 82, 87.
Rose, Solomon L.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1855, b.
Rosenkranz, Herman.....	Lomira, Dodge.....	1895.
Rosenkrans, Omar L.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1891, 97.
Rosenthal, Adolph.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1854.
Roskie, C. F.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1881.
Ross, Freeman M.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1869.
Ross, James.....	Madison, Dane.....	1865.
Rossman, Lewis.....	Phillips, Price.....	1891.
Rossman, Philip.....	Greenwood, Clark.....	1891.
Rothe, Emil.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1863.
Rounds, William P.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1870, 71, b.
Roundy, Daniel C.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1864.
Rounseville, Samuel.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1866.
	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1862.
Rountree, John H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1863, b.
Rowe, William E.....	Arena, Iowa.....	1869, 72, 73, 74.
Rowlands, John R.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1875.
Royce, Henry M.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1874.
Roys, Samuel H.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1848, 49.
Ruan, John.....	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1855, 60.
Ruch, John.....	Boltonville, Sheboygan.....	1880.
Rudinski, Theodore.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Rudd, Eli O.....	Rudd's Mills, Monroe.....	1872.
	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1859.
Ruger, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Runals, Edmund L.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1857, 58.
Runkel, Henry O.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1868, 69, 70.
Runkel, John.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1873.
Rusch, William.....	Herman, Dodge.....	1871.
Rush, John D.....	Winneconne, Winnebago.....	1859.
Rusk, Allen.....	Liberty, Vernon.....	1878, 81.
Rusk, Jeremiah M.....	Viroqua, Bad Axe.....	1862.
Russell, Francis.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1868.
Russell, Richard C.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1864.
Rutherford Gilbert.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1897.
Rutledge, John.....	Ixonia Center, Jefferson.....	1869.
Ryan, Hugh.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Ryan, James.....	Ridgeway, Iowa.....	1882, 83.
Ryan, Sam., Jr.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1865.
Sackett, Hobert S.....	Berlin, Waushara.....	1872, b.
Safford, Truman J.....	Exeter, Green.....	1852.
Sage, Ezra C.....	New Lisbon, Juneau.....	1867.
Sage, Sidney A.....	Western Union, Racine.....	1881.
Salentine, Peter.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Sallsbury, Elijah C.....	Union Grove, Racine.....	1865.
Salter, Robert.....	Newburg, Washington.....	1862.
Sampson, Bennett E.....	Oakfield, Dodge.....	1891, 93.
Samuelson, Svend.....	Eaton, Manitowoc.....	1871.
Sanborn, Alden S.....	Mazomanie, Dane.....	1862, 63, 64, 70.
Sanborn, A. W.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1885.
Sander, Jacob.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Sanders, Horace T.....	Racine, Racine.....	1853.
Sanderson, John.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1879.
Sanderson, Robert B.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1862, 66, b.
Sanderson, Thomas.....	Leeds, Columbia.....	1871.
Sanderson, Joseph.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1895.
Sanger, Casper M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Sarnow, Christian.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877, 79.
Saugestad, Oluf A.....	Baldwin, St. Croix.....	1882.
Savage, James R.....	Springville, Bad Axe.....	1858.
Sawyer, Hiram.....	Burnett, Dodge.....	1866.
Sawyer, Hiram W.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1873, 74.
Sawyer, James.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Sawyer, Parker.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1859.
Sawyer, Philetus.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1857, 61.
Sayles, Whitman.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1853.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Sawre, David F.....	Fulton, Rock.....	1873.
Scanlon, John.....	Symco, Waupaca.....	1879.
Schaetzel, Valentine.....	Menomonee Falls, Wash....	1861.
Schaubs, Ernest.....	Brillion, Calumet.....	1887.
Schautz, Adam.....	Addison, Washington.....	1854, 63, b.
Schatz, Herman.....	Brookfield, Waukesha.....	1882.
Schiebe, Emil P.....	Hika, Manitowoc.....	1889.
Scheiber, Frederick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883.
Scheffel, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869.
Schellenberg, Herman.....	Horn's Corners, Ozaukee....	1895, 97.
Schemerhorn, W. S.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1867.
Scheuber, Adolph.....	Erfurt, Jefferson.....	1877.
Schletz, John A.....	Grafton, Ozaukee.....	1862.
Schlichting, Bernard.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875.
Schmidkofer, Andrew.....	Calvary, Fond du Lac.....	1885, 87.
Schmidt, Carl H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1870, b.
Schmidt, Casper.....	Osikosh, Winnebago.....	1889.
Schmidt, John.....	Tess Corners, Waukesha....	1864, 80, 93.
Schmidtner, Louis A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1890.
Schmitz, Frederick.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1875.
Schmitz, Philip, Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891, 93.
Scheutz, Henry.....	Williamsburg, Milwaukee....	1891.
Schneider, Phillip.....	Barton, Washington.....	1866, 75, 76, 83, b.
Schoenwetter, Aug. F.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1885.
Schott, George.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1872, 76.
Schottler, Martin.....	Staatsville, Washington....	1853, 64.
Schrage, Joseph.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1855.
Schutte, Charles.....	Meeker, Washington.....	1853.
Schwalbach, John F., Jr.....	South Germant'n, Washing	1881.
Schwefel, Fred F.....	Lebanon, Dodge.....	1855.
Schwefel, William.....	Lebanon, Dodge.....	1891, 93.
Scofield, Charles.....	Red River, Door.....	1875.
Schollard, William.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1878.
Schuler, Fred O.....	Boltonville, Washington....	1885, 87, 89.
Schulze, Fred.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1885.
Scott, David.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1854.
Scott, James.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1887.
Scribner, James K.....	Eldorado Mills, Fond du Lac	1876.
Scribner, Wiley S.....	Fairplay, Grant.....	1866.
Seabold, John E.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha	1881.
Seaman, Galen B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Seamonson, William.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1876.
Sears, Edgar.....	Pine River, Waushara.....	1867, 68.
Seaton, James W.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1859, 60, b.
Seaver, John D.....	Cooksville, Rock.....	1851.
Seaver, Joseph W.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1853.
Sedgwick, David E.....	Wrightstown, Brown.....	1880.
Seely, David J.....	Elk Grove, Lafayette.....	1866, 67.
Segar, John A.....	Johnstown, Rock.....	1850.
Selden, George W.....	Racine, Racine.....	1853.
Sell, John.....	Addison, Washington.....	1856.
Sellers, Malcolm.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1850.
Selsmeyer, August.....	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan	1881.
Semmann, John L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871, 74.
Semmon, L.....	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1872.
Semple, Parlan.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1869, 71.
Senn, John J.....	Pountain City, Buffalo....	1877, 78.
Serwe, Michael.....	Ashland, Fond du Lac.....	1875.
Sessions, Milan H.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1869, b.
Sether, Ole C.....	Scandinavia, Waupaca.....	1897.
Seymour, Robt. T.....	Lafayette, Walworth.....	1856.
Seymour, Silas J.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1876, 77.
Shaffer, George P.....	New Diggings, Lafayette....	1897.
Shaffer, James M.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1852.
Shaffer, William N.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1859.
Shannahan, Daniel.....	Newtonboro, Manitowoc....	1863.
Sharp, Elijah M.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1872, 75.
Sharp, John W.....	Door Creek, Dane.....	1858.
Sharp, Terrett C.....	Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan....	1883, 85.
Sharpstein, John R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863, b.
Shaw, Major.....	Hingham, Sheboygan.....	1872.
Shear, Thomas J.....	Hillsborough, Vernon.....	1882, 89.

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MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Shears, Henry.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha....	1850.
Sheldon, Thomas H.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1880.
Shepard, Ashbel K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Shepard, Charles E.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1882.
Shepard, J. L.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1878.
Shepard, Leander H.....	Burnett, Dodge.....	1877.
Sherman, Adelmon.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1869, 70, 71.
Sherman, Benjamin F.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1880, b.
Sherman, John M.....	Burnett, Dodge.....	1855.
Shibley, Jacob B.....	Bussett's Station, Kenosha	1868.
Shinnick, Thomas.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1867, 76.
Sholes, Charles C.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1855, b.
Sholes, C. Latham.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1852, 53, b.
Short, Dennis.....	Theresa, Dodge.....	1873.
Showalter, Reuben B.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1887, 89.
Shufelt, Sidney A.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1876, 77.
Shutis, Norman.....	North Prairie, Waukesha....	1864.
Shumway, Perley J.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1848, 62.
Siebers, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Sieker, William F.....	Franklin, Sheboygan.....	1895, 97.
Sikes, George.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1850.
Silverthorn, Willis C.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1868, 74, b.
Simon, Matthias.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1859, 63.
Simmons, C. F.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1889.
Simmons, Rouse.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1875.
Simmons, William.....	Nekimi, Winnebago.....	1865, 66.
Simmons, Zalmon G.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1865.
Simpson, Edward B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, 80, b.
Simpson, Elva.....	Iron Ridge, Dodge.....	1860.
Simpson, Philemon B.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1853, b.
Skeels, Albert M.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1866, 67.
Skinner, Jacob.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1852.
Slade, Edwin.....	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan.....	1865.
Slaughter, George H.....	Mendota, Dane.....	1866.
Sleyster, Roelof.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1870.
Sloan, A. Scott.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1857.
Sloan, Henry C.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1881, 95.
Sloggvy, Samuel.....	Ontario, Vernon.....	1885, 87.
Slowthower, Elias.....	Gratiot, Lafayette.....	1848.
Slupocki, E. J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Small, William.....	Sussex, Waukesha.....	1880.
Smart, Reuben D.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1875.
Smiley, Daniel.....	Albany, Green.....	1866.
Smiley, John.....	Orfordville, Rock.....	1885.
Smith, Aaron B.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1865.
Smith, Adam.....	Burke, Dane.....	1859.
Smith, Archibald D.....	Lind, Waupaca.....	1872.
Smith, Byron.....	Erin, Washington.....	1855.
Smith, Daniel.....	Richmond, Walworth.....	1864.
Smith, Delbert K.....	Big Bend, Waukesha.....	1895, 97.
Smith, E. C.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1889, 91.
Smith, Ezekiel C.....	Spring Valley, Rock.....	1850.
Smith, Francis.....	Millard, Walworth.....	1861.
Smith, George B.....	Madison, Dane.....	1859, 64, 69.
Smith, George C.....	Oakfield, Jefferson.....	1858, 59.
Smith, George H.....	Galesville, Trempealeau....	1882.
Smith, Heber.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1860.
Smith, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Smith, Hiram.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1871.
Smith, Horatio N.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1850, b.
Smith, Ira P.....	Mishicott, Manitowoc.....	1881.
Smith, Jesse.....	Dodge's Corners, Waukesha	1866, 67.
Smith, Jonathan J.....	Vernon, Waukesha.....	1854.
Smith, J. M.....	Barron, Barron.....	1895, 97.
Smith, John.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1893.
Smith, John.....	Caledonia, Racine.....	1854.
Smith, John A.....	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan.....	1868.
Smith, John A.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1868, 69.
Smith, Lindsey J.....	Troy Center, Walworth.....	1881.
Smith, Perry H.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1855, 58, 59, b.
Smith, Philip M.....	Richland Center, Richland..	1878.
Smith, Richard M.....	Janneys, Richland.....	1874.
	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1856.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Smith, Samuel W.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1863.
Smith, Winfield.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872.
Smith, William.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1889.
Smith, William E.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1851, 71, b.
Smith, William H.....	Kau Galle, Dunn.....	1863.
Smith, C. E.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1891.
Smith, L. H.....	Arlington, Columbia.....	1891.
Smoe, David.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1864, 66, 68.
Snover, David G.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1863.
Snover, John C.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1851.
Solon, John.....	Richwood, Dodge.....	1872.
Solon, T. F.....	Richwood, Dodge.....	1887, 89.
Sorge, Henry.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1895.
Spafard, Simeon W.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1864.
Spaulding, Benjamin B.....	Arcade, Marquette.....	1850.
Spaulding, Joseph.....	Harmony, Rock.....	1854, 63.
Spaulding, Hiland J.....	Vienna, Dane.....	1895.
Spense, Thomas W.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1877, 79.
Spenseley, James.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1866.
Spiering, Henry.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1879, 83, 87.
Spooner, John C.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1872.
Spooner, Wyman.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1869, 51, 57, 61, b.
Spoor, Gardner.....	Aztalan, Jefferson.....	1865.
Spottswood, James K.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1860.
Sprague, Burr.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1880, 81.
	Orfordville, Rock.....	1868.
Spratt, George.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1887.
Squires, Joel C.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1870, b.
Staats, Adam.....	Staatsville, Washington.....	1852.
Stack, John M.....	Mitchell, Fond du Lac.....	1893.
Stafford, Amos W.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1872.
Stamm, Godfrey.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1862.
Stanchfield, Samuel B.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1885, b.
Stanley, William S., Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881, 82, b.
Stanley, Charles A.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1895, 97.
Stannard, Erastus W.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1860.
Stanton, Horace.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1861.
Staples, King G.....	Iron River, Bayfield.....	1897.
Stapleton, Richard F.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Stark, Joshua.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1856.
Stark, William H.....	Tiffany, Rock.....	1867, 78.
	Shopiere, Rock.....	1858.
Starks, Argalus W.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1862, 63, 64, 65, b.
Starr, William.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1863, 64.
Stearns, D. Manfield.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1876.
Stebbins, De Wayne.....	Ahnapee, Door.....	1873, b.
Stebbins, Harrison.....	Union, Rock.....	1873.
Steele, John.....	Alderley, Dodge.....	1881.
Steever, Mitchell.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1868.
Steffen, Francis.....	Hortonville, Outagamie.....	1878, 79.
Stemper, John B.....	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Steinwald, Daniel.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1887.
Steinfort, Casper H.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1873.
Steiner, John.....	Woodland, Dodge.....	1858.
Stephens, David.....	Madison, Dane.....	1889.
Stephens, John.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1885.
Stephens, Thomas G.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1873.
Stephenson, Isaac.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1866, 68.
Stephenson, Joseph.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1861.
Sterling, Levi.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1858, b.
Sterling, Timothy B.....	Iron Ridge, Dodge.....	1852.
Sterling, William T.....	Mt. Sterling, Crawford.....	1848, 50.
Stevens, Charles.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1853.
Stevens, Chase A.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1855.
Stevens, Daniel B.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1882.
Stevens, Ezra B.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1857, 62.
Stevens, Henry.....	Caledonia Center, Racine.....	1864, b.
Stevenson, John.....	Enterprise, Vernon.....	1876.
	Newton, Vernon.....	1889.
Stewart, Alva.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1850, b.
Stewart, Donald.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1882, 83.
Stewart, Andrew J.....	Richmond, Walworth.....	1887.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Stillman, Ellicott R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Stock, Frederick.....	Mequon, Washington.....	1851.
Stocking, Hobart M.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1876, 89.
Stoddard, Thomas B.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1862.
Stoddard, John.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1889.
Stone, Eliphalet S.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1872.
Stone, Glenville W.....	Winooski, Sheboygan.....	1857.
Stone, Jesse.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1880, 82, 97.
Stonewall, John M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Stoppenbach, Joseph.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1891.
Stowers, Charles H.....	Tustin, Waushara.....	1874.
Stranchau, John.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1872.
Strasser, Leopold.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1885.
Streckewald, Gustave.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1859.
Strong, George.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1857.
Strong, Luman M.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1852.
Strong, Marshall M.....	Racine, Racine.....	1849.
Strong, Moses M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857.
Strong, Nathaniel.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1850.
Strong, Rolin M.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1843.
Struve, Franz G. L.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1866.
Stuntz, A. C.....	Helenville, Jefferson.....	1863.
Stuntz, George R.....	Bayfield, Bayfield.....	1865.
Sturtevant, Charles H.....	Superior City, Douglas.....	1862.
Suefflow, Frank W.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1863.
Sugden, Thomas.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Sullivan, Andrew.....	North Prairie, Waukesha.....	1849, 52, 57.
Sullivan, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849.
Sumner, John.....	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee.....	1863.
Sutton, John.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1860.
Swain, George G.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1860.
Swain, James A.....	Kilbourn City, Sauk.....	1870, 71.
Swain, Almon A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Swart, Alfred L.....	Oak Center, Fond du Lac.....	1878.
Sweet, John B.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1883.
Sweeting, Charles W.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1857, b.
Sylvester, Daniel R.....	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc.....	1897.
	Castle Rock, Grant.....	1877.
Tallmadge, Isaac S.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1853, 54.
Tanner, Samuel.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1882, 83.
Tarbell, Samuel E.....	Woodworth, Kenosha.....	1869.
Tarr, Joseph M.....	Tunnel City, Monroe.....	1865.
Tarrant, George.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1881.
Tarrant, Henry.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1889, 91.
Tate, George E.....	Viola, Richland.....	1887.
Tate, George H.....	Viola, Richland.....	1882.
Tate, J. Henry.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1873.
Taylor, Allen.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1855, 56, 57, 62, 64.
Taylor, Anson H.....	Muskegon, Waukesha.....	1850.
Taylor, Chas. S.....	Barron, Barron.....	1855, 87, b.
Taylor, Christopher L.....	Malden Rock, Pierce.....	1876.
Taylor, David.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1853, b.
Taylor, George W.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1895, 97.
Taylor, Horatio T.....	Racine, Racine.....	1863.
Taylor, James A.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1881, 83, 91.
Taylor, Jonathan.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857.
Taylor, William R.....	Cottage Grove, Dane.....	1855, b.
Temple, Charles S.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1876.
Temple, Marsena.....	Newport, Sauk.....	1861.
Tenney, Horace A.....	Madison, Dane.....	1857.
Terhune, William F.....	Viroqua, Bad Axe (Vernon).....	1854.
Terrill, Richard.....	Dane Station, Dane.....	1887.
Tester, John A.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1883.
Textor, Clinton.....	Medford, Taylor.....	1891.
Thalacker, August.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1895.
Thayer, J. B.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1885.
Thayer, Mason A.....	Snarta, Monroe.....	1882.
Thayer, Lyman W.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1893.
Thelsen, Mathias.....	Roxbury, Dane.....	1879.
Thelen, Michael.....	Ashford, Fond du Lac.....	1879.
Thomas, Amos.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1889.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County-Represented.	Sessions.
Thomas, Charles G.....	Sextonville, Richland.....	1883, 85.
Thomas, Horatio S.....	Briggsville, Marquette.....	1862, 63.
Thomas, Jesse.....	Moundville, Marquette.....	1856.
Thomas, John E.....	Green Lake, Green Lake....	1859.
Thomas, John H.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1862.
Thomas, John L. V.....	Berlin City, Waushara.....	1875.
Thomas, John W.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1854.
Thomas, Joseph M.....	Anson, Chippewa.....	1895, 97.
Thomas, Major J.....	Lone Rock, Richland.....	1869, 78, 79.
Thomas, Ormsby B.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac...	1854, 57.
Thomas, Phillip W.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1862, 65, 67, 1.
Thomas, Salmon.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1853.
Thomas, William H.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1856.
Thomas, William H.....	Lisbon, Waukesha.....	1849, 61.
Thompson, Charles.....	Sumner, Trempealeau.....	1866.
Thompson, George P.....	Monticello, Green.....	1857.
Thompson, Henry M.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1855, 56.
Thompson, Jared, Jr.....	Mosinee, Marathon.....	1897.
Thompson, Monroe.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1865.
Thompson, Samuel.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1848.
Thompson, Thornton.....	Hartland, Waukesha.....	1862, 66.
Thompson, William.....	Rio, Columbia.....	1869.
Thompson, Alexander M	Oconomowoc, Waukesha....	1860.
Thompson, Ambrose.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1868, 69.
Thorne, Gerret T.....	Seneca, Crawford.....	1891.
Thornton, Oliver W.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1871, b.
Thornton, Thomas.....	Marshall, Dane.....	1873.
Thorp, Adelbert D.....	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc..	1864, 77, 78.
Thorp, Herman S.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1882.
Tichenor, Vernon.....	Bristol, Racine.....	1849, b.
Tilton, Hezekiah C.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1869.
Tiernay, John H.....	Allen's Grove, Walworth....	1865.
Tinker, James.....	Waunakee, Dane.....	1880.
Tisch, Charles.....	Dover, Racine.....	1851.
Tish, William.....	Nero, Kewaunee.....	1877, 78.
Toay, John.....	Mishicot, Manitowoc.....	1876.
Tobey, John William.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1852, 54, 59.
Tobin, John.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1887.
Tobin, Thomas.....	Granville, Milwaukee.....	1854, 56.
Toland, Patrick.....	Five Mile House, Milwaukee	1873.
Toll, John C.....	Erin, Washington.....	1849.
Tollefson, Gunnuf.....	Cedar Creek, Washington..	1851.
Tompkins, William F.....	Mt. Vernon, Dane.....	1868.
Topliff, Alfred.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1850, 51.
Torbert, William M.....	East Hamden, Columbia....	1854, 55.
Torgerson, Ole.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1854.
Torney, James.....	Perry, Dane.....	1871.
Totten, Henry.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1891.
Touhey, Michael J.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1870.
Tousley, Wilber H.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1877.
Tower, Thomas W.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1870.
Townsend, A. A.....	Towerville, Crawford.....	1859.
Townsend, Elijah C.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1855.
Townsend, Lucius B.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1860, 61.
Townsend, Thomas J.....	Nepeuskun, Winnebago.....	1856.
Tracy, Daniel.....	Winnebago, Winnebago.....	1849.
Tracy, John.....	Osman, Manitowoc.....	1887.
Train, James G.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1891, 93.
Trask, George W.....	Merrimack, Sauk.....	1857.
Treat C. Mortimer.....	Winneconne, Winnebago....	1868, 69.
Treat, Nathaniel B.....	Ogden, Rock.....	1863.
Tregaskis, Richard.....	Monroe, Green.....	1895, 97.
Treleven, Daniel D.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1851.
Tripp, J. Stephen S.....	Byron, Fond du Lac.....	1880.
Tripp, Roswell H.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1862.
Tripp, William H.....	Hingham, Sheboygan.....	1881.
Trow, Alvin S.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1857.
Troy, Cyrus.....	Merrillan, Jackson.....	1881.
True, John M.....	Monticello, Green.....	1880, 81.
Truell, David.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1897.
Truesdell, Gideon.....	Lyndon Station, Juneau....	1877.
Trumbull, John D.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1867.
	Maiden Rock, Pierce.....	1867.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Trumer, Marcus.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1871.
Tucker, Frank T.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1893, 97.
Turk, Peter.....	Mequon, Washington.....	1849.
Turley, John B.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1852.
Turner, (A. J.) J.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1863, 64, 66, 69.
Turner, Eugene S.....	Grafton, Washington.....	1850.
Turner, Henry.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1866.
Turner, John.....	Mauston, Juneau.....	1859.
Turner, Peter H.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1848.
Turner, William W. D....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1883.
Tuttle, William S.....	New Fane, Fond du Lac.....	1858.
Tweedy, John H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853.
Uecker, John.....	Seymour, Outagamie.....	1895.
Upham, Calvin H.....	Racine, Racine.....	1862.
Upson, Salmon.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1860.
Utley, William L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1851, 52, b.
Utt, Henry.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1865.
Utt, Adelbert L.....	Platteville Grant.....	1896, 97.
Vance, David.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1876, 77.
Vander Cook, T. E.....	Newburg, Washington.....	1860.
Van der Heiden, Ant.....	Wrightstown, Brown.....	1893.
Vanderpool, Abram.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1850.
Vanderpool, William A..	Vernon, Waukesha.....	1862.
Van Norstrand, A. H....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1852, 55.
Van Ostrand, De W. C....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Van Schaick, Isaac W....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873, 75, b.
Van Steenwyk, Gysbert..	Kilbourn City, Columbia....	1859, b.
Van Valkenberg, R. B....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1867.
Van Vliet, Peter.....	Caledonia, Racine.....	1851.
Van Vliet, Leonard S....	Caledonia Center, Racine....	1859.
Van Walters, William....	West Salem, La Crosse....	1877.
Van Wie, Abraham H.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1858.
Vaughan, John.....	Racine, Racine.....	1865.
Vaughan, Alanson B.....	Union, Rock.....	1848.
Vaughn, David.....	Bangor, La Crosse.....	1887.
Vaughn, Samuel S.....	Bayfield, Bayfield.....	1871.
Vilas, Levi B.....	Madison, Dane.....	1855, 68, 73.
Vilas, Wm. F.....	Madison, Dane.....	1886.
Vincent, Edward.....	Milton, Rock.....	1851, 59.
Vincent, George R.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1879.
Vincent, Louis.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa....	1877.
Vincent, William J.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1879.
Vineyard, James R.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1849.
Vinton, James E.....	Albany, Green.....	1858.
Virgin, Noah H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1848, 55.
Vits, Henry.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1878.
Vivian, John H.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1862, 63.
Vliet, Jasper.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855.
Vogel, Frederick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Vogenitz, William.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1856.
Vorst, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Vollmar, James.....	West Bend, Washington....	1857, 59.
Voorhees, Samuel W.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1857.
Vosburgh, John B.....	Richmond (Ill.), Kenosha....	1882.
Vredenbergh, Peter.....	Winneconne, Winnebago....	1883.
Wadsworth, H. L.....	River Falls, St. Croix.....	1867.
Wadsworth, James.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1862.
Wagner, Ferdinand.....	Watertown, Dodge.....	1863.
Wagner, Joseph.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1859.
Waite, David H.....	Marshfield, Fond du Lac....	1856, 58, 66, 67, 68, 71, b.
Wakefield, Josephus.....	Princeton, Marquette.....	1857.
Wakeley, Eleazer.....	Fremont, Waupaca.....	1882.
Wakeley, Solomous.....	Madison, Dane.....	1867, b.
Waldo, Charles.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1855, 57.
Waldorf, Jesse.....	Kington, Green Lake.....	1851.
Walker, Charles H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1859.
Walker, Geo. H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1866, 57.
Walker, Jabez K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851.
Walker, Lyman.....	East Oasis, Waushara.....	1876, 77.
	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1865, b.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Wallace, Levi.....	Oil City, Monroe.....	1885.
Waller, Nathan P.....	West Salem, La Crosse....	1868, 69.
Wall, Edward C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878, 79.
Wall, John A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883.
Wall, Thomas.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1873, 76, 77, b.
Wall, William.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1879, 80, 81.
Walber, Emil.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872.
Wallihan, Orlando F....	Footville, Rock.....	1872.
Walsh, Michael P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85.
Walsh, Patrick.....	Hales' Corners, Milwaukee..	1868, b.
Walter, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Walters, Aaron.....	Foster, Fond du Lac.....	1857, 72.
Walther, George H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1876.
Walvoord, Henry.....	Cedar Grove, Sheboygan....	1885.
Walworth, John.....	Richland Center, Richland..	1863, 64.
Wannemaker, Samuel L..	Boscobel, Crawford.....	1877.
Warden, William T.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1850.
Ware, A. F.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1891.
Ware, James F.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac...	1880, 81, 83, b.
Warner, Clement E.....	Windsor, Dane.....	1883, b.
Warner, Francis L.....	Deansville, Dane.....	1882.
Warner, Henry M.....	Cottage Grove, Dane.....	1848.
Warner, Herman.....	Racine, Racine.....	1858.
Warner, Jared.....	Patch Grove, Grant.....	1861.
Warner, William S.....	Lamartine, Fond du Lac....	1869.
Warner, William S.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1878.
Warner, M. J.....	Elk Creek, Trempealeau....	1891.
Warren, Dewey K.....	Delafield, Waukesha.....	1848.
Warren, George.....	Clintonville, Waupaca....	1883.
Warren, Parker.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1849.
Warren, Stephen.....	Delafield, Waukesha.....	1855.
Washburn, Benjamin F..	Excelsior, Richland.....	1875.
Washburn, George H....	Millville, Grant.....	1866.
Washburn, James.....	Buck Creek, Richland.....	1882.
Washburn, Leroy M.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1876.
Washburn, William H....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1879.
Wason, Robert, Jr.....	Granville, Milwaukee.....	1849.
Waste, Eli.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1874, 75, 80.
Waterbury, Chester N...	Roxbury, Dane.....	1859.
Waterbury, James I.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1867, 68.
Watrous, Jerome A.....	Black River Falls, Jackson..	1867, 68.
Watrous, John S.....	La Pointe, La Pointe.....	1850.
Watrous, William F.....	Charlestown, Calumet.....	1862.
Watson, Charles.....	Washburn, Grant.....	1880.
Watson, J. W.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac...	1889, 91.
Watts, James.....	Granville, Milwaukee.....	1864, 71.
Weage, Frederick A.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1860, 65.
Weatherby, John.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1867.
Weaver, James.....	Lisbon, Waukesha.....	1856.
Weaver, Richard.....	Sussex, Waukesha.....	1878, b.
Weaver, Thomas.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1865.
Webb, Henry G.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1861, b.
Webb, William C.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1858, 62, 63, 64.
Webster, Enoch.....	Amherst, Portage.....	1863.
Webster, Hiram W.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1879, 80.
Webster, Samuel R.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1897.
Webster, William E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854.
Wedig, Joseph.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1865, 67, 68, 75, 76, 77.
Weeden, George W.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1872, 83.
Weeks, George.....	Columbus, Dane.....	1877.
Weeks, Thompson D.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1867, b.
Weeks, Thomas S.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac...	1874.
Wehrle, Gottlieb.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1874.
Weil, Baruch S.....	Schleisingsville, Wash.....	1871, 72, 73, b.
Weil, Henry.....	West Bend, Washington....	1852, 80.
Weil, Paul A.....	West Bend, Washington....	1850.
Weiss, Gottlieb E.....	Richfield, Washington....	1858.
Weiler, John W.....	Root Creek, Milwaukee.....	1865.
Welch, Charles H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Welch, David E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Welch, Ebenezer S.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1874, 75, b.
	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1855.

b. See list of Senators.



NORTHERN WISCONSIN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, NEAR OSHKOSH.

HENRY GOULD CO., MILWAUKEE.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Wells, Charles D.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1876.
Wells, John M.....	Prairieville, Waukesha.....	1849.
Wentworth, Robert B....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1857.
Werhein, George.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1895.
Wery, Joseph.....	Darbella, Kewaunee.....	1889.
Wescott, Ezra.....	Skinner, Green.....	1863.
Wescott, Jefferson F....	Farmer's Grove, Green.....	1869.
Wescott, Marion.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1885.
Wescott, Walter S.....	Monroe, Green.....	1860, 63, b.
West, Abram.....	Reedsburg Sauk.....	1857.
West, Edmund A.....	Monroe, Green.....	1859, b.
West, Francis H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874, b.
West, Henry C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863.
West, Samuel C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869.
West, Thomas.....	Raymond, Racine.....	1853, 54.
Westby, Thomas C.....	Emerald Grove, Rock.....	1860.
Whedon, Milo M.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1854.
Wheeler, Ezra.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1853.
Wheeler, Freeman M....	Nanauapa, Fond du Lac.....	1863.
Wheeler, Guy.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1874.
Wheeler, Nathaniel.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1854.
Wheeler, Nelson.....	Humboldt, Sauk.....	1859.
Wheeler, William E.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1859, 60.
Wheeler, William G.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1897.
Wheelan, W. Peter.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1893.
Whelan, J. W.....	Mondovi, Buffalo.....	1889.
Whipple, Cephas.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1865.
Whirry, William T.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1855.
White, Charles.....	Caloma, Waushara.....	1859.
White, Elias N.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1874, 75, 76.
White, James.....	Random Lake, Sheboygan.....	1878.
White, James S.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871.
White, Jarvis.....	South Superior, Douglas.....	1897.
White, Joseph.....	Cottage Inn, Lafayette.....	1855, 57, 63.
White, Julius.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849.
White, Obadiah J.....	Monroe, Green.....	1861.
White, Richard.....	Lamberton, Milwaukee.....	1865.
White, Samuel A.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1871, 72.
Whiting, Anderson.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1857.
Whiting, A. Chapin.....	Richmond, Walworth.....	1854, 60.
Whiting, Warren.....	Ladoga, Fond du Lac.....	1867.
Whitesides, Ninian E....	Ladoga, Fond du Lac.....	1859.
Whitesides, C. M.....	Belmont, Lafayette.....	1843.
Whitford, William C....	Sawyer, Door.....	1891.
Whitton, Charles B.....	Milton, Rock.....	1868.
Whitton, David.....	Ashippun, Dodge.....	1851.
Whittlesey, Asaph.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1874.
Widule, Christian.....	Bayfield, Bayfield.....	1860.
Wiegand, O. O.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, b.
Wilbor, John B.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1891.
Wilcox, Alonzo.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1857.
Wilcox, Chester G.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1863, 64.
Wilcox, Edgar.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1880.
Wilcox, Randall.....	Byron, Fond du Lac.....	1864.
Wiley, John.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1853, 67, 69.
Wilkie, Henry F.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1860.
Willard, Andrew.....	Verona, Dane.....	1895.
Willard, Gustavus A....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1866.
Willard, Horace B.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1878.
Willard, Josiah F.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1861.
Williams, Billie.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1849.
Williams, Cornelius.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1866.
Williams, David.....	Bristol, Kenosha.....	1880.
Williams, De Witt C....	Springfield, Walworth.....	1857.
Williams, D. E. W.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1880.
Williams, Edward C.....	Werner, Juneau.....	1862.
Williams, George J.....	Elba, Dodge.....	1853.
Williams, John D.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1865.
Williams, John K.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1850.
Williams, Nelson.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1857, 61.
	Stoughton, Dane.....	1868, b.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Williams, Roger.....	Hillsborough, Vernon.....	1879.
Williams, Thos. E.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1885.
Williams, William M.....	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Williams, O. T.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Williams, Orrin J.....	New Richmond, St. Croix.....	1893, 95.
Williston, George H.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1885.
Wilmont, Henry V. R.....	Newberg, Washington.....	1870.
Wilson, Agesilaus O.	Janesville, Rock.....	1893.
Wilson, DeWitt C.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1866, b.
Wilson, Robert.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1862.
Wilson, Robert D.....	North Bend, Jackson.....	1880.
Wilson, William K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851, b.
Wiltse, Cadwallader J.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1876.
Winans, George.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1889.
Winans, John.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1874, 82, 87, 91.
Wing, Alonzo.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1851.
Winkler, Carl.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Winkler, Frederick C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872.
Winslow, Joseph.....	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1869.
Winsor, Horatio S.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1865.
Winter, Charles A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Winter, Hermann H.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1860.
Winter, Michael.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1864.
Wipf, Jacob.....	Iola, Waupaca.....	1889, 93.
Whipperman, William.....	Mosel, Sheboygan.....	1856.
Whipperman, Herman C.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1895, 97.
Wirth, Philip M.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1883.
Wirtz, Michael.....	Summit, Fond du Lac.....	1878.
Withe, Nathan H.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1879, 80.
Woelz, Christian.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1872.
Wolfinger, Joseph.....	Dundas, Calumet.....	1895, 97.
Wolf, Louis.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1864, 74, 76, b.
Wolfe, Hubert.....	Greenville, Outagamie.....	1895.
Wolff, Julius.....	Rhine, Sheboygan.....	1866.
Wolff, George W.....	Rhine, Sheboygan.....	1895, 97.
Woller, Frank E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Woller, Albert.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895, 97.
Wolter, Bernard C.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1897.
Wood, Albert.....	Quincy, Adams.....	1860.
Wood, Alon.....	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1872, 73.
Wood, David E.....	Manchester, Calumet.....	1850.
Wood, Joseph.....	Grand Rapids, Marathon.....	1866.
Wood, Louis N.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1852.
Wood, Uriah.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1878.
Woodard, Lester.....	Pardeeville, Columbia.....	1878.
Woodman, Cyrus.....	—, Iowa.....	1862.
Woodman, William W.....	Farmington, Jefferson.....	1853, 56, b.
Woods, Alexander.....	Hillsboro, Vernon.....	1866.
Woodworth, Elias, Jr.....	Bristol, Racine.....	1848.
Wooster, Henry S.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1865, 66.
Worth, Arthur W.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1848.
Worthington, Denison.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1852, 54, b.
Wright, Charles S.....	Racine, Racine.....	1854.
Wright, George.....	Mt. Horeb, Dane.....	1863, 64.
Wright, Hiram A.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1853, b.
Wright, Jarvis T.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1877.
Wright, Lucius W.....	Monticello, Green.....	1867.
Wroe, William H. H.....	Medina, Outagamie.....	1872.
Wunderly, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.
Wyatt, Henry H.....	Star, Vernon.....	1877.
Wylie, George.....	Leeds, Columbia.....	1897.
Yakey, David C.....	Bloomington, Vernon.....	1880.
Yawkey, Cyrus C.....	Hazelhurst, Oneida.....	1895.
York, Henry D.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1850, 53, 58.
Yorkey, John H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Yorty, Andrew J.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1872.
Youmans, Henry A.....	Mukwonago, Waukesha.....	1861.
Young, Ephraim W.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1860.
Young, James S.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1859.
Young, John.....	Black Hawk, Sauk.....	1873.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Young, Milas K.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1854, b.
Young, Robert R.....	Wyalusing, Grant.....	1849.
Young, William H.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1885.
Youngs, David.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1867.
Zabel, C. A. M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Zander, Peter.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1876.
Zander, William.....	Larabee, Manitowoc.....	1879.
Zautcke, Frederick A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1870, 76.
Zieinan, William.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1877.
Zetteler, Frederick T.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864, 75.
Ziller, Carl.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1863, 64.
Zimmerman, Adolph.....	Mequon River, Ozaukee.....	1870, 73, 74.
Zimmerman, Adolph.....	Mequon, Washington.....	1848.
Zimmerman, Philip.....	Germantown, Washington..	1854, 59.
Zimmerman, J. Conrad..	New Glarus, Green.....	1887.
Zorn, Charles R.....	Kiel, Manitowoc.....	1872, 74, 76.

b. See list of Senators.

SPEAKERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

1848-1897.

Legislature.	Names.	Counties.	Date.
1.....	Ninian E. Whitesides	Lafayette.....	1848
2.....	Harrison C. Hobart.....	Sheboygan.....	1849
3.....	Moses M. Strong	Iowa.....	1850
4.....	Frederick W. Horn.....	Washington.....	1851
5.....	James M. Shafter	Sheboygan.....	1852
6.....	Henry L. Palmer	Milwaukee.....	1853
7.....	Frederick W. Horn.....	Ozaukee.....	1854
8.....	Charles C. Scholes	Kenosha.....	1855
9.....	William Hull.....	Grant.....	1856
10.....	Wyman Spooner.....	Walworth.....	1857
11.....	Frederick S. Lovell.....	Kenosha.....	1858
12.....	William P. Lyon.....	Racine.....	1859
13.....	William P. Lyon.....	Racine.....	1860
14.....	Amasa Cobb.....	Iowa.....	1861
15.....	James W. Beardsley.....	Pierce.....	1862
16.....	J. Allen Barber.....	Grant.....	1863
17.....	William W. Field.....	Grant.....	1864
18.....	William W. Field.....	Grant.....	1865
19.....	Henry D. Barron.....	Polk.....	1866
20.....	Angus Cameron.....	La Crosse.....	1867
21.....	Alexander M. Thomson.....	Rock.....	1868
22.....	Alexander M. Thomson.....	Rock.....	1869
23.....	James M. Bingham.....	Jefferson.....	1870
24.....	William E. Smith.....	Dodge.....	1871
25.....	Daniel Hall.....	Jefferson.....	1872
26.....	Henry D. Barron.....	Polk.....	1873
27.....	Gabe Bouck.....	Winneshago.....	1874
28.....	Frederick W. Horn.....	Ozaukee.....	1875
29.....	Sam S. Fifield.....	Ashland.....	1876
30.....	John B. Cassoday.....	Rock.....	1877
31.....	Augustus R. Barrows.....	Chippewa.....	1878
32.....	David M. Kelly.....	Brown.....	1879
33.....	Alexander A. Arnold.....	Trempealeau.....	1880
34.....	Ira B. Bradford.....	Eau Claire.....	1881
35.....	Franklin L. Gilson.....	Pierce.....	1882
36.....	Earl P. Finch.....	Winneshago.....	1883
37.....	Hiram O. Fairchild.....	Mariette.....	1885
38.....	Thos. B. Mills.....	Jackson.....	1887
39.....	Thos. B. Mills.....	Jackson.....	1889
40.....	James J. Hogan.....	La Crosse.....	1891
41.....	Edward Keogh.....	Milwaukee.....	1893
42.....	George B. Burrows.....	Dane.....	1895
43.....	George A. Buckstaff.....	Winneshago.....	1897

CHIEF CLERKS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Session.	Year.	Senate.	Assembly.
1.....	1848.....	Henry G. Abbey.....	Daniel N. Johnson.
2.....	1849.....	William R. Smith.....	Robert L. Ream.
3.....	1850.....	William R. Smith.....	Alex T. Gray.
4.....	1851.....	William Hull.....	Alex T. Gray.
5.....	1852.....	John K. Williams.....	Alex T. Gray.
6.....	1853.....	John K. Williams.....	Thomas McHugh.
7.....	1854.....	Samuel G. Bugh.....	Thomas McHugh.
8.....	1855.....	Samuel G. Bugh.....	David Atwood.
9.....	1856.....	Byron Paine.....	Jas. Armstrong.
10.....	1857.....	Wm. Henry Brisbane.....	William C. Webb.
11.....	1858.....	John L. V. Thomas.....	L. H. D. Crane.
12.....	1859.....	Hiram Bowen.....	L. H. D. Crane.
13.....	1860.....	J. H. Warren.....	L. H. D. Crane.
14.....	1861.....	J. H. Warren.....	L. H. D. Crane.
15.....	1862.....	J. H. Warren.....	John S. Dean.
16.....	1863.....	Frank M. Stewart.....	John S. Dean.
17.....	1864.....	Frank M. Stewart.....	John S. Dean.
18.....	1865.....	Frank M. Stewart.....	John S. Dean.
19.....	1866.....	Frank M. Stewart.....	E. W. Young.
20.....	1867.....	Leander B. Hills.....	E. W. Young.
21.....	1868.....	Leander B. Hills.....	E. W. Young.
22.....	1869.....	Leander B. Hills.....	E. W. Young.
23.....	1870.....	Leander B. Hills.....	E. W. Young.
24.....	1871.....	O. R. Smith.....	E. W. Young.
25.....	1872.....	J. H. Waggoner.....	E. W. Young.
26.....	1873.....	J. H. Waggoner.....	E. W. Young.
27.....	1874.....	J. H. Waggoner.....	George W. Peck.
28.....	1875.....	Fred A. Deannett.....	R. M. Strong.
29.....	1876.....	A. J. Turner.....	R. M. Strong.
30.....	1877.....	A. J. Turner.....	W. A. Nowell.
31.....	1878.....	{ A. J. Turner..... } { Charles E. Bross..... }	Jabez R. Hunter.
32.....	1879.....	Charles E. Bross.....	John E. Eldred.
33.....	1880.....	Charles E. Bross.....	John E. Eldred.
34.....	1881.....	Charles E. Bross.....	John E. Eldred.
35.....	1882.....	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
36.....	1883.....	Charles E. Bross.....	I. T. Carr.
37.....	1885.....	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
38.....	1887.....	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
39.....	1889.....	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
40.....	1891.....	J. P. Hume.....	George W. Porth.
41.....	1893.....	Sam J. Shafer.....	George W. Porth.
42.....	1895.....	Walter L. Houser.....	W. A. Nowell.
43.....	1897.....	Walter L. Houser.....	W. A. Nowell.

¹ Resigned February 7, 1875, and Charles E. Bross elected to fill vacancy; also elected Chief Clerk for extra session in June, 1878.

SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Session.	Year.	Senate.	Assembly.
1.	1848.	Lyman H. Seaver.	John Mullanphy.
2.	1849.	F. W. Shollner.	Felix McLinden.
3.	1850.	James Hanrahan.	E. R. Hugunin.
4.	1851.	E. D. Masters.	C. M. Kingsbury.
5.	1852.	Patrick Cosgrove.	Elisha Starr.
6.	1853.	Thomas Hood.	Richard F. Wilson.
7.	1854.	J. M. Sherwood.	William H. Gleason.
8.	1855.	William H. Gleason.	William Blake.
9.	1856.	Joseph Baker.	Egbert Mosely.
10.	1857.	Alanson Filer.	William C. Rogers.
11.	1858.	Nathaniel L. Stout.	Francis Massing.
12.	1859.	Asa Kinney.	Emanuel Munk.
13.	1860.	Asa Kinney.	Joseph Gates.
14.	1861.	J. A. Hadley.	Craig B. Beebe.
15.	1862.	B. U. Caswell.	A. A. Huntington.
16.	1863.	Luther Basford.	A. M. Thompson.
17.	1864.	Nelson Williams.	A. M. Thompson.
18.	1865.	Nelson Williams.	Alonzo Wilcox.
19.	1866.	Nelson Williams.	L. M. Hammond.
20.	1867.	Asa Kinney.	Daniel Webster.
21.	1868.	W. H. Hamilton.	C. L. Harris.
22.	1869.	W. H. Hamilton.	Rollin C. Kelly.
23.	1870.	E. M. Rogers.	Ole C. Johnson.
24.	1871.	W. W. Baker.	Sam S. Fifield.
25.	1872.	W. D. Hoard.	Sam S. Fifield.
26.	1873.	Albert Emonson.	O. C. Bissell.
27.	1874.	O. U. Akin.	Joseph Deuster.
28.	1875.	O. U. Akin.	J. W. Brackett.
29.	1876.	E. T. Gardner.	Elisha Starr.
30.	1877.	C. E. Bullard.	Thos. B. Reid.
31.	1878.	L. J. Brayton.	Anton Klaus.
32.	1879.	Chalmers Ingersoll.	Miletus Knight.
33.	1880.	Chalmers Ingersoll.	D. H. Pulcifer.
34.	1881.	W. W. Baker.	G. W. Church.
35.	1882.	A. T. Glaze.	D. E. Welch.
36.	1883.	A. D. Thorp.	Thomas Kennedy.
37.	1884.	Hubert Wolcott.	John M. Ewing.
38.	1885.	T. J. George.	Wm. A. Adamson.
39.	1886.	T. J. George.	F. E. Parsons.
40.	1887.	John A. Barney.	Patrick Whelan.
41.	1888.	John B. Becker.	Theo. Knapstein.
42.	1889.	Charles Pettibone.	B. F. Millard.
43.	1890.	Charles Pettibone.	C. M. Hambricht.

LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS.

TERRITORIAL ORGANIZATION.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length of Session.	No Reps.
1836 ..	October 25th	Dec. 9, 1836.....	46 days.....	39
1837 ..	November 6th	Jan. 20, 1838.....	76 days.....	39
1838 ..	June 11th.....	June 25, 1838.....	15 days.....	38
1838 ..	November 26th	Dec. 22, 1838.....	27 days.....	37
1839 ..	January 21st	March 11, 1839.....	50 days.....	39
1839 ..	December 2d	Jan. 13, 1840.....	43 days.....	39
1840 ..	August 3d	August 14, 1840.....	12 days.....	39
1840 ..	December 7th	Feb. 19, 1841.....	75 days.....	39
1841 ..	December 6th	Feb. 19, 1842.....	76 days.....	39
1843 ..	March 6th	March 25, 1843.....	20 days.....	39
1843 ..	March 27th	April 17, 1843.....	22 days.....	39
1843 ..	December 4th	Jan. 31, 1844.....	59 days.....	39
1845 ..	January 6th	Feb. 24, 1845.....	50 days.....	39
1846 ..	January 5th	Feb. 3, 1846.....	30 days.....	39
1847 ..	January 4th	Feb. 11, 1847.....	39 days.....	39
1847 ..	October 18th.....	Oct. 27, 1847.....	10 days.....	39
1848 ..	February 7th	March 13, 1848.....	36 days.....	39

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS.

FIRST CONVENTION.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length of Session.	No Reps.
1846....	October 5th.....	Dec. 16, 1846.....	73 days.....	124

SECOND CONVENTION.

1847...	December 15th.....	Feb. 1, 1848	48 days.....	65
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STATE ORGANIZATION.

First Session—The first session of the State Legislature was held at the Capitol at Madison, on Monday, the fifth day of June, A. D. 1848, pursuant to the Constitution, which had been adopted by a large majority of the people. The apportionment of Senators and Representatives was under Constitutional provisions, until otherwise declared by law. It convened June 5, 1848, and adjourned August 21, 1848, seventy eight days. There were eighty-five members.

Second Session—Convened on the 10th of January, 1849, and adjourned April 2, 1849, eighty-three days, eighty-five members.

Third Session—Convened January 9, and adjourned February 11, 1850, thirty-four days, eighty-five members.

Fourth Session — Convened January 8, 1851, and adjourned March 17, 1851, sixty-nine days, eighty-five members.

Fifth Session — Convened January 14, 1852, and adjourned April 19, 1852, ninety-seven days, eighty-five members.

Sixth Session — This Legislature convened on the 12th of January, 1853, and adjourned on the 4th day of April, 1853, until the 6th day of June following, for the purpose that the Senate might sit as a Court of Impeachment, and the Assembly be present to prosecute the trial of Levi Hubbell, Judge of the Second Judicial Circuit, against whom Articles of Impeachment had been exhibited, charging him with acts of corrupt conduct and malfeasance in office. For this purpose the Legislature again convened on the 6th day of June, and adjourned finally on the 13th of July, 1853. The legislative session amounted to one hundred and twenty-one days, with one hundred and seven members.

Seventh Session — Convened January 11, 1854, and adjourned April 3, 1854, eighty-three days, one hundred and seven members.

Eighth Session — Convened January 10, 1855, and adjourned April 2, 1855, eighty-three days, one hundred and seven members.

Ninth Session — Convened January 9, 1856, and took a recess from March 31, 1856, to September 3, 1856, and adjourned October 14, 1856, one hundred and twenty-five days, one hundred and seven members.

Tenth Session — Convened January 14, and adjourned March 9, 1857, fifty-five days, one hundred and seven members.

Eleventh Session — Convened January 13, and adjourned May 17, 1858, one hundred and twenty-five days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.

Twelfth Session — Convened January 12, 1859, and adjourned March 21, 1859, sixty-nine days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.

Thirteenth Session — Convened January 11, 1860, and adjourned April 2, 1860, eighty-three days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.

Fourteenth Session — Convened January 9, and adjourned April 17, 1861. Re-convened May 15, and adjourned May 27, 1861, a total of one hundred and twelve days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.

Fifteenth Session — Convened January 8, 1862, and adjourned April 7, 1862. Re-convened June 3, 1862, and adjourned June 17, 1862. Met in extra session September 10, 1862, and adjourned September 26, 1862, a total of one hundred and twenty-two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Sixteenth Session — Convened January 14, 1863, and adjourned April 2, 1863, seventy-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Seventeenth Session — Convened January 13, 1864, and adjourned April 4, 1864, eighty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Eighteenth Session — Convened January 11, 1865, and adjourned April 10, 1865, ninety days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Nineteenth Session — Convened January 10, 1866, and adjourned April 12, 1866, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twentieth Session — Convened January 9, 1867, and adjourned April 11, 1867, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-first Session — Convened January 8, 1868, and adjourned March 6, 1868, fifty-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-second Session — Convened January 13, 1869, and adjourned March 11, 1869, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-third Session — Convened January 12, 1870 and adjourned March 17, 1870, sixty-five days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-fourth Session — Convened January 11, 1871, and adjourned March 25, 1871, seventy-four days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-fifth Session — Convened January 10, 1872, and adjourned March 26, 1872, seventy-seven days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-sixth Session — Convened January 8, 1873, and adjourned March 20, 1873, seventy-two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.



SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND, JANESVILLE.

- Twenty-seventh Session* — Convened January 14, 1874, and adjourned March 12, 1874, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-eighth Session* — Convened January 13, 1875, and adjourned March 6, 1875, fifty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-ninth Session* — Convened January 12, 1876, and adjourned March 14, 1876, sixty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirtieth Session* — Convened January 10, 1877, and adjourned March 8, 1877, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-first Session* — Convened January 9, 1878, and adjourned March 21, 1878. Met in extra session June 4, 1878, for the purpose of completing the revision of the statutes, and adjourned June 7, 1878. Officers same as at regular session. Seventy-six days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-second Session* — Convened January 8, 1879, and adjourned March 5, 1879, fifty-seven days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-third Session* — Convened January 14, 1880, and adjourned March 17, 1880, sixty-four days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-fourth Session* — Convened January 12, 1881, and adjourned April 4, 1881, eighty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-fifth Session* — Convened January 11, 1882, and adjourned March 31, 1882, eighty-days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-sixth Session* — Convened January 10, 1883, and adjourned April 4, 1883, eighty-five days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-seventh Session* — Convened January 14, 1885, and adjourned April 13, 1885, eighty-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-eighth Session* — Convened January 12, 1887, and adjourned April 15, 1887, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-ninth Session* — Convened January 9, 1889, adjourned April 19, 1889, one hundred days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Fortieth Session* — Convened January 14, 1891, and adjourned April 25, 1891, one hundred and one days, one hundred and thirty-three members
Met in special session June 28, 1892, for the purpose of apportioning the state into senate and assembly districts. Adjourned July 1st, 1892. Four days.
Met in second special session October 17, 1892, for the purpose of apportioning the state into senate and assembly districts, former apportionments having been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court. Adjourned October 27, 1892. Ten days.
- Forty-first Session* — Convened January 11, 1893, and adjourned April 20, 1893, one-hundred days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-second Session* — Convened January 9, 1895, adjourned April 20, 1895, on hundred and two days, one hundred and thirty three members.
- Forty-third Session* — Convened January 13, 1897.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

[To meet second Monday in January—See Ch. 1, Laws 1889.]

1848. Elected November 7.

At Large—Francis Huebschmann,
Wm. Dunwiddie.
1st District—David P. Mapes.
2d District—Samuel F. Nichols.

1852. Elected November 2.

At Large—Montgomery M. Cothren.
Saterlee Clark.
1st District—Philo White.
2d District—Beriah Brown.
3d District—Charles Billingshurst.

1856. Elected November 4.

At Large—Edward D. Holton.
James H. Knowlton.
1st District—Gregor Menzel.
2d District—Walter D. McIndoe.
3d District—Billie Williams.

1860. Elected November 6.

At Large—Walter D. McIndoe.
Bradford Rixford.
1st District—Wm. W. Vaughan.
2d District—J. Allen Baroer.
3d District—Herman Lindeman.

1864. Elected November 3.

At Large—William W. Field.
Henry L. Blood.
1st District—George C. Northrop.
2d District—Jonathon Bowman.
3d District—Allen Warden.
4th District—Henry J. Turner.
5th District—Henry F. Balitz.
6th District—Alexander S. MacFarland.

1868. Elected November 3.

At Large—Stephen S. Barlow.
Henry D. Barron.
1st District—Elihu Enos.
2d District—Charles G. Williams.
3d District—Allen Warden.
4th District—Leander F. Frisby.
5th District—William G. Ritch.
6th District—Wm. T. Pile.

1872. Elected November 5.

At Large—William E. Cramer.
Frederick Fleischer.
1st District—Jerome S. Nickles.
2d District—George G. Swain.
3d District—Ormsby B. Thomas.
4th District—Frederick Hilgen.
5th District—Edward C. McFetridge.
6th District—George E. Hoskinson.
7th District—Romanzo Bann.
8th District—Henry D. Barron.

At Large—John D. Nelsenius.
Paul Lachmund.
1st District—Ossian M. Pettit.
2d District—Mark Curtis.
3d District—Lewis C. Boyle.
4th District—Ellicott R. Stillman.

1876. Elected November 7.

At Large—Wm. H. Hiner.
Francis Campbell.
1st District—T. D. Weeks.
2d District—T. D. Lang.
3d District—Daniel L. Downs.
4th District—Casper M. Sanger.
5th District—Charles Luling.
6th District—James H. Foster.
7th District—Charles B. Solberg.
8th District—John H. Knapp.

1880. Elected November 2.

At Large—George End.
Knud Langland.
1st District—Lucius S. Blake.
2d District—John Kelloz.
3d District—George E. Weatherby.
4th District—Wm. P. McLaren.
5th District—C. T. Lovell.
6th District—F. L. Browne.
7th District—F. H. Kribs.
8th District—John T. Kingston.

1884. Elected November 4.

At Large—C. J. L. Meyer.
F. A. Husher.
1st District—J. W. Ostrander.
2d District—D. C. Van Bunt.
3d District—Joseph Harris.
4th District—John Rugee.
5th District—E. W. Arndt.
6th District—B. T. Rogers.
7th District—W. M. Fogo.
8th District—Canute Anderson.
9th District—E. L. Browne.

1888. Elected November 6.

At Large—Lucius Fairchild.
Syver E. Brimi.
1st District—C. N. Palmer.
2d District—Allen P. Harwood.
3d District—A. C. Dodge.
4th District—Julius Goldschmidt.
5th District—John Ruch.
6th District—Albert F. Hill.
7th District—Oscar F. Templo.
8th District—Currie G. Bell.
9th District—John Finney.

1892. Elected November 8.

At Large—Gustav Wollaeger.
Robert J. MacBride.
1st District—Andrew Jensen.
2d District—Michael Johnson.
3d District—John Montgomery Smith.
4th District—John Black.
5th District—Henry B. Schwin.
6th District—Ferdinand T. Yahr.
7th District—James J. Hogan.
8th District—Joan Watawa.
9th District—Lewis S. Bailey.
10th District—William F. Cirkol.

1896. Elected November 3.

5th District—William J. Mallmann.
6th District—George D. Breed.
7th District—Iver Pederson.
8th District—Frederick A. Hollman.
9th District—Oakman A. Ellis.
10th District—Samuel J. Bradford.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS.

FROM THE TERRITORY OF WISCONSIN.

Names.	When elected.	Names.	When elected.
George W. Jones.....	Oct. 10, 1836	Henry Dodge.....	Sept. 25, 1843
James D. Doty.....	Sept. 10, 1838	Morgan L. Martin.....	Sept. 22, 1845
James D. Doty.....	Aug. 5, 1840	John H. Tweedy.....	Sept. 6, 1847
Henry Dodge.....	Sept. 27, 1841		

UNITED STATES SENATORS

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

Names.	When elected.	Names.	When elected.
Isaac P. Walker.....	June 8, 1848	Timothy O. Howe.....	Jan. 21, 1873
Henry Dodge.....	June 8, 1848	Angus Cameron.....	Feb. 3, 1875
Isaac P. Walker.....	Jan. 17, 1849	Matthew H. Carpenter.....	Jan. 22, 1879
Henry Dodge.....	Jan. 20, 1851	Philetus Sawyer.....	Jan. 26, 1881
Charles Durkee.....	Feb. 1, 1855	Angus Cameron.....	Mar. 10, 1881
James R. Doolittle.....	Jan. 23, 1857	John C. Spooner.....	Jan. 28, 1885
Timothy O. Howe.....	Jan. 23, 1861	Philetus Sawyer.....	Jan. 28, 1887
James R. Doolittle.....	Jan. 22, 1863	William F. Vilas.....	Jan. 28, 1891
Timothy O. Howe.....	Jan. 21, 1867	John L. Mitchell.....	Jan. 26, 1893
Matthew H. Carpenter.....	Jan. 26, 1869	John C. Spooner.....	Jan. 27, 1897

REPRESENTATIVES,

(By Congresses)

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT

XXXth Congress, 1847-49.

- 1st District — William Pitt Linde.¹
2d District — Mason C. Darling.¹

XXXIst Congress, 1849-51.

- 1st District — Charles Durkee.
2d District — Orsamus Cole.
3d District — James Duane Doty.

XXXIId Congress, 1851-53.

- 1st District — Charles Durkee.
2d District — Ben C. Eastman.
3d District — John B. Macy.

XXXIIIrd Congress, 1853-55.

- 1st District — Daniel Wells, Jr.
2d District — Ben C. Eastman.
3d District — John B. Macy.

XXXIVth Congress, 1855-57.

- 1st District — Daniel Wells, Jr.
2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.
3d District — Charles Billingshurst.

XXXVth Congress, 1857-59.

- 1st District — John F. Potter.
2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.
3d District — Charles Billingshurst.

XXXVIth Congress, 1859-61.

- 1st District — John F. Potter.
2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.
3d District — Charles H. Larrabee.

XXXVIIth Congress, 1861-63.

- 1st District — John F. Potter.
2d District — Luther Hanchett.²
Walter D. McIndoe.
3d District — A. Scott Sloan.

XXXVIIIth Congress, 1863-65.

- 1st District — James S. Brown.
2d District — Ithamar C. Sloan.
3d District — Amasa Cobb.
4th District — Charles A. Eldridge.
5th District — Ezra Wheeler.
6th District — Walter D. McIndoe.

XXXIXth Congress, 1865-67.

- 1st District — Halbert E. Paine.
2d District — Ithamar C. Sloan.
3d District — Amasa Cobb.
4th District — Charles A. Eldridge.
5th District — Philetus Sawyer.
6th District — Walter D. McIndoe.

XLth Congress, 1867-69.

- 1st District — Halbert E. Paine.
2d District — Benjamin F. Hopkins.
3d District — Amasa Cobb.
4th District — Charles E. Eldridge.
5th District — Philetus Sawyer.
6th District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.

¹ Elected May 8, and took their seats June 5 and 9, 1848.

² Died November 24, 1862, and Walter D. McIndoe elected to fill the vacancy, December 30, 1862.

XL1st Congress, 1869-71.

- 1st District—Halbert E. Paine.
 2d District—Benjamin F. Hopkins.¹
 David Atwood.
 3d District—Amasa Cobb.
 4th District—Charles A. Eldridge.
 5th District—Philetus Sawyer.
 6th District—Cadwallader C. Washburn.

XLIIId Congress, 1871-73.

- 1st District—Alexander Mitchell.
 2d District—Gerry W. Hazelton.
 3d District—J. Allen Barber.
 4th District—Charles A. Eldridge.
 5th District—Philetus Sawyer.
 6th District—Jeremiah M. Rusk.

XLIIIId Congress, 1873-75.

- 1st District—Charles G. Williams.
 2d District—Gerry W. Hazelton.
 3d District—J. Allen Barber.
 4th District—Alexander Mitchell.
 5th District—Charles A. Eldridge.
 6th District—Philetus Sawyer.
 7th District—Jeremiah M. Rusk.
 8th District—Alexander S. McDill.

XLIVth Congress, 1875-77.

- 1st District—Charles G. Williams.
 2d District—Lucien B. Caswell.
 3d District—Henry S. Magoon.
 4th District—William Pitt Lynde.
 5th District—Samuel D. Burchard.
 6th District—Alanson M. Kimball.
 7th District—Jeremiah M. Rusk.
 8th District—George W. Cate.

XLVth Congress, 1877-79.

- 1st District—Charles G. Williams.
 2d District—Lucien B. Caswell.
 3d District—George C. Hazelton.
 4th District—William Pitt Lynde.
 5th District—Edward S. Bragg.
 6th District—Gabriel Bouck.
 7th District—Herman L. Humphrey.
 8th District—Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIth Congress, 1879-81.

- 1st District—Charles G. Williams.
 2d District—Lucien B. Caswell.
 3d District—George C. Hazelton.
 4th District—Peter V. Deuster.
 5th District—Edward S. Bragg.
 6th District—Gabriel Bouck.
 7th District—Herman L. Humphrey.
 8th District—Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIIth Congress, 1881-83.

- 1st District—Charles G. Williams.
 2d District—Lucien B. Caswell.
 3d District—George C. Hazelton.
 4th District—Peter V. Deuster.
 5th District—Edward S. Bragg.
 6th District—Richard Guenther.
 7th District—Herman L. Humphrey.
 8th District—Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIIIth Congress, 1883-85

- 1st District—John Winans.
 2d District—Daniel H. Sumner.
 3d District—Burr W. Jones.
 4th District—Peter V. Deuster.
 5th District—Joseph Rankin.
 6th District—Richard Guenther.
 7th District—Gilbert M. Woodward.
 8th District—William T. Price.
 9th District—Isaac Stephenson.

XLIXth Congress, 1885-87

- 1st District—Lucien B. Caswell.
 2d District—Edward S. Bragg.
 3d District—Robert M. La Follette.
 4th District—Isaac W. Van Schaick.
 5th District—Joseph Rankin.²
 T. R. Hudd.
 6th District—Richard Guenther.
 7th District—Ormsby B. Thomas.
 8th District—William T. Price.³
 Hugh H. Price.
 9th District—Isaac Stephenson.

Lth Congress, 1887-89.

- 1st District—L. B. Caswell.
 2d District—Richard Guenther.
 3d District—Robert M. La Follette.
 4th District—Henry Smith.
 5th District—T. R. Hudd.
 6th District—C. B. Clark.
 7th District—Ormsby B. Thomas.
 8th District—Nils P. Haugen.
 9th District—Isaac Stephenson.

L1st Congress, 1889-91

- 1st District—L. B. Caswell.
 2d District—Charles Barwig.
 3d District—Robert M. La Follette.
 4th District—Isaac W. Van Schaick.
 5th District—George H. Brickner.
 6th District—C. B. Clark.
 7th District—Ormsby B. Thomas.
 8th District—Nils P. Haugen.
 9th District—Myron H. McCord.

LIIId Congress, 1891-93.

- 1st District—Clinton Babbitt.
 2d District—Charles Barwig.
 3d District—Allen R. Bushnell.
 4th District—John L. Mitchell.
 5th District—George H. Brickner.
 6th District—Lucas M. Miller.
 7th District—Frank P. Coburn.
 8th District—Nils P. Haugen.
 9th District—Thomas Lynch.

¹ Died Jan. 1, 1870, and David Atwood elected to fill vacancy, Feb. 15, 1870.

² Died Jan. 24, 1886, T. R. Hudd elected to fill vacancy, Feb. 3, 1886.

³ Died Dec. 7, 1888, Hugh H. Price elected to fill vacancy, Jan. 13, 1887.

LIIIrd Congress, 1893-95.

- 1st District — H. A. Cooper.
- 2d District — Charles Barwig.
- 3d District — Joseph W. Babcock.
- 4th District — John L. Mitchell,¹
Peter J. Somers,²
- 5th District — George H. Brickner.
- 6th District — Owen A. Wells.
- 7th District — Geo. B. Shaw,³
Michael Griffin,⁴
- 8th District — Lyman E. Barnes.
- 9th District — Thomas Lynch.
- 10th District — Nils P. Haugen.

LIVth Congress, 1895-97.

- 1st District — Henry A. Cooner, Racine.
- 2d District — Edward Saueraering, May-
ville.
- 3d District — Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah
- 4th District — Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
- 5th District — Samuel S. Barney, West
Bend.
- 6th District — Samuel A. Cook, Neenah.
- 7th District — Michael Griffin, Eau Claire.
- 8th District — Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon
Bay.
- 9th District — Alexander Stewart, Wausau.
- 10th District — John J. Jenkins, Chippewa
Falls.

LVth Congress, 1897-99.

- 1st District — Henry A. Cooper, Racine.
- 2d District — Edward Saueraering, May-
ville.
- 3d District — Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah
- 4th District — Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
- 5th District — Samuel A. Barney, West
Bend.
- 6th District — James H. Davidson, Oshkosh
- 7th District — Michael Griffin, Eau Claire.
- 8th District — Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon
Bay.
- 9th District — Alexander Stewart, Wausau.
- 10th District — John J. Jenkins, Chippewa
Falls.

¹ Resigned Feb. 10, 1893.

² Elected April 4, 1893 to fill vacancy.

³ Died Aug. 27, 1894.

⁴ Elected Nov. 6, 1894, to fill vacancy.

U. S. PRESIDENTS AND VICE-PRESIDENTS. PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

NAME.	Native state.	Ancestry.	Year of birth.	Residence.	Year.	Age.	Years served.	Politics.	Place of death.	Age at death.
1 George Washington.....	Va...	English.....	1732	Va....	1789	57	8	Federalist.....	Mount Vernon, 1799.	67
2 John Adams.....	Mass.	English.....	1735	Mass.	1797	62	4	Federalist.....	Quincy, Mass., 1826.	91
3 Thomas Jefferson.....	Va....	Welsh.....	1743	Va....	1804	58	4	Republican.....	Monticello, Va., 1826.	83
4 James Madison.....	Va....	English.....	1751	Va....	1809	58	8	Republican.....	Montpelier, Va., 1836.	85
5 James Monroe.....	Va....	Scottish.....	1758	Mass.	1817	59	8	Republican.....	New York City, 1831.	73
6 John Quincy Adams.....	Mass.	English.....	1767	Mass.	1825	58	4	Republican.....	Washington, 1848.	81
7 Andrew Jackson.....	S. C.	Irish.....	1767	Tenn.	1829	62	8	Democrat.....	Hemphre, Tenn., 1845.	78
8 Martin Van Buren.....	N. Y.	Dutch.....	1782	N. Y.	1837	55	4	Democrat.....	Kinderhook, N. Y., 1862.	80
9 William H. Harrison.....	Va....	English.....	1773	Ohio.	1841	58	1 mo.	Whig.....	Washington, 1841.	68
10 John Tyler.....	Va....	English.....	1790	Va....	1841	51	4	Democrat.....	Richmond, Va., 1862.	72
11 James K. Polk.....	N. C.	Irish.....	1785	Tenn.	1843	55	4	Democrat.....	Nashville, Tenn., 1849.	54
12 Zachary Taylor.....	Va....	English.....	1784	La....	1849	55	1	Whig.....	Washington, 1850.	66
13 Millard Fillmore.....	N. Y.	English.....	1800	N. Y.	1850	50	3	Whig.....	Buffalo, N. Y., 1874.	74
14 Franklin Pierce.....	N. H.	English.....	1804	N. H.	1853	49	4	Democrat.....	Concord, N. H., 1869.	65
15 James Buchanan.....	Pa....	Irish.....	1791	Pa....	1857	66	4	Democrat.....	Wheatland, Pa., 1868.	77
16 Abraham Lincoln.....	Ky....	English.....	1809	Ill....	1861	52	4	Republican.....	Washington, 1865.	56
17 Andrew Johnson.....	N. C.	Scottish.....	1808	Tenn.	1865	57	4	Republican.....	Greenville, Tenn., 1875.	67
18 Ulysses S. Grant.....	Ohio.	English.....	1822	Ill....	1869	47	8	Republican.....	Mt. McGregor, N. Y., 1885.	63
19 Rutherford B. Hayes.....	Ohio.	English.....	1822	Ohio.	1877	55	4	Republican.....	Fremont, Ohio, 1893.	71
20 James A. Garfield.....	Ohio.	English.....	1831	N. Y.	1881	49	6 1/2 mos.	Republican.....	Long Branch, N. J., 1881.	50
21 Chester A. Arthur.....	Vt....	Irish.....	1830	N. Y.	1881	51	4	Democrat.....	New York City, 1886.	56
22 Grover Cleveland.....	N. J.	English.....	1837	Ind....	1885	48	4	Republican.....	Democrat.....	.....
23 Benjamin Harrison.....	Ohio.	English.....	1833	N. Y.	1889	56	4	Democrat.....	Democrat.....	.....
24 Grover Cleveland.....	N. J.	English.....	1837	N. Y.	1893	56	4	Democrat.....	Democrat.....	.....
25 William McKinley.....	Ohio.	Scottish-Irish.....	1843	Ohio..	1897	54	.....	Republican.....	.....	.....

VICE-PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

NAME.	BIRTH.		Residence when elected.	Year qual- ified.	Years served.	Politics.	DEATH.	
	Place.	Year.					Place.	Year.
1 John Adams.....	Quincy, Mass.	1735	Massachusetts.	1789	8	Fed.	Quincy, Mass.	1826
2 Thomas Jefferson.....	Shadwell, Va.	1743	Virginia.....	1797	4	Rep.	Monticello, Va.	1826
3 Aaron Burr.....	Newark, N. J.	1756	New York.....	1801	4	Rep.	Statens Island, N. Y.	1836
4 George Clinton.....	Ulster Co., N. Y.	1739	New York.....	1805	7 y., 1 m., 16 d*	Rep.	Washington, D. C.	1812
5 Elbridge Gerry.....	Marblehead, Mass.	1744	Massachusetts.	1813	1 y., 8 m., 19 d*	Rep.	Washington, D. C.	1814
6 Daniel D. Tompkins.....	Scarsdale, N. Y.	1774	New York.....	1817	8	Rep.	Statens Island, N. Y.	1825
7 John C. Calhoun.....	Abbeville, S. C.	1752	South Carolina	1823	7 y., 9 m., 24 d†	Rep.	Washington, D. C.	1850
8 Martin Van Buren.....	Kinderhook, N. Y.	1782	New York.....	1833	4	Dem.	Kinderhook, N. Y.	1862
9 Rich. M. Johnson.....	Louisville, Ky.	1780	Kentucky.....	1837	4	Dem.	Frankfort, Ky.	1850
10 John Tyler.....	Greenway, Va.	1790	Virginia.....	1841	1 month†	Dem.	Richmond, Va.	1850
11 George M. Dallas.....	Philadelphia, Pa.	1792	Pennsylvania..	1845	4	Dem.	Philadelphia, Pa.	1864
12 Millard Fillmore.....	Summer Hill, N. Y.	1800	New York.....	1849	4 d†	Whig.	Buffalo, N. Y.	1874
13 William R. King.....	Sampson Co., N. C.	1786	Alabama.....	1853	1 m., 14 d*	Dem.	Dallas County, Ala.	1874
14 J. C. Breckinridge.....	Lexington, Ky.	1821	Kentucky.....	1857	4	Dem.	Lexington, Ky.	1875
15 Hambal Hamlin.....	Paris, Me.	1809	Maine.....	1861	4	Rep.	Bangor, Me.	1875
16 Andrew Johnson.....	Raleigh, N. C.	1808	Tennessee.....	1865	1 m., 11 d†	Rep.	Carter County, Tenn.	1891
17 Schuyler Colfax.....	New York City	1823	Indiana.....	1868	4	Rep.	Manakato, Minn.	1895
18 Henry Wilson.....	Farmington, N. H.	1812	Massachusetts.	1873	2 y., 8 m., 18 d*	Rep.	Washington, D. C.	1885
19 Wm. A. Wheeler.....	Malone, N. Y.	1819	New York.....	1877	4	Rep.	Malone, N. Y.	1887
20 Chester A. Arthur.....	Fairfield, Vt.	1830	Indiana.....	1881	6 m., 15 d†	Rep.	New York City.	1886
21 T. A. Hendricks.....	Muskingum Co., O.	1819	Indiana.....	1885	4	Dem.	Indianapolis, Ind.	1895
22 Levi P. Morton.....	Shoreham, Vt.	1824	New York.....	1889	4	Rep.	.....	.....
23 Adlai E. Stevenson.....	Christian Co., Kentucky.	1835	Illinois.....	1893	4	Dem.	.....	.....
24 Garret A. Hobart.....	New Jersey.....	1844	New Jersey.....	1897	.....	Rep.	.....	.....

* Died in office. † Resigned. ‡ Succeeded to the presidency because of the death of the incumbent of that office.

PRESIDENTS PRO TEMPORE OF THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

A LIST of the Senators who have been elected by the Senate to preside over that body in the absence of the Vice-president, or while he was acting as President, or while the office of Vice-President was vacant by reason of the death of the incumbent.

CON- GRESS.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
1, 2	1789-92	John Langdon.....	New Hampshire.....	1739	1819
2	1792	Richard H. Lee.....	Virginia.....	1732	1794
2, 3	1792-94	John Langdon.....	New Hampshire.....	1739	1819
3	1794-95	Ralph Izard.....	South Carolina.....	1742	1804
3, 4	1795-96	Henry Tazewell.....	Virginia.....	1753	1799
4	1796-97	Samuel Livermore.....	New Hampshire.....	1732	1803
4, 5	1797	William Bingham.....	Pennsylvania.....	1751	1804
5	1797	William Bradford.....	Rhode Island.....	1729	1808
5	1797-98	Jacob Read.....	South Carolina.....	1752	1816
5	1798	Theodore Sedgwick.....	Massachusetts.....	1746	1813
5	1798-99	John Laurence.....	New York.....	1750	1810
5	1799	James Ross.....	Pennsylvania.....	1762	1847
6	1799-1800	Samuel Livermore.....	New Hampshire.....	1732	1803
6	1800	Uriah Tracy.....	Connecticut.....	1753	1807
6	1800-01	John E. Howard.....	Maryland.....	1752	1827
6	1801	James Hillhouse.....	Connecticut.....	1754	1832
7	1801-02	Abraham Baldwin.....	Georgia.....	1754	1807
7	1802-03	Stephen R. Bradley.....	Vermont.....	1754	1830
8	1803-04	John Brown.....	Kentucky.....	1757	1837
8	1804-05	Jesse Franklin.....	North Carolina.....	1758	1823
8	1805	Joseph Anderson.....	Tennessee.....	1757	1837
9, 10	1805-08	Samuel Smith.....	Maryland.....	1752	1839
10	1808-09	Stephen R. Bradley.....	Vermont.....	1754	1830
10, 11	1809	John Milledge.....	Georgia.....	1757	1818
11	1809-10	Andrew Gregg.....	Pennsylvania.....	1755	1835
11	1810-11	John Gaillard.....	South Carolina.....	.....	1826
11, 12	1811-12	John Pope.....	Kentucky.....	1770	1845
12, 13	1812-13	Wm. H. Crawford.....	Georgia.....	1772	1834
13	1813-14	Joseph B. Varnum.....	Massachusetts.....	1750	1821
13, 15	1814-18	John Gaillard.....	South Carolina.....	.....	1826
15, 16	1818-19	James Barbour.....	Virginia.....	1775	1842
16-19	1820-26	John Gaillard.....	South Carolina.....	.....	1826
19, 20	1826-28	Nathaniel Macon.....	North Carolina.....	1757	1837
20-22	1828-32	Samuel Smith.....	Maryland.....	1752	1839
22	1832	L. W. Tazewell.....	Virginia.....	1774	1860
22, 23	1832-34	Hugh L. White.....	Tennessee.....	1773	1840
23	1834-35	George Poindexter.....	Mississippi.....	1779	1853
24	1835-36	John Tyler.....	Virginia.....	1790	1862
24-26	1836-41	William R. King.....	Alabama.....	1786	1853
26, 27	1841-42	Samuel L. Southard.....	New Jersey.....	1787	1842
27-29	1842-46	W. P. Mangum.....	North Carolina.....	1792	1861
29, 30	1846-49	D. R. Atchison.....	Missouri.....	1807	1886
31, 32	1850-52	William R. King.....	Alabama.....	1786	1853
32, 33	1852-54	D. R. Atchison.....	Missouri.....	1807	1886
33, 34	1854-57	Jesse D. Bright.....	Indiana.....	1812	1875
34	1857	James M. Mason.....	Virginia.....	1798	1871
35, 36	1857-61	Benjamin Fitzpatrick.....	Alabama.....	1802	1869
36-38	1861-64	Solomon Foot.....	Vermont.....	1802	1866
38	1864-65	Daniel Clark.....	New Hampshire.....	1809	1891
39	1865-67	Lafayette S. Foster.....	Connecticut.....	1806	1880
40	1867-69	Benjamin F. Wade.....	Ohio.....	1800	1878
41, 42	1869-73	Henry B. Anthony.....	Rhode Island.....	1815	1884
43	1873-75	M. H. Carpenter.....	Wisconsin.....	1824	1881
44, 45	1875-79	Thomas W. Ferry.....	Michigan.....	1827	.....
46	1879-81	A. G. Thurman.....	Ohio.....	1813	1895
47	1881	Thomas F. Bayard.....	Delaware.....	1828	.....
47	1881-83	David Davis.....	Illinois.....	1815	1886
48	1883-85	George F. Edmunds.....	Vermont.....	1828	.....
49	1885-87	John Sherman.....	Ohio.....	1823	.....
49, 50, 51	1887-91	John J. Ingalls.....	Kansas.....	1833	.....
52	1891-93	Chas. F. Manderson.....	Nebraska.....	1837	.....
53	1893-95	Isham G. Harris.....	Tennessee.....	1818	.....
54-55	1896-97	Wm. P. Frye.....	Maine.....	1831	.....



HOME FOR THE FEEBLE MINDED, CHIPPEWA FALLS.



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR DEPENDENT AND NEGLECTED CHILDREN,
SPARTA.

SPEAKERS OF THE U. S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

CON- GRESS.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
1	1789-91	F. A. Muhlenburg.....	Pennsylvania.....	1750	1801
2	1791-93	Jonathan Trumbull.....	Connecticut.....	1740	1809
3	1793-95	F. A. Muhlenburg.....	Pennsylvania.....	1750	1801
4,5	1795-99	Jonathan Dayton.....	New Jersey.....	1760	1824
6	1794-01	Theodore Sedgwick.....	Massachusetts.....	1746	1813
7-9	1801-07	Nathaniel Macon.....	North Carolina.....	1757	1837
10, 11	1807-11	Joseph B. Varnum.....	Massachusetts.....	1750	1821
12, 13	1811-14	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky.....	1777	1852
13	1814-15	Langdon Cheves.....	South Carolina.....	1776	1857
14-16	1815-20	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky.....	1777	1852
16	1820-21	John W. Taylor.....	New York.....	1784	1854
17	1821-23	Philip B. Barbour.....	Virginia.....	1788	1841
18	1823-25	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky.....	1777	1852
19	1825-27	John W. Taylor.....	New York.....	1784	1854
20-23	1827-34	Andrew Stevenson.....	Virginia.....	1784	1857
23	1831-35	John Bell.....	Tennessee.....	1797	1869
24, 25	1835-39	James K. Polk.....	Tennessee.....	1795	1849
26	1839-41	R. M. T. Hunter.....	Virginia.....	1809	1887
27	1841-43	John White.....	Kentucky.....	1805	1845
28	1843-45	John W. Jones.....	Virginia.....	1805	1848
29	1845-47	John W. Davis.....	Indiana.....	1799	1850
30	1847-49	Robert C. Winthrop.....	Massachusetts.....	1809	1894
31	1849-51	Howell Cobb.....	Georgia.....	1815	1868
32, 33	1851-55	Linn Boyd.....	Kentucky.....	1800	1859
34	1855-57	Nathaniel P. Banks.....	Massachusetts.....	1816	1894
35	1857-59	James L. Orr.....	South Carolina.....	1822	1873
36	1859-61	William Pennington.....	New Jersey.....	1793	1862
37	1861-63	Galusha A. Grow.....	Pennsylvania.....	1823	.....
38-40	1863-69	Schuyler Colfax.....	Indiana.....	1823	1885
41-43	1869-75	James G. Blaine.....	Maine.....	1830	1893
44	1875-76	Michael C. Kerr.....	Indiana.....	1827	1876
46-46	1876-81	Samuel J. Randall.....	Pennsylvania.....	1828	1890
47	1881-83	John W. Keifer.....	Ohio.....	1836	.....
48-50	1883-89	John G. Carlisle.....	Kentucky.....	1835	.....
51	1889-91	Thomas B. Reed.....	Maine.....	1839	.....
52-53	1891-95	Chas. F. Crisp.....	Georgia.....	1845	1896
54-55	1896-97	Thomas B. Reed.....	Maine.....	1839	.....

PART III.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT,

At each election from 1864 to 1896.

STATES.	1864. ¹	1868. ²	1872.	1876.	1880.	1884.	1888.	1892.	1896.
	Lincoln—Rep. McClellan—Dem.	Grant—Rep. Seymour—Dem.	Grant—Rep. Hendricks—Dem.	Hayes—Rep. Tilden—Dem.	Garfield—Rep. Hancock—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem. Blaine—Rep.	Harrison—Rep. Cleveland—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem. Harrison—Rep. Weaver—Peo.	McKinley—Rep. Bryan—Dem.
Alabama.....	..	8	10	10	10	10	10	11	11
Arkansas.....	..	5	..	6	6	7	7	8	8
California.....	5	5	6	6	1	5	5	8	1
Colorado.....	..	..	..	..	3	..	2	..	..
Connecticut.....	6	5	6	3	6	6	3	6	4
Delaware.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	..
Florida.....	..	3	4	4	..	4	4	..	4
Georgia.....	..	9	..	11	11	12	12	13	13
Idaho.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
Illinois.....	16	16	21	21	21	22	22	21	21
Indiana.....	13	13	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Iowa.....	8	8	11	11	11	13	13	13	13
Kansas.....	3	3	5	5	5	9	9	13	10
Kentucky.....	11	11	8	12	12	13	13	13	12
Louisiana.....	..	7	..	8	8	8	8	8	8
Maine.....	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6
Maryland.....	..	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Massachusetts.....	12	12	13	13	13	14	14	15	15
Michigan.....	8	8	11	11	11	13	13	6	14
Minnesota.....	4	4	5	5	5	7	7	9	9
Mississippi.....	..	..	..	8	8	9	9	9	9
Missouri.....	11	11	6	15	15	16	16	17	17
Montana.....	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	..
Nebraska.....	..	3	3	3	3	5	5	..	3
Nevada.....	2	3	..	..	3	3	3	..	8
N. Hampshire.....	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4
New Jersey.....	7	7	9	9	9	9	9	10	10
New York.....	33	33	35	35	35	36	36	36	36
N. Carolina.....	..	9	10	10	10	11	11	11	11
N. Dakota.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3
Ohio.....	21	21	22	22	22	23	23	1	22
Oregon.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4
Pennsylvania.....	26	26	29	29	29	30	30	32	32
R. Island.....	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
S. Carolina.....	..	6	7	..	7	9	9	9	9
S. Dakota.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	4
Tennessee.....	..	10	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Texas.....	..	..	8	8	8	13	13	15	15
Utah.....	..	..	5	5	5	..	..	..	3
Vermont.....	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4
Virginia.....	..	..	11	11	11	12	12	12	12
Washington.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	4
W. Virginia.....	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6
Wisconsin.....	8	8	10	10	10	11	11	12	12
Wyoming.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	3
Total.....	212 21	214 80	286 42	185 181	214 155	219 182	233 163	239 128 32	271 176
No. states voting.....	36	37	37	38	38	38	38	44	45

¹ Eleven southern states did not vote in 1864.

² Mississippi, Texas and Virginia did not vote in 1868.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT IN 1896.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.		POPULAE VOTE.*					ELECTORAL VOTE.	
Bryan, Dem.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, N. Dem.	Levering, Pro.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, S. Lab.	Pluralities.	Bryan, Dem.	McKinley, Rep.
Alabama	190,307	54,737	2,147	893	.....	75,570 B	11	.....
Arkansas	37,512	37,512	839	.....	.....	72,591 B	8	.....
California	149,373	149,370	2,573	1,045	1,611	2,797 McK	11	8
Colorado	161,153	26,271	1,730	386	1,159	131,882 B	4	.....
Connecticut	168,740	110,285	4,384	1,808	1,223	53,545 McK	.....	6
Delaware	19,424	10,804	877	855	.....	3,630 McK	.....	3
Florida	27,736	11,288	654	1,778	.....	21,448 B	4	.....
Georgia	67,232	60,091	2,708	5,613	.....	34,141 B	13	.....
Idaho	33,182	6,324	.....	3,179	.....	16,868 B	3	.....
Illinois	451,622	607,130	6,300	9,706	3,147	143,098 McK	.....	24
Indiana	305,573	325,754	2,145	8,056	1,124	18,181 McK	.....	15
Iowa	228,741	283,293	2,516	3,192	453	65,532 McK	.....	13
Kansas	127,810	159,541	4,209	3,192	.....	12,269 B	10	.....
Kentucky	117,800	235,171	5,114	4,781	.....	281 McK	11	12
Louisiana	277,175	227,697	3,334	.....	.....	55,138 B	8	.....
Maine	37,688	80,465	1,870	1,570	.....	45,777 McK	6	.....
Maryland	104,735	139,695	2,507	1,918	136	32,224 McK	8	.....
Massachusetts	103,711	278,076	16,749	2,998	587	173,265 McK	15	.....
Michigan	236,714	283,852	8,879	5,025	2,114	56,868 McK	14	.....
Minnesota	138,626	193,501	3,202	4,433	297	53,875 McK	9	.....
Mississippi	63,859	130,471	3,711	4,485	867	58,729 B	9	.....
Missouri	393,867	304,410	2,365	2,169	596	57,727 B	17	.....
Montana	42,350	10,494	.....	1,186	.....	32,043 B	3	.....
Nebraska	113,380	102,304	2,885	1,193	186	13,576 B	8	.....
Nevada	8,377	1,358	.....	.....	.....	6,439 B	3	.....
New Hampshire	24,650	8,590	779	49	228	35,794 McK	4	.....
New Jersey	136,615	221,305	5,614	3,985	.....	87,692 McK	10	.....
New York	551,369	819,593	18,960	16,052	17,667	298,469 McK	36	.....
North Carolina	174,488	155,222	5,578	247	675	19,236 B	11	.....
North Dakota	20,686	26,335	.....	358	.....	5,619 McK	.....	3
Ohio	477,494	523,991	1,977	2,716	1,167	47,487 McK	23	.....
Oregon	46,662	48,779	1,577	5,098	.....	2,117 McK	4	.....
Pennsylvania	433,229	728,300	11,000	19,271	1,683	295,072 McK	32	.....
Rhode Island	14,459	37,437	1,666	870	558	22,978 McK	4	.....
South Carolina	58,598	9,231	.....	5	.....	49,517 B	9	.....
South Dakota	41,223	41,042	.....	685	.....	183 B	4	.....

Tennessee.....	166,268	148,773	1,951	3,093	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Texas.....	370,434	167,520	5,046	1,786	.....	.....	.....	.....	12
Utah.....	64,317	13,484	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15
Vermont.....	10,637	51,127	1,331	783	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
Virginia.....	134,709	135,368	2,129	2,350	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
Washington.....	51,646	39,153	1,698	968	.....	108	.....	.....	12
West Virginia.....	92,927	104,414	677	1,203	.....	148	.....	.....	4
Wisconsin.....	165,323	(288,135	4,584	7,507	.....	346	.....	.....	6
Wyoming.....	10,655	10,072	.....	136	.....	1,314	.....	.....	12
Total.....	6,502,925	7,104,779	133,148	132,005	.....	13,969	.....	.....	3
					.....	36,274	.....	.....	176
					.....		.....	.....	271

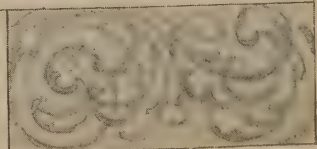
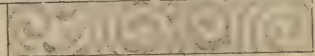
* As revised by final corrected returns to January 1, 1897. † In both California and Kentucky one Bryan candidate for elector received more votes than the candidate for elector on the McKinley ticket who received the least number of votes.

Popular vote, McKinley over Bryan.....	601,854
Popular vote, McKinley over all.....	286,452
Electoral vote, McKinley over Bryan.....	95
Straight Fusion vote for Bryan.....	6,352,282
Straight Populist vote for Bryan.....	150,643
Total popular vote, 1896.....	13,923,102

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT FROM 1856 TO 1888, WITH
PLURALITIES, 1884 AND 1888.

[BY STATES.]

STATES. (38)	1888.					
	VOTES.				PLURALITIES.	
	Harrison. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. U. Lab.	Harrison. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.
Alabama.....	57,197	117,310	583	.....	.....	60,113
Arkansas.....	58,752	85,962	614	10,613	.....	27,210
California.....	124,809	117,729	5,761	.....	7,080	.....
Colorado.....	51,796	37,610	2,210	112	14,186	.....
Connecticut.....	74,584	74,920	4,234	.....	.....	326
Delaware.....	12,973	16,414	400	.....	.....	3,441
Florida.....	26,657	39,561	417	.....	.....	12,904
Georgia.....	40,496	100,499	1,800	136	.....	60,003
Illinois.....	370,473	248,272	21,695	7,090	22,201	.....
Indiana.....	263,361	261,013	9,881	2,694	2,348	.....
Iowa.....	211,598	179,877	3,550	9,105	31,721	.....
Kansas.....	182,904	102,745	6,779	37,788	80,159	.....
Kentucky.....	155,134	183,800	5,225	622	.....	28,666
Louisiana.....	30,701	85,022	127	.....	.....	54,331
Maine.....	73,734	50,481	2,691	1,344	23,253	.....
Maryland.....	99,986	106,168	4,767	.....	.....	6,182
Massachusetts.....	183,892	151,590	8,701	.....	32,302	.....
Michigan.....	236,307	213,404	20,942	4,542	22,903	.....
Minnesota.....	142,482	104,385	15,311	1,095	38,097	.....
Mississippi.....	30,096	85,471	218	22	.....	55,375
Missouri.....	236,253	261,954	4,540	18,589	.....	25,701
Nebraska.....	108,425	80,552	9,429	4,226	27,873	.....
Nevada.....	7,238	5,326	45	.....	1,912	.....
New Hampshire.....	46,728	43,358	1,592	13	2,370	.....
New Jersey.....	144,344	151,493	7,904	.....	.....	7,149
New York.....	650,338	635,965	30,231	626	14,373	.....
North Carolina.....	134,784	147,902	2,789	37	.....	13,118
Ohio.....	416,054	396,455	24,356	3,400	19,599	.....
Oregon.....	33,293	26,522	1,677	.....	6,771	.....
Pennsylvania.....	526,091	446,033	20,947	3,873	79,458	.....
Rhode Island.....	21,969	17,530	1,251	.....	4,439	.....
South Carolina.....	13,740	65,825	.....	.....	.....	52,085
Tennessee.....	139,989	158,787	5,969	.....	.....	18,798
Texas.....	88,422	234,883	4,749	29,459	.....	146,461
Vermont.....	45,192	16,788	1,460	.....	28,404	.....
Virginia.....	150,438	151,977	1,678	.....	.....	1,539
West Virginia.....	78,491	79,330	.....	.....	.....	839
Wisconsin.....	176,553	155,232	14,277	8,552	21,331	.....
Total.....	5,445,274	5,538,755	248,800	142,034	480,770	574,251
Plurality.....	.....	93,481	.....	.....	.....	93,481



NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS, NEAR MILWAUKEE, WIS.

HENRY GOUGH CO., MILWAUKEE.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT FROM 1856 TO 1888, WITH
PLURALITIES, 1884 AND 1888.

[By States.]

STATES. (38)	1884.					
	VOTES.				PLURALITIES.	
	Blaine. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.	Butler. Green.	St. John. Pro.	Blaine. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.
Alabama	59,591	93,951	873	612	.....	34,360
Arkansas	50,895	72,927	1,847	.....	.....	22,032
California	102,416	89,288	2,017	2,920	13,128	.....
Colorado	36,290	27,723	1,958	761	8,567	.....
Connecticut	65,923	67,199	1,688	2,305	.....	1,274
Delaware	12,951	16,964	6	55	.....	4,013
Florida	28,031	31,766	.....	72	.....	3,735
Georgia	48,603	94,667	145	195	.....	46,064
Illinois	337,474	312,355	10,910	12,074	25,119	.....
Indiana	238,463	244,990	8,293	3,028	.....	6,527
Iowa	197,089	177,316	.....	1,472	19,773	.....
Kansas	154,406	90,132	16,341	4,495	64,274	.....
Kentucky	118,122	152,961	1,691	3,129	.....	34,839
Louisiana	46,347	62,540	.....	.....	.....	16,193
Maine	72,209	52,140	3,953	2,160	20,069	.....
Maryland	85,699	96,932	531	2,794	.....	11,233
Massachusetts	146,724	122,481	24,433	10,026	24,243	.....
Michigan	192,669	149,835	42,243	18,403	42,831	.....
Minnesota	111,923	70,144	3,583	4,684	41,779	.....
Mississippi	43,509	76,510	.....	.....	.....	33,001
Missouri	202,929	225,988	.....	2,153	.....	23,059
Nebraska	76,912	54,391	.....	2,899	22,521	.....
Nevada	7,193	5,578	29	.....	1,615	.....
New Hampshire	43,249	39,183	552	1,571	4,066	.....
New Jersey	123,440	127,798	3,496	6,159	.....	4,358
New York	562,005	563,154	16,994	25,016	.....	1,149
North Carolina	125,068	142,952	.....	454	.....	17,884
Ohio	400,082	368,280	5,179	11,069	31,803	.....
Oregon	26,860	24,604	726	492	2,256	.....
Pennsylvania	473,804	392,785	16,992	15,283	81,019	.....
Rhode Island	19,030	12,391	422	928	6,639	.....
South Carolina	21,733	60,890	.....	.....	.....	48,157
Tennessee	124,078	133,258	957	1,131	.....	9,180
Texas	93,141	225,309	3,321	3,534	.....	132,168
Vermont	39,514	17,331	785	1,752	22,183	.....
Virginia	139,356	145,497	.....	138	.....	6,141
West Virginia	63,096	67,317	810	939	.....	4,221
Wisconsin	161,135	140,453	4,598	7,649	14,682	.....
Total	4,851,959	4,874,980	175,370	150,362	446,563	469,584
Plurality .....	.....	23,021	.....	.....	.....	23,021

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—Continued.

STATES.	1880.				1876.	
	Garfield. Rep.	Hancock. Dem.	Weaver. Gr.	Scat- tering.	Tilden. Dem.	Hayes. Rep.
Alabama	56,178	90,687	4,642	.....	102,002	68,280
Arkansas	41,661	60,489	4,079	.....	58,071	38,669
California	80,348	80,426	3,392	.....	76,464	79,269
Colorado	27,450	24,647	1,435	.....	13,316	14,154
Connecticut	67,073	64,417	868	412	61,934	59,034
Delaware	14,150	15,183	.....	.....	13,381	10,752
Florida	23,654	27,964	.....	.....	124,285	24,327
Georgia	52,648	102,522	481	.....	130,088	50,446
Illinois	318,037	277,321	26,358	596	258,601	278,232
Indiana	232,164	225,528	12,986	.....	213,526	207,971
Iowa	183,904	105,845	32,327	630	112,121	171,326
Kansas	121,520	59,789	19,710	.....	37,902	78,322
Kentucky	104,550	147,909	11,498	257	159,690	97,156
Louisiana	37,994	65,310	439	.....	270,508	75,135
Maine	74,039	65,171	4,408	235	49,823	66,800
Maryland	78,515	93,706	818	.....	91,779	71,980
Massachusetts	165,205	111,960	4,548	799	108,777	150,063
Michigan	185,190	131,300	31,795	1,156	141,595	166,901
Minnesota	93,903	53,315	3,267	286	48,799	72,962
Mississippi	34,854	75,750	5,797	677	112,173	52,005
Missouri	153,567	208,609	35,045	.....	203,077	145,029
Nebraska	54,970	28,523	3,853	.....	17,554	31,916
Nevada	8,732	9,611	.....	.....	9,308	10,383
New Hampshire	44,852	40,794	528	189	38,509	41,539
New Jersey	120,555	122,565	2,617	191	115,962	103,517
New York	553,544	534,511	12,373	2,177	521,949	489,207
North Carolina	115,878	124,204	1,136	.....	125,427	108,419
Ohio	375,048	540,821	6,456	2,642	323,182	330,698
Oregon	20,619	19,948	249	.....	14,149	15,206
Pennsylvania	444,704	407,428	20,668	1,983	366,158	384,122
Rhode Island	18,195	10,779	236	25	10,712	15,787
South Carolina	68,071	112,312	566	7	90,896	91,786
Tennessee	107,677	128,191	5,916	43	133,166	89,566
Texas	57,845	156,228	27,405	.....	104,803	44,803
Vermont	45,090	13,181	1,212	110	20,254	44,092
Virginia	84,020	127,976	139	.....	139,670	95,558
West Virginia	46,243	57,391	9,079	.....	56,455	42,698
Wisconsin	144,397	114,634	7,980	161	123,927	130,068
Total	4,449,053	4,442,035	307,306	12,576	4,299,893	4,048,228
Total vote	9,210,970				8,442,049	

1 The vote in Florida, as officially announced by the returning board, is given in the table. The democrats claimed a majority for the Tilden electors in that state on the face of the returns.

2 The vote in Louisiana is given as announced by the Wells returning board, and as it was accepted by the electoral commission. The McNery returning board, after a canvass of the returns from all the counties in the state, gave Tilden 83,723; Hayes, 77,174.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—Continued.

STATES.	1872.		1868.		1864.	
	Grant. Rep.	Greeley. Lib. Dem.	Grant. Rep.	Seymour. Dem.	Lincoln. Rep.	Mc- Clellan. Dem.
Alabama	90,272	79,444	76,366	72,086		
Arkansas	41,073	37,927	22,152	19,078		
California	54,020	40,718	54,592	54,078	62,134	43,841
Connecticut	50,638	45,872	50,996	47,961	44,691	42,285
Delaware	11,115	10,205	7,063	10,980	8,155	8,767
Florida	17,765	15,428				
Georgia	62,715	76,287	57,134	102,822		
Illinois	241,248	184,770	250,203	199,143	189,996	158,730
Indiana	186,144	163,437	176,552	166,980	150,422	130,233
Iowa	131,233	71,134	150,399	74,040	89,075	49,596
Kansas	67,048	82,970	81,047	14,019	16,441	8,691
Kentucky	88,816	100,212	39,569	115,899	27,786	64,301
Louisiana	59,975	66,466	33,263	80,225		
Maine	61,422	29,087	70,426	42,396	68,114	46,992
Maryland	66,760	67,685	50,438	62,357	40,153	32,739
Massachusetts	133,472	59,260	136,447	59,408	126,742	48,745
Michigan	136,202	77,027	128,550	87,069	91,521	74,604
Minnesota	55,709	35,211	43,542	28,072	21,060	17,375
Mississippi	81,016	47,191				
Missouri	119,196	151,433	85,671	59,788	72,750	31,678
Nebraska	18,245	7,705	9,729	5,439		
Nevada	8,413	6,236	6,480	5,218	9,826	6,594
New Hampshire	37,168	31,425	38,191	31,224	36,400	32,871
New Jersey	91,611	76,801	80,121	83,001	60,723	68,024
New York	440,759	387,279	419,883	429,833	368,735	361,986
North Carolina	94,304	69,474	96,226	84,000		
Ohio	281,852	244,321	280,128	238,700	265,154	205,568
Oregon	11,820	7,746	10,961	11,125	9,888	8,457
Pennsylvania	349,689	211,961	342,280	313,312	296,391	276,316
Rhode Island	13,665	5,329	12,903	6,548	14,349	8,718
South Carolina	72,290	22,903	62,301	45,237		
Tennessee	63,665	94,391	56,757	26,311		
Texas	47,405	66,500				
Vermont	41,487	10,947	44,167	12,045	42,419	13,321
Virginia	93,415	91,440				
West Virginia	32,283	29,537	29,025	20,306	23,152	10,438
Wisconsin	104,992	86,477	108,857	84,710	83,458	65,884
Total	3,579,793	2,842,425	3,013,188	2,703,600	2,223,035	811,754
Majority	737,368		309,588		1,411,281	
Whole vote	6,457,318		5,716,788		4,034,789	

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—Continued.

STATES.	1860.				1856.		
	Lincoln. Rep.	Breckin- ridge. Dem.	Bell. Union.	Douglas. Dem.	Fremont. Dem.	Fill- more. Amer.	Buchan- an. Dem.
Alabama		48,831	27,875	13,651		28,552	46,739
Arkansas		28,732	20,093	5,227		10,787	21,910
California	39,173	34,344	6,817	38,516	20,691	36,165	53,365
Connecticut	43,792	14,641	3,291	15,522	42,715	2,615	34,995
Delaware	3,815	7,387	3,804	1,023	308	6,175	8,004
Florida		8,543	5,437	367		4,833	6,358
Georgia		51,889	42,886	11,590		42,228	56,598
Illinois	172,161	2,404	4,913	160,215	96,189	37,444	105,348
Indiana	139,033	12,295	5,306	115,509	94,375	22,386	118,670
Iowa	70,409	1,048	1,763	55,111	43,954	9,180	36,107
Kansas							
Kentucky	1,361	53,143	66,058	25,651	314	67,416	74,642
Louisiana		22,681	20,204	7,625		20,709	22,164
Maine	62,811	6,368	2,046	26,693	67,379	3,325	39,080
Maryland	2,294	42,482	41,760	5,966	281	47,460	39,115
Massachusetts	106,533	5,939	22,331	34,372	108,190	19,620	39,240
Michigan	88,480	805	405	65,057	71,762	1,660	52,136
Minnesota	22,069	748	62	11,920			
Mississippi		40,797	25,040	3,283		24,195	35,446
Missouri	17,028	31,317	58,372	58,081		48,524	58,164
Nebraska							
Nevada							
New Hampshire	37,519	2,112	441	22,811	38,345	422	32,789
New Jersey	58,324			62,500	28,338	24,115	46,943
New York	362,646			312,731	276,007	124,604	195,878
North Carolina		48,539	44,990			26,886	48,246
Ohio	231,610	11,403	12,194	18,822	187,497	25,126	170,874
Oregon	5,270	5,006	183	3,951			
Pennsylvania	268,030	178,871	12,776	16,765	147,510	82,175	230,710
Rhode Island	12,244			7,707	11,467	1,675	6,680
South Carolina ¹							
Tennessee		64,700	69,274	11,350		66,178	73,688
Texas		47,548	15,438			15,639	31,169
Vermont	33,808	218	1,969	6,549	39,561	545	10,569
Virginia	1,929	74,323	74,681	16,290	291	60,310	89,706
West Virginia							
Wisconsin	86,110	888	161	65,021	66,090	579	52,843
Total	1,866,452	847,953	560,631	1,375,157	1,341,264	874,534	1,838,189
Whole vote		4,680,193				4,053,987	

¹ Electors chosen by legislature.

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES

For President and Vice-President of the United States, 1789-1896.

Year of Election.	No. of States.	Total Elec. Vote.	Political Party.	Presidents. ¹			Vice-Presidents. ²	
				CANDIDATES.	Vote.			CANDIDATES.
					States.	Popu- lar.	Electoral.	
1789	10 ³	73		George Washington			69	
				John Adams				34
				John Jay				9
				R. H. Harrison				6
				John Rutledge				6
				John Hancock				4
				George Clinton				3
				Samuel Huntington				2
				John Milton				2
				James Armstrong				1
				Benjamin Lincoln				1
				Edward Telfair				1
				Vacancies			4	4
1792	15	135	Fed.	George Washington			132	
			Fed.	John Adams				77
			Rep.	George Clinton				50
				Thomas Jefferson				4
				Aaron Burr				1
				Vacancies			3	3
1796	16	138	Fed.	John Adams			71	
			Rep.	Thomas Jefferson				68
			Fed.	Thomas Pinckney				59
			Rep.	Aaron Burr				30
				Samuel Adams				15
				Oliver Ellsworth				11
				George Clinton				7
				John Jay				5
				James Iredell				3
				George Washington				2
				John Henry				2
				S. Johnson				2
				Charles C. Pinckney				1
1800	16	138	Rep.	Thomas Jefferson			73	
			Rep.	Aaron Burr				73
			Fed.	John Adams				65
			Fed.	Charles C. Pinckney				64
				John Jay				1

¹ Previous to the election of 1794, each elector voted for two candidates for President; the one receiving the highest number of votes, if a majority, was declared elected President; and the next highest, Vice President.

² Three states out of thirteen did not vote, viz.: New York, which had not passed an electoral law, and North Carolina and Rhode Island, which had not adopted the constitution.

³ There having been a tie vote, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made upon the 36th ballot, which was as follows: Jefferson—Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Vermont and Virginia—16 states; Burr—Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Rhode Island—4 states; Blank—Delaware and South Carolina—2 states.

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES—Continued.

Year of Election.	No. of States.	Total Electoral Vote.	Political Party.	Presidents.			Vice-Presidents.	
				CANDIDATES.	Vote.			CANDIDATES.
					States.	Popu- lar.	Electoral.	
1804	17	176	Rep.	Thomas Jefferson	15	.....	162	Geo. Clinton... 162
1808	17	176	Fed.	Charles C. Pinckney	2	.....	14	Rufus King... 14
			Rep.	James Madison	12	.....	122	Geo. Clinton... 113
			Fed.	Charles C. Pinckney	5	.....	47	Rufus King... 47
			.....	George Clinton .....	.....	.....	6	John Langdon .. 9
			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Jas. Madison .. 3
1812	18	213	.....	Vacancy .....	.....	.....	.....	Jas. Monroe .. 3
			Rep.	James Madison	11	.....	128	E. Gerry
			Fed.	De Witt Clinton	7	.....	80	J. Ingersoll... 86
1816	19	221	.....	Vacancy .....	.....	.....	1	.....
			Rep.	James Monroe	16	.....	183	D.D. Tompkins 183
			Fed.	Rufus King	3	.....	34	J. E. Howard .. 22
			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	James Ross .. 5
			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	J. Marshall .. 4
1820	24	235	.....	Vacancy .....	.....	.....	4	R. G. Harper .. 3
			Rep.	James Monroe	24	.....	231	.....
			Opp	John Q. Adams .....	.....	.....	1	D.D. Tompkins 218
			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	R. Stockton .. 8
			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	D. Rodney .. 4
1824	24	261	.....	Vacancy .....	.....	.....	3	R. G. Harper .. 1
			Rep.	Andrew Jackson	10	155,872	199	R. Rush
			Coal	John Q. Adams	8	105,321	84	.....
			Rep.	Wm. H. Crawford	3	44,282	41	J. C. Calhoun. 182
			Rep.	Henry Clay	3	46,587	37	N. Sanford ... 30
1828	24	261	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	N. Macon
			.....	Vacancy .....	.....	.....	.....	A. Jackson ... 13
			Dem	Andrew Jackson	15	647,231	178	M. Van Buren .. 9
			N. R	John Q. Adams	9	509,097	83	Henry Clay .. 2
								
1832	24	288	.....	Vacancy .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			Dem	Andrew Jackson	15	687,502	219	J. C. Calhoun. 171
			N. R	Henry Clay	7	530,189	49	R. Rush
			.....	John Floyd	1	33,108	11	Wm. Smith .. 7
			AntM	William Wirt	1	.....	7	M. Van Buren 189
1836	26	294	.....	Vacancies .....	.....	.....	2	J. Sergeant... 49
			Dem	Martin Van Buren	15	761,549	170	Henry Lee
			Whig	Wm. H. Harrison	7	.....	73	A. Ellmaker .. 11
			Whig	Hugh L. White	2	736,656	26	Wm. Wilkins.. 30
			Whig	Daniel Webster	1	.....	14	.....
			Whig	W. P. Mangum	1	.....	11	.....
								
								

1 No choice having been made by the Electoral College, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made on the first ballot, which was as follows. Adams—Connecticut, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Missouri, New Hampshire, New York, Ohio, Rhode Island and Vermont—13 states; Jackson—Alabama, Indiana, Mississippi, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Tennessee—7 states; Crawford—Delaware, Georgia, North Carolina and Virginia—4 states.

2 No candidate having received a majority of the votes of the Electoral College, the Senate elected R. M. Johnson Vice-President, who received 33 votes; Francis Granger received 16.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES—Continued.

Year of election.	No. of States.	Total electoral vote.	Political party.	Presidents.				Vice-Presidents.			
				CANDIDATES.	States.	VOTE.		CANDIDATES.	Electoral Vote.		
						Popular.	Electoral.				
1810	26	294	Whig. Dem. Lib'ty	Wm. H. Harrison Martin V'n Buren James G. Birney.	10 7	1,275,017 1,128,702 7,059	234 60	John Tyler R. M. Johnson	234 48		
				.....	.....	.....	.....	L. W. Tazewell	11		
1844	26	275	Dem. Whig. Lib'ty	James K. Polk Henry Clay James G. Birney.	15 11	1,337,243 1,299,068 62,390	170 105	James K. Folk Geo. M. Dallas T. Frelinghysen	7 170 105		
1848	30	290	Whig. Dem.	Zachary Taylor. Lewis Cass.	15 15	1,300,101 1,200,544	163 127	M. Fillmore Wm. O. Butler	163 127		
1852	31	296	Free S Dem.	Martin V'n Buren Franklin Pierce.	 27	291,263 1,601,474	 254	Chas. F. Adams William R. King	 254		
1856	31	296	Whig. Fr Dm	Winfield Scott. John P. Hale	4	1,386,578 156,149	42	W. A. Graham Geo. W. Julian	42		
1860	33	303	Dem. Rep.	James Buchanan John C. Fremont	19 11	1,838,169 1,341,264	174 114	J. C. Breck'nrdge Wm. L. Dayton	171 114		
1860	33	303	Amer. Rep.	Millard Fillmore Abraham Lincoln	1 17	874,534 1,866,352	8 180	A. J. Donelson H. Hamlin	8 180		
1864	136	314	Dem. C. Un.	J. C. Breck'nrdge John Bell	11 3	845,763 589,581	72 39	Joseph Lane E. Everett	72 39		
1868	237	317	I. Dem. Rep.	S. A. Douglas Abrah'm Lincoln	2 22	1,375,157 2,216,067	12 212	H. V. Johnson Andrew Johnson	12 212		
1872	37	366	Dem. Temp.	Geo. B. McClellan Vacancies	3 11	1,808,725	21 81	G. H. Pendleton	21 81		
				Ulysses S. Grant. Horatio Seymour	26 8	3,015,071 2,709,613	214 80	Schuyler Colfax F. P. Blair, Jr.	211 80		
				Vacancies	3	.....	23	.....	23		
				Ulysses S. Grant. Horace Greeley	31 6	3,597,070 2,834,079	236	Henry Wilson B. Gratz Brown	236 47		
				Chas. O'Connor James Black	..... .....	29,408 5,608	..... .....	Ceo. W. Julian A. H. Colquitt	5 5		
				T. A. Hendricks B. Gratz Brown	..... .....	..... .....	42 15	J. M. Palmer T. E. Bramlette	3 3		
				Chas. J. Jenkins David Davis	..... .....	..... .....	2 1	W. S. Groesbeck W. D. Machen	1 1		
				Not counted.	.....	.....	.....	N. P. Banks	1		
1876	38	369	Rep. Dem.	R. B. Hayes Samuel J. Tilden	21 17	4,048,223 4,299,893	185 184	W. A. Wheeler T. A. Hendricks	14 184		
				G. B. Prohi.	..... .....	81,740 9,552	..... .....	.....	.....		
				Green Clay Smith Scattering	..... .....	2,636 .....	..... .....	.....	.....		
1880	38	369	Rep. Dem.	Jas. A. Garfield W. S. Hancock	19 19	4,449,187 4,435,121	214 155	Chester A. Arthur W. H. English	214 155		
				G. B. Prohi.	..... .....	302,754 9,861	..... .....	.....	.....		
				Neal Dow Scattering	..... .....	1,145 .....	..... .....	.....	.....		
1884	38	401	Dem. Rep.	Grover Cleveland James G. Blaine	20 18	4,908,892 4,844,061	219 182	T. A. Hendricks John A. Logan	219 182		
				Prohi. Peop.	..... .....	150,335 134,163	..... .....	.....	.....		
1888	38	401	Rep. Dem.	Benj. E. Butler Benj. Harrison	20 18	5,445,274 5,538,755	233 168	Levi P. Morton A. G. Thurman	233 168		
				Grover Cleveland Clinton B. Fisk	..... .....	248,800 142,084	..... .....	.....	.....		
1892	44	422	Lab. Dem.	A. J. Streeter Grover Cleveland	..... .....	5,554,594 5,158,912	227 145	A. E. Stevenson Whitelaw Reid	227 145		
				Rep. Peo	..... .....	1,054,215 269,806	22	J. G. Field	22		
1896	45	447	Pro. Rep.	John Bidwell Wm. McKinley	 23	 7,104,779	 271	Garrett A. Hobart Arthur Sewell	271 171		
				Dem. Pop.	22	6,502,925	176	Thos. E. Watson Simon B. Buckner	5		
				N. Dm Pro.	..... .....	133,148 132,007	..... .....	Hale Johnson Jas. H. Southgate	..... .....		
				S. Pro. S. C. Lib	..... .....	13,969 36,274	..... .....	Matt. Maguire	.....		

1 Eleven states did not vote, viz.: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia.

2 Three states did not vote, viz.: Mississippi, Texas and Virginia.

3 Three electoral votes of Georgia cast for Horace Greeley, and the votes of Arkansas, 6, and Louisiana, 8, cast for U. S. Grant, were rejected. If all had been included in the count, the electoral vote would have been 300 for U. S. Grant and 66 for opposing candidates.

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, National.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Borkey, Pro.	Scobell, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ADAMS Co.—3d district.															
Adams	31	1	85	1	1	1	54	54	32	1	85	85	.....	.....	53
Big Flats	16	1	56	3	1	1	40	40	16	1	55	55	.....	.....	39
Colburn	10	1	62	3	1	1	52	52	10	1	62	62	.....	.....	52
Dell Prairie	42	2	92	2	1	1	50	50	41	3	93	93	.....	.....	52
Easton	28	2	83	2	1	1	55	55	28	.....	82	82	.....	.....	54
Jackson	15	4	105	1	1	1	91	91	15	4	107	107	.....	.....	92
Leola	2	.....	57	1	1	1	55	55	2	.....	57	57	.....	.....	55
Lincoln	33	1	66	1	1	1	33	33	33	.....	66	66	.....	.....	55
Monroe	9	.....	112	2	1	1	103	103	33	.....	112	112	.....	.....	102
New Chester	15	4	69	1	1	1	54	54	16	4	68	68	.....	.....	57
New Haven	65	1	123	1	1	1	58	58	66	1	123	123	.....	.....	52
Preston	18	1	24	3	1	1	6	6	18	1	23	23	.....	.....	5
Quincy	30	1	63	1	1	1	33	33	32	1	62	62	.....	.....	30
Richfield	12	4	48	1	1	1	36	36	12	4	48	48	.....	.....	36
Rome	18	4	69	1	1	1	57	57	18	4	63	63	.....	.....	50
Springville	30	2	94	2	1	1	64	64	31	2	93	93	.....	.....	62
Strong's Prairie	17	.....	223	2	1	1	206	206	17	.....	223	223	.....	.....	206
Total	391	27	1,432	16	.....	.....	1,041	1,041	397	27	1,427	.....	.....	.....	1,030
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,042	1,042	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,030
ASHLAND Co.—9th dist.															
Ashland, precinct 1	66	1	54	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	66	1	54	54	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	67	2	110	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	68	1	108	108	.....	.....	.....
precinct 3	6	.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	16	16	.....	.....	.....
precinct 4	108	2	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	107	2	37	37	.....	.....	.....
Ashland, city:															
precinct 1	63	7	277	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	64	6	281	281	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	59	1	174	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	63	6	165	165	.....	.....	.....
precinct 3	172	11	369	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	131	11	384	384	.....	.....	.....
precinct 4	86	1	178	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	95	1	169	169	.....	.....	.....

ELECTION STATISTICS.

precinct 5	92	1,450	2	51	130	1,954	2	20	1	5	804	95	1,190	2	51	125	1,919	2	1	4	722
precinct 6	117	1,150	3	130	165	1,954	4	5	1	5	116	116	1,190	6	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 7	120	1,150	3	130	165	1,954	5	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	9	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 8	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 9	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 10	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 11	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 12	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 13	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 14	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 15	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 16	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 17	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 18	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 19	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 20	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 21	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 22	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 23	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 24	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 25	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 26	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 27	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 28	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 29	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 30	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 31	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 32	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 33	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 34	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 35	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 36	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 37	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 38	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 39	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 40	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 41	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 42	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 43	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 44	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 45	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 46	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 47	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 48	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 49	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 50	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 51	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 52	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 53	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 54	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 55	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 56	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 57	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 58	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 59	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 60	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 61	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 62	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 63	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 64	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 65	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 66	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 67	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 68	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 69	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 70	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 71	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 72	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 73	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 74	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 75	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct 76	135	1,150	4	130	165	1,954	3	1	1	1	116	116	1,190	1	130	165	1,919	1	1	2	722
precinct																					

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT. 1896.						GOVERNOR. 1896.								
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Pla.	Rep. Pla.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tutrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Pla.	Rep. Pla.
BAYFIELD Co.—10th dist.															
Bayfield, precinct 1.....	106	158	361	474	3	4	.....	316	116	12	350	462	3	.....	294
Bayfield, precinct 2.....	52	21	113	200	1	.....	.....	179	52	1	112	198	3	.....	176
Drummond	160	190	265	271	1	.....	.....	87	22	5	286	278	1	.....	81
Iron River, precinct 1.....	30	1	12	290	4	.....	.....	243	167	7	401	288	.....	.....	237
Iron River, precinct 2.....	47	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30	8	12	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mason	152	47	405	230	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	4	22	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washburn, precinct 1.....	152	.....	22	1,003	.....	.....	.....	649	148	15	515	998	1	.....	630
Washburn, precinct 2.....	3	354	60	60	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	16	60	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washburn, precinct 3.....	154	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	172	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washburn, precinct 4.....	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	770	59	2,244	.....	13	5	.....	1,474	776	46	2,224	1	5	.....	1,448
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,474	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,448
BROWN Co.—8th district.															
Allouez.....	60	.....	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	62	1	30	.....	.....	32	.....
Ashwaubenon.....	41	3	87	58	1	.....	28	46	33	1	82	.....	.....	34	49
Bellevue.....	90	1	58	50	4	.....	32	.....	90	1	56	.....	.....	80	.....
De Pere.....	130	2	50	.....	1	.....	80	.....	130	2	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
De Pere, city:															
1st ward.....	91	.....	156	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	52	1	154	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	128	.....	99	518	.....	.....	.....	127	127	1	100	520	1	.....	129
3d ward.....	107	.....	153	.....	4	.....	.....	105	105	2	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	65	.....	110	.....	1	.....	105	.....	66	.....	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eaton.....	159	.....	54	.....	.....	.....	41	.....	.....	.....	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
Glennore.....	164	.....	123	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	159	.....	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
Green Bay.....	40	.....	137	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	162	.....	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
Green Bay, city:															
1st ward.....	151	.....	320	.....	3	.....	.....	97	42	1	313	.....	.....	105	.....
2d ward.....	154	.....	319	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	159	4	309	.....	.....	35	.....
3d ward.....	136	.....	233	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	162	1	255	.....	.....	.....	95

4th ward.....	162	1	409	4	2	2	162	1	283	2	2	2	1,191
5th ward.....	198	2	271	4	34	1	206	2	266	1	1	2	
6th ward, 1st precinct..	138	4	175	4	1	1	139	5	154	6	27	2	
6th ward, 2d precinct..	83	5	120	1	1	1	84	4	114	3	1	2	
7th ward, 1st precinct..	53	4	169	2	3	1	54	4	164	9	1	2	
7th ward, 2d precinct..	40	1	114	2	2	1	43	3	106	4	1	2	
8th ward, 1st precinct..	72	3	229	..	2	1	70	5	231	4	1	2	
8th ward, 2d precinct..	42	2	121	..	2	1	39	5	114	1	1	2	
Holland.....	274	3	50	2	2	1	275	3	49	1	1	226	
Howard.....	89	8	184	1	1	1	91	4	185	1	1	2	94
Humboldt.....	54	4	146	1	1	1	55	4	146	1	1	2	91
Lawrence.....	94	2	142	1	1	1	95	2	141	1	1	2	46
Morrison.....	141	4	209	7	1	1	146	4	210	4	1	2	64
New Denmark.....	113	2	194	1	1	1	112	3	193	1	1	2	81
Pittsfield.....	122	4	105	1	1	1	124	5	163	1	1	2	87
Plebe.....	122	2	215	2	1	1	93	2	211	1	1	2	25
Rockland.....	102	3	68	1	1	1	102	2	69	1	1	2	97
Scott.....	117	1	143	6	1	1	119	6	144	1	1	2	25
Swamico.....	61	6	161	1	1	1	63	2	160	1	1	2	97
Wrightstown.....	248	2	220	1	1	1	249	2	218	1	1	2	2019
Total.....	3,841	88	5,436	63	13	5	3,870	88	5,324	32	5	595	2,019
Republican plurality							1,589		1,595				565
BUFFALO Co.—8th dist.													1,454
Alma city:	83		69										
1st ward.....	63	51	154	8	16	1	63	144	50	1	1	62	9
2d ward.....	33	1	37	3	5	1	34	75	39	2	2	33	
3d ward.....	47	..	66	1	1	1	47	110	64	1	1	36	
Belvidere.....	109	71	50	50	29	38	110	42	48	2	2	62	
Buffalo.....	46	40	42	29	4	1	46	75	48	2	2	33	
Buffalo City.....	50	46	10	38	1	1	49	46	10	2	2	36	
Canton.....	57	50	134	3	3	3	84	49	133	1	1	11	84
Cross.....	40	2	61	4	4	1	14	50	61	2	2	11	137
Dover.....	23	2	161	1	1	1	138	23	160	1	1	1	
Fountain City city:													
1st ward.....	43	67	135	4	13	1	30	88	69	1	4	52	
2d ward.....	48	3	68	9	1	1	49	83	71	3	3	141	
Gilmanston.....	93	33	146	1	1	1	113	95	72	1	1	23	111
Glencoe.....	77	71	55	23	22	22	77	77	55	2	2	22	30
Lincoln.....	56	77	83	2	2	2	53	53	83	2	2	4	30
Maxville.....	40	40	36	1	1	1	40	40	36	1	1	4	119
Milton.....	28	20	148	1	1	1	23	23	147	1	1	4	

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.							GOVERNOR, 1896.							
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scovell, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BUFFALO Co.—Cont.															
Mondovi.....	26	2	147	1	1	1	121	121	27	2	147	1	.....	.....	120
Mondovi, city:															
1st ward.....	9 }	3 }	103 }	2	1 }	.....	205	205	8 }	3 }	105 }	.....	.....	.....	209
2d ward.....	18 }	3 }	129 }	.....	.....	.....	13	13	18 }	3 }	130 }	2	.....	.....	14
Montana.....	50	4	63	.....	.....	.....	181	181	50	3	64	.....	.....	.....	180
Naples.....	9	1	190	1	.....	.....	133	133	9	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	135
Nelson.....	105	10	238	2	.....	1	17	.....	103	11	238	1	.....	.....	.....
Waumandee.....	93	.....	76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	93	1	77	.....	.....	16	.....
Total.....	1,302	62	2,301	51	2	1	1,204	1,204	1,302	61	2,303	4	1	210	1,211
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,001
BURNETT—10th dist.															
Grantsburg.....	63	7	302	.....	.....	.....	239	239	63	7	302	.....	.....	.....	239
Grantsburg, village.....	51	2	80	.....	.....	.....	29	29	51	2	80	.....	1	.....	29
Marshland.....	87	.....	73	2	.....	1	14	.....	87	.....	70	.....	2	18	.....
Rusk.....	28	.....	49	.....	.....	2	21	.....	28	.....	59	.....	.....	.....	31
Trade Lake.....	75	9	148	1	.....	.....	73	.....	78	1	149	.....	78	.....	71
Wood Lake.....	45	9	148	1	1	.....	103	.....	47	9	147	1	.....	.....	100
Total.....	349	28	800	4	1	3	465	465	355	28	807	1	3	18	470
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	451	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	452
CALUMET Co.—6th dist.															
Brillon.....	83	1	232	2			149	149	84	1	231				147
Brillon, village.....	69		114	4			45	45	71		113				42

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Brothertown.....	196	5	89	107	197	5	88	109	
Charlestown.....	146	1	133	1	146	1	131	1	15
Chilton.....	168	2	78	90	182	2	178	104	44
Chilton, city.....	184	1	146	38	188	1	144	166	162
Harrison.....	269	1	107	162	268	.....	106	162	53
New Holstein.....	222	2	137	59	164	2	200	82	41
Rantoul.....	156	4	200	44	159	4	200	161	82
Stockbridge.....	241	10	150	81	243	10	161	130	.....
Woodville.....	194	1	66	128	195	1	65	130	.....
Total.....	3,869	28	1,547	2,619	1,897	27	1,539	1	283
Democratic plurality	.....	.....	.....	322	.....	.....	.....	358	.....
CHIPPewa Co.—10th dist.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Anson.....	60	2	74	.....	60	2	74	.....	14
Arthur.....	56	2	98	.....	56	2	99	.....	43
..... 1st precinct.....	105	2	117	.....	105	2	117	.....	16
..... 2d precinct.....	56	3	64	.....	56	3	63	.....	.....
Big Bend, 1st precinct.....	24	3	119	.....	24	3	119	.....	.....
..... 2d precinct.....	42	2	37	.....	40	2	33	.....	152
..... 3d precinct.....	8	5	68	.....	7	5	69	.....	79
Bloomer.....	245	5	318	.....	243	7	322	.....	102
Cadott, village.....	49	3	153	.....	50	3	152	.....	.....
Chippewa Falls, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	98	10	115	.....	100	10	113	.....	.....
2d ward.....	171	4	101	.....	172	3	102	.....	.....
3d ward.....	191	1	179	.....	193	3	178	.....	.....
4th ward.....	51	3	89	.....	54	2	88	.....	.....
5th ward.....	115	1	114	.....	117	1	111	.....	.....
6th ward.....	134	1	99	.....	146	1	135	.....	.....
7th ward.....	92	1	83	.....	92	1	85	.....	.....
8th ward.....	59	1	90	.....	62	1	88	.....	.....
9th ward.....	72	1	73	.....	73	1	73	.....	.....
10th ward.....	61	3	56	.....	62	3	56	.....	.....
Cleveland.....	53	2	63	.....	53	2	63	.....	10
Coburn.....	56	.....	54	.....	56	.....	54	.....	.....
Eagle Point.....	164	8	105	.....	163	8	105	.....	.....
Edson, 1st precinct.....	277	4	127	.....	278	4	128	.....	.....
..... 2d precinct.....	150	12	397	.....	153	12	394	.....	91
Flambeau, 1st precinct.....	11	3	50	.....	11	3	50	.....	.....
..... 2d precinct.....	19	3	14	.....	18	3	14	.....	34
Lafayette.....	83	4	236	.....	83	4	234	.....	151
Lawrence.....	33	1	92	.....	32	1	83	.....	61
Sigel.....	64	1	139	.....	64	1	139	.....	75

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.					GOVERNOR, 1896.									
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scobell, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
CHIPPewa Co.—Cont.															
Tilden.....	183	3	104	4	4	.....	79	66	184	8	103	.....	.....	81	.....
Wheaton.....	146	6	212	4	.....	.....	.....	896	149	7	211	.....	.....	.....	62
Total.....	2,929	84	3,600	36	2	6	225	225	2,965	89	3,587	2	6	268	268
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	671	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	622
CLARK Co.—9th dist.															
Abbotsford.....	20	1	60	2	.....	.....	.....	40	20	1	60	.....	.....	.....	40
Beaver.....	15	2	84	1	.....	.....	.....	69	15	2	84	.....	.....	.....	69
Colby.....	39	1	93	.....	.....	.....	.....	54	39	1	91	.....	.....	.....	52
Colby, city:															
west ward.....	30	1	62	2	.....	.....	.....	32	31	1	63	.....	.....	.....	32
Eaton.....	45	6	63	1	.....	.....	.....	18	45	6	64	.....	.....	.....	19
Freemont.....	12	3	122	1	.....	.....	.....	110	13	2	121	.....	.....	.....	108
Grant.....	46	3	191	4	.....	1	.....	145	46	3	189	.....	1	.....	143
Green Grove.....	5	.....	60	.....	.....	.....	.....	55	5	1	59	.....	.....	.....	54
Greenwood, city.....	38	1	111	.....	.....	.....	.....	73	38	7	111	.....	.....	.....	73
Hewitt.....	11	1	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	26	11	1	37	.....	.....	.....	26
Hixon.....	87	1	143	5	.....	.....	.....	56	93	3	138	.....	.....	.....	45
Hoard.....	25	3	74	.....	.....	.....	.....	49	23	2	74	.....	.....	.....	51
Levis.....	34	5	78	.....	.....	.....	.....	44	33	5	77	.....	.....	.....	44
Loyal.....	39	5	157	3	.....	.....	.....	118	39	5	157	.....	.....	.....	118
Loyal, village.....	23	4	85	2	.....	.....	.....	62	24	4	85	.....	.....	.....	51
Lynn.....	20	2	82	1	.....	.....	.....	62	20	2	79	.....	1	.....	59
Maryville.....	51	3	225	1	.....	5	.....	174	51	3	224	.....	5	.....	173
Mead.....	3	.....	10	1	.....	.....	.....	7	3	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	7
Mentor.....	56	2	142	3	.....	.....	.....	86	56	2	138	.....	.....	.....	82
Neillsville, city.....	153	2	299	8	.....	.....	.....	146	153	2	305	.....	.....	.....	150
Pine Valley.....	61	4	148	3	.....	.....	.....	87	63	4	148	.....	.....	.....	85
Roseburg.....	38	.....	65	2	.....	.....	.....	27	38	.....	65	.....	.....	.....	27
Sherman.....	24	3	111	6	.....	.....	.....	81	18	3	112	.....	.....	.....	84

Sherwood Forest.....	42	36	6	1	42	36	1	38
Thorp.....	82	52	31	3	83	58	4	83
Thorp, village.....	107	53	58	4	104	58	2	46
Unity.....	38	37	37	3	36	33	6	58
Warner.....	196	64	33	6	91	58	23	58
Washburn.....	63	28	35	5	63	35	1	23
Western, west precinct.....	32	61	106	3	104	32	1	2
Western, east precinct.....	72	45	45	2	72	45	1	46
Withee.....	32	18	77	2	31	28	2	15
Worden.....	45	116	28	44	44	44	13	110
York.....	154	116	41	1	151	110	1	110
Total.....	3,328	2,010	1,341	12	3,299	2,006	12	2,006
Republican plurality.....	97	46	46	1	48	48	1	48
COLUMBIA Co.—2nd dist.								
Arlington.....	126	63	57	15	123	66	1	66
Caledonia.....	139	64	95	12	160	65	4	65
Columbus.....	124	56	68	6	123	55	1	55
Columbus, city:								
1st ward.....	142	44	151	6	145	222	1	222
2nd ward.....	107	57	57	7	103	231	1	231
3rd ward.....	124	234	57	5	125	40	4	40
Courtland.....	294	232	59	22	290	118	1	118
Dekora.....	124	40	84	8	124	17	1	17
Fort Winnebago.....	283	121	110	9	228	74	2	74
Mountain Prairie.....	83	19	98	4	115	245	1	245
Hamden.....	115	73	77	13	151	18	2	18
Leeds.....	131	121	43	5	167	124	1	124
Lewiston.....	45	250	101	27	346	245	2	245
Lodi.....	348	14	77	13	95	45	1	45
Lowville.....	186	49	169	7	232	63	1	63
Marcellon.....	186	75	20	88	39	111	19	111
Newport.....	236	113	88	6	232	19	1	19
Osseo.....	200	20	20	4	39	19	1	19
Pacific.....	89	20	20	4	39	19	1	19
*Pardeyville, village.....								
Portage, city:								
1st ward.....	90	70	94	2	81	245	1	245
2d ward.....	141	94	529	7	774	29	2	29
3d ward.....	135	71	148	2	207	77	1	77
4th ward.....	199	148	146	10	21	12	1	12
5th ward.....	225	32	78	21	155	77	1	77
Poynette, village.....	82	32	50	18	79	29	1	29
Randolph.....	157	36	78	12	155	77	1	77

*No vote returned.

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Randolph, village:															
west ward	2	1	41	1				39	2	1	41				39
Rio, village	20	14	82					62	18	21	76				63
Scott	88	9	117	3				34	83	9	118				35
Springvale	41	20	122					81	41	19	123				82
West Point	70	7	128	3				58	71	7	128	2			57
Wyocena.....	124	25	284					160	124	26	282				158
Total.....	2,379	277	4,845	109	2	7	1	2,467	2,457	308	4,746	12	5	4	2,293
Republican plurality								2,406							4
															2,289
CRAWFORD Co.—3d dist.															
Bridgeport	27	7	43	2	1			16	31	7	40				9
Clayton	173	1	290	2				117	188	1	289	1			115
Eastman	188	1	147			1	41		64	3	147		1	41	
Freeman	65	2	316	2				251	59	2	316				252
Haney	57	2	133					76	62	2	133				74
Lynxville, village	17	5	62					45	16	5	62				46
Marietta	85	5	179			1	31	94	86	5	179		1		93
Prairie du Chien.....	78	3	47						78	3	47			31	
Prairie du Chien, city:															
1st ward	61	2	53	1					64	2	51				
2d ward	135	3	112	3			18		133	4	109	1		36	
3d ward	123	1	128	8	14				130	2	124				
4th ward	32	1	40	2					33		40				
Scott	121	6	124					3	121	6	124				3
Seneca	175	1	103	1			72		174	3	103			71	
Soldier's Grove, village ..	25	2	104					79	26	1	102				76
Utica	73	4	283					210	75	4	280				205
Wauzeka	55		77					22	54		79				25

Wauzeka, village	19	2	82	3	1	2	63	20	2	82	2	179	62
Total	1,509	38	2,323	24	1		976 162	1,526	41	2,307			980 179 781
Republican plurality							814						
DANE Co.—2d Dist.													
Albion.....	60	20	350		1		290	88	26	312	1		224
Belleville, village	26	2	67				41	27	2	63			36
Berry.....	147	1	79	8			68	149	30	123	1	71	...
Black Earth.....	61	26	125	2			64	57	7	130	1	20	66
Blooming Grove.....	143	5	135				13	150	7	130			...
Blue Mounds.....	106	3	298	2			132	119	8	238			179
Bristol.....	154	3	113	1			41	155	5	110		45	...
Burke.....	102	7	208	1			106	106	7	206			100
Christiana, 1st precinct.....	55	6	258	1			300	64	8	248			...
Christiana, 2d precinct.....	88	5	183	1			73	103	5	162			238
Cottage Grove.....	125	7	198	1				126	9	194			68
Cross Plains.....	218	2	62	3			156	219	2	61		158	...
Dane.....	140	8	120	1			20	141	8	119		22	...
Deerfield.....	111	12	158	1			47	113	18	151			38
Deerfield, village	22	8	96				74	37	14	74			37
Dunkirk.....	117	13	238	1		1	121	116	21	225	1		110
Dunn.....	93	6	198	1			105	91	17	187			96
Fitchburg.....	158	4	110				48	161	6	105		56	...
Madison.....	120	9	203	4			83	119	16	138			79
Madison, city:													
1st ward, 1st precinct.....	123	12	252	17			141	331	15	247	1		...
2d precinct.....	322	10	124	7			206	331	9	118			...
2d ward, 1st precinct.....	176	10	361	16			174	206	11	355			...
2d ward, 2d precinct.....	175	2	216	2			234	234	4	215			...
3rd ward, 1st precinct.....	258	4	223	4			143	2,088	3	222	2	1	...
3rd ward, 2d precinct.....	149	6	199	1			167	167	97	185	1	29	...
4th ward, 1st precinct.....	188	8	224	11			189	40	8	184			...
4th ward, 2d precinct.....	176	14	136	2			189	10	19	172			...
5th ward, 1st precinct.....	139	5	177	11			146	146	19	139			...
5th ward, 2d precinct.....	189	5	149	4			294	146	6	272	1		...
6th ward, 1st precinct.....	275	7	257	8									...
6th ward, 2d precinct.....	220	17	220	4			100	122	21	218			96
Mazonia.....	120	17	139	3			60	140	14	135			55
Medina.....	139	12	135	1			123	240	7	134		126	...
Middleton.....	258	5	89	1			51	170	2	238	1	50	...
Montrose.....	150	18	230	2			100	162	21	238			66
Oregon.....	160	13	166	2			106	162	6	162			100
Perry.....	60	5	144	1			106	59	5	116			60
Primrose.....	38	4	269	3			210	58	17	285			207
Pleasant Springs.....	59	13	37	5			121	161		38		123	...
Roxbury.....	158												...

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Seefeld, Rep.	Hander- son, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DANE Co.—Continued.															
Ratland	72	10	267	2	1	1	150	195	70	15	262	1	1	...	192
Springdale	96	4	133	1	1	1	...	57	97	4	152	...	1	149	55
Springfield	197	3	47	7	1	1	10	447	142	18	514	...	1	...	372
Stoughton, city, 1st ward	41	27	226	3	1	1	...	...	62	17	300	...	1	...	...
2d ward	65	10	327	4	1	1	10	...	80	35	...	...	...	...	...
Sun Prairie	125	4	115	115	...	...	...	...	125	4	117	...	...	8	...
Sun Prairie, village	75	5	131	4	...	...	...	...	75	5	129	1	...	...	54
Vienna	50	3	209	...	...	...	...	159	50	3	205	...	...	...	155
Verona	144	19	84	...	...	...	50	...	145	20	91	...	...	51	...
Vernon	78	8	135	...	...	...	...	57	78	9	135	...	...	...	57
Waunakee, village	62	...	89	...	...	...	23	...	62	...	36	1	...	...	...
Westport	163	2	288	...	...	...	75	...	164	2	85	...	...	26	...
Windsor	91	19	288	4	1	1	...	198	93	21	286	...	...	79	193
York	90	3	118	8	1	...	...	28	91	3	117	4	...	...	26
Total	6,521	410	9,080	159	13	4	949	3,508, 949	6,804	518	8,747	15	8	1016	2,959 1,016
Republican plurality	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,559	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,943
DODGE Co.—2d dist.															
Ashippun	89	5	219	8	...	...	...	130	91	5	221	...	...	36	130
Beaver Dam	173	2	141	1	...	2	32	...	177	2	141	2	...	...	...
Beaver Dam, city:															
1st ward	153	...	38	6	...	...	...	...	153	...	38	...	...	...	...
2d ward	175	24	130	6	4	...	76	...	175	9	128	...	...	97	...
3d ward	106	16	200	15	4	...	...	...	113	...	188	4	...	...	...
3d ward	106	8	159	3	...	...	...	...	167	...	157	...	...	...	...
4th ward	169	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	93	4	153	...	...	...	60
Purnett	94	...	152	1	...	...	...	58	...	...	107	...	...	...	6
Calamus	101	13	106	2	...	...	...	5	101	13	107	...	...	...	27
Chester	73	3	98	2	...	...	...	25	74	3	101	...	...	...	...
Clyman	169	...	100	8	...	...	69	...	170	...	98	...	...	72	...
Elba	119	12	130	1	...	...	...	11	122	12	128	...	...	...	6

Emmet.....	153	1	124	11	29	.....	155	1	125	.....	30	.....	86
Fox Lake.....	157	4	142	1	.....	85	56	6	142	.....	.....	.....	14
Fox Lake, village.....	116	9	135	15	.....	50	118	9	132	.....	.....	.....	52
Herman.....	118	.....	164	7	.....	98	120	.....	172	1	1	.....	92
Hubbard, 1st precinct.....	169	2	190	.....	.....	.....	174	2	363	.....	.....	.....	8
Hubbard, 2d precinct.....	97	.....	174	.....	.....	.....	97	.....	178	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hastingsford.....	175	1	190	13	.....	15	181	.....	189	1	.....	.....	.....
Juneau, city:													
1st ward.....	71	3	82	.....	.....	.....	73	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	80	3	40	3	79	.....	82	3	71	.....	84	.....	.....
Lebanon.....	111	.....	167	40	.....	.....	139	.....	164	.....	1	.....	25
Leroy.....	123	3	188	4	.....	56	132	2	192	.....	.....	.....	60
Lomira.....	172	3	270	3	.....	98	176	4	271	.....	.....	.....	95
Lowell.....	197	3	195	2	.....	.....	193	5	193	1	1	.....	.....
Lowell, village.....	43	2	44	.....	2	.....	42	3	44	.....	5	.....	.....
Mayville, city:													
1st ward.....	37	.....	61	5	.....	1	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
2d ward.....	162	1	189	9	.....	27	164	2	188	.....	.....	.....	24
3d ward.....	33	1	34	3	.....	.....	91	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	92	4	94	.....	.....	.....	210	3	174	.....	36	.....	.....
Oak Grove.....	208	.....	178	3	30	.....	145	2	101	.....	44	.....	.....
Portland.....	144	2	100	6	44	.....	31	5	99	.....	.....	.....	68
Randolph, east ward.....	31	1	.....	.....	.....	70	46	.....	54	.....	.....	.....	8
Reeseville, village.....	45	3	31	7	.....	9	182	3	223	.....	.....	.....	41
Rubicon.....	180	.....	224	5	.....	44	157	.....	51	.....	106	.....	47
Shields.....	150	.....	251	8	104	.....	179	1	226	.....	.....	.....	91
Theresa.....	176	1	222	1	.....	51	134	1	225	.....	1	.....	.....
Trenton.....	135	1	.....	.....	.....	57	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Watertown, city:													
5th ward.....	119	1	80	13	14	.....	125	1	235	.....	35	.....	.....
6th ward.....	249	.....	235	41	.....	.....	145	.....	136	.....	.....	.....	.....
Waupun, south ward.....	130	1	155	28	.....	170	114	1	265	.....	72	.....	151
Westford.....	104	2	274	6	72	.....	188	2	66	.....	.....	.....	78
Williamstown.....	138	1	468	1	.....	79	70	1	148	.....	.....	.....	.....
Williamstown.....	69	1	143	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	4,900	120	5,610	233	9	7	5,019	103	5,373	9	4	1,171	1,617
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	554	.....
Door Co.—8th dist.													
Bailey's Harbor.....	58	1	99	1	.....	41	59	1	99	.....	.....	.....	40
Bussels.....	44	.....	171	.....	.....	137	45	.....	170	.....	.....	.....	135
Clay Banks.....	52	1	77	.....	.....	25	52	.....	77	.....	.....	.....	22
Elgin Harbor.....	80	3	89	3	.....	.....	81	3	88	.....	.....	.....	7
Foresville.....	158	5	158	1	.....	73	85	.....	108	1	.....	.....	73
Gardner.....	63	2	105	1	.....	42	62	2	106	.....	.....	.....	44
Gibraltar.....	44	2	191	1	.....	147	43	.....	192	.....	.....	.....	149

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continue 1.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.							GOVERNOR, 1896.							
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, National.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn. Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Seofeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttop. Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Door Co.—Continued.															
Jacksonport.....	13	1	179	3	.....	.....	.....	166	14	1	179	.....	.....	.....	165
Liberty Grove.....	17	18	290	3	.....	.....	.....	273	17	18	290	.....	.....	.....	273
Naseaupee.....	101	1	133	2	.....	.....	.....	82	99	1	135	.....	.....	.....	38
Savastopol.....	10	1	141	.....	.....	.....	.....	36	106	1	141	.....	.....	.....	36
Surgeon Bay.....	19	1	98	.....	.....	.....	.....	80	20	1	98	.....	.....	.....	78
Surgeon Bay, city:															
1st precinct.....	154	136	322	5	.....	1	.....	231	153	6	363	.....	.....	.....	281
2d precinct.....	32	3	105	1	.....	.....	.....	84	31	3	105	.....	.....	.....	83
Union.....	14	1	98	.....	.....	.....	.....	91	13	.....	96	.....	.....	.....	91
Washington.....	14	8	105	.....	.....	.....	.....	91	14	3	105	.....	.....	.....	91
Total.....	895	49	2,402	21	1	1	.....	1,507	897	48	2,402	1	.....	.....	1,502
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,507	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,502
Douglas—10th dist.															
Brule, 1st precinct.....	31	91	101	1	.....	.....	.....	144	30	.....	102	.....	.....	.....	148
2d precinct.....	43	4	90	1	.....	1	.....	41	42	7	90	.....	1	.....	11
3d precinct.....	17	3	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	18	17	3	45	.....	.....	.....	72
Gordon.....	.....	1	52	2	.....	.....	.....	81	38	1	30	.....	.....	.....	36
Nebagamain, 1st precinct	37	.....	34	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d precinct.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th precinct.....	2	3	240	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th precinct.....	68	1	65	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	66	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th precinct.....	27	138	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	136	.....	.....	.....	.....
Superior, 1st precinct.....	47	74	74	1							74				
2d precinct.....	25		159								51				
3d precinct.....	55	1	43								39				

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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[illegible]

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1896.							
	Bryan, Dem.	Leavelling, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Seefeld, Rep.	Henderson, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Dunn Co.—Continued.														
Weston	88	3	74	..	1	..	..	88	4	74	..	..	14	..
Wilson	16	3	69	..	..	..	..	16	3	69	..	..	..	53
Total	1,418	131	3,370	82	3	5	19	1,430	143	3,340	2	5	20	1,980
Republican plurality														20
1,910														
Eau Claire Co.—7th dist.														
Alicoona, city:														
1st ward	27	..	32	1	..	..	..	28	1	29	..	..	..	34
2d ward	27	..	61	..	..	..	..	28	..	61	..	..	..	80
3d ward	113	18	200	2	1	..	..	114	20	194	1	..	..	5
4th ward	137	5	141	1	..	..	..	136	6	141	..	..	..	178
5th ward	69	3	251	2	..	..	..	72	4	250	..	..	..	32
6th ward	56	4	89	..	1	..	..	56	4	88	1	..	..	139
7th ward	1	..	146	..	..	..	..	7	4	146	..	..	..	..
8th ward	144	4	185	2	..	..	..	147	3	181	..	1	..	..
9th ward	159	12	262	6	1	..	..	176	13	237	..	..	..	..
10th ward	82	11	272	11	..	..	..	99	10	368	..	..	..	..
11th ward	60	16	372	..	..	..	..	61	7	165	..	..	..	..
12th ward	133	16	203	2	..	..	..	132	20	202	..	1	..	..
13th ward	133	14	274	2	8	..	..	136	130	253	1	1	..	1,164
14th ward	183	20	308	35	..	..	..	137	32	297	..	..	..	..
15th ward	181	20	308	4	..	..	..	137	4	352	..	..	..	..
16th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
17th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
18th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
19th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
20th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
21st ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
22nd ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
23rd ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
24th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
25th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
26th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
27th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
28th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
29th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
30th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
31st ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
32nd ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
33rd ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
34th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
35th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
36th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
37th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
38th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
39th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
40th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
41st ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
42nd ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
43rd ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
44th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
45th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
46th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
47th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
48th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
49th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
50th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
51st ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
52nd ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
53rd ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
54th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
55th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
56th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
57th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
58th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
59th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
60th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
61st ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
62nd ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
63rd ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
64th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
65th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
66th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
67th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
68th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
69th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
70th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
71st ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
72nd ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
73rd ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
74th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
75th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
76th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
77th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
78th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
79th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
80th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
81st ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
82nd ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
83rd ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
84th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
85th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
86th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
87th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
88th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
89th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
90th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
91st ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
92nd ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
93rd ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
94th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
95th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
96th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
97th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
98th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
99th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
100th ward	181	20	308	4	2	..	..	177	4	352	..	..	..	..
Fairchild	58	4	229	6	..	..	..	60	5	227	..	..	84	167
Lincoln	210	3	130	..	..	..	..	210	4	126	..	..	..	42
Lindington	38	3	79	..	..	..	..	38	3	80	..	..	..	..</

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1896.									
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, National.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Borkey, Pro.	Seefeld, Rep.	Hender- son,	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	
FOND DU LAC Co.—Cont.																
Ripon, city:																
1st ward.....	63	5	128	8	1	1	429	62	207	5	126	1	1	...	397	
2d ward.....	42	8	174	9	1	1	5	48	11	36	168	1	...	...	174	
3d ward.....	42	4	160	10	1	1	5	48	15	15	155	1	...	...	43	
4th ward.....	41	15	153	12	1	1	15	49	...	...	155	1	...	...	129	
Rosendale.....	66	7	241	3	...	...	175	66	8	9	240	...	...	...	21	
Springvale.....	119	5	159	2	...	...	40	117	160	3	160	...	...	...	1,819	
Taycheedah.....	233	8	63	3	...	...	170	234	78	8	62	...	...	...	763	
Waupun.....	71	8	206	3	...	...	135	78	156	2	207	...	...	...	1,056	
Waupun, city, N. ward..	157	1	179	3	...	...	28	156	...	...	177	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	4,933	157	6,174	128	4	5	1,986	5,033	170	6,089	4	...	...	763	1,819	
Republican plurality							1,745							...	1,056	
FOREST—9th dist.																
Crandon—1st precinct...	26	1	45	1	1	...	106	25	66	1	45	1	...	...	112	
2d precinct.....	7	8	32	...	1	...	5	7	...	8	32	1	...	...	...	
3d precinct.....	36	5	98	1	1	...	134	34	55	6	101	1	...	...	183	
Gagen—1st precinct...	24	5	159	...	1	...	5	22	43	1	158	1	...	...	...	
2d precinct.....	32	1	31	...	1	...	5	33	...	1	30	...	...	6	...	
Pelican Lake.....	47	1	42	1	...	...	5	...	48	1	42	...	...	6	...	
Total.....	172	15	407	2	2	...	240	169	15	408	2	...	...	6	245	
Republican plurality							5						...	6	245	
GRANT Co.—3d dist.																
Beetown.....	150	5	136	2	...	...	235	...	142	5	136	...	...	6	...	
Bloomington.....	108	13	162	1	...	...	51	...	103	19	160	...	...	...	57	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Boscobel.....	136	5	277	1	141	142	5	273	1	25	131
Cassville.....	204	2	170	2	75	205	2	170	1	76	119
Castle Rock.....	123		48		1	47		48		1	121
Clinton.....	44	7	166	6	122	36	7	166			171
Ellenboro.....	36	2	157	2	121	47	2	157			38
Fennimore.....	120	17	283	1	163	113	13	281	2		90
Glen Haven.....	94	1	132	5	98	94	1	132			79
Harrison.....	73	3	103	2	90	73	3	163			342
Hazel Green.....	157	9	142	5	81	159	9	141			10
Hickory Grove.....	43	3	124	1	15	43	4	122			53
Jamestown.....	169		44	2	81	169		44	1	125	81
Lancaster, 1st district.....	155	350	641	7	125	161	14	630	1		88
Lancaster, 2d district.....	134	291	3	10	352	124	16	288	1		84
Liberty.....	104	1	115	2	11	105	1	115			325
Lima.....	65	6	163	2	98	64	6	162	1		80
Little Grant.....	38	3	91		53	38	3	91			59
Marion.....	69		56	1	13	68		53			126
Millville.....	6	7	44	1	38	6	7	44			85
Mount Hope.....	66	5	110	2	44	63	5	111	1		87
Mount Ida.....	78	7	112	1	34	78	7	112			91
Muscoda.....	190	3	97	1	93	191	1	98			80
Paris.....	101		84		17	101		84			85
Patch Grove.....	92	3	64	1	28	91	8	61	1		80
Platteville, 1st district.....	138	11	341	2	344	143	11	337	1		80
Platteville, 2d district.....	189	18	671	7	76	194	20	326	1		80
Potosi.....	279	6	330	4		282	6	202			87
Smelser, 1st district.....	61	4	134	1	82	61	4	134			91
Smelser, 2d district.....	69	8	202	1	70	70	8	151			87
Waterloo.....	93	5	151		58	92	5	151			85
Waters town.....	51	3	59	1	8	50	3	59			80
Wingville.....	102	10	252	1	130	104	10	230			87
Woodman.....	74	2	50	1	24	75	2	49			91
Wyalusing.....	70	8	155		86	71	8	156			85
Total.....	3,631	188	5,315	67	3,614	3,685	205	5,281	6	3	2,114
Republican plurality											518
GREEN CO., 1st dist.											1,596
Adams.....	112		80			114		79			105
Albany.....	127	35	234	2	32	126	41	231	2	1	87
Brodhead.....	92										91
1st ward.....	200	9	154	2		177	13	264	1		63
2d ward.....	108	5	139	3		105	5	141	1		
Brooklyn.....	101	5	193	1		101	5	192			
Cadiz.....	211	7	150	1	61	209	13	146			

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.							GOVERNOR, 1896.							
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- Thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Seefeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GREEN CO.—Cont.															
Clarno.....	178	4	122	1	1	1	56	58	180	5	120	1	1	60	56
Decatur.....	58	5	116	1	1	1	1	58	59	5	115	1	1	7	7
Exeter.....	101	14	112	3	3	3	48	88	104	8	111	1	1	80	80
Jefferson.....	101	14	187	4	4	4	24	24	104	15	184	1	1	52	52
Jordan.....	138	6	88	4	4	4	24	24	140	6	88	1	1	27	27
Monroe.....	113	4	88	4	4	4	24	24	115	6	88	1	1	27	27
Monroe, city:															
1st ward.....	75	5	151	4	4	4	2	118	79	9	145	1	1	96	96
2d ward.....	103	2	112	2	2	2	1	118	103	2	107	1	1	96	96
3d ward.....	142	13	131	5	5	5	2	118	143	25	135	1	1	96	96
4th ward.....	106	3	147	3	3	3	2	118	107	6	141	1	1	96	96
Mount Pleasant.....	100	9	198	4	4	4	6	98	93	14	196	1	1	103	103
New Glarus.....	77	6	151	5	5	5	6	74	80	6	149	1	1	69	69
Spring Grove.....	104	10	167	1	1	1	1	63	105	10	165	1	1	60	60
Syracuse.....	55	8	155	1	1	1	35	100	56	8	155	1	1	99	99
Sylvester.....	73	1	73	2	2	2	35	143	109	1	73	1	1	36	36
Washington.....	108	1	73	2	2	2	35	143	109	1	73	1	1	36	36
York.....	28	5	171	2	2	2	35	143	27	7	170	1	1	143	143
Total.....	2,339	153	3,093	53	53	7	256	1,010	2,331	193	3,054	4	11	273	996
Republican plurality								754							723
GREEN LAKE CO.—6th dist.															
Berlin.....	47	1	149					102	47	1	147				100
Berlin, city:															
1st ward.....	78	2	108	5	5	5	2	105	80	3	109		2		85
2d ward.....	105	3	127	2	2	2	2	105	112	5	121		2		85
3d ward.....	85	10	133	1	1	1	2	105	90	10	132		2		85
4th ward.....	90	4	92	1	1	1	2	105	89	5	93		2		85
5th ward.....	104	1	107	1	1	1	2	105	105	1	106		2		85
Brooklyn.....	66	12	254	1	1	1	1	188	68	13	252				184
Green Lake.....	96	7	218	1	1	1	1	122	93	7	217				124

Kingston.....	103	13	94	2	103	.....	14	.....	109	16	54	.....	15	.....	40
Mackford.....	103	12	189	9	103	.....	2	.....	161	10	201	.....	161	.....	1
Manchester.....	123	.....	122	1	123	.....	1	.....	121	.....	121	.....	2	.....	.....
Marquette.....	90	3	92	2	.....	.....	1	.....	92	.....	90	.....	1	.....	.....
Princeton.....	213	.....	264	4	4	.....	1	.....	275	3	264	.....	1	.....	.....
Seneca.....	66	1	72	1	.....	.....	2	.....	66	2	72	.....	11	.....	6
St. Marie.....	74	.....	72	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	74	.....	72	.....	2	.....	.....
Total.....	1,568	61	2,103	32	5	.....	7	26	1,581	62	2,724	.....	4	30	540
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30
Iowa Co.—3d dist.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	510
Arena.....	146	10	183	2	3	.....	.....	.....	151	20	186	.....	.....	.....	35
Brigham.....	94	7	239	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	98	7	236	.....	.....	.....	138
Clyde.....	61	2	61	1	.....	.....	2	47	108	2	61	.....	1	47	.....
Dodgeville.....	138	28	232	5	5	.....	.....	.....	141	28	230	.....	3	.....	89
Dodgeville, city	136	24	327	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	130	34	306	.....	.....	.....	176
Eden.....	106	6	122	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	106	6	123	.....	.....	.....	18
Highland, 1st district	155 } 327	1 } 2	76 } 90	2 } 3	.....	.....	.....	.....	156 } 329	1 } 2	77 } 90	.....	.....	.....	.....
Highland, 2d district	172 }	1 }	.....	3 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	173 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Linden.....	92	19	883	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	94	19	883	.....	.....	.....	239
Mifflin.....	90	13	264	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	95	13	263	.....	.....	.....	168
Mineral Point.....	102	12	159	2	1	.....	.....	.....	102	12	158	.....	1	.....	56
Mineral Point, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	12 }	4 }	109 }	8 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....	61 }	4 }	108 }	.....	.....	.....	171
2d ward.....	45 }	6 }	149 }	7 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	54 }	6 }	146 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	30 }	3 }	412 }	2 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....	52 }	3 }	60 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	94 }	.....	92 }	9 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	69 }	.....	93 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
Moscow.....	67	7	204	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	71	7	201	.....	.....	.....	180
Pulaski.....	169	4	117	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	170	4	116	.....	54	.....	.....
Ridgeway.....	147	10	105	1	2	.....	.....	.....	148	11	104	.....	2	.....	.....
Waldwick.....	99	7	96	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	100	7	95	.....	5	.....	.....
Wyoming.....	65	7	95	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	97	8	94	.....	.....	.....	27
Total.....	2,060	174	3,115	61	12	.....	8	305	2,145	196	3,080	.....	2	312	1,247
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	312
Iron Co.—9th dist.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	935
Knight, 1st precinct.....	63 }	4 }	238 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	64 }	4 }	237 }	.....	.....	.....	179
Knight, 2d precinct.....	31 }	1 }	40 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	35 }	1 }	41 }	.....	.....	.....	103
Saxon.....	40	5	145	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	41	5	144	.....	.....	.....	.....

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1896.							
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley,	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, National.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Pla.	Silver- thorn.	Berkely, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Hender- son.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Pla.	Rep. Pla.
IRON CO.—Cont.														
Vaughn, 1st precinct.....	130	5	219		1			130	7	220	1			530
" " 2d precinct.....	80	3	233					80	3	232				
" " 3d precinct.....	13	17	112		1			84	20	888				
" " 4th precinct.....	31	4	194					33	3	111				
" " 5th precinct.....	84	2	111					31	4	191				
Total.....	472	27	1,292		1	1		478	30	1,290	1	1		812
Republican plurality														812
JACKSON CO.—7th dist.														
Albion.....	42	5	289					44	5	288				224
Alma.....	82	6	345		1			84	7	345	2			261
Bear Bluff.....	4		26					4		25				21
Brockway.....	17	2	70					17	2	70				53
Black River Falls:														
1st ward.....	12	9	91		1			12	11	91				
2d ward.....	8	5	74		1			8	4	77				
3d ward.....	14	3	64		1			18	20	66				259
4th ward.....	40	2	105		1			42	1	108				
City Point														
Cleveland.....	12		34					12		34				22
Curran.....	88		67		1			88		67			21	138
Franklin.....	11	2	149					18		149	1			103
Garden Valley.....	18	3	121					18	3	121				68
Gardner.....	51		121					54		122				60
Gardfield.....	34	16	96					34	17	94		1		75
Hixton.....	47	19	141		2			47	21	139	1			33
Living.....	78	2	151		3			76	3	151				75
Knapp.....	7	1	42					7		42				33
Manchester.....	39	3	88					38	3	89				51
Melrose.....	89	11	222		3			90	11	221				131
Milwaukee.....	35		61					36		60				24

ELECTION STATISTICS.

Northfield.....	32	6	169	.....	1	1	.....	137	32	7	166	1	1	131
Springfield.....	18	6	201	.....	.....	.....	.....	185	18	6	204	1	.....	188
Total	778	93	2,710	39	2	21	1,933	792	108	2,707	1,915	6	2	1,936
Republican plurality							1,932							
EFFERSON Co.—2d dist.														
Aztalan	161	6	133	4	.....	.....	.....	165	8	132	.....	.....	33	69
Cold Spring	41	.....	110	7	.....	.....	69	10	.....	136	.....	.....	.....	5
Concord	129	3	136	1	.....	.....	1	131	3	130	.....	.....	.....	142
Farmington	227	2	117	11	.....	130	.....	283	.....	141	.....	.....	.....	57
Hebron	25	7	153	1	.....	.....	68	88	10	115	.....	.....	.....	47
Lexota	154	6	154	21	.....	.....	59	136	6	15	.....	.....	.....	47
..... 1st precinct.....	125	2	93	13	.....	.....	.....	171	2	91	.....	.....	.....	47
Jefferson, 2d precinct.....	287	4	126	14	.....	131	.....	259	2	33	.....	.....	135	.....
Jefferson, city:								88	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward	73	1	79	2	.....	.....	.....	78	1	79	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward	107	.....	11	11	.....	.....	.....	120	.....	52	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward	121	3	51	22	.....	2 209	.....	129	485	17	.....	.....	2 245	.....
4th ward	164	2	48	5	.....	.....	.....	108	1	42	.....	.....	.....	.....
Koshkonong, 1st precinct.....	131	19	209	10	.....	.....	.....	136	22	210	.....	.....	.....	.....
..... 2d precinct.....	122	2 35	218	5 26	.....	.....	.....	127	2	213	.....	.....	.....	.....
Laure Mills.....	451	14	643	11	.....	.....	.....	209	1	211	.....	.....	.....	162
Laure Mills.....	106	13	445	13	.....	.....	.....	216	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Milford	104	4	170	4	.....	.....	.....	330	116	443	.....	.....	.....	327
Oakland	109	3	191	2	.....	.....	.....	63	6	177	.....	.....	.....	61
Palmyra	64	23	286	8	.....	.....	.....	82	136	177	.....	.....	.....	51
Sullivan	111	8	227	1	.....	.....	.....	232	3	168	.....	.....	.....	230
Sumner	40	3	77	1	.....	1	.....	116	123	234	.....	.....	.....	111
..... 1st precinct.....	138	5	220	11	.....	.....	.....	37	49	68	.....	.....	.....	19
Waabesa, village	161	5	119	6	.....	.....	.....	68	141	117	.....	.....	.....	72
Waterloo, city:	170	.....	182	20	.....	1	.....	12	174	182	.....	.....	.....	50
Waterloo, city:								.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8
1st ward	132	1	326	23	.....	.....	.....	141	1	333	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward	188	1	160	27	.....	.....	.....	151	1	159	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward	106	2	110	17	.....	.....	.....	113	4	116	.....	.....	.....	133
4th ward	81	.....	58	5	.....	.....	.....	88	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7th ward	113	3	79	10	.....	.....	.....	113	.....	78	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	3,504	137	4,344	265	4	4 608	1,448	3,672	150	4,275	.....	3	3 677	1,280
Republican plurality							840							603

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scott, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
JUNEAU Co.—3d dist.															
Armenia.....	35	4	89	1			54		36	4	88	1			52
Clearfield.....	32		49	2			17		33		48				15
Cranberry Center.....	23		28				5		22		29				7
Elroy:															
1st ward.....	63	4	107	4			110		68	4	106				103
2d ward.....	65	3	131	4					65	2	130				87
Fountain.....	50		138	2		1	88		51	2	138		1	2	
Germantown.....	47	2	45				2		47	2	45			1	
Kildare.....	92		91			1	1		93		92				15
Kingston.....	21		44				23		25		40				81
Lemonweir.....	97	3	179	2	1		82		97	5	178	1			31
Lindina.....	120	10	155	2			55		121	10	152				70
Lisbon.....	25	1	97		1		72		27	1	97	1		33	
Lyndon.....	73		41			1	32		74		41		1		1
Lyndon.....	40		41	1			1		40		41				
Mauston:															
1st ward.....	49	3	110	1	1		138		48	4	110				133
2d ward.....	76	7	153	1					81	7	152				
New Lisbon:															
1st ward.....	35		93	3			146		44	1	188				127
2d ward.....	24		112	3	6				27	1	110				251
Necedah.....	59		205				258		98	2	349				40
Orange.....	94	2	352	4			45		91	7	131	1			72
Plymouth.....	88	7	133	1	1		77		78	1	150	1			
Seven Mile Creek.....	76	1	153	1			123		129		52			77	24
Summit.....	129		52				23		98	2	122	2	1		45
Summit.....	98	2	121	2	1	1	51		143	8	188	1	4		50
Wonegoc.....	141	7	192		1		43		78	2	128				
Wonegoc, village.....	78	1	126	2			45								
Total.....	1,671	59	2,332	35	5	4	1,273		1,714	64	2,805	7	8	113	1,204
							112								113
Republican plurality							1,161								1,091

KENOSHA Co.—1st dist.													
Brighton.....	121	4	101	117	4	101	16	163					
Bristol.....	61	1	232	64	2	227	2	16					
Kenosha, city:													
1st ward, 1st precinct.....	148	1	185	148	2	184	3	279					
2d ward.....	113	2	202	123	3	199	1	279					
3d ward.....	254	6	198	298	9	1,227	3	279					
4th ward.....	203	1	405	207	1	406	2	279					
Paris.....	177	2	243	172	1	244	1	279					
Pleasant Prairie.....	106	7	102	108	2	100	8	279					
Randall.....	113	7	287	112	7	288	8	279					
Randall.....	34	1	142	36	1	142	1	279					
Salem.....	148	2	340	148	2	339	2	279					
Somers.....	121	17	288	124	24	279	135	279					
Wheatland.....	94	1	102	93	1	103	10	279					
Total.....	1,732	40	2,827	1,750	53	2,806	5	1,080					
Republican plurality													
Kewaunee Co.—8th dist.													
Ahnapee.....	113	2	121	125	2	121	4	135					
Ahnapee, city.....	80	1	232	90	1	225	1	135					
Casco.....	184	1	105	187	1	105	82	36					
Carlton.....	142	1	180	144	2	180	177	36					
Franklin.....	247	2	70	245	2	68	54	36					
Kewaunee.....	203	1	161	206	1	152	1	36					
Lincoln.....	126	4	139	129	4	138	1	36					
Luxemburg.....	109	1	182	113	1	180	1	36					
Montpelier.....	118	2	189	121	2	189	1	36					
Pierce.....	121	1	44	133	1	44	89	36					
Red River.....	25	2	255	25	2	255	29	36					
West Kewaunee.....	180	3	157	184	3	155	1	36					
Total.....	1,643	14	1,835	1,702	14	1,812	135	545					
Republican plurality													
La Crosse Co.—7th dist.													
Bancroft.....	70	18	223	74	22	223	17	149					
Barre.....	67	1	51	68	1	51	1	149					
Burns.....	88	19	166	88	20	166	88	78					
Campbell.....	91	2	148	92	2	146	146	54					
Farmington.....	117	2	230	122	3	259	1	167					

• PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896,						GOVERNOR, 1896,								
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Bekey, Pro.	Seefeld, Rep.	Heider- son, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
La Crosse Co.—Cont.															
Greenfield.....	48	16	89	6	1	41	123	16	15	123	89	89	.....	.....	38
Hamilton.....	113	8	404	7	1	291	26	10	26	10	405	405	.....	.....	282
Holland.....	27		223	1		196					220	220	.....	.....	194
La Crosse, city:															
1st ward.....	167	4	214	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	165	5	209	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	130	2	239	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	143	3	234	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	133	4	237	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	147	4	227	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	159	4	257	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	70	6	253	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	104	2	190	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	108	2	182	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	67	4	218	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	76	4	224	.....	.....	.....	.....
7th ward.....	221	6	207	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	79	9	200	.....	.....	.....	.....
8th ward.....	249	5	221	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	247	6	213	.....	.....	.....	.....
9th ward.....	78	9	283	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	80	12	290	.....	.....	.....	.....
10th ward.....	59	7	282	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	81	2	281	.....	.....	.....	1,677
11th ward.....	107	1	151	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	169	8	149	.....	.....	.....	.....
12th ward.....	114	4	125	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	123	2	125	.....	.....	.....	.....
13th ward.....	85	2	192	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	97	4	196	.....	.....	.....	.....
14th ward.....	61	4	218	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	78	8	213	.....	.....	.....	.....
15th ward.....	176	2	129	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	184	3	120	.....	.....	.....	.....
16th ward.....	29	2	114	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	32	5	113	.....	.....	.....	.....
17th ward.....	130	2	216	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	142	4	205	.....	.....	.....	.....
18th ward.....	203	4	195	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	208	5	188	.....	.....	.....	.....
19th ward.....	52	3	177	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	55	5	172	.....	.....	.....	.....
20th ward.....	52	.....	163	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	54	1	161	.....	.....	.....	.....
Onalaska.....	48	8	202	.....	.....	154	47	17	196	17	196	.....	.....	.....	149
Onalaska, city:															
1st ward.....	11	.....	92	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	.....	91	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	24	8	114	1					25	7	110				226
3d ward.....	19	1	82						19	1	82				
Shelby.....	117	7	92	1			25	7	117	7	92			25	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Washington.....	71	87	7	8	41	16	72	86	14
Total.....	3,038	6,297	225	2	8	3,299	3,215	6,201	3,028
Republican plurality	161					41	204		42
2,985									
JAFAYETTE Co.—1st dist.									
Arcyle.....	111	251				110	113	250	137
Belmont.....	144	175	4			31	144	175	31
Benton.....	129	205	2			77	130	205	75
Blanchard.....	80	177	2	1		97	80	178	98
Darlington, 1st precinct.	195 {	370	21 {			40	206 {	211 {	24
Darlington, 2d precinct.	135 }	160 }	10 }				140 }	159 }	
Elk Grove.....	79	108	31			29	79	106	27
Fayette.....	105	107	3			2	105	105	1
Gratiot.....	195	212				17	200	210	10
Kendall.....	109	54					110	55	
Lamont.....	46	78					43	73	30
Monticello.....	32	48	1				35	47	12
New Diggings.....	110	188	3	1		16	112	186	74
Seymour.....	125	86				75	85	86	
Shullsburg.....	262	283	5	1			125	286	24
Wayne.....	80	201	1			21	232	202	124
White Oak Springs.....	26	67				41	78	66	39
Willow Springs.....	156	61	1			95	157	62	
Wlotka.....	117	247	6			130	119	246	127
Total.....	2,236	2,919	59	3	1	872	2,265	2,910	384
189						159			189
Republican plurality	114					683			645
LANGLADE Co.—9th dist.									
Ackley.....	64	67				3	69	65	
Antigo.....	103	104	2			1	105	102	
Antigo, city:									4
1st ward.....	29 {	80 {	3 {				31 {	80 {	3
2d ward.....	47 {	127 {	2 {				51 {	124 {	
3d ward.....	73 {	64 {	16 {	3			2 {	59 {	
4th ward.....	115 {	132 {	1 {				421 {	617 {	196
5th ward.....	71 {	92 {	1 {				115 {	122 {	
6th ward.....	60 {	161 {	1 {				77 {	144 {	
Elcho.....	11	44					69 {	44	33
Elton.....	5	30					11	30	24
Evergreen.....	4	20	1			36	6	20	15

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continue 1.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, National.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Seefeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tutrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
LANGLADE Co.—Cont.															
Langlade	22		23	2			1	1	24		23			1	
Neva	75	2	45	1			30		78	2	42			36	
Norwood	88		105	1				17	88		101				13
Parish	1	3	53	1				52	2	3	53				51
Peck	39		35	2				27	10		34				24
Polar	67	3	67	1				28	42	3	67				25
Price	25		26	6				4	25		26				1
Rolling	76	2	110	1	1			34	83	2	106		1	1	23
Summit	18		24					6	23		19			4	
Upland	10		19	1				9	13		17			4	
Vilas	12	1	29					17	13	1	28				15
Total	956	23	1,457	38	4		30	531	1,018	22	1,394		1	48	424
								30							48
								501							376
Republican plurality															
LINCOLN—8th dist.															
Corning	60	1	28	1			32	24	62	1	27			35	22
Harrison	9	4	33	2					10	4	32			3	
Merrill	81		78				3		81		78				
Merrill, city:															
1st ward	127	1	74	4					135		69				
2d ward	81	3	78	3					88	3	131				
3d ward	145	2	134	3	1				149	3	208		1	145	
4th ward	162	8	937	13	2	1	96		170	22	918		1		
5th ward	122	3	143	1					125	3	141				
6th ward	204	4	128	1					202	4	128				
7th ward	192	1	166	1	1		21		199	1	161				
Pine River	116	1	95						121	8	92			29	
Rock Falls	62	9	103				1	39	61	4	68		1	53	38
Russell	39	4	69					30	40	4	63				23
Scott	117		64				53	64	116						
Tomahawk, city:															
1st ward	76		65						79		64				

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.					GOVERNOR, 1896.									
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Seefeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttorp, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MARATHON Co.—9th dist.															
Bergen.....	21	2	56	1	1	2	20	35	21	2	95		2	56	35
Berlin.....	120	2	100	1	1	3	3	...	139	2	83			4	...
Brighton.....	60	2	57	1	1	81	1	...	61	2	57			18	...
Cassel.....	141	4	60	1	1	3	8	...	141	4	60			1	...
Cleveland.....	64	1	78	3	3	11	13	...	65	1	77			...	...
Colby, city, east ward.....	17	1	30	1	1	...	...	...	17	1	30			...	...
Day.....	112	1	30	3	3	82	...	...	115	1	27			88	...
Easton.....	93	1	88	1	1	5	...	...	86	1	97			...	...
Eau Pleine.....	52	2	97	2	2	45	...	...	56	3	94			...	...
Eldron.....	14	3	70	1	1	56	...	...	14	3	70			...	...
Emmet.....	113	1	34	1	1	79	...	...	113	1	34			79	...
Frankfort.....	43	1	41	2	2	...	...	...	45	1	40			5	...
Halsey.....	134	1	84	1	1	50	...	...	137	1	80			51	...
Hamburg.....	78	1	70	1	1	8	...	...	85	1	63			22	...
Harrison.....	19	1	34	1	1	15	...	...	21	1	35			...	...
Hewitt.....	11	1	36	1	1	23	...	...	12	1	32			...	...
Holton.....	56	3	118	1	1	62	...	...	56	3	117		1	61	...
Hull.....	74	...	69	1	1	5	...	...	74	1	48			...	...
Johnson.....	73	3	41	1	1	82	...	...	73	2	41			32	...
Knowlton.....	16	3	54	1	1	38	...	...	30	2	43			...	...
Kronenwetter.....	43	42	43	1	1	1	...	...	42	1	64			102	...
Maine.....	165	...	66	1	1	99	...	...	166	1	21			74	...
Marathon.....	53	...	23	1	1	70	...	...	70	1	23			43	...
Marathon, village.....	38	...	38	1	1	36	...	...	76	1	33			17	...
McMillan.....	72	1	76	5	5	12	...	...	91	1	74			...	...
McMillan, village.....	88	1	34	1	1	30	...	...	10	1	30			...	...
Mosinee.....	19	1	31	4	4	...	...	...	21	...	9			...	...
Mosinee, village.....	41	1	110	1	1	66	...	...	46	1	111			...	...
Norrie.....	33	...	33	1	1	66	...	...	34	...	38			96	...
Pike Lake.....	27	1	33	...	...	96	...	...	34	...	38			...	...
Plover.....	134	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	29	...	92			...	...
Rib Falls.....	31	1	29	2	2	2	...	...	31	1	67			1	...
Reitrock.....	118	1	70	1	1	42	...	...	60	1	76			43	...
Spencer.....	44	1	103	20	...	59	...	...	65	1	101			...	...

Stettin	121	3.	73	1	2	45	125	6	71	54	.....
Texas.....	91	4	79	2	.....	12	97	4	74	23	.....
Wausau.....	130	.....	93	.....	.....	37	139	.....	84	55	.....
Wausau, city:											
1st ward.....	173	1	139	10	1	.....	215	2	103	1	.....
2d ward.....	144	2	145	7	1	.....	196	1	112	1	.....
3d ward.....	139	5	122	3	.....	.....	166	6	102	.....	.....
4th ward.....	131	29	1,322	2	4	.....	109	1,280	1,140	2	.....
5th ward.....	223	10	312	3	.....	.....	261	13	276	.....	.....
6th ward.....	179	8	310	2	14	.....	191	3	200	11	.....
7th ward.....	119	2	242	3	10	.....	142	2	221	7	.....
Wein.....	32	.....	135	3	.....	.....	38	2	132	.....	94
Weston.....	139	.....	165	3	.....	.....	173	.....	153	20	.....
Total	3,829	70	3,958	87	5	30	4,198	73	3,668	2	10,98
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	945	.....	.....	.....	568
Democratic plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	816	.....	.....	.....	568
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	129	.....	.....	.....	530
MARINETTE Co. -9th dist.											
Amberg, 1st precinct	25	4	127	1	.....	.....	24	4	123	.....	208
2d precinct	57	5	92	2	.....	.....	22	.....	90	.....	258
3d precinct	11	..	45	1	.....	.....	10	.....	45	.....	230
Coleman	101	8	381	4	.....	.....	97	8	335	.....	.....
Grover.....	60	3	258	.....	.....	.....	59	3	259	.....	.....
Marquette, city:											
1st ward.....	289	7	341	2	1	.....	280	7	352	1	.....
2d ward.....	273	14	514	10	2	.....	263	10	455	.....	.....
3d ward.....	209	45	2,164	19	1	8	196	38	544	1	.....
4th ward.....	305	45	455	4	.....	.....	297	8	477	.....	.....
5th ward.....	145	4	409	3	.....	.....	163	3	423	.....	.....
Peshigo, 1st precinct.....	165	14	439	2	.....	.....	169	16	437	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	7	35	55	.....	.....	.....	9	35	35	.....	.....
3d precinct.....	7	115	823	3	1	.....	282	2	114	.....	559
4th precinct.....	53	2	113	.....	.....	.....	8	20	821	1	.....
5th precinct.....	24	1	184	1	.....	.....	52	1	155	.....	107
Porterfield	40	.....	145	.....	.....	.....	24	1	80	.....	232
Wausaukee	94	2	232	2	.....	.....	39	3	146	1	.....
Total	1,866	81	4,277	30	3	9	1,808	76	4,358	2	2,550
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,411	.....	.....	.....	2,550
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,411	.....	.....	.....	.....

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.							GOVERNOR, 1896.							
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Beauley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Seefeld, Rep.	Henderson, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MARQUETTE Co.—6th dist.															
Buffalo.....	96	4	93	3	.....	.....	8	.....	96	4	93	.....	.....	8	.....
Crystal Lake.....	14	1	96	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	15	.....	97	.....	.....	.....	.....
Douglas.....	53	.....	79	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	53	.....	80	.....	.....	.....	.....
Harris.....	53	.....	93	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	53	.....	93	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mecan.....	78	1	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	78	1	43	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montello.....	187	2	153	4	1	.....	35	.....	189	2	153	.....	.....	35	.....
Moundville.....	15	5	101	.....	.....	.....	34	.....	18	5	100	.....	.....	36	.....
Neskoro.....	54	1	54	1	1	.....	.....	.....	54	1	54	.....	.....	.....	.....
Newton.....	43	1	85	1	.....	.....	32	.....	43	1	85	.....	.....	33	.....
Oxford.....	17	3	135	2	1	.....	.....	.....	17	2	135	.....	.....	.....	.....
Packwaukee.....	55	.....	138	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	58	.....	137	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shields.....	53	.....	84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	56	.....	94	.....	.....	.....	.....
Springfield.....	26	.....	105	1	1	.....	.....	.....	26	.....	105	.....	.....	.....	.....
Westfield.....	69	5	207	1	1	.....	.....	.....	70	5	206	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	847	25	1,476	20	1	.....	104	733	840	23	1,475	1	.....	107	742
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	629	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	635
MILWAUKEE Co.—4th and 5th dists.															
Franklin.....	163	4	205	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	167	4	200	.....	.....	1	.....
Granville.....	226	5	338	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	229	5	338	.....	.....	3	.....
Greenfield.....	306	22	680	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	350	22	638	.....	.....	13	.....
Lake, including Cudahy.....	441	11	615	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	469	11	598	.....	.....	9	.....
Milwaukee.....	151	4	546	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	151	4	547	.....	.....	9	.....
Milwaukee, city:															
1st ward.....	758	22	1300	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	806	19	1258	.....	.....	3	.....
2d ward.....	982	19	1481	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	1022	21	1450	.....	.....	35	.....
3d ward.....	870	5	469	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	907	5	453	.....	.....	3	.....
4th ward.....	1231	15	1460	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	1245	20	1429	.....	.....	9	.....
5th ward.....	1157	25	1351	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	1183	26	1323	.....	.....	17	.....

6th ward.....	1170	1754	31	4	54	1227	22	1708	1	52	4,970
7th ward.....	1547	1311	23	1	3	581	59	2182	2	33	
8th ward.....	1366	2035	26	1	26	1421	52	2186	6	30	
9th ward.....	1476	1898	19	1	70	1311	86	1840	1	75	
10th ward.....	1800	1896	18	1	54	1344	28	1804	9	33	
11th ward.....	1696	30,109	416	2	25	6,222	24,713	533	1	35	631
12th ward.....	1455	1786	26	1	22	1363	45	1842	2	23	
13th ward.....	1315	1444	21	1	49	2318	17	1714	2	51	
14th ward.....	2511	3521	31	1	23	2318	24	513	1	22	
15th ward.....	771	1705	31	1	31	885	24	1667	1	23	
16th ward.....	627	1480	26	1	1	582	12	1432	3	12	
17th ward.....	710	1213	31	4	12	739	20	1191	1	8	
18th ward.....	1468	1019	23	1	8	1513	40	987	1	53	
19th ward.....	1020	1688	21	1	57	1152	34	1647	1	69	
20th ward.....	726	1685	12	1	98	741	21	1653	1	34	
21st ward.....	731	1035	10	1	34	752	21	1015	1	34	
Oak Creek.....	167	199	1	2	2	32	168	4	109	2	33
South Milwaukee.....	241	341	2	4	9	160	282	52	382	4	100
Wauwatosa, incl. village.....	940	2,886	46	1	1	1,916	962	2,888	1	11	1,876
Whitefish Bay, village.....	14	80	1	1	1	93	13	80	1	65	
Total.....	26,536	35,939	515	30	679	9,403	27,464	643	35,463	40	7,999
Republican plurality.....						9,403					7,999
MONROE Co.—7th dist.											
Adrian.....	47	114	1	1	1	57	47	4	105	1	68
Angelo.....	35	118	1	1	1	36	35	5	119	1	84
Byron.....	58	94	1	1	1	41	57	2	96	1	39
Cashton, village.....	30	71	1	1	1	67	36	1	67	1	31
Clifton.....	123	107	1	1	1	110	124	2	107	1	111
Glendale.....	65	115	1	1	1	110	66	2	178	1	17
Greenfield.....	81	82	1	1	1	1	86	2	82	1	4
Jefferson.....	167	55	1	1	1	197	197	5	53	1	112
Kendall, village.....	32	70	1	1	1	98	32	2	70	1	38
Lafayette.....	43	65	1	1	1	49	49	4	63	1	14
La Grange.....	43	140	1	1	1	17	88	4	141	1	103
Leon.....	60	133	1	1	1	37	39	2	38	1	77
Lincoln.....	45	248	3	1	1	203	43	4	249	2	131
Little Falls.....	137	137	1	2	2	9	138	5	146	2	8
New Lyme.....	9	34	1	1	1	25	24	1	34	1	23
Nowalk, village.....	34	52	1	1	1	13	34	2	52	1	18
Oak Dale.....	98	62	2	1	1	93	93	1	98	1	158
Portland.....	50	180	2	1	1	139	51	3	180	1	33
Ridgeville.....	83	127	2	1	1	83	83	2	126	1	136
Sheldon.....	31	110	1	1	1	19	90	2	111	1	21

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Seefeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MONROE Co.—continued.															
Sparta	140	12	153	1	1			13	136	14	152				16
Sparta, city:															
1st ward	61	5	145	3	4				63	5	147	3			
2d ward	55	6	136	3	9			286	57	24	522	1			275
3d ward	243	21	132	2	1				85	6	124				
4th ward	86	3	116	1					42	1	117				
Tomah	98	1	81	1	1		17		99		80			19	
Tomah, city:															
1st ward	45	3	128	1					46	4	126				
2d ward	197	11	397	3	5			200	98	13	391	1			191
3d ward	35	2	122	1	1			14	56	2	144	1			14
Wellington	108		122	1	1				105		121				
Wells	82		89	1	82			23	82		122			23	
Willon	119	4	69	1	1			30	120	4	88			32	
Wilton, village	38		63	2	2			25	38		64			26	
Total	2,361	102	3,683	35	11		1 229	1,551	2,373	108	3,669	12	1	238	1,334
Republican plurality								1,322							238
Oconto Co.—9th dist.															1,296
Armstrong	38	1	57					19	38	1	57			6	19
Brezeau	27	2	20				7		27	1	21				122
Chase	61	1	185	2	2			124	63	1	185				135
Gillett	39	39	176		1			137	40		175	1			41
Howe	52	2	96	1				44	54	2	95				
Lena	77	1	71	2					78	1	72			6	
Little River	58	2	153				6		56	1	154				98
Little Swampco	87		87					26	66	1	86				23
Maple Valley	91	10	90	4			1		84		99			15	15
Oconto	105	3	168	1				63	101	8	176	2			75

[illegible]

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896,						GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Seefeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tutrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
OUTAGAMIE Co.—Cont.															
4th ward	160	4	154	3	1	..	128	163	84	4	154	1	..	..	127
5th ward	266	3	222	3	..	..	149	271	43	2	218	1	..	..	149
6th ward	138	11	333	2	..	..	..	139	139	12	330	..	..	..	..
Black Creek	83	4	211	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Boyina	44	1	193	2	1	1	141	..	282	3	182	1	..	147	..
Buchanan	278	3	197	2	..	..	..	..	282	8	174	1	..	..	16
Center	135	3	174	3	1	1	19	..	158	3	158	1	..	..	131
Cicero	32	2	158	3	..	..	126	..	27	2	174	..	..	..	..
Dale	171	5	146	3	..	..	..	..	170	5	147	..	..	..	..
Deer Creek	97	5	130	5	3	1	33	..	99	7	120	1	1	23	..
Ellington	106	7	163	3	7	..	57	..	105	..	162	10	..	..	30
Freedom	189	3	170	6	1	..	19	..	196	3	170	1	..	26	57
Grand Chute	166	2	169	3	2	..	8	..	169	3	168	2	..	..	..
Greenville	160	3	155	3	..	..	5	..	165	3	152	..	1	13	..
Hortonville	53	3	92	..	..	..	..	..	56	3	92	..	..	..	36
Hortonville, village	78	6	139	6	78	..	61	..	80	6	140	..	..	..	60
Kaukauna	288	2	177	4	..	..	111	..	289	3	175	..	..	114	..
Kaukauna, city:															
1st ward	118	..	142	..	..	..	..	119	..	..	142	..	..	..	..
2d ward	88	5	168	2	..	..	..	90	..	..	165	..	..	..	136
3d ward	166	2	688	4	10	..	162	170	537	6	673	..	3	..	..
4th ward	110	5	161	3	..	..	..	112	..	3	158	..	3	..	..
5th ward	44	5	51	1	..	..	..	46	..	6	50	..	..	..	..
Liberty	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	133	..	..	..	1	..	56
Maine	38	..	89	..	..	..	..	..	51	2	89	..	..	..	24
Maple Creek	52	1	75	..	..	..	23	..	75	7	75	..	..	..	..
New London, 3d ward	83	7	86	3	..	..	3	..	87	2	84	..	..	3	..
Osborn	43	1	57	2	..	..	14	..	42	2	56	..	..	..	11
Seymour	44	..	101	..	..	..	57	..	44	4	100	..	..	..	53
Seymour, city:	80	5	139	..	..	..	59	..	81	3	139	..	..	..	53
1st ward	28	1	89	2	..	..	102	35	..	..	90	..	..	..	95
2d ward	27	2	63	4	..	..	..	27	63	2	68	..	..	..	..
Total	4,096	139	5,434	106	25	5	1,639	4,196	150	5,379	8	329	1,512		

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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										301	329
Republican plurality										1,338	1,183
OZAUKEE Co.—5th dist.											
Belgium.....	261	2	59	6	202	255	2	59	206		
Cedarburg.....	167	4	153	2	12	171	4	153	2	16	.....
Cedarburg, city.....	143	.....	202	12	148	146	.....	202	.....	56	.....
Fredonia.....	253	3	105	2	.....	251	3	105	146	.....	.....
Grafton.....	83	5	116	2	85	87	4	115	.....	28	.....
Grafton, village.....	61	.....	62	1	.....	64	.....	63	1	.....	.....
Mequon.....	211	3	360	19	4	221	3	377	4	156	.....
Port Washington.....	143	2	77	1	3	144	2	77	2	67	.....
Port Washington, city.....	397	8	283	17	114	409	8	278	131	.....	.....
Saukville.....	228	3	116	1	2	228	3	115	2	113	.....
Total.....	1,947	30	1,535	62	11	1,986	29	1,546	1	680	240
Democratic plurality											
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	412	.....	.....	.....	440	.....	.....
PEPIN Co.—7th dist.											
Albany.....	12	2	101	1	.....	12	2	101	.....	89	.....
Durand.....	23	1	47	.....	.....	23	1	47	.....	24	.....
Durand, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	57 } 109	6 } 45	79 } 195	2 } 5	.....	58 } 107	6 } 19	76 } 191	.....	84	.....
2d ward.....	52 } 52	9 } 9	116 } 116	3 } 3	.....	49 } 49	13 } 13	115 } 115	.....	135	.....
Frankfort.....	21	5	156	1	19	21	5	156	1	19	.....
Lima.....	82	63	.....	2	.....	82	.....	63	.....	.....	.....
Pepin.....	47	6	326	6	.....	53	7	324	.....	271	.....
Stockholm.....	12	.....	160	.....	.....	12	.....	160	.....	148	.....
Waterville.....	118	6	229	4	.....	120	6	229	.....	109	.....
Waubeek.....	12	2	24	.....	.....	12	2	24	.....	12	.....
Total.....	436	37	1,301	19	1	442	42	1,295	1	872	19
Republican plurality											
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	863	.....
PERCE Co.—10th dist.											
Clifton.....	44	9	100	.....	.....	44	10	97	.....	*53	.....
Diamond Bluff.....	33	.....	95	.....	.....	95	.....	95	.....	61	.....
Ellsworth.....	102	3	196	.....	.....	101	3	195	.....	94	.....
Ellsworth, village.....	74	3	163	.....	.....	74	4	162	.....	88	.....
El Paso.....	87	3	107	2	.....	81	4	104	.....	23	.....

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896,						GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Bryan, Dem.	Laevering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scenfield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tutrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
PIERCE Co.—Cont.															
Gilman.....	45	5	230	3	1	.....	.....	185	45	5	230	1	.....	.....	185
Hartland.....	71	12	196	3	.....	.....	.....	125	71	12	196	.....	.....	.....	125
Isabelle.....	23	2	55	.....	.....	.....	.....	32	22	2	56	.....	.....	.....	34
Malden Rock.....	22	6	248	2	.....	.....	.....	226	22	6	248	.....	.....	.....	226
Malden Rock, village.....	13	3	62	2	.....	.....	.....	49	13	3	63	.....	.....	.....	50
Marrell.....	28	7	278	.....	.....	.....	.....	230	28	7	278	.....	.....	.....	250
Oak Grove.....	62	7	112	1	.....	.....	.....	50	62	8	111	.....	.....	.....	49
Prescott, city:															
1st ward.....	31 } 31 } 23 }	4 } 10 } 5 }	36 } 117 } 47 }	2 } 5 } 4 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	34 } 31 } 23 }	5 } 13 } 6 }	35 } 96 } 46 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	29
3d ward.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60
River Falls.....	114	9	172	1	.....	.....	.....	58	114	9	174	.....	.....	.....	182
River Falls, city, 2d dist.	96	14	304	6	.....	.....	.....	208	104	16	219	.....	.....	.....	144
Rock Elm.....	75	14	221	.....	.....	.....	.....	146	75	16	219	.....	.....	.....	90
Salem.....	53	12	149	.....	.....	.....	.....	91	59	11	149	.....	.....	.....	81
Spring Lake.....	84	9	169	.....	.....	.....	.....	85	88	10	167	.....	.....	.....	74
Spring Valley, village.....	40	2	111	1	.....	.....	.....	71	81	2	112	.....	.....	.....	71
Trenton.....	79	2	152	2	.....	.....	.....	73	88	3	152	.....	.....	.....	165
Trimbelle.....	99	6	264	2	.....	.....	.....	165	99	6	264	.....	.....	.....	148
Union.....	78	18	223	5	.....	.....	.....	145	74	23	222	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	1,412	156	3,724	38	3	3	2,312	2,312	1,415	182	3,697	2	3	2,282	2,282
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
POLK Co.—40th dist.	66 } 14 }	4 } }	171 } 126 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	217	66 } 14 }	4 } }	171 } 125 }	.....	.....	.....	216
Alden, 1st precinct.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	130	88	1	163	.....	.....	.....	125
Alden, 2d precinct.....	35	1	165	.....	.....	.....	.....	92	7	.....	101	.....	.....	.....	94
Amery village.....	80	.....	100	2	.....	.....	.....	71	33	3	65	.....	.....	.....	68
Apple River.....	8	.....	100	.....	.....	.....	.....	31	33	2	65	.....	.....	.....	30
Balsam Lake.....	3	3	101	1	.....	.....	.....	81	33	2	65	.....	.....	.....	60
Beaver.....	34	2	65	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	35	2	65	.....	.....	.....	.....

Black Brook.....	41	6	140	.....	.....	.....	13	39	.....	40	8	132	.....	13	92
Bate Lake.....	23	1	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	23	.....	10	.....	.....	14
Clan Falls.....	16	1	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	15	1	29	.....	.....	14
Clayton.....	20	1	124	.....	.....	.....	.....	64	.....	55	2	128	.....	.....	73
Clear Lake.....	28	2	104	.....	.....	.....	.....	75	.....	27	2	107	1	.....	80
Clear Lake, village.....	38	1	97	.....	.....	.....	.....	39	.....	38	2	97	.....	.....	59
Franklin.....	10	1	203	.....	.....	.....	.....	135	.....	10	4	201	.....	.....	191
Frankington.....	69	1	173	.....	.....	.....	.....	106	.....	10	1	174	1	.....	104
Garfield.....	37	2	127	.....	.....	.....	.....	106	.....	70	1	174	.....	.....	89
Georgetown.....	6	.....	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	26	.....	36	1	125	.....	.....	27
Georgetown.....	39	6	121	.....	.....	.....	.....	42	.....	6	.....	24	.....	.....	15
Latetown.....	110	5	121	.....	.....	.....	.....	66	.....	37	8	121	.....	.....	8
Lincoln.....	41	.....	110	.....	.....	.....	.....	81	.....	44	6	141	.....	.....	9
Lorraine.....	20	1	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	31	.....	21	.....	51	.....	.....	30
Luke.....	21	1	72	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	.....	20	.....	71	.....	.....	51
Milltown.....	36	1	106	.....	.....	.....	.....	70	.....	33	1	106	.....	.....	11
Osceola.....	45	3	173	.....	.....	.....	.....	128	.....	46	3	173	.....	.....	127
Osceola, village.....	40	4	83	.....	.....	.....	.....	43	.....	40	3	81	.....	.....	41
St. Croix Falls.....	38	3	65	.....	.....	.....	.....	24	.....	27	2	62	.....	.....	25
St. Croix Falls, village.....	27	3	102	.....	.....	.....	.....	78	.....	27	2	108	.....	.....	81
Sterling.....	27	5	125	.....	.....	.....	.....	98	.....	27	5	123	.....	.....	96
West Sweden.....	34	.....	28	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	34	.....	28	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	891	61	2,861	23	1	.....	19	1,989	886	65	.....	2,848	1	3	1,981
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,970	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,962
.....															
ORTAGE Co.—8th dist.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Alban.....	54	1	135	.....	.....	.....	.....	81	.....	55	1	134	.....	.....	79
Almond.....	33	14	225	.....	.....	.....	.....	192	.....	94	14	395	.....	.....	148
Amherst.....	38	6	166	.....	.....	.....	.....	356	.....	89	6	368	.....	.....	368
Belmont.....	36	3	196	.....	.....	.....	.....	130	.....	83	4	167	.....	.....	134
Buena Vista.....	94	2	196	.....	.....	.....	.....	102	.....	98	2	192	.....	.....	94
Carson.....	137	1	97	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	137	1	97	.....	.....	.....
Eau Claire.....	89	9	83	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	89	9	83	.....	.....	.....
Grant.....	25	2	78	.....	.....	.....	.....	53	.....	26	2	78	.....	.....	52
Hull.....	301	1	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	804	1	46	.....	.....	.....
Lanark.....	60	1	172	.....	.....	.....	.....	112	.....	61	2	170	.....	.....	109
Linwood.....	35	1	73	.....	.....	.....	.....	38	.....	36	1	72	.....	.....	36
New Hope.....	44	1	221	.....	.....	.....	.....	177	.....	45	6	220	.....	.....	175
Pine Grove.....	17	1	129	.....	.....	.....	.....	112	.....	17	1	128	.....	.....	111
Plover.....	120	15	293	.....	.....	.....	.....	173	.....	119	16	292	.....	.....	173
Sharon.....	529	1	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	497	.....	629	1	32	.....	.....	.....
Shavens Point.....	172	1	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	123	.....	174	1	48	.....	.....	.....

PORTAGE Co.—8th dist.

ALBANY CO. — 60th DIST.

Alban.....
Almond.....
Amherst.....
Belmont.....
Buena Vista.....
Carson.....
Eau Claire.....
Grant.....
Hull.....
Lanark.....
Linwood.....
New Hope.....
Pine Grove.....
Plover.....
Sharon.....
Stevens Point.....

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.							GOVERNOR, 1896.						
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Silver, Thom. Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Henderson, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
PORTAGE Co.—Cont.														
Stevens Point, city:														
1st ward.....	113	1	224	7	2			122	1	215	1			
2d ward.....	137	2	242	16	2			157	1	227	1			
3d ward.....	144	14	182	8	34			150	17	177	1,010			
4th ward.....	350	3	91	3	1		142	351	3	91				
5th ward.....	118	3	208	3				133	3	196				
6th ward.....	51	3	108					52	3	104				45
Stockton.....	193	1	90	2				194		90	1		104	
Total.....	2,890	81	3,537	54	6	3		2,955	85	3,476	6	2	1031	1,532
Republican plurality							1,670							1,031
							1,023							521
							647							
PRICE Co.—9th dist.														
Brannan.....	22	1	77				55	22	1	77				55
Emery.....	23	3	36				13	23	3	36				13
Fifield.....	2	2	91	54			37	54	2	91				37
Georgetown.....	3	1	40	37			28	3		38				36
Hackett.....	15	1	43	31			11	14	2	43				29
Hill.....	14		31	14			11	14		31				17
Kennan.....	23	1	28	11			11	28	1	28				
Lake.....	6		40	3			34	7		39				32
Knox.....	62	4	228	3	1		186	62	5	227		1		165
Ogema.....	19	2	239	2			220	19	2	238				219
Phillips, city:														
1st ward.....	64	5	120	3				69	5	122	1			
2d ward.....	181	15	38	6			104	60	3	87		3		97
3d ward.....	61	3	77	1			135	61	3	75		1		137
Prentice.....	34	3	199	2			52	34	2	198		1		
Worcester.....	159	4	111	2				59	4	113				54

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Total....	550	37	1,443	19	1	7	893	553	38	1,444	1	6	891
Republican plurality							898						891
RACINE --1st dist.													
Burlington--1st pr.	230	401	234	391	10	22	8	419	17	219	371	48	
2d pr.	171		157			10		178	8	152			
Caledonia.....	315	10	318	10	1		3	315	11	310	5	5	
Dover.....	110	12	124				14	111	13	121	111		10
Mount Pleasant.....	198	20	375	5	1		177	203	22	371	3		168
Norway.....	33	3	192	1	1		159	35	2	191		1	156
RACINE, city:													
1st ward.....	146	3	190	8	3		146	241	2	204	7	1	
2d ward.....	108	14	413	9	1		128	178	14	387			
3d ward, north pr.	133	7	259	5			142	241	7	293			
3d ward, south pr.	190	5	214	2			198	178	7	208			
4th ward.....	182	15	177	4			197	178	8	162			
4th ward, east pr.	279	8	169	7	4		293	178	3	161			
5th ward, west pr.	314	50	403	5	4		321	178	8	384			
5th ward, north pr.	204	5	475	4			214	265	92	384	11	2	719
6th ward, south pr.	314	13	411	2	2		323	10	10	470			
6th ward, north pr.	298	15	322	1	1		292	14	14	399	1		
7th ward, east pr.	183	1	121	4	1		226	15	3	252			
7th ward, west pr.	216	2	254	3	1		185	1	1	119			
Raymond.....	83	10	298	3			215	87	11	294			207
Rochester.....	61	8	127	4			66	62	8	124			62
Waterford.....	140	10	263	4	2		139	123	19	257	2		118
Yorkville.....	65	35	313	1			248	65	38	310			245
Total.....	3,973	213	5,849	104	5	8	1,886	4,101	241	5,738	19	53	1,883
Republican plurality							1,876						53
ROHLAND CO. --3d dist.													1,630
Akan.....	113	1	113	1			113	113	1	113			
Bloom.....	106	7	132	2			108	108	7	183			75
Buena Vista.....	110	8	99	1			106	99	8	99			
Dayton.....	131	9	136	2			131	136	9	136	2		5
Eagle.....	114	4	138	1			114	138	4	138			24
Forest.....	98	4	179				99	179	4	179			80
Henrietta.....	156	5	109				154	99	5	111			43
Ithaca.....	174	12	153				172	154	15	111			
Lone Rock, village.....	43	1	59	1			44	172	1	151			13
Marshall.....	63	8	164				63	44	8	164			101
Orion.....	82	3	101	1			82	63	3	101			19

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scovell, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
RICHLAND Co.—Cont.															
Richland.....	77	8	124	1	.....	.....	.....	47	76	8	123	1	.....	.....	47
1st ward.....	46	13	147	.....	.....	.....	.....	217	45	13	147	.....	.....	.....	222
2d ward.....	92	19	411	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	90	23	412	.....	.....	.....	222
3d ward.....	36	5	131	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	55	7	132	.....	.....	.....	72
Richwood.....	121	4	194	.....	.....	.....	.....	73	122	4	194	.....	.....	.....	8
Rockbridge.....	129	13	121	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	128	13	122	.....	.....	6	8
Sylvan.....	114	11	120	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	113	11	121	.....	.....	.....	48
Westford.....	170	8	84	2	.....	.....	.....	88	172	4	82	.....	.....	90	.....
Willow.....	103	8	149	.....	.....	.....	.....	46	101	10	149	.....	.....	.....	48
Total.....	2,098	129	2,636	16	.....	.....	169	707	2,088	138	2,635	1	2	167	714
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	538	169	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	167
ROCK Co.—1st dist.															
Avon.....	69	3	132	1	.....	.....	.....	63	68	3	132	.....	.....	.....	64
Beloit.....	59	1	125	3	.....	.....	.....	66	59	1	121	.....	.....	.....	62
Beloit, city:															
1st ward.....	80	3	299	2	1	1	.....	.....	82	3	274	1	1	.....	1,233
2d ward.....	66	16	368	4	1	1	.....	.....	64	23	360	1	1	.....	.....
3d ward.....	158	40	568	11	.....	.....	.....	1,258	156	49	1,637	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	102	14	439	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	102	15	440	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bradford.....	74	5	123	3	1	.....	.....	49	74	4	123	1	.....	.....	49
Center.....	51	4	197	1	.....	.....	.....	156	51	.....	207	.....	.....	.....	156
Clinton.....	63	7	134	.....	.....	.....	.....	134	63	.....	197	.....	.....	.....	134
Clinton, village.....	168	11	306	3	.....	.....	.....	93	77	14	303	.....	.....	.....	167
Edgerton.....	147	14	306	4	.....	.....	.....	159	146	17	303	.....	.....	.....	157
Evansville.....	94	21	406	2	.....	.....	.....	312	88	36	384	.....	.....	.....	306
Fulton.....	131	2	224	2	.....	.....	.....	193	131	.....	223	.....	.....	.....	192
Harmony.....	128	7	145	4	.....	.....	.....	17	128	10	143	.....	1	.....	17

Janesville	91	2	141	1	50	92	2	143	1	51
Janesville, city:										
1st ward,	88	1	166	1	21	88	2	155	1	51
2d precinct..	77	5	317	1	70	87	6	213	1	
2d precinct..	75	2	122	1	137	74	1	123	1	
2d ward, 1st precinct..	125	6	191	1	53	128	4	188	5	
2d ward, 2d precinct..	101	3	284	3	702	103	40	282	2	678
3d ward, 1st precinct..	175	4	177	1	297	76	6	225	1	
3d ward, 2d precinct..	207	4	231	2	207	178	4	178	1	
4th ward, 1st precinct..	262	5	185	2	265	207	5	232	2	
4th ward, 2d precinct..		1					2	131	2	
5th ward	110	7				106	12	130		24
Johnstown	61	6	131	1	70	68	6	130	1	67
La Prairie	131	3	131	1	137	62	6	199		137
Lima	189	3			53	112	7	165		53
Magnolia	166	5			297	85	14	199		291
Milton, 1st precinct	85	11	201	2	176	80	28	456		177
2d precinct..	79	23	260	4	165		4	257		163
Newark	37	4	213		165	37	2	214		135
Plymouth	89	2	254	4	77	91	3	254		177
Porter	118	4	195	2	33	116	3	133		77
Rock	107	5	140	2	196	105	6	140		95
Spring Valley	76	5	272	4	143	76	4	211		195
Turtle	72	215			107	69	4	211		145
Union	71	6	178			67	10	178		111
Total	3,655	237	8,282	86	4,627	3,657	292	8,224	4	4,567
Republican plurality										4,567
St. Croix Co.—10th dist.										
Baldwin	99	25	344		245	101	26	339		238
Cady	70	7	136	1	66	71	8	135		74
Cylon	70	6	144		74	69	8	143		74
Eau Claire	88	7	167		89	68	7	166		98
Emerald	104	9	90		14	102	9	91	11	
Erin	232		13		219	232		13	219	
Forest	29		21		8	29		20	9	
Glenwood	41	1	56	2	15	41	2	55	1	14
Glenwood, city:										
1st ward	24	5	52		92	24	5	51	1	88
2d ward	50	5	46		44	44	4	47	1	
3d ward	35	2	64		36	36	3	60		26
4th ward	25	1	64		26	26	3	7		18
Hammond	98	7	126	1	28	100	7	126		29
Hammond, village	36	17	59	4	23	39	17	57		
Hudson	86	3	105	2	20	74	3	103		

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Seofield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
St. Croix Co.—Cont.															
Hudson, city:															
1st ward	72	1	74	7	1	2	84	84	72	1	74	1	1	5	70
2d ward	332	11	416	1	8	4	...	...	339	13	409	1	2	...	...
3d ward	109	6	181	1	1	2	...	...	114	5	176	1	2	...	...
3d ward	151	3	161	2	2	4	...	...	153	8	159	1	2	...	...
Kinnickinnie.															
New Richmond, city:															
1st ward	41	2	85	3	10	...	152	152	43	4	84	...	...	...	33
2d ward	122	12	274	7	...	...	...	...	67	23	95	...	...	...	144
3d ward	63	2	89	1	...	...	...	...	17	2	92	...	...	...	...
3d ward	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pleasant Valley	35	5	91	1	1	...	56	56	34	1	90	...	...	...	...
Richmond	104	1	72	1	1	...	32	...	104	8	69	...	...	...	...
River Falls, city, 1st w'd.	6	1	29	...	...	...	23	...	5	2	29	...	...	...	...
Rush River	38	1	142	...	...	...	104	...	39	3	140	...	...	...	...
Somerseset	114	1	147	1	1	...	33	...	114	1	147	...	...	...	101
Springfield	123	1	147	2	2	...	24	...	124	1	147	...	...	...	23
St. Joseph	120	3	87	1	1	...	...	...	120	4	87	...	...	...	23
St. Joseph	146	3	55	...	...	...	...	...	145	4	54	...	...	...	...
Stanton	40	7	183	...	...	...	...	...	39	9	184	...	...	...	145
Star Prairie	48	1	125	4	4	...	...	...	51	1	124	...	...	...	73
Troy	109	3	101	...	...	...	...	...	109	4	101	...	...	...	...
Warren															
Total	2,475	158	3,462	38	3	4	405	1,392	2,479	137	3,424	4	6	1,406	1,351
								405							406
								987							945
Republican plurality															
Sauk Co.—3d dist.															
Ableman, village	37	...	55	1	...	...	...	...	39	...	51	...	...	...	12
Baraboo	64	15	238	1	...	...	...	...	64	17	238	...	...	...	174
Baraboo, city:															
1st ward	89	13	385	17	...	...	...	...	92	19	379	...	...	...	...
2d ward	123	20	343	8	...	...	...	...	137	22	336	...	...	...	...
3d ward	107	5	240	5	...	...	...	...	116	5	233	...	...	...	603

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Bear Creek.....	146	84	6	2	70	146	83	63	6
Dellona.....	76	163	119	1	44	76	163	1	1
Delton.....	44	130	119	1	44	44	130	1	1
Excelsior.....	76	13	54	13	76	13	54	13	13
Fairfield.....	37	116	79	13	35	23	116	81	81
Franklin.....	158	71	87	5	160	71	158	89	89
Freedom.....	55	111	60	1	51	111	60	1	1
Greenfield.....	45	133	133	1	48	133	133	85	85
Honey Creek.....	60	137	77	3	61	137	77	78	78
Ironon.....	91	184	93	1	87	184	93	99	99
La Valle.....	110	139	29	2	111	139	29	2	2
La Valle, village.....	22	58	36	1	21	58	36	37	37
Merrimack.....	75	125	50	1	77	125	50	44	44
North Freedom, village.....	13	58	40	1	16	58	40	1	1
Prairie du Sac.....	58	113	68	8	58	113	68	8	8
Prairie du Sac, village.....	45	113	68	1	44	113	68	1	1
Reedsburg.....	119	127	8	4	121	127	8	5	5
Reedsburg, city:	98	204	144	2	102	204	144	173	135
St. ward.....	106	168	106	4	106	168	106	170	71
Sauk City, village.....	83	88	5	1	85	88	5	87	2
Spring Green.....	123	194	71	10	121	194	71	192	71
Sumpter.....	34	120	86	1	33	120	86	121	88
Troy.....	42	166	154	3	42	166	154	197	155
Waco.....	101	110	39	1	102	110	39	138	39
Washington.....	145	120	121	4	148	120	121	27	27
Westfield.....	124	95	29	3	121	95	29	121	95
Winfield.....	124	189	94	3	97	189	94	26	26
Woodland.....	95	189	94	3	97	189	94	26	26
Total.....	2,611	242	2,225	96	2,637	242	2,225	4,594	2,176
Republican plurality.....	216	25	2,009	2	371	25	2,009	1,957	219
Sawyer Co.—10th dist.	216	25	2,009	2	371	25	2,009	1,957	219
Harward, 1st pract.....	121	403	145	2	219	403	145	399	135
2d pract.....	369	514	145	2	371	514	145	45	135
3d pract.....	32	62	145	2	371	62	145	62	135
Total.....	369	514	145	2	371	514	145	506	135
Republican plurality.....	216	25	2,009	2	371	25	2,009	1,957	219
Shawano Co.—9th dist.	216	25	2,009	2	371	25	2,009	1,957	219
Almon.....	19	104	85	1	19	104	85	104	85

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continue 1.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.										GOVERNOR, 1896.				
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, National.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Seefeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SHAWANO Co.—Cont.															
Angelsea	84	1	98	2	14	2	14	14	83	1	99	...	...	...	16
Atiwa	45	3	83	1	38	1	38	38	46	2	83	...	...	...	37
Belle Plain	124	2	117	1	7	1	7	7	121	...	117	...	1	4	...
Biramwood	34	2	96	...	64	...	64	64	35	...	97	...	2	...	62
Biramwood, village	18	3	65	1	47	...	47	47	20	...	63	...	2	...	43
Fairbanks	36	1	102	2	66	...	66	66	36	1	101	...	...	...	65
Germania	9	...	37	...	28	...	28	28	9	...	37	...	...	...	28
Grant	59	1	140	2	81	...	81	81	59	...	140	...	...	...	81
Green Valley	36	2	156	2	120	...	120	120	36	...	156	...	...	...	121
Hardand	83	5	173	1	115	...	115	115	57	6	170	...	...	...	113
Herrand	69	3	98	3	98	...	98	98	72	...	167	...	...	...	95
Hutchins	24	11	185	2	161	1	161	161	24	...	182	...	...	...	158
Lessor	58	4	141	...	83	...	83	83	60	5	138	...	...	...	78
Maple Grove	180	2	96	1	84	...	84	124	182	3	97	1	...	...	122
Morris	29	...	127	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	126	...	...	...	20
Nararino	48	...	45	...	19	...	19	19	28	...	45	...	...	...	70
Pella	98	2	77	1	...	...	...	...	99	...	78	...	...	...	42
Richmond	97	2	163	2	66	...	66	66	95	...	165	...	...	...	...
Seneca	21	1	62	...	41	...	41	41	20	2	62	...	...	...	...
Shawano, city:															
1st ward	85	1	76	4	...	2	...	...	89	1	75	...	2	...	8
2d ward	179	2	191	3	...	2	...	12	183	2	55	...	2	...	...
3d ward	42	...	54	1	...	2	...	78	51	3	61	...	2	...	63
Tipton, village	17	2	55	2	19	...	19	19	21	...	89	...	...	...	...
Washington	142	...	123	1	...	...	...	...	143	...	124	...	...	...	...
Waukegon	87	4	88	...	1	...	1	1	87	...	88	...	...	...	1
Wittenberg	37	2	159	...	122	...	122	122	36	...	158	...	...	...	122
Wittenberg, village	28	2	140	...	112	...	112	112	29	...	139	...	...	...	110
Total	1,591	54	3,035	32	3	12	131	1,575	1,604	55	3,019	3	11	129	1,544
Republican plurality	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,454	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,415

SHEBOYGAN—3th dist.	61	50	11	138	61	1	50	11	136
Elkhart Lake, village...	121	259	9	108	124	9	260	11	115
Greenbush	140	248	3	108	133	3	248	1	475
Herman	105	388	2	479	104	2	383	1	205
Holland, 1st precinct...	112	591	1	479	111	1	203	2	295
Holland, 2d precinct...	110	320	2	210	114	3	319	1	103
Lima	174	389	1	295	73	2	368	40	170
Madison	150	314	1	138	152	6	112	1	190
Mitchell	30	138	7	108	84	2	137	1	179
Mosel	73	243	1	170	72	2	242	1	31
Plymouth	97	223	18	205	109	2	356	1	87
Plymouth, city, 1st ward...	153	335	13	11	166	4	135	1	190
Plymouth, city, 2d ward...	55	134	13	11	149	4	135	14	179
Rhine	145	34	1	138	77	4	34	43	179
Russell	77	104	1	186	74	4	253	12	87
Scott	90	206	3	109	109	4	196	2	191
Sheboygan	154	102	16	38	205	1	125	1	80
Sheboygan Falls	205	122	9	83	189	6	420	20	1,166
Sheboygan Falls, village	155	442	7	1,363	160	7	321	2	53
Sheboygan, city:	138	322	12	1,363	160	7	321	2	100
1st ward...	104	205	6	1,363	147	3	368	7	8,305
2d ward...	104	205	10	1,363	147	3	368	7	188
3d ward...	135	391	75	1,363	147	3	368	7	8,117
4th ward...	121	2,645	93	1,363	147	3	368	7	4
5th ward...	121	1,282	24	1,363	147	3	368	7	22
6th ward...	118	245	22	1,363	147	3	368	7	19
7th ward...	195	221	11	1,363	147	3	368	7	48
8th ward...	155	298	19	1,363	147	3	368	7	18
8th ward, 1st precinct...	101	210	22	1,363	147	3	368	7	18
8th ward, 2d precinct...	149	210	1	1,363	147	3	368	7	18
Sherman	54	154	1	61	157	8	210	1	53
Wilson	3,257	6,643	15	3,570	55	2	155	1	100
Total	3,257	6,643	15	3,570	55	2	155	1	100
Republican plurality	90	247	15	184	3,426	88	6,543	18	8,117
TAYLOR—9th dist.	38	42	4	4	39	2	43	4	4
Browning	71	77	1	6	77	2	73	4	22
Chelsea	58	85	27	27	61	1	83	19	130
Deer Creek	43	24	19	19	43	1	24	1	19
Greenwood	44	165	1	135	47	1	163	1	130
Grover, 1st precinct...	45	180	1	135	48	1	15	1	19
Grover, 2d precinct...	1	15	3	51	15	1	34	2	48
Halway	14	34	2	51	109	1	157	2	48
Little Black	107	158	2	3	133	1	115	18	48
Medford	121	124	2	3	133	1	115	18	48

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, National.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkley, Pro.	Scottfield, Rep.	Henderson, Nat.	Tutthrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
TAYLOR Co.—Cont. Medford, city:															
1st ward.....	47 } 117	4 } 7	102 } 238	4 } 12	.....	.....	.....	121	49 } 131	4 } 8	95 } 216	.....	.....	.....	85
2d ward.....	43 } 27	3 } 3	48 } 78	8 } 8	.....	.....	.....	41	46 } 36	4 } 4	46 } 16	.....	.....	.....	41
Moltior 1st precinct.....	17 } 4	1 } 1	16 } 62	2 } 2	.....	.....	.....	.....	17 } 4	1 } 1	16 } 62	.....	.....	.....	191
Moltior 2d precinct.....	4 }	1 }	46 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	199	55 }	3 }	46 }	.....	.....	.....	97
Rib Lake.....	48 } 26	3 } 4	247 }	2 }	.....	.....	.....	190	57 }	3 }	124 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
Westboro.....	.....	.....	126 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	709	20	1,397	27	4	2	19	707	759	20	1,355	4	2	41	637
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	41
TREMPEALEAU Co.—7th dist															
Albion.....	33 } 183	9 } 4	207 } 365	1 } 4	.....	.....	.....	174	180 } 396	10 } 16	207 } 361	1	.....	.....	175
Arcadia, 1st precinct.....	217 }	7 } 7	165 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	216 }	7 } 9	166 }	.....	.....	35	.....
Burnside.....	188 } 126	6 } 6	126 }	.....	.....	.....	62	.....	188	.....	126 }	.....	.....	62	.....
Caledonia.....	28 } 136	6 } 11	66 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....	38	28	.....	66 }	.....	.....	.....	38
Chimney Rock.....	41 } 11	6 } 13	136 }	.....	.....	.....	71	95	40	.....	136 }	.....	.....	.....	96
Dodge.....	82 } 100	13 } 20	11 }	3 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	82	.....	11 }	.....	.....	71	.....
Ettrick.....	57 } 132	10 } 20	405 }	2 }	.....	.....	.....	348	58 }	14 }	404 }	.....	.....	.....	346
Gale.....	100 } 192	20 } 36	395 }	3 }	.....	.....	.....	295	102 }	20 }	385 }	.....	3	.....	293
Hale.....	132 } 193	2 } 2	202 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....	70	132 }	12 }	202 }	4	.....	.....	70
Lincoln.....	76 } 50	12 } 12	193 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	117	132 }	12 }	193 }	.....	.....	.....	119
Pigeon.....	50 } 46	14 } 14	397 }	2 }	.....	.....	.....	147	50 }	12 }	198 }	.....	1	.....	148
Preston.....	46 } 211	9 } 17	397 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....	361	45 }	14 }	387 }	.....	.....	.....	382
Summer.....	40 } 255	9 } 17	211 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....	171	41 }	8 }	210 }	.....	1	.....	169
Trempealeau.....	76 } 45	21 } 17	255 }	4 }	.....	.....	.....	179	78 }	21 }	254 }	.....	.....	.....	176
Unity.....	.....	.....	140 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	95	44 }	18 }	140 }	.....	.....	.....	96
Total.....	1,394	152	3,306	24	6	4	168	2,080	1,380	161	3,300	6	5	168	2,078

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Republican plurality		168		108	
		1,912		1,910	
VERNON Co.—3d dist.					
Bergen	56	188	1	56	188
Christiana	25	248	2	27	246
Clinton	15	189	1	54	189
Coon	15	283	1	15	283
Forest	63	196	2	63	196
Franklin	105	209	2	111	205
Genoa	113	116	1	114	116
Greenwood	112	112	1	92	111
Hamburg	48	196	3	50	195
Harmony	50	182	1	53	180
Hillsboro	79	161	3	79	161
Hillsboro, village	44	101	1	44	100
Jefferson	168	208	1	107	208
Kickapoo	64	196	4	58	194
Liberty	48	119	1	48	119
Stark	87	167	3	87	167
Sterling	81	200	1	81	200
Union	60	99	1	61	99
Viroqua	95	288	2	96	287
Viroqua, city:					
1st ward	32	100		31	99
2d ward	24	107		26	106
3d ward	58	107		57	107
Webster	67	184		67	184
Webster, village	22	93		24	93
Wheatland	39	186		39	186
Whitestown	97	158		97	159
Total	1,627	4,393	28	1,638	4,378
Republican plurality					
		2,766		2,740	
Vilas Co.—9th dist.					
Arbor Vitae, 1st precinct	33	195	1	38	191
Arbor Vitae, 2d precinct	19	149	2	25	145
Eagle River, 1st precinct	156	227	2	159	229
Eagle River, 2d precinct	10	388	1	11	385
Total	273	99	3	280	90

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.					GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tutrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
VILAS Co.—Cont.														
Minocqua.....	225	5	145	3			80	226	4	135			91	363
Total.....	443	8	754	9		2	80	459	8	731			91	91
Republican plurality.														272
WALWORTH Co.—1st dist.														
Bloomfield.....	77	6	236	2				78	9	234				156
Darien.....	100	16	249	6				105	16	246				141
Delavan, 1st district.....	88	12	338	3	1			88	13	337	1			372
Delavan, 2d district.....	113	10	236	3				111	14	234				162
East Troy.....	110	11	275	4				111	13	273				174
Elkhorn.....	114	28	293	11		1		118	33	292		1		82
Genova.....	83	16	165	1				80	23	162				76
Lafayette.....	100	9	173	1				95	10	171				159
La Grange.....	44	9	205	1				44	11	203		1		
Lake Geneva, city:														
1st ward.....	54	11	152	3	1			55	15	148				
2d ward.....	49	8	473	4	1			43	9	475				331
3d ward.....	50	3	198	1				46	5	201				
Linn.....	67	6	183					68	10	179				111
Lyons.....	93	18	214	3	1			98	22	210				112
Richmond.....	64	3	159	3				64	3	160				95
Sharon.....	115	26	435	3	8			115	36	427	7			312
Spring Prairie.....	33	12	231	2				35	16	229				194
Sugar Creek.....	76	23	170	2				73	29	168	2			95
Troy.....	83	7	162	1				83	7	161				78
Walworth.....	61	18	348	2	1			61	17	336	2			275
Walworth, city:														
Whitewater.....	55	5	115	2				58	6	172				114
Whitewater, city:														
1st ward.....	87	10	160					86	11	154				363
2d ward.....	85	6	627	6				86	10	268	1	1		
3d ward.....	87	7	199	3				88	10	201				

Total.....	1,893	282	5,347	57	12	2	...	3,454	1,889	348	5,292	13	3	...	3,403
Republican plurality								3,451							3,403
WASHINGTON Co.—10th dist.															
Bashaw.....	23	3	84	...	...	...	...	61	23	3	83	...	...	...	60
Long Lake.....	18	1	41	...	...	...	...	23	18	1	41	...	...	...	23
Long.....	19	3	59	...	...	...	...	40	19	3	58	...	...	...	39
Shells Lake.....	71	10	379	1	...	2	...	308	72	11	378	...	2	...	306
Spoonerville 1st precinct.....	65 }	1 }	129 }	4 }	...	...	...	84	65 }	1 }	128 }	...	...	...	81
Spoonerville 2d precinct.....	23 }	1 }	43 }	1 }	...	...	...	5	24 }	1 }	42 }	...	...	...	3
Veazie.....	31	2	36	...	...	...	...	521	32	2	35	...	...	...	...
Total.....	250	21	771	8	...	2	...	521	253	22	765	...	2	...	512
Republican plurality								521							512
WASHINGTON Co.—5th dist.															
Addison.....	269	1	117	4	...	...	152	...	269	...	108	...	...	161	...
Barton.....	131	3	153	3	...	...	...	22	135	3	150	...	...	...	15
Brite.....	198	2	77	4	...	...	121	...	203	2	77	...	...	126	...
Farlington.....	140	...	185	3	...	...	...	45	139	...	179	2	...	...	40
German town.....	132	3	292	6	...	...	...	160	141	4	290	...	...	...	149
Hartford.....	168	...	174	2	...	...	...	6	168	...	174	...	...	...	6
Hartford, city:	79 }	1 }	139 }	2 }	...	...	...	134	80 }	2 }	138 }	...	...	...	130
1st ward.....	64 }	...	138 }	4 }	1 }	...	...	174	67 }	...	139 }	...	...	...	...
2d ward.....	106	4	280	5	...	...	...	107	103	4	280	1	...	...	177
Jackson.....	91	3	198	4	...	1	...	...	84	3	196	2	...	...	112
Kewaskum.....	43	...	26	...	...	...	17	...	46	...	24	...	...	22	...
Kewaskum, village.....	105	...	239	...	...	...	...	...	117	...	239	1	...	...	122
Folk.....	196	2	199	10	...	1	...	...	208	2	194	...	1	14	...
Richfield.....	27	...	57	13	...	...	...	30	29	...	60	...	...	...	31
Schlessingerville.....	242	...	112	...	...	...	...	122	252	3	110	...	...	...	...
Trenton.....	108	4	230	1	...	1	130	...	110	...	225	1	...	...	115
Wayne.....	100	...	79	3	...	2	21	...	101	1	79	...	2	22	...
West Bend.....	113 }	1 }	79 }	5 }	...	...	...	...	117 }	1 }	72 }	...	...	...	...
West Bend, city:	92 }	4 }	103 }	1 }	1 }	...	23	...	209 }	3 }	105 }	...	...	...	...
1st ward.....	205	5	182	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2d ward.....	2,404	31	2,877	85	5	6	464	937	2,461	30	2,883	7	6	525	897
Total.....	2,404	31	2,877	85	5	6	464	464	2,461	30	2,883	7	6	525	525
Republican plurality								473							372

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.					GOVERNOR, 1896.									
	Bryan, Dem.	Loevering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Sec. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Seefeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WAUKESHA Co.—5th dist.															
Brookfield	223	5	247	5	1	1	24	24	234	6	242	.....	.....	.....	8
Delafield	134	5	324	11	1	1	190	190	144	6	321	.....	.....	.....	177
Eagle	139	5	160	.....	.....	.....	1	1	157	6	161	.....	.....	.....	4
Genesee	110	12	249	2	.....	.....	139	139	107	14	245	.....	.....	.....	138
Lisbon	127	14	250	18	.....	2	123	123	131	14	250	.....	.....	.....	119
Menomonee, 1st precinct.	156	7	383	2	.....	.....	140	140	156	8	382	.....	1	.....	139
2d precinct.	137	1	70	1	.....	.....	108	108	137	1	70	.....	.....	.....	102
Merton	174	11	282	1	.....	.....	168	168	176	9	278	.....	.....	.....	167
Mukwonago	80	17	248	2	.....	.....	95	95	80	22	247	.....	.....	.....	182
Muskego	100	3	195	.....	.....	.....	185	185	100	5	195	.....	.....	.....	96
New Berlin	195	6	162	1	.....	.....	84	84	188	7	160	.....	.....	.....	159
Oconomowoc	111	2	195	.....	.....	33	.....	.....	111	2	193	.....	.....	.....	184
Oconomowoc, city:															
1st precinct	159	5	243	9	.....	.....	212	212	166	4	242	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct	82	11	210	3	.....	.....	92	92	82	8	204	.....	.....	.....	.....
Orwa	76	1	168	1	.....	.....	122	122	77	1	165	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pewaukee	209	9	321	17	.....	.....	161	161	230	9	326	.....	.....	.....	.....
Summit	66	4	227	10	.....	.....	181	181	68	4	227	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vernon	86	9	267	.....	.....	.....	114	114	79	16	263	.....	.....	.....	.....
Waukesha	65	6	179	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	69	2	178	.....	.....	.....	.....
Waukesha, city:															
1st ward	81	9	170	6	.....	.....	295	295	84	10	166	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward	204	4	184	6	.....	.....	201	201	201	4	187	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward	151	31	89	3	.....	2	165	165	790	3	82	.....	1	.....	.....
4th ward	145	3	211	24	1	1	165	165	194	5	1,002	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward	59	2	150	4	.....	.....	111	111	69	2	140	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward	106	9	237	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	111	9	233	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	3,195	162	5,411	108	2	5	2,249	2,249	3,282	177	5,331	3	2	28	2,077
Republican plurality							53	53							28
							2,216	2,216							2,049

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Schofield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WAUSHARA Co.—Cont.															
Deerfield.....	12	4	134	.....	.....	.....	.....	122	14	4	134	.....	.....	.....	120
Hancock.....	24	6	232	.....	.....	.....	.....	208	24	6	232	.....	.....	.....	208
Leon.....	37	5	186	.....	1	.....	.....	149	38	5	185	.....	.....	.....	147
Marion.....	32	2	127	.....	.....	.....	.....	95	33	3	126	.....	.....	.....	93
Mt. Morris.....	11	1	170	.....	5	.....	.....	159	17	1	170	.....	.....	.....	153
Oasis.....	34	10	158	.....	2	.....	.....	124	34	10	159	.....	.....	.....	125
Plainfield.....	11	1	255	.....	.....	.....	.....	244	11	1	255	.....	.....	.....	244
Plainfield, village.....	23	4	150	.....	.....	.....	.....	127	23	5	150	.....	.....	.....	127
Poyssippi.....	38	4	204	.....	.....	.....	.....	166	38	4	204	.....	.....	.....	166
Richford.....	6	.....	93	.....	1	.....	.....	87	6	.....	93	.....	.....	.....	87
Rose.....	6	18	173	.....	.....	.....	.....	167	6	18	173	.....	.....	.....	167
Saxville.....	39	4	152	.....	1	.....	.....	113	39	4	152	.....	.....	.....	113
Springwater.....	16	17	144	.....	.....	.....	.....	128	14	18	145	.....	.....	.....	131
Warren.....	57	5	221	.....	1	.....	.....	54	58	5	119	.....	.....	.....	61
Wautoma.....	19	5	243	.....	5	.....	.....	224	23	5	240	.....	.....	.....	217
Total.....	456	102	3,210	27	10	.....	2	2,756	470	105	3,207	4	.....	2	2,739
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,754	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,737
WINNEBAGO Co.—6th dist.															
Algoma.....	66	9	148	.....	.....	.....	.....	82	66	9	148	.....	.....	.....	82
Black Wolf.....	64	5	97	.....	2	.....	.....	33	68	5	95	.....	.....	.....	27
Clayton.....	123	2	166	.....	.....	.....	.....	43	122	2	164	.....	.....	.....	42
Menasha.....	92	3	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	92	3	53	.....	.....	.....	.....
Menasha city:															
1st ward.....	191	3	158	5	.....	1	.....	.....	194	1	154	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	178	4	119	2	.....	1	.....	.....	180	3	118	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	89	.....	509	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	703	8	501	.....	.....	2	202
4th ward.....	238	.....	102	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	240	.....	99	.....	.....	.....	.....
Neeah.....	72	.....	76	1	.....	.....	.....	4	71	.....	76	.....	.....	.....	5

Neenah, city:	130	10	247	2	2	1	5	231	133	9	250	2	1	4	226
1st ward	123	5	184	3	3	1	1	231	126	4	183	1	1	1	111
2d ward	123	8	226	3	3	1	3	231	166	8	226	2	2	2	127
3d ward	162	3	50	2	2	2	2	59	60	3	50	1	1	1	359
4th ward	59	8							111						101
Nekimi	59	11	170					111	60		171				
Nepeskun	54		184					355	53		180				
Omro	129	19	484					113	129		488				
Oshkosh	76	2	189						83		184				
Oshkosh, city:															
1st ward	175	2	241	6	6	1	1	988	182	2	237	2	2	6	854
2d ward	206	3	264	3	3	3	3		213	3	255	3	3		
3d ward	158	2	203	2	2	2	2		162	2	201	2	2		
4th ward	158	12	3-6	2	2	2	2		310	11	208	1	1		
5th ward	152	16	429	3	3	1	1		156	4	424	2	2		
6th ward	310	4	220	6	6	2	2		309	4	222	2	2		
7th ward	65	80	388	6	6	2	2		72	3	389	3	3		
8th ward	243	3	3,615	6	6	2	2		253	8	249	2	2		
9th ward	281	7	281	5	5	2	2		183	6	277	1	1		
10th ward	190	11	358	2	2	7	7		190	6	358	1	1		
11th ward	195	1	131	6	6	1	1		203	7	127	1	1		
12th ward	145	8	210	2	2	1	1		148	7	208	1	1		
13th ward	368	11	381	2	2	2	2		310	13	389	1	1		
Poygan	90		85						90		85			5	
Rushford	102	11	344	1	1	5	5		242	11	342	5	5		
Utica	57	7	280	3	3	6	6		173	7	226	1	1		
Vinland	59	1	108	1	1	1	1		79	1	166	1	1		
Winchester	46	7	284	2	2				188	7	232			1	
Winneconne	45	5	148	1	1				103	4	146				
Winneconne, village	67	9	188	8	8				121	5	190				
Wolf River	61	1	105	4	4				44	1	104				
Total	5,089	211	7,900	103	16	19	231	3,042	5,213	213	7,885	11	14	246	2,568
Republican plurality								231							2,522
Woop Co.,—8th dist.															
Auburndale	35	1	119					84	35	1	118				83
Auburndale, village	7		35					28	9		33				24
Centralia, city:															
1st ward	25	1	35	2	2	1	1	43	28	1	34	2	2		17
2d ward	84	1	237	3	3	1	1	91	209	2	96	1	1		44
3d ward	85	1	99	1	1			89	80	1	124				
Grand Rapids	78	1	127					49							
Grand Rapids, city:															
1st ward	54	2	56	2	2			62	51	2	101				
2d ward	44	2	106	3	3			50	2	2					

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	PRESIDENT, 1896.							GOVERNOR, 1896.							
	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scott, Rep.	Henderson, Nat.	Tutrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Woon Co.—Cont.															
Grand Rapids, city:															
3d ward.....	41 } 32 }	171 } 70 }	70 } 87 }	1 } 3 }	6 } 2 }	.....	.....	148 } 32 }	45 } 32 }	189 } 72 }	66 } 304 }	.....	.....	.....	115 }
Lincoln.....		70	102	3	1	.....	34	.....	72	.....	101	.....	.....	.....	29
Marshfield.....		87	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	89	2	54	1	.....	35	.....
Marshfield, city:															
1st ward.....	123 } 59 }	1 }	56 }	1 }	2 } .....	.....	.....	130 } 62 }	130 } 62 }	1 }	51 } 50 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	56 } 86 }	.....	56 }	2 }	2 } .....	.....	.....	92 } 91 }	62 } 91 }	487 }	429 } 88 }	4 }	1 }	58	.....
3d ward.....	87 } 60 }	457 }	457 }	9 }	1 }	1	.....	91 } 103 }	91 } 103 }	.....	88 } 20 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	87 } 60 }	.....	103 }	1 }	1 } .....	.....	.....	69 } 43 }	69 } 43 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	60 } 42 }	.....	21 }	2 }	1 } .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	42 } .....	.....	.....	2 } .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Milladore.....	91	43	80	2	.....	3	11	.....	92	2	81	.....	.....	11	54
Nekoosa, village.....	.....	.....	99	.....	.....	.....	.....	56	44	3	98	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pittsville, city:															
1st ward.....	11 } 5 }	24 }	61 } 19 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	70 }	11 } 6 }	25 } 8 }	92 } 18 }	.....	.....	.....	67
2d ward.....	8 }	1 }	14 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	56
3d ward.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47
Port Edwards.....	63	53	125	3	.....	.....	.....	57 } 48 }	67 } 56 }	3 } 1 }	123 } 103 }	.....	.....	.....	43
Remington.....	55	13	56	3	.....	.....	.....	43 } 69 }	13 } 28 }	.....	56 } 99 }	.....	.....	.....	71
Richfield.....	98	.....	98	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	37
Rock.....	202	2	124	.....	.....	.....	.....	22 } 37 }	103 } 50 }	.....	122 } 63 }	.....	.....	.....	40
Rudolph.....	102	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	75
Saratoga.....	26	1	63	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9
Seneca.....	58	.....	98	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	114
Sherry.....	23	.....	98	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sherry.....	121	5	134	.....	1	.....	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	26	.....
Siegel.....	27	.....	38	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Wesper.....	65	4	179	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wood.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	1,874	54	2,838	33	6	6	62	1,026	1,952	52	2,766	6	6	130	941
Republican plurality								62							814

VOTE ON AMENDMENT TO SECTION 1, ARTICLE 10, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF WISCONSIN,

By Counties.

Counties.	For.	Against.	Counties.	For.	Against.
Adams.....	96	509	Marathon.....	581	845
Ashland.....	401	275	Mariette.....	518	459
Barron.....	384	533	Marquette.....	104	246
Bayfield.....	191	62	Milwaukee.....	8,135	6,945
Brown.....	762	1,246	Monroe.....	315	575
Buffalo.....	291	459	Oconto.....	279	310
Burnett.....	38	332	Oncida.....	97	47
Calumet.....	299	586	Outagamie.....	1,007	758
Chippewa.....	614	1,002	Ozaukee.....	351	649
Clark.....	297	661	Pepin.....	100	498
Columbia.....	891	818	Pierce.....	344	740
Crawford.....	270	506	Polk.....	189	609
Dane.....	1,675	1,583	Portage.....	385	1,252
Dodge.....	895	1,519	Price.....	142	208
Door.....	160	658	Racine.....	1,074	2,099
Douglas.....	570	384	Richland.....	413	1,097
Dunn.....	456	633	Rock.....	1,156	1,019
Eau Claire.....	539	830	St Croix.....	447	1,118
Florence.....	46	64	Sauk.....	700	1,109
Fond du Lac.....	1,144	1,494	Sawyer.....	50	38
Forest.....	33	15	Shawano.....	247	799
Grant.....	545	2,035	Sheboygan.....	1,093	1,365
Green.....	384	1,070	Taylor.....	224	314
Green Lake.....	315	362	Trempealeau.....	218	452
Iowa.....	322	1,089	Vernou.....	394	1,046
Iron.....	54	13	Vilas.....	59	23
Jackson.....	145	565	Walworth.....	661	1,003
Jackson.....	597	555	Washburn.....	33	13
Jefferson.....	457	600	Washington.....	449	1,562
Juneau.....	272	394	Waukesha.....	881	584
Kenosha.....	227	540	Waupaca.....	467	408
Kewaunee.....	1,326	2,960	Waushara.....	234	515
La Crosse.....	240	659	Winnebago.....	902	1,296
Lafayette.....	215	226	Wood.....	322	295
Langlade.....	263	138			
Lincoln.....	721	820	Total.....	38,736	56,496
Manitowoc.....					38,736
					17,760
Majority against amendment.....					

COMPARATIVE VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1894-1896, BY COUNTIES, WITH POPULATION.

COUNTIES.	1896.										1894.				
	Popula- tion, 1895.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Barkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat. Pro.	Tuttop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Popula- tion, 1890.	George W. Peck, Dem.	D. Frank Powell, Pro.	John F. Cleghorn, Pro.	Wm. H. Upham, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Adams.....	7,532	397	27	1,427	.....	.....	.....	1,090	6,889	332	29	18	1,129	.....	797
Ashland.....	17,241	1,784	159	2,700	4	13	.....	1,916	20,083	1,525	210	114	1,722	.....	197
Barron.....	20,122	1,328	105	2,705	4	.....	.....	1,437	15,416	589	436	269	1,924	.....	1,335
Bayfield.....	12,355	176	.....	2,224	1	.....	.....	1,448	776	776	115	137	1,511	.....	738
Brown.....	43,623	3,877	88	5,324	32	5	.....	1,454	39,464	3,464	138	173	3,581	.....	117
Buffalo.....	16,931	1,392	.....	2,303	4	1	.....	1,001	15,997	1,170	267	48	1,775	.....	606
Burnett.....	5,892	1,392	25	2,303	1	3	.....	432	4,393	38	173	49	602	.....	564
Calumet.....	17,744	1,397	.....	1,589	.....	1	358	.....	16,639	1,526	118	39	1,025	501	.....
Chippewa.....	23,727	2,065	50	3,587	2	16	.....	622	25,143	2,082	547	122	2,624	.....	542
Clark.....	21,842	2,391	100	3,259	1	12	.....	1,958	17,708	1,283	134	122	2,361	.....	1,078
Columbia.....	30,808	2,457	308	4,746	12	5	.....	2,289	28,350	2,472	246	313	3,802	.....	1,330
Crawford.....	17,203	1,526	.....	2,307	.....	2	.....	781	15,987	1,414	111	17	1,911	.....	1,370
Dane.....	65,959	5,804	518	8,747	15	8	.....	1,943	59,578	5,886	412	774	7,875	.....	1,990
Dodge.....	47,699	5,019	108	5,573	9	4	.....	1,554	44,984	3,832	113	167	3,440	2,684	.....
Door.....	16,689	1,397	48	2,402	1	.....	.....	1,505	15,682	982	58	53	1,940	.....	1,008
Douglas.....	28,896	2,430	87	4,113	5	8	.....	1,615	13,468	1,323	796	216	2,910	.....	1,887
Dunn.....	23,005	1,430	143	3,340	2	2	.....	1,910	22,664	844	601	197	2,472	.....	1,628
Eau Claire.....	33,172	2,397	220	4,447	3	1	.....	2,050	30,573	2,076	282	395	3,146	.....	1,070
Florence.....	27,850	1,222	5	4,491	.....	.....	.....	369	2,604	113	64	6	382	.....	279
Fond du Lac.....	41,435	5,033	170	6,089	4	7	.....	1,066	44,088	4,618	217	238	4,818	.....	200
Forest.....	1,288	169	15	408	2	.....	.....	239	1,012	263	14	4	358	.....	95
Grant.....	23,372	3,685	205	5,281	6	3	.....	1,598	36,651	3,187	151	277	4,519	.....	1,332
Green.....	23,420	2,331	193	3,054	4	11	.....	723	22,732	1,695	338	264	2,351	.....	676
Green Lake.....	13,939	1,581	62	2,091	.....	4	.....	510	15,163	1,448	70	85	1,594	.....	246
Iowa.....	23,447	2,145	196	3,080	9	2	.....	935	22,117	2,153	63	345	2,614	.....	491
Iron.....	5,338	478	.....	1,290	1	1	.....	812	446	446	31	100	794	.....	348
Jackson.....	15,722	792	108	2,707	1	2	.....	1,915	15,797	787	57	8	2,018	.....	1,261
Jackson.....	36,317	3,672	150	4,275	6	3	.....	603	33,530	3,974	62	100	2,959	.....	955
Jewell.....	18,754	1,714	64	2,805	7	8	.....	1,091	17,121	1,782	70	98	2,530	.....	548
Kenosha.....	17,545	1,750	53	2,806	.....	5	.....	1,056	16,153	1,670	183	54	1,934	.....	324
Kewaunee.....	17,632	1,702	151	1,812	.....	8	.....	1,066	15,971	1,971	72	21	1,056	.....	.....
La Crosse.....	43,610	3,215	204	6,201	7	1	.....	2,986	38,801	2,981	1,441	219	3,913	.....	1,146
Lafayette.....	21,488	2,265	119	2,910	4	8	.....	645	20,265	2,081	83	185	2,560	.....	479
Lamar.....	11,092	1,018	22	1,384	.....	1	.....	376	9,465	1,279	578	63	1,176	.....	18
Lincoln.....	14,765	1,849	43	1,675	.....	1	174	.....	12,008	1,279	578	63	1,200	.....	79

	40,802	3,985	65	4,401	11	12	406	37,831	3,473	319	52	2,908	555
Manitowoc...	40,802	3,985	65	4,401	11	12	406	37,831	3,473	319	52	2,908	555
Marathon...	36,598	4,198	73	3,698	2	25	530	30,369	3,272	220	67	3,046	226
Marquette...	27,271	1,840	26	4,358	2	9	2,580	20,404	3,076	208	184	2,947	1,103
Milwaukee...	10,203	27,464	73	1,473	40	619	685	9,676	803	29	31	1,290	8,245
Milwaukee...	28,922	2,571	108	3,698	12	1	1,246	23,211	15,754	9,478	798	23,620	635
Monroe...	18,388	1,253	34	2,911	3	5	1,638	13,009	4,223	111	19	2,883	429
Monroe...	18,388	1,253	34	2,911	3	5	1,638	13,009	4,223	111	19	2,883	429
Oneida...	7,000	4,004	30	1,465	26	8	801	3,010	601	170	37	1,184	581
Outagamie...	44,404	4,496	130	5,379	1	10	1,183	38,690	4,013	132	244	3,738	277
Ozaukee...	16,545	1,988	29	1,546	1	442	583	14,943	1,912	110	12	886	1,026
Pepin...	23,040	1,567	42	3,286	1	3	2,282	6,392	412	44	88	2,556	576
Pierce...	16,117	1,415	182	3,697	2	3	2,282	20,385	905	169	183	2,556	1,651
Polk...	28,531	2,886	65	2,848	1	2	1,521	22,908	473	274	106	1,532	1,077
Portage...	7,257	2,955	85	3,476	6	2	321	24,798	2,703	72	115	2,717	14
Price...	41,110	4,101	241	1,444	1	5	889	3,288	612	39	88	1,661	449
Racine...	19,619	2,088	138	3,635	1	2	1,682	86,258	2,870	1,540	270	4,332	1,462
Richland...	48,414	3,657	292	3,224	1	10	947	13,121	1,438	177	213	2,392	954
Rock...	25,870	2,479	187	3,424	4	6	4,367	23,220	3,443	457	188	6,501	3,662
St. Croix...	32,919	2,637	263	4,594	8	9	1,945	23,159	2,006	212	389	2,765	749
Sauk...	3,741	371	27	506	...	...	1,957	30,575	2,841	64	304	3,788	957
Sawyer...	22,573	1,604	55	3,019	3	11	1,35	1,977	351	49	78	269	15
Shawano...	48,396	3,426	88	6,343	18	313	1,415	13,236	1,671	271	57	1,762	91
Sheboygan...	8,438	759	20	1,355	4	2	3,117	42,489	3,637	1,070	166	4,459	822
Taylor...	21,963	1,390	161	3,900	6	5	386	6,731	769	153	82	1,052	283
Trempealeau...	27,035	1,638	94	4,378	4	3	1,910	18,920	1,069	119	221	2,101	1,092
Vernon...	3,801	459	8	731	...	...	2,740	23,111	979	283	133	3,528	2,649
Vilas...	29,162	1,889	348	5,292	13	3	272	27,890	649	47	24	121	72
Walworth...	4,266	253	22	765	...	...	3,403	2,696	1,017	104	401	4,145	2,358
Washington...	24,077	2,461	30	2,833	7	2	512	22,921	2,348	60	15	2,135	253
Waushara...	36,562	3,282	177	5,331	3	6	2,049	23,270	2,269	41	14	2,335	1,077
Waushara...	30,743	1,593	139	3,456	32	3	3,863	26,794	4,755	176	265	3,909	2,154
Waushara...	15,355	470	105	3,207	4	...	2,737	13,807	3,904	89	159	2,396	3,922
Winnebago...	57,627	5,213	213	7,835	11	14	2,622	50,097	3,904	1,056	372	6,536	2,572
Wood...	21,637	1,952	52	2,766	6	6	2,814	18,127	1,523	111	56	2,646	1,123
Total...	1,837,915	169,257	8,140	264,981	407	1,306	1,504	1,686,880	142,250	25,604	11,240	196,116	7,520
Total republican plurality, 1898...							97,228	1,686,880					61,386
Total republican plurality, 1894...							1,504						7,520
Total republican plurality, 1894...							95,724						53,868

NOTE.—Scattering votes: Clark county 2, Dane 6, Florence 1, Iowa 2, Jackson 1, Kenosha 1, Pierce 1, Vernon 2. Total, 16, not included in above.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

Manitowoc...	3,919	62	4,430	164	5	11	511	37,831	4,349	2,249	58	29	2,100
Marathon...	3,899	70	3,998	87	4	29	129	30,369	3,791	1,989	108	71	1,832
Marquette...	27,271	81	4,276	37	3	9	2,410	30,364	1,994	1,887	108	71	1,832
Milwaukee...	1,827	25	4,176	20	1		649	9,676	1,198	877	7		1,557
Milwaukee...	29,922	10,203	3,839	520	30	619	9,403	236,101	2,607	24,002	1,286	513	321
Monroe...	2,361	159	3,883	35	11	1	1,322	23,211	1,459	1,275	106	273	5
Monroe...	2,290	153	2,836	35	3	5	1,546	15,009	1,459	1,275	106	273	5
Neenah...	1,563	27	1,438	14			1,346	15,009	1,459	1,275	106	273	5
Oahe...	1,098	139	5,433	106	25	5	1,337	38,680	4,545	2,733	109	224	1,812
Oahe...	1,947	30	1,385	62	2	11	412	14,943	2,034	652	49	8	1,442
Oahe...	1,438	156	3,724	19	1	1	855	6,982	539	865	10	83	326
Oahe...	1,412	166	3,724	33	3	3	2,312	20,385	1,210	2,315	190	300	1,055
Oahe...	1,801	82	3,501	23	1		1,970	12,988	585	1,477	211	175	892
Oahe...	2,800	92	3,333	54	1	7	647	24,798	2,570	2,291	44	214	279
Oahe...	2,550	97	3,443	104	4	8	1,874	36,288	3,750	3,596	352	84	223
Oahe...	2,008	129	3,589	16			538	18,121	1,670	2,194	284	231	206
Oahe...	2,685	233	3,282	86	5	12	4,627	23,220	2,231	6,032	121	552	524
Oahe...	2,675	198	3,452	80	3	4	987	23,139	2,220	2,437	184	373	1,824
Oahe...	2,611	232	3,623	97	3	9	2,012	30,575	3,139	3,277	50	396	138
Oahe...	1,989	22	3,014		2		145	1,977	328	3,412	6	37	8
Oahe...	1,594	54	3,035	32			1,441	12,486	2,040	1,823	273	49	717
Oahe...	3,327	90	3,984	247	15	308	3,317	42,489	5,126	3,638	172	98	1,488
Oahe...	3,770	20	3,984	27	4	2	677	6,781	904	734	32	29	170
Oahe...	1,394	152	3,366	24	6	4	1,912	18,920	1,521	2,116	38	277	
Oahe...	1,627	108	3,393	28	4	2	2,766	25,111	1,440	3,106	382	253	
Oahe...	3,403	108	4,754	28	4	2	311						
Oahe...	1,894	282	5,347	57	12	2	3,453	27,860	2,153	3,871	79	512	
Oahe...	2,260	21	2,971	66		2	521	2,926	305	488	16	35	
Oahe...	2,404	31	2,971	86	5	6	478	22,751	2,624	1,700	8	22	924
Oahe...	3,192	162	3,911	108	2	5	2,219	33,270	3,635	3,600	89	248	35
Oahe...	30,793	129	4,472	95	32	3	3,955	26,794	2,186	3,397	47	306	
Oahe...	15,355	101	3,212	66			2,754	13,507	786	2,091	36	141	
Oahe...	5,089	212	2,498	101	16	19	2,809	50,097	5,893	5,354	284	351	
Oahe...	51,627	54	2,839	31	6	6	2,952	18,127	2,220	1,779	36	54	
Total	1,937,915	7,807	288,135	4,584	346	1,314	880	1,686,880	177,325	171,101	10,019	13,136	26,082
Total republican plurality, 1896							830					19,838	
Total democratic plurality, 1892							102,612					6,224	

Total republican plurality, 1896.

Total democratic plurality 1892..

26,082	.....
19,858	.....

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE IN WISCONSIN.

From 1848 to 1896.

NOTE—Names indented denote unsuccessful candidates. Figures in left hand column denote the number of the election, from the first presidential election in 1789 to the twenty-eighth in 1896.

ELECTION.		CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT.	VOTE FOR CANDIDATES.				TOTAL VOTE.			
Number.	Year.		Popular.	Per cent. popular.	Majority.	Electoral.	Popular.	Increase popular.	Per cent. increase.	Electoral.
16	1848	Zachary Taylor.....	13,747	35.1	.....	.....	39,166	.....	.....	4
		Lewis Cass.....	15,001	28.3	1,254*	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Martin Van Buren.....	10,418	26.6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	1852	Franklin Pierce.....	33,658	52.0	2,604	5	61,712	25,546	65.2	5
		Winfield Scott.....	22,210	34.4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		John P. Hale.....	8,814	13.6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	1856	James Buchanan.....	52,843	41.2	.....	.....	119,512	54,800	84.7	5
		John C. Fremont.....	66,090	55.3	12,668	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Millard Fillmore.....	579	.5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	1860	Abraham Lincoln.....	86,113	56.6	20,040	5	152,180	32,688	27.3	5
		John C. Breckinridge	888	.6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		John Bell.....	161	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Stephen A. Douglas.....	65,021	42.7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	1864	Abraham Lincoln.....	83,453	55.9	17,574	8	149,342	2,838†	1.8†	8
		George B. McClellan.....	65,884	44.1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	1868	Ulysses S. Grant.....	108,857	56.2	24,150	8	193,564	44,222	29.6	8
		Horatio Seymour.....	84,707	43.8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	1872	Ulysses S. Grant.....	104,997	54.6	17,686	10	192,308	1,256†	.7†	10
		Horace Greeley.....	83,477	45.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Charles O'Connor.....	834	.4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	1876	Rutherford B. Hayes.....	130,663	51.0	5,205	10	256,141	63,823	33.2	10
		Samuel J. Tilden.....	123,927	48.4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Peter Cooper.....	1,509	.6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		G. C. Smith.....	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	1880	James A. Garfield.....	144,395	54.1	21,709	10	267,182	11,051	4.3	10
		Winfield S. Hancock.....	114,614	42.9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		J. B. Weaver.....	7,986	3.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Neal Dow.....	65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		J. B. Phelps.....	91	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	1884	Grover Cleveland.....	146,477	45.8	.....	.....	319,838	52,706	16.5	11
		James G. Blaine.....	161,157	50.4	2,426	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
		J. P. St. John.....	7,656	2.4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Benj. F. Butler.....	4,598	1.4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	1888	Benjamin Harrison.....	176,553	49.7	21,231*	11	354,614	34,726	10.8†	11
		Grover Cleveland.....	155,232	43.7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Clinton B. Fisk.....	14,277	4.2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		A. J. Streeter.....	8,552	2.4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	1892	Grover Cleveland.....	177,325	47.7	6,224	12	371,581	16,967	4.8	12
		Benjamin Harrison.....	171,101	46.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		James B. Weaver.....	10,019	2.7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		John Bidwell.....	13,133	3.6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	1896	William McKinley.....	268,135	59.9	102,612	12	447,409	75,828	16.9	12
		William J. Bryan.....	165,523	33.9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Joshua Levering.....	7,507	1.6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		John M. Palmer.....	4,584	1.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Charles H. Matchett.....	1,314	0.2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Charles E. Bentley.....	346	.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

*Plurality.

†Decrease.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE,

BY DISTRICTS, COUNTIES AND PRECINCTS, 1896.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Jeremiah L. Mahoney, Dem.	George W. White, Pro.	Henry Allen Cooper, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GREEN COUNTY—					
Adams.....	113		80	33	.....
Albany.....	86	35	235	.....	149
Brooklyn.....	98	4	192	.....	94
Brodhead, 1st ward.....	73 } 163	9 { 13	125 } 265	.....	102
2d ward.....	90 }	4 }	140 }	.....	
Cadiz.....	163	7	149	14	.....
Clarno.....	177	4	121	56	.....
Decatur.....	50	5	116	.....	66
Exeter.....	88	7	112	.....	24
Jefferson.....	94	13	187	.....	93
Jordan.....	113	4	89	24	.....
Monroe.....	105	3	91	14	.....
Monroe, city:					
1st ward.....	78 }	4 }	149 }	.....	
2d ward.....	97 }	2 }	106 }	533	114
3d ward.....	141 }	8 }	135 }	.....	
4th ward.....	103 }	5 }	143 }	.....	
Mt. Pleasant.....	93	9	201	.....	108
New Glarus.....	75	6	152	.....	77
Spring Grove.....	88	10	165	.....	77
Sylvester.....	54	8	155	.....	101
Washington.....	109	1	73	36	.....
York.....	26	6	171	.....	145
Total.....	2,114	154	3,087	177	1,150 177
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	973
KENOSHA COUNTY—					
Brighton.....	114	4	101	13	.....
Bristol.....	59	3	228	.....	169
Kenosha, city:					
1st ward, 1st precinct.....	143 }	2 }	183 }	.....	
2d precinct.....	112 }	2 }	208 }	.....	
2d ward.....	287 }	2 }	195 }	1,237	318
3d ward.....	204 }	1 }	406 }	.....	
4th ward.....	173 }	.. }	245 }	.....	
Paris.....	107	2	101	6	.....
Pleasant Prairie.....	108	7	239	.....	181
Randall.....	34	.....	144	.....	110
Salem.....	144	2	339	.....	195
Somers.....	112	17	292	.....	180
Wheatland.....	91	1	102	.....	11
Total.....	1,688	43	2,833	19	1,164 19
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,145
LAFAYETTE COUNTY—					
Argyle.....	108	3	252	.....	144
Belmont.....	145	.....	175	.....	30
Benton.....	129	8	206	.....	77
Benton.....	79	2	177	.....	98
Blanchard.....	198 }	9 }	213 }	.....	
Darlington, 1st precinct.....	137 }	14 }	159 }	372	87
2d precinct.....		23		.....	

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Jeremiah L. Mahoney, Dem.	George W. White, Pro.	Henry Allen Cooper, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
LAFAYETTE COUNTY—Continued.					
Elk Grove	76	3	106	.....	30
Fayette	99	13	106	.....	7
Gratiot	198	7	211	.....	13
Kendall	109	1	53	56	.....
Lamont	37	5	77	.....	40
Monticello	35	2	37	.....	2
New Diggings	110	8	188	.....	78
Seymour	123	2	86	37	.....
Shullsburg	262	5	282	.....	20
Wayne	73	5	202	.....	129
White Oak Springs	25	1	66	.....	41
Willow Springs	157	14	62	95	.....
Wiotra	115	11	250	.....	135
Total	2,215	113	2,908	188	881 188
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	693
RACINE COUNTY—					
Racine, city:					
1st ward	133	1	209	.....	.....
2d ward	95	11	412	.....	.....
3d ward, north precinct	123	6	293	.....	.....
south precinct	189	5	212	.....	.....
4th ward, east precinct	167	5	169	.....	.....
west precinct	250	4	166	.....	.....
5th ward, north precinct	247	7	408	3,439	1,263
south precinct	193	9	475	.....	.....
6th ward, north precinct	264	12	410	.....	.....
south precinct	212	17	315	.....	.....
7th ward, west precinct	138	2	119	.....	.....
east precinct	165	5	251	.....	.....
Burlington, 1st precinct	214	11	229	.....	.....
2d precinct	143	9	139	368	11
Caledonia	284	12	308	.....	24
Dover	111	12	124	.....	13
Mt. Pleasant	196	20	362	.....	166
Norway	33	2	191	.....	158
Raymond	63	11	298	.....	235
Rochester	53	8	130	.....	77
Waterford	134	13	262	.....	128
Yorkville	42	35	311	.....	269
Total	3,449	217	5,793	.....	2,344
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,344
ROCK COUNTY—					
Avon	58	4	132	.....	74
Beloit	53	1	121	.....	68
Bradford	69	5	123	.....	54
Center	49	4	208	.....	159
Clinton	61	4	197	.....	136
Fulton	130	4	223	.....	93
Harmony	122	8	144	.....	22
Janesville	88	2	141	.....	53
Johnstown	102	2	131	.....	29
La Prairie	62	9	130	.....	68
Lima	58	7	199	.....	141
Magnolia	101	7	165	.....	64
Milton, 1st precinct	82	13	202	.....	.....
2d precinct	73	23	262	464	309
Newark	26	7	214	.....	188
Plymouth	87	3	252	.....	165
Porter	113	3	192	.....	79
Rock	100	6	140	.....	40
Spring Valley	55	4	271	.....	216
Turtle	61	.....	218	.....	157
Union	68	9	178	.....	110

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Jeremiah L. Mahoney, Dem.	George W. White, Pro.	Henry Allen Cooper, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ROCK COUNTY—Continued.					
Clinton, village.....	74	12	165	.....	91
Beloit, city:					
1st ward.....	82	3	274		
2d ward.....	70	21	359		
3d ward.....	144	7	563	1,637	1,238
4th ward.....	103	14	441		
Edgerton.....	140	15	306	.....	166
Evansville.....	83	23	406	.....	323
Janesville, city:					
1st ward, 1st precinct.....	87	.	163		
2d precinct.....	76		315		
2d ward, 1st precinct.....	71	1	122		
2d precinct.....	122	1	189		
3d ward, 1st precinct.....	99	4	284	1,881	715
2d precinct.....	76	6	218		
4th ward, 1st precinct.....	176	5	174		
2d precinct.....	203	6	239		
5th ward.....	256	3	177		
Total.....	3,480	252	8,238		4,758
Republican plurality.....					4,758
WALWORTH COUNTY—					
Bloomfield.....	72	7	236	.....	164
Darien.....	98	16	250	.....	152
Delavan, 1st district.....	84	13	337	.....	379
2d district.....	111	11	237	.....	
East Troy.....	110	11	276	.....	166
Elkhorn.....	110	32	293	.....	183
Geneva.....	78	21	164	.....	86
Lafayette.....	96	.....	172	.....	76
La Grange.....	38	9	207	.....	169
Lake Geneva:					
1st ward.....	51	13	151		
2d ward.....	42	9	123	479	839
3d ward.....	47	3	202		
Linn.....	63	10	181	.....	118
Lyons.....	94	19	212	.....	118
Richmond.....	63	3	158	.....	95
Sharon.....	105	33	431	.....	326
Spring Prairie.....	83	14	272	.....	239
Sugar Creek.....	60	27	168	.....	108
Troy.....	80	7	159	.....	79
Walworth.....	57	16	345	.....	288
Whitewater.....	57	5	171	.....	114
Whitewater, city:					
1st ward.....	69	10	159		
2d ward.....	77	6	270	628	400
3d ward.....	82	10	199		
Total.....	1,777	305	5,376		3,599
Republican plurality.....					3,599

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	Jeremiah L. Mahoney, Dem.	George W. White, Pro.	Henry Allen Cooper, Rep.	Mahoney, Plu.	Cooper, Plu.
Green	5,355	2,114	154	3,087		973
Kenosha	4,561	1,638	43	2,833		1,145
Lafayette	5,236	2,215	113	2,908		603
Racine	9,459	3,449	217	5,793		2,344
Rock	11,970	3,480	252	8,238		4,758
Walworth	7,458	1,777	305	5,376		3,599
Totals	44,042	14,723	1,084	23,235		13,512
Cooper's plurality						13,512

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.—Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Silverthorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Henderson, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Socialist Labor.
Green	2,331	193	3,054	4	11
Kenosha*	1,750	53	2,806		5
Lafayette	2,265	119	2,910	4	1
Racine	4,101	241	5,733	19	5
Rock	3,657	292	8,224	4	10
Walworth	1,889	348	5,292	13	3
Totals	15,993	1,246	23,019	44	45

* Kenosha county cast 1 vote for Ed. S. Bragg for governor, not included in above.

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	William H. Rogers, Dem.	Jesse Meyers, Pro.	Edward Sauer- herring, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
COLUMBIA COUNTY—					
Arlington.....	60	13	121	.....	61
Caledonia.....	97	12	153	.....	61
Columbus.....	67	6	125	.....	58
Columbus, city:					
1st ward.....	42 }	5 }	146 }	.....	.....
2d ward.....	50 }	7 }	104 }	.....	.....
3d ward.....	57 }	5 }	127 }	.....	228
Courtland.....	61	22	288	.....	227
Dekorra.....	85	2	121	.....	36
Fort Winnebago.....	87	1	81	6	.....
Fountain Prairie.....	109	9	231	.....	122
Hampden.....	98	4	114	.....	16
Leeds.....	84	12	148	.....	64
Lewiston.....	43	5	167	.....	124
Lodi.....	104	22	343	.....	244
Lowville.....	78	12	96	.....	18
Marcellon.....	82	7	129	.....	47
Newport.....	164	7	296	.....	72
Otsego.....	83	5	193	.....	110
Pacific.....	20	4	39	.....	19
Portage, city:					
1st ward.....	69 }	2 }	81 }	.....	.....
2d ward.....	92 }	2 }	135 }	.....	.....
3d ward.....	61 }	7 }	179 }	.....	316
4th ward.....	138 }	2 }	189 }	.....	.....
5th ward.....	132 }	9 }	224 }	.....	.....
Poynette, village.....	52	17	81	.....	29
Randolph.....	77	12	155	.....	78
Randolph, village—west ward..	2	1	41	.....	39
Rio, village.....	18	17	80	.....	62
Scott.....	83	8	119	.....	36
Springvale.....	41	19	123	.....	82
West Point.....	71	7	128	.....	57
Wyoena.....	125	22	283	.....	158
Total.....	2,432	283	4,790	6	2,364 6
Republican plurality.....					2,358
DANE COUNTY—					
Albion.....	62	20	347	.....	285
Belleville, village.....	26	2	66	.....	40
Berry.....	141	1	87	54	.....
Black Earth.....	59	29	123	.....	64
Blooming Grove.....	148	7	129	19	.....
Blue Mounds.....	117	3	297	.....	180
Bristol.....	160	3	107	53	.....
Burke.....	105	7	207	.....	102
Christiana, 1st precinct.....	56 }	6 }	257 }	.....	293
2d precinct.....	89 }	5 }	181 }	.....	.....
Cottage Grove.....	128	4	196	.....	68
Cross Plains.....	212	4	67	145	.....
Dane.....	140	8	119	21	.....
Deerfield.....	113	11	153	.....	45
Deerfield, village.....	26	7	93	.....	67
Dunkirk.....	109	19	236	.....	127
Dunn.....	91	8	197	.....	106
Fitchburg.....	159	9	104	55	.....
Madison.....	119	14	200	.....	81
Madison, city:					
1st ward, 1st precinct.....	146 }	16 }	293 }	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	331 }	9 }	117 }	.....	.....
2d ward, 1st precinct.....	204 }	14 }	348 }	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	187 }	3 }	208 }	.....	.....
3d ward.....	272 }	6 }	214 }	.....	.....
4th ward, 1st precinct.....	165 }	7 }	185 }	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	179 }	7 }	135 }	.....	.....
5th ward, 1st precinct.....	183 }	18 }	177 }	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	140 }	9 }	143 }	.....	.....
6th ward.....	287 }	7 }	278 }	.....	.....
Total.....	2,094	96	2,093	1	.....

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	William H. Rogers, Dem.	Jesse Meyers, Pro.	Edward Sauerherring, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DANE COUNTY—Continued.					
Mazomanie.....	121	17	222	.....	101
Medina.....	142	13	195	.....	53
Middleton.....	257	6	137	120	.....
Montrose.....	150	2	97	53	.....
Oregon.....	171	19	238	.....	67
Perry.....	60	5	166	.....	106
Primrose.....	38	5	146	.....	108
Pleasant Springs.....	58	15	268	.....	210
Roxbury.....	153	.....	39	119	.....
Rutland.....	69	10	267	.....	198
Springdale.....	96	4	154	.....	58
Springfield.....	197	3	47	150	.....
Stoughton, city:					
1st ward.....	51 }	17 }	228 }		
2d ward.....	68 }	13 }	317 }	545	426
Sun Prairie.....	129	4	116	13	.....
Sun Prairie, village.....	75	5	128	.....	53
Vienna.....	48	3	206	.....	158
Verona.....	145	25	85	60	.....
Vermont.....	79	8	135	.....	56
Waunakee, village.....	64	.....	35	29	.....
Westport.....	164	1	86	78	.....
Windsor.....	94	20	286	.....	192
York.....	93	3	117	.....	24
Total.....	6,681	461	8,979	970	3,268
Republican plurality.....					970
					2,298
DODGE COUNTY—					
Ashippun.....	87	5	227	.....	140
Beaver Dam, city:					
1st ward.....	151 }	.. }	40 }		
2d ward.....	177 }	.. }	129 }	521	84
3d ward.....	107 }	16 }	192 }		
4th ward.....	170 }	6 }	160 }		
Beaver Dam.....	177	2	141	36	.....
Burnett.....	83	2	160	.....	72
Calamus.....	100	12	109	.....	9
Chester.....	73	3	101	.....	28
Clyman.....	169	.....	102	67	.....
Elba.....	120	11	131	.....	11
Emmet.....	153	1	130	23	.....
Fox Lake.....	55	5	144	.....	89
Fox Lake, village.....	119	10	130	.....	11
Herman.....	118	.....	179	.....	61
Hubbard, 1st precinct.....	172 }	2 }	192 }		
2d precinct.....	93 }	.. }	179 }	371	106
Hustisford.....	158	.....	198	.....	40
Juneau, city:					
1st ward.....	73 }	.. }	30 }		
2d ward.....	83 }	3 }	40 }	70	86
Lebanon.....	130	.....	167	.....	37
Leroy.....	106	31	218	.....	112
Lomira.....	165	5	283	.....	118
Lowell.....	200	2	195	5	.....
Lowell, village.....	37	2	52	.....	15
Mayville, city:					
1st ward.....	16 }	1 }	88 }		
2d ward.....	26 }	.. }	41 }	246	131
3d ward.....	73 }	1 }	117 }		
Oak Grove.....	202	3	180	22	.....
Portland.....	142	2	105	37	.....
Randolph, east ward.....	31	5	99	.....	68
Reeseville, village.....	46	.....	54	.....	8
Rubicon.....	173	2	231	.....	53
Shields.....	154	.....	54	100	.....
Theresa.....	162	1	251	.....	39
Trenton.....	134	1	224	.....	90

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	William H. Rogers, Dem.	Jesse Meyers, Pro.	Edward Sauerherring, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DODGE COUNTY.—Continued.					
Watertown, city:					
5th ward.....	124 } 262	1 } 1	81 } 255	7	.....
6th ward.....	138 }	.. }	174 }		
Waupun, south ward.....	107	1	272	.....	165
Westford.....	137	2	68	69	.....
Williamstown.....	48	1	177	.....	129
Total.....	4,799	141	5,845	536	1,582 536
Republican plurality..	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,046
JEFFERSON COUNTY—					
Aztalan.....	164	7	132	32	.....
Cold Springs.....	41	.....	110	.....	69
Concord.....	130	2	136	.....	6
Farmington.....	273	3	145	133	.....
Hebron.....	84	7	150	.....	66
Ixonia.....	132	6	190	.....	58
Jefferson, 1st precinct.....	170 } 258	2 } 4	92 } 125	133	.....
Jefferson, 2d precinct.....	88 }	2 }	33 }		
Jefferson, city:					
1st ward.....	76 }	2 }	80 }		
2d ward.....	116 }	1 }	56 }	206	213
3d ward.....	122 }	.....	49 }		
4th ward.....	105 }	.....	21 }		
Koskkonong, 1st precinct.....	135 }	20 }	210 }		
2d precinct.....	125 }	2 }	215 }	646	184
3d precinct.....	201 }	16 }	221 }		
Lake Mills.....	114	13	440	.....	326
Milford.....	106	3	170	.....	64
Oakland.....	116	3	187	.....	71
Palmira.....	63	26	298	.....	235
Sullivan.....	114	8	224	.....	110
Sumner.....	40	3	77	.....	37
Waterloo.....	136	5	80	56	.....
Waterloo, village.....	158	3	125	33	.....
Watertown.....	170	.....	193	.....	23
Watertown, city:					
1st ward.....	134	1	339	.....	205
2d ward.....	145	1	169	.....	24
3d ward.....	106	3	125	.....	19
4th ward.....	88	.....	51	.....	
7th ward.....	110	.....	79	31	.....
Total.....	3,568	140	4,397	668	1,497 668
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	829

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	William H. Rogers, Dem.	Jesse Meyers, Pro.	Edward Sauerher- ring, Rep.	Rogers' Plu.	Sauer- herring's Plu.
Columbia	7,505	2,432	283	4,790	.....	2,358
Dane	16,121	6,681	461	8,979	.....	2,298
Dodge	10,785	4,799	141	5,845	.....	1,046
Jefferson	8,105	3,568	140	4,297	.....	829
Totals	42,516	17,480	1,025	24,011	.....	6,531
Sauerherring's plurality						6,531

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.—Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Soc.Labor.
Columbia	2,457	308	4,746	12	5
Dane*	6,104	518	8,747	15	8
Dodge	5,019	108	5,573	9	4
Jefferson	3,672	150	4,275	3	3
Totals	17,952	1,084	23,341	39	20

* Dane county cast 4 votes for Robert M. LaFollette, 1 vote for Theo. Stenjem and 1 vote for J. R. Henderson for governor, not included in above.

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Alfred J. Davis, Dem.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ADAMS COUNTY—				
Adams	29	86	.....	57
Big Flats	11	56	.....	45
Colburn	8	62	.....	54
Dell Prairie	34	95	.....	61
Easton	21	83	.....	62
Jackson	14	108	.....	94
Leola	3	56	.....	53
Lincoln	28	66	.....	38
Monroe	8	112	.....	104
New Chester	15	68	.....	53
New Haven	64	123	.....	59
Preston	17	24	.....	7
Quincy	31	62	.....	31
Richfield	11	49	.....	38
Rome	18	68	.....	50
Springville	30	93	.....	63
Strong's Prairie	19	221	.....	202
Total	361	1,432	.....	1,071
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	1,071
CRAWFORD COUNTY—				
Bridgeport	30	40	.....	10
Clayton	157	292	.....	135
Eastman	183	148	35	.....
Freeman	63	316	.....	253
Haney	59	133	.....	74
Lynxville, village	17	61	.....	44
Marietta	73	179	.....	106
Prairie du Chien	76	47	29	.....
Prairie du Chien, city:				
1st ward	64	52		
2d ward	130	109		
3d ward	119	128	329	17
4th ward	33	40		
Scott	106	123	.....	17
Seneca	177	102	75	.....
Soldiers' Grove, village	26	103	.....	77
Utica	71	285	.....	214
Wauzeka	39	79	.....	40
Wauzeka, village	20	82	.....	62
Total	1,443	2,319	156	1,032
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	156
.....	.....	.....	.....	876
GRANT COUNTY—				
Beetown	137	135	2	.....
Bloomington	101	165	.....	64
Boscobel	137	277	.....	140
Cassville	198	171	27	.....
Castle Rock	121	48	73	.....
Clifton	47	168	.....	121
Ellenboro	33	157	.....	124
Fennimore	114	285	.....	171
Glen Haven	87	135	.....	48
Harrison	67	163	.....	96
Hazel Green	163	140	23	.....
Hickory Grove	43	123	.....	80
Jamestown	162	44	118	.....
Lancaster, 1st district	160	287	345	348
2d district	127	290	635	.....
Liberty	101	115	.....	14
Lima	62	163	.....	101
Little Grant	38	92	.....	54
Marion	66	55	11	.....
Millville	7	48	.....	41
Mt. Hope	63	111	.....	48

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Alfred J. Davis, Dem.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GRANT COUNTY—Continued.				
Mt. Ida	74	113	.....	39
Muscoda	188	97	91	.....
Paris	97	84	13	.....
Patch Grove	92	64	28	.....
Platteville, 1st district.....	137 }	338 }	.....	.....
2d district.....	191 }	326 }	.....	336
Potosi.....	272	203	69	.....
Smelser, 1st district.....	58 }	134 }	.....	.....
2d district.....	69 }	80 }	214	87
Waterloo.....	93	150	.....	57
Watertown.....	46	58	.....	12
Wingville.....	102	227	.....	125
Woodman.....	75	0	25	.....
Wyalusing.....	64	160	.....	96
Total	3,592	5,314	480	2,202
				480
Republican plurality.....				1,722
IOWA COUNTY—				
Arena.....	153	193	.....	40
Brigham	111	225	.....	114
Clyde.....	107	62	45	.....
Dodgeville	147	237	.....	90
Dodgeville, city.....	145	312	.....	167
Eden.....	104	125	.....	21
Highland, 1st district.....	154 }	76 }	.....	.....
2d district.....	177 }	87 }	163	168
Linden	93	341	.....	248
Mifflin.....	86	269	.....	183
Mineral Point.....	100	161	.....	61
Mineral Point, city:				
1st ward	59 }	111 }	.....	.....
2d ward	51 }	147 }	.....	.....
3d ward	52 }	61 }	415	186
4th ward	67 }	96 }	.....	.....
Moscow.....	65	205	.....	140
Pulaski.....	166	118	48	.....
Ridgeway.....	151	104	47	.....
Waldwick.....	98	99	.....	1
Wyoming.....	66	95	.....	29
Total	2,152	3,124	308	1,280
				308
Republican plurality.....				972
JUNEAU COUNTY—				
Armenia.....	25	89	.....	64
Clearfield.....	31	49	.....	18
Cranberry Center.....	21	28	.....	7
Fountain.....	48	140	.....	92
Germantown.....	47	44	3	.....
Kildare.....	92	92	.....	.....
Kingston.....	20	44	.....	24
Lemonweir.....	98	177	.....	79
Lindina.....	118	154	.....	36
Lisbon.....	25	97	.....	72
Lyndon.....	69	41	28	.....
Marion.....	39	41	.....	2
Mecedah.....	76	367	.....	291
Orange.....	82	134	.....	52
Plymouth.....	76	151	.....	75
Seven Mile Creek.....	129	32	77	.....
Summit.....	99	121	.....	22
Wonewoc.....	135	192	.....	57
Elroy, city:				
1st ward	71 }	105 }	.....	.....
2d ward	67 }	133 }	238	100

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Alfred J. Davis, Dem.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
JUNEAU COUNTY—Continued.				
Mauston, city:				
1st ward.....	47 }	112 }		
2d ward.....	76 }	154 }	266	143
New Lisbon, city:				
1st ward.....	43 }	88 }	198	129
2d ward.....	26 }	110 }	127	53
Wonewoc, village.....		74		
Total.....	1,634	2,842	108	1,316
				108
Republican plurality.....				1,208
RICHLAND COUNTY—				
Akan.....	114	112	2	
Bloom.....	109	183		74
Buena Vista.....	107	100	7	
Dayton.....	133	136		3
Eagle.....	114	139		25
Forest.....	99	180		81
Henrietta.....	155	110	45	
Ithica.....	174	153	21	
Lone Rock.....	44	58		14
Marshall.....	63	164		101
Orion.....	82	101		19
Richland.....	78	125		47
Richland Center, city:				
1st ward.....	48 }	148 }		
2d ward.....	91 }	131 }	416	220
3d ward.....	57 }	134 }		
Richwood.....	123	192		69
Rockbridge.....	129	122	7	
Sylvan.....	114	120		6
Westford.....	172	82	90	
Willow.....	104	149		45
Total.....	2,110	2,642	172	704
				172
Republican plurality.....				532
SAUK COUNTY—				
Ableman, village.....	35	51		16
Baraboo, city:				
1st ward.....	88 }	385 }		
2d ward.....	133 }	338 }	960	630
3d ward.....	109 }	237 }		
Baraboo.....	56	241		185
Bear Creek.....	143	82	61	
Dellona.....	70	70		
Delton.....	44	164		120
Excelsior.....	69	129		60
Fairfield.....	34	117		83
Franklin.....	159	71	88	
Freedom.....	48	111		63
Greenfield.....	46	132		86
Honey Creek.....	60	139		79
Ironton.....	86	194		108
La Valle.....	106	140		34
La Valle, village.....	21	58		37
Merrimac.....	72	125		53
North Freedom, village.....	16	56		43
Prairie du Sac.....	57	50	7	
Prairie du Sac, village.....	44	113		69
Reedsburg.....	114	129		15
Reedsburg, city:				
1st ward.....	99 }	172 }	343	143
2d ward.....	101 }	171 }		
Spring Green.....	124	193		69

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Alfred J. Davis, Dem.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SAUK COUNTY—Continued.				
Sumpter.....	29	121		92
Sauk City.....	81	91		10
Troy.....	41	197		156
Washington.....	100	139		39
Westfield.....	149	119	30	
Winfield.....	122	97	25	
Woodland.....	98	188		90
Total.....	2,554	4,623	211	2,280
Republican plurality.....				211
				2,069
VERNON COUNTY—				
Bergen.....	53	188		135
Christiana.....	19	251		232
Clinton.....	42	189		147
Coon.....	12	283		271
Forest.....	32	196		164
Franklin.....	83	206		123
Genoa.....	103	116		13
Greenwood.....	79	112		33
Hamburg.....	43	195		152
Harmony.....	34	181		147
Hillsboro.....	59	161		102
Jefferson.....	107	208		101
Kickapoo.....	59	194		135
Liberty.....	41	119		78
Stark.....	48	167		119
Sterling.....	65	200		135
Union.....	60	100		40
Viroqua.....	76	288		212
Webster.....	46	184		138
Wheatland.....	39	186		147
Whitestown.....	61	190		99
Hillsboro, village.....	44	101		57
Unity, village.....	22	93		71
Viroqua, city:				
1st ward.....	32)	98)		
2d ward.....	22)	110)		
3d ward.....	41)	109)	317	222
Total.....	1,322	4,395		3,073
Republican plurality.....				3,073

WISCONSIN VETERANS' HOME, WAUPACA.



SUMMARY OF VOTE IN THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total Vote.	Alfred J. Davis, Dem.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Davis' Plu.	Babcock's Plu.
Adams.....	1,793	361	1,432	.....	1,071
Crawford.....	3,762	1,443	2,319	.....	876
Grant.....	8,906	3,592	5,314	.....	1,722
Iowa*.....	5,276	2,152	3,124	.....	972
Juneau.....	4,476	1,634	2,842	.....	1,208
Richland.....	4,752	2,110	2,642	.....	532
Sauk.....	7,177	2,554	4,623	.....	2,069
Vernon.....	5,717	1,322	4,395	.....	3,073
Totals.....	41,859	15,168	26,691	.....	11,523
Babcock's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,523

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.—Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.
Adams.....	397	27	1,427	.....	2
Crawford.....	1,525	41	2,307	2	3
Grant.....	3,685	205	5,281	6	2
Iowa*.....	2,145	196	3,080	9	2
Juneau.....	1,714	64	2,805	7	2
Richland.....	2,088	138	2,635	1	2
Sauk.....	2,637	263	4,594	8	9
Vernon.....	1,638	94	4,378	4	3
Totals.....	15,830	1,023	26,507	37	29

* For member of congress, Iowa county cast 1 vote for Orvette Strong and 1 vote for F. Cody; for governor, 1 vote for Robert M. La Follette, and 1 vote for Ed. S. Bragg. Vernon county cast 2 votes for Robert M. La Follette; not included in above.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Robert Schilling, Dem.	Robert May, Pro.	Theobald Otjen, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MILWAUKEE COUNTY —					
Milwaukee, city:					
1st ward	782	3	1,297		
2d ward	1,014	40	1,455		
3d ward	905	4	455		
4th ward	1,259	7	1,434		
5th ward	1,139	19	1,374		
6th ward	1,228	53	1,716		
7th ward	551	2	1,322		
8th ward	1,378	31	2,230		
9th ward	1,480	57	1,864	23,849	3,756
11th ward	1,669	43	1,967		
12th ward	1,436	24	1,108		
14th ward	2,494	24	522		
15th ward	799	24	1,701		
16th ward	655	1	1,461		
17th ward	693	12	1,242		
18th ward	1,487	10	1,012		
19th ward	1,124	52	1,689		
Greenfield	332	13	663		331
Lake, including Cudahy	433	11	635		202
Oak Creek	165		200		35
South Milwaukee	242	2	345		103
Franklin	164	1	204		40
Total	21,429	433	25,896		4,467
Otjen's plurality					4,467

NOTE.—In this district Silverthorn received 22,117 votes; Berkey 467 votes; Scofield 25,374 votes; Henderson 23 votes; Tuttrop 447 votes, for governor.

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	George W. Winans, Dem.	Henry Mensing, Soc. Lab.	Samuel S. Barney, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MILWAUKEE COUNTY—					
Milwaukee, city:					
10th ward.....	1,320	54	1,906		
13th ward.....	1,333	50	1,733		
20th ward.....	730	70	1,663		
21st ward.....	739	35	1,029		
Wauwatesa, including village..	943	11	2,855		1,912
Granville.....	227	3	341		114
Milwaukee.....	152	9	546		394
Whitefish Bay.....	12		84		72
Total.....	5,456	232	10,157		4,701
Republican plurality.....					4,701
OZAUKEE COUNTY—					
Belgium.....	254	1	67	187	
Cedarburg.....	170	2	155	15	
Cedarburg, city.....	159		194		35
Fredonia.....	243		114	129	
Grafton.....	85		118		33
Grafton, village.....	60		65		5
Mequon.....	217	4	374		157
Port Washington.....	143	2	77	66	
Port Washington, city.....	402		285	117	
Saukville.....	226	2	119	107	
Total.....	1,959	11	1,568	621 230	230
Democratic plurality.....				391	
SHEBOYGAN COUNTY—					
Elkhart Lake, village.....	61		50	11	
Greenbush.....	119		263		144
Herman.....	141		251		110
Holland, 1st precinct.....	102		383		477
2d precinct.....	7		203		
Lima.....	112		321		209
Lyndon.....	72	1	372		300
Mitchell.....	151		113	38	
Mosel.....	35		136		101
Plymouth.....	74		241		167
Plymouth, city:					
1st ward.....	103		227		206
2d ward.....	57		139		
Rhine.....	146		137	9	
Russell.....	77		34	43	
Scott.....	71		257		186
Sherman.....	156		209		53
Sheboygan.....	111	10	195		84
Sheboygan Falls.....	159	1	191		32
Sheboygan Falls, village.....	205		126	79	
Sheboygan, city:					
1st ward.....	163	21	437		
2d ward.....	151	10	327		
3d ward.....	105	11	208		
4th ward.....	144	77	372		
5th ward.....	133	87	302		1,203
6th ward.....	131	23	242		
7th ward.....	198	22	217		
8th ward, 1st precinct.....	169	18	291		
2d precinct.....	201	25	202		
Wilson.....	56	1	154		98
Total.....	3,410	307	6,600	180	3,370 180
Republican plurality.....					3,190

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	George W. Winans, Dem.	Henry Mensing, Soc. Lab.	Samuel S. Barney, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WASHINGTON COUNTY—					
Addison.....	267	.....	112	155	.....
Parton.....	132	.....	153	.....	21
Erin.....	201	.....	80	121	.....
Farmington.....	142	.....	179	.....	37
Germantown.....	138	.....	291	.....	153
Hartford.....	169	.....	172	.....	3
Hartford, city, 1st ward.....	76 } 66 }	.....	145 } 141 }	286	144
Jackson.....	101	.....	285	.....	184
Kewaskum.....	82	1	201	.....	119
Kewaskum, village.....	44	.....	26	18	.....
Polk.....	119	.....	241	.....	122
Richfield.....	207	.....	196	11	.....
Schlessingerville.....	30	.....	62	.....	32
Trenton.....	248	.....	113	135	.....
Wayne.....	109	1	228	.....	119
West Bend.....	93	2	89	4	.....
West Bend, city, 1st ward.....	114 } 84 }	.....	83 } 118 }	201	3
2d ward.....	198	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	2,422	4	2,915	444	937 444
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	493
WAUKESHA COUNTY.					
Brookfield.....	217	.....	246	.....	29
Delafield.....	140	.....	327	.....	187
Eagle.....	156	.....	162	.....	6
Genesee.....	108	.....	246	.....	138
Lisbon.....	123	.....	256	.....	133
Menomonee, 1st precinct.....	154 } 135 }	1 } }	364 } 72 }	436	147
2d precinct.....	289	.....	.....	.....	.....
Merton.....	179	.....	279	.....	100
Mukwanago.....	82	.....	249	.....	167
Muskego.....	100	.....	195	.....	95
New Berlin.....	190	2	160	30	.....
Oconomowoc.....	110	.....	194	.....	84
Oconomowoc, city, 1st precinct.....	163 } 80 }	.....	245 } 203 }	448	205
2d precinct.....	243	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ottawa.....	75	.....	169	.....	94
Pewaukee.....	221	.....	328	.....	107
Summit.....	69	.....	228	.....	159
Vernon.....	81	.....	767	.....	186
Waukesha.....	68	.....	177	.....	109
Waukesha, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	88 }	.....	165 }	.....	.....
2d ward.....	203 }	.....	183 }	.....	.....
3d ward.....	161 }	.....	82 }	1,006	212
4th ward.....	155 }	794	206 }	.....	.....
5th ward.....	72 }	.....	138 }	.....	.....
6th ward.....	115 }	.....	232 }	.....	.....
Total.....	3,245	3	5,373	30	2,158 30
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,128

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	George W. Winans, Dem.	Henry Mensing, Soc.Labor.	Samuel S. Barney, Rep.	Winans' Plu.	Barney's Plu.
Milwaukee (part)	15,845	5,456	232	10,157	.....	4,701
Ozaukee	3,538	1,959	11	1,568	391	.....
Sheboygan	10,317	3,410	307	6,600	.....	3,190
Washington	5,341	2,422	4	2,915	.....	493
Waukesha	8,621	3,245	3	5,373	.....	2,123
Totals	43,662	16,492	557	26,613	391	10,512
						391
Barney's plurality						10,121

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.—Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Silverthorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Henderson, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Soc.Labor.
Milwaukee (part)	5,547	176	10,089	17	232
Ozaukee	1,988	29	1,546	1	10
Sheboygan	3,426	88	6,543	13	313
Washington	2,461	30	2,833	7	6
Waukesha	3,282	177	5,331	3	2
Totals	16,704	500	26,342	46	563

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	William F. Gruenewald, Dem.	James S. Thompson, Pro.	James H. Davidson, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
CALUMET COUNTY—					
Brillion.....	83	1	232		149
Brillion, village.....	72		112		40
Brothertown.....	197	5	88	109	
Charlestown.....	148		135	13	
Chilton.....	182	2	77	105	
Chilton, city.....	188	1	142	46	
Harrison.....	268		105	163	
New Holstein.....	166	2	219		53
Rantoul.....	160	4	201		41
Stockbridge.....	241	10	162	79	
Woodville.....	193	1	70	123	
Total.....	1,898	26	1,543	638 283	283
Democratic plurality.....				355	
FOND DU LAC COUNTY—					
Alto.....	68	4	216		148
Ashford.....	212	6	197	15	
Auburn.....	137	8	198		61
Byron.....	166	3	182		16
Calumet.....	265	3	45	217	
Eden.....	167	1	199		32
Eldorado.....	132	4	199		67
Empire.....	114	3	140		26
Fond du Lac.....	134	4	177		43
Forest.....	152		133	19	
Friendship.....	95	1	121		26
Lamartine.....	126	4	201		75
Marshfield.....	356	12	41	315	
Metomen.....	117	15	325		208
Oakfield.....	116	11	233		117
Osceola.....	113	2	188		75
Ripon.....	63	3	218		155
Rosendale.....	69	7	239		170
Springvale.....	118	5	162		44
Taychedah.....	234	3	62	172	
Waupun.....	78	8	208		130
Fond du Lac, city:					
1st ward.....	247	4	290		
2d ward.....	225	10	297		
3rd ward.....	211	1	294		
4th ward.....	309	3	210		
5th ward.....	97	1	105	1,661	117
6th ward.....	121		99		
7th ward.....	146	2	131		
8th ward.....	188	5	235		
Ripon, city:					
1st ward.....	61	4	123		
2d ward.....	43	7	174	623	431
3rd ward.....	44	5	160		
4th ward.....	44	14	161		
Waupun city, north ward.....	156	2		177	21
Total.....	4,924	165	6,148	738	1,962 738
Republican plurality.....					1,224
GREEN LAKE COUNTY—					
Berlin, city:					
1st ward.....	80	2	110		
2d ward.....	106	3	125		
3d ward.....	84	4	136	570	106
4th ward.....	90		92		
5th ward.....	104		107		
Berlin.....	47	1	147		100
Brooklyn.....	69	12	253		184
Green Lake.....	94	6	217		123

ELECTION STATISTICS.

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	William F. Gruenewald, Dem.	James S. Thompson, Pro.	James H. Davidson, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GREEN LAKE CO.—Continued.					
Kingston.....	108	16	95	13	42
Mackford.....	161	10	203		
Manchester.....	123	2	120	3	3
Marquette.....	89	1	92		
Princeton.....	274	3	264	10	6
Seneca.....	66	2	72		
St. Marie.....	74		72	2	
Total.....	1,569	62	2,105	28	564
Republican plurality.....					28
					536
MANITOWOC COUNTY—					
Cato.....	149	6	240		91
Centerville.....	104	2	185		81
Cooperstown.....	134	1	142		8
Eaton.....	146	1	136	10	
Franklin.....	154	5	198		44
Gibson.....	130	2	161		31
Kossuth.....	149	3	198		49
Liberty.....	84	2	229		145
Manitowoc.....	39	2	100		61
Manitowoc, city:					
1st ward.....	171	1	246		
2d ward.....	49	2	221		
3d ward.....	196	4	259		
4th ward.....	101	3	318	1,284	432
5th ward.....	106	2	116		
6th ward.....	36	2	85		
7th ward.....	193	1	39		
Manitowoc Rapids.....	137	4	213		76
Maple Grove.....	165	4	114	51	
Meeme.....	181	1	118	63	
Mishicott.....	241		84	157	
Newton.....	148	6	217		69
Rockland.....	62		176		114
Schleswig.....	180	1	112	68	
Two Creeks.....	106		46	60	
Two Rivers.....	172	2	70	102	
Two Rivers, city:					
1st ward.....	136	1	58		
2d ward.....	236	1	109	243	242
3d ward.....	63	3	76		
Reedsville, village.....	68	1	55	13	
Kiel, village.....	117		85	32	
Total.....	4,003	63	4,406	798	1,201
Republican plurality.....					798
					403
MARQUETTE COUNTY—					
Buffalo.....	88		98		5
Crystal Lake.....	16		98		82
Douglas.....	50		80		30
Harris.....	34		93		59
Montello.....	188		154	34	
Mecan.....	78		43	35	
Moundville.....	15		102		87
Newton.....	43		85		42
Neshkoro.....	87		54	33	
Oxford.....	16		135		119
Packwaukee.....	52		137		85
Shields.....	52		95		42
Springfield.....	23		105		83
Westfield.....	66		210		144
Total.....	808		1,484	102	778
Republican plurality.....					102
					676

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, and Election Districts.	William F. Gruenewald, Dem.	James S. Thompson, Pro.	James H. Davidson, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WAUSHARA COUNTY—					
Aurora.....	38	6	206	.....	170
Berlin, 2d ward, 2d precinct.....	3	1	1	2	.....
Bloomfield.....	30	4	206	.....	176
Coloma.....	18	2	145	.....	127
Dakota.....	3	2	113	.....	110
Deerfield.....	14	4	134	.....	120
Hancock.....	24	6	232	.....	208
Leon.....	38	5	185	.....	147
Marion.....	33	3	125	.....	92
Mt. Morris.....	13	1	170	.....	157
Oasis.....	35	11	159	.....	124
Plainfield.....	11	1	255	.....	244
Plainfield, village.....	21	4	153	.....	132
Poysippi.....	38	4	204	.....	166
Richford.....	6	.....	93	.....	87
Rose.....	6	18	173	.....	167
Saxville.....	39	4	153	.....	114
Springwater.....	14	18	145	.....	131
Warren.....	58	5	120	.....	62
Wautoma.....	14	5	243	.....	229
Total.....	454	94	3,215	2	2,763
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
					2,761
WINNEBAGO COUNTY—					
Algoma.....	67	8	149	.....	82
Black Wolf.....	74	5	89	.....	15
Clayton.....	122	2	163	.....	41
Menasha.....	92	3	53	39	.....
Neenah.....	71	1	76	.....	5
Nekimi.....	65	10	165	.....	100
Nepeuskun.....	51	8	182	.....	131
Oshkosh.....	85	2	182	.....	97
Omro.....	133	22	481	.....	348
Poygan.....	90	.....	85	5	.....
Rushford.....	102	11	343	.....	241
Utica.....	59	7	230	.....	171
Vinland.....	89	1	166	.....	77
Winchester.....	48	7	231	.....	183
Winneconne.....	46	6	143	.....	97
Winneconne, village.....	73	10	183	.....	110
Wolf River.....	62	1	104	.....	42
Menasha, city:					
1st ward.....	195	1	156	.....	.....
2d ward.....	180	2	119	.....	.....
3d ward.....	90	4	128	.....	.....
4th ward.....	242	.....	97	.....	.....
Neenah, city:					
1st ward.....	133	8	250	.....	.....
2d ward.....	124	6	182	.....	.....
3d ward.....	162	8	228	.....	.....
4th ward.....	59	3	50	.....	.....
Oshkosh, city:					
1st ward.....	186	2	229	.....	.....
2d ward.....	259	3	238	.....	.....
3d ward.....	159	4	201	.....	.....
4th ward.....	312	11	297	.....	.....
5th ward.....	160	17	421	.....	.....
6th ward.....	310	4	221	.....	.....
7th ward.....	75	5	333	.....	.....
8th ward.....	265	7	236	.....	.....
9th ward.....	187	8	273	.....	.....
10th ward.....	195	9	355	.....	.....
11th ward.....	205	1	124	.....	.....
12th ward.....	150	7	206	.....	.....
13th ward.....	311	12	379	.....	.....
Total.....	5,288	216	7,748	251	2,711
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	251
					2,460

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total, vote.	William F. Gruene- wald, Dem.	James E. Thompson, Pro.	James H. Davidson, Rep.	Gruene- wald's Plu.	Davidson's Plu.
Calumet.....	3,467	1,898	26	1,543	355	.....
Fond du Lac*....	11,237	4,924	165	6,148	.....	1,224
Green Lake.....	3,736	1,569	62	2,105	.....	596
Manitowoc.....	8,472	4,003	63	4,406	.....	403
Marquette.....	2,292	808	.....	1,484	.....	676
Waushara.....	3,763	454	94	3,215	.....	2,761
Winnebago.....	13,252	5,288	216	7,748	.....	2,460
Totals.....	46,219	18,944	626	26,649	355	8,090 355
Davidson's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,705

*Fond du Lac county cast 1 vote for F. F. Mayhan for member of Congress, not included in above.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896—Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Henderson, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Soc. Labor.
Calumet.....	1,897	27	1,539	.....	1
Fond du Lac.....	5,033	170	6,089	4	7
Green Lake.....	1,581	62	2,091	.....	4
Manitowoc.....	3,995	65	4,401	11	12
Marquette.....	840	23	1,475	1	.....
Waushara.....	470	105	3,207	4	.....
Winnebago.....	5,213	213	7,835	11	14
Totals.....	19,029	665	2,637	31	38

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Caleb M. Hilliard, Dem.	James H. Moseley, Pro.	Michael Griffin, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BUFFALO COUNTY—					
Alma.....	83		69	14	
Alma, city:					
1st ward.....	63 }		51 }		
2d ward.....	33 }	142	40 }	152	10
3d ward.....	46 }		61 }		
Belvidere.....	109		48	61	
Buffalo.....	75		42	33	
Buffalo, city.....	46		10	36	
Canton.....	49		133		84
Cross.....	50		62		12
Dover.....	24		160		136
Fountain City, city:					
1st ward.....	41 }		67 }		
2d ward.....	50 }	91	69 }	136	45
Gilmanton.....	31		145		114
Glencoe.....	95		72	23	
Lincoln.....	77		55	22	
Maxville.....	54		83		29
Milton.....	37		96	1	
Modena.....	25		157		132
Mondovi.....	24		150		126
Mondovi, city:					
1st ward.....	8 }		106 }		
2d ward.....	17 }	25	132 }	238	213
Montana.....	49		64		15
Naples.....	10		189		179
Nelson.....	105		242		137
Waumandee.....	93		79	14	
Total.....	1,294		2,322	204	1,232
Republican plurality.....					1,028
EAU CLAIRE COUNTY—					
Altoona, city:					
1st ward.....	27 }	53	31 }	93	40
2d ward.....	26 }		62 }		
Augusta.....	114	19	193		79
Eau Claire, city:					
1st ward.....	141	3 }	138 }		
2d ward.....	155	14 }	258 }		
3d ward.....	98	12 }	363 }		
4th ward.....	63	8 }	164 }		
5th ward.....	137	15 }	202 }		
6th ward.....	132	9 }	259 }	2,539	1,234
7th ward.....	137	27 }	297 }		
8th ward.....	173	6 }	333 }		
9th ward.....	135	13 }	264 }		
10th ward.....	134	2 }	206 }		
Bridge Creek.....	137	5	141		4
Brunswick.....	72	5	249		177
Clear Creek.....	56	3	89		33
Drammen.....	7	4	146		139
Fairchild.....	59	4	228		169
Lincoln.....	210	3	129	81	
Ludington.....	37	3	80		43
Otter Creek.....	37	4	120		83
Pleasant Valley.....	39	9	164		125
Seymour.....	40	4	45		5
Union.....	96	7	99		3
Washington.....	83	12	166		83
Total.....	2,345	201	4,481	81	2,217
Republican plurality.....					81
					2,136

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Caleb M. Hilliard, Dem.	Dr. Jas. H. Moseley, Pro.	Michael Griffin, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
JACKSON COUNTY—					
Albion	43	5	270	.....	227
Alma	80	7	353	.....	273
Bear Bluff	4	.....	25	.....	21
Bröckway	17	2	70	.....	53
Black River Falls, 1st ward	10	10	93	.....	.....
2d ward	7	4	78	.....	.....
3d ward	17	4	66	.....	267
4th ward	40	.....	104	.....	.....
City Point	12	.....	34	.....	22
Cleveland	88	.....	67	21	.....
Curran	12	2	149	.....	137
Franklin	18	3	121	.....	103
Garden Valley	51	.....	121	.....	70
Garfield	34	16	96	.....	62
Hixon	46	18	142	.....	96
Irving	76	2	152	.....	76
Knapp	9	1	42	.....	33
Manchester	37	3	89	.....	52
Melrose	90	11	221	.....	131
Millston	36	.....	60	.....	24
Northfield	30	7	167	.....	137
Springfield	18	5	204	.....	186
Total	775	100	2,724	21	1,970 21
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,949
LA CROSSE COUNTY—					
Barre	68	1	50	18	.....
Bangor	71	21	226	.....	155
Burns	88	20	165	.....	77
Campbell	91	2	148	.....	57
Farmington	123	3	288	.....	165
Greenfield	51	.....	89	.....	38
Holland	26	9	221	.....	195
Hamilton	119	16	416	.....	297
Onalaska	49	9	200	.....	151
Shelby	118	7	91	27	.....
Washington	72	.....	86	.....	14
La Crosse, city:					
1st ward	164	4	210	.....	.....
2d ward	140	3	236	.....	.....
3d ward	145	4	231	.....	.....
4th ward	64	7	257	.....	.....
5th ward	111	2	189	.....	.....
6th ward	73	3	224	.....	.....
7th ward	75	8	203	.....	.....
8th ward	243	6	215	.....	.....
9th ward	80	12	290	.....	.....
10th ward	90	8	281	.....	.....
11th ward	109	2	150	4,009	1,832
12th ward	119	4	127	.....	.....
13th ward	90	2	202	.....	.....
14th ward	73	6	218	.....	.....
15th ward	176	3	129	.....	.....
16th ward	32	3	115	.....	.....
17th ward	137	4	206	.....	.....
18th ward	149	4	190	.....	.....
19th ward	53	3	175	.....	.....
20th ward	54	1	161	.....	.....
Onalaska, city:					
1st ward	13	.....	91	.....	.....
2d ward	25	7	110	283	226
3d ward	19	1	82	.....	.....
Total	3,110	185	6,272	45	3,207 45
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,162

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Caleb M. Hilliard, Dem.	Dr. Jas. H. Moseley, Pro.	Michael Griffin, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MONROE COUNTY—					
Adrian.....	47	5	104	.....	57
Angelo.....	35	5	113	.....	83
Byron.....	57	3	95	.....	38
Clifton.....	125	.....	107	18	.....
Glendale.....	65	2	176	.....	111
Greenfield.....	85	3	82	3	.....
Jefferson.....	168	5	54	114	.....
Lafayette.....	48	.....	65	.....	17
Lincoln.....	45	4	249	.....	204
La Grange.....	38	6	138	.....	100
Leon.....	60	1	136	.....	76
Little Falls.....	137	5	147	.....	10
New Lyme.....	9	.....	34	.....	25
Oakdale.....	98	2	67	31	.....
Portland.....	51	8	190	.....	139
Ridgeville.....	83	1	126	.....	43
Sheldon.....	90	4	110	.....	20
Sparta.....	135	13	153	.....	18
Tomah.....	98	2	79	19	.....
Wellington.....	108	.....	122	.....	14
Wells.....	82	.....	59	23	.....
Wilton.....	119	4	88	31	.....
Sparta, city:					
1st ward.....	63	5	146	.....	.....
2d ward.....	56	10	135	.....	.....
3d ward.....	82	4	129	.....	.....
4th ward.....	43	6	115	.....	.....
Tomah, city:					
1st ward.....	44	4	126	.....	.....
2d ward.....	96	9	150	.....	.....
3d ward.....	56	1	120	.....	.....
Cashton, village.....	32	1	70	.....	38
Kendall, village.....	32	2	70	.....	38
Norwalk, village.....	34	1	52	.....	18
Wilton, village.....	37	.....	65	.....	28
Total.....	2,358	116	3,677	239	1,558
Republican plurality.....					239
					1,319
PEPIN COUNTY—					
Albany.....	12	2	101	.....	89
Durand.....	23	1	47	.....	24
Durand, city.....					
1st ward.....	58	3	82	.....	.....
2d ward.....	50	13	117	.....	.....
Frankfort.....	20	6	156	.....	136
Lima.....	81	.....	63	18	.....
Pepin.....	62	7	311	.....	249
Stockholm.....	13	.....	158	.....	145
Waterville.....	115	6	229	.....	114
Waubesa.....	12	2	24	.....	12
Total.....	446	40	1,288	18	860
Republican plurality.....					18
					842
TREMPEALEAU COUNTY—					
Arcadia, 1st precinct.....	181	4	197	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	217	7	167	34	.....
Albion.....	32	0	207	.....	175
Burnside.....	187	7	127	60	.....
Caledonia.....	28	.....	66	.....	38
Chimney Rock.....	41	6	136	.....	95
Dodge.....	82	.....	11	71	.....
Ettrick.....	58	13	405	.....	347
Gale.....	99	19	396	.....	297
Hale.....	132	2	202	.....	70

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Caleb M. Hilliard, Dem.	Dr. Jas. H. Moseley Pro.	Michael Griffin, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.—Cont.					
Lincoln.....	74	11	194	.....	120
Preston.....	45	14	397	.....	352
Pigeon.....	50	12	197	.....	147
Sumner.....	41	8	211	.....	170
Trempealeau.....	78	20	256	.....	178
Unity.....	45	17	140	.....	95
Total.....	1,390	149	3,309	165	2,084
					165
Republican plurality.....					1,919

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN THE SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total Vote.	Caleb M. Hilliard, Dem.	James H. Moseley, Pro.	Michael Griffin, Rep.	Hilliard's Plu.	Griffin's Plu.
Buffalo....	3,616	1,294	.....	2,322	.....	1,028
Eau Claire.....	7,027	2,345	201	4,481	.....	2,136
Jackson.....	3,599	775	100	2,724	.....	1,949
La Crosse.....	9,567	3,110	185	6,272	.....	3,162
Monroe.....	6,151	2,358	116	3,677	.....	1,319
Pepin*.....	1,774	446	40	1,288	.....	842
Trempealeau.....	4,848	1,390	149	3,309	.....	1,919
Totals.....	36,582	11,718	791	24,073	.....	12,355
						
Griffin's plurality.....						12,355

*Pepin county cast one vote for J. D. Eldridge for member of congress, not included in above.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896—Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Silverthorn Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Henderson, Nat. Pro.	Tutthrop, Soc.Labor.
Buffalo.....	1,302	62	2,303	4	1
Eau Claire.....	2,397	230	4,447	3	1
Jackson*.....	792	108	2,707	6	2
La Crosse.....	3,215	204	6,201	7	8
Monroe.....	2,374	108	3,669	12	1
Pepin.....	442	42	1,295	1	1
Trempealeau.....	1,390	161	3,300	6	5
Totals.....	11,912	605	23,922	39	19

*Jackson county cast one vote for Ira B. Bradford for governor.

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

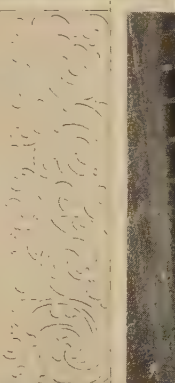
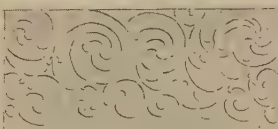
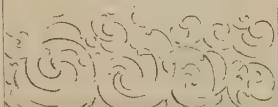
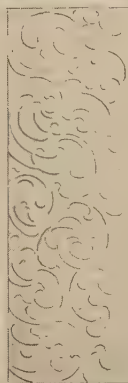
Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	George W. Cate, Dem.	John W. Evans, Pro.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BROWN COUNTY—					
Allouez.....	57		33	24	.....
Ashwaubenon.....	38	1	80	.....	42
Bellevue.....	91	1	56	35	.....
De Pere.....	127	2	53	74	.....
De Pere city:					
1st ward.....	90	7	158		
2d ward.....	127	10	98		
3d ward.....	107	3	153	517	126
4th ward.....	67		108		
Eaton.....	161	2	52	109	.....
Glenmore.....	163	4	122	41	.....
Green Bay.....	44	1	136	.....	92
Green Bay, city:					
1st ward.....	168	3	296	.....	128
2d ward.....	151	6	317		
3d ward.....	122	6	282		
4th ward.....	156	3	382		
5th ward.....	201	3	264		
6th ward, 1st precinct.....	134	4	149		
2d precinct.....	79	44	114	2,116	1,072
7th ward, 1st precinct.....	55	5	161		
2d precinct.....	40	2	107		
8th ward, 1st precinct.....	67	7	225		
2d precinct.....	39	2	115		
Holland.....	275		45	230	.....
Howard.....	89	3	184	.....	95
Humboldt.....	58	4	141	.....	83
Lawrence.....	91	2	142	.....	51
Morrison.....	144	4	297	.....	63
New Denmark.....	109	4	191	.....	82
Pittsfield.....	119	5	105	14	.....
Preble.....	127	4	206	.....	79
Rockland.....	101	2	70	31	.....
Scott.....	112	2	146	.....	34
Saumico.....	65	6	153	.....	93
Wrightstown.....	244	2	219	25	.....
Total.....	3,818	106	5,275	583	2,040 533
Republican plurality.....					1,457
DOOR COUNTY—					
Bailey's Harbor....	60	2	94	.....	34
Brussels.....	31		171	.....	140
Clay Banks.....	44	1	75	.....	31
Egg Harbor.....	76	3	83	.....	7
Forestville.....	78	6	153	.....	80
Gardner.....	59	2	102	.....	43
Gibraltar.....	40	3	192	.....	152
Jacksonport.....	14	1	181	.....	167
Liberty Grove.....	15	16	290	.....	275
Nasewaunee.....	93	1	135	.....	42
Sevastopol.....	112	2	129	.....	17
Sturgeon Bay.....	17		95	.....	78
Sturgeon Bay, city:					
1st precinct.....	167	8	351		
2d precinct.....	32	11	106	457	258
Union.....	20	2	87	.....	67
Washington.....	14	3	105	.....	91
Total.....	872	53	2,354	.....	1,482
Republican plurality.....					1,482
KEWAUNEE COUNTY—					
Ahnapee, city.....	87		232	.....	145
Ahnapee.....	114	2	122	.....	8
Carlton.....	136		180	.....	44
Casco.....	191		102	89	.....

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	George W. Cate, Dem.	John W. Evans, Pro.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
KEWAUNEE COUNTY—Continued.					
Franklin.....	246	2	68	178	.....
Kewaunee.....	205	1	152	53	.....
Lincoln.....	124	1	138	.....	14
Luxemburg.....	117	1	173	.....	56
Montpelier.....	131	.....	180	.....	49
Pierce.....	126	1	44	82	.....
Red River.....	24	2	259	.....	235
West Kewaunee.....	177	4	155	22	.....
Total.....	1,678	14	1,805	424	551 424
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	127
OUTAGAMIE COUNTY—					
Appleton, city:					
1st ward.....	129	34	423	.....	.....
2d ward, 1st precinct.....	182	8	272	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	86	6	160	.....	.....
3d ward.....	339	6	262	1,829	534
4th ward.....	161	4	155	.....	.....
5th ward.....	264	4	220	.....	.....
6th ward.....	134	7	332	.....	.....
Black Creek.....	81	7	211	.....	130
Bovina.....	41	2	192	.....	151
Buchanan.....	277	4	135	142	.....
Center.....	154	3	174	.....	20
Cicero.....	28	3	153	.....	125
Dale.....	162	7	143	19	.....
Deer Creek.....	97	6	123	.....	26
Ellington.....	106	15	162	.....	56
Freedom.....	195	1	170	25	.....
Grand Chute.....	167	4	167	.....	.....
Greenville.....	160	3	152	8	.....
Hortonia.....	54	3	92	.....	38
Hortonville, village.....	79	5	140	.....	61
Kaukauna.....	287	3	168	119	.....
Kaukauna, city:					
1st ward.....	111	..	141	.....	.....
2d ward.....	87	6	163	.....	.....
3d ward.....	172	2	155	672	150
4th ward.....	108	5	162	.....	.....
5th ward.....	44	..	51	.....	.....
Liberty.....	33	.....	88	.....	55
Maine.....	34	2	75	.....	41
Maple Creek.....	88	7	79	9	.....
New London, 3d ward.....	42	2	54	.....	12
Osborn.....	45	3	99	.....	54
Seymour.....	75	4	139	.....	64
Seymour, city:					
1st ward.....	38	..	87	.....	.....
2d ward.....	26	2	68	155	91
Total.....	4,086	168	5,372	322	1,603 322
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,286
PORTAGE COUNTY—					
Alban.....	54	1	134	.....	80
Almond.....	32	14	222	.....	190
Amherst.....	44	4	393	.....	349
Belmont.....	33	2	168	.....	135
Buena Vista.....	99	2	190	.....	91
Carson.....	136	1	91	45	.....
Eau Pleine.....	88	8	82	6	.....
Grant.....	26	2	78	.....	52
Hull.....	305	1	45	280	.....
Lanark.....	61	4	171	.....	110
Linwood.....	36	1	70	.....	34

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	George W. Cate, Dem.	John W. Evans, Pro.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
PORTAGE COUNTY—Continued.					
New Hope.....	44	7	220	.....	176
Pine Grove.....	14	1	128	.....	114
Plover.....	117	10	294	.....	177
Stockton.....	198	1	87	111	.....
Sharon.....	530	1	31	499	.....
Stevens Point.....	176	1	46	130	.....
Stevens Point, city:					
1st ward.....	139	1	202		
2d ward.....	160	5	228		
3d ward.....	151	4	172		
4th ward.....	356	4	89	987	4
5th ward.....	131	4	195		
6th ward.....	54	4	101		
Total.....	2,984	75	3,437	1,055	1,508
Republican plurality.....					1,055
					453
WAUPACA COUNTY—					
Clintonville, city.....	108	13	249	.....	141
New London, city:					
1st ward.....	65	2	74		
2d ward.....	41	2	78		
4th ward.....	34	2	92	313	160
5th ward.....	13	2	69		
Waupaca, city.....	115	33	549	.....	434
Embarrass, village.....	9	3	47	.....	38
Freemont, village.....	14	1	54	.....	40
Iola, village.....	9	3	97	.....	88
Scandinavia, village.....	5	3	70	.....	65
Weyauwega, village.....	106	19	105	1	.....
Bear Creek.....	90	3	133	.....	43
Caledonia.....	58	1	140	.....	82
Dayton.....	40	13	211	.....	171
Dupont.....	37	2	274	.....	237
Farmington.....	31	6	406	.....	375
Freemont.....	31	2	66	.....	35
Harrison.....	9	.....	92	.....	83
Helvetia.....	3	1	113	.....	110
Iola.....	1	4	231	.....	230
Larrabee.....	64	3	201	.....	137
Lebanon.....	150	.....	79	71	.....
Lind.....	58	6	203	.....	145
Little Wolf.....	112	2	318	.....	206
Matteson.....	9	3	137	.....	128
Mukwa.....	68	9	141	.....	73
Royalton.....	69	6	192	.....	123
Scandinavia.....	.....	4	265	.....	265
St. Lawrence.....	26	.....	261	.....	235
Union.....	49	3	186	.....	137
Waupaca.....	46	10	175	.....	129
Weyauwega.....	56	5	72	.....	16
Wyoming.....	19	.....	65	.....	46
Total.....	1,545	164	5,445	72	3,972
Republican plurality.....					72
					3,900
WOOD COUNTY—					
Auburndale.....	35	.....	117	.....	82
Auburndale, village.....	8	.....	34	.....	26
Centralia, city:					
1st ward.....	27	.....	34	.....	.....
2d ward.....	85	.....	104	233	39
3d ward.....	82	.....	95	.....	.....
Grand Rapids, city:					
1st ward.....	58	.....	52	.....	.....
2d ward.....	46	.....	102	.....	.....
3d ward.....	45	178	65	305	127
4th ward.....	29	.....	86	.....	.....



WISCONSIN VETERANS' HOME, WAUPACA.

HENRY GUGLER, CO., MILWAUKEE.

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	George W. Cate, Dem.	John W. Evans, Pro.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WOOD COUNTY—Continued.					
Grand Rapids.....	77	.....	126	.....	49
Lincoln.....	67	.....	100	.....	33
Marshfield, city:					
1st ward.....	123	.....	51	.....	.....
2d ward.....	62	.....	52	.....	.....
3d ward.....	86	.....	128	439	23
4th ward.....	86	.....	88	.....	.....
5th ward.....	64	.....	99	.....	.....
6th ward.....	41	.....	21	.....	.....
Marshfield.....	86	.....	53	33	.....
Milladore.....	89	.....	79	10	.....
Nekoosa, village.....	37	.....	103	.....	66
Port Edwards.....	60	.....	123	.....	63
Pittsville, city					
1st ward.....	11	.....	60	.....	.....
2d ward.....	5	.....	18	.....	68
3d ward.....	8	.....	14	.....	.....
Remington.....	55	.....	102	.....	47
Richfield.....	13	.....	56	.....	43
Rudolph.....	107	.....	117	.....	10
Rock.....	26	.....	99	.....	73
Sherry.....	21	.....	100	.....	79
Seigel.....	151	.....	130	21	.....
Saratoga.....	25	.....	63	.....	38
Soneca.....	58	.....	97	.....	39
Vesper.....	25	.....	38	.....	13
Wood.....	64	.....	177	.....	113
Total.....	1,862	.....	2,783	87	1,008
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	87
					921

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	George W. Cate, Dem.	John W. Evans, Pro.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Cate's Plu.	Minor's Plu.
Brown	9,199	3,818	106	5,275	.....	1,457
Door	6,279	872	53	2,354	.....	1,482
Kewaunee	3,497	1,678	14	1,805	.....	127
Outagamie	9,626	4,086	163	5,372	.....	1,286
Portage	6,496	2,984	75	3,437	.....	453
Waupaca	7,154	1,545	164	5,445	.....	3,900
Wood*	4,645	1,862	.....	2,783	.....	921
Totals	46,896	16,845	580	26,471	.....	9,626
Minor's Plu. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,626

*Wood county cast four votes for Nelson H. Kendall for member of congress, not included in above.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Soc. Labor
Brown	3,870	88	5,324	32	5
Door	897	43	2,402	1	.....
Kewaunee	1,702	14	1,812	.....	8
Outagamie	4,196	150	5,379	26	2
Portage	2,955	85	3,476	6	3
Waupaca	1,593	139	5,456	32	6
Wood	1,952	52	2,766	6	.....
Totals	17,165	576	26,625	103	24

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	William W. O'Keefe, Dem.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ASHLAND COUNTY—				
Ashland, city:				
1st precinct.....	70	279		
2d precinct.....	69	182		
3d precinct.....	133	366		
4th precinct.....	100	165		
5th precinct.....	95	129		
6th precinct.....	123	160	1,900	661
7th precinct.....	129	182		
8th precinct.....	206	188		
9th precinct.....	144	122		
10th precinct.....	115	147		
Ashland, town—1st precinct.....	67	53		
2d precinct.....	72	104	252	40
3d precinct.....	6	16		
4th precinct.....	67	79		
Butternut.....	111	181		70
Jacobs.....	76	186		110
La Pointe.....	27	26	1	
Morse—1st precinct.....	89	100		
2d precinct.....	19	49	174	42
3d precinct.....	24	25		
Total.....	1,797	2,719	1	923
Republican plurality.....				1
				922
CLARK COUNTY—				
Abbotsford.....	20	60		40
Beaver.....	15	84		69
Colby.....	38	91		53
Colby, city, west ward.....	30	63		33
Eaton.....	45	64		19
Freemont.....	12	121		109
Grant.....	45	189		144
Green Grove.....	5	59		54
Greenwood.....	35	111		73
Hawitt.....	11	37		26
Hixon.....	92	141		49
Hoard.....	23	73		50
Levas.....	35	75		40
Loyal.....	39	157		118
Loyal, village.....	24	85		61
Lynn.....	20	81		61
Mayville.....	51	223		172
Mead.....	3	10		7
Mentor.....	55	139		84
Neillsville.....	153	308		155
Pine Valley.....	64	148		84
Reseburg.....	38	65		27
Sherman.....	27	113		86
Sherwood Forest.....	6	42		36
Thorp.....	31	83		52
Thorp, village.....	59	104		45
Unity.....	37	95		58
Warner.....	33	89		56
Washburn.....	35	63		28
Weston, west precinct.....	61	32		
east precinct.....	46	71	4	
Withee.....	77	31	46	
Worden.....	29	43		14
York.....	39	152		113
Total.....	1,336	3,302	50	2,016
Republican plurality.....				50
				1,966

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	William W. O'Keefe, Dem.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
FLORENCE COUNTY—				
Commonwealth.....	28	138	.....	110
Florence.....	85	271	.....	186
Homestead.....	21	62	.....	41
Total.....	134	471	.....	337
Republican plurality.....				337
FOREST COUNTY—				
Crandon, 1st precinct.....	24 } 8 }	45 } 32 }	.....	107
2d precinct.....	68	175	.....	
3d precinct.....	36 } 32 }	98 } 156 }	.....	130
Gagen, 1st precinct.....	21 }	56 }	186	.....
2d precinct.....	32 }	30 }	39	10
Pelican Lake, 1st precinct.....	49	39	10	.....
Total.....	173	400	10	237 10
Republican plurality.....				227
IRON COUNTY—				
Vaughn—1st precinct.....	136 }	213 }	.....	499
2d precinct.....	86 }	226 }	.....	
3d precinct.....	83 }	110 }	852	.....
4th precinct.....	16 }	109 }	.....	
5th precinct.....	32 }	194 }	.....	
Knight—1st precinct.....	63 }	233 }	277	177
2d precinct.....	32 }	44 }	.....	
Saxon.....	40	144	.....	104
Total.....	493	1,273	.....	780
Republican plurality.....				780
LANGLADE COUNTY—				
Ackley.....	67	65	2	.....
Antigo, city:				
1st ward.....	32 }	79 }	.....	
2d ward.....	40 }	126 }	.....	
3d ward.....	79 }	59 }	616	192
4th ward.....	115 }	121 }	.....	
5th ward.....	74 }	92 }	.....	
6th ward.....	75 }	139 }	.....	
Antigo.....	107	100	7	.....
Elcho.....	11	44	.....	33
Elton.....	6	30	.....	24
Evergreen.....	5	20	.....	15
Langlade.....	23	24	.....	1
Neva.....	75	44	31	.....
Norwood.....	88	100	.....	12
Parish.....	2	54	.....	52
Peck.....	10	34	.....	24
Polar.....	46	63	.....	17
Price.....	25	26	.....	1
Rolling.....	80	108	.....	28
Summit.....	22	19	3	.....
Upham.....	13	17	.....	4
Vilas.....	13	17	.....	4
Total.....	1,017	1,381	43	407 43
Republican plurality.....				364

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	William W. O'Keefe, Dem.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
LINCOLN COUNTY—				
Merrill, city:				
1st ward	132	70		
2d ward	81	85		
3d ward	147	135		
4th ward	167	214	945	100
5th ward	123	145		
6th ward	202	129		
7th ward	193	167		
Tomahawk, city:				
1st ward	78	62		
2d ward	61	59		
3d ward	68	73	300	
4th ward	82	106		11
Corning	60	29	31	
Harrison	10	32		22
Merrill	81	80	1	
Pine River	121	92	29	
Rock Falls	65	100		35
Russell	40	70		30
Scott	113	66	47	
Total	1,824	1,714	208 98	98
Democratic plurality			110	
MARATHON COUNTY—				
Bergen	20	56		36
Berlin	117	104	13	
Brighton	61	57	4	
Cleveland	64	79		15
Cassel	140	60	80	
Colby, city, east ward	16	31		15
Day	112	30	82	
Easton	84	99		15
Eau Pleine	53	97		44
Eldron	14	70		56
Emmet	112	34	78	
Frankfort	44	41	3	
Halsey	136	82	54	
Hamburg	80	68	12	
Harrison	18	34		16
Hewett	11	37		26
Hatton	55	118		63
Hull	74	69	5	
Johnson	73	41	32	
Knowlton	13	59		46
Kronenwetter	41	43		2
Maine	146	86	60	
Marathon	95	22	73	
Marathon, village	73	35	38	
McMillan	90	74	16	
McMillan, village	6	37		31
Mosinee	18	31		13
Mosinee, village	45	112		67
Norrie	29	94		65
Pike Lake	111	60	51	
Plover	31	30	1	
Rib Falls	52	76		24
Rietbrock	118	76	42	
Spencer	58	107		49
Stetton	123	71	52	
Texas	92	80	12	
Wausau	125	99	26	
Weston	162	166		4
Wien	31	137		106

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	William W. O'Keefe, Dem.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MARATHON COUNTY—Continued.				
Wausau, city:				
1st ward.....	169	146		
2d ward.....	154	155		
3d ward.....	181	137		
4th ward.....	73	160	1,393	368
5th ward.....	205	325		
6th ward.....	174	220		
7th ward.....	119	250		
Total.....	3,768	4,095	734	1,061
Republican plurality.....				734
				327
MARINETTE COUNTY—				
Marinette, city:				
1st ward.....	289	346		
2d ward.....	281	439		
3d ward.....	213	519	2,167	891
4th ward.....	313	456		
5th ward.....	100	407		
Peshtigo, 1st precinct.....	163	435		
2d precinct.....	9	35		
3d precinct.....	8	114	818	561
4th precinct.....	53	154		
5th precinct.....	24	80		
Amberg, 1st precinct.....	25	129		
2d precinct.....	20	92	265	209
3d precinct.....	11	44		
Colman.....	105	347		242
Grover.....	59	289		230
Porterfield.....	41	144		103
Wausaukee.....	96	228		132
Total.....	1,890	4,258		2,368
Republican plurality.....				2,368
OCONTO COUNTY—				
Armstrong.....	33	58		20
Brazon.....	27	20	7	
Chase.....	65	182		117
Gillett.....	39	176		137
How.....	53	97		44
Lena.....	77	71	6	
Little River.....	58	154		96
Little Suamico.....	62	82		20
Maple Valley.....	91	95		4
Oconto.....	110	164		54
Oconto Falls.....	61	157		96
Oconto, city:				
east ward.....	128	288		
north ward.....	94	176		
south ward.....	118	317	302	470
west ward.....	92	121		
Pensaukee, 1st precinct.....	14	164		
2d precinct.....	19	84	369	327
3d precinct.....	9	121		
Spruce.....	87	89		3
Styles.....	66	137		71
Underhill.....	13	79		66
Total.....	1,321	2,832	13	1,524
Republican plurality.....				13
				1,511

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	William W. O'Keefe, Dem.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ONEIDA COUNTY—				
Hazelhurst, 1st precinct.....	19	164		
2d precinct.....	7	72		
3d precinct.....	14	61	385	297
4th precinct.....	28	68		
Pelican, 1st precinct.....	69	133		
2d precinct.....	16	10	169	71
3d precinct.....	13	26		
Rhineland, city:				
1st precinct.....	47	153		
2d precinct.....	57	141		
3d precinct.....	70	132	802	405
4th precinct.....	66	128		
5th precinct.....	107	152		
6th precinct.....	50	98		
Woodboro, 1st precinct.....	49	71		22
Total	612	1,407		795
Republican plurality.....				795
PRICE COUNTY—				
Brannan.....	23	76		53
Emery.....	24	35		11
Fifield.....	55	91		36
Georgetown.....	3	41		38
Hackett.....	15	43		28
Hill.....	14	31		17
Kennan.....	27	29		2
Knox.....	6	40		34
Lake.....	65	225		160
Ogema.....	18	237		219
Prentice.....	63	197		134
Worcester.....	58	112		54
Phillips, city:				
1st ward.....	65	125		
2d ward.....	57	97	296	110
3d ward.....	64	74		
Total	557	1,453		896
Republican plurality.....				896
SHAWANO COUNTY—				
Almon.....	19	104		85
Angelica.....	83	99		16
Amira.....	45	83		38
Belle Plain.....	124	115	9	
Biramwood.....	34	98		64
Biramwood, village.....	19	65		46
Fairbanks.....	35	102		67
Germania.....	9	37		28
Grant.....	59	140		81
Green Valley.....	36	157		121
Hartland.....	57	167		110
Herman.....	72	165		93
Hutchins.....	25	183		158
Lessor.....	53	139		81
Maple Grove.....	181	96	85	
Morris.....	4	127		123
Navarino.....	29	47		18
Pella.....	98	79	19	
Richmond.....	98	162		64
Seneca.....	21	62		41
Tigerton, village.....	17	94		77
Washington.....	141	123	18	
Waukechon.....	87	88		1
Wittenberg.....	36	157		121
Wittenberg, village.....	28	140		112

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	William W. O'Keefe, Dem.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SHAWANO COUNTY—Continued.				
Shawano, city:				
1st ward	87 }	78 }		
2d ward	50 }	57 }		
3d ward	43 }	62 }	197	17
Total	1,595	3,026	131	1,562 131
Republican plurality				1,431
TAYLOR COUNTY—				
Browning	39	43		4
Chelsea	75	73	2	
Deer Creek	58	85		27
Greenwood	43	25	18	
Grover, 1st precinct	45 }	166 }		
2d precinct	1 }	15 }	181	135
Holway	16	34		18
Little Black	109	158		49
Medford	126	114	12	
Medford, city:				
1st ward	43 }	98 }		
2d ward	45 }	45 }	224	105
3d ward	31 }	81 }		
Moliter, 1st precinct	17 }	16 }		41
2d precinct	4 }	46 }		
Rib Lake	50	249		199
Westboro	27	126		99
Total	729	1,374	32	677 32
Republican plurality				645
VILAS COUNTY—				
Eagle River—1st precinct	160 }	221 }		
2d precinct	11 }	38 }	259	88
Arbor Vitae, 1st precinct	35 }	193 }		
2d precinct	23 }	148 }	341	283
Minocqua	230	133	97	
Total	459	733	97	371 97
Republican plurality				274

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	William W. O'Keefe Dem.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	O'Keefe's Plu.	Stewart's Plu.
Ashland	4,516	1,797	2,719	.....	922
Clark	4,638	1,336	3,302	.....	1,966
Florence	605	134	471	.....	337
Forest	573	173	400	.....	227
Iron	1,766	493	1,273	.....	780
Langlade	2,398	1,017	1,381	.....	364
Lincoln	3,583	1,824	1,714	110	.....
Marathon	7,863	3,768	4,095	.....	327
Marinette	6,145	1,890	4,258	.....	2,368
Oconto	4,153	1,321	2,832	.....	1,511
Oneida	2,019	612	1,407	.....	795
Price	2,010	557	1,453	.....	896
Shawano	4,621	1,595	3,026	.....	1,431
Taylor	2,103	729	1,374	.....	645
Vilas	1,192	459	733	.....	274
Totals	48,140	17,705	30,438	110	12,843
					110
Alexander's, plurality					12,733

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Silverthorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Henderson, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Soc. Labor.
Ashland	1,784	59	2,700	4	15
Clark *	1,341	100	3,299	1	12
Florence *	122	5	491	.....	.....
Forest	169	15	408	2	.....
Iron	478	30	1,290	1	1
Langlade	1,018	22	1,394	.....	1
Lincoln	1,849	43	1,675	.....	3
Marathon	4,198	73	3,668	2	25
Marinette	1,808	76	4,358	2	9
Oconto	1,253	54	2,911	3	5
Oneida	604	30	1,405	.....	.....
Price	553	38	1,444	.....	6
Shawano	1,604	55	3,019	3	11
Taylor	739	20	1,355	4	2
Vilas	459	8	731	.....	.....
Totals	17,999	628	30,148	23	90

* For governor, Clark county cast 1 vote for Robert M. La Follette and 1 vote for Oscar Eisentrent; Florence county cast 1 vote for Robert M. La Follette; not shown above.

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frederick H. Remington, Dem.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BARRON COUNTY—				
Barron, city.....	53	213	.....	160
Chetek, city.....	20	86	.....	66
Cumberland, city.....	95	187	.....	92
Rice Lake, city:				
1st ward.....	31	109	.....	
2d ward.....	48	96	.....	
3d ward.....	49	55	.....	
4th ward.....	40	151	.....	243
Barron.....	46	72	.....	26
Cedar Lake.....	26	101	.....	75
Chetek.....	36	122	.....	86
Clinton.....	53	132	.....	79
Cumberland.....	155	222	.....	67
Dallas.....	85	171	.....	86
Dovre.....	47	110	.....	63
Maple Grove.....	63	205	.....	142
Oak Grove.....	95	39	56	.....
Prairie Farm.....	39	201	.....	162
Stanford.....	81	122	.....	41
Stanley.....	84	118	.....	34
Sumner.....	38	65	.....	27
Turtle Lake.....	159	130	29	.....
Vance Creek.....	13	68	.....	55
Total.....	1,356	2,775	85	1,504 85
Republican plurality.....				1,419
BAYFIELD COUNTY—				
Bayfield, 1st precinct.....	107	360	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	46	118	.....	325
Drummond.....	22	200	.....	178
Iron River, 1st precinct.....	159	270	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	30	12	.....	93
Mason.....	51	285	.....	234
Washburn, 1st precinct.....	151	402	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	3	22	.....	.....
3d precinct.....	189	510	.....	635
4th precinct.....	15	59	.....	.....
Total.....	773	2,238		1,465
Republican plurality.....				1,465
BURNETT COUNTY—				
Grantsburg, village.....	53	79	.....	26
Grantsburg.....	64	302	.....	238
Marshland.....	87	69	18	.....
Rusk.....	28	59	.....	31
Trade Lake.....	78	149	.....	71
Wood Lake.....	51	146	.....	95
Total.....	361	804	18	461 18
Republican plurality.....				443
CHIPPEWA COUNTY—				
Anson.....	59	74	.....	15
Arthur.....	58	97	.....	39
Auburn, 1st precinct.....	104	119	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	56	65	.....	24
Big Bend, 1st precinct.....	23	119	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	41	34	.....	149
3d precinct.....	8	68	.....	.....
Bloomer.....	248	318	.....	70
Cleveland.....	54	61	.....	7

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frederick H. Remington, Dem.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
CHIPPewa COUNTY—Continued.				
Colburn.....	58	52	6	.....
Eagle Point.....	165	104	61	.....
Edson, 1st precinct.....	279	125	522	90
2d precinct.....	153	396	.....	.....
Flambeau, 1st precinct.....	11	50	64	34
2d precinct.....	19	14	.....	.....
Lafayette.....	85	229	.....	144
Lawrence.....	32	93	.....	61
Siegel.....	64	139	.....	75
Tilden.....	186	105	81	.....
Wheaton.....	148	214	.....	66
Cadott, village.....	49	153	.....	104
Chippewa Falls, city:				
1st ward.....	99	115		
2d ward.....	174	103		
3d ward.....	192	178		
4th ward.....	52	90		
5th ward.....	115	115	961	103
6th ward.....	144	82	.....	.....
7th ward.....	91	54		
8th ward.....	62	94		
9th ward.....	74	73		
10th ward.....	61	57		
Total.....	2,964	3,591	251	878
Republican plurality.....				251
				627
DOUGLAS COUNTY—				
Brule, 1st precinct.....	30	102		
2d precinct.....	41	87	234	146
3d precinct.....	17	45		
Gordon.....	85	44		9
Nebagamain, 1st precinct.....	37	32		
2d precinct.....	..	..		
3d precinct.....	..	..		
4th precinct.....	2	3	237	74
5th precinct.....	56	65		
6th precinct.....	28	137		
Superior, 1st precinct.....	48	74		
2d precinct.....	24	52	168	47
3d precinct.....	49	42		
Superior, city:				
1st ward, 1st precinct.....	289	334		
2d precinct.....	127	73		
2d ward.....	95	208		
3d ward.....	139	222		
4th ward, 1st precinct.....	135	196		
2d precinct.....	193	179		
3d precinct.....	172	529	3,415	1,303
5th ward, east precinct.....	117	242		
west precinct.....	147	362		
6th ward, east precinct.....	217	238		
west precinct.....	115	252		
7th ward, 1st precinct.....	110	248		
2d precinct.....	98	199		
8th ward.....	158	344		
9th ward.....				
Total.....	2,519	4,098		1,579
Republican plurality.....				1,579
DUNN COUNTY—				
Colfax.....	36	164		128
Dunn.....	101	174		73
Eau Galle.....	129	173		44
Elk Mound.....	34	123		89
Grant.....	38	101		63
Hay River.....	30	80		50

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frederick H. Reming- ton, Dem.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DUNN COUNTY—Continued.				
Lucas	66	114	.....	48
Menomonie	91	223	.....	137
Menomonie, city:				
1st ward	25	138	.....	
2d ward	77	172	.....	
3d ward	36	195	.....	503
4th ward	64	205	.....	
New Haven	27	89	.....	62
Otter Creek	20	48	.....	28
Peru	7	70	.....	63
Red Cedar	73	161	.....	88
Rock Creek	19	146	.....	127
Sand Creek	30	113	.....	83
Sheridan	23	92	.....	69
Sherman	31	118	.....	87
Spring Brook	103	152	.....	49
Stanton	95	166	.....	71
Tainter	29	65	.....	36
Tiffany	134	131	3	.....
Weston	88	73	15	.....
Wilson	16	71	.....	55
Total	1,422	3,362	18	1,958
Republican plurality				18
				1,940
PIERCE COUNTY—				
Clifton	44	98	.....	54
Diamond Bluff	34	95	.....	61
Ellsworth	10	192	.....	90
El Paso	91	103	.....	12
Gilman	46	232	.....	186
Hartland	71	194	.....	123
Isabelle	22	56	.....	34
Martell	28	278	.....	250
Maiden Rock	22	247	.....	225
Oak Grove	62	112	.....	50
River Falls	113	173	.....	60
Rock Elm	75	220	.....	145
Spring Lake	84	170	.....	86
Salina	60	149	.....	89
Trenton	82	151	.....	69
Trimbelle	100	264	.....	164
Union	74	220	.....	146
Ellsworth, village	76	160	.....	84
Maiden Rock, village	14	62	.....	48
Spring Valley, village	40	112	.....	72
Prescott, city:				
1st ward	21	35	.....	
2d ward	31	38	.....	32
3d ward	23	44	.....	
River Falls, city, 2d district	99	301	.....	202
Total	1,424	3,706	.....	2,282
Republican plurality .....				.....
				2,282
POLK COUNTY—				
Alden, 1st district	67	171	.....	211
2d district	16	123	.....	
Apple River	7	101	.....	94
Balsam Lake	31	100	.....	69
Beaver	33	65	.....	32
Black Brook	43	132	.....	89
Bone Lake	23	10	13	.....
Clam Falls	16	23	.....	12
Clayton	54	130	.....	76
Clear Lake	28	109	.....	81

* TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frederick H. Reming- ton, Dem.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
POLK COUNTY—Continued.				
Eureka.....	11	198	.....	187
Farmington.....	69	175	.....	106
Garfield.....	35	125	.....	90
Georgetown.....	6	31	.....	25
Johnstown.....	6	24	.....	18
Laketown.....	37	121	.....	84
Lincoln.....	44	142	.....	98
Loraine.....	21	51	.....	30
Luck.....	22	69	.....	47
Milltown.....	37	104	.....	67
Osceola.....	46	173	.....	127
St. Croix Falls.....	38	63	.....	25
Sterling.....	28	122	.....	94
West Sweden.....	35	27	8	.....
Amery, village.....	38	163	.....	125
Clear Lake, village.....	39	98	.....	59
Osceola, village.....	40	83	.....	43
St. Croix Falls, village.....	27	104	.....	77
Total.....	897	2,842	21	1,966
Republican plurality.....				21
				1,945
ST. CROIX COUNTY—				
Baldwin.....	99	342	.....	243
Cady.....	70	138	.....	68
Ceylon.....	73	144	.....	71
Eau Galle.....	69	167	.....	98
Emerald.....	104	90	.....	.....
Erin.....	232	13	219	.....
Forest.....	29	26	9	.....
Glenwood.....	42	56	.....	14
Hammond.....	99	128	.....	29
Hudson.....	87	105	.....	18
Kinnickinnic.....	71	109	.....	38
Pleasant Valley.....	35	90	.....	55
Richmond.....	103	71	32	.....
Rush River.....	38	142	.....	104
Somerset.....	114	147	.....	33
Springfield.....	124	147	.....	23
Stanton.....	146	54	92	.....
Star Prairie.....	39	184	.....	145
St. Joseph.....	119	87	32	.....
Troy.....	51	123	.....	72
Warren.....	110	102	8	.....
Glenwood, city:				
1st ward.....	24	51		
2d ward.....	46	45		
3d ward.....	36	63	221	89
4th ward.....	26	62		
Hudson, city:				
1st ward.....	73	74		
2d ward.....	114	178	412	70
3d ward.....	155	160		
New Richmond, city:				
1st ward.....	42	82		
2d ward.....	63	48	272	151
3d ward.....	16	92		
River Falls, city:				
1st ward.....	5	29		24
Hammond, village.....	37	60		23
Total.....	2,491	3,453	406	1,368
Republican plurality.....				406
				962

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frederick H. Remington, Dem.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SAWYER COUNTY—				
Hayward, 1st precinct.....	216 }	402 }		
2d precinct.....	120 }	45 }		
3d precinct.....	32 }	62 }		
Total.....	368	509		141
Republican plurality.....				141
WASHBURN COUNTY—				
Bashaw.....	23	83		60
Long Lake.....	16	43		27
Minong.....	19	58		39
Shell Lake.....	72	350		308
Spooner, 1st precinct.....	65 }	128 }		
2d precinct.....	23 }	43 }		
Veazie.....	30	36		6
Total.....	248	771		523
Republican plurality.....				523

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	Frederick H. Remington, Dem.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Remington's Plu.	Jenkins' Plu.
Barron*	4,131	1,356	2,775		1,419
Bayfield	3,011	773	2,238		1,465
Burnett	1,165	361	804		443
Chippewa*	6,555	2,964	3,591		627
Douglas	6,617	2,519	4,098		1,579
Dunn	4,784	1,422	3,362		1,940
Pierce*	5,130	1,424	3,706		2,282
Polk	3,739	897	2,842		1,945
St. Croix*	5,944	2,491	3,453		962
Sawyer	877	368	509		141
Washburn	1,019	248	771		523
Totals	42,972	14,823	28,149		13,326
Jenkins' plurality					13,326

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Silverthorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Henderson, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.
Barron	1,328	165	2,765	4	
Bayfield	776	46	2,224	1	5
Burnett	355	28	807	1	3
Chippewa	2,965	89	3,567	2	6
Douglas	2,498	87	4,113	5	8
Dunn	1,430	143	3,340	2	5
Pierce*	1,415	182	3,697	2	3
Polk	886	65	2,843	1	3
St. Croix	2,479	187	3,424	4	6
Sawyer	371	27	508		
Washburn	253	22	765		2
Totals	14,756	1,041	28,076	22	41

* For member of congress, William Johnson received 2 votes in Barron county and 1 in St. Croix county; Peter A. Oscar received 1 vote in Chippewa county, 4 in Pierce county and 16 in St. Croix county; Andrew Julian received 1 vote in Pierce county; M. M. Sanderson received 1 vote in Pierce county. Total, 26 votes for member of congress not included in above. For governor, Pierce county cast one vote for M. M. Sanderson.

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

TABULAR STATEMENT

Of the votes given for state officers, by counties, at the general election held on the 3d day of November, A. D. 1896, as returned by the county clerks.

COUNTIES.	Governor.						Lieutenant-Governor.					
	Willis C. Silver-thorn.	Joshua H. Berkey.	Edward Scofield.	Robert Henders n.	Christ. Tutrop.	Scattering.	Horatio H. Hoard.	Ephraim McClelln Eaton.	Emil Baensch.	Henry Reese.	Scattering.	
Adams	397	27	1,427	.....	.....	.....	397	26	1,424	.....	1	
Ashland	1,784	59	2,700	4	15	.....	1,768	57	2,713	15	.....	
Barron	1,328	165	2,765	4	.....	.....	1,328	162	2,762	.....	.....	
Bayfield	776	46	2,224	1	5	.....	760	47	2,232	5	.....	
Brown	3,870	88	5,324	32	5	.....	3,871	86	5,283	5	.....	
Buffalo	1,502	62	2,303	4	1	.....	1,300	58	2,308	1	.....	
Burnett	355	28	807	1	3	.....	353	28	808	3	.....	
Calumet	1,897	27	1,539	.....	1	.....	1,892	26	1,545	2	.....	
Chippewa	2,965	89	3,587	2	6	.....	2,963	796	3,586	6	.....	
Clark	1,311	100	3,299	1	12	2	1,339	99	3,303	10	1	
Columbia	2,457	303	4,746	12	5	.....	2,408	303	4,783	6	.....	
Crawford	1,526	41	2,307	2	2	.....	1,518	40	2,313	2	.....	
Dane	6,804	518	8,747	15	8	6	6,620	472	8,968	9	.....	
Dodge	5,019	108	5,573	9	4	.....	4,996	105	5,576	7	.....	
Dor	897	48	2,402	1	.....	.....	899	48	2,400	2	.....	
Douglas	2,498	87	4,113	5	8	.....	2,376	90	4,102	8	.....	
Dunn	1,430	143	3,340	2	5	.....	1,415	137	3,351	5	.....	
Eau Claire	2,397	220	4,447	3	1	.....	2,391	206	4,424	1	.....	
Florence	122	5	491	.....	.....	1	127	5	485	.....	.....	
Fond du Lac	5,033	170	6,089	4	7	.....	5,000	163	6,107	6	.....	
Forest	169	15	408	2	.....	.....	174	15	403	.....	.....	
Grant	3,685	205	5,281	6	3	.....	3,685	199	5,281	3	1	
Green	2,331	193	3,054	4	11	.....	2,331	169	3,069	12	.....	
Green Lake	1,581	62	2,091	.....	4	.....	1,573	60	2,095	4	.....	
Iowa	2,145	196	3,080	9	2	2	2,138	184	3,089	2	1	
Iron	478	30	1,290	1	1	.....	477	30	1,290	1	.....	
Jackson	792	108	2,707	6	2	1	786	105	2,711	2	.....	
Jefferson	3,672	150	4,275	3	3	.....	3,610	147	4,315	4	.....	
Juneau	1,714	64	2,805	7	8	.....	1,703	62	2,811	4	.....	
Kenosha	1,750	53	2,806	.....	5	1	1,746	49	2,811	5	.....	
Kewaunee	1,702	14	1,812	.....	.....	.....	1,699	194	1,629	.....	.....	
La Crosse	3,215	204	6,201	7	8	.....	3,170	193	6,240	8	.....	
Lafayette	2,265	119	2,910	4	1	.....	2,251	116	2,917	2	.....	
Langlade	1,018	22	1,394	.....	1	.....	999	21	1,396	1	.....	
Lincoln	1,849	43	1,675	.....	3	.....	1,832	42	1,681	2	.....	
Manitowoc	3,995	65	4,401	11	12	.....	3,900	64	4,486	11	.....	
Marathon	4,198	73	3,668	2	25	.....	3,934	76	3,899	27	.....	
Marinette	1,803	76	4,358	2	9	.....	1,852	124	4,239	10	.....	
Marquette	840	23	1,475	1	.....	.....	837	24	1,472	.....	.....	
Milwaukee	27,464	643	35,463	40	679	.....	27,167	647	35,660	664	.....	
Monroe	2,374	108	3,669	12	1	.....	2,366	106	3,674	1	.....	
Oconto	1,253	54	2,911	3	5	.....	1,306	55	2,841	8	.....	
Oneida	604	30	1,405	.....	.....	.....	583	28	1,414	.....	.....	
Outagamie	4,196	150	5,379	26	8	.....	4,175	145	5,388	.....	.....	
Ozaukee	1,988	29	1,546	1	10	.....	1,983	29	1,536	11	.....	
Pepin	442	42	1,295	1	1	.....	442	38	1,298	1	.....	
Pierce	1,415	182	3,697	2	3	1	1,409	168	3,710	3	.....	
Polk	886	65	2,846	1	3	.....	886	64	2,848	1	.....	
Portage	2,955	85	3,476	6	2	.....	2,934	84	3,495	3	.....	
Price	553	38	1,444	1	6	.....	551	37	1,441	7	.....	
Racine	4,101	241	5,733	19	5	.....	4,064	242	5,749	5	.....	
Richland	2,088	138	2,635	1	2	.....	2,081	135	2,637	2	.....	
Rock	3,657	292	8,224	4	10	.....	3,648	278	8,224	10	.....	



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE

HON. JOHN C. SPOONER,
United States Senator. (Term commencing March 4, 1897.)

TABULAR STATEMENT OF VOTES FOR STATE OFFICERS, NOV. 3, 1896—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Governor.						Lieutenant-Governor.					
	Willis C. Silverthorn.	Joshua H. Benkey.	Edward Scofield.	Robert Hendersh.n.	Christ. Tutuop.	Scattering.	Horatio H. Hoard.	Ephraim Llewellyn Eaton.	Emil Baensch.	Henry Reese.	Scattering.	
St. Croix	2,479	187	3,424	4	6	.....	2,476	173	3,427	7	.....	
Sauk	2,637	263	4,594	8	9	.....	2,623	263	4,591	9	.....	
Sawyer	371	27	506	.....	.....	.....	371	26	506	1	.....	
Shawano	1,604	55	3,019	3	11	.....	1,596	55	3,021	11	.....	
Sheboygan	3,426	88	6,543	18	313	.....	3,389	87	6,568	303	.....	
Taylor	759	20	1,355	4	2	.....	741	22	1,358	2	.....	
Trempealeau	1,390	161	3,300	6	5	.....	1,392	157	3,302	5	.....	
Vernon	1,638	94	4,378	4	3	2	1,629	99	4,382	3	.....	
Vilas	459	8	731	.....	.....	.....	443	7	743	1	.....	
Walworth	1,889	348	5,292	13	3	.....	1,885	333	5,308	3	.....	
Washburn	253	22	765	.....	2	.....	253	22	765	2	.....	
Washington	2,461	30	2,833	7	6	.....	2,452	26	2,832	6	.....	
Waukesha	3,282	177	5,331	3	2	.....	3,232	176	5,369	4	.....	
Waupaca	1,593	139	5,456	32	3	.....	1,577	136	5,468	4	.....	
Waushara	470	105	3,207	4	.....	.....	467	104	3,207	.....	.....	
Winnebago	5,213	213	7,835	11	14	.....	5,183	216	7,847	14	.....	
Wood	1,952	52	2,766	6	6	.....	1,918	54	2,788	6	.....	
Total.....	169,257	8,140	264,981	407	1,306	16	167,640	8,840	265,704	1,299	5	

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Secretary of State.					State Treasurer.				
	Cyrus M. Butt.	Eugene Bruce Knowlton.	Henry Casson.	Jacob Rummel.	Scattering.	William F. Pierstorff.	Lorenzo Crandall.	Sewall A. Peterson.	John Riedel.	Scattering.
Adams.....	396	26	1,427	.....	.....	395	26	1,428	.....	.....
Ashland.....	1,762	59	2,708	.....	15	1,759	60	2,704	.....	.....
Barron.....	1,380	164	2,761	.....	.....	1,318	160	2,778	.....	15
Bayfield.....	755	48	2,227	.....	5	790	49	2,223	.....	.....
Brown.....	3,871	98	5,287	.....	5	3,880	102	5,234	.....	.....
Buffalo.....	1,301	57	2,301	.....	1	1,298	62	2,303	.....	.....
Burnett.....	353	29	807	.....	4	351	28	809	.....	.....
Calumet.....	1,898	26	1,539	.....	2	1,897	26	1,537	.....	.....
Chippewa.....	2,956	86	3,591	.....	6	2,954	87	3,588	.....	1
Clark.....	1,328	100	3,304	.....	12	1,334	99	3,307	.....	.....
Columbia.....	2,416	299	4,772	.....	6	2,414	301	4,773	.....	.....
Crawford.....	1,506	44	2,325	.....	2	1,520	42	2,310	.....	.....
Dane.....	6,622	468	8,964	.....	10	6,615	470	8,962	.....	.....
Dodge.....	4,986	112	5,575	.....	7	4,985	115	5,585	.....	.....
Door.....	901	48	2,395	.....	2	895	48	2,398	.....	.....
Douglas.....	2,453	93	4,101	.....	8	2,454	93	4,100	.....	.....
Dunn.....	1,410	142	3,355	.....	6	1,400	146	3,366	.....	.....
Eau Claire.....	2,391	197	4,426	.....	1	2,382	195	4,442	.....	.....
Florence.....	126	5	486	.....	.....	126	5	486	.....	.....
Fond du Lac.....	4,989	163	6,101	.....	8	4,997	160	6,093	.....	1
Forest.....	174	17	403	.....	.....	174	17	403	.....	.....
Grant.....	3,684	203	5,282	.....	3	3,693	202	5,271	.....	.....
Green.....	2,328	166	3,071	.....	12	2,327	166	3,071	.....	.....
Green Lake.....	1,571	63	2,091	.....	4	1,572	63	2,093	.....	.....
Iowa.....	2,142	192	3,078	.....	2	2,143	193	3,079	.....	.....
Iron.....	478	31	1,237	.....	1	478	31	1,286	.....	1
Jackson.....	786	110	2,711	.....	3	785	110	2,713	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	3,602	149	4,313	.....	3	3,611	150	4,305	.....	.....
Juneau.....	1,699	67	2,816	.....	4	1,697	63	2,814	.....	.....
Kenosha.....	1,745	48	2,814	.....	5	1,748	47	2,812	.....	.....
Kewaunee.....	1,697	14	1,811	.....	.....	1,695	14	1,810	.....	.....
La Crosse.....	3,180	190	6,244	.....	7	3,177	196	6,227	.....	.....
Lafayette.....	2,251	115	2,916	.....	2	2,260	111	2,913	.....	.....
Langlade.....	1,000	20	1,399	.....	1	1,000	20	1,400	.....	.....
Lincoln.....	1,833	44	1,680	.....	2	1,834	44	1,684	.....	.....
Manitowoc.....	3,970	61	4,394	.....	11	3,991	63	4,388	.....	.....
Marathon.....	3,879	78	3,950	.....	26	3,911	76	3,921	.....	.....
Marinette.....	1,862	82	4,266	.....	10	1,862	83	4,285	.....	.....
Marquette.....	834	24	1,475	.....	.....	813	24	1,474	.....	.....
Milwaukee.....	27,133	666	35,672	.....	674	27,156	652	35,659	.....	680
Monroe.....	2,362	113	3,677	.....	1	2,363	113	3,674	.....	.....
Oconto.....	1,310	57	2,836	.....	7	1,314	56	2,837	.....	.....
Oneida.....	580	28	1,417	.....	.....	584	28	1,413	.....	.....
Ozaukee.....	4,167	171	5,389	.....	8	4,170	175	5,390	.....	.....
Pepin.....	1,983	29	1,532	.....	10	1,984	29	1,531	.....	.....
Pepin.....	442	39	1,298	.....	.....	441	41	1,297	.....	.....
Pierce.....	1,403	167	3,716	.....	3	1,398	169	3,715	.....	.....
Polk.....	881	66	2,847	.....	1	880	67	2,849	.....	.....
Portage.....	2,921	89	3,498	.....	3	2,920	90	3,497	.....	.....
Price.....	59	37	1,443	.....	7	551	37	1,441	.....	.....
Racine.....	4,050	245	5,754	.....	5	4,056	244	5,751	.....	.....
Richland.....	2,080	135	2,636	.....	2	2,084	137	2,639	.....	.....
Rock.....	3,636	274	8,232	.....	11	3,641	273	8,237	.....	.....
St. Croix.....	2,471	173	3,429	.....	6	2,472	182	3,425	.....	.....
Sauk.....	2,624	265	4,594	.....	9	2,627	268	4,589	.....	.....
Sawyer.....	369	26	507	.....	1	367	27	510	.....	.....
Shawano.....	1,596	56	3,018	.....	11	1,596	56	3,016	.....	.....
Sheboygan.....	3,392	106	6,552	.....	314	3,391	106	6,547	.....	.....
Taylor.....	736	24	1,353	.....	2	737	22	1,358	.....	.....
Trempealeau.....	1,393	159	3,301	.....	5	1,388	158	3,307	.....	.....
Vernon.....	1,676	99	4,352	.....	3	1,624	101	4,383	.....	.....
Vilas.....	441	8	741	.....	1	440	7	746	.....	.....
Walworth.....	1,881	336	5,308	.....	2	1,887	332	5,304	.....	.....
Washburn.....	252	22	765	.....	2	252	21	767	.....	.....
Washington.....	2,445	80	2,833	.....	6	2,445	29	2,831	.....	.....
Waukesha.....	3,231	168	5,375	.....	4	3,232	171	5,371	.....	.....
Waupaca.....	1,576	168	5,465	.....	5	1,573	168	5,470	.....	.....
Wausara.....	468	108	3,208	.....	1	468	109	3,209	.....	.....
Winnebago.....	5,168	227	7,834	.....	14	5,176	226	7,853	.....	.....
Wood.....	1,908	56	2,792	.....	6	1,904	59	2,799	.....	.....
Total.....	167,590	8,085	265,832	1,321	3	167,626	8,100	265,808	1,330	4

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Attorney General.						State Superintendent.					
	Henry I. Weed.	Albert E. Dixon.	William H. Mylrea.	George C. Jones.	Otto R. E. Gundersmann.	Scattering.	Francis Cleary.	William L. Morrison.	John Q. Emery.	Herman Seibt.	Scattering.	
Adams.....	394	19	1,427	9	.....	.....	391	26	1,428	.....	.....	
Ashland.....	1,757	3	2,711	59	.....	15	1,755	63	2,700	.....	.....	
Barron.....	1,328	16	2,758	148	.....	.....	1,225	165	2,762	17	.....	
Bayfield.....	759	.....	2,227	48	5	.....	759	46	2,224	.....	.....	
Brown.....	3,869	16	5,280	83	5	.....	3,880	94	5,277	5	.....	
Buffalo.....	1,300	33	2,302	27	.....	.....	1,293	61	2,306	5	.....	
Burnett.....	352	.....	805	30	3	.....	353	29	806	2	.....	
Calumet.....	1,895	10	1,541	16	2	.....	1,896	27	1,541	3	.....	
Chippewa.....	2,958	27	3,587	57	9	.....	2,958	86	3,586	.....	.....	
Clark.....	1,339	12	3,302	89	12	.....	1,334	112	3,298	12	.....	
Columbia.....	2,414	.....	4,768	296	9	.....	2,402	203	4,792	6	.....	
Crawford.....	1,523	14	2,309	29	1	.....	1,523	42	2,308	.....	.....	
Dane.....	6,611	.....	8,980	464	8	.....	6,586	460	9,002	2	.....	
Dodge.....	4,978	.....	5,534	93	7	.....	4,979	113	5,584	2	.....	
Door.....	898	16	2,398	34	.....	.....	895	48	2,398	.....	.....	
Douglas.....	2,451	20	4,096	75	8	.....	2,456	96	4,091	8	.....	
Dunn.....	1,408	.....	3,356	144	6	.....	1,406	144	3,358	6	.....	
Eau Claire.....	2,387	45	4,422	153	.....	.....	2,382	198	4,430	1	.....	
Florence.....	126	.....	486	5	.....	.....	127	5	486	.....	.....	
Fond du Lac.....	4,985	65	6,102	105	6	.....	4,986	165	6,114	7	.....	
Forest.....	176	1	401	16	.....	.....	175	18	402	.....	.....	
Grant.....	3,679	61	5,284	140	3	1	3,663	203	5,301	.....	.....	
Green.....	2,326	.....	3,069	166	12	.....	2,324	165	3,075	12	.....	
Green Lake.....	1,570	16	2,092	47	4	.....	1,563	63	2,093	4	.....	
Iowa.....	2,140	22	3,082	122	1	1	2,127	195	3,106	2	1	
Iron.....	478	4	1,286	28	.....	.....	478	31	1,287	1	.....	
Jackson.....	785	32	2,712	77	2	.....	788	109	2,707	2	.....	
Jefferson.....	3,600	17	4,299	125	11	.....	3,588	143	4,339	4	.....	
Juneau.....	1,697	.....	2,815	64	4	.....	1,689	89	2,800	4	.....	
Kenosha.....	1,750	.....	2,810	49	5	.....	1,733	45	2,828	4	.....	
Kewaunee.....	1,699	6	1,811	7	1	.....	1,700	13	1,810	5	.....	
La Crosse.....	3,176	68	6,240	120	7	.....	3,160	192	6,243	8	.....	
Lafayette.....	2,259	45	2,915	72	1	.....	2,261	117	2,915	1	.....	
Langlade.....	993	8	1,400	12	1	.....	997	20	1,402	.....	.....	
Lincoln.....	1,829	8	1,683	36	3	.....	1,833	45	1,677	2	.....	
Manitowoc.....	3,991	23	4,393	43	7	.....	3,990	62	4,388	8	.....	
Marathon.....	3,886	16	3,981	59	25	.....	3,891	77	3,940	26	.....	
Marquette.....	1,863	12	4,265	70	10	.....	1,864	82	4,263	10	.....	
Marquette.....	833	5	1,474	19	.....	.....	833	24	1,474	.....	.....	
Milwaukee.....	27,136	194	35,654	521	643	.....	27,089	668	35,692	683	.....	
Monroe.....	2,361	35	3,672	78	1	.....	2,360	116	3,677	1	.....	
Oconto.....	1,313	22	2,834	36	4	.....	1,313	55	2,834	7	.....	
Oncida.....	583	.....	1,414	28	.....	.....	587	28	1,410	.....	.....	
Outagamie.....	4,170	9	5,384	172	8	.....	4,170	175	5,383	8	.....	
Ozaukee.....	1,980	3	1,537	27	12	.....	1,969	29	1,530	11	.....	
Pepin.....	441	6	1,297	35	1	.....	442	40	1,297	1	.....	
Pierce.....	1,400	25	3,712	144	3	.....	1,397	166	3,719	3	.....	
Polk.....	881	31	2,848	34	1	.....	877	67	2,846	.....	1	
Portage.....	2,920	12	3,497	76	3	.....	2,917	94	3,496	3	.....	
Price.....	549	.....	1,443	37	7	1	550	36	1,442	7	.....	
Racine.....	4,065	.....	5,741	244	5	.....	4,057	245	5,740	5	.....	
Richland.....	2,085	20	2,636	115	.....	.....	2,082	132	2,640	2	.....	
Rock.....	3,647	15	8,232	259	11	.....	3,624	267	8,254	11	.....	
St. Croix.....	2,474	16	3,431	156	6	.....	2,469	171	3,434	6	.....	
Sauk.....	2,619	48	4,591	218	9	.....	2,614	270	4,591	9	.....	
Sawyer.....	369	2	508	25	.....	.....	363	27	508	.....	.....	
Shawano.....	1,599	3	3,010	51	11	.....	1,586	60	3,023	11	.....	
Sheboygan.....	3,392	9	6,546	109	302	.....	3,384	110	6,542	312	.....	
Taylor.....	736	.....	1,357	16	2	.....	735	21	1,360	2	.....	
Trempealeau.....	1,393	.....	3,302	158	5	.....	1,388	168	3,298	5	.....	
Vernon.....	1,623	4	4,385	98	3	.....	1,611	105	4,344	3	.....	
Vilas.....	438	.....	748	9	1	.....	437	7	748	1	.....	
Walworth.....	1,885	82	5,305	251	2	.....	1,888	333	5,299	2	.....	
Washburn.....	253	.....	765	22	2	.....	252	22	765	2	.....	
Washington.....	2,441	8	2,833	22	6	.....	2,444	33	2,833	6	.....	
Waukesha.....	3,228	40	5,373	134	4	.....	3,226	171	5,375	4	.....	
Waupaca.....	1,573	10	5,469	162	2	.....	1,572	172	5,466	4	.....	
Waushara.....	467	104	3,208	5	.....	.....	466	109	3,209	.....	.....	
Winnebago.....	5,315	18	7,710	212	13	.....	5,174	231	7,842	14	.....	
Wood.....	1,909	.....	2,792	58	6	.....	1,903	60	2,791	6	.....	
Total.....	167,707	1,359	285,690	6,755	1,266	3	167,319	8,064	265,940	1,322	2	

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Railroad Commissioner.						Commissioner of Insurance.					
	Charles F. Kalk.	Ole Anthony Christensen.	Duncan J. McKenzie.	August Greifenhagen.	Scattering.		Frederick W. Thal.	James Elbert Broadwell.	William A. Fricke.	Fred Schuster.	Scattering.	
Adams.....	395	26	1,428				395	26	1,427			
Ashland.....	1,754	61	2,712	15			1,758	60	2,706	15		
Barron.....	1,367	163	2,727				1,323	164	2,760			
Bayfield.....	755	50	2,229	5			759	47	2,218			
Brown.....	3,877	107	5,283	4			3,862	101	5,293	5		
Buffalo.....	1,290	61	2,321				1,297	61	2,300	1		
Burnett.....	353	29	808	3			353	30	807	3		
Calumet.....	1,897	26	1,538	3			1,894	26	1,543	2		
Chippewa.....	2,951	87	3,592	6			2,953	87	3,582	6		
Clark.....	1,338	99	3,306	12			1,301	101	3,303	12		
Columbia.....	2,410	303	4,768	6			2,404	297	4,778	6		
Crawford.....	1,520	44	2,307	2			1,518	42	2,309	2		
Dane.....	6,588	464	8,982	9			6,591	461	8,998	9		
Dodge.....	4,980	113	5,535	3			4,976	113	5,538	8		
Door.....	893	48	2,398	2			898	49	2,396	1		
Douglas.....	2,452	95	4,101	8	1		2,450	94	4,085	8		
Dunn.....	1,411	147	3,354	6			1,406	143	3,359	6		
Eau Claire.....	2,409	202	4,437	1			2,409	206	4,428	1		
Florence.....	126	5	486				126	5	486			
Fond du Lac.....	5,011	164	6,084	7			4,983	162	6,107	6		
Forest.....	175	17	402				174	17	403			
Grant.....	3,678	201	5,284	3			3,672	204	5,286	3		
Green.....	2,327	168	3,069	12			2,325	167	3,069	12		
Green Lake.....	1,570	63	2,092	4			1,568	64	2,091	4		
Iowa.....	2,137	194	3,086	2	1		2,138	192	3,085	2	1	
Iron.....	471	31	1,286	1			403	30	1,278	1		
Jackson.....	785	112	2,708	2			786	110	2,710	2		
Jefferson.....	3,599	149	4,310	4			3,584	148	4,318	4		
Juneau.....	1,694	66	2,804	4			1,695	65	2,817	4		
Kenosha.....	1,751	47	2,807	5			1,743	48	2,814	5		
Kewaunee.....	1,695	14	1,811				1,694	14	1,816			
La Crosse.....	3,162	191	6,249	7			3,173	192	6,231	8		
Lafayette.....	2,261	117	2,912	1			2,256	117	2,914	1		
Langlade.....	1,001	20	1,396				999	20	1,397			
Lincoln.....	1,829	45	1,679	2			1,826	44	1,681	2		
Manitowoc.....	3,993	63	4,398	11			3,979	62	4,402	11		
Marathon.....	3,911	77	3,918	26			3,897	76	3,931	25		
Marinette.....	1,864	81	4,263	11			1,863	82	4,262	10		
Marquette.....	832	24	1,475				832	24	1,475			
Milwaukee.....	27,150	667	35,631	691			27,068	678	35,689	686		
Monroe.....	2,360	116	3,678	1			2,360	126	3,667	1		
Oconto.....	1,310	57	2,341	7			1,310	55	2,337	7		
Oneida.....	585	27	1,411				585	27	1,413			
Outagamie.....	4,169	168	5,385	8			4,162	175	5,394	9		
Ozaukee.....	1,982	29	1,531	10			1,977	29	1,542	10		
Pepin.....	440	40	1,299	1			441	40	1,297	1		
Pierce.....	1,399	169	3,714	3			1,398	169	3,715	3		
Polk.....	891	72	2,831	1			877	65	2,849	3		
Potage.....	2,921	91	3,496	3			2,913	91	3,497	3		
Price.....	549	39	1,441	7			549	37	1,440	7		
Racine.....	4,060	244	5,747	5			4,053	241	5,756	5		
Richland.....	2,088	133	2,635	2			2,086	133	2,635	3		
Rock.....	3,647	244	8,232	11			3,639	274	8,235	11		
St. Croix.....	2,474	170	3,428	6			2,470	167	3,432	6		
Sauk.....	2,617	265	4,593	9			2,608	267	4,593	9		
Sawyer.....	369	27	508				368	27	509			
Shawano.....	1,598	59	3,013	11			1,594	57	3,018	11		
Sheboygan.....	3,409	105	6,538	312			3,387	104	6,555	311		
Taylor.....	735	21	1,357	3			733	23	1,357	3		
Templealeau.....	1,391	159	3,302	5			1,392	157	3,301	5		
Vernon.....	1,622	105	4,382	3			1,621	104	4,387	3		
Vilas.....	436	9	748	1			437	7	748	1		
Walworth.....	1,882	374	5,294	2			1,877	375	5,300	2		
Washburn.....	257	22	761	2			251	23	766	2		
Washington.....	2,444	33	2,834	6			2,444	34	2,835	6		
Waukesha.....	3,227	170	5,366	4			3,225	171	5,373	5		
Waupaca.....	1,575	171	5,454	4			1,574	171	5,455	4		
Waushara.....	469	109	3,208				467	109	3,208			
Winnebago.....	5,177	229	7,833	14			5,167	227	7,836	14		
Wood.....	1,905	60	2,793	6			1,904	61	2,791	6		
Total.....	167,648	8,121	265,673	1,330	2		167,205	8,135	265,893	1,324	1	

SUMMARY OF GUBERNATORIAL VOTE.

1848.		1873.	
Dewey, democrat.....	19,538	Taylor, democrat.....	81,599
Tweedy, whig.....	14,449	Washburn, republican.....	66,224
Dewey's majority.....	5,089	Taylor's majority.....	15,375
1849.		1875.	
Dewey, democrat.....	16,649	Ludington, republican.....	85,155
Collins, whig.....	11,317	Taylor, democrat.....	84,314
Dewey's majority.....	5,332	Ludington's majority.....	841
1851.		1877.	
Farwell, whig.....	22,319	Smith, republican.....	78,759
Upham, democrat.....	21,812	Mallory, democrat.....	70,486
Farwell's majority.....	507	Allis, greenback.....	26,216
1853.		Smith's plurality.....	8,273
Barstow, democrat.....	30,403	1879.	
Holton, republican.....	21,886	Smith, republican.....	100,535
Baird, whig.....	3,304	Jenkins, democrat.....	75,080
Barstow's plurality.....	8,519	May, greenback.....	12,096
1855.		Smith's majority over both....	12,509
Barstow, democrat.....	35,353	1881.	
Bashford, republican.....	36,198	Rusk, republican.....	81,754
Barstow's majority.....	1,157	Fratt, democrat.....	69,797
1857.		Kanouse, prohibition.....	13,225
Randall, republican.....	44,693	Allis, greenback.....	7,002
Cross, democrat.....	44,239	Rusk's plurality.....	11,957
Randall's majority.....	454	1884.	
1859.		Rusk, republican.....	163,214
Randall, republican.....	59,999	Fratt, democrat.....	143,945
Hobart, democrat.....	52,539	Hastings, prohibition.....	8,545
Randall's majority.....	7,460	Utley, greenback.....	4,274
1861.		Rusk's plurality.....	19,269
Harvey, republican.....	53,777	1886.	
Ferguson, democrat.....	44,456	Rusk, republican.....	133,247
Harvey's majority.....	8,321	Woodward, democrat.....	114,529
1863.		Olin, prohibition.....	17,089
Lewis, republican.....	72,717	Cochrane, people's.....	21,467
Palmer, democrat.....	49,053	Rusk's plurality.....	18,718
Lewis' majority.....	23,664	1888.	
1865.		Hoard, republican.....	175,696
Fairchild, republican.....	58,332	Morgan, democrat.....	155,423
Hobart, democrat.....	48,330	Durant, prohibition.....	14,373
Fairchild's majority.....	10,002	Powell, labor.....	9,196
1867.		Hoard's plurality.....	20,273
Fairchild, republican.....	73,637	1890.	
Tallmadge, democrat.....	68,873	Peck, democrat.....	160,388
Fairchild's majority.....	4,764	Hoard, republican.....	132,068
1869.		Alexander, prohibition.....	11,246
Fairchild, republican.....	69,502	May, union labor.....	5,447
Robinson, democrat.....	61,239	Peck's plurality.....	28,320
Fairchild's majority.....	8,263	Peck's majority over all.....	11,627
1871.		1892.	
Washburn, republican.....	78,301	Peck, democrat.....	178,245
Doolittle, democrat.....	68,910	Spooner, republican.....	170,538
Washburn's majority.....	9,391	Butt, people.....	9,640
		Richmond, prohibition.....	13,265
		Peck's plurality.....	7,707

SUMMARY OF GUBERNATORIAL VOTE.—Continued.

1894.		1896.	
Peck, democrat.....	142,250	Scofield, republican.....	264,981
Powell, people.....	25,604	Silverthorn, democrat.....	169,257
Cleghorn, prohibition.....	11,240	Berkey, prohibition.....	8,140
Upham, republican.....	196,116	Tuttop, socialistic labor.....	1,906
		Henderson, national.....	407
Upham's plurality.....	53,866	Scofield's plurality.....	95,724
		Scofield's majority over all.....	85,871
		Scattering votes for governor, 1896..	16

COMPARATIVE SUMMARY OF VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS,
1894-1896.*As canvassed by the state board of canvassers.*

1896.		1894.	
<i>For Governor.</i>		<i>For Governor.</i>	
Willis C. Silverthorn, dem.....	169,257	George W. Peck, dem.....	142,250
Joshua H. Berkey, pro.....	8,140	D. Frank Powell, peo.....	25,604
Edward Scofield, rep.....	264,981	John F. Cleghorn, pro.....	11,240
Robert Henderson, nat.....	407	William H. Upham, rep.....	196,116
Christ Tuttop, soc. lab.....	1,906	Upham's plurality.....	53,866
Scofield's plurality.....	95,724		
<i>For Lieutenant Governor.</i>		<i>For Lieutenant Governor.</i>	
Horatio H. Hoard, dem.....	167,640	Adolph J. Schmitz, dem.....	137,128
Ephraim Llewellyn Eaton, pro.....	8,840	Frank Smock, peo.....	24,676
Emil Baensch, rep.....	265,704	Ole Br. Olson, pro.....	11,455
Henry Casson, soc. lab.....	1,299	Emil Baensch, rep.....	198,181
Baensch's plurality.....	98,064	Baensch's plurality.....	61,053
<i>For Secretary of State.</i>		<i>For Secretary of State.</i>	
Cyrus M. Butt, dem.....	167,590	Thomas J. Cunningham, dem.....	137,585
Eugene B. Knowlton, pro.....	8,085	Mellen P. Larabee, peo.....	24,452
Henry Casson, rep.....	265,832	Thomas J. Van Maber, pro.....	10,969
Jacob Rummel, soc. lab.....	1,321	Henry Casson, rep.....	197,710
Casson's plurality.....	98,242	Casson's plurality.....	60,125
<i>For State Treasurer.</i>		<i>For State Treasurer.</i>	
William F. Pierstorff, dem.....	167,626	John Hunner, dem.....	137,775
Lorenzo Crandall, pro.....	8,100	German Scherzinger, peo.....	24,405
Sowell A. Peterson, rep.....	265,808	William Johnston, pro.....	11,161
John Riedel, soc. lab.....	1,330	Sewell A. Peterson, rep.....	197,742
Peterson's plurality.....	98,182	Peterson's plurality.....	59,967
<i>For Attorney General.</i>		<i>For Attorney General.</i>	
Henry I. Weed, dem.....	167,707	James L. O'Connor, dem.....	137,433
Albert E. Dixon, pro.....	1,359	Carl Runge, peo.....	24,445
William H. Mylrea, rep.....	265,690	Charles W. Lomas, pro.....	11,214
George C. Jones, nat.....	6,755	William H. Mylrea, rep.....	197,709
Otto R. E. Gundermann, soc. lab.....	1,266	Mylrea's plurality.....	60,226
Mylrea's plurality.....	97,983		
<i>For State Superintendent.</i>		<i>For State Superintendent.</i>	
Francis Cleary, dem.....	167,319	William H. Schultz, dem.....	137,565
William L. Morrison, pro.....	8,064	John Ulrich, peo.....	24,641
John Q. Emery, rep.....	265,940	Ephraim Eato pro.....	11,229
Herman Seibt, soc. lab.....	1,322	John Q. Emery, rep.....	197,063
Emery's plurality.....	98,621	Emery's plurality.....	59,498
<i>For Railroad Commissioner.</i>		<i>For Railroad Commissioner.</i>	
Charles F. Kalk, dem.....	167,648	George C. Prescott, dem.....	137,267
Ole A. Christensen, pro.....	8,121	Nicholas F. Lawler, peo.....	24,693
Duncan J. McKenzie, rep.....	265,672	John W. Evans, pro.....	11,239
August Grofenhagen, soc. lab.....	1,330	Duncan J. McKenzie, rep.....	197,299
McKenzie's plurality.....	98,024	McKenzie's plurality.....	60,030
<i>For Commissioner of Insurance.</i>		<i>For Commissioner of Insurance.</i>	
Frederick W. Thal, dem.....	167,205	Olaf R. Skarr, dem.....	136,523
James E. Broadwell, pro.....	8,135	Henry Stoltze, peo.....	24,616
William A. Fricke, rep.....	265,893	Thomas Edwards, rep.....	11,211
Fred Schuster, soc. lab.....	1,324	William A. Fricke, pro.....	197,343
Fricke's plurality.....	98,688	Fricke's plurality.....	60,820

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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TABULAR STATEMENT of votes given for justice of the Supreme Court of the state of Wisconsin at the judicial election held on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1896.

Counties.	Roujet D. Marshall.	Defec- tive.	Blank.	Scat- tering.	Totals.
Adams.....	684				684
Ashland.....	2,159			2	2,161
Barron.....	1,540				1,540
Bayfield.....	930			3	933
Brown.....	4,743			1	4,744
Buffalo.....	1,250				1,250
Burnett.....	763			2	765
Calumet.....	1,089		406		1,495
Chippewa.....	2,964				2,964
Clark.....	2,236			5	2,241
Columbia.....	2,191				2,191
Crawford.....	1,527		51		1,578
Dane.....	6,334			6	6,340
Dodge.....	1,265			8	1,273
Door.....	1,950			4	1,954
Douglas.....	3,285				3,285
Dunn.....	1,951				1,951
Eau Claire.....	3,328			11	1,339
Florence.....	406			2	408
Fond du Lac.....	3,790				3,790
Forest.....	108				108
Grant.....	2,508		2	30	2,540
Green.....	1,818			9	1,827
Green Lake.....	1,279				1,279
Iowa.....	2,719	35	90	31	2,875
Iron.....	299				299
Jackson.....	1,556	12	56	13	1,637
Jefferson.....	2,640			8	2,648
Juneau.....	1,946			6	1,952
Kenosha.....	1,397		311	1	1,709
Kewaunee.....	2,216				2,216
La Crosse.....	5,020				5,020
Lafayette.....	1,756			3	1,759
Langlade.....	1,538			33	1,601
Lincoln.....	1,602		100	4	1,706
Manitowoc.....	3,977			2	3,979
Marathon.....	4,870				4,870
Marinette.....	1,461			3	1,464
Marquette.....	1,173				1,173
Milwaukee.....	21,772			51	21,823
Monroe.....	2,226				2,226
Oconto.....	1,745			35	1,780
Oncida.....	720				720
Outagamie.....	3,305	22	35	1	3,363
Ozaukee.....	1,167				1,167
Pepin.....	357			1	358
Pierce.....	1,115				1,115
Polk.....	1,789			9	1,798
Portage.....	2,805				2,805
Price.....	1,101				1,101
Racine.....	2,967		891	2	3,860
Richland.....	1,559			30	1,589
Rock.....	4,244		340	24	4,608
St Croix.....	996				996
Sauk.....	2,421				2,421
Sawyer.....	164				164
Shawano.....	2,225			7	2,232
Sheboygan.....	3,002		297	1	3,300
Taylor.....	1,199		94	1	1,294
Trempealeau.....	1,749	108		15	1,872
Vernon.....	2,662			16	2,678
Vilas.....	202				202
Walworth.....	2,637		140	13	2,790
Washburn.....	585				585
Washington.....	1,211				1,211
Waukesha.....	2,520				2,520
Waupaca.....	2,495			5	2,500
Waushara.....	1,654				1,654
Winnebago.....	2,198			2	2,200
Wood.....	2,208			11	2,219
Totals.....	161,208	177	2,813	411	164,699

VOTES GIVEN FOR CIRCUIT JUDGES

At elections held in the several judicial circuits, April 7, A. D. 1896.

THIRD CIRCUIT.

COUNTIES.	George W. Burnell.	Byron S. Sanders.	Blank and Scattering.	Totals.
Calumet.....	1,415	235	241	1,891
Green Lake.....	1,637	177	.....	1,814
Winnebago.....	3,341	1,040	1	4,382
Totals.....	6,393	1,452	242	8,087

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.

COUNTIES.	Charles M. Webb.	C. D. Mc- Farland.	Scattering.	Totals.
Portage.....	3,322	.....	.....	3,322
Waupaca.....	2,893	2	1	2,896
Waushara.....	1,807	.....	.....	1,807
Wood.....	2,365	.....	1	2,366
Totals.....	10,387	2	2	10,391

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.

COUNTIES.	E. B. Bundy.	Eugene W. Helms.	Scattering.	Totals.
Buffalo.....	1,556	1,161	.....	2,717
Dunn.....	2,016	1,857	1	3,874
Pepin.....	577	708	.....	1,285
Pierce.....	1,514	1,932	1	3,447
St. Croix.....	2,206	2,418	.....	4,624
Totals.....	7,869	8,075	2	15,947

NINTH CIRCUIT.

COUNTIES.	Robert G. Siebecker.	Scattering.	Totals.
Adams	703	.....	703
Columbia	2,575	.....	2,575
Dane	7,686	17	7,703
Marquette	1,183	.....	1,183
Sauk	2,986	1	2,987
Totals	15,133	18	15,151

ELEVENTH CIRCUIT.

(To fill vacancy caused by the appointment of Judge R. D. Marshall to the Supreme Bench.—Unexpired term ending first Monday in January, 1900.)

COUNTIES.	Aad John Vinje	Scattering	Totals.
Barron	1,411	.....	1,411
Burnett	719	6	725
Chippewa	2,374	.....	2,374
Douglas	3,382	.....	3,382
Polk	1,720	9	1,729
Washburn	586	.....	586
Totals	10,192	15	10,207

THIRTEENTH CIRCUIT.

(To fill vacancy caused by death of Judge A. Jocott Sloan.—Unexpired term ending first Monday in January, 1900.)

COUNTIES.	James J. Dick.	Warham Parks.	Thomas C. Martin.	Scattering.	Totals.
Dodge	5,638	2,361	325	2	8,326
Ozaukee	885	602	135	.....	1,622
Washington	1,228	1,606	285	.....	3,119
Waukesha	1,960	3,735	612	2	6,309
Totals	9,711	8,304	1,407	4	19,426

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE, 1893.

For Session of 1897, Elected in 1894 and 1896.

SENATORS.

Dis- trict.	Popula- tion, 1895.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
1	61,872	Door, Kewaunee and Marinette.....	DeWayne Stebbins, Rep.....	6,332	1,761	C. C. Dally, Dem and Peo..... G. A. Jackson, Pro.....	4,571 206
2	63,962	Brown and Oconto	Andrew C. Mailer, Rep.....	7,600	1,993	Benj. A. Godfradson, Dem..... Edward, Cauldy, Pro.....	5,607 140
3	58,653	Kenosha and Racine.....	Ernst G. Timme, Rep.....	6,381	2,261	Adam Apple, Dem..... — Rhodes, Pro..... Warsley, Pop.....	4,120 329 1,915
4	56,118	The sixth, thirteenth, eighteenth and twenty-first wards of the city of Mil- waukee, and the village of Whitefish Bay, and the towns of Granville and Mil- waukee.....	J. Herbert Green, Rep.....	6,262	904	Fred. C. Fass, Dem. Pop..... Jac. Four, Soc. Labor.....	5,358 161
5	59,252	The first, second, third, fourth, seventh, fifteenth and sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee.....	William Harvey Austin, Rep....	5,697	2,704	William G. Bruce, Dem..... — McAduffe, Peo.....	2,993 1,815
6	59,417	The ninth, tenth, nineteenth and twentieth wards of the city of Milwaukee	William H. Devos, Rep.....	6,821	1,855	Max Hottellett, Dem. Pop.... Chas. Pample, Soc. Labor.....	4,968 238
7	57,722	The fourteenth and seventeenth wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the villages of Cudahy, South Milwaukee and Wau- watosa, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin, Greenfield and Wau- watosa.....	Charles T. Fisher, Rep.....	6,780	820	Geo. Winans, Dem..... Chester G. Porter, Pop.....	3,130 1,425
8	55,413	The fifth, eighth, eleventh and twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee	Julius E. Roebr, Rep.....	6,681	1,081	Michael Kruszka, Dem. Pop.... Oswald Schubert, Soc. Labor....	5,600 123
9	54,727	The counties of Adams, Marquette, Wan- shara and Wood.....	Clarence E. Peirce, Rep.....	6,716	2,516	Isaac L. Alsbacher, Dem.....	4,200
10	48,910	Pierce and St. Croix.....	Dempster W. Woodworth, Rep..	7,035	3,038	Mark M. Sanderson, Dem. Peo.. Melvin Johnson, Pro.....	3,997 333

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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11	51, 905	Barnett, Douglas and Polk.....	Thomas B. Mills, Rep.....	8, 820	4, 0	David Dobie, Dem..... Hans T. Elegoe Pro.....	4, 417 1, 876
12	63, 303	Ashland, Parron, Bayfield, Iron, Sawyer and Washburn.....	Clarence A. Lamoreux, Rep...	10, 315	5, 339	A. E. Kennedy, Dem.....	4, 966
13	47, 851	The county of Dodge.....	Michael E. Burke, Dem.....	4, 945	705	C. A. Pettibone, Rep..... (Charles S. Williams, Pop.....	4, 249 150
14	66, 977	Outagamie and Shawano.....	Alex. B. Whitman, Rep.....	8, 427	2, 691	H. R. McComb, Dem. and Pop.. J. B. Sanborn, Pro..... B. M. Gurnee, Nat.....	5, 733 168 52
15	53, 546	Calumet and Manitowoc.....	John E. McMullen, Dem.....	4, 351	914	Fred. Schwalbe..... Walter Witman.....	3, 940 341
16	61, 819	Grant and Iowa.....	Charles Henry Baxter, Rep.....	8, 440	2, 713	Morton Eastman.....	5, 727
17	61, 000	Green and Lafayette, and the towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth Spring Valley, Furtle, and the village of Clinton and the city of Beloit, in the county of Rock.....	Henry Clay Putnam, Rep.....	7, 129	3, 915	Edward Drotning, Dem..... F. R. Derrick, Pro..... E. P. Hassinger, Pop.....	3, 244 741 526
18	63, 375	Fond du Lac and Green Lake.....	Lyman W. Thayer, Rep.....	8, 229	1, 612	Benjamin F. Sineed, Dem.. Scattering.....	6, 617 2
19	57, 627	The county of Winnebago.....	Charles W. Davis, Rep.....	6, 591	2, 870	Lucas M. Miller, Dem..... Wisler Mott, Pro.....	3, 721 371
20	64, 911	Ozaukee and Sheboygan.....	Fred A. Dennett, Rep.....	8, 263	2, 917	Jens P. Jaspersen, Pop..... James Leahy, Dem. Pop.....	878 5, 346
21	59, 324	Portage and Waupaca.....	John Phillips, Rep.....	7, 637	4, 098	A. R. Lea, Dem..... Geo. Ratcliff, Pro.....	3, 539 693
22	50, 352	The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Janesville, Johnstown, Lima La Prairie, Magnolia, Milton, Porter, Rock and Union, and the village of Evansville, and the cities of Edgerton and Janesville, in the county of Rock, and the towns of Aztalan, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Milford, Oak- land, Sunner and Waterloo and the vil- lages of Lake Mills and Waterloo, and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson.....	John M. Whitehead, Rep.....	7, 105	2, 380	W. W. Reed, Dem..... W. T. Vankirk.....	4, 725 1

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE—SENATORS—Continued.

Dis- trict.	Popu- lation, 1900.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
23	47,449	The county of Walworth, and the towns of Gold Springs, Concord, Fennington, Hebron, Paxton, Sullivan and Watertown, the village of Pahruck, and the first, second, third, fourth and seventh wards of the city of Watertown, in the county of Jefferson.	Albert Solldiday, Dem.....	5,611	375	Edwin Huebert, Rep..... W. F. Stair, Pro.....	5,236 326
24	57,670	Buffalo, Eau Claire and Pepin.....	John W. Whelan, Rep.....	7,943	4,086	Victor Wolf, Dem..... John D. Ellbridge, Pro.....	3,957 225
25	57,940	Clark and Marathon	Clarion A. Youmans, Rep.....	5,607	2,050	Hiram P. Graham, Dem..... Peter Truax, Pro.....	3,557 118
26	65,669	The county of Dane	Chauncey B. Welton, Rep.....	9,016	2,409	William Charlton, Dem..... J. B. Smith, Pro.....	6,607 438
27	63,787	Columbia and Sauk	William F. Conger, Rep.....	5,637	1,443	Evan W. Evans, Dem..... Joseph W. Wood, Pro.....	4,194 390
28	63,857	Crawford, Richland and Vernon	Oliver G. Munson, Rep.....	9,361	4,140	B. F. Washburn, Fusion..... A. J. Shauf.....	5,221 1
29	53,733	Chippewa and Dunn	James H. Stout, Rep.....	7,298	5,393	Carl Preper..... Scattering	1,405 10
30	55,611	Florence, Forest, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida, Price, Taylor and Vilas	Daniel E. Riordan, Rep.....	10,837	3,495	H. R. Fehland, Dem.....	6,195
31	61,823	Jackson, Juneau and Monroe	James J. McGillivray, Rep.....	8,573	4,753	J. R. Hinkle, Dem..... D. L. Brown, Pro.....	3,820 491
32	65,573	La Crosse and Trempealeau	Levi Withee, Rep.....	9,545	4,306	Hiram E. Simpson, Dem.....	4,739
33	60,639	Washington and Waukesha	Stephen F. Mayer, Dem.....	6,095	.....	No opposition .....	.....
Total	1,937,915						

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE, 1896.

ASSEMBLYMEN.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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No.	Population, 1895.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
1	20,122	Barron constitutes an assembly district.	Jonathan J. Smith, Rep.....	2,741	1,380	S. W. Hines, Dem. Pop. Samuel Dowd, Pro.....	1,381 146
2	17,744	Calumet constitutes an assembly district.	Joseph Wolfinger, Dem.....	1,662	131	William Greverus, Rep..... Charles Hatch, Pro.....	1,531 266
3	21,342	Clark constitutes an assembly district....	Joseph C. Marsh, Rep.....	3,312	1,979	Bert L. Bailey, Dem. Pop..... Joseph Dix, Pro.....	1,333 36
4	17,203	Crawford constitutes an assembly district.	James O. Davidson, Rep.....	2,269	694	Peter N. Peterson, Dem. Pop ..	1,575
5	16,969	Door constitutes an assembly district....	Henry Overbeck, Jr., Rep.....	2,298	1,294	Joseph Harris, Dem. Pop.....	1,004
6	25,006	Dunn constitutes an assembly district....	Albert R. Hall, Rep.....	3,332	1,868	John R. Mathews, Dem. Pop. ..	1,464
7	23,420	Green constitutes an assembly district....	Nathaniel B. Treat, Rep	3,035	661	O. W. Masse, Pro.....	140
8	15,938	Green Lake constitutes an assembly dist..	Hans H. Olson, Rep.....	2,090	540	Frank H. Snook, Pop..... Alex. S. Kave, Pro.....	2,394 132
9	23,447	Iowa constitutes an assembly district....	William A. Jones, Rep.....	3,263	1,196	Michael Joy, Silver Dem.....	1
10	16,722	Jackson constitutes an assembly district.	Addison W. Merrill, Rep.....	2,767	2,016	Henry Volkman, Dem.....	1,550
11	13,754	Juneau constitutes an assembly district...	Frank E. Hurd, Rep.....	2,769	1,073	John M. Smith, Dem. Pop.... N. H. Snow.....	2,067 1
12	17,548	Kenosha constitutes an assembly district..	John F. Reynolds, Rep.....	2,691	877	John Lewis, Dem..... J. E. Miller.....	751 1
13	17,632	Kewaunee constitutes an assembly district.	Maynard T. Parker, Rep.....	1,864	202	Freedom R. Potter, Dem .. Elbridge G. Dodge, Pro.....	1,693 63
						John M. Orvis, Dem..... Robert S. Houston, Nat. Dem... — Roberts.....	1,814 69 1
						P. R. Heffernan, Dem.....	1,662

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE — Continued.

ASSEMBLYMEN — Continued.

No.	Population in 1885.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
14	21,488	Lafayette constitutes an assembly district.	George P. Shaffer.....	2,849	580	Charles Burris, Dem..... Nelson Ladue.....	2,259 115
15	27,271	Marinette constitutes an assembly district..	George W. Taylor, Rep.....	4,098	2,107	John E. Wilson, Dem.....	1,991
16	26,350	Monroe constitutes an assembly district..	David F. Jones, Rep.....	3,598	1,143	William Hornermiller, Dem..... Loren Dowe, Pop.....	2,455 14
17	19,339	Oconto constitutes an assembly district...	Leslie C. Harvey, Rep.....	2,791	1,487	William Guthrie, Fusion.....	1,304
18	16,545	Ozaukee constitutes an assembly district..	Herman Scheilenberg, Dem.....	1,835	330	Wm. H. Rintelmann, Rep..... F. X. Kloety, Pop.....	1,505 212
19	23,040	Pierce constitutes an assembly district....	George E. Pratt, Rep.....	3,713	2,317	Frank Alexander, Dem..... Lyal B. Walker, Pro.....	1,396 177
20	19,619	Richland constitutes an assembly district..	Wm. M. Fogo, Rep.....	2,540	407	F. O. Smith, Dem. Pop.....	2,133
21	25,870	St. Croix constitutes an assembly district..	Hans Borchsenius, Rep.....	3,315	668	William C. Bradley, Dem. Pop... Elisia G. Partridge, Pro.....	2,627 149
22	22,573	Shawano constitutes an assembly district	Otto A. Risum, Rep.....	2,995	1,492	Otto O. Wiegand, Dem..... Charles A. Horgert, Pop.....	1,503 144
23	21,963	Trempealeau constitutes an assembly district.....	Joseph B. Beach, Rep.....	3,322	1,914	Albert J. Bantch, Dem. Peo..... Michael J. Warner, Dem..... C. E. Olson.....	1,408 1 2
24	27,035	Vernon constitutes an assembly district..	Emilus S. Goodell, Rep.....	4,254	2,503	Chris. Ellefson, Fusion..... E. W. Shreve..... E. V. Wernick.....	1,761 1 1
25	24,077	Washington constitutes an assembly district	William H. Froehlich, Rep.....	2,845	332	George W. Jones, Dem.....	2,463

26	15,355	Wanahara constitutes an assembly district.....	William Hughes, Rep.....	3,207	2,765	John Morrissey, Dem..... J. L. Evans, Pro.....	442 107
27	21,637	Wood constitutes an assembly district....	Herman C. Wipperman, Rep....	2,657	643	James K. P. Hiles, Dem..... E. C. Yout, Pro.....	2,014 1
28	17,735	Adams and Marquette constitute an assembly district.....	Solon W. Pierce, Rep.....	2,497	1,986	John A. Henry, Ind. Rep..... Scattering.....	511 11
29	22,579	Ashland and Iron constitute an assembly district.....	Mathew Connors, Rep.....	3,973	1,691	Bert. Williams, Dem. Pop.....	2,282
30	20,602	Bayfield, Sawyer and Washburn constitute an assembly district.....	King G. Staples, Rep.....	3,074	1,610	A. M. Warden, Dem..... P. A. Oscar, Pro.....	1,464 442
31	24,498	Buffalo and Pepin constitute an assembly district.....	Samuel F. Plummer, Rep.....	3,544	1,792	Alex. Lees, Dem.....	1,752
32	22,009	Burnett and Polk constitute an assembly district.....	Lester B. Dresser, Rep.....	2,383	819	J. H. Jensen..... Simon Thorsen, Ind. Rep..... A. M. Greely, Fusion.....	1 1,564 1,025
33	15,230	Forest, Florence and Langlade constitute an assembly district.....	George W. Latta, Rep.....	1,984	480	John Byrne, Dem.....	1,504
34	23,263	Lincoln and Taylor constitute an assembly district.....	William H. Flett, Rep.....	3,070	508	Charles F. Groencke, Fusion..... Thomas Brehm..... George Shattuck.....	2,562 1 2
35	18,118	Oneida, Price and Vilas constitute an assembly district.....	Gid. H. Clark, Rep.....	3,584	1,965	Casper Faust, Dem.....	1,619
36	22,823	1st district, Brown.....	Thos. J. McGrath, Rep.....	2,794	1,070	John E. Shaughnessy, Dem..... Dr. W. M. Ringsdorf, Pro.....	1,724 61
37	22,800	2d district, Brown.....	John M. Hogan, Rep.....	2,452	259	Anton Vander Heiden, Dem.....	2,193
38	14,211	1st district, Chippewa.....	Chas. A. Stanley, Rep.....	1,685	192	Albert Nunke, Dem. Pop..... John P. Shattuck, Pro.....	1,503 26
39	14,516	2d district, Chippewa.....	John W. Thomas, Rep.....	1,931	495	Henry Kramer, Dem..... Chas. S. Oliver, Pro.....	1,436 60

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE — Continued.

ASSEMBLYMEN—Continued.

No.	Popula- tion in 1895.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
40	15,122	1st district, Columbia.....	Lemuel P. Hindes, Rep.	2,229	946	L. Kleimenhagen, Dem..... Owen J. Owens, Pro.....	1,233 117
41	15,746	2d district, Columbia.....	George Wylie, Rep.....	2,573	1,473	Samuel Sampson, Dem. Pop.... Robert F. Roberts, Pro.....	1,400 168
42	22,002	1st district, Dane	Daniel Bechtel, Dem.....	2,831	59	Chas. F. Cronk, Pro..... George B. Burrows, Rep.....	198 2,772
43	21,421	2d district, Dane	Christ. Legried, Rep.....	3,466	1,022	Geo. L. Saunders..... Lorenzo D. Clark.....	1,444 176
44	22,246	3d district, Dane	Oscar F. Minch, Dem.....	2,608	214	C. G. Lappley, Rep..... John Shuman, Pro.....	2,394 133
45	24,284	1st district, Dodge	Jesse A. Clason, Rep.....	2,946	532	Herman Rosenkranz, Dem.....	2,414
46	23,567	2d district, Dodge.....	Samuel R. Webster, Rep.....	2,770	284	H. S. Gilmore, Dem.....	2,486
47	15,016	1st district, Douglas.....	James H. Agen, Rep.....	2,038	372	O. H. Perry, Fusion..	1,166
48	14,970	2d district, Douglas.....	Jarvis White, Rep.....	2,074	707	Andrew G. Newbergh, Pop....	1,367
49	16,576	1st district, Eau Claire.....	Byron A. Buffington, Rep.....	2,178	840	Frank R. Sebenthal, Dem., Pop. Pro.....	1,338
50	16,596	2d district, Eau Claire.....	Horace N. Polley, Rep.....	2,245	957	Obadiah Works, Fusion..... Frank Sebenthal, Pro.....	1,238 1
51	23,499	1st district, Fond du Lac.....	Louie A. Lange, Dem.....	3,132	621	Jacob Waldschmidt, Rep.....	2,511
52	23,937	2d district, Fond du Lac.....	Wynn Edwards, Rep.....	3,515	1,671	J. William Burns, Dem..... Irving Hemmingway, Pro.....	1,844 105
53	18,917	1st district, Grant.....	Thos. McDonald, Jr., Rep.....	2,677	912	J. J. Oswald, Dem.....	1,765
54	19,455	2d district, Grant.....	Adelbert L. Utt, Rep.....	2,559	593	Joseph Shepherd, Dem.....	1,966

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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55	18, 287	1st district, Jefferson.....	Jesse Storie, Rep.....	2, 293	767	Thomas Sahnick, Dem.....	1, 526
56	18, 030	2d district, Jefferson.....	Gilbert Rutherford, Rep.....	2, 084	38	Lewis Benson, Dem.....	2, 046
57	21, 851	1st district, La Crosse.....	George H. Ray, Rep.....	3, 291	1, 641	R. C. Kuhn, Fusion..... H. C. Miller, Pro.....	1, 650 65
58	21, 759	2d district, La Crosse.....	Mark M. Buttles, Rep.....	2, 933	1, 414	Frederick Schnell, Dem..... Cornelius Hoffman, Pro..... Frederick Schnei, Pop.....	1, 519 121 60
59	20, 119	1st district, Manitowoc.....	Charles Wm. Sweeting, Rep.....	2, 500	821	Adolph Rodwald, Dem..... Walter Besant, Pop.....	1, 679 141
60	20, 683	2d district, Manitowoc.....	Fred. C. Maertz, Dem.....	1, 975	123	J. R. Currens, Rep..... F. Althew, Pro.....	1, 852 379
61	18, 174	1st district, Marathon.....	Henry M. Thompson, Rep.....	1, 870	23	C. E. Fish, Dem.....	1, 847
62	18, 424	2d district, Marathon.....	Marcus H. Barnum, Rep.....	2, 032	170	E. J. Andersson, Dem, Pop.....	1, 922
63	20, 871	1st district, Milwaukee.....	Charles H. Welch, Rep.....	2, 949	634	Charles S. Hart, Fusion.....	2, 315
64	19, 626	2d district, Milwaukee.....	Charles Polachek, Rep.....	2, 895	645	Louis Wiemann, Dem, Pop.....	2, 250
65	20, 520	3d district, Milwaukee.....	Barney A. Eaton, Rep.....	2, 192	674	F. E. Mansfield, Pop.....	1, 818
66	18, 755	4th district, Milwaukee.....	Frank A. Anson, Rep.....	3, 111	1, 675	Samuel Isaac, Dem, Pop.....	1, 466
67	21, 152	5th district, Milwaukee.....	Charles N. Frink, Dem, Pop.....	2, 621	174	T. L. Mitchell, Rep..... Carl Kowalsky, Soc. Labor.....	2, 447 39
68	24, 581	6th district, Milwaukee.....	Charles Niss, Jr., Rep.....	2, 778	125	J. F. Schindler, Dem, Pop..... William Koppel, Soc. Labor.....	2, 653
69	20, 057	7th district, Milwaukee.....	Emerson D. Hoyt, Rep.....	3, 424	2, 062	John J. Crowley, Dem.....	1, 362
70	15, 618	8th district, Milwaukee.....	John F. Burnham, Rep.....	2, 127	661	Mathias Peldt, Dem, Pop..... Rudolph Wilke, Soc. Labor.....	1, 463 29
71	16, 983	9th district, Milwaukee.....	Reinhard Klabunde, Rep.....	1, 778	217	Ed. Berner, Dem, Pop..... Otto Meyer, Soc. Labor.....	1, 561 60
72	16, 052	10th district, Milwaukee.....	Albert Woller, Rep.....	1, 871	517	Charles F. W. Mass, Fusion..... Emil Krentz, Soc. Labor.....	1, 354 84
73	18, 643	11th district, Milwaukee.....	Julius Feige, Rep.....	1, 898	260	August Schmidt, Fusion..... W. Dobrowski, Soc. Labor.....	1, 698 51

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE Continued.

ASSEMBLYMEN—Continued.

No.	Popula- tion in 1895.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
74	28,432	12th district, Milwaukee	Henry O. Reinholdt, Rep.....	3,317	1,427	O. W. Bow, Pop. Dem..... J. Moser, Soc. Labor.....	1,890 118
75	15,291	13th district Milwaukee	John H. Yorkey, Rep.....	1,667	274	James F. Sullivan, Fusion..... Charles Minklez, Soc. Labor.....	1,383 56
76	17,145	14th district, Milwaukee	August M. Gawin, Dem.....	1,662	797	Andrew Reuter, Rep..... Cyborowski, Pop..... Carl Bartsch, Soc. Labor.....	506 865 18
77	16,216	15th district, Milwaukee	Chas. A. W. Krauss, Rep.....	1,981	842	Fred Frisch, Dem. Pop..... Carl Schultz, Soc. Labor.....	1,139 47
78	21,710	1st district, Outagamie.....	Bernard C. Wolter, Rep.....	2,618	563	Joseph Moyer, Dem..... W. S. Lamb, Pro.....	2,055 88
79	22,694	2d district, Outagamie.....	Chas. Clack, Rep.....	2,730	648	William Lamure, Dem..... Christ A. Anderson, Pro.....	2,082 64
80	14,442	1st district, Portage	Patrick H. Cashin, Dem.....	1,914	536	A. R. Week, Rep.....	1,378
81	14,089	2d district, Portage.. ..	Peter N. Peterson, Rep.....	2,142	1,191	John Een, Dem.....	951
82	21,463	1st district, Racine.....	William T. Lewis, Rep.....	3,049	827	Andreas Hanson, Dem..... Wm. R. Taylor, Pro.....	2,222 73
83	19,647	2d district, Racine.....	Thos. H. Mosher, Rep.....	2,606	686	Batty Gleason, Dem..... John Rhodes, Pro	1,920 157
84	16,084	1st district, Rock	William G. Wheeler, Rep.....	2,235	736	John Winans, Dem.....	1,499
85	16,298	2d district, Rock	Abner S. Flagg, Rep.....	2,748	1,566	Devalson E. Thorpe, Dem.....	1,182
86	16,092	3d district, Rock	Chas. W. Merriman, Rep.....	3,157	2,229	Charles Jones, Dem. Pop..... Holzer Oleophus..... John Winans, Dem.....	923 8 2

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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87	16,523	1st district, Sauk	John M. True, Rep	2,540	1,531	James S. Weaver, Dem	1,009
88	16,396	2d district, Sauk	John E. Morgan, Rep	2,048	465	Richard B. Griggs, Pro	183
89	16,647	1st district, Sheboygan	Christian Ackerman, Rep	2,192	1,068	Henry W. Sorge, Dem	1,582
90	16,089	2d district, Sheboygan	William F. Sieker, Rep	2,049	814	Charles Dean, Dem. Pop	1,124
91	15,660	3d district, Sheboygan	George W. Wolff, Rep	2,281	977	Frank Wedell, Dem. Pop	1,235
92	14,338	1st district, Walworth	William H. Hurlbut, Rep	2,510	1,626	Henry W. Fischer, Dem	1,314
93	14,824	2d district, Walworth	Leonard C. Church, Rep	2,788	1,922	David W. Agnew, Dem	884
94	18,215	1st district, Waukesha	Delbert K. Smith, Rep	2,697	1,012	Wm. B. Ellis, Pro	157
95	18,347	2d district, Waukesha	Omar L. Rosenkrans, Rep	2,677	1,094	George Chaffee, Pro	90
96	16,222	1st district, Waupaca	Ole C. Sether, Rep	3,077	2,347	Augustus P. Deigman, Dem	866
97	14,571	2d district, Waupaca	Andrew Jensen, Rep	2,332	1,541	Wm. C. Dean, Pro	169
98	19,372	1st district, Winnebago	George A. Buckstaff, Rep	2,487	445	Peter J. Miseriz, Pop	60
99	19,372	2d district, Winnebago	Silas Bullard, Rep	2,250	365	Math. J. Regan, Dem	1,635
100	18,883	3d district, Winnebago	Frank T. Tucker, Rep	2,810	1,223	W. H. Stockman, Pro	84
Total...	1,987,915					Edw. M. Solverson, Dem	1,583
						C. J. Will, Pro	81
						H. Lindow, Dem	730
						S. A. Bannington, Pro	123
						G. Sullivan, Dem	791
						D. W. Fernandeas	2,042
						Jens P. Jasperson, Dem. Pop ..	1,835
						George C Cornish, Dem	1,537

Kewanee	78	21	44	43	46.9	33	62.9	34	51.3	48.2	64.3	33.3	51.7	47.5
La Crosse	47	46	52	42	52	42					54.8	42.7		
Lafayette	58	38									56.4	45.9	51.7	47.5
Langlade	50	33												
Lincoln	64	54					51	43	51.8	47.5				
Manitowoc	64	52												
Marathon	42	41			57.4	35.8			49.6	46			52.7	46
Marquette					58	39					69.5	28.9		
Milwaukee	56	40	48.2	48.2	47.8	31					63	35.9		
Monroe					52.2	40					56.3	43.3		
Oconto	51	41			54	41					59.5	38.5		
Oneida	60	35	51.8	44.9	59	30					68.3	26.6		
Outagamie	76	22					35	30	49.2	45.8	55	42	55.7	43.2
Ozaukee											72.7	24.8		
Pepin	60	33			67	30					69.7	26.6		
Pierce	66	24.5			67	24					74.8	23.3		
Polk	59	24.4			65	20								
Portage							49	48			53.2	45.6		
Price			50.8	45.2	59.6	34								
Racine	46	44	52.1	42.1	48	37					70.7	27		
Richland					56	34					56.7	40.6		
Rock					61	32.5					54.2	42.9		
St. Croix					52	38					67.4	30.2		
Sauk	47	46			54	40					56.1	40.6		
Sawyer			50	40			43	41			59.6	34.2		
Shawano	48	44					47	44			55.9	41		
Sheboygan	56	40			48	39					64.3	34.1		
Taylor			53	42	53	38					62.9	32.1		
Trempeal'n	53.4	38.7			61	29					63.3	35		
Vernon	59.2	27.3			72	20					67.3	28.5		
Vilas	59	37					42	38			71.3	26.7		
Walworth	59	32			66	26					61.1	38.3		
Washington	56	38			56	37					70.1	25		
Waukesha			48	47					52.6	46.4	73.5	24.3		
Waushara	61	38			54	41					60.6	37.3		
Waupaca					65	29					75.5	22		
Waupesa	57	36.8			78	15					84.7	12.4		
Winnebago	68	25	50	45	54	33					58.2	39.2		
Wood	54	42			61	35					57.9	40.8		

TABLE SHOWING PER CENT. OF POPULATION, ENTITLED TO VOTE, AND THAT WHICH ACTUALLY DID VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1881-1896.

(Compiled by Chas. A. Phelps, U. W. Law School, Madison, Wis.)

COUNTIES.	Per cent. qualified voters, 1880.	PER CENT. ACTUAL VOTERS.					Per cent. qualified voters, 1890.	PER CENT. ACTUAL VOTERS.		
		1881.	1884.	1886.	1888.	1890.		1892.	1894.	1896.
Adams	25	11	21	19	22	15	27	20.4	21.9	24.7
Ashland	33	24	25	38	20.7	13	44.6	24.7	17.7	26.6
Barron	28	15	19	16	21	15	27.2	20.5	20.4	21.2
Bayfield	29	23	19	32	56	35	42.9	39.3	34.3	24.2
Brown	23	11	18	28	17	13	24.6	17.6	13	20.7
Buffalo	24	11	18	16	19	16	27.2	19.1	20.3	21.3
Burnett	35	18	20	13	17	11	25.4	16.2	19.6	21.8
Calumet	23	10	19	15	17	14	24.1	17.3	16.2	19.5
Chippewa	30	12	20	18	22	16	26.6	19	22	23.1
Clark	30	14	31	18	24	21	27	22.4	22	22.4
Columbia	25	12	23	18	22	17	27.8	23.8	24.1	24.7
Crawford	23	9	20	18	21	12	25.3	21.7	21.6	22.6
Dane	26	14	23	21	26	21	28	24	25	24.4
Dodge	25	11.9	20	21	20	19	27.6	21.5	21.6	22.7
Door	28	12	26	15	17	13	24.6	19	17.4	19.8
Douglas	26	15	19	23	13	15	45.6	43	36.7	23.1
Dunn	27	12	23	13	13	15	26.5	18.8	18.1	19.7
Eau Claire	30	15	19.8	13	18	15	27.7	18.8	19.2	21.4
Florence .....	.....	.....	29	23	.....	.....	30.4	23.4	22	21.8
Fond du Lac	25	12.7	20.6	17	20	19	26.6	22	22.4	22.1
Forest .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43.8	47.3	63	46
Grant	23.8	11	20	18	19	19	25.9	22.9	22.5	24.1
Green	25	11	23	18	23	18	27.6	22.2	20.4	24.1
Green Lake	24.9	11	20	18	19	16	25.7	22.2	21.7	24.2
Iowa	23	13.8	22.5	20.5	22	20	26	23	23.5	23
Iron .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	23.9	21.9	34
Jackson	28	14	16	18	20	17	28	22	19.2	21.7
Jefferson	24.9	13	23	18	21	19	26.8	22.6	21.5	22.7
Juneau	26	14	24	21	23	21	27.2	24.1	24.9	24.5
Kenosha	26	16	24	20	24	21	28.7	23.4	25	26.6
Kewaunee	22	8	17	14	16	15	23.5	16.1	19.5	20.3
La Crosse	23.5	15	21	17	24	18	27.9	22	21.5	22.1
Lafayette	24.5	14	23	22	24	22	27.2	24.4	24.2	24.8
Langlade	54	29	27	27	34	30	28.2	23.3	24.5	22.2
Lincoln	45	29	18	29	34	33	33.2	24.5	25.9	24.3
Manitowoc	22.8	10.8	18	16	13	16	24.7	17.7	17.8	20.9
Marathon	29	12	26	17	21	18	25.3	19.4	21.7	21.8
Marinette	36	18	15	20	27	13	26.7	21.1	25.2	22.9
Marquette	24	15	23	18	22	20	25.2	22.1	22.9	23.4
Milwaukee	25.7	12.5	17	16.7	19	18	24.5	21.6	20.9	22.1
Monroe	25	13	23	19	21	18	26.4	23.2	23.7	23.4
Oconto	23	15	20	15	18	16	26.4	19.7	21.8	22.1
Oneida .....	.....	.....	19	.....	.....	.....	44	58.8	39.7	29
Outagamie	24	10	20	17	19	18	25.1	29.7	21.5	22
Ozaukee	23	10	18	17	17	17	25.7	19.7	19.5	21.6
Pepin	25	21	22	22	22	16	11	9.4	8.7	23.7
Pierce	25.9	9	21	16	21	14	22.1	24.7	18.7	23.1
Polk	27	13	18	16	20	15	26.2	18.8	18.3	23.8
Portage	25.7	11	20	16	21	17	27.5	20.7	23	22.9
Price	44	37	36	35	53	45	37.8	39.7	33.8	28.4
Racine	26	13	22	18	22	20	27.4	23.5	24.8	24.6
Richland	24	12	24	21	23	19	25.8	23	27	25.9
Rock	27	12	23	19	23	18	29.4	25.3	24.5	25.3
St. Croix	27	15	21	21	24	18	28.3	23.1	23.5	23.6
Sauk	26	11	21	17	21.8	21.5	26.3	22.4	22.9	23
Sawyer .....	.....	.....	30	66	35	45	40.9	42.7	42.7	24.4
Shawano	25.7	9	18	15	20	19	24.9	19.1	19.5	20.9
Sheboygan	24	12	22	17	24	20	26.6	21.1	21.8	21.9
Taylor	30	23	26	24	23	23	28.5	25.3	29.8	25.5
Trempealeau	24	9	21	16	21	15	25.6	21.4	17.1	22.5
Vernon	24	10	20	18	21	15	25.4	20.6	19.6	22.7
Vilas .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	56.2	84.4	31	.....
Walworth	26	13	24	19	26	19	29.9	23.8	22.1	26
Washburn .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	33.2	24.6	.....
Washington	24	12	15	18	20	18	25	19.1	20.2	22.4
Waukesha	26	15	27.5	20	24	21	28.3	22.7	23.9	24.2
Waupaca	25.7	13	24	17	21	19	27	22.1	22.4	23.7
Waushara	25	15	22	18	22	19	26.9	22.7	22.7	24.1
Winnebago	24	12	20	17	21	20	27.7	23.6	23.8	23.1
Wood	27	11	22	20	27	24.5	26.2	22.5	23.9	22.2

NOTE.—Figures for 1880-1884 based on U. S. census, 1880. Figures for 1886-1890 based on state census, 1885. For 1892-1894, U. S. census, 1890. For 1896, State census, 1895.

PROPORTION OF NATIVE AND FOREIGN BORN VOTERS IN WISCONSIN BY PERCENTAGES.

Compiled by Chas. A. Phelps, Madison, Wis.

Counties.	Percentage native voters.	Percentage foreign born voters.
Adams	66.6	34.4
Ashland	35.5	64.5
Barron	45	55
Bayfield	33.4	66.6
Brown	42.7	57.3
Buffalo	41.7	58.3
Burnett	18.2	81.8
Calumet	46	54
Chippewa	42.8	57.2
Clark	52.5	47.5
Columbia	55.9	44.1
Crawford	61.7	38.3
Dane	50.8	49.2
Dodge	47	53
Door	33.2	66.8
Douglas	40.3	59.7
Dunn	46.3	53.7
Eau Claire	42.4	57.6
Florence	25	75
Fond du Lac	54.6	45.4
Forest	50.1	49.9
Grant	65.8	34.2
Green	62.1	37.9
Green Lake	44.6	55.4
Iowa	55.8	44.2
Iron		
Jackson	52.1	47.9
Jefferson	48.8	51.2
Juneau	62.3	37.7
Kenosha	50.4	49.6
Kewaunee	27.8	72.2
La Crosse	44.5	55.5
Lafayette	61.7	38.3
Langlade	51.5	48.5
Lincoln	42.6	57.4
Manitowoc	37.3	62.7
Marathon	33.2	66.8
Marinette	33.3	66.7
Marquette	47.7	52.3
Milwaukee	35.7	64.3
Monroe	58.5	41.5
Oconto	36.4	63.6
Oneida	65.2	34.8
Outagamie	47.8	52.2
Ozaukee	42.7	57.3
Pepin	52.8	47.2
Pierce	50.4	49.6
Polk	34.2	65.8
Portage	44.1	55.9
Price	33.4	66.6
Racine	43.4	56.6
Richland	82	18
Rock	68	32
St. Croix	40.9	59.1
Sauk	57.3	42.7
Sawyer	40	60
Shawano	33.4	66.6
Sheboygan	44.6	55.4
Taylor	26	74
Trempealeau	34.6	65.4
Vernon	59.2	40.8
Vilas		
Walworth	68.8	31.2
Washburn	45.6	54.4
Washington	49.6	50.4
Waukesha	53.2	46.8
Waupaca	48.8	51.2
Waushara	61.5	38.5
Winnebago	50.1	49.9
Wood	42.3	57.7



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

HON. JOHN L. MITCHELL.

United States Senator. (Term expires March 4, 1899.)

PART IV.

STATE FINANCES.

WISCONSIN PRESS.

WISCONSIN POST OFFICES.

CENSUS.

THE STATE FINANCES.

Summary of Receipts and Disbursements for two years ending September 30, 1896.

BALANCE SHEET.

The balance to the credit of the several funds October 1st, 1895, were as follows:

General.....	\$36,618 50	
School	33,104 02	
School Income	33,918 20	
University	18,799 34	
Agricultural College.....	32,012 28	
Normal School.....	94,333 18	
Drainage.....	28,838 69	
Delinquent tax.....	607 58	
Deposit	10,810 87	
Redemption.....	240 99	
St. Croix deposit.....	408 02	
Wisconsin R. R. & F. Mortgage Land Co.....	4,513 57	
Columbia and Sauk Counties, indemnity.....	3,752 42	
Allotment.....	916 54	
Balance in Treasury.....		\$298,874 20
	<u>\$298,874 20</u>	<u>\$298,874 20</u>

The balances to the credit of the several funds October 1st, 1896, were as follows:

General	\$19,815 56	
School	23,152 48	
School Income.....	40,398 85	
University	30,151 47	
Agricultural College	64,981 03	
Normal School	92,446 17	
Drainage	32,079 27	
Delinquent tax.....	1,183 62	
Deposit	10,760 41	
Redemption.....	183 46	
St. Croix Deposit.....	408 02	
Wisconsin R. R. and Farm Mortgage Land Co.....	4,446 64	
Columbia and Sauk Counties, indemnity	3,911 22	
Allotment.....	916 54	
Balance in Treasury.....		\$354,840 74
	<u>\$354,840 74</u>	<u>\$354,840 74</u>

SUMMARY OF TOTAL RECEIPTS.

	Oct. 1, 1894, to Sept. 30, 1895.	Oct. 1, 1895, to Sept. 30, 1896.
General Fund.....	\$1,788,809 52	\$2,124,567 57
School Fund	181,576 78	247,205 09
School Fund Income.....	808,813 34	829,177 89
Normal School Fund	139,848 26	207,477 99
Normal School Fund Income.....	151,288 78	236,414 81
University Fund.....	19,016 69	21,352 13
University Fund Income.....	245,128 76	406,932 63
Agricultural College Fund.....	37,028 21	73,071 75
Agricultural College Fund Income.....	37,874 77	14,909 38
Drainage Fund.....	31,095 68	33,735 66
De inquent Tax Fund.....	7,845 59	8,214 91
Indemnity Fund.....	5,272 59	14,004 51
Deposit Fund.....		59 73
Redemption Fund.....	113 31	
Columbia and Sauk Counties, Indemnity Fund.....	247 54	158 80
Total.....	<u>\$3,453,950 82</u>	<u>\$4,217,282 90</u>

SUMMARY OF TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS.

	Oct. 1, 1894, to Sept. 30, 1895.	Oct. 1, 1895, to Sept. 30, 1896.
General Fund	\$2,729,506 73	\$2,111,370 51
School Fund	150,185 44	257,156 63
School Fund Income	806,562 75	822,697 24
Normal School Fund	54,066 88	209,365 00
Normal School Fund Income	151,288 78	236,414 81
University Fund		10,000 00
University Fund Income	245,128 76	406,932 68
Agricultural College Fund	5,000 00	40,100 00
Agricultural College Fund Income	37,874 77	14,909 38
Drainage Fund	18,650 55	30,427 17
Delinquent Tax Fund	7,835 98	7,706 78
Indemnity Fund	5,272 59	14,004 51
Deposit Fund	474 07	110 19
Redemption Fund	49 98	54 53
Wis. R. R. & Farm Mortgage Land Co. Fund	15 24	66 93
Total	\$4,211,912 52	\$4,161,316 36

RECAPITULATION.

	Oct. 1, 1894, to Sept. 30, 1895.	Oct. 1, 1895, to Sept. 30, 1896.
Disbursements for two years		\$3,373,228 88
Receipts for two years	\$7,671,242 72	
Balance Sept. 30 1894	1,056,826 90	
Balance Sept. 30, 1896		354,840 74
Total	\$8,728,069 62	\$8,728,069 62

SUMMARY OF GENERAL FUND RECEIPTS.

	Oct. 1, 1894, to Sept. 30, 1895.	Oct. 1, 1895, to Sept. 30 1896.
Annual tax for free high schools	\$50,000 00	\$50,000 00
Annual tax for Industrial School for Boys	7,724 63	8,849 25
Annual tax for taking care of chronic insane	62,719 02	67,811 43
Annual tax for State Hospital for insane	44,516 38	40,251 28
Annual tax for Northern Hospital for insane	52,453 29	53,075 94
Appropriation for Home for Feeble Minded		99,729 62
Appropriation for Fifth Normal School		10,000 00
Appropriation for manual training department		2,500 00
Special appropriation for normal school		72,000 00
Charitable and penal institutions	34,488 38	80,009 56
Suit tax from counties	7,728 00	7,406 00
Fire insurance companies	88,556 72	91,156 87
Life insurance companies	36,457 75	39,003 85
Accident and Guarantee insurance companies	6,560 13	3,344 41
Railway companies	1,174,970 93	1,172,742 12
Street railway companies		746 73
Palace and sleeping car companies	5 3 80	2,031 14
Telegraph companies	9,999 45	10,817 56
Telephone companies	9,834 99	9,744 64
Loan and trust companies	2,598 33	2,271 68
Boom companies	1,176 92	2,379 17
Fees	40,565 42	44,956 90
Refunds	51,079 99	461 26
Miscellaneous	106,849 39	253,198 16
Total	\$1,788,809 52	\$2,124,567 57

STATE FINANCES.

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SUMMARY OF GENERAL FUND DISBURSEMENTS.

	<i>Oct. 1, 1894,</i> <i>to</i> <i>Sept. 30, 1895.</i>	<i>Oct. 1, 1895,</i> <i>to</i> <i>Sept. 30, 1896.</i>
Executive department.....	\$9,472 75	\$9,591 00
State department.....	33,008 24	33,215 50
Treasury department.....	18,346 11	17,732 01
Attorney General's department.....	5,277 40	5,209 78
State Superintendent's department.....	9,310 13	9,696 21
Railroad department.....	5,580 84	5,607 96
Insurance department.....	5,538 36	6,300 00
Land department.....	17,319 49	19,885 50
Adjutant General's department.....	9,290 44	12,160 00
Quartermaster General's department.....	3,116 78	3,480 00
Bureau of Labor Statistics.....	8,580 77	8,689 37
Dairy and Food department.....	9,261 94	8,347 61
Bank Examiner's department.....	2,551 96	7,695 74
Deep Channels Commissioner's department.....	300 00	2,292 74
Board of Control.....	18,075 99	15,485 88
Special Agent Board of Control.....	725 64	1,878 59
Superintendent of Public Property, office.....	3,514 53	3,500 00
Historical Society.....	10,101 00	9,800 00
State law library.....	4,061 16	4,402 36
State Veterinary department.....	4,755 53	4,017 70
Land protection.....	3,061 36	4,394 23
State fish and game warden.....	4,801 66	5,563 00
Supreme court.....	35,693 94	34,587 75
Circuit courts.....	77,951 03	76,921 34
Charitable and penal institutions.....	531,089 25	577,882 39
Deaf mute instruction in cities.....	10,372 34	12,474 40
State Board of Immigration.....	1 205 04	5,392 43
State Board of Arbitration.....	171 25	846 12
State census.....	76,814 87	14,010 58
Chronic insane in counties.....	301,796 80	315,819 64
Legislature, regular session.....	161,423 98	.....
Legislature, special session.....	.....	6,404 76
Special appropriations.....	79,359 10	177,186 75
Miscellaneous.....	1,267,573 94	690,869 17
Total.....	<u>\$2,729,506 73</u>	<u>\$2,111,370 51</u>

RECAPITULATION.

	<i>Oct. 1, 1894,</i> <i>to</i> <i>Sept. 30, 1895.</i>	<i>Oct. 1, 1895,</i> <i>to</i> <i>Sept. 30, 1896.</i>
Disbursements for two years.....	.....	\$1,840,877 24
Receipts for two years.....	\$3,913,377 09	.....
Balance Sept. 30, 1894.....	977,315 71	.....
Balance Sept. 30, 1896.....	.....	49,815 56
	<u>\$4,890,692 80</u>	<u>\$1,890,692 80</u>

THE WISCONSIN PRESS.

The following list has been carefully revised according to the best information obtainable up to January 1, 1897. The language in which the papers are published is English when no other statement is given. The abbreviations used are as follows: Rep., Republican, Dem., Democrat, Pro., Prohibitionist, Peo., People's, Ind., Independent or Neutral, U. S., Universal Suffragist, Rel., Religious, Ed., Educational, Agr., Agricultural, T., Temperance, M., Musical, Lit., Literary, Hu., Humorous, Soc., Socialistic, Ju., Juvenile, Com., Commercial, D., Daily, S. W., Semi-weekly, W., Weekly, M., Monthly, S. M., Semi-Monthly, Q., Quarterly, G., German, N., Norwegian, P., Polish, S., Swedish, H., Hollandish, Fin., Finish, F., French, B., Bohemian, Sk., Scandinavian, D., Danish, Im., Immigration.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
ADAMS— Friendship....	Adams County Press.	Solon W. Pierce..	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
ASHLAND— Ashland.....	Ashland Herald.....	R. M. Voll	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
Ashland.....	Ashland News.....	Ashland News Co.	Dem..	D. & W.	Wednesday.
Ashland.....	Ashland Press.....	J. M. Chapple & Co.....	Rep ..	D. & W.	Saturday.
Ashland.....	Chequamegon Critic.	J. S. Duket.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Ashland.....	The Helping Hand ..	S. E. Lathrop	Rel...	M.	
BARRON— Barron	Barron Co. Shield ..	Thos. Davery.....	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Barron	Barron Republican..	Republican Pub. Co.....	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Chetek	Chetek Alert.....	Walter Speed.....	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Cumberland ..	Cumberland Advocate	F. F. Morgan	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Cumberland ..	New Wisconsin	H. S. Comstock....	Im....	M.	
Rice Lake.....	Rice Lake Times.....	C. F. & A. M. Bone	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Rice Lake.....	Rice Lake Chrono-type	E. N. Bowers.....	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Rice Lake.....	The Rice Lake Leader	Ward L. Swift ...	Rep ..	W.	Thursday
BAYFIELD— Bayfield.....	Bayfield Co. Press..	Currie G. Bell....	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
Iron River.....	Pioneer.....	Byron Ripley.....	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Washburn.....	Itemizer.....	E. R. Barager.....	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Washburn.....	News.....	F. T. Yates.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Washburn.....	Times.....	J. E. Jones.....	Rep ..	W.	Wednesday.
BROWN— De Pere.....	Democrat.....	Heyrman & Kuyhlers.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
De Pere.....	News.....	Halline & Hase ..	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
De Pere.....	Standard (H).....	Ed. Van de Castel	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
De Pere.....	De Volkstein (H)....	Heyrm'n & Kuyh'r	Dem..	W.	Wednesday

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Name of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
BROWN—Cont.					
De Pere.....	De Gids (H.).....	John Smith.....	Im... M.		
Green Bay.....	Review.....	James Kerr & Son	Rep.. W.		
Green Bay.....	Advocate.....	The Advocate Co.	Dem.. D. & W.		Saturday.
Green Bay.....	The Green Bay Gazette	The Gazette Pub. Co.	Rep.. D. & W.		Wednesday.
Green Bay....	Der Landsman (G) ..	Lehm'n & R'b'n's'n	Dem.. W.		Wednesday.
BUFFALO—					
Alma.....	Buffalo Co. Journal.	E. F. Ganz.....	Rep.. W.		Thursday.
Mondovi.....	Mondovi Herald.....	Houser & Smith..	Rep.. W.		Friday.
Fountain City.	Buffalo Co. Republican and Alma Blaetter	Republikaner Pub Co.....	Ind... W.		Thursday.
BURNETT—					
Grantsburg ..	Sentinel.....	W. Hoffstead & Co	Rep.. W.		Thursday.
Grantsburg ..	The Journal of Burnett Co.	Ed L. Peet.....	In. R. W.		Friday.
CALUMET—					
Brillion.....	Brillion News.....	Buckle & Bing....	Ind... W.		Friday.
Chilton.....	Chilton Times.....	W. A. Hume.....	Dem.. W.		Saturday.
Chilton.....	Wis. Demokrat (G) ..	Henry Arnold....	Rep.. W.		Friday.
CHIPPewa—					
Appolonia....	App. Budget.....	E. J. Hill.....	Rep.. W.		Friday.
Bloomer.....	Bloomer Advance....	F. E. & J. E. Andrews.	Rep.. W.		Thursday.
Cadott.....	Cadott Blade.....	W. R. Munroe....	Rep.. W.		Friday.
Chipp'wa Falls	Catholic Sentinel..	Arthur Gough....	Rel.. W.		Thursday.
Chipp'wa Falls	Chippewa Herald....	Herald Ptg. Co....	Rep.. D. & W.		Friday.
Chipp'wa Falls	Chippewa Times....	Chippewa Valley Pub. Co.....	Dem.. W.		Tuesday.
Chipp'wa Falls	Daily Independent..	Chippewa Valley Pub. Co.....	Ind... D.		
Chipp'wa Falls	Der Talbote.....	F. W. Grumm.....	Dem.. W.		Thursday.
Stanley.....	Stanley Journal....	T. J. Cunningham	Dem.. W.		Saturday.
Stanley.....	Stanley Republican.	Bridgman Bros....	Rep.. W.		Saturday.
CLARK—					
Colby.....	Colby Phonograph..	Shafer Bros.....	Dem.. W.		Thursday.
Greenwood....	Greenwood Gleaner..	Gleaner Pub. Co.	Ind... W.		Friday.
Loyal.....	Loyal Tribune.....	D. V. Richardson	Rep.. W.		Friday.
Neillsville....	Deutsch-Amerikaner (G) ..	Carl Rabenstein..	Rep.. W.		Wednesday.
Neillsville....	Neillsville Times....	L. B. Ring.....	Rep.. W.		Thursday.
Neillsville....	Republican and Press	J. H. Tift.....	Rep.. W.		Thur. day.
Thorp.....	Thorp Courier.....	Wm. Wagner.....	Dem.. W.		Thursday.
Columbia.....	Gazette.....	Jas. A. Phillips..	Ind... W.		Thursday.
COLUMBIA—					
Cambria.....	Cambria News.....	J. F. Streeter....	Rep.. W.		Saturday.
Columbus.....	Columbus Democrat.	C. C. Eaton.....	Dem.. W.		Wednesday.
Columbus.....	Columbus Republic'n	J. R. Decker.....	Rep.. W.		Saturday.
Kilbourn City.	Mirror-Gazette.....	Jos. E. Jones.....	Ind... W.		Saturday.
Lodi.....	Lodi Valley News....	Peter Richards...	Rep.. W.		Saturday.
Lodi.....	Lodi Enterprise....	E. B. Yule.....	Ind... W.		Saturday.
Pardeeville....	Pardeeville Times..	F. A. Mathewson	Peo.. W.		Friday.
Portage.....	Portage Democrat..	J. E. Jones.....	Dem.. D. & W.		Friday.
Portage.....	Wis. State Register.	Maurice Goodman	Rep.. D. & W.		Saturday.
Portage.....	Rundschau (G).....	Frank Heidt.....	Rep.. W.		Thursday.
Portage.....	Wecker (G).....	Mrs. G. A. Selbach	Dem.. W.		Thursday.
Poynette.....	Poynette Press.....	G. L. Swartz.....	Ind... W.		Friday.
Randolph.....	Randolph Reveille..	D. W. Kutchin...	Rep.. W.		Thursday.
Rio.....	Columbia Co. Reporter	J. W. Bathgate ..	Ind... W.		Saturday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Name of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
CRAWFORD—					
Pra. du Chien.	Courier	Wm. D. Merrill...	Dem..	W.	Tuesday.
Pra. du Chien.	Pra. du Chien Union.	I. D. Hurlbut...	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Soldiers' Gr'Ve	Crawford Co. Advan'e	F. M. Cole.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Wauzeka.....	Kickapoo Chief.....	Howe & Thomson	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
DANE—					
Belleville.....	Recorder.....	J. M. Williams...	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Blue Mounds...	News.....	G. G. Mandt....	Ind...	W.	Tuesday.
Cambridge....	Cambridge News...	Patterson & Banks	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Cross Plains...	Arrow.....	R. B. Fredrick...	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Deerfield.....	Enterprise.....	W. T. Hoxie.....	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Madson.....	Aegis.....	Students.....	Lit...	W.	Friday.
Madison.....	Amerika.....	Amerika Pub. Co.	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Madison.....	Botschafter (G)...	F. C. Blied & Co.	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Madison.....	Journal of Education	Prof. J. H. Stearns	Ed...	M.	
Madison.....	Mohona Lake Assn..	J. E. Moseley....	Rel...	Q.	
Madison.....	Our Church Work...	H. A. Miner.....	Rel...	M.	
Madison.....	Northwestern Mail..	H. A. Miner.....	Pro...	W.	Thursday.
Madison.....	School Visitor.....	Deming & Proctor	Ed...	S. M.	
Madison.....	Old Dane.....	G. G. Mandt....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Madison.....	State Journal.....	State Journal Ptg			
Madison.....	Wisconsin Staats-	Co.....	Rep..	D. & W.	Friday.
Madison.....	Zeitung (G).....	Staats-Zeitung Co	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Madison.....	Democrat.....	Democrat Ptg. Co	Ind...	D & S-W	Wed. & Sat.
Madison.....	Madisonian.....	Sommers & Reynolds	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Madison.....	Cardinal.....	Students.....	Ind...	D.	
Madison.....	Western Farmer....	Western Farmer Co	Agr...	W.	Thursday.
Madison.....	Archon.....	High school pupils	Lit...	W.	Tuesday.
Madison.....	The Motor.....	W. C. T. U.....	Temp.	M.	
Madison.....	Men of Madison...	Y. M. C. A.....	Rel...	M.	
Madison.....	Our Church Home...	Rev. A. J. Kempton	Rel...	Q.	
Marshall.....	Record.....	F. C. King.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Mazomanie...	Sickle.....	H. L. Swan.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Middleton....	Times.....	Thos. A. Everill...	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Mt. Horeb.....	Mt. Horeb Times....	Mt. Horeb Ptg. Co	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Oregon.....	Observer.....	H. D. Hanson....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Stoughton....	Courier.....	Courier Pub. Co.	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Stoughton....	Hub.....	C. S. Crosse....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Stoughton....	Normannen (Sk)...	Rassler & Allberg	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Sun Prairie...	Countryman.....	Dumphy & Bull...	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Verona.....	Herald.....	Thos. A. Everill...	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
De Forest....	De Forest Times....	Times Pub. Co...	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Waunakee....	News.....	News Pub. Co...	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
DODGE—					
Beaver Dam..	Beaver Dam Argus..	B. F. Sherman & Son.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Beaver Dam..	Dodge Co. Citizen...	Thos. Hughes...	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Fox Lake.....	Fox Lake Representative	D. J. Hotchkiss..	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Horicon.....	Horicon Reporter..	J. Ed. Sawyer...	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Juneau.....	Independent.....	Clifford Bros....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Juneau.....	Teleophone.....	John Kelley....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Juneau.....	Volsabote (G).....	J. C. Linhard...	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Beaver Dam..	Wayland Greetings..	Wayla'd Academy	Ed...	Quar.	
Mayville....	Dodge Co Pioneer(G)	Jacob Mueller...	Rep..	S-W.	Tues. & Fri.
Mayville....	Mayville News.....	Henry Spiering..	Dem..	W.	Tuesday.
Rooseville...	Rooseville Review..	H. L. Snow.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Waupun.....	Waupun Times.....	C. L. Coward....	Ind...	W.	Tuesday.
DOOR—					
Sturgeon Bay.	Door Co. Advocate..	Frank Long.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Sturgeon Bay.	Door Co. Democrat..	John J. Pinney...	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
DOUGLAS—					
Superior.....	Superior Times.....	Alluna C. Christi	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
South Superior	South Superior Sun..	R. E. Kenyon & Co	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
West Superior.	Evening Telegram...	Telegram Ptg. Co.	Rep..	D.	Exc. Sun.
West Superior.	Superior Leader....	Middleton Mfg. Co	Rep..	D.	Exc. Mon.
West Superior.	Inland-Ocean.....	Scott & Ward....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
West Superior.	Superior Wave.....	F. B. Gregg.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
DOUGLAS—Cont.					
West Superior.	Superior Citizen.....	J. A. Monger.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
West Superior.	Tidende (Nor).....	Tidende Pub. Co.	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
West Superior.	Svenska Tribun.	N. L. Bendz.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
DUNN—					
Menomonie ...	Der Nordstern (G) ..	German Ptg. Co..	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Menomonie ...	Dunn Co. Herald....	Frank F. Va-ey..	Pro ...	W.	Tuesday.
Menomonie ...	Dunn Co. News.....	Flint & Weber....	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Menomonie ...	Menomonie Times....	Times Ptg. Co....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Menomonie ...	Wisconsin Signal....	Sig. Pub. Co.	Peo... W.	W.	Thursday.
Colfax	Record	Aug. Kjelstorp....	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
EAU CLAIRE—					
Augusta.....	Times	Frank L. Clarke ..	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Augusta.....	Eagle	G. O. Jones.	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire Leader....	W. K. Atkinson & Sons	Dem..	D.	Exc. Mon.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire Weekly Leader.....	W. K. Atkinson & Sons	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire Free Press	H. C. Ashbaugh... Rep ..	D. & W.	W.	Thursday.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire Gazette...	H. L. Whittier... Peo... W.	W.	W.	Saturday.
Eau Claire.....	Reform (Sk.).....	O. B. Oleson..... Pro... W.	W.	W.	Tuesday.
Eau Claire.....	Der Herold (G).....	Weiss & Auer..... Dem.. W.	W.	W.	Thursday.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire Telegram	Telegram Pub. Co. Rep ..	D. & W.	W.	Wednesday
FLORENCE—					
Florence.....	Mining News	Youngs Bros.....	Ind... W.	W.	Saturday.
FOND DU LAC—					
Brandon.....	Brandon Times.....	Short Estate	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Fond du Lac..	Reporter.....	L. A. Lange.....	Dem..	D.	Exc. Sun.
Fond du Lac..	Saturday Reporter..	L. A. Lange.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Fond du Lac..	Commonwealth.....	Commonwealth Pub. Co	Rep ..	D.	Exc. Sun.
Fond du Lac ..	Commonwealth.....	Commonwealth Pub. Co	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Fond du Lac..	The Courier	W. F. Weber.....	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Ripon	Ripon Commonw'lth	C. H. Ellsworth... Dem..	W.	W.	Thursday.
Ripon	Advance Press.....	Morse & Dunbar.. Rep ..	W.	W.	Wednesday.
Waupun	Waupun Leader.....	Oliver Bros.....	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
FOREST—					
Crandon.....	Forest Republican ..	Crandon Pub. Co..	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Three Lakes ..	Three Lakes Enterprise	Enterprise Pub Co	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
Three Lakes ..	Forest Leaves	Wm. J. Neu.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
GRANT—					
Bloomington..	Record.....	Ernest Brooks....	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Boscobel.....	Dial Enterprise.....	Meyer & Johnson..	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Cassville.....	Cassville Index.....	John Foley.....	Ind... W.	W.	Thursday.
Cuba City.....	Cuba City News.....	Thos. C. Snyder..	Ind... W.	W.	Thursday.
Fennimore.....	Fennimore Times Review	Henry E. Roethe..	Rep ..	W.	Wednesday.
Lancaster	Grant County Herald	C. R. Showalter... Rep ..	W.	W.	Thursday.
Lancaster	Lancaster Teller	Edward Pollock... Ind... W.	W.	W.	Thursday.
Lancaster	Reporter.....	E. L. Howe.....	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Muscoda.....	Watchman.....	A. J. Hood & Son	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Platteville....	Grant County News..	W. L. Washburn.. Dem..	W.	W.	Wednesday.
Platteville....	Platteville Witness..	M. P. Rindlaub..	Rep ..	W.	Wednesday
GREEN—					
Albany.....	Albany Indicator ..	E. E. Atherton...	Ind... W.	W.	Thursday.
Brodhead.....	Brodhead Independent	Charlton & Han-niford.....	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Brodhead.....	Busy Citizen.....	A. E. Pauley.....	Pr & P	W.	Thursday.
Brodhead.....	Register.....	W. Hotchkiss.....	Rep ..	W.	Wednesday.
Brodhead.....	Wisconsin Citizen..	H. H. Charlton ..	Suf... M.	M.	

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

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GREEN—Cont.					
Monroe.....	County Journal.....	L. A. Woodle and F. F. Turner...	Ind...	W.	Tuesday.
Monroe.....	Evening Times.....	John Odell.....	Ind...	D.	
Monroe.....	Green Co. Herald (G.)	Robert Kohli.....	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Monroe.....	Monroe Sentinel.....	C. A. Booth.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Monroe.....	Sun-Gazette.....	Gettings & Clark.	Pop..	W.	Friday.
Monroe.....	Sun-Gazette.....	.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Monticello.....	Monticello News.....	J. A. Smith.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Monticello.....	Monticello Messenger	John Richards...	Ind...	W.	Monday.
GREEN LAKE—					
Berlin.....	Berlin Courant.....	L. E. Davis.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Berlin.....	Berlin Journal.....	C. G. Starks.....	Ind...	D. & W.	Thursday.
Dartford.....	Green Lake County Reporter.....	M. Carpenter.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Markesan.....	Markesan Herald.....	Geo. H. Lawrence...	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Kingston.....	Spy.....	Wm. E. Williams...	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Princeton.....	Princeton Republic	Beebe & Clark...	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
IOWA—					
Barneveld.....	Barneveld Banner...	R. J. Roach.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Barneveld.....	Register and Friend.	Anton Emmel.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Dodgeville.....	Dodgeville Chronicle	A. S. Hearn.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Dodgeville.....	Dodgeville Sun.....	Boyle & Holt.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Dodgeville.....	New Star.....	A. McArthur.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Highland.....	Highland Weekly Press	A. G. Roethe.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Linden.....	Advertiser.....	J. W. Taylor.....	Ind...	M.	
Linden.....	South-Western Wisconsin	J. W. Taylor.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Mineral Point.	Mineral Point Democrat	Crawford Bros....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Mineral Point.	Mineral Point Tribune	Bennett Bros.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
IRON—					
Hurley.....	Iron Co. Republican.	W. H. Bridgman...	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Hurley.....	Montreal River Miner.....	F. B. Hand.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
JACKSON—					
Black Riv. F'lls	Badger State Banner	Cooper & Co.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Black Riv. F'lls	Jackson Co. Journal.	Memfee & Hill....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Merrillan.....	Wisconsin Leader...	R. H. Gile.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
JEFFERSON—					
Fort Atkinson.	Hoard's Dairyman...	W. D. Hoard & Co	Agr...	W.	Friday.
Fort Atkinson.	Jefferson Co. Union.	W. D. Hoard & Co	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Fort Atkinson.	Chronicle.....	M. S. Parker.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson Banner.....	Banner Printing Co.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson Co. Journal	Journal Printing Co.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Lake Mills.....	Lake Mills Leader...	C. L. Hubbs.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Palmyra.....	Palmyra Enterprise.	Andrew Rood.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Waterloo.....	Waterloo Democrat.	P. H. Bolger.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Waterloo.....	Waterloo Journal...	H. M. Knowlton...	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Watertown.....	Watertown Gazette.	J. W. Moore.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Watertown.....	Watertown Times...	Times Pub. Co....	Dem..	D.	
Watertown.....	Watertown Republican	G. W. Norris.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Watertown.....	Watertown Weltbuerger	D. Blumenfeld & Son	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
JUNEAU—					
Elroy.....	Elroy Tribune.....	T. K. Dunn & Son.	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Mauston.....	Juneau Co. Chronicle	Chronicle Pub. Co	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Mauston.....	Mauston Star.....	J. F. Sprague & Son	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Necedah.....	Necedah Republican	C. M. Hutchinson	Rep..	W.	Friday.
New Lisbon.....	Juneau Co. Argus...	A. J. Shrake.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
New Lisbon.....	New Lisbon Times...	Chas. A. Leicht....	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Woneewoc.....	Woneewoc Gazette...	H. H. Dunn.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Woneewoc.....	Woneewoc Reporter..	Reporter Pub. Co.	Dem..	W.	Thursday.

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KENOSHA—					
Kenosha	Kenosha Gazette	Frank C. Cully ...	Dem..	D & W.	Thursday.
Kenosha	Kenosha News.....	E. R. Head.....	Rep..	D.	
Kenosha	Telegraph Courier...	F. R. Head.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Kenosha	Volksfreund	Geo. G. Gold	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Kenosha	Kenosha Union.....	J. A. Killeen.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
KEWAUNEE—					
Ahnapee	Ahnapee Record.....	D. W. Stebbins...	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee Co. Banner	K'waunee Ptg. Co	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee Enterprise	A. C. Vochardt...	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee Listy (B).	Bohemian Ptg. Co	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
LA CROSSE—					
Bangor.....	Bangor Independent.	Richard Davis ...	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
La Crosse.....	Daily Press	W. S. Luce	Ind...	D & W.	
La Crosse.....	Argus	E. W. Calkins	Rep..	W.	Friday.
La Crosse.....	Democrat	F. R. Smith	Dem..	W.	Friday.
La Crosse.....	Boycott's Budget...	John Baenzinger..	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
La Crosse.....	Morning Chronicle..	Ellis B. Usher....	Dem..	D & W.	Thursday.
La Crosse.....	Nord Stern.....	C. Candrian	Rep..	D & W.	Friday.
La Crosse.....	Nordstern Blatter (G)	A. Candrian	W.		Tuesday.
La Crosse.....	Republican & Leader	W. B. Finch.....	Rep..	D & W.	Saturday.
La Crosse.....	Volksfreund	Wm. Raetzmann...	Dem..	S. W.	Wed. & Sat
La Crosse.....	Voice of the People..	Fred. Wehre.....	Pop..	W.	Friday.
La Crosse.....	Tidende	J. L. Hjort	Rep..	S. W.	Wed. & Sat.
Onalaska	Onalaska Record...	W. J. Showers....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
West Salem ..	West Salem Journal.	S. W. Brown	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
West Salem ..	Nonpareil	Geo. W. Hall	W.		Friday.
LAFAYETTE—					
Argyle	Argyle Atlas	G. G. Gaskill	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Bellmont	Bellmont Bee	Harry J. Burke ..	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Benton	Mining Times.....	H. A. Bresso	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Blanchardville ..	Blanchardville Blade	Carl Chandler....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Darlington	Darlington Democrat	Frank McConnell..	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Darlington	Darlington Journal.	H. L. Brown	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Darlington	Darlington Republic	Jas. G. Monahan..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Shullsburg.....	Pick and Gad.....	T. J. Law	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Shullsburg.....	Southwestern Local.	J. W. Blackstone & Son	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
South Wayne..	Messenger	Francis Marble & Co	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
LANGLADE—					
Antigo.....	Antigo Herald (G)...	Edward Goebel...	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Antigo.....	Antigo Republican..	John A. Ogden ...	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Antigo.....	Langlade Co. Special	W. H. Dawley....	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Antigo.....	Weekly News Item..	Millard Pub. Co..	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
LINCOLN—					
Merrill.....	Lincoln Co. Anzieger (G)	F. W. Sallet.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Merrill.....	Merrill Advocate ..	C. N. Johnson	Rep..	W.	Tuesday.
Merrill.....	Merrill News.....	A. T. Curtis	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Tomahawk.....	Tomahawk	Tomah'wk Pub Co	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Tomahawk.....	Tomahawk Leader..	W. M. Shirk	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
MANITOWOC—					
Kiel.....	Kiel National Zeitung (G.).....	Haelmel & Landon	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc.....	Nord Western (G.)...	Carl G. Schmidt...	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc Pilot....	John Nagle	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc Post (G.)	Baensch & Guenrich	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc Press....	H. G. Kress	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc Tribune.	Henry Sandford..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc.....	Wahrheit	O. C. Schmidt	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
St. Nazianz	St. Nazianz's Weekly.	H. C. Olsen	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Two Rivers.....	Chronicle	Wm. F. Nash.....	Dem..	W.	Tuesday.

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MARATHON—					
Wausau.....	Central Wisconsin...	R. H. Johnson....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Wausau.....	Deutsche Pioneer (G)	A. W. Young.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Wausau.....	Pilot.....	E. B. Thayer.....	Dem..	W.	Tuesday.
Wausau.....	Record.....	Edgar T. Wheelock	Rep..	D. & W.	Thursday.
Wausau.....	Wausau Herald.....	Powers & Lohmar	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Wausau.....	Wausau Woch'nblatt	H. J. Heise.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
MARINETTE—					
Marinette....	Eagle.....	Eagle Pr't'g Co..	Rep..	D. & W.	Saturday.
Marinette....	Fremad.....	Hans Juhl.....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Marinette....	Forposten.....	James M. Enstrom	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Marinette....	Marinette Co. Argus.	The Argus Co.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Marinette....	North Star.....	Star Pub. Co.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Marinette....	Tribunen.....	Carlson & Olson..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Peshigo.....	Peshigo Times.....	A. D. Pergoli.....	Ind..	W.	Saturday.
Wausaukee....	Independent.....	A. F. Douville....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
MARQUETTE—					
Moutello.....	Moutello Express...	C. H. Bissell.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Packwaukee....	News.....	Jas. Duff.....	Rep..	W.	Tuesday.
Westfield.....	Central Union.....	S. D. Forbes & Son	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
MILWAUKEE—					
Milwaukee....	A. B. C. Post (G.)...	W. W. Coleman's estate.....	Ed....	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Abend Post (G.)....	Abend Post Pub. Co.....	Rep..	D.	
Milwaukee....	Acker und Gartenbau Zeitung (G.)...	The Herold Co..	Agr...	S. M.	
Milwaukee....	Amerikanische Turn Zeitung (G.).....	Freidenker Pub. Co.....	Ind...	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee....	Anti-Prohibitionist..	Anti-Prohibitionist Pub. Co.....	A-Pro.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Au (G.).....	Anton Gfrormer...	Hu...	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee....	Banner and Volksfreund (G.).....	Banner and Volksfreund Pub. Co.	Dem..	W.	Tuesday.
Milwaukee....	Catholic Citizen.....	Citizen Co.....	Ind..	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Columbia (G.).....	Catholic Ptg. Soc'y	Rel...	W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Commercial Letter..	F. W. Friese.....	Com..	D.	
Milwaukee....	Cudahy Courier.....	Sub. Pub. Co.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Daily Appeal.....	Appeal Pub. Co..	Labor	D.	
Milwaukee....	Deutsches Volksblatt	George Brumder..	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee....	Domacnost.....	Anton Nowak.....		W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee....	Erholungsstunden (G)	George Brumder..	Lit...	W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee....	Erziehungs Blätter (G.).....	Friedenker Pub. Co.....	Ed....	M.	
Milwaukee....	Evening Wisconsin..	Evening Wisconsin Co.....	Re p...	D. & W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Excelsior (G.).....	Excelsior Pub. Co.	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Freidenker (G).....	Freidenker Pub. Co..	Ind...	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee....	Fuer Unsere Jugend (G.).....	Freidenker Pub. Co.....	Ed....	M.	
Milwaukee....	Germeinde Blatt G.	Wis. Luth. Synod.	Rel...	S. M.	
Milwaukee....	Germania.....	Germania Pub. Co.	Ind..	D. & W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee....	Haus und Bauernfreund (G.).....	Germania Pub. Co.	Agr...	W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee....	Hermans Sohn (G.)..	Lowenbach & Son	L. O..	S. M.	
Milwaukee....	Herold (G.).....	Herold Co.....	Ind..	D. & W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Im Familien Kreise (G.).....	The Herold Co...	Lit...	B. W.	
Milwaukee....	Journal.....	Journal Co.....	Dem..	D. & W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Jugend Post.....	The Herold Co...	Juv...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Katholische Zeitung (G.).....	Catholic Ptg. Co.	Rel...	W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Kinder Post (G.)...	The Herold Co...	Juv...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Kuryer Polski (P.)..	M. Kruska.....	Dem..	D.	
Milwaukee....	The Lamplighter.....	P. W. Peterson...	Rel...	M.	
Milwaukee....	Masonic Tidings.....	{ M. L. Youngs... }	S. S...	M.	
Milwaukee....	Am. School Board Journal.....	{ J. W. Laffin... }			
		W. G. Bruce.....	Ed....	M.	

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MILWAUKEE— (continued.)					
Milwaukee....	Lehrer Post (G.)	The Herold Co....	Ed. ..	S. M.	
Milwaukee....	Living Church.....	Young Church- man Co.....	Rel... Ind...	Q. W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Milw. Advance.....	Schilling & Co....			
Milwaukee....	Milw. Volkszeitung (G.)	Socialist Pub. Co.	Soc... Soc...	D. & W. W.	
Milwaukee....	Die Wahrheit (G.)...	Socialist Pub. Co.	Peo... W.		Thursday.
Milwaukee....	National Advance...	Schilling & Co....			
Milwaukee....	National Reformer (G.)	Schilling & Co....	Peo ..	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	National Home Guard	Sub. Pub. Co....	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	News.....	News Pub. Co....	Rep ..	D.	
Milwaukee....	Nordwestliche Post (G.)	Abend Post Pub. Co.....		S W.	
Milwaukee....	North Milw. Gazette	C. J. Brown	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Peck's Sun.....	Annetto Dankoler	Hu... Sp...	W. D.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Daily Abstract	Walter Schroeder			
Milwaukee....	Reformer und Volks blatt (G.)	Schilling & Co....	Peo ..	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee....	Schulzeitung (G.)...	Wis Luth. Synod.	Rel... Dem...	M. D. & W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Seebote (G.)	P. V. Deuster & Co.	Rep ..	D. & W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Sentinel	Sentinel Co....			
Milwaukee....	Shepard's Arms.....	Young Church- man Co.....	Rel ..	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Milw. Suburbanite..	Sub. Pub. Co....	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	The Milw. Telegraph	J. A. & R. B. Wa- trous.....	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Telephone (G.).....	P. V. Deuster & Co.	Dem...	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee....	Saturday Star.....	J. E. Dankoler ..		W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	The Sunday Truth...	W. J. Kenrick....	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Times	Towel Bros.....	Ind...	S. W	Wed. & Sat.
Milwaukee....	Unser Blatt (G.)...	B. Lowenb'h & Son	L. O...	M.	
Milwaukee....	ierteljährliches Magazin (G.).....	The Herold Co....	Lit. ..	Q.	
Milwaukee....	Vereinsbote (G.)...	German Branch Y. M. C. A.....	Rel... Ind...	M. W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee....	Warte (G.)	Germania Pub. Co.		W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	The Wis. Patriot....	A. C. Macrorie & Co.	A. P. A. A. O. U. W.	M. W.	
Milwaukee....	A. O. U. W. Advocate	H. H. Zahn & Co.	Ind...	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee....	Illustrated News...	Forest Tibits		W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee....	Young Churchman..	Young Church- man Co.....	Rel... W.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Fram (N. and E.)...	A. C. Tosterud....		W.	Friday.
Milwaukee....	The Pneumatic.....	Pneumatic Pub Co	Cyc...	M.	
MONROE—					
Cashton.....	Cashton Record	F. D. Haines.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Sparta.....	Sparta Democrat....	Streeter Bros.	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Sparta.....	Sparta Herald.....	McBride Bros.....	Rep...	W.	Tuesday.
Sparta.....	Herald Advertiser...	J. R. Hinckley....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Tomah.....	Tomah Journal.....	L. B. Squier.....	Rep...	W.	Satur ay.
Tomah.....	Tomah Monitor.....	J. A. Wells & Son.	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Warrens.....	Index.....	W. G. Evans.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Wilton.....	Herald.....	C. H. Brown.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
OCONTO—					
Oconto.....	Enquirer.....	Rose A. Sharp.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Oconto.....	Reporter.....	J. H. Waggoner ..	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Oconto.....	Lumberman	J. W. Hall.....	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
ONEIDA—					
Rhineland ..	New North.....	Rhineland Ptg. Co.....	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Rhineland ..	Rhineland Herald.	Herald Pub. Co....	Dem...	W.	Saturday.
Rhineland ..	Vindicator.....	Shaw Pub. Co....	Rep ..	W.	Wednesday
OUTAGAMIE—					
Appleton.....	Appleton Crescent...	Ryan & Bro.....	Dem...	D. & W.	Saturday.
Appleton.....	Appleton Post.....	Post Pub. Co.....	Rep ..	D. & W.	Thursday.
Appleton.....	Volksfreund (G.)...	H. W. Meyer.....	Ind...	S. W.	Mon. & Th.
Appleton.....	Wecker (G.)	C. Roemer.....	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Appleton.....	Das Montags Blatt (G.)	H. W. Meyer	Ind...	W.	Monday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
OUTAGAMIE— (Continued.)					
Appleton.....	Gegenwart.....	Gegenwart Co ...	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Appleton.....	Lawrentian.....	Lit. Society Law- Univ.....	Lit...	M.	
Appleton.....	Presbyterian.....	Presbyterian Ch..	Rel...	M.	
Hortonville....	Review.....	Hollenbeck & Nye	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Kaukauna.....	Sun.....	J. I. Toner.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Kaukauna.....	Times.....	C. E. Raught.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Seymour.....	Press.....	H. J. Van Vuren..	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
OZAUKEE—					
Cedarburg....	Cedarburg News....	Alex. W. Horn....	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Port Washing- ton.....	Ozaukee County Ad- vertiser.....	M. G. Bohan.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Port Washing- ton.....	Port Washing't'n Star	A. D. Bolens.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Port Washing- ton.....	Port Washington Zei- tung (G).....	Carl Fehlandt....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Port Washing- ton.....	Herold (G).....	W. B. Krause.....	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Grafton.....	Ozaukee.....	A. D. Bolens.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
PEPIN—					
Durand.....	Entering Wedge.....	Ingram & Good'ch	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Durand.....	Pepin Co. Courier...	W. H. Huntington	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Vivian.....	Vivian Star.....	J. M. Axtell.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Durand.....	Zeitung.....	R. Moesback.....	Dem..	W.	Tuesday.
PIERCE—					
Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth Gleanor...	A. E. Quinn.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Ellsworth.....	Pierce Co. Herald...	Herald Ptg. Co...	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Maiden Rock...	The Weekly Press....	A. E. Roese.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Prescott.....	Prescott Tribune....	Price Bros.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
River Falls....	River Falls Journal..	C. R. Morse.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Spring Valley..	Spring Valley Sun...	Chas. Lowater...	Rep..	W.	Friday.
River Falls....	River Falls Times....	A. T. Churchill...	Dem..	W.	Tuesday.
POLK—					
Amery.....	Amery Free Press...	M. A. Frissell....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Amery.....	Wisconsin Journal- en (S).....	Journalen Pub. Co	Rep..	W.	Tuesday.
Clear Lake....	Courier.....	J. H. Kavanagh..	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Osceola Mills..	Folk Co. Press.....	C. E. Mears.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
St. Croix Falls	St. Croix Valley Stan- dard.....	F. Hudson.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
PORTAGE—					
Amherst.....	Advocate.....	Hattie Moberg...	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Stevens Point.	Gazette.....	E. D. Glennon...	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Stevens Point.	Journal.....	E. McGlachlin...	Rep..	D. & W.	Saturday.
Stevens Point.	Post (G).....	J. H. Gerlich...	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Stevens Point.	Rolnik (P).....	S. Hutter.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
PRICE—					
Phillips.....	Phillips Bee.....	Durkee & Messer.	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Phillips.....	Phillips Times.....	Sackett Bros....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Prentice.....	Prentice Calumet...	Frank H. Bell...	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Park Falls....	Park Falls Herald...	Union Pub. Co...	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
RACINE—					
Burlington....	Der Standard Demo- crat (G.).....	H. E. Zimmerman	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Burlington....	Burlington Free Press	W. R. Devor.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Burlington....	Standard Democrat.	H. E. Zimmer- mann.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Racine.....	Correspondent.....	Emil Wittzack...	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Racine.....	Folket Avis.....	Edward Jensen...	Ind...	W.	Tuesday.
Racine.....	Slavie.....	Chas. Jonas & Co.	Dem..	W.	Tuesday.
Racine.....	Journal.....	Journal Ptg. Co...	Rep..	D. & W.	Thursday.
Racine.....	Racine Times.....	Times Pub. Co...	Ind...	D.	
Racine.....	Evening News.....	News Pub. Co...	Ind...	D.	
Racine.....	Utley's Dollar Weekly	Times Pub. Co...	Ind...	W.	Thursday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
RACINE—Cont.					
Union Grove...	Enterprise	A. P. Colby	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Waterford	Post	Edward Malone..	Ind...	-W.	Saturday
RICHLAND—					
Richland Center	Richland Democrat.	W. G. Barry.....	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Richland Center	Republican Observer	W. M. Fogo	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Richland Center	Richland Rustic.....	F. A. Smith	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Viola	Intelligencer.....	Frazier & Frazier	Rep...	W.	Friday.
ROCK—					
Beloit	Beloit Free Press...	Cham. Ingersoll..	Rep...	D. & W.	Thursday.
Beloit	Morning Post.....	Howell & Dickson	Ind...	D. & W.	Friday.
Beloit	Round Table.....	Beloit College....	Lit...	Bi-W.	
Beloit	Our Church Life	Cong. Home Mission Society	Rel...	M.	
Clinton	Clinton Banner.....	Wilcox & Hoovee..	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Clinton	Clinton Herald.....	R. W. Cheever....	Rep...	W.	Tuesday.
Edgerton	Wis. Tobacco Reporter	Fred. W. Coon....	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Evansville	Evansville Review...	I. A. Hoxis	Rep...	W.	Tuesday.
Evansville	The Tribune	C. A. Libby & Sons	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Evansville	The Enterprise	C. A. Libby & Sons	L.Rep.	W.	Friday.
Evansville	The Badger	Miss Murilla Andrews		W.	
Janesville.....	Janesville Gazette.	Gazette Pub. Co.	Rep...	D. & W.	Wednesday.
Janesville.....	Janesville Recorder.	Recorder Pub. Co.	Dem..	D. & W.	Thursday.
Janesville.....	Janesville Republican	Republican Ptg. Co.	Rep...	D.	
Janesville.....	Janesville Journal (G.)	H. W. Frick	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Janesville.....	Wis. Druggists' Exchange.	E. B. Heimstreet.	Ind...	M.	
Janesville.....	Wis. Tobacco Leaf	J. F. Wiley	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Milton	Milton Telephone...	E. L. Spence	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Milton Junction	Milton Junction News	F. R. Morriss & Co.	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
ST. CROIX—					
Baldwin	Baldwin Bulletin....	O. K. Hawley	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Glenwood	Glenwood Tribune...	J. E. Shirk	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Hammond	Hammond News.....	Chas. S. Florence	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Hammond	St. Croix Teacher...	Frank W. Bixby..	Ed...	M.	
Hammond	The Superintendent.	Hammond Pub. Co	Ed...	M.	
Hudson	Hudson Star and Times	Byron J. Price....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Hudson	True Republican	Geo. D. Climo....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
New Richmond	New Richmond Voice	E. J. Scott	Rep...	W.	Tuesday.
New Richmond	St. Croix Republican	Abe. C. Van Meter	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
New Richmond	News of the Week...	A. F. Ingalls.....	Pop...	W.	Friday.
SAUK—					
Baraboo	The Baraboo Republic	John H. Powers, J. S. & G. H. Hood	Rep...	D. & W.	Wednesday.
Baraboo	Sauk Co. Democrat.	Ed. L. Luckow....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Baraboo	Baraboo News.....	H. E. Cole, A. D. Darsett & J. K. Matchett	Rep...	D. & W.	Tuesday.
Prairie du Sac	Sauk Co. News	E. J. Browne	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Reedsburg	Reedsburg Free Press	W. F. Hill	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Reedsburg	Times	B. J. Hager	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Sauk City.....	Pioneer am Wisconsin (G.)	C. C. Kuntz.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Sauk City.....	Sauk City Presse (G.)	C. F. Niman	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Spring Green	Weekly Home News.	N. R. Purdy	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
SAWYER—					
Hayward	Hayward Republic'n	J. H. Williams...	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
SHAWANO—					
Shawano.....	Shawano Co. Advocate	Advocate Ptg. Co.	Dem..	W.	Thursday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
SHAWANO—Con.					
Shawano.....	Shawano Co. Journ'l	D. Gorham, Jr....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Shawano.....	Shawano Co. Wochenblatt	L. C. Bold.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Wittenberg...	Wittenberg Enterprise	I. R. Nye.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
SHEBOYGAN—					
Plymouth.....	Nordwestliche Post (G.)	Wandersleben Bros.	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Plymouth.....	Plymouth Reporter.	A. J. Strassburger	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Plymouth.....	Plymouth Review...	Carroll & Bowers.	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Random Lake	Random Lake Rec'd	Record Pub. Co..	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Sheboygan....	The Sheboygan Telegram	Telegram Ptg. Co.	Rep..	D.	
Sheboygan....	National Demokrat (G.)	Carl Zillier.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Sheboygan....	Sheboygan Journal..	W. M. Root.....	Dem..	D.	
Sheboygan....	Sheboygan Herald...	L. K. Howe.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Sheboygan....	Sheboygan Times....	H. N. Ross.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Sheboygan....	Sheboygan Zeitung (G.)	August Pott.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Sheboygan....	Sheboygander.....	Megget Bros.....	Rep..	D.	
SheboyganF ^{ls}	Sheboygan Co. News.	John E. Thomas..	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
TAYLOR—					
Medford.....	Taylor Co. Star and News	Peter Danielson.	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Medford.....	Der Waldbote.....	German Pub. Co.	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Medford.....	Medford Sentinel....	J. A. Barager....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
TREMPEALEAU—					
Arcadia.....	Arcadian.....	E. G. Farlin.....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Arcadia.....	Leader.....	P. J. Barth.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Ossau.....	Weekly Recorder...	H. E. Browne....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Galesville....	Galesville Independ't	W. A. Tower.....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Independence.	News-Wave.....	Geo. A. & Ada R. Markham.....	Ind..	W.	Saturday.
Independence.	Wisconsin Good Templar	Geo. A. & Ada R. Markham.....	Pro..	W.	Thursday.
Trempealeau..	Trempealeau Gazette	C. S. Utter.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Trempealeau..	Trempealeau Herald	E. N. & A. D. Goodhue.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Whitenall....	Whitehall Times and Blair Banner.....	J. B. Beach.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
VERNON—					
De Soto.....	De Soto Herald.....	F. W. Glick.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Hillsboro....	Hillsboro Sentry....	W. W. Shear.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Viroqua.....	Vernon Co. Censor...	O. G. Munson....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Viroqua.....	Vernon Co. Leader...	F. H. Graves....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Viroqua.....	Viroqua Republican.	E. H. Briggs & Co.	Rep..	W.	Tuesday.
Viroqua.....	Enterprise.....	Brown & Haughton	Pop..	W.	Friday.
VILAS—					
Eagle River..	Vilas County News..	Democrat Pub. Co.	Dem..	W.	Monday.
Eagle River..	Eagle River Review.	O. B. Moon.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Minocqua....	Minocqua Times....	C. W. Hooper....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
WALWORTH—					
Delavan.....	Wisconsin Times....	State Board of Control.....	Lit..	W.	Thursday.
Delavan.....	Enterprise.....	Grant D. Harrington.	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Delavan.....	Republican.....	W. G. Weeks.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
East Troy....	News.....	O. R. Kuzrok....	Ind..	W.	Wednesday.
Elkhorn.....	Blade.....	H. H. Tubbs....	Pro..	W.	Tuesday.
Elkhorn.....	Independent.....	Park & Kenney..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Lake Geneva..	Herald.....	J. E. Nethercut..	Rep..	W.	Friday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
WALWORTH— (Continued.)					
Lake Geneva	News	N. W. Smails	Ind. ..	W. ..	Thursday.
Sharon	Reporter	Geo. F. Ziegans ..	Ind. ..	W. ..	Thursday.
Whitewater	Gazette	Wilton & Lawton ..	Ind. ..	W. ..	Wednesday.
Whitewater	Register	E. D. Coe	Rep. ..	W. ..	Thursday.
Williams Bay ..	Observer	W. C. Dean	Ind. ..	W. ..	Thursday.
WASHBURN—					
Shell Lake	Shell Lake Watchm'n ..	G. L. & J. E. Jones ..	Rep. ..	W. ..	Thursday.
Shell Lake	Washburn Co. Regis'r ..	Register Pub. Co. ..	Rep. ..	W. ..	Saturday.
Spooner	Spooner Register ..	Register Pub. Co. ..	Rep. ..	W. ..	Saturday.
WASHINGTON—					
Hartford	Hartford Press	J. M. LeCount & Co.	Rep. ..	W. ..	Thursday.
Hartford	Hartford Times	Timothy Foley	Dem. ..	W. ..	Thursday.
Kewaskum	Kewaskum Statesman ..	C. E. Krahn	Dem. ..	W. ..	Saturday.
West Bend	Boebachter (G.)	Arthur Franckenberg ..	Dem. ..	W. ..	Friday.
West Bend	Washington Co. Pilot ..	D. T. Keeley	Dem. ..	W. ..	Wednesday.
West Bend	West Bend Democrat ..	Arthur Franckenberg ..	Dem. ..	W. ..	Wednesday.
WAUKESHA—					
Eagle	Eagle Quill	Grant Lawton	Ind. ..	W. ..	Friday.
Hartland	News and Dairyman ..	G. F. Ramsey	Ind. ..	W. ..	Saturday.
Menomonee Falls ..	Menomonee Falls News ..	W. H. Rintelman	Rep. ..	W. ..	Saturday.
Oconomowoc	Oconomowoc Republican ..	Pettibone & Pettibone ..	Rep. ..	W. ..	Saturday.
Oconomowoc	Wisconsin Free Press ..	Edwin Hurlbut	Rep. ..	W. ..	Saturday.
Waukesha	Waukesha Democrat ..	P. H. Carney	Dem. ..	W. ..	Saturday.
Waukesha	Waukesha Dispatch ..	A. F. Warden	Dem. ..	W. ..	Friday.
Waukesha	Waukesha Freeman ..	H. M. Youmans	Rep. ..	W. ..	Thursday.
WAUPACA—					
Clintonville	Clintonville Tribune ..	Frank H. Brady	Rep. ..	W. ..	Friday.
Iola	Iola Herald	B. L. Bierce	Rep. ..	W. ..	Friday.
Manawa	Advocate	C. P. Smith	Ind. ..	W. ..	Thursday.
Marion	Marion Advertiser	S. L. Perry	Rep. ..	W. ..	Friday.
New London	New London Press	Chas. F. Carr	Dem. ..	W. ..	Thursday.
New London	New London Tribune ..	W. M. Barnum	Rep. ..	W. ..	Thursday.
Waupaca	Waupaca Post	Post Pub Co.	Rep. ..	W. ..	Friday.
Waupaca	Waupaca Record	Woodnorth & Carpenter ..	Ind. ..	W. ..	Thursday.
Waupaca	Waupaca Republican ..	W. H. Holmes	Rep. ..	W. ..	Friday.
Waupaca	Reporter	A. R. Bucknam	Pro. ..	M. ..	
Weyauwega	Weyauwega Chronicle ..	F. Voshardt	Ind. ..	W. ..	Wednesday.
WAUSHARA—					
Hancock	Hancock News	A. J. Rozell	Rep. ..	W. ..	Thursday.
Plainfield	Plainfield Sun	L. W. Chapman	Rep. ..	W. ..	Friday.
Wautoma	Waushara Argus	Ellarson & Berry ..	Rep. ..	W. ..	Thursday.
WINNEBAGO—					
Menasha	Menasha Evening Breeze ..	J. R. Bloom	Ind. ..	D. & W. ..	Saturday.
Menasha	Saturday Evening Press ..	C. F. Augustin	Rep. ..	W. ..	Saturday.
Menasha	Winnebago Anzeiger (G.) ..	J. C. Klinker	Dem. ..	W. ..	Friday.
Menasha	Daily Press	C. F. Augustin	Ind. ..	D. ..	
Neeah	City Times	J. N. Stone	Dem. ..	D. & W. ..	Saturday.
Neeah	Dakern (D.)	Jevolia Pub. Co.	Rep. ..	W. ..	Thursday.
Neeah	Gazette	H. A. Stone	Rep. ..	W. ..	Saturday.
Neeah	Twin City News	L. H. Kimball	Rep. ..	D. & W. ..	Friday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued,

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
WINNEBAGO— (Continued.)					
Omro.....	Journal.....	P. M. Wright.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Omro.....	Omro Herald.....	C. H. Slocum.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Oshkosh.....	Oshkosh Gazette....	Kennedy & Mem- ler.....	Rep..	W.	
Oshkosh.....	L. A. W. Pointer....	L. A. W. Pointer Pub. Co.....	Cyc...	M.	
Oshkosh.....	Labor Advocate.....	Osh. T. & L. Coun- cil.....	Lab..	W.	Thursday.
Oshkosh.....	M. E. Tidings.....	E. H. Leonard.....	Rel..	M.	
Oshkosh.....	Northwestern.....	Hicks Ptg. Co....	Rep..	D. & W.	Saturday.
Oshkosh.....	Pilgrim.....	E. H. Smith.....	Rel..	M.	
Oshkosh.....	Signal.....	B. E. Van Keuren	Pro...	W.	Wednesday.
Oshkosh.....	Times.....	E. W. Viall & Co.	Dem..	D & W.	Saturday.
Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin Telegraph (G).....	Wis. Tel. Pub. Co.	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Winneconne...	Local.....	R. R. Crowe.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
WOOD—					
Centralia.....	Centralia Enterprise and Tribune.....	Brundage Bros..	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Grand Rapids.	Wood County Re- porter.....	A. L. Fontaine...	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Grand Rapids.	Wisconsin National Zeitung (G).....	Frank Martina...	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Marshfield....	Marshfield Democrat (G).....	H. J. & A. G. Pan- kow.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Marshfield....	Marshfield News....	Adam Palus.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Marshfield....	Marshfield Times....	J. H. White.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.

WISCONSIN POST OFFICES.

The following is a list of the post offices in Wisconsin arranged alphabetically, by counties, and corrected from official sources up to January 1st, 1897. Offices in italic type are money order offices authorized to issue money orders and postal notes. Those marked with an asterisk (*) are international as well as domestic money order offices. Offices indicated by the sign (§) are authorized to issue "limited money orders" and not money orders, nor to pay money orders. By the letters (c. h.) in parenthesis, county seats are indicated.

A.	
<i>Abbotsford</i>	Clark
<i>Ableman</i>	Sauk
<i>Abrahams</i>	Oconto
<i>Ackerville</i>	Washington
<i>Acorn</i>	Dane
<i>Ada</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Adams</i>	Walworth
<i>Adams Centre</i>	Adams
<i>Addison</i>	Washington
<i>Adell</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Adney</i>	Crawford
<i>Adsit</i>	Dane
<i>Advance</i>	Shawano
<i>Alton</i>	Rock
<i>* Ahnapee</i>	Kewaunee
<i>Alabama</i>	Polk
<i>Alaska</i>	Kewaunee
<i>Alban</i>	Portage
<i>* Albany</i>	Green
<i>Albertville</i>	Chippewa
<i>Albion</i>	Dane
<i>Alden</i>	Polk
<i>Alterty</i>	Dodge
<i>Aliceton</i>	Jefferson
<i>§ Alden's Grove</i>	Walworth
<i>Allenton</i>	Washington
<i>Allenville</i>	Winnebago
<i>Alloa</i>	Columbia
<i>* Alma (c. h.)</i>	Buffalo
<i>Alma Centre</i>	Jackson
<i>Almena</i>	Barron
<i>Almond</i>	Portage
<i>Alstad</i>	Burnett
<i>Altdorf</i>	Wood
<i>Alto</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Altoona</i>	Eau Claire
<i>Alverno</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Amanita</i>	Oconto
<i>Amberg</i>	Marinette
<i>Amery</i>	Polk
<i>Amherst</i>	Portage
<i>Amherst Junction</i>	Portage
<i>Amos</i>	Dane
<i>§ Amy</i>	Dunn
<i>Anchorage</i>	Buffalo
<i>Anderson</i>	Grant
<i>Andres</i>	Polk
<i>Anglican</i>	Shawano
<i>Angelo</i>	Monroe
<i>* Antwa</i>	Shawano
<i>Annaton</i>	Grant
<i>Annsburgh</i>	Dunn
<i>Anson</i>	Chippewa
<i>Anthony</i>	Eau Claire
<i>Antigo (c. h.)</i>	Langlade
<i>Appex</i>	Iowa
<i>Apollonia</i>	Chippewa
<i>Applecreek</i>	Outagamie
<i>Appleriver</i>	Polk
<i>* Appleton (c. h.)</i>	Outagamie
<i>Arbor</i>	Vernon
<i>Arbor Vitæ</i>	Vilas
<i>Arcadia</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Arena</i>	Iowa
<i>Argyle</i>	Lafayette
<i>Arkansas</i>	Pepin
<i>Arkdale</i>	Adams
<i>Arland</i>	Barron
<i>Arlington</i>	Columbia
<i>Armenia</i>	Juneau
<i>Armstrong</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Armstrong Creek</i>	Forest
<i>Arnott</i>	Portage
<i>Arpin</i>	Wood
<i>Arthur</i>	Grant
<i>Ashford</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Ashippun</i>	Dodge
<i>* Ashland (c. h.)</i>	Ashland
<i>Ashland Junction</i>	Bayfield
<i>Ashridge</i>	Richland
<i>Ashton</i>	Dane
<i>Askerton</i>	Brown
<i>Athelstane</i>	Marinette
<i>Athens</i>	Marathon
<i>Atlas</i>	Polk
<i>Attica</i>	Green
<i>Atwater</i>	Dodge
<i>Auburndale</i>	Wood
<i>Augusta</i>	Eau Claire
<i>Aurora</i>	Washington
<i>Aurosville</i>	Waushara
<i>Avalanche</i>	Vernon
<i>Avoca</i>	Iowa
<i>Avon</i>	Rock
<i>Aztalan</i>	Jefferson
B.	
<i>Babcock</i>	Wood
<i>Badger</i>	Portage
<i>Badger Mills</i>	Chippewa
<i>Bagley</i>	Grant
<i>Bagley's Harbor</i>	Door
<i>Bakerville</i>	Wood
<i>Baldwin</i>	St. Croix

Baldwin Mills.....	Waupaca	Bloomville.....	Lincoln
Balmoral.....	Richland	Bluemounds.....	Dane
Balsam Lake.....	Polk	Blue River.....	Grant
Bancroft.....	Portage	Boardman.....	St. Croix
*Bangor.....	La Crosse	Boaz.....	Richland
Banner.....	Fond du Lac	Bobcreek.....	Chippewa
*Baraboo (c. h.).....	Sauk	Bohri.....	Buffalo
Barber.....	Iowa	Bolt.....	Kewaunee
Barney.....	Marathon	Boltonville.....	Washington
*Barneveld.....	Iowa	Bonduel.....	Sawano
Barnum.....	Crawford	Borth.....	Waushara
Barre Mills.....	La Crosse	*Boscobel.....	Grant
*Barron (c. h.).....	Barron	Bowers.....	Walworth
Barronett.....	Barron	Boyceville.....	Dunn
Bartel Station.....	Ozaukee	Boyd.....	Chippewa
Barton.....	Washington	Boydton.....	Crawford
Barwig.....	Dane	Brackott.....	Eau Claire
Basco.....	Dane	Bracklin.....	Barron
Bashford.....	Richland	Bracy.....	Burnett
Bashaw.....	Washburn	Bradtville.....	Grant
Basset.....	Kenosha	Brady's.....	Richland
Basswood.....	Richland	Bragg.....	Columbia
Batlev.....	Outagamie	Branch.....	Manitowoc
Bay City.....	Pierce	Brandon.....	Fond du Lac
Bayfield.....	Bayfield	Brant.....	Calumet
Bay View (station * D.).....	Milwaukee	Brantwood.....	Price
Bay Settlement.....	Brown	Brasington.....	Pierce
Beaurecreek.....	Outagamie	Breed.....	Oconto
Bearess Marsh.....	Wood	Briarton.....	Shawano
Beaer Valley.....	Richland	Bridgeport.....	Crawford
Beaumont.....	Racine	Briggsville.....	Marquette
Beaver.....	Marinette	Brighton.....	Kenosha
Beavercreek.....	Jackson	*Brillion.....	Calumet
*Beaverdeam.....	Dodge	Bristol.....	Kenosha
Beachwood.....	Sheboygan	Bristow.....	Vernon
Beet.....	Waushara	British Hollow.....	Grant
Beetown.....	Grant	*Brodhead.....	Green
Beldenville.....	Pierce	Brookfield.....	Waukesha
Belgium.....	Ozaukee	Brooklyn.....	Green
Bell Center.....	Crawford	Brookside.....	Oconto
Bellefontaine.....	Columbia	Brookville.....	St. Croix
Belle Plaine.....	Shawano	Brothertown.....	Calumet
Belleville.....	Dane	Brown Deer.....	Milwaukee
B-Imont.....	Lafayette	Browing.....	Marquette
*Belott.....	Rock	Brownsville.....	Dodge
Bem.....	Green	Browntown.....	Green
Bennett Siding.....	Douglas	Bruce.....	Chippewa
Benoit.....	Bayfield	Brule.....	Douglas
Benton.....	Lafayette	Brushville.....	Waushara
Bergen.....	Rock	Brussels.....	Door
*Berlin.....	Green Lake	Bryant.....	Langlade
Bernhard.....	Jefferson	Buckcreek.....	Richland
Berryville.....	Kenosha	Buckeye.....	Richland
Barthelet.....	Milwaukee	Budd.....	Vernon
Bevent.....	Marathon	Buena Vista.....	Portago
Bigbend.....	Waukesha	Buffalo.....	Buffalo
Bigfalls.....	Waupaca	Buncombe.....	Lafayette
Bigflats.....	Adams	Bungort.....	Outagamie
Bigriver.....	Grant	Bunyan.....	Polk
Bigspring.....	Pierce	Burke.....	Dane
Bing.....	Adams	Burkhardt.....	St. Croix
Binghamton.....	Fond du Lac	*Burlington.....	Racine
Birch.....	Outagamie	Burnett Junction.....	Dodge
Birchlake.....	Chippewa	Burns.....	La Crosse
Birmingham.....	Bayfield	Burr.....	Vernon
Bissell.....	Shawano	Burroak.....	La Crosse
Blackcreek.....	Walworth	Burton.....	Grant
Black Earth.....	Outagamie	Butler.....	Milwaukee
Blackhawk.....	Dane	Butte des Morts.....	Winnebago
Black River Falls (c. h.).....	Sauk	*Butternut.....	Ashland
Blaine.....	Jackson	Bydscreek.....	Richland
Blair.....	Portage	Byron.....	Fond du Lac
Blairmoore.....	Trempealeau		
Blanchardville.....	Dunn		
Blanding.....	Lafayette		
Blenker.....	Burnett		
Bloomer.....	Wood		
Bloom City.....	Richland		
Bloomer.....	Chippewa		
Bloomingdale.....	Vernon		
Bloomington.....	Grant		

C.

Cable.....	Bayfield
Cadez.....	Green
Cadott.....	Chippewa
Cainville.....	Rock

Calamine	Lafayette	Colby	Clark
Caldwell	Racine	Coldspring	Jefferson
Caledonia	Racine	Colebrook	Waushara
Calhoun	Waukesha	Coleman	Marinette
Calumet Harbor	Fond du Lac	Colfax	Dunn
Calumetville	Fond du Lac	Colgate	Waukesha
Calvary	Fond du Lac	Coloma	Waushara
*Cambria	Columbia	Coloma Station	Waushara
Cambridge	Dane	Colton	Chippewa
Cameron	Barron	Columbia	Clark
Cambell'sport	Fond du Lac	*Columbus	Columbia
Camp Douglas	Juneau	Combined Locks	Outagamie
Camp Lake	Kenosha	Comet	Shawane
Canton	Barron	Como	Walworth
Carlisle	Clark	Commonwealth	Florence
Carlton	Kewaunee	Comstock	Barron
Carnot	Door	Concord	Jefferson
Caroline	Shawano	Connersville	Dunn
Carlwright	Chippewa	Conover	Vilas
*Caryville	Dunn	Cooksville	Rock
Cascade	Sheboygan	Cook Valley	Chippewa
Casco	Kewaunee	Coomer	Burnett
Cashlon	Monroe	Coon Valley	Vernon
Casimer	Portage	Cooperstown	Manitowoc
Cassell	Sauk	Corinne	Columbus
Cassville	Grant	Corinth	Marathon
Casterock	Grant	Cornelia	Grant
*Catawact	Monroe	Corning	Lincoln
Cato	Manitowoc	Corwin	Richland
Cavour	Forest	Cottagegrove	Dane
Cazenovia	Richland	Cox	Chippewa
Cecil	Shawano	Craft	Chippewa
Cedar	Iron	Cranberry Center	Juneau
Cedarburgh	Ozaukee	Crandon (c. h.)	Forest
Cedar creek	Washington	Cream	Buffalo
Cedarfalls	Dunn	Crete	Winnebago
Cedar grove	Sheboygan	Crivitz	Marinette
Cedarlake	Waushara	Crocker's Landing	Portage
Cedarville	Rock	Cronk	Brown
Cedarville	Trempealeau	Crosspans	Dane
*Cenralia	Wood	Crystallake	Waupaca
Chamberlin	Waukesha	Cuba	Grant
Champion	Brown	Cudahy	Milwaukee
Charlesburgh	Calumet	*Cumberland	Barron
Chase	Oconto	Curran	Kewaunee
Chaseburg	Vernon	Curry	Iron
Chat	Lincoln	Curtiss	Clark
Chelsea	Taylor	Cushing	Polk
Cherokee	Marathon	Custer	Portage
Chester	Dodge	Cylon	St. Croix
Chetek	Barron		
Chili	Clark		
*Chilton (c. h.)	Calumet		
Chimney Rock	Trempealeau		
Chippewa City	Chippewa		
*Chippewa Falls (c. h.)	Chippewa		
Christie	Clark		
Cicero	Outagamie		
Citypoint	Jackson		
Clam Falls	Polk		
Clack	Oconto		
Clark's Mills	Manitowoc		
Clarkson	Dane		
Clarno	Green		
Claybanks	Door		
Clayfield	Pierce		
Clayton	Polk		
Claywood	Oconto		
Clearlake	Polk		
Clemansville	Winnebago		
Clevedon	Douglas		
Cleveland	Manitowoc		
Clifford	Lincoln		
Clifton	Monroe		
*Clinton	Rock		
Clintonville	Waupaca		
Clyde	Iowa		
Clyman	Dodge		
Cobb	Iowa		
Cochrane	Buffalo		
Colburn	Chippewa		

D.

Decada	Sheboygan
Dakota	Waushara
Dale	Outagamie
Dallas	Barron
Daly	Wood
Dancy	Marathon
Dane	Dane
Danville	Dodge
Darbelly	Kewaunee
Darboy	Calumet
Darien	Walworth
*Darlington (c. h.)	Lafayette
Dartford (c. h.)	Green Lake
Davis	Dunn
Day	Clark
Dayton	Green
Deansville	Dane
Debello	Vernon
Decora Prairie	Trempealeau
Dedham	Douglas
Deerbrook	Langlade
Deerfield	Dane
Deerlake	Sawyer
Deer Park	St. Croix
Defiance	Lafayette

* <i>De Forest</i>	Dane	Edson.....	Chippewa
<i>Delafield</i>	Waukesha	Edwards.....	Sheboygan
<i>Delavan</i>	Walworth	Eggersville.....	Fond du Lac
<i>Dell</i>	Vernon	<i>Egg Harbor</i>	Door
<i>Dellon</i>	Sauk	Eidsvold.....	Clark
<i>Denmark</i>	Brown	Ekdall.....	Burnett
<i>Denny</i>	Marathon	<i>Eland</i>	Shawano
<i>Denoon</i>	Waukesha	Elcho.....	Langlade
<i>Denzer</i>	Sauk	Elderon.....	Marathon
* <i>De Pere</i>	Brown	<i>El Dorado</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Deronda</i>	Polk	Eleanor.....	Chippewa
<i>De Soto</i>	Vernon	<i>Elva</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Detroit Harbor</i>	Door	Elk creek.....	Trempealeau
<i>Devils Lake</i>	Sauk	Elkgrove.....	Lafayette
<i>Dewhurst</i>	Clark	<i>Elkhart</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Dexter ville</i>	Wood	* <i>Elkhorn (c. h.)</i>	Walworth
<i>Diamond Bluff</i>	Pierce	<i>Elk mound</i>	Dunn
<i>Dickcysville</i>	Grant	<i>Ella</i>	Pepin
<i>Dillman</i>	Milwaukee	Ellenborough.....	Grant
<i>Dilly</i>	Vernon	<i>Ellis</i>	Portage
<i>Disco</i>	Jackson	Elison Bay.....	Door
<i>Dixon</i>	Richland	Ellisville.....	Kewaunee
<i>Dobie</i>	Barron	* <i>Ellsworth (c. h.)</i>	Pierce
§ <i>Dodge</i>	Trempealeau	Elmgrove.....	Waukesha
<i>Dodge's Corners</i>	Waukesha	Elmhurst.....	Langlade
* <i>Dodgeville (c. h.)</i>	Iowa	Elmo.....	Grant
<i>Doelle</i>	Buffalo	Elmore.....	Fond du Lac
<i>Dorchester</i>	Clark	Elmwood.....	Pierce
<i>Dotyville</i>	Fond du Lac	Elo.....	Winnebago
<i>Douglas Center</i>	Marquette	El Paso.....	Pierce
<i>Dousman</i>	Waukesha	<i>Elroy</i>	Juneau
<i>Dover</i>	Racine	El Salem.....	Polk
<i>Downing</i>	Dunn	Elton.....	Langlade
<i>Downsville</i>	Dunn	Elvers.....	Dane
<i>Doylestown</i>	Columbia	<i>Embarrass</i>	Waupaca
<i>Dresser Junction</i>	Polk	<i>Emerald</i>	St. Croix
<i>Druecker</i>	Ozaukee	<i>Emeraldgrove</i>	Rock
<i>Drummond</i>	Bayfield	Emmerich.....	Marathon
<i>Drybone</i>	Iowa	Ephraim.....	Door
<i>Drywood</i>	Chippewa	Erb.....	Outagamie
<i>Duckcreek</i>	Brown	Erdman.....	Sheboygan
<i>Dudley</i>	Lincoln	Erin.....	St. Croix
<i>Duerholm</i>	Polk	<i>Esdaile</i>	Pierce
<i>Dunbar</i>	Marinette	Esofea.....	Vernon
§ <i>Dunbarton</i>	Lafayette	Estella.....	Chippewa
<i>Dundas</i>	Calumet	Etna.....	Lafayette
<i>Dundee</i>	Fond du Lac	<i>Elrick</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Dunville</i>	Dunn	<i>Eureka</i>	Winnebago
<i>Duplainville</i>	Waukesha	Euren.....	Kewaunee
* <i>Durand (c. h.)</i>	Pepin	* <i>Evansville</i>	Rock
<i>Durham</i>	Waukesha	<i>Evergreen</i>	Door
<i>Duval</i>	Kewaunee	<i>Excelsior</i>	Richland
<i>Dyckesville</i>	Kewaunee	Exeter.....	Green
		<i>Exile</i>	Pierce

E.

<i>Eagle</i>	Waukesha
<i>Eagle Corners</i>	Richland
<i>Eaglepoint</i>	Chippewa
<i>Eagle River (c. h.)</i>	Vilas
<i>Eagleton</i>	Chippewa
<i>East Bristol</i>	Dane
<i>East Delavan</i>	Walworth
<i>East Farmington</i>	Polk
<i>East Gibson</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Eastman</i>	Crawford
<i>Easton</i>	Adams
<i>East Pepin</i>	Pepin
<i>East Superior</i>	Douglas
<i>East Troy</i>	Walworth
<i>East Wrightstown</i>	Brown
<i>Eaton</i>	Manitowoc
* <i>Eau Claire (c. h.)</i>	Eau Claire
<i>Eau Galle</i>	Dunn
<i>Ebenezer</i>	Jefferson
<i>Eden</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Edgar</i>	Marathon
<i>Edgerton</i>	Rock
<i>Edmund</i>	Iowa

F.

<i>Fairchild</i>	Eau Claire
<i>Fairfield</i>	Rock
<i>Fairplay</i>	Grant
<i>Fairwater</i>	Fond du Lac
§ <i>Fall City</i>	Dunn
<i>Fallcreek</i>	Eau Claire
<i>Fallriver</i>	Columbia
<i>Falun</i>	Burnett
<i>Fancher</i>	Portage
<i>Fargo</i>	Vernon
<i>Fargoville</i>	Waushara
<i>Farmer's Grove</i>	Green
<i>Farmhill</i>	Pierce
<i>Farmington</i>	Jefferson
<i>Farr's Corners</i>	Columbia
<i>Fayette</i>	Lafayette
<i>Fayetteville</i>	Walworth
<i>Fellows</i>	Rock
<i>Fennimore</i>	Grant
<i>Fenwood</i>	Marathon
<i>Fern</i>	Chippewa
<i>Ferryville</i>	Crawford

<i>Fifield</i>	Price
<i>Fillmore</i>	Washington
<i>Fishcreek</i>	Door
<i>Fisk</i>	Winnebago
<i>Fitchburg</i>	Dane
<i>Fivepoints</i>	Richland
<i>Flambeau</i>	Chippewa
<i>Flanner</i>	Marathon
<i>Flintville</i>	Brown
<i>Flora</i>	Grant
<i>Florence (c. h.)</i>	Florence
<i>Floyd</i>	Dane
<i>Folsom</i>	Vernon
<i>*Fond du Lac (c. h.)</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Fontana</i>	Walworth
<i>Fontenoy</i>	Brown
<i>Footville</i>	Rock
<i>Forest Junction</i>	Calumet
<i>Forestville</i>	Door
<i>Forks</i>	Brown
<i>*Fort Atkinson</i>	Jefferson
<i>*Fort Howard (Station, Green Bay)</i>	Brown
<i>Forward</i>	Dane
<i>Fosbroke</i>	Dunn
<i>Foscuro</i>	Door
<i>*Fountain City</i>	Buffalo
<i>Fourmile</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Foxboro</i>	Douglas
<i>*Fox Lake</i>	Dodge
<i>Fox River</i>	Kenosha
<i>Francis Creek</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Frank</i>	Washington
<i>Franklin</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Franksville</i>	Racine
<i>Frazer</i>	Shawano
<i>Fredonia</i>	Ozaukee
<i>Fredonia Station</i>	Ozaukee
<i>Freeman</i>	Crawford
<i>Froistadt</i>	Ozaukee
<i>Freemont</i>	Waupaca
<i>Frenchville</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Froya</i>	Burnett
<i>Friendship (c. h.)</i>	Adams
<i>Fulton</i>	Rock
<i>Fussville</i>	Waukesha

G.

<i>Gagen</i>	Forest
<i>Galesburg</i>	Shawano
<i>Galesville</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Gardner</i>	Door
<i>Garfield</i>	Portage
<i>Gays Mills</i>	Crawford
<i>Genesee</i>	Waukesha
<i>Genesee Depot</i>	Waukesha
<i>Genoa</i>	Vernon
<i>Genoa Junction</i>	Walworth
<i>Georgetown</i>	Grant
<i>Germania</i>	Marquette
<i>Germantown</i>	Juneau
<i>Gertrude</i>	Pierce
<i>Gibbsville</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Gie</i>	Iron
<i>G. Uetie</i>	Oconto
<i>Gillingham</i>	Richland
<i>Gillmann</i>	Pierce
<i>Gilmantown</i>	Buffalo
<i>Glasgow</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Glen</i>	Adams
<i>Glenbeulah</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Glencoe</i>	Buffalo
<i>Glendale</i>	Monroe
<i>Glenflora</i>	Chippewa
<i>Glenhaven</i>	Grant
<i>Glenmore</i>	Brown
<i>*Glenwood</i>	St. Croix
<i>Glidden</i>	Ashland

<i>Globe</i>	Clark
<i>Gohdes</i>	Marathon
<i>Golden Lake</i>	Waukesha
<i>Goll</i>	Marinette
<i>Gordon</i>	Douglas
<i>Grafton</i>	Ozaukee
<i>Grandmarsh</i>	Adams
<i>*Grand Rapids (c. h.)</i>	Wood
<i>Granite Heights</i>	Marathon
<i>Grant</i>	Dunn
<i>Grantou</i>	Clark
<i>*Grantsburg (c. h.)</i>	Burnett
<i>Granville</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Granville Centre</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Gratol</i>	Lafayette
<i>Grattan</i>	Barron
<i>Gravesville</i>	Calumet
<i>Grayton</i>	Dunn
<i>*Green Bay (c. h.)</i>	Brown
<i>Station "A" (Fort Howard)</i>	Brown
<i>Greenbush</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Greengrove</i>	Clark
<i>Green Lake</i>	Groen Lake
<i>Greenleaf</i>	Brown
<i>Greenstreet</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Greenville</i>	Outagamie
<i>Greenwood</i>	Clark
<i>Gresham</i>	Shawano
<i>Grimm's</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Grover</i>	Marquette
<i>Guthrie</i>	Waukesha

H.

<i>Hadleyville</i>	Eau Claire
<i>Hadlock</i>	Adams
<i>Hager City</i>	Pierce
<i>Hainesville</i>	Door
<i>Halder</i>	Marathon
<i>Hale</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Hale's Corners</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Halway</i>	Taylor
<i>Hamburgh</i>	Marathon
<i>Hamilton</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Hammond</i>	St. Croix
<i>Hampden</i>	Columbia
<i>Hancock</i>	Wausara
<i>Hannerville</i>	Dane
<i>Haney</i>	Crawford
<i>Hanover</i>	Rock
<i>Hansen</i>	Wood
<i>Harmony</i>	Vernon
<i>Harrisville</i>	Marquette
<i>Harshaw</i>	Oneida
<i>*Hartford</i>	Washington
<i>Hartland</i>	Waukesha
<i>Hartman</i>	Columbia
<i>Harvey</i>	Jefferson
<i>Hatchville</i>	Dunn
<i>Hatfield</i>	Jackson
<i>Hatley</i>	Marathon
<i>Hatton</i>	Waupaca
<i>Haugen</i>	Barron
<i>Hawkins</i>	Chippewa
<i>Hawthorne</i>	Douglas
<i>Hayes</i>	Oconto
<i>Hayton</i>	Calumet
<i>*Hayward (c. h.)</i>	Sawyer
<i>Hazel Green</i>	Grant
<i>*Hazelhurst</i>	Oneida
<i>Heart Prairie</i>	Walworth
<i>Hebard</i>	Oneida
<i>Hebron</i>	Jefferson
<i>Hodgehog</i>	Door
<i>Hoelyton</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Hogg</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Hoin</i>	Clark
<i>Helbig</i>	Polk

Helenville	Jefferson
Heller	Lincoln
Hemlock	Clark
Hempel	St. Croix
Henderson	Dane
Henrietta	Richland
Henrysville	Brown
Herbert	Pierce
Horbster	Bayfield
Herman	Dodge
Hermansfort	Shawano
Herold	Buffalo
Hersey	St. Croix
Hetzl	Portage
Hewitt	Wood
Hickory	Oconto
Highbridge	Ashland
Highcliff	Calumet
Highland	Iowa
Hika	Manitowoc
Hilbert	Calumet
Hillburn	Walworth
Hillsborough	Vernon
Hillsdale	Barron
Hillside	Iowa
Hingham	Sheboygan
Hixton	Jackson
Hoard	Sheboygan
Hofa Park	Shawano
Hogarty	Marathon
Holland	Brown
Hollandale	Iowa
Holman	La Crosse
Holycross	Ozaukee
Homer	Grant
Homestead	Florence
Homewood	Monroe
Honey Creek	Walworth
Hope	Dane
*Horicon	Dodge
Horn's Corners	Ozaukee
Horseman	Barron
Hortonville	Outagamie
Houghton	Bayfield
Houlton	St. Croix
Howard	Sheboygan
Howe	Barron
Hoyt	Douglas
Hub City	Richland
Hubbleton	Jefferson
Hubertus	Washington
*Hudson (c. h.)	St. Croix
Hullsburg	Dodge
Hull	Portage
Humbird	Clark
Hunting	Shawano
Hurlbut	Crawford
Hurley (c. h.)	Iron
Huron	Chippewa
Hurricane	Grant
Husler	Racine
Hustisford	Dodge
Hustler	Juneau
Hyde	Iowa

I.

Independence	Trempealeau
Indianford	Rock
Ingram	Chippewa
Inlet	St. Croix
Interwald	Taylor
Iola	Waupaca
Ispwich	Lafayette
Irma	Lincoln
Ironbel	Iron
Iron Mountain	Dodge
Ironridge	Dodge

Iron River	Bayfield
Ironton	Sauk
Irving	Jackson
Island Lake	Chippewa
Itasca	Douglas
Ithaca	Richland
Ives Grove	Racine
Ixonia	Jefferson

J.

Jackson	Washington
Jacksonport	Door
Jacobsville	Walworth
Jamestown	Grant
*Janesville (c. h.)	Rock
Jeddo	Marquette
*Jefferson (c. h.)	Jefferson
Jefferson Junction	Jefferson
Jeffris	Lincoln
Jenson	Polk
Jericho	Calumet
Jewett	St. Croix
Joel	Polk
Johnsburg	Fond du Lac
Johnson	Marathon
Johnson's Creek	Jefferson
Johnsonville	Sheboygan
Johnstown	Rock
Johnstown Centre	Rock
Jonesdale	Iowa
Jordan	Green
*Juda	Green
Junction	Portage
Juneau (c. h.)	Dodge
Justin	Taylor

K.

Kansasville	Racine
Kasson	Manitowoc
Kaukauna	Outagamie
Keegan	Oconto
Keene	Portage
Kekoskee	Dodge
Keiley	Marathon
Kelleybrook	Oconto
Kellnersville	Manitowoc
Kendall	Monroe
Kennan	Price
*Kenosha (c. h.)	Kenosha
Kent	Langlade
Keshena	Shawano
Kewaskum	Washington
*Kewaunee (c. h.)	Kewaunee
Keyesville	Columbia
Kickapoo	Richland
Kickbusch	Vernon
Kiel	Lincoln
Kieler	Manitowoc
Kilbourn	Grant
Kilbournville	Columbia
Kimball	Racine
Kimberly	Iron
Kingsbridge	Outagamie
King's Corners	Manitowoc
Kingsston	Sauk
Kirby	Green Lake
Kirchayn	Monroe
Kirkwood	Washington
Klevenville	Fond du Lac
Knapp	Dane
Kneeland	Dunn
Knowles	Racine
*Knowlton	Dodge
	Marathon

Knox Mills	Price
Kodan	Kewaunee
Koepenack	Langlade
Kohler	Ozaukee
Kohlville	Washington
Kolb	Brown
Kolberg	Door
Koro	Winnebago
Koshkonong	Rock
Krakow	Shawano
Krok	Kewaunee
Kunesh	Brown

L.

Lac-du-Flambeau	Vilas
* La Crosse (c. h.)	La Crosse

Sub-Station.

(No. 1. NORTH SIDE.)

Ladoga	Fond du Lac
La Farge	Vernon
Lafayette	Monroe
Lagoon	Kenosha
La Grange	Walworth
Lake Beulah	Walworth
Lake Church	Ozaukee
Lakefive	Washington
Lake Geneva	Walworth
Lakemills	Jefferson
Lake Nebagmain	Douglas
Lakeside	Adams
Lake View	Dane
Lakeville	Chippewa
Lamartine	Fond du Lac
Lamberton	Racine
Lamont	Lafayette
La narok	Portage
* Lancaster (c. h.)	Grant
Landstad	Shawano
Laney	Shawano
Langlade	Langlade
Lannon	Waukesha
La Pointe	Ashland
Lark	Brown
Larrabee	Manitowoc
Lauderdale	Walworth
Lavallo	Sauk
Lawrenceville	Outagamie
Lawton	Pierce
Leadmine	Lafayette
Lebanon	Dodge
Ledgeville	Brown
Lee	Jackson
Leeds	Columbia
Leeds Center	Columbia
§ Leeman	Outagamie
Lehigh	Barron
Leland	Sauk
Lemonweir	Juneau
Lena	Oconto
Leola	Adams
Leon	Monroe
Leopold	Shawano
Leroy	Dodge
Leslie	Lafayette
Levee	Columbia
§ Lewis	Jackson
Lewiston	Columbia
Leyden	Rock
Liberty	Vernon
Liberty Bluff	Marquette
Liberty Pole	Vernon
Liberty Ridge	Grant
Liddell	Chippewa
Lily	Langlade
§ Lima Center	Rock
Limeridge	Sauk
Lincoln	Kewaunee

Lind	Waupaca
Linden	Iowa
Linderman	Pierce
Lindsey	Wood
Linwood	Racine
Linzbrook	Oconto
Littleblack	Taylor
Littlechute	Outagamie
Littlefalls	Polk
Little Lake	Adams
Little Prairie	Walworth
Little Rapids	Brown
Little Sturgeon	Door
Little Suamico	Oconto
Livingston	Waupaca
Lochiel	Dunn
* Lodi	Columbia
Logan	Oconto
Loganville	Sauk
Lomira	Dodge
London	Dane
Lonepine	Portage
Lonerock	Richland
Longwood	Clark
Lookout	Buffalo
Loraine	Polk
Lostcreek	Pierce
Lostlake	Dodge
Louisburgh	Grant
Louis Corners	Manitowoc
Louisville	Dunn
Lovass	Vernon
Loveland	Barron
Lowell	Dodge
Loyal	Clark
Loyd	Richland
Lucas	Dunn
Luck	Polk
Luddington	Eau Claire
Lund	Pierce
Luxembourg	Kewaunee
Lyle	Dane
Lynch	Taylor
Lyndon Station	Juneau
§ Lynn	Clark
Lynxville	Crawford
Lyons	Walworth

M.

McAllister	Marinette
McCartney	Grant
McDill	Portage
McMillan	Marathon
McNaughton	Oneida
Macfarland	Dane
Mackville	Outagamie
Madely	Portage
Madge	Washburn
* Madison (c. h.)	Dane
Magnolia	Rock
Maiden Rock	Pierce
Malone	Fond du Lac
Manawa	Waupaca
Manchester	Green Lake
Manitowish	Iron
* Manitowoc (c. h.)	Manitowoc
Manning	Vernon
Maple	Douglas
Maple Grove	Manitowoc
Mapleton	Waukesha
Maplevalley	Oconto
Maplewood	Door
Marathon	Marathon
Marble	Waupaca
Marblehead	Fond du Lac
Marcellon	Columbia
March	Marathon
Marcy	Waukesha

Marengo	Ashland	Mindoro	La Crosse
* <i>Marinette (c. h.)</i>	Marinette	Miner	Juneau
Marion	Waupaca	Mineral Lake	Ashland
* <i>Markesan</i>	Green Lake	* <i>Mineralpoint</i>	Iowa
Mackton	Langlade	Minnesota Junction	Dodge
Marquette	Green Lake	Minnesong	Douglas
Mars	Adams	<i>Minocqua</i>	Vilas
<i>Marshall</i>	Dane	Minong	Washburn
<i>Marshfield</i>	Wood	Miran	Barron
Marshland	Buffalo	Mishu Mokwa	Buffalo
Martell	Pierce	<i>Mishicot</i>	Manitowoc
Martintown	Green	Mission	Outagamie
Marxville	Dane	Mitchell	Fond du Lac
Marytown	Fond du Lac	Modena	Buffalo
Mason	Bayfield	* <i>Moenville</i>	Pierce
Mather	Juneau	Monches	Waukesha
Mattoon	Shawano	<i>Mondovi</i>	Buffalo
* <i>Mauston (c. h.)</i>	Juneau	<i>Monico</i>	Forest
Mayfield	Washington	* <i>Monroe (c. h.)</i>	Green
Mayhew	Walworth	Monroe Centre	Adams
Mayking	Lang. ado	Montana	Buffalo
* <i>Mayville</i>	Dodge	* <i>Montello (c. h.)</i>	Marquette
* <i>Mazomanie</i>	Dane	Monterey	Waukesha
Meadow Valley	Juneau	<i>Monfort</i>	Grant
Medary	La Crosse	<i>Monticello</i>	Green
* <i>Medford (c. h.)</i>	Taylor	Montrose	Dane
<i>Medina</i>	Outagamie	Moon	Marathon
Meehan	Portage	Morgan	Oconto
Meeker	Washington	Morley	Langlade
Meeker's Grove	Lafayette	Morris	Shawano
Meeme	Manitowoc	Morrison	Brown
Meggers	Manitowoc	<i>Morrisonville</i>	Dane
Mellen	Ashland	Moscow	Iowa
Melnik	Manitowoc	Mosel	Sheboygan
Melrose	Jackson	<i>Mosinee</i>	Marathon
Melvina	Monroe	Moundville	Marquette
* <i>Menasha</i>	Winnebago	Mountain	Oconto
Menchalville	Manitowoc	<i>Mount Calvary</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Menota</i>	Dane	<i>Mounthope</i>	Grant
* <i>Menekaunee</i>	Marinette	<i>Mount Horeb</i>	Dane
* <i>Menomonie (c. h.)</i>	Dunn	* <i>Mount Ida</i>	Grant
Menomonee Falls	Waukesha	Mount Morris	Wausara
Mequon	Ozaukee	<i>Mount Sterling</i>	Crawford
Mercer	Iron	Mount Tabor	Vernon
Meridian	Dunn	<i>Mount Vernon</i>	Dane
* <i>Merrill (c. h.)</i>	Lincoln	<i>Mukwonago</i>	Waukesha
Merrilan	Jackson	Mueler's Lake	Langlade
Merrimac	Sauk	Muncie	Vernon
Merrittville	Marquette	Murry	Chippewa
Merton	Waukesha	* <i>Muscoda</i>	Grant
Metomen	Fond du Lac	Muskego	Waukesha
Middlebury	Iowa	Myra	Washington
Middle Inlet	Marinette		
Middleridge	La Crosse		
<i>Middleton</i>	Dane		
Midway	La Crosse		
Miffin	Iowa		
Mikesville	Winnebago		
Milford	Jefferson		
Milladore	Wood		
Millard	Walworth		
Millett	Crawford		
Millhome	Manitowoc		
Mills	Washburn		
Mills Center	Brown		
<i>Milston</i>	Jackson		
Millville	Grant		
Milton	Rock		
<i>Milton Junction</i>	Rock		
* <i>Milwaukee (c. h.)</i>	Milwaukee		

Stations.

- * A. (South Side), 316-18 Reed Street.
- * B. (Northwest), 1123-24 Walnut Street.
- * C. 742 Third Street.
- * D. (Bay View).

Sub-Stations.

- * No. 1 (Williamsburg), 1390 Green Bay Avenue.

N.

Namekagon	Washburn
Namur	Door
Nash	Bayfield
<i>Nashotah</i>	Waukesha
<i>National Home</i>	Milwaukee
Naugart	Marathon
Navan	Jefferson
<i>Necedah</i>	Juneau
* <i>Neenah</i>	Winnebago
* <i>Neillsville (c. h.)</i>	Clark
Nekimi	Winnebago
Nekoosa	Wood
<i>Nelson</i>	Buffalo
* <i>Nelsonville</i>	Portage
Nenno	Washington
<i>Neosho</i>	Dodge
Neptune	Richland
Nero	Manitowoc
Neshkoro	Marquette
Neva	Langlade
Neuern	Kewaunee
Nevins	Clark
Newberg's Corners	La Crosse
New Berlin	Waukesha
<i>Newburgh</i>	Washington

Newcassel.....Fond du Lac
New Centerville.....St. Croix
New Coeln.....Milwaukee
New Diggings.....Lafayette
Newfane.....Fond du Lac
New Franken.....Brown
New Glarus.....Green
New Holstein.....Calumet
New Hope.....Portage
** New Lisbon*.....Juneau
** New London*.....Waupaca
New Munster.....Kenosha
Newport.....Door
New Prospect.....Fond du Lac
New Richmond.....St. Croix
New Rome.....Adams
Newry.....Vernon
Newton.....Vernon
Newtonburgh.....Manitowoc
Nicholson.....Waupaca
Niebull.....Adams
Niles.....Manitowoc
Nixcorner.....Eau Claire
Nobleton.....Washburn
Nora.....Dane
Norden.....Buffalo
Norman.....Kewaunee
Norrie.....Marathon
Norseville.....Eau Claire
North Andover.....Grant
Northbend.....Jackson
Northbranch.....Jackson
North Bristol.....Dane
Northcape.....Eau Claire
North Clayton.....Crawford
North Crandon.....Forest
Northheim.....Manitowoc
Northfield.....Jackson
North Freedom.....Sauk
North Greenfield.....Milwaukee
North Hudson.....St. Croix
Northlake.....Waukesha
Northland.....Waupaca
North Leeds.....Columbia
North Menomonie.....Dunn
North Milwaukee.....Milwaukee
Northport.....Waupaca
North Prairie.....Waukesha
North Valley.....Polk
*(North West) station *B*.....Milwaukee
Norwalk.....Monroe
Norwaygrove.....Dane
Norway Ridge.....Monroe
Nowell.....Waupaca
Nutt.....Douglas
Nutterville.....Marathon
Nye.....Polk

O.

Oak Center.....Fond du Lac
Oakdale.....Monroe
Oakfield.....Fond du Lac
Oakgrove.....Dodge
Oakhill.....Jefferson
Oakland.....Jefferson
Oakley.....Green
Oakwood.....Milwaukee
Oasis.....Waushara
** Oconomowoc*.....Waukesha
** Oconto (c. h.)*.....Oconto
Oconto Falls.....Oconto
Odanah.....Ashland
Ogdensburg.....Waupaca
Ogema.....Price
Oil City.....Monroe
Okawchee.....Waukesha
Okee.....Columbia

Olivet.....Pierce
Omro.....Winnebago
Onalaska.....La Crosse
Oneida.....Brown
** Ono*.....Pierce
Ontario.....Vernon
Oostburgh.....Sheboygan
Orange.....Burnett
** Oregon*.....Dane
Orfordville.....Rock
Orienta.....Bayfield
Orihula.....Winnebago
Orleans.....Marinette
Oscola Mills (c. h.).....Polk
** Oshkosh (c. h.)*.....Winnebago
Oslo.....Manitowoc
Osman.....Manitowoc
Ossco.....Trempealeau
Ostrander.....Waupaca
Otego.....Columbia
Ottawa.....Waukesha
Otterbrook.....Eau Claire
Otterville.....Vernon
Oxford.....Marquette

P.

Pacific.....Columbia
Packwaukee.....Marquette
Palmer.....St. Croix
** Palmyra*.....Jefferson
Paoli.....Dane
Pardeeville.....Columbia
Parfreyville.....Waupaca
Paris.....Kenosha
Parkfalls.....Price
Parnell.....Sheboygan
Parrish.....Langlade
Paskin.....Barron
Patch Grove.....Grant
Patterson.....Polk
Paynesville.....Milwaukee
** Pearson*.....Langlade
Pedee.....Green
Peebles.....Fond du Lac
Pelicanlake.....Forest
Pella.....Shawano
Pembine.....Marinette
Pence.....Iron
Pennington.....Oneida
Penokee.....Ashland
Pensaukee.....Oconto
Pepin.....Pepin
Perkinstown.....Taylor
Perley.....Barron
Perry.....Dane
Peru.....Portage
** Peshigo*.....Marinette
Petersburg.....Crawford
Pewaukee.....Waukesha
Pheasantbranch.....Dane
** Phillips (c. h.)*.....Price
Phlox.....Langlade
Pickett.....Winnebago
** Pigeonfalls*.....Trempealeau
Pikelake.....Marathon
Pilotknob.....Adams
Pilsen.....Kewaunee
Pinebluff.....Dane
Pinegrove.....Brown
Pinehill.....Jackson
Pineknob.....Iowa
Pine River.....Waushara
Pineville.....Polk
Pipersville.....Jefferson
Pittsfield.....Brown
Pittsville.....Wood
Pius.....Sheboygan
Plain.....Sauk

[illegible]

<i>Saint Francis</i>	Milwaukee	<i>South Kaukauna</i>	Outagamie
<i>Saint George</i>	Sheboygan	<i>*South Milwaukee</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Saint John</i>	Calumet	<i>South Osborn</i>	Outagamie
<i>Saint Joseph</i>	La Crosse	<i>South Range</i>	Douglas
<i>Saint Kilian</i>	Fond du Lac	<i>(*South Side) Station* A</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Saint Lawrence</i>	Washington	<i>*South Superior</i>	Douglas
<i>Saint Louis</i>	Douglas	<i>South Wayne</i>	Lafayette
<i>Saint Martin's</i>	Milwaukee	<i>*Sparta (c. h.)</i>	Monroe
<i>Saint Mary's</i>	Monroe	<i>Spencer</i>	Marathon
<i>Saint Michael's</i>	Washington	<i>Spirit</i>	Price
<i>Saint Nazianz</i>	Manitowoc	<i>Splitrock</i>	Shawano
<i>Saint Peter</i>	Fond du Lac	<i>Spokeville</i>	Clark
<i>Saint Wendel</i>	Manitowoc	<i>Spooner</i>	Washburn
<i>Salem</i>	Kenosha	<i>Sprague</i>	Barron
<i>Salona</i>	Door	<i>Spring</i>	Dane
<i>Salter</i>	Washington	<i>Springbluff</i>	Adams
<i>Sanborn</i>	Ashland	<i>Springcreek</i>	Adams
<i>Sandcreek</i>	Dunn	<i>Springfield</i>	Walworth
<i>Sandusky</i>	Sauk	<i>Springfield Corners</i>	Dane
<i>Sandybay</i>	Kewaunee	<i>Springgreen</i>	Sauk
<i>Saratoga</i>	Wood	<i>Springlake</i>	Waushara
<i>*Sauk City</i>	Sauk	<i>Spring Prairie</i>	Walworth
<i>Saukville</i>	Ozaukee	<i>Spring Valley</i>	Pierce
<i>Sawyer</i>	Door	<i>Springville</i>	Vernon
<i>Saxeville</i>	Waushara	<i>Springwater</i>	Waushara
<i>Saxon</i>	Iron	<i>Spruce</i>	Oconto
<i>Scandinavia</i>	Waupaca	<i>Staad</i>	Marathon
<i>Schiller</i>	Brown	<i>Standart</i>	Iowa
<i>Schleisingsville</i>	Washington	<i>Stanford</i>	Green Lake
<i>Schofield</i>	Marathon	<i>Stangelville</i>	Kewaunee
<i>Schoolhill</i>	Manitowoc	<i>Stanley</i>	Chippewa
<i>Schultz</i>	Green	<i>Stanton</i>	St. Croix
<i>§Scott</i>	Sheboygan	<i>Star</i>	Vernon
<i>Schellerville</i>	Jackson	<i>Stargard</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Seneca</i>	Crawford	<i>Stark</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Sevastopol</i>	Door	<i>Starlake</i>	Vilas
<i>Sextonville</i>	Ribland	<i>Star Prairie</i>	St. Croix
<i>Seymour</i>	Outagamie	<i>Stateline</i>	Vilas
<i>Shamrock</i>	Jackson	<i>Stearns</i>	Green
<i>Shantytown</i>	Marathon	<i>Stebbinsville</i>	Rock
<i>Sharon</i>	Walworth	<i>Steinthal</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Shaw</i>	Eau Claire	<i>Stella</i>	Oneida
<i>*Shawano (c. h.)</i>	Shawano	<i>Stevensville</i>	Outagamie
<i>*Sheboygan (c. h.)</i>	Sheboygan	<i>Stetsonville</i>	Taylor
<i>Sheboygan Falls</i>	Sheboygan	<i>Stettin</i>	Marathon
<i>Shelby</i>	La Crosse	<i>Steubin</i>	Crawford
<i>*Shell Lake (c. h.)</i>	Washington	<i>Stevenson's Pier</i>	Door
<i>Shennington</i>	Monroe	<i>*Stevens Point (c. h.)</i>	Portage
<i>Sheridan</i>	Waupaca	<i>Stevenson</i>	La Crosse
<i>Sherman</i>	Portage	<i>Stewart</i>	Green
<i>Sherry</i>	Wood	<i>Stiles</i>	Oconto
<i>Sherwood</i>	Calumet	<i>§Stinson</i>	Outagamie
<i>Shiocton</i>	Outagamie	<i>Stitzer</i>	Grant
<i>Shirley</i>	Brown	<i>*Stockbridge</i>	Calumet
<i>Shopiere</i>	Rock	<i>*Stockholm</i>	Pepin
<i>Shoto</i>	Manitowoc	<i>Stockton</i>	Portage
<i>Shortville</i>	Clark	<i>Stoddard</i>	Vernon
<i>Shullsburg</i>	Lafayette	<i>Stokes</i>	Door
<i>Siegel</i>	La Crosse	<i>Stone</i>	Dane
<i>Silvercreek</i>	Sheboygan	<i>Stonebank</i>	Waukesha
<i>Silverlake</i>	Kenosha	<i>Stoops</i>	Dunn
<i>Silverspring</i>	Milwaukee	<i>Story</i>	Dane
<i>Sinsinawa</i>	Grant	<i>*Stoughton</i>	Dane
<i>Sioska</i>	Barron	<i>Strand</i>	Oconto
<i>Siren</i>	Burnett	<i>Stratford</i>	Marathon
<i>Sister Bay</i>	Door	<i>Strickland</i>	Chippewa
<i>Slade's Corners</i>	Kenosha	<i>Strong's Prairie</i>	Adams
<i>Slovan</i>	Kewaunee	<i>Strum</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Smith</i>	Milwaukee	<i>*Sturgeon Bay (c. h.)</i>	Door
<i>Smithton</i>	Rock	<i>Suamico</i>	Brown
<i>Snow</i>	Clark	<i>Sugarbush</i>	Outagamie
<i>Sobeski</i>	Oconto	<i>§Sugar Grove</i>	Vernon
<i>Soldiers Grove</i>	Crawford	<i>Sullivan</i>	Jefferson
<i>Solon Springs</i>	Douglas	<i>Summit Centre</i>	Waukesha
<i>Somers</i>	Kenosha	<i>Summit Lake</i>	Langlade
<i>§Somerset</i>	St. Croix	<i>Summit Station</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Somo</i>	Lincoln	<i>Sumner</i>	Jefferson
<i>Sommerville</i>	Milwaukee	<i>Sun Prairie</i>	Dane
<i>South Byron</i>	Fond du Lac	<i>*Superior (c. h.)</i>	Douglas
<i>South Farmington</i>	Polk	<i>Surat</i>	Waupaca
<i>South Germantown</i>	Washington	<i>Sussex</i>	Waukesha

Swan..... Marathon
 Sylan..... Richland
 Sylvania..... Racine
 Sylvester..... Green
 Symco..... Waupaca

T.

Tabor..... Racine
 Taegesville..... Marathon
 Tamarack..... Trempealeau
 Tarrant..... Pepin
 Taus..... Manitowoc
 Tavera..... Richland
 Taycheedah..... Fond du Lac
 Taylor Station..... Jackson
 Tell..... Buffalo
 Templeton..... Waukesha
 Terrill..... Waushara
 Tess Corners..... Waukesha
 There-a..... Dodge
 Thiensville..... Ozaukee
 Thirty Daems..... Kewaunee
 Thomas..... Douglas
 Thompson..... Washington
 Thompsonville..... Racine
 Thorp..... Clark
 Three Lakes..... Forest
 Thurman..... Columbia
 Tibbetts..... Walworth
 Tiffany..... Rock
 *Tipton..... Shawano
 Tilleda..... Shawano
 Tillinghast..... Chippewa
 Timberland..... Burnett
 Timme..... Oconto
 Timothy..... Manitowoc
 Tischigan..... Racine
 Tisch Mills..... Manitowoc
 Token..... Dane
 Toland..... Dodge
 *Tomah..... Monroe
 Tomahawk..... Lincoln
 Tomahawk Lake..... Oneida
 Tonet..... Kewaunee
 Tonnar..... Dunn
 Tornado..... Door
 Towerville..... Crawford
 Towne..... Portage
 Trule Lake..... Burnett
 Trade River..... Burnett
 Trainway..... Dunn
 Trapp..... Marathon
 Trempealeau..... Trempealeau
 Trevor..... Kenosha
 Trim Belle..... Pierce
 Tripville..... Vernon
 Trostville..... Milwaukee
 Trout..... Jackson
 Troy..... Walworth
 Troy Centre..... Walworth
 Truesdell..... Kenosha
 Truman..... Lafayette
 Tunnel City..... Monroe
 Turtle Lake..... Barron
 Tustin..... Waushara
 Twinbluffs..... Richland
 Twin Grove..... Green
 Twin Lakes..... Kenosha
 *Two Rivers..... Manitowoc
 Tyrone..... Greene

U.

Ula..... Green
 Ulysses..... Barron
 Underhill..... Oconto

Union..... Rock
 Union Centre..... Juneau
 Union Church..... Racine
 Union Grove..... Racine
 Union Mills..... Iowa
 Unity..... Marathon
 Upson..... Iron
 Urne..... Buffalo
 Urquhart..... Taylor
 Utica..... Dane
 Utley..... Green Lake

V.

Vale..... Chippewa
 Valley..... Vernon
 Valley Junction..... Monroe
 Valton..... Sauk
 Van Dyne..... Fond du Lac
 Veefkind..... Clark
 Velp..... Brown
 Vernon..... Waukesha
 Verona..... Dane
 Vesper..... Wood
 Victory..... Vernon
 Vienna..... Walworth
 Vignes..... Door
 Viking..... Pierce
 Vilas..... Dane
 Viola..... Richland
 *Viroqua (c. h.)..... Vernon
 Voler..... Trempealeau
 Volga..... Polk
 Voseville..... Door

W.

Wagon Landing..... Polk
 Waldo..... Sheboygan
 Waldwick..... Iowa
 Wales..... Waukesha
 Walhain..... Kewaunee
 Wallace..... Sawyer
 Walworth..... Walworth
 Waneka..... Dunn
 Warner..... Chippewa
 Warrens..... Monroe
 Washburn (c. h.)..... Bayfield
 Washington Harbor..... Door
 Waterford..... Racine
 * Waterloo..... Jefferson
 * Watertown..... Jefferson
 Waterville..... Waukesha
 Waubeek..... Dunn
 Wauconsta..... Fond du Lac
 Waukau..... Winnebago
 * Waukesha (c. h.)..... Waukesha
 * Waumandee..... Buffalo
 Wauaukee..... Dane
 * Waupaca (c. h.)..... Waupaca
 * Waupun..... Fond du Lac
 * Wausau (c. h.)..... Marathon
 * Wausaukee..... Marinette
 Wausemon..... Green
 Waushara..... Waushara
 Wautoma (c. h.)..... Waushara
 * Wauwatosa..... Milwaukee
 Wauzeka..... Crawford
 Waverly..... Pierce
 Wayne..... Washington
 Wayside..... Brown
 Weber..... Marathon
 Webster..... Burnett
 Wein..... Marathon
 Weiner..... Waukesha
 Welhaven..... Shawano
 Wells..... Manitowoc

Wentworth	Douglas	Winneconne	Winnebago
Wequiock	Brown	Winooski	Sheboygan
Wesley	Grant	Wiota	Lafayette
* West Bend (c. h.)	Washington	Wisconsin Veterans' Home	Waupaca
West Bloomfield	Waushara	Withee	Clark
Westboro	Taylor	* Wittenberg	Shawano
Westby	Vernon	Wittlin	Outagamie
West Denmark	Polk	Witwen	Sauk
West De Pere	Brown	Wolf Creek	Polk
Western Union	Racine	Wolf Lake	Fond du Lac
* Westfield	Marquette	* Wonewoc	Juneau
West Granville	Milwaukee	Wood	Vernon
West Lima	Richland	Woodboro	Oneida
Weston	Dunn	Woodford	Lafayette
Westpoint	Columbia	Woodhull	Fond du Lac
Westport	Richland	Woodlake	Burnett
West Prairie	Vernon	Woodland	Dodge
West Rosendale	Fond du Lac	Woodman	Grant
West Salem	La Crosse	Woodruff	Vilas
* West Superior	Douglas	Woodstock	Richland
West Sweden	Polk	Woodville	St. Croix
* Weyauwega	Waupaca	Woodworth	Kenosha
Weyerhaeuser	Chippewa	Worcester	Price
Wheatland	Kenosha	Wrightstown	Brown
Wheatville	Crawford	Wrightsville	Jackson
Wheeler	Dunn	Wurtsburg	Marathon
Whitcomb	Shawano	Wyalusing	Grant
Whitcreek	Adams	Wyeville	Monroe
White Fish Bay	Milwaukee	Wyocena	Columbia
Whitehall (c. h.)	Trempealeau	Wyoming	Iowa
Whitelaw	Manitowoc		
Whitemound	Sauk		
Whiteoak	Lafayette		
* Whitewater	Walworth		
Whittlesey	Taylor		
Wickware	Barron		
Wilcox	Clark		
Wildrose	Waushara		
Wildwood	St. Croix		
Williams Bay	Walworth		
Wilmot	Kenosha		
Wilson	St. Croix		
Wilton	Monroe		
Winchester	Winnebago		
Wind Lake	Racine		
Windsor	Dane		
Winnebago	Winnebago		

Y.

Yellowstone	Lafayette
York	Jackson
Yorkville	Racine
Yuba	Richland

Z.

Ziegler	Marathon
Zion	Winnebago
Zittau	Winnebago

POST OFFICES IN WISCONSIN.

DECEMBER 31, 1896.

ARRANGED BY COUNTIES.

Offices in *italic* type are Money-Order offices, authorized to issue and pay money orders and postal notes. Those marked with an asterisk (*) are *International* as well as Domestic money-order offices. Offices indicated by the sign § are authorized to issue "limited money orders," but not money orders, nor to pay money orders.

By the letters *c. h.* in parentheses, thus: (*c. h.*), county seats are indicated.

ADAMS. Adams Centre. <i>Arkdale.</i> Bigflats. § Bigspring. Easton. <i>Friendship (c. h.)</i> Glen. Grand Marsh. Hadlock. Lakeside. Leola. Little Lake. Mars. Monroe Centre. New Rome. Niebull. Pilotknob. Plainville. Pointbluff. Quincy. Roche-a-Cri. Springbluff. Springcreek. Strong's Prairie. Whitcreek.	Hillsdale. Horseman. Howe. Lehigh. Loveland. Mireau. Paskin. Perley. <i>Prairie Farm.</i> <i>*Rice Lake.</i> Sioska. Sprague. <i>Turtle Lake.</i> Ulysses. Wickware.	Henrysville. Holland. Kolb. Kunesh. Lark. Ledgeville. Little Rapids. Mills Centre. Morrison. New Franken. Oneida. Pinegrove. Pittsfield. Poland. Pulaski. Schiller. Shirley. Suamico. Velp. Wayside. Wequiock. <i>West De Pere.</i> <i>Wrightstown.</i>	Falun. Freya. <i>*Grantsburg (c. h.).</i> Orange. Randall. Siren. Timberland. <i>Tradelake.</i> Trade River. Webster. Woodlake.
ASHLAND. * <i>Ashland (c. h.).</i> * <i>Butternut.</i> <i>Glidden.</i> Highbridge. La Pointe. Marengo. Mellen. Mineral Lake. Odanah. Penokee. Sanborn.	BAYFIELD. Ashland Junction. <i>Bayfield.</i> Benoit. Birch Lake. Cable. <i>Drummond.</i> Herbster. Houghton. <i>Iron River.</i> Mason. Nash. Orienta. Portwing. Pratt. <i>Washburn (c. h.).</i>	BUFFALO. * <i>Alma (c. h.).</i> Anchorage. Bohri. Buffalo. <i>Cochrane.</i> Cream. Doelle. <i>*Fountain City.</i> Gilmanstown. Glencoe. Herold. Lookout. Marshland. Misha Mokwa. Modena. <i>Mondovi.</i> Montana. <i>Nelson.</i> Norden. Tall. Urne. § <i>Waumandee.</i>	CALUMET. Brant. * <i>Brillion.</i> Brothertown. Charlesburgh. * <i>Chilton (c. h.).</i> Darboy. Dundas. <i>Forest Junction.</i> Gravesville. Hayton. Highcliff. <i>Hilbert.</i> Jericho. <i>New Holstein.</i> Potter. Saint John. <i>Sherwood.</i> * <i>Stockbridge.</i>
BARRON. Almena. Arland. * <i>Barron (c. h.).</i> Barronett. Bracklin. <i>Cameron.</i> Canton. <i>Cetek.</i> Comstock. * <i>Cumberland.</i> <i>Dallas.</i> Dobie. § <i>Grattan.</i> Haugen.	BROWN. Askeaton. Bay Settlement. Champion. Cronk. Denmark. * <i>De Pere.</i> Duckcreek. East Wrightstown. Flintville. Fontenoy. Forks. * <i>Fort Howard.</i> † Station. Green Bay postoffice. * <i>Green Bay (c. h.).</i> <i>Station.</i> * <i>A. (Fort Howard).</i> Glenmore. <i>Greenleaf.</i>	BURNETT. Alstad. Blanding. Bracey. Coomer. Ekdall.	CHIPPEWA. Albertville. Anson. <i>Apollonia.</i> Badger Mills. Birch. Bloomer. Bobcreek. <i>Boyd.</i> <i>Bruce.</i> <i>Cadott.</i> <i>Cartwright.</i> Chippewa City. * <i>Chippewa Falls (ch).</i> Colburn. Colton. Cook Valley. Cox. Craft. Drywood. Eaglepoint. Eagleton.

Edson.
Eleanor.
Estella.
Fern.
Flambeau.
Glenflora.
Hawkins.
Huron.
Ingram.
Island Lake.
Lakeville.
Liddell.
Murry.
Stanley.
Strickland.
Tillinghast.
Vale.
Warner.
Weyerhaeuser.

CLARK.

Abbotsford.
Carlisle.
Chili.
Christie.
Colby.
Columbia.
Curtiss.
Day.
Dewhurst.
Dorchester.
Eidsvold.
Globe.
Granton.
Greengrove.
Greenwood.
Hein.
Hemlock.
Humbird.
Longwood.
Loyal.
§ Lynn.
* *Neillsville (c. h.).*
Nevins.
Pleasant Ridge.
Ralph.
Reseburg.
Shortville.
Snow.
Spokeville.
Thorp.
Veefkind.
Wilcox.
Withee.

COLUMBIA.

Alloa.
Arlington.
Bellefontain.
Bragg.
* *Cambria.*
* *Columbus.*
Corinne.
Doylestown.
Fall River.
Farr's Corners.
Hampden.
Hartman.
Kreyser.
Kilbourn.
Leeds.
Leeds Centre.
Levee.
Lewiston.
* *Lodi.*
Marcelon.
North Leeds.
Okee.
Otsego.
Pacific.

Pardeeville.
* *Portage (c. h.).*
Port Hope.
Poynette.
Radissen.
Randolph Center.
Rio.
Rockyrun.
Thurman.
Westpoint.
Wyocena.

CRAWFORD.

Adney.
Barnum.
Bell Center.
Boma.
Boydton.
Bridgeport.
Eastman.
Ferryville.
Freeman.
Gays Mills.
Haney.
Hurlbut.
Lynxville.
Millet.
Mount Sterling.
North Clayton.
Petersburg.
* *Prairie du Chien (c. h.).*
Risingsun.
Seneca.
Soldiers' Grove.
Steuben.
Towerville.
Wauzeka.
Wheatville.

DANE.

Acorn.
Adsit.
Albion.
Amos.
Ashton.
Barwig.
Basco.
Belleville.
Blackearth.
Bluemounds.
Burke.
Cambridge.
Clarkson.
Cottagegrove.
Crossplains.
Dane.
Deansville.
Deerfield.
* *Deforest.*
Door Creek.
East Bristol.
Elvers.
Fitchburg.
Floyd.
Forward.
Hanerville.
Henderson.
Hope.
Klevenville.
Lakeview.
London.
Lyle.
Macfarland.
* *Madison (c. h.).*
Marshall.
Marxville.
* *Mazomanie.*
Mendota.
Middleton.
Montrose.
Morrisonville.

Mount Horeb.
Mount Vernon.
Nora.
North Bristol.
Norwaygrove.
* *Oregon.*
Paoli.
Perry.
Pheasantbranch.
Pinebluff.
Primrose.
Riley.
Rockdale.
Roxbury.
Rutland.
Spring.
Springfield Corners.
Stone.
Story.
* *Stoughton.*
Sun Prairie.
Token.
Utica.
Verona.
Vilas.
Waukeesa.
Windsor.

DODGE.

Alderly.
Ashippun.
Atwater.
* *Beaverdam.*
Brownsville.
Burnett Junction.
Chester.
Clyman.
Danville.
* *Fox Lake.*
Herman.
* *Horicon.*
Hullsburg.
Hustford.
Iron Mountain.
Iron Ridge.
Juneau (c. h.).
Kekoskee.
Knowles.
Lebanon.
Leroy.
Lomira.
Lostlake.
Lowell.
* *Mayville.*
Minnesota Junction.
Neosho.
Oakgrove.
* *Randolph.*
Reeseville.
Richwood.
Rolling Prairie.
Rubicon.
Theresa.
Toland.
Woodland.

DOOR.

Bailey's Harbor.
Brussels.
Carnot.
Claybanks.
Detroit Harbor.
Egg Harbor.
Ellison Bay.
Ephraim.
Evergreen.
Fishcreek.
Forestville.
Foscuro.
Gardner.

Hainesville.
Hedgehog.
Jacksonport.
Kolberg.
Little Sturgeon.
Maplewood.
Namur.
Newport.
Rowley's Bay.
Salona.
Sawyer.
Savastopol.
Sister Bay.
Stevensons Pier.
Stokes.
* *Sturgeon Bay (c. h.)*
Tornado.
Vignes.
Voseville.
Washington Harbor.

DOUGLAS.

Bennett Siding.
Blueberry.
Brule.
Clevedon.
Dedham.
East Superior.
Foxboro.
Gordon.
Hawthorne.
Hoyt.
Itasca.
Lake Nebagamon.
Maple.
Minnesung.
Nutt.
Poplar.
Saint Louis.
Solon Springs.
South Range.
* *South Superior.*
* *Superior (c. h.).*
Thomas.
Wentworth.
* *West Superior.*

DUNN.

§ Amy.
Annaburgh.
Blairmoore.
Boyceville.
§ Caryville.
Cedarfalls.
Colfax.
Connorsville.
Davis.
Downing.
Dunnville.
Dunnville.
Eau Galle.
Elk mound.
§ Fall City.
Fosbrooke.
Grant.
Graytown.
Hatchville.
Knapp.
Lochiel.
Louisville.
Lucas.
* *Menomonte (c. h.).*
Meridian.
North Menomonte.
Rockfalls.
Rusk.
Sandcreek.
Stoops.
Tonnar.
Tramway.

Waneka.
Waubek.
Weston.
Wheeler.

EAU CLAIRE.

Attoona.
Anthony.
Augusta.
Brackett.
* *Eau Claire* (c. h.).
Fairchild.
Fallcreek.
Hadleyville.
Luddington.
Nixcorner.
Norseville.
Otter Creek.
Portersmills.
Shaw.

FLORENCE.

Commonwealth.
Florence (c. h.).
Homestead.

FOND DU LAC.

Alto.
Armstrong.
Ashford.
Banner.
Bing.
Brandon.
Byron.
Calumet Harbor.
S Calumetville.
Calvary.
Campbellsport.
Dotyville.
Dundee.
Fden.
Eggersville.
Eldorado.
Elmore.
Fairwater.
* *Fond du Lac* (c. h.).
Fournile.
Hamilton.
Johnsburgh.
Kirkwood.
Ladoga.
Lamartine.
Malone.
Marblehead.
Marytown.
Metomen.
Mitchell.
Mount Calvary.
New Cassel.
Newfane.
New Prospect.
Oak Centre.
Oakfield.
Pebbles.
Prion.
* *Ripon*.
Rogersville.
Rosendale.
Saint Cloud.
Saint Killan.
Saint Peter.
South Byron.
Summit Station.
Taycheedah.
Vandyne.
Waucousta.
* *Waupun*.
West Rosendale.

Wolflake.
Woodhull.

FOREST.

Armstrong Creek.
Cavour.
Crandon (c. h.).
Gagen.
Monico.
North Crandon.
Pelican Lake.
Pratt Junction.
Three Lakes.

GRANT.

Anderson.
Annaton.
Arthur.
Bagley.
Beetown.
Bigpatch.
Bloomington.
Blue River.
* *Boscobel*.
Bradtville.
British Hollow.
Burton.
Cassville.
Castlerock.
Cornelia.
Cuba.
Dickeysville.
Ellenborough.
Elmo.
Fairplay.
Fennimore.
Flora.
Georgetown.
Glenhaven.
Hazelgreen.
Homer.
Hurricane.}
Jamestown.
Kieler.
* *Lancaster* (c. h.).
Libertyridge.
Livingston.
Louisburgh.
McCartney.
Millville.
Montfort.
Mounthope.
S Mount Ida.
* *Muscoda*.
North Andover.
Patchgrove.
* *Platteville*.
* *Potosi*.
Preston.
Rockville.
Sinsinawa.
Stitzer.
S Werley.
Woodman.
Wyalusing.

GREEN.

* *Abany*.
Attica.
Bem.
* *Brodhead*.
Brooklyn.
Browntown.
Cadiz.
Clarno.
Dayton.
Exeter.
Farmer's Grove.

Jordon.
* *Juda*.
Martintown.
* *Monroe* (c. h.).
Monticello.
New Glarus.
Oakley.
Pedee.
Polk.
Shultz.
Stearns.
Stewart.
Sylvester.
Twingrove.
Tyrone.
Ula.
Wausemon.

GREEN LAKE.

* *Berlin*.
Dartford (c. h.).
Green Lake.
Kingston.
Manchester.
* *Markesan*.
Marquette.
Princeton.
Stanford.
Utley.

IOWA.

Apex.
Arena.
Avoca.
Barber.
* *Barneveld*.
Clyde.
Cobb.
* *Dodgeville* (c. h.).
Drybone.
Edmund.
Highland.
Hillside.
Hollandale.
Hyde.
Jonesdale.
Linden.
Middlebury.
Mifflin.
* *Mineral Point*.
Moscow.
Pineknob.
Ranyard.
Rewey.
Ridgeway.
Standart.
Union Mills.
S Waldwick.
Wyoming.

IRON.

Cedar.
Curry.
Gile.
Hurley (c. h.).
Ironbell.
Kimball.
Manitowish.
Mercer.
Pence.
Plummer.
Sazon.
Upson.

JACKSON.

Alma Center.
Beaver creek.

* *Black River Falls*
(c. h.).
Citypoint.
Disco.
Hatfield.
Hixton.
Irving.
Lee.
S Levis.
Melrose.
Merrillan.
Millston.
Northbend.
Northbranch.
Northfield.
Pinehill.
Pray.
Price.
Roaringcreek.
Sechlerville.
Shamrock.
Taylor.
Trout.
Wrightsville.
York.

JEFFERSON.

Aliceton.
Aztalan.
Bernhard.
Coldspring.
Concord.
Ebenezer.
Farmington.
* *Fort Atkinson*.
Harvey.
Hebron.
Helenville.
Hubbleton.
Ixonla.
* *Jefferson* (c. h.).
Jefferson Junction.
Johnson Creek.
Lake Mills.
Milford.
Navan.
Oakhhill.
Oakland.
* *Palmyra*.
Pipersville.
Ripley.
Rome.
Sullivan.
Sumner.
* *Waterloo*.
* *Watertown*.
Weiner.

JUNEAU.

Armenia.
Camp Douglas.
Cranberry Center.
Elroy.
Germantown.
Hustler.
Lemonweir.
Lyndon Station.
Mather.
* *Mauston* (c. h.).
Meadow Valley.
Miner.
Necedah.
* *New Lisbon*.
Union Center.
* *Wanewoc*.

KENOSHA.

Bassett.
Berryville.

Brighton.
Bristol.
 Camp Lake.
 Foxriver.
 * *Kenosha (c. h.)*
 Lagoon.
 New Munster.
 Paris.
Pleasant Prairie.
 Ranney.
Salem.
Silver Lake.
 Slade's Corners.
Somers.
 Trevor.
 Truesdell.
 Twin Lakes.
 Wheatland.
Wilmot.
 Woodworth.

KEWAUNEE.

* *Amnapee.*
 Alaska.
 Bolt.
 Carlton.
 Casco.
 Curran.
 Darbellay.
 Duvall.
 Dyckesville.
 Ellisville.
 Euren.
 * *Kewaunee (c. h.)*.
 Kodan.
 Krok.
 Lincoln.
 Luxembourgo.
 Neuern.
 Norman.
 Pilsen.
 Rankin.
 Riocreek.
Rosiere.
Ryan.
 Sandybay.
 Slovan.
 Stangleville.
 Thiry Daems.
 Tonet.
 Walhain.

LA CROSSE.

* *Bangor.*
 Barre Mills.
 Burns.
 Burroak.
 Holman.
 * *La Crosse (c. h.)*.
Station.
 (No. 1, North Side.)

Medary.
 Middelridge.
 Midway.
 Mindoro.
 Newberg's Corners.
Onataska.
 Rockland.
 Saint Joseph.
 Shelby.
 Sigel.
 Stevenstown.
West Salem.

LAFAYETTE.

Argyle.
Belmont.
Benton.
Blanchardville.
 Buncombe.
 Calamine.
 * *Darlington (c. h.)*.
 Defiance.
 § *Dunbarton.*
 Elkgrove.
 Etna.
 Fayette.
Gyattot.
 Ipswich.
 Lamont.
 Leadmine.
 Leslie.
 Mecker's Grove.
 New Diggings.
 Redrock.
Shullsburg.
South Wayne.
 Truman.
 Whiteoak.
Wia.
 Woodford.
 Yellowstone.

LANGLADE.

* *Antigo (c. h.)*.
 Bryant.
Deerbrook.
 Elcho.
 Elmhurst.
 Elton.
 Kent.
 Koepenick.
 Langlade.
 Lily.
 Markton.
 Mayking.
 Morley.
 Muller's Lake.
 Neva.
 Parrish.
 § *Pearson.*
 Phlox.
 Summit Lake.

LINCOLN.

Bloomville.
 Chat.
 Clifford.
 Corning.
 Dudley.
 Heller.
 Irma.
 Jeffris.
 Kickbush.
 * *Merrill (c. h.)*.
 Somo.
 Tomahawk.

MANITOWOC.

Alverno.
 Branch.
 Cato.
 Clark's Mills.
 Cleveland.
Cooperstown.
 East Gibson.
 Eaton.
 Francis Creek.

Greenstreet.
 Grinnms.
Iika.
 Kasson.
 Kollnersville.
Kiel.
 Kingsbridge.
 Larrabee.
 Louis' Corner.
 * *Manitowoc (c. h.)*.
 Maplegrove.
 Meemo.
 Meggers.
 Molnik.
 Monchalville.
 Millhome.
Mishicot.
 Nero.
 Newtonburgh.
 Niles.
 Northeim.
 Oslo.
 Osman.
 Rangeline.
 Rapids.
Reedsville.
 Rosecrans.
 Rube.
Saint Nazianz.
 Saint Wendel.
Schoolhill.
 Shoto.
 Stark.
 Steintal.
 Taus.
 Timothy.
 Tisch Mills.
 * *Two Rivers.*
 Wells.
 Whitelaw.

MARATHON.

Athens.
 Barney.
 Bevent.
 Cherokee.
 Corinth.
 Dancy.
 Denny.
 Edgar.
 Elderon.
 Emmerich.
 Fenwood.
 Flanner.
 Gohdes.
 Granite Heights.
 Halder.
 Hmburgh.
 Hatley.
 Hogerty.
 Johnson.
 Kelley.
 § *Knowlton.*
 McMillan.
Marathon.
 March.
 Moon.
Mosinee.
 Naugart.
Norrie.
 Nutterville.
 Pikelake.
 Poniatowski.
 Rib Falls.
 Ringlo.
 Rozellville.
Schofield.
 Shantytown.

Spencer.
 Staadt.
 Siettin.
 Stratford.
 Swan.
 Taegesville.
 Trapp.
Unity.
Wausau (c. h.)
 Weber.
 Wein.
 Wuertsburg.
 Ziegler.

MARINETTE.

Amberg.
 Atholstano.
 Beaver.
 Coleman.
Crivitz.
 Dunbar.
 Gall.
Marinette (c. h.).
 McAllister.
 * *Menkaunee.*
 Middle Inlet.
 Galeans.
Pembine.
 * *Peshigo.*
 Porterfield.
 Pound.
 * *Wausaukee.*

MARQUETTE.

Briggsville.
 Browning.
 Douglas Center.
Germania.
 Grover.
 Harrisville.
 Jeddo.
 Libertybluff.
 Merrittville.
Montello (c. h.).
 Moundville.
 Neshkoro.
Oxford.
Packwaukee.
 Roslin.
 * *Westfield.*

MILWAUKEE.

* *Bay View.* †
 Barthelet.
 Browndeer.
 Butler.
 Cudahy.
 Dillman.
 Granville.
 Granville Center.
 Hales Corners.
 Heelyton.
 * *Milwaukee (c. h.)*.

Stations.

* *A.* (South Side),
 316-18 Reed St.
 * *B.* (North West),
 1122-24 Walnut
 Street.
 * *C.* 742 Third St.
 * *D.* (Bay View).

Sub-Stations.

*No. 1 (Williamsburg), 1390 Green Bay Avenue.
National Home, New Coeln.
North Greenfield, North Milwaukee.
 **North West*.†
 Oakwood.
 Paynesville.
 Rootereek.
Saint Francis.
 Saint Martinus.
 Silverspring.
 Smith.
 Sommerville.
 **South Milwaukee*.
 **South Side*.†
 Stargard.
 Trostville.
 **Wauwatosa*.
 West Granville.
 White Fish Bay.
 **Williamsburg*.†

MONROE.

Angelo.
Cashton.
 §Cataract.
 Clifton.
 Glendale.
 Homewood.
Kendall.
 Kirby.
 Lafayette.
 Leon.
 Melvina.
Norwalk.
 Norway Ridge.
 Oakdale.
 Oil City.
 Portland.
 Rapp.
 Saint Marys.
 Shennington.
 **Sparta* (c. h.).
 **Tomah*.
Tunnel City.
 Valley Junction.
 Warrens.
 Wilton.
 Wyeville.

OCONTO.

Abrams.
 Amanda.
 Breed.
 Brookside.
 Chase.
 Clark.
 Claywood.
Gillett.
 Hayes.
 Hickory.
 Keegan.
 Kelleybrook.
 Lena.
 Linzybrook.
 Little Suamico.
 Logan.
 Maplevalley.
 Morgan.
 Mountain.
 **Oconto* (c. h.).

Oconto Falls.
 Pensaukee.
 Sobieski.
 Spruce.
Stiles.
 Strand.
 Timma.
 Underhill.

ONEIDA.

Harshaw.
 **Hazlehurst*.
 Hebard.
McNaughton.
 Pennington.
Rhineland (c. h.).
 Stella.
 Tomahawk Lake.
 Woodboro.

OUTAGAMIE.

Applecreek.
 **Appleton* (c. h.).
 Batloy.
Bearcreek.
 Binghampton.
Blackcreek.
 Bungert.
 Cicero.
 Combined Locks.
Dale.
 Erb.
 Greenville.
Hortonville.
Kaukauna.
 Kimberly.
 Lawrenceville.
 §Leeman.
Littlechule.
 Mackville.
 Medina.
 Mission.
 Sagole.
Seymour.
Shiocton.
South Kaukauna.
 South Osborn.
 Stephensville.
 §Stinson.
 Sugarbush.
 Whittlin.

OZAUKEE.

Bartel Station.
Belgium.
Cedarburgh.
 Druecker.
Fredonia.
 Fredonia Station.
 Freistadt.
Grafton.
 Holy Cross.
 Horn's Corners.
 Kohler.
 Lake Church.
 Mequon.
 **Port Washington* (c. h.).
Saukville.
Thiensville.

PEPIN.

Arkansas.
 **Durand* (c. h.).

East Pepin.
 Ella.
Pepin.
 Porcupine.
 **Stockholm*.
 Tarrant.

PIERCE.

Bay City.
 Beldenville.
 Bigriver.
Brassington.
 Clayfield.
 Diamond Bluff.
 **Ellsworth* (c. h.).
 Elmwood.
 El Paso.
Esdaile.
 Exile.
 Farmhill.
 Gertrude.
 Gilman.
Hager City.
 Herbert.
 Lawton.
 Lindorman.
 Lostoreek.
 Lund.
Maiden Rock.
Maytell.
 §*Moenville*.
Olivet.
 §Ono.
Plum City.
Prescott.
 **River Falls*.
Rockelm.
Spring Valley.
 Trim Belle.
 Viking.
 Waverly.

POLK.

Alabama.
 Alden.
Amery.
 Andrus.
 Appleriver.
 Atlas.
 Balsom Lake.
 Bunyan.
 Clam Falls.
 Clayton.
Clearlake.
 Cushing.
 Deronda.
 Dresser Junction.
 Ducholm.
 East Farmington.
 El Salem.
 Helbig.
 Jensen.
 Joel.
 Littlefalls.
 Loraine.
 Luck.
 North Valley.
 Nye.
Osceola Mills (c. h.).
 Patterson.
 Pineville.
 Richardson.
St. Croix Falls.
 South Farmington.
 Volga.
 Wagon Landing.

West Denmark.
 West Sweden.
 Wolfcreek.

PORTAGE.

Alban.
 Almond.
Amherst.
Amherst Junction.
 Arnott.
 Badger.
 Bancroft.
 Blaine.
 Buenavista.
 Casimir.
 Crocker's Landing.
 Custer.
 Ellis.
 Fancher.
 Garfield.
 Hetzel.
 Hull.
 Junction.
 Keene.
 Lanark.
 Lonepine.
 McDill.
 Madely.
 Meehan.
 §Nelsonville.
 New Hope.
 Peru.
Plover.
 Polonia.
 Rosholt.
 Sherman.
 **Stevens Point* (c. h.).
 Stockton.
 Towne.

PRICE.

Brantwood.
F. field.
 Kennan.
 Knox Mills.
Ogema.
Parkfalls.
 **Phillips* (c. h.).
 **Prentice*.
 Spirit.
 Worcester.

RACINE.

Beaumont.
 **Burlington*.
Caldwell.
 Caledonia.
 Dover.
Franksville.
 Husher.
 Ivesgrove.
Kansasville.
 Kilbournville.
 Kneeland.
 Lambertson.
 Linwood.
 North Cape.
 **Racine* (c. h.).
Station.
 A (Racine Junction).
Raymond.
Rochester.
 Sylvania.
 Tabor.
 Thompsonville.

† Station, Milwaukee postoffice.

Tischigan.
Union Church.
Uniongrove.
Waterford.
Western Union.
Wind Lake.
Yorkville.

RICHLAND.

Ashridge.
Balmoral.
Bashford.
Basswood.
Bear Valley.
Bloom City.
Boaz.
Brady's.
Buckcreek.
Buckeye.
Byrds creek.
Carwin.
Cazenovia.
Dixon.
Eagle Corners.
Excelsior.
Fivepoints.
Gillingham.
Henrietta.
Hub City.
Ithaca.
Keyesville.
Lancrook.
Loyd.
Neptune.
*Richland Center
(c. h.).

Richland City.
Rockbridge.
Sabin.
Sextonville.
Sylvan.
Tavera.
Twin Bluffs.
Viola.
West Lima.
Westport.
Woodstock.
Yuba.

ROCK.

Afton.
Avon.
*Beloit.
Bergen.
Cainville.
Center.
*Clinton.
Cooksville.
Edgerton.
Emerald Grove.
*Evansville.
Fairfield.
Fellows.
Footville.
Fulton.
Hanover.
Indianford.
*Janesville (c. h.).
Johnstown.
Johnstown Center.
Koshkonong.
Leyden.
§Lima Center.
Magnolia.
Milton.
Milton Junction.
Orfordville.
Rock Prairie.
Shopiere.
Smithton.

Stebbinville.
Tiffany.
Union.

ST. CROIX.

Baldwin.
Boardman.
Brookville.
Burkhardt.
Cylon.
Deerpark.
Everald.
Erin.
*Glenwood.
Hammond.
Hempel.
Hersey.
Houlton.
*Hudson (c. h.).
Inlet.
Jewett.
New Centerville.
N w Richmond.
North Hudson.
Palmer.
Pleasant Valley.
Roberts.
§Somerset.
Stanton.
Star Prairie.
Wildwood.
Wilson.
Woodville.

SAUK.

Ableman.
*Baraboo (c. h.).
Blackhawk.
Cassell.
Delton.
Denzer.
Devils Lake.
Ironton.
King's Corners.
Lavalle.
Leland.
Linncridge.
Loganville.
Merrinac.
North Freedom.
Plain.
Prairie du Sac.
*Reedsburg.
Sandusky.
*Sauk City.
Springgreen.
Valton.
White Mound.
Witwen.

SAWYER.

Deer Lake.
*Hayward (c. h.).
Reserve.
Roundlake.
Wallace.

SHAWANO.

Advance.
Angelica.
Aniwa.
Belleplaine.
Birmamwood.
Bonduel.
Briarton.
Caroline.
Cecil.

Comet.
Eland.
Frazier.
Galesburgh.
Grosham.
Hermansfort.
Hofa Park.
Hunting.
Keshena.
Krahow.
Landstad.
Laney.
Leopolis.
Mattoon.
Morris.
Pella.
Pulcifer.
Regina.
Riverside.
Roselawn.
*Shawano (c. h.).
Splitrock.
*Tigerton.
Tilloda.
Wellhaven.
Whitecomb.
*Wittenburg.

SHEBOYGAN.

Ada.
Adell.
Beechwood.
Cascade.
Cedar Grove.
Dacada.
Edwards.
Elkhart.
Erdman.
Franklin.
Gibbsville.
Glenbeulah.
Greenebush.
Hingham.
Hoard.
Howard.
Johnsonville.
Mosel.
Oostburgh.
Parnell.
Plus.
Plymouth.
Random Lake.
Rathbun.
Rhine.
Saint Anna.
Saint George.
§Scott.
*Sheboygan (c. h.).
Sheboygan Falls.
Silver Creek.
Waldo.
Winooski.

TAYLOR.

Chelsea.
Halway.
Interwald.
Justin.
Littleblack.
Lynch.
*Medford (c. h.)
Perkiustown.
Ray.
Riblake.
Stetsonville.
Urquhart.
Westboro.
Whittlesey.

TREMPEALEAU.

Arcadia.
Blair.
Centerville.
Chimney Rock.
Decora Prairie.
§Dodge.
Eleva.
Elk creek.
Eltrick.
Frenchville.
Galesville.
Glasgow.
Hale.
Hegg.
Independence.
Osseo.
§Pigeonfalls.
Russell.
Strum.
Tamarack.
Trempealeau.
Voler.
Whitehall (c. h.).

VERNON.

Arbor.
Avalanche.
Bloomingdale.
§Bristow.
Bud.
Burr.
Chaseburg.
Coon Valley.
Debello.
Dell.
DeSoto.
Dille.
Esosfa.
Fargo.
Folsom.
Genoa.
Harmony.
Hillsborough.
Kickapoo.
Lafarge.
Liberty.
Libertypole.
Lovass.
Manning.
Mount Tabor.
Muncie.
Newry.
Newton.
Ontario.
Otervale.
Purdy.
Readstown.
Redmound.
Rest.
Retreat.
Rockton.
Romance.
Ross.
Springville.
Star.
Stoddard.
§Sugargrove.
Tippville.
Valley.
Victory.
*Viroqua (c. h.).
Westby.
West Prairie.
Wood.

VILAS.

Arbor Vitæ.
Conover.
Eagle River (c. h.).
Lac du Flambeau.

Minocqua.
Starlake.
Stateline.
Woodruff.

WALWORTH.

Adams.
§ Allen's Grove.
Bissell.
Bowers.
Como.
Darien.
Delavan.
East Delavan.
East Troy.
* *Elkhorn (c. h.).*
Fayetteville.
Fontana.
Genoa Junction.
Heart Prairie.
Hillburn.
Honeycreek.
Jacobsville.
Lagrange.
Lake Beulah.
Lake Geneva.
Lauderdale.
Little Prairie.
Lyons.
Mayhew.
Millard.
Richmond.
Sharon.
Springfield.
Spring Prairie.
Tibbets.
Troy.
Troy Centre.
Vienna.
Walworth.
* *Whitewater.*
Williams Bay.

WASHBURN.

Bashaw.
Madge.
Mills.
Minong.
Namekagon.
Nobleton.
* *Shell Lake (c. h.).*
Spooner.

WASHINGTON.

Ackerville.
Addison.
Allenton.
Aurora.
Barton.
Boltonville.
Cedarcreek.

Fillmore.
Frank.
* *Hartford.*
Hubertus.
Jackson.
Kewaskum.
Kirchhain.
Kohlsville.
Lakefife.
Mayfield.
Meeker.
Mira.
Nenno.
Newburgh.
Richfield.
Rockfield.
Saint Lawrence.
Saint Michael's.
Salter.
Schleisingerville.
South Germantown.
Thompson.
Wayne.
* *West Bend (c. h.).*

WAUKESHA.

Bigbend.
Brookfield.
Calhoun.
Chamberlain.
Colgate.
Delafield.
Denoon.
Dodge's Corners.
Dousman.
Duplainville.
Durham.
Eagle.
Elm Grove.
Fussville.
Genesee.
Genesee Depot.
Golden Lake.
Guthrie.
Hariland.
Lannon.
Mapleton.
Marcy.
Menomonee Falls.
Merton.
Monches.
Monterey.
Mukwonago.
Muskego.
Nashotah.
New Berlin.
Northlake.
North Prairie.
* *Oconomowoc.*
Okauchee.
Ottawa.
Pewaukee.
Prospect.

Stonebank.
Summit Centre.
Sussex.
Templeton.
Tess Corners.
Vernon.
Wales.
Waterville.
* *Waukesha (c. h.).*

WAUPACA.

Baldwin's Mills.
Bigfalls.
Clintonville.
Crystallake.
Embarrass.
Fremont.
Hatton.
Iola.
Lind.
Littlewolf.
Manawa.
Marble.
Marion.
* *New London.*
Nicholson.
Northland.
Northport.
Nowell.
Ogdensburg.
Ostrander.
Parfreyville.
Readfield.
Reams.
Royalton.
Scandinavia.
Sheridan.
Sarat.
Smco.
* *Waupaca (c. h.).*
* *Weyauwega.*
Wisconsin Veterans' Home.

WAUSHARA

Aurorahville.
Beet.
Borth.
Brushville.
Cedarlake.
Colebrook.
Coloma.
Coloma Station.
Dakota.
Fargoville.
Hancock.
Mount Morris.
Oasis.
Pine River.
Plainfield.
Poyissippi.
Richford.

Rodney.
Saxeville.
Springlake.
Springwater.
Terrill.
Tustin.
Waushara.
Wautoma (c. h.).
West Bloomfield.
Wildrose.

WINNEBAGO.

Allenville.
Butte des Morts.
Clemansville.
Crete.
Elo.
Eureka.
Fisk.
Koro.
* *Menasha.*
Mikesville.
* *Neenah.*
Nekimi.
Omo.
Orihula.
* *Oshkosh (c. h.).*
Pickett.
Poygan.
Ring.
Rushlake.
Waukau.
Winchester.
W. nnebag.
Winneconne.
Zion.
Zittau.

WOOD.

Altdorf.
Arpin.
Auburndale.
Babcock.
Bakerville.
Bearss Marsh.
Blenker.
* *Centralia.*
Daily.
Dexter ville.
* *Grand Rapids (c. h.).*
Hansen.
Hewitt.
Lindsey.
Marshfield.
Milladore.
Nekoosa.
Pittsville.
Port Edwards.
Rudolph.
Saratoga.
Sherry.
Vesper.

LIST OF FREE DELIVERY POST OFFICES IN WISCONSIN.

Appleton.
Ashland.
Beloit.
Chippewa Falls.
Eau Claire.
Fond du Lac.
Greenbay.
Janesville.

La Crosse.
Madison.
Manitowoc.
Marinette.
Milwaukee.
* *d Bay view.*
* *b Northwest 1122-1124 Walnut St.*

* *a South Side, 316-318 Reed St.*
* *c Third Street, 742 Third St.*
Sub-station.
* *No. 1.*
Williamsburg, 1390 Green Bay Ave.

Oshkosh.
Racine.
Sheboygan.
Stevens Point.
Watertown.
Waukesha.
Wausau.
West Superior.

LIST OF POST OFFICES.

OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES IN WISCONSIN, WITH SALARIES
OF POSTMASTERS TO DECEMBER 31, 1896.

The Postmasters of these offices are appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. All other Postmasters rank as fourth class, and are appointed by the Postmaster General.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Ahnapee.....	Kewaunee.....	3	\$1,000
Antigo.....	Langlade.....	3	1,700
Appleton.....	Outagamie.....	2	2,500
Ashland.....	Ashland.....	2	2,500
Augusta.....	Eau Claire.....	3	1,200
Baraboo.....	Sauk.....	2	2,000
Barron.....	Barron.....	3	1,000
Bayfield.....	Bayfield.....	3	1,100
Beaverdam.....	Dodge.....	3	1,800
Beloit.....	Rock.....	2	2,400
Berlin.....	Green Lake.....	2	2,000
Black River Falls.....	Jackson.....	3	1,500
Boscobel.....	Grant.....	3	1,300
Brodhead.....	Green.....	3	1,400
Burlington.....	Racine.....	3	1,600
Centralia.....	Wood.....	3	1,200
Chilton.....	Calumet.....	3	1,200
Chippewa Falls.....	Chippewa.....	2	2,200
Clinton.....	Rock.....	3	1,400
Clintonville.....	Waupaca.....	3	1,200
Columbus.....	Columbia.....	3	1,900
Cudahy.....	Milwaukee.....	3	1,300
Cumberland.....	Barron.....	3	1,100
Darlington.....	Lafayette.....	3	1,500
Delavan.....	Walworth.....	3	1,700
DePere.....	Brown.....	3	1,600
Dodgeville.....	Iowa.....	3	1,500
Durand.....	Pepin.....	3	1,200
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	2	2,700
Edgerton.....	Rock.....	3	1,500
Elkhorn.....	Walworth.....	3	1,500
Ellsworth.....	Pierce.....	3	1,000
Elroy.....	Juneau.....	3	1,100
Evansville.....	Rock.....	3	1,600
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	2	2,500
Fort Atkinson.....	Jefferson.....	2	2,300
Fox Lake.....	Dodge.....	3	1,000
Grand Rapids.....	Wood.....	3	1,400
Greenbay.....	Brown.....	2	2,500
Hartford.....	Washington.....	3	1,100
Hayward.....	Sawyer.....	3	1,200
Horicon.....	Dodge.....	3	1,000
Hudson.....	St. Croix.....	3	1,700
Hurley.....	Iron.....	3	1,300
Iron River.....	Bayfield.....	3	1,100
Janesville.....	Rock.....	2	2,600
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	3	1,500
Kaukauna.....	Outagamie.....	3	1,400
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	2	2,400
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	3	1,100
Kilbourn.....	Columbia.....	3	1,400
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	1	3,200
Lake Geneva.....	Walworth.....	3	1,800
Lake Mills.....	Jefferson.....	3	1,300
Lancaster.....	Grant.....	3	1,500
Lodi.....	Columbia.....	3	1,000
Madison.....	Dane.....	1	3,100
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	2	2,300
Marinette.....	Marinette.....	2	2,300

POST OFFICES OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES—Continued.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Marshfield	Wood	3	\$1,800
Mauston	Juneau	3	1,400
Mayville	Dodge	3	1,000
Medford	Taylor	3	1,400
Menasha	Winnebago	3	1,800
Menokaunee	Marinette	3	1,100
Menomonie	Dunn	3	1,800
Merrill	Lincoln	2	2,200
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	1	5,000
Mineral Point	Iowa	3	1,500
Monroe	Green	3	1,900
Necedah	Juneau	3	1,000
Neenah	Winnebago	2	2,100
Neillsville	Clark	3	1,500
New Lisbon	Juneau	3	1,100
New London	Waupaca	3	1,500
New Richmond	St Croix	3	1,600
Oconomowoc	Waukesha	3	1,700
Oconto	Oconto	3	1,800
Omro	Winnebago	3	1,100
Oshkosh	Winnebago	2	2,900
Peshigo	Marinette	3	1,000
Phillips	Price	3	1,500
Platteville	Grant	3	1,700
Plymouth	Sheboygan	3	1,500
Portage	Columbia	2	2,000
Port Washington	Ozaukee	3	1,600
Prairie du Chien	Crawford	3	1,400
Racine	Racine	1	3,300
Reedsburg	Sauk	3	1,600
Rhineland	Oneida	3	1,900
Rice Lake	Barron	3	1,600
Richland Center	Richland	3	1,500
Ripon	Fond du Lac	3	1,900
River Falls	Pierce	3	1,600
Sharon	Walworth	3	1,100
Shawano	Shawano	3	1,300
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	2	2,600
Sheboygan Falls	Sheboygan	3	1,500
Shell Lake	Washburn	3	1,000
Shullsburg	Lafayette	3	1,100
South Kaukauna	Outagamie	3	1,800
South Milwaukee	Milwaukee	3	1,400
South Superior	Douglas	3	1,300
Sparta	Monroe	3	1,800
Stevens Point	Portage	2	2,100
Stoughton	Dane	3	1,700
Sturgeon Bay	Door	3	1,400
Superior	Douglas	3	1,700
Tomah	Monroe	3	1,500
Tomahawk	Lincoln	3	1,200
Two Rivers	Manitowoc	3	1,300
Viroqua	Vernon	3	1,400
Washburn	Bayfield	3	1,500
Waterloo	Jefferson	3	1,100
Watertown	Jefferson	2	2,200
Waukesha	Waukesha	2	2,400
Waupaca	Waupaca	3	1,700
Waupun	Fond du Lac	3	1,700
Wausau	Marathon	2	2,300
Wauwatosa	Milwaukee	2	2,000
Westbend	Washington	3	1,200
West Superior	Douglas	2	2,700
Whitewater	Walworth	3	1,900
Wonevot	Juneau	3	1,100



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

HON. WILLIAM F. VILAS.

United States Senator. (Term expires March 4, 1897.)

POSTAL INFORMATION.

POSTAGE REGISTRY AND MONEY ORDER FEES.

CLASSES OF MAIL MATTER AND POSTAGE THEREON.

Domestic mail matter is divided into four classes:

First Class—Letters, postal cards, and matter wholly or partly in writing, whether sealed or unsealed (except manuscript copy accompanying proof-sheets or corrected proof-sheets of the same), and all matter sealed or otherwise closed against inspection.

Rate of postage—Two cents per ounce or fraction thereof. Postal cards, one cent each.

On "drop" letters, two cents per ounce or fraction thereof, when mailed at letter carrier's office; and one cent per ounce or fraction thereof at other offices.

Second Class—Newspapers and publications issued at stated intervals as often as four times a year, bearing a date of issue and numbered consecutively, issued from a known office of publication, and formed of printed sheets, without board, cloth, leather or other substantial binding. Such publications must be originated and published for the dissemination of information of a public character, or devoted to literature, the sciences, art, or some special industry. They must have a legitimate list of subscribers, and must not be designed primarily for advertising purposes, or for free circulation at nominal rates.

Rate of postage — For publishers and news agents: 1 cent a pound or fraction thereof.

For others than publishers and news agents: 1 cent for each four ounces or fraction thereof.

Third Class — Books, periodicals and matter wholly in print (not included in second class), proof sheets, corrected proof sheets and manuscript copy accompanying the same, also seeds, bulbs, roots, scions and plants.

Rate of postage — One cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

Fourth Class — Merchandise, namely, all matter not embraced in the other three classes, and which is not in its form or nature liable to destroy, deface or otherwise damage the contents of the mail bag, or harm the person of any one engaged in the postal service, and not above the weight provided by law.

Rate of postage — One cent per ounce or fraction thereof.

THE LIMIT OF WEIGHT.

A package must not exceed four pounds in weight, unless it be a single book.

PAYMENT OF POSTAGE.

On first class matter the postage should be fully prepaid, but if two cents in stamps be affixed the matter will be forwarded and remainder due collected of addressee before delivery.

On Second-Class Matter — The postage must be fully prepaid.

On Third-Class Matter — The postage must be fully prepaid.

On Fourth-Class Matter — The postage must be fully prepaid.

WHAT MAY BE WRITTEN OR PRINTED ON MAIL MATTER.

Second Class—Name and address of persons to whom the matter is to be sent; index figures of subscription book printed or written; printed title of publication, printed or written name or address, without advertisement of publisher or sender; written or printed words or figures, or both, indicating date on which subscription ends; correction of typographical errors, a mark except by written or printed words to designate a word or passage to which it is desired to call attention; the words "sample copy;" publishers' or news agents' bills, receipts and orders for subscription, but the same shall convey no other information than the name, place of publication, subscription price, and amount of subscription due. The number of copies inclosed may be indicated on wrapper or face of package.

Third Class—Sender's name and address, with the word "from" ; marks other than by written or printed words to call attention to word or passage ; correction of typographical errors ; on the blank leaves or cover of any book may be placed a simple manuscript dedication or inscription not in the nature of a personal correspondence ; upon the address side of wrapper, envelope, tag or label must be left space sufficient for legible address and necessary stamps.

Fourth Class—With matter of this kind may be enclosed any mailable third-class matter. On wrapper, cover, tag or label may be written name and address of sender, with word "from" ; marks, numbers, names or letters for purposes of description, or same may be printed ; any printed matter not in nature of a personal correspondence. On address side must be left space sufficient for legible address and necessary stamps.

THE REGISTRY SYSTEM.

All mail matter, including drop letters, may be registered ; but not matter addressed to fictitious names, initials, or box numbers, or bearing vague and indefinite addresses.

The registry fee is eight cents in addition to postage. It must be prepaid by stamps affixed.

The rates of postage to all other countries and colonies (except Canada and Mexico) are as follows :

Letters, 15 grams ($\frac{1}{2}$ ounce)	5 cents.
Postal cards, each	2 cents.
Newspapers and other printed matter, per two ounces	1 cent.
Commercial papers :	
Packets not in excess of 10 ounces	5 cents.
Packets in excess of 10 ounces, for each two ounces or fraction thereof	1 cent.
Samples of merchandise :	
Packets not in excess of 4 ounces	2 cents.
Packets not in excess of 4 ounces	2 cents.
Packets in excess of 4 ounces, for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof	1 cent.
Registration fee on letters or other articles	8 cents.

Ordinary letters for countries of the Postal Union (except Canada and Mexico) must be forwarded whether any postage is prepaid on them or not. All other mailable matter must be prepaid, at least partially.

CANADA AND MEXICO.

Matter mailed in the United States addressed to Canada or Mexico is subject to the same postage rates and conditions as it would be if it were addressed for delivery in the United States.

THE POSTAL MONEY ORDER SYSTEM.

The following are the fees for domestic money orders :

For orders not exceeding \$2.50	3c.
For orders exceeding \$2.50 and not exceeding \$5	5c.
For orders exceeding \$5 and not exceeding \$10	8c.
For orders exceeding \$10 and not exceeding \$20	10c.
For orders exceeding \$20 and not exceeding \$30	12c.
For orders exceeding \$30 and not exceeding \$40	15c.
For orders exceeding \$40 and not exceeding \$50	18c.
For orders exceeding \$50 and not exceeding \$30	20c.
For orders exceeding \$60 and not exceeding \$75	25c.
For orders exceeding \$75 and not exceeding \$100	30c.

The maximum amount of a single order is \$100.

INTERNATIONAL MONEY ORDERS.

Postal conventions are now in operation for the exchange of money-orders between the United States and the following countries, viz. : Switzerland, Great Britain and Ireland, Germany, France, Italy, Canada, Newfoundland, Jamaica, New South Wales, Victoria, New Zealand, Queensland, the Cape Colony, the Windward Islands (embracing the islands of Barbados, Grenada, St. Vincent, and St. Lucia), the Leeward Islands (consisting of the presidencies of Antigua, St. Christopher—Nevis, Dominica,

Montserrat and the Virgin Islands), Belgium, Portugal, Tasmania, the Hawaiian Republic, Sweden, Japan, Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, the Bahama Islands, the colony of Trinidad and Tobago, Austria, Hungary, British Guiana, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, Bermuda, and the colony of South Australia, Salvador, Hong Kong and Republic of Honduras.

The fees for International Money-Orders are as follows:

For sums not exceeding \$10.....	10c
Over \$10 and not exceeding \$20.....	20c
Over \$20 and not exceeding \$30.....	30c
Over \$30 and not exceeding \$40.....	40c
Over \$40 and not exceeding \$50.....	50c
Over \$50 and not exceeding \$60.....	60c
Over \$60 and not exceeding \$70.....	70c
Over \$70 and not exceeding \$80.....	80c
Over \$80 and not exceeding \$90.....	90c
Over \$90 and not exceeding \$100.....	\$1 00

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR 1896.

The expenditures of the postal service for the year are shown by items in the following statement:

Transportation of the mails on railroads.....	\$27,662,555 11
Compensation of postmasters.....	16,561,181 10
Free-delivery service.....	12,713,861 41
Compensation of clerks in postoffices.....	9,972,496 22
Compensation of railway postoffice clerks.....	7,420,647 92
Transportation of the mails on star routes.....	5,836,221 38
Railway postoffice car service.....	3,134,992 72
Transportation of foreign mails.....	1,509,250 17
Mail-messenger service.....	1,174,356 26
Rent, light, and fuel for first and second class offices.....	845,360 78
Manufacture of stamped envelopes.....	752,958 09
Rent, light, and fuel for third-class offices.....	605,299 51
Transportation of mails on steamboats.....	388,606 22
Special-delivery service.....	318,008 92
Mail bags and catchers.....	269,739 42
Mail depredations and postoffice inspectors.....	266,819 03
Manufacture of postal cards.....	172,149 72
Transportation of the mails—special facilities, etc.....	153,981 10
Manufacture of postage stamps.....	153,581 62
Balance due foreign countries.....	113,223 08
Miscellaneous expenses for post-offices, including furniture.....	110,205 67
Registered package, tag, official, and dead-letter envelopes.....	93,376 82
Wrapping twine.....	79,936 36
Stationery for post-offices.....	49,902 88
Wrapping paper.....	49,872 74
Expenditures under 18 smaller items of appropriations.....	\$90,408,584 25
Total expenditures.....	\$90,626,296 84

The postal revenue from all sources was as follows:

Sales of stamps, stamped envelopes, letter sheets, and postal cards.....	\$78,438,077 78
Box rents.....	2,534,925 51
Ordinary money-order receipts.....	886,185 07
Receipts from unclaimed money orders more than a year old..	519,244 57
Letter postage paid in money, mostly balances from foreign postal administrations.....	52,783 40
Miscellaneous receipts.....	29,152 51
Fines and penalties.....	28,583 77
Receipts from unclaimed dead letters.....	10,255 79
Total receipts.....	82,499,208 40
Excess of expenditures over receipts.....	\$8,127,088 44

STATEMENT OF AMOUNT OF MAIL MATTER HANDLED.

The following information relative to the amount of matter carried in the mails of this country during the year ending June 30, 1896:

Number of letters and other pieces of first-class matter mailed during the year at letter rates of postage.....	2,535,666,300
Number of letters and other first-class matter on official business, free.....	94,544,300
Total letters paid and free.....	<u>2,630,210,600</u>
Number of postal cards mailed.....	<u>524,820,150</u>
Number of newspapers and periodicals mailed by publishers and news agents, paid.....	1,216,986,055
Number of newspapers and periodicals mailed free in the several "counties of publication".....	523,482,970
Number of newspapers and periodicals mailed by others than publishers and news agents.....	90,653,517
Total pieces of second-class matter.....	<u>1,831,122,542</u>
Number of pieces of third-class matter mailed — books, pamphlets, circulars, etc.....	<u>649,951,000</u>
Number of pieces of fourth-class matter mailed — packages of merchandise, etc., including seeds, plants, etc.....	57,614,900
Aggregate of pieces of all classes mailed.....	<u>5,693,719,192</u>

STATE AND FEDERAL CENSUS.

COMPARATIVE TABLE, SHOWING POPULATION OF 1890 AND 1895, BY TOWNS, CITIES AND VILLAGES.

Total Population, Federal Census, 1890..... 1,686,880
Total Population, State Census, 1895..... 1,937,915

ADAMS COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Adams.....	516	Adams.....	488
Big Flats.....	257	Big Flats.....	322
Colburn.....	267	Dell Prairie.....	448
Dell Prairie.....	516	Easton.....	376
Easton.....	401	Jackson.....	504
Jackson.....	556	Leola.....	240
Leola.....	255	Lincoln.....	440
Lincoln.....	472	Monroe.....	462
Monroe.....	452	New Chester.....	344
New Chester.....	382	New Haven.....	746
New Haven.....	714	Preston.....	209
Preston.....	217	Quincy.....	393
Quincy.....	384	Richfield.....	335
Richfield.....	337	Rome.....	238
Rome.....	351	Springville.....	474
Springville.....	500	Strong's Prairie.....	870
Strong's Prairie.....	955		
Total population.....	7,532	Total population.....	6,889

ASHLAND COUNTY.

*Ashland.....	1,949	Ashland, incl. Apostle Islands, 952	1,507
Ashland, city:		Ashland, city:	
1st ward.....	2,593	1st ward.....	1,445
2d ward.....	2,218	2d ward.....	1,714
3d ward.....	1,342	3d ward.....	1,772
4th ward.....	2,272	4th ward.....	2,301
5th ward.....	2,528	5th ward.....	2,721
6th ward.....	1,352	Butternut.....	1,210
Butternut.....	1,275	Jacobs.....	1,277
Jacobs.....	1,014	Knight.....	639
La Pointe.....	250	Vaughan, incl. villages Hurley, 2,267; Hoyt, Guile and Pence..	5,474
Morse.....	443		
Total population.....	17,241	Total population.....	20,063

* Census of 1890 includes Iron county.

BARRON COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Barron.....	590	Barron.....	400
Barron, city:		Barron, city.....	829
1st ward.....	202	Cedar Lake.....	531
2d ward.....	459	Chetek.....	1,728
3d ward.....	300	Clinton.....	479
4th ward.....	243	Cumberland.....	1,546
Cedar Lake.....	650	Cumberland, city.....	1,219
Chetek.....	614	Dallas.....	1,033
Chetek, city:		Maple Grove.....	976
1st ward.....	236	Oak Grove.....	608
2d ward.....	251	Prairie Farm.....	1,047
Clinton.....	881	Rice Lake:	
Cumberland.....	1,840	1st ward.....	576
Cumberland, city:		2d ward.....	531
1st ward.....	320	3d ward.....	351
2d ward.....	393	4th ward.....	672
3d ward.....	389	Stanford.....	589
4th ward.....	324	Stanley.....	748
Dallas.....	1,133	Sumner.....	365
Dovre.....	761	Turtle Lake.....	874
Maple Grove.....	1,233	Vance Creek.....	314
Oak Grove.....	704	Total population.....	15,416
Prairie Farm.....	1,212		
Rice Lake, city:			
1st ward.....	676		
2d ward.....	802		
3d ward.....	619		
4th ward.....	1,065		
Stanford.....	972		
Stanley.....	601		
Cameron, village.....	295		
Sumner.....	492		
Turtle Lake.....	1,506		
Vance Creek.....	359		
Total population.....	20,122		

BAYFIELD COUNTY.

Bayfield.....	1,244	Bayfield, town.....	527
Bayfield, village.....	1,368	Bayfield, city.....	1,373
Drummond.....	812	Drummond.....	696
Iron River.....	2,624	Mason.....	1,095
Mason.....	740	Washburn.....	660
Washburn.....	629	Washburn, city.....	8,039
Washburn, village.....	5,178	Total population.....	7,390
Total population.....	12,595		

BROWN COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Allouez	378	Allouez	363
Ashwaubenon	558	Ashwaubenon	479
Bellevue	869	Bellevue	833
De Pere	1,013	De Pere	969
De Pere, city	4,292	† De Pere, city:	
Eaton	1,249	1st ward	1,877
Glenmore	1,539	2d ward	3,625
Green Bay	971	3d ward	
* Green Bay, city	18,290	4th ward	
Howard	1,502	Eaton	1,102
Holland	1,326	Fort Howard, city:	
Humboldt	1,102	1st ward	2,584
Lawrence	1,044	2d ward	
Morrison	1,520	3d ward	
New Denmark	1,568	4th ward	2,170
Pittsfield	1,374	5th ward	
Preble	1,556	6th ward	
Rockland	833	Glenmore	1,441
Scott	1,293	Green Bay	1,608
Suamico	1,099	Green Bay, city:	
Wrightstown	3,267	1st ward	1,897
		2d ward	4,102
		3d ward	3,070
Total population	45,623	Holland	1,249
		Howard	1,261
		Humboldt	1,068
		Lawrence	949
		Morrison	1,449
		New Denmark	1,553
		Pittsfield	941
		Preble	1,160
		Rockland	800
		Scott	1,288
		Suamico	906
		Wrightstown	2,169
		Part of Oneida Indian reserva- tion	723
		Total population	39,164

* Fort Howard, which contained 4,754 in 1890, has since been consolidated with the city of Green Bay.

† Includes W. De Pere.

BUFFALO COUNTY.

Alma	709	Alma	710
Alma, city	1,529	Alma, city	1,428
Belvidere	749	Belvidere incl. Buffalo City (223)	973
Buffalo	691	Buffalo	647
Buffalo, city	291	Buffalo City (See Belvidere)	
Canton	763	Canton	744
Cross	652	Cross	671
Dover	798	Dover	757
Fountain City	1,065	Fountain City	972
Gilmanton	723	Gilmantown	599
Glencoe	805	Glencoe	692
Lincoln	568	Lincoln	556
Maxville	653	Maxville	602
Milton	396	Milton	389
Modena	892	Modena	828
Mondovi	646	Mondovi, city	1,090
Mondovi, city	928	Montana	840
Montana	803	Naples	727
Naples	806	Nelson	1,919
Nelson	1,582	Nelson	853
Waumandee	912	Waumandee	
Total population	16,931	Total population	15,997

BURNETT COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Population.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Population.
Grantsburg	1,713	Grantsburg	1,447
Grantsburg, village	518	Grantsburg, village	410
Marshland	1,143	Marshland	678
Rusk	437	Rusk	232
Trade Lake	1,091	Trade Lake	825
Wood Lake	985	Wood Lake	801
Total population	5,892	Total population	4,393

CALUMET COUNTY.

Brillion	1,661	Brillion, incl. vil.	2,092
Brillion, village	874	Brothertown	1,620
Brothertown	1,630	Charlestown	1,362
Charlestown	1,326	Chilton	1,349
Chilton	1,376	Chilton, city	1,424
Chilton, city	1,601	Harrison	1,987
Harrison	2,174	New Holstein	1,735
New Holstein	1,846	Rantoul	1,638
Rantoul	1,758	Stockbridge	1,948
Stockbridge	2,023	Woodville	1,427
Woodville	1,475	Total population	16,639
Total population	17,741		

CHIPPEWA COUNTY.

Arthur	634	Anson	533
Anson	618	Arthur	622
Auburn	1,584	Auburn	1,584
Big Bend	1,117	Big Bend	820
Bloomer	1,979	Bloomer	2,351
Bloomer, village	669	Chippewa Falls:	
Chippewa Falls, city:		1st ward	929
1st ward	1,157	2d ward	1,174
2d ward	1,311	3d ward	1,398
3d ward	1,440	4th ward	685
4th ward	682	5th ward	920
5th ward	1,042	6th ward	902
6th ward	938	7th ward	647
7th ward	694	8th ward	896
8th ward	730	9th ward	683
9th ward	727	10th ward	436
10th ward	455	Cleveland	395
Cleveland	553	Colburn	347
Colburn	457	Eagle Point	1,282
Eagle Point	1,296	Edson	2,164
Edson	2,885	Flambeau	289
Boyd, village	738	La Fayette	1,514
Flambeau	417	Lawrence	272
La Fayette	1,383	Sigel	1,587
Lawrence	412	Tilden	1,313
Sigel	786	Wheaton	1,400
Cadott, village	838	Total population	25,143
Tilden	1,422		
Wheaton	1,743		
Total population	28,727		

CLARK COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Beaver.....	415	Beaver, incl. Unity	1,077
Colby.....	748	Colby.....	1,106
*Colby, city, West ward.....	324	Eaton.....	707
Eaton.....	479	Fremont.....	411
Fremont.....	497	Grant, incl. Lynn.....	1,596
Grant.....	1,212	Green Grove.....	242
Green Grove.....	319	Hawett.....	151
Greenwood, city.....	559	Hixon, incl. Withee.....	1,537
Hewett.....	223	Hoard, incl. Mayville.....	1,760
Hixon.....	874	Levis, incl. Washburn and Sher-	
Hoard.....	372	wood Forest.....	684
Levis.....	481	Loyal.....	979
Loyal.....	937	Lynn (See Grant).	
Loyal, village.....	418	Mayville (See Hoard).	
Lynn.....	513	Mentor.....	684
Mayville.....	1,398	Neillsville, city:	
Abbottsford, village.....	330	1st ward.....	607
Mentor.....	842	2d ward.....	735
Neillsville, city:		3d ward.....	594
1st ward.....	796	Pine Valley.....	886
2d ward.....	679	Sherman.....	470
3d ward.....	731	Sherwood Forest (See Levis).	
Pine Valley.....	1,032	Thorpe, incl. vil.....	1,192
Reeseburg.....	485	Unity (See Beaver).	
Sherman.....	533	Warner.....	591
Sherwood Forest	182	Washburn (See Levis).	
Thorp.....	635	Weston.....	863
Thorp, village.....	829	Withee (See Hixon).	
Unity.....	734	York.....	836
Warner.....	591		
Washburn.....	315	Total population.....	17,708
Weston.....	889		
Withee.....	628		
Worden.....	415		
York.....	927		
Total population.....	21,342		

* 139 in Marathon county. Total for city, 513.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Arlington	843	Arlington	828
Caledonia	1,318	Caledonia	1,336
Columbus	798	Columbus	800
Columbus, city:		Columbus, city	1,977
1st ward	811	Courtland, incl. parts of Ran-	
2d ward	671	dolph (w. ward) and Cambria.	1,324
3d ward	805	Dekorra	1,386
Courtland	875	Ft. Winnebago	646
* Cambria, village	570	Fountain Prairie	1,315
Dekorra	873	Hampden	861
Poynette, village	593	Leeds	1,171
Fort Winnebago	645	Lewistown	936
Fountain Prairie	1,366	Lodi	1,375
Hampden	923	Lowville	733
Leeds	1,217	Marcellon	845
Lewiston	934	Newport, incl. Kilbourn City vil.	1,448
Lodi	743	Otsago	1,127
Lodi, village	975	Pacific	255
Lowville	821	Portage, city:	
Marcellon	853	1st and 4th wards	2,095
Newport	541	2d and 3d wards	1,848
Kilbourn City, village	1,207	5th ward	1,200
Otsago	1,266	Randolph, incl. part of village...	974
Rio, village	432	Randolph vil., w. ward. (See	
Pacific	272	Courtland).	
Portage, city:		Rio, village	339
1st ward	667	Scott	824
2d ward	1,012	Springvale	703
3d ward	923	West Point	701
4th ward	1,316	Wyocena	1,303
5th ward	1,501	Total population	28,350
Randolph	912		
† Randolph village, West ward...	134		
Scott	882		
Springvale	718		
West Point	759		
Wyocena, including 385 in village.	1,118		
Pardeeville, village	574		
Total population	30,868		

* Part in town of Courtland, part in Randolph.

† East ward in Dodge county. Total 588.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Bridgeport	397	Bridgeport	410
Clayton	1,968	Clayton	2,050
Soldiers' Grove, village	450	Eastman	1,436
Eastman	1,483	Freeman	1,496
Freeman	1,647	Haney	738
De Soto, village	111	Marietta	1,300
Haney	924	Prairie du Chien	602
Marietta	1,285	Prairie du Chien, city:	
Prairie du Chien	592	1st ward	629
Prairie du Chien, city		2d ward	1,131
1st ward	695	3d ward	1,063
2d ward	1,085	4th ward	308
3d ward	1,146	Scott	1,079
4th ward	330	Seneca, incl. Lynxville village ..	1,440
Scott	1,077	Utica	1,389
Seneca	1,158	Wauzeka	916
Lynxville, village	310	Total population	15,987
Utica	1,497		
Wauzeka	607		
Wauzeka, village	411		
Total population	17,203		

DANE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Albion	1,538	Albion	1,516
Berry	1,012	Berry	1,003
Black Earth	809	Black Earth, incl. village	742
Blooming Grove	1,067	Blooming Grove	999
Blue Mounds, incl. 654 in Mt. Horeb and 187 in Blue Mounds villages	1,723	Blue Mounds	1,449
Bristol	1,193	Burke	1,033
Burke	1,247	Bristol	1,129
Christiana, incl. 525 in Cambridge and 202 in Rockdale villages	2,330	Christiana	2,379
Cottage Grove	1,319	Cottage Grove	1,305
Cross Plains	1,171	Cross Plains	1,103
Dane incl. 274 in village of Dane	1,250	Dane	1,161
Deerfield	1,200	Deerfield	1,573
Deerfield, village	519	Dunkirk	1,406
Dunkirk	1,574	Dunn, i- cl. McFarland village	1,113
Dunn	1,167	Fitchburg	958
Fitchburg	1,046	Madison	919
Madison	1,251	Madison, city:	
Madison, city:		1st ward	2,845
1st ward	3,125	2d ward	2,943
2d ward	3,341	3d ward	1,512
3d ward	1,757	4th ward	2,284
4th ward	2,687	5th ward	2,164
5th ward	3,003	6th ward	1,678
6th ward	2,037	Mazomanie, incl. vil., 1,034	1,482
Mazomanie	503	Medina, incl. vil. of Marshall	1,393
Mazomanie, village	1,015	Middleton	1,433
Medina	1,499	Montrose, incl. vils. of Belleville and Paoli	1,251
Middleton, incl. 235 in village of Middleton	1,508	Oregon, incl. vil. 595	1,436
Middleton	1,018	Perry	996
Montrose	400	Pleasant Springs	1,501
Belleville, village	862	Primrose	889
Oregon	637	Roxbury	1,073
Oregon, village	997	Rutland	1,222
Perry	902	Sprindale	1,120
Primrose	1,510	Springfield	1,111
Pleasant Springs	999	Stoughton, city:	
Roxbury	1,320	1st ward	1,097
Rutland	1,136	2d ward	1,373
Springdale	1,154	Sun Prairie, incl. vil. 704	1,616
Springfield	2,936	Vermont	892
Stoughton, city	995	Verona	1,009
Sun Prairie	823	Vienna	1,893
Sun Prairie, village	890	Westport	1,329
Vermont	1,251	York	963
Verona	1,155	Total population	59,578
Vienna	1,543		
Westport	420		
Waukegan, village			
Windsor, incl. 269 in De Forest; 175 in Morrisonville; 168 in Windsor villages	1,757		
York	973		
Total population	65,669		

DODGE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Ashippun.....	1,373	Ashippun.....	1,344
Beaver Dam.....	1,376	Beaver Dam.....	1,341
Beaver Dam, city:		Beaver Dam, city:	
1st ward.....	831	1st ward.....	1,828
2d ward.....	1,335	2d ward.....	4,222
3d ward.....	1,397	3d ward.....	
4th ward.....	1,479	4th ward.....	
Burnett.....	1,109	Burnett, including Burnet Junction.....	1,026
Calamus.....	1,113	Calamus.....	1,083
Chester.....	747	Chester.....	736
Clyman.....	1,219	Clyman.....	1,293
Elba.....	1,091	Elba.....	1,117
Emmett.....	1,303	Emmett.....	1,248
Fox Lake.....	860	Fox Lake, including village, 814	1,616
Fox Laxe, village.....	1,003	Herman, including village of, 1,302, and Hulsburg and Woodland.....	1,478
Herman.....	1,439	Hubbard, including part Horicon village, 1,273.....	2,969
Hubbard, incl. 149 vil. Iron Ridge and 160 vil. Iron Mountain.....	1,719	Hustisford, including village, 513	1,639
Horicon, village.....	1,513	Juneau. (See Oak Grove.)	
Hustisford, incl. 497 vil. Hustisford.....	1,665	Letanon.....	1,505
Juneau, city.....	790	Le Roy.....	1,413
Lebanon.....	1,474	Lomira.....	1,816
Le Roy.....	1,493	Lowell.....	2,492
Lomira.....	1,881	Mayville, city, 1,165. (See Williamstown.)	
Lowell.....	1,811	Oak Grove, incl. Juneau, 701; Oak Grove, village, 1,184; Minnesota Jct., Rolling Prairie and part of Horicon.....	2,375
Lowell, village.....	331	Portland.....	1,163
Reeseville, village.....	396	Randolph, E. ward. (See Westford.)	
Mayville, city.....	1,539	Reeseville.....	
Oak Grove, incl. 340 vil. Rolling Prairie, and 204 vil. Minnesota Junction.....	1,718	Rubicon, including village of, 1,024, and Neshkoro.....	1,520
Portland.....	1,171	Shields.....	919
*Randolph, East ward.....	454	Theresa.....	1,761
Rubicon.....	1,472	Trenton.....	1,472
Shields.....	949	Watertown, city: Total, 8,755. See Jefferson Co.	
Theresa, incl. 272 vil. of Theresa..	1,762	5th ward.....	2,249
Trenton.....	1,562	6th ward.....	
† Watertown, city:		Waupun, S.W. (See Fond du Lac Co., total, 2,757.....	1,695
5th ward.....	995	Westford, including Randolph village.....	1,296
6th ward.....	1,476	Williamstown, including Mayville and Kekoskee.....	2,196
† Waupun, South ward.....	2,011	Total population.....	44,984
Westford.....	992		
Williamstown.....	1,012		
Total population.....	47,851		

* West ward in Columbia county. Total, 588.

† 7,451 in Jefferson county.

‡ 1,205 in Fond du Lac county. Total for city, 3,216.

DOOR COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Bailey's Harbor.....	695	Bailey's Harbor.....	603
Brussels.....	1,200	Brussels.....	1,085
Clay Banks.....	581	Clay Banks.....	609
Egg Harbor.....	943	Egg Harbor.....	821
Forestville.....	1,352	Forestville.....	1,361
Gardner.....	833	Gardner.....	805
Gibraltar.....	1,158	Gibraltar.....	934
Jacksonport.....	955	Jacksonport.....	817
Liberty Grove.....	1,563	Liberty Grove.....	1,536
Nasewaupee.....	1,194	Nasewaupee.....	1,057
Sevastopol.....	1,576	Sevastopol.....	1,313
Sturgeon Bay.....	587	Sturgeon Bay.....	1,135
Sturgeon Bay, city.....	2,790	Sturgeon Bay, city.....	2,195
Union.....	730	Union.....	673
Washington.....	812	Washington.....	738
Total population.....	16,969	Total population.....	15,682

DOUGLAS COUNTY.

Brule.....	1,012	Brule.....	386
Gordan.....	458	Gordon.....	184
Nebagamain.....	1,179	Nebagamain.....	554
Superior.....	1,169	Superior.....	361
Superior, city:		Superior, city:	
1st ward.....	3,114	1st ward.....	846
2d ward.....	1,785	2d ward.....	1,453
3d ward.....	2,443	3d ward.....	1,295
4th ward.....	5,153	4th ward.....	4,486
5th ward.....	3,960	5th ward.....	1,215
6th ward.....	1,675	6th ward.....	993
7th ward.....	3,713	7th ward.....	1,695
8th ward.....	1,701		
9th ward.....	2,624		
Total population.....	29,986	Total population.....	13,468

DUNN COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Colfax	861	Colfax	672
Dunn	1,040	Dunn	1,258
Downsville, village	271	Eau Galle	1,218
Dunnville, village	48	Elk Mound	695
Eau Galle	1,205	Grant	542
Eau Galle, village	119	Hay River	486
Elk Mound	682	Lucas	705
Elk Mound, village	92	Menomonie	1,633
Grant	641	Menomonie, city:	
Hay River	499	1st ward	1,417
Lucas	858	2d ward	1,176
Menomonie	1,859	3d ward	1,013
Menomonie, city:		4th ward	1,885
1st ward	1,358	New Haven	521
2d ward	1,493	Otter Creek	342
3d ward	1,112	Peru	342
4th ward	2,235	Red Cedar	1,127
New Haven	493	Rock Creek	843
Otter Creek	300	Sand Creek	420
Peru	348	Sheridan	635
Red Cedar	1,093	Sherman	635
Cedar Falls, village	425	Spring Brook	1,267
Rock Creek	536	Stanton	1,113
Pierce, village	31	Tainter	442
Rock Falls, village	56	Tiffany	1,118
Sand Creek	544	Weston	690
Sand Creek, village	69	Wilson	481
Sheridan	543		
Sherman	725		
Spring Brook	1,336	Total population	22,664
Stanton	725		
Knapp, village	446		
Tainter	432		
Tiffany	705		
Barker, village	132		
Downing, village	329		
Haystown, village	41		
Weston	855		
Wilson	466		
Total population	25,006		

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Altoona, city:		Altoona, city.....	805
1st ward.....	322	Augusta, city.....	1,187
2d ward.....	445	Bridge Creek.....	1,122
Augusta, city:		Brunswick.....	1,765
1st ward.....	201	Clear Creek.....	621
2d ward.....	541	Drammen.....	556
3d ward.....	312	Eau Claire:	
4th ward.....	302	1st ward.....	3,078
Bridge Creek.....	1,155	2d ward.....	1,604
Brunswick.....	696	3d ward.....	1,975
Porter's Mills, village.....	899	4th ward.....	1,035
Clear Creek.....	684	5th ward.....	1,538
Drammen.....	638	6th ward.....	3,893
Eau Claire, city:		7th ward.....	2,128
1st ward.....	3,391	8th ward.....	2,164
2d ward.....	1,776	Fairchild.....	1,215
3d ward.....	2,130	Lincoln.....	1,786
4th ward.....	1,040	Ludington.....	558
5th ward.....	1,627	Otter Creek.....	688
6th ward.....	4,213	Pleasant Valley.....	737
7th ward.....	2,236	Seymour.....	406
8th ward.....	2,224	Union.....	674
Fairchild.....	616	Washington.....	1,138
Fairchild, village.....	781		
Lincoln, incl. 462 in Fall Creek...	1,924	Total population.....	30,673
Ludington.....	688		
Otter Creek.....	742		
Pleasant Valley.....	951		
Seymour.....	448		
Union.....	880		
Washington.....	1,310		
Total population.....	33,172		

FLORENCE COUNTY.

Commonwealth.....	938	Commonwealth.....	895
Florence.....	1,551	Florence, incl. vil.....	1,709
Homestead.....	361		
Total population.....	2,850	Total population.....	2,604

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Alto.....	1,332	Alto.....	1,316
Ashford.....	1,849	Ashford.....	1,868
Auburn.....	1,542	Auburn.....	1,509
Byron.....	1,344	Byron.....	1,216
Calumet.....	1,513	Calumet.....	1,399
Eden.....	1,399	Eden.....	1,333
Eldorado.....	1,467	Eldorado.....	1,458
Empire.....	980	Empire.....	873
Fond du Lac.....	1,290	Fond du Lac, town.....	1,126
Fond du Lac, city:		Fond du Lac, city:	
1st ward.....	1,933	1st ward.....	1,759
2d ward.....	2,278	2d ward.....	1,923
3d ward.....	2,012	3d ward.....	2,112
4th ward.....	2,181	4th ward.....	2,037
5th ward.....	838	5th ward.....	1,639
6th ward.....	948	6th ward.....	1,084
7th ward.....	1,111	7th ward.....	1,084
8th ward.....	1,750	8th ward.....	1,470
Forest.....	1,236	Forest.....	1,311
Friendship.....	777	Friendship.....	856
Lamartine.....	1,278	Lamartine.....	1,232
Marshfield.....	2,131	Marshfield.....	1,938
Metomen.....	1,234	Metomen.....	1,853
Brandon, village.....	690	Oakfield.....	1,324
Oakfield.....	1,468	Osceola.....	1,272
Osceola.....	1,139	Ripon, incl. city.....	4,543
Ripon.....	1,224	1st ward.....	1,702
Ripon, city:		2d ward.....	1,656
1st ward.....	2,382	Rosendale.....	1,099
2d ward.....		Springvale.....	1,092
3d ward.....	1,998	Taycheedah.....	1,269
4th ward.....		Waupun.....	1,115
Rosendale.....	1,164	Waupun, city, north ward (See	
Springvale.....	1,161	Dodge Co.).....	1,062
Taycheedah.....	1,382		
Waupun.....	1,200	Total population.....	44,088
* Waupun, city, north ward.....	1,205		
Total population.....	47,436		

*2,011 in Dodge Co. Total for city, 3,216.

FOREST COUNTY.

Crandon.....	405	Crandon.....	370
Gagen.....	657	Gagen, incl. Cushman.....	462
Pelican Lake.....	226	Pelican.....	180
Total population.....	1,288	Total population.....	1,012

GRANT COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popu- lation.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popu- lation.
Beetown.....	1,130	Beetown.....	1,257
Bloomington.....	635	Bloomington.....	1,174
Bloomington, village.....	552	Boscobel, incl. city.....	1,692
Boscobel.....	129	Cassville.....	1,455
Boscobel, city.....	1,479	Castle Rock.....	681
Cassville.....	629	Clifton.....	1,074
Cassville, village.....	931	Ellenborough.....	814
Castle Rock.....	704	Fennimore, incl. vil., 616.....	1,423
Clifton, including 191 in Living- ston and 37 in Annaton villages.....	1,044	Glen Haven.....	883
Ellenborough.....	824	Harrison.....	1,020
Fennimore.....	794	Hazel Green, incl. vil., 506.....	1,549
Fennimore, village.....	876	Hickory Grove.....	798
Glen Haven, including 173 in vil- lage of Glen Haven.....	852	Jamestown.....	961
Hazel Green.....	1,005	Lancaster, incl. city.....	3,289
Hazel Green, village.....	448	Lancaster, city.....	1,543
Harrison.....	1,010	Liberty.....	881
Hickory Grove.....	690	Lima.....	1,040
Jamestown.....	1,002	Little Grant.....	668
Lancaster.....	1,805	Marion.....	573
Lancaster, city.....	2,174	Millville.....	197
Liberty.....	902	Mount Hope.....	640
Lima.....	1,082	Mount Ida.....	779
Little Grant.....	629	Muscoda.....	1,160
Marion.....	533	Paris.....	778
Millville.....	222	Patch Grove.....	690
Mount Hope.....	654	Platteville, incl. city.....	3,687
Mount Ida.....	825	Platteville, city.....	2,740
Muscoda.....	540	Potosi, incl. British Hollow.....	2,110
Muscoda, village.....	733	Smelser.....	1,295
Patch Grove.....	662	Waterloo.....	934
Paris.....	832	Watterstown.....	488
Platteville.....	932	Wingville, incl. vil. Montfort....	1,380
Platteville, city.....	3,321	Woodman.....	495
Potosi.....	1,607	Wyalusing.....	786
Potosi, village.....	454		
Smelser.....	933	Total population.....	36,651
Cuba City, village.....	442		
Waterloo.....	978		
Watterstown.....	493		
Wingville.....	925		
Montfort, village.....	606		
Woodman.....	442		
Wyalusing.....	903		
Total population:.....	38,372		

GREEN COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Population.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Population.
Adams.....	871	Adams.....	851
Albany.....	719	Albany.....	1,380
Albany, village.....	655	Brooklyn.....	1,205
Brooklyn.....	1,218	Cadiz.....	1,507
Brodhead, city:		Clarno.....	1,319
1st ward.....	762	Decatur, incl. vil. Brodhead, 1,461	2,146
2d ward.....	955	Exeter.....	915
Cadiz.....	1,717	Jefferson.....	1,278
Browntown, village.....	1,316	Jordan.....	1,401
Clarno.....	326	Monroe, incl. city.....	966
Decatur.....	1,351	Monroe, city:	
Exeter.....	661	1st ward.....	1,787
Jefferson.....	918	2d ward.....	1,981
Jordan.....	1,282	Mount Pleasant, incl. vil. Monticello, 407.....	3,768
Monroe.....	1,043	New Glarus, incl. vil.....	1,243
Monroe, city:	1,033	Spring Grove.....	1,180
1st ward.....	846	Sylvester.....	1,135
2d ward.....	858	Washington.....	906
3d ward.....	1,104	York.....	818
4th ward.....	1,035		1,009
Mount Pleasant.....	842	Total population.....	22,732
Monticello, village.....	522		
New Glarus.....	1,202		
Spring Grove.....	1,106		
Sylvester.....	964		
Washington.....	797		
York.....	1,034		
Total population.....	23,420		

GREEN LAKE COUNTY.

Berlin.....	843	Berlin.....	767
*Berlin, city:		Berlin, city, part in Waushara Co., 31; total of city, 4,149	4,118
1st ward.....	749	Brooklyn.....	1,280
2d ward.....	971	Green Lake.....	1,343
3d ward.....	1,027	Kingston.....	816
4th ward.....	713	Mackford.....	1,511
5th ward.....	783	Manchester.....	1,024
Brooklyn.....	1,012	Marquette.....	812
Dartford, village.....	389	Princeton, incl. vil., 986	2,153
Green Lake.....	1,377	St. Marie.....	751
Kingston.....	805	Seneca.....	585
Mackford.....	1,027	Total population.....	15,163
Markesan, village.....	523		
Manchester.....	1,108		
Marquette.....	846		
Princeton.....	1,198		
Princeton, village.....	1,195		
Seneca.....	634		
Saint Marie.....	739		
Total population.....	15,939		

Second precinct, 2d ward in Waushara county, population, 36. Total for city, 4,279

IOWA COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Arena.....	1,483	Arena, incl. village....	1,479
Brigham.....	1,384	Brigham.....	1,341
Clyde.....	618	Clyde.....	610
Dodgeville.....	1,651	Dodgeville.....	1,577
Dodgeville, city:		Dodgeville, city.....	1,722
1st ward.....	673	Eden.....	956
2d ward.....	739	Highland, incl. vil., 751	2,328
3d ward.....	619	Linden, incl. village.....	1,861
Eden.....	968	Mifflin, incl. village.....	1,465
Highland.....	1,589	Mineral Point.....	1,271
Highland, village.....	741	Mineral Point, city:	
Linden.....	1,397	1st ward.....	1,475
Linden, village.....	494	2d ward.....	1,219
Mifflin.....	1,557	Moscow.....	1,145
Mineral Point.....	1,245	Pulaski.....	1,239
Mineral Point, city:		Ridgeway.....	990
1st ward.....	766	Waldwick.....	810
2d ward.....	1,035	Wyoming.....	629
3d ward.....	600		
4th ward.....	735	Total population.....	22,117
Moscow, incl. 172 in village of Hol- landale.....	1,254		
Pulaski.....	993		
Avoca, village.....	353		
Ridgeway.....	1,070		
Walwick.....	798		
Wyoming.....	685		
Total population.....	23,447		

*IRON COUNTY.

Knight.....	1,119
Saxon.....	658
Vaughn.....	3,561
Total population.....	5,338

*Iron County created out of Ashland and Oneida in 1893.

JACKSON COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Population.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Population.
Alma, incl. 749 in vil. of Merrilan and 225 in vil. of Alma Center..	1,907	Albion	1,717
Albion	1,516	Alma	1,699
Bear Bluff	146	Black River Falls, city	2,261
Black River Falls, city:		Cleveland	686
1st ward	513	Curran	703
2d ward	449	Franklin	626
3d ward	397	Garfield	507
4th ward	709	Garden Valley	703
Brockway	646	Hixton	696
City Point	177	Irving	909
Cleveland	772	Knapp	1,005
Curran	697	Manchester	560
Franklin	635	Melrose	1,304
Garden Valley	714	Millston	393
Garfield	774	Northfield	787
Hixton	879	Springfield	903
Irving	891	Sullivan	329
Knapp	411		
Manchester	665	Total population	15,797
Melrose	1,481		
Millston	404		
Northfield	961		
Springfield	925		
Total population	16,722		

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Aztalan, incl. 53 in vil. of Johnson's Creek	1,285	Aztalan, incl. part of Johnson's Creek, village (See Farmington)	1,349
Cold Springs	621	Cold Spring	649
Concord	1,327	Concord	1,331
Farming on, incl. 194 in village of Johnson's Creek	1,877	Farmington, incl. part Johnson's Creek	1,847
Hebron	1,095	Hebron, incl. village	1,060
Ixonia	1,480	Ixonia, incl. village Pipersville	1,491
Jefferson	1,897	Jefferson, incl. ci y, 2,287	4,053
Jefferson, city:		Koshkonong, incl. Ft. Atkinson city, 2,283	3,782
1st ward	696	Lake Mills, incl. village, 1,053	2,107
2d ward	1,280	Milford, incl. village	1,439
3d ward	726	Oakland	1,168
Koshkonong	1,576	Palmyra, incl. village, 567	1,357
Fort Atkinson, city:		Sullivan	1,323
1st ward	741	Sumner	539
2d ward	724	Waterloo, incl. village, 862	1,838
3d ward	900	Watertown, town	1,651
4th ward	747	Watertown, city:	
Lake Mills	1,312	1st ward	2,150
Lake Mills, village	1,175	2d ward	1,611
Milford	1,292	3d ward	1,760
Oakland	1,293	4th ward	985
Palmyra	734	7th ward	985
Palmyra, village	690	in Dodge county, 5th and 6th wards, 2,249; total, 8,755.	
Sullivan, incl. 95 in village Sullivan and 263 in village of Rome	1,391	Total population	33,530
Sumner	580		
Waterloo	981		
Waterloo, village	1,122		
Watertown	1,621		
*Watertown, city:			
1st ward	2,707		
2d ward	1,672		
3d ward	1,288		
4th ward	604		
7th ward	1,180		
Total population	36,317		

* 2,471 in Dodge Co. Total for city, 9,922.

JUNEAU COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Armenia	501	Armenia	354
Clearfield	341	Clearfield	274
Elroy, city	1,560	Elroy, city	1,413
Fountain	835	Fountain	744
Germantown	525	Germantown	510
Kildare	706	Kildare	648
Kingston	226	Kingston	211
Lemonweir	1,044	Lemonweir	1,075
Lindina	1,037	Lindina	957
Lisbon	474	Lisbon	444
Lyndon	487	Lyndon	495
Marion	378	Marion	391
Mauston, city	1,547	Mauston, city	1,311
Necedah	684	Necedah	2,242
Necedah, village	1,680	New Lisbon, city	990
New Lisbon, city	1,067	Orange, inc. Camp Douglas vil..	694
Orange	508	Plymouth	829
Camp Douglas, village	360	Seven Mile Creek	697
Plymouth	870	Summit	980
Seven Mile Creek	772	Wonewoc	1,211
Summit	982	Wonewoc, village	619
Wonewoc	1,405		
Wonewoc, village	765		
Total population	18,754	Total population	17,121

KENOSHA COUNTY.

Brighton	878	Brighton	926
Bristol	1,143	Bristol	1,071
Kenosha, city	8,122	Kenosha city, 1st and 3d w., 3,634 2d and 4th w., 2,898	6,532
Paris	883	Paris	871
Pleasant Prairie	1,524	Pleasant Prairie, incl. village ..	1,646
Randall	643	Randall	655
Salem	1,887	Salem, incl. Wilmot village	1,493
Somers	1,819	Somers	1,632
Wheatland	649	Wheatland, incl. New Munster village	752
Total population	17,548	Total population	15,581

KEWAUNEE COUNTY.

Ahnapee	1,329	Ahnapee	1,384
Ahnapee, city	1,603	Ahnapee, city	1,015
Casco	1,360	Carlton	1,571
Carlton	1,651	Casco	1,211
Franklin	1,552	Franklin	1,623
Kewaunee, city	1,529	Kewaunee	1,216
Lincoln	1,275	Lincoln	1,181
Luxembourg	1,617	Luxembourg	1,600
Montpelier	1,542	Montpelier	1,469
Pierce	901	Pierce	852
Red River	1,464	Red River	1,114
West Kewaunee	1,809	West Kewaunee	1,620
Total population	17,632	Total population	16,153

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Bangor	778	Bangor	1,138
Bangor, village.....	630	Barre	670
Barre	648	Burns	1,020
Burns	1,022	Campbell	955
Campbell	1,132	Farmington	1,810
Farmington	1,903	Greenfield	751
Greenfield	746	Hamilton	1,942
Hamilton	1,455	Holland	1,009
West Salem, village.....	695	La Crosse, city:	
Holland	1,088	1st ward.....	2,569
La Crosse, city:		2d ward.....	2,653
1st ward.....	1,586	3d ward.....	2,780
2d ward.....	1,446	4th ward.....	2,156
3d ward.....	1,580	5th ward.....	2,649
4th ward.....	1,331	6th ward.....	1,593
5th ward.....	1,355	7th ward.....	2,516
6th ward.....	1,224	8th ward.....	3,262
7th ward.....	1,209	9th ward.....	2,648
8th ward.....	2,506	10th ward.....	2,264
9th ward.....	1,583	Onalaska	1,090
10th ward.....	1,692	Onalaska, city.....	1,587
11th ward.....	1,364	Shelby	1,003
12th ward.....	1,102	Washington	796
13th ward.....	1,137		
14th ward.....	1,307	Total population.....	38,801
15th ward.....	1,510		
16th ward.....	644		
17th ward.....	1,922		
18th ward.....	2,042		
19th ward.....	1,220		
20th ward.....	1,009		
Onalaska	1,156		
Onalaska, city:			
1st ward.....	405		
2d ward.....	720		
3d ward.....	509		
Shelby	1,131		
Washington	823		
Total population.....	43,610		

LAFAYETTE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Argyle, inc. 525 in Argyle village.	1,355	Argyle, incl. village.....	1,268
Belmont.....	797	Belmont, incl. village.....	1,185
Belmont, village.....	477	Benton.....	1,245
Benton.....	1,010	Blanchard.....	650
Fenton, village.....	448	Darlington, incl. city, 1,539.....	2,682
Blanchard.....	483	Elk Grove.....	788
Blanchardville, village.....	523	Fayette.....	822
Darlington.....	1,125	Gratiot.....	1,511
Darlington, city:		Kendall.....	754
1st ward.....	975	Lamont.....	516
2d ward.....	836	Monticello.....	805
Elk Grove.....	802	New Diggings.....	1,874
Fayette.....	866	Seymour.....	783
Gratiot.....	1,245	Shullsburg, incl. city, 1,393.....	2,270
Gratiot, village.....	313	Wayne, incl. So. Wayne village..	1,170
Kendall.....	705	White Oak Springs.....	384
Lamont.....	566	Willow Springs.....	931
Monticello.....	311	Wiota, incl. village.....	1,627
New Diggings, inc. 245 in village.	1,325		
Seymour.....	803	Total population.....	20,265
Shullsburg.....	860		
Shullsburg, city:			
1st ward.....	520		
2d ward.....	775		
Wayne, incl. 236 in S. Wayne, vil.	1,227		
White Oak Springs.....	433		
Willow Springs.....	989		
Wiota.....	1,716		
Total population.....	21,488		

LANGLADE COUNTY.

Ackley.....	518	Ackley.....	374
Antigo.....	893	Antigo, incl. Polar town.....	1,087
Antigo, city:		Antigo, city:	
1st ward.....	532	1st ward.....	1,074
2d ward.....	630	2d ward.....	627
3d ward.....	749	3d ward.....	2,723
4th ward.....	1,242	4th ward.....	
5th ward.....	776	5th ward.....	
6th ward.....	1,029	6th ward.....	
Elcho.....	194	Elcho, incl. Parrish.....	567
Elton.....	133	Elton, incl. Langlade town.....	344
Langlade.....	169	Langlade, (see Elton)	
Neva.....	668	Neva, incl. Price.....	735
Norwood.....	765	Norwood, see Rolling.	
Parrish.....	419	Parrish, (see Elcho.)	
Pock.....	206	Polar, (see Antigo.)	
Polar.....	509	Price, (see Neva.)	
Price.....	203	Rolling, incl. Norwood.....	1,348
Rolling.....	912	Summit, (see Vilas.)	
Summit.....	156	Vilas, incl. Summit.....	580
Upham.....	151		
Vilas.....	144	Total population.....	9,465
Total population.....	11,092		

LINCOLN COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Corning.....	335	Corning.....	347
Harrison.....	223	Harrison, (see Russell.).....	
Merrill.....	581	Merrill.....	539
Merrill, city:		Merrill, city:	
1st ward.....	953	1st ward.....	6,809
2d ward.....	709	2d ward.....	
3d ward.....	1,085	3d and 7th ward.....	
4th ward.....	1,751	4th and 6th ward.....	
5th ward.....	1,058	5th ward.....	1,106
6th ward.....	1,461	Pine River.....	736
7th ward.....	1,590	Rock Falls, incl. Tomahawk vil., 1,816.....	2,148
Pine River.....	873	Russell, inc. Harrison, town and vil.....	
Rock Falls.....	691	Russell.....	859
Russell.....	427	Scott.....	570
Scott.....	732		
Tomahawk, city.....	2,296	Total population.....	12,008
Total population.....	14,765		

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

Cato.....	1,792	Cato.....	1,793
Centreville.....	1,419	Centreville.....	1,374
Cooperstown.....	1,623	Cooperstown.....	1,629
Eaton.....	1,402	Eaton.....	1,332
Franklin.....	1,817	Franklin.....	1,836
Gibson.....	1,669	Gibson.....	1,651
Kossuth.....	1,946	Kossuth.....	1,973
Liberty.....	1,379	Liberty.....	1,277
Manitowoc.....	451	Manitowoc.....	1,275
Manitowoc, city:		Manitowoc, city:—	
1st ward.....	1,768	1st ward.....	1,744
2d ward.....	1,158	2d ward.....	1,056
3d ward.....	2,045	3d ward.....	1,587
4th ward.....	1,566	4th ward.....	1,669
5th ward.....	1,001	5th ward.....	1,654
6th ward.....	478	Manitowoc Rapids.....	1,914
7th ward.....	1,411	Maple Grove.....	1,585
Manitowoc Rapids.....	2,025	Meeme.....	1,434
Maple Grove.....	1,272	Mishicott.....	1,417
Meeme.....	1,487	Newton.....	1,726
Mishicott.....	1,538	Rockland.....	1,267
Newton.....	2,139	Schleswig.....	2,053
Rockland.....	1,111	Two Creeks.....	607
Reedsville, village.....	536	Two Rivers.....	1,108
Schleswig.....	1,495	Two Rivers, city.....	2,870
Kiel, village.....	789		
Two Creeks.....	651	Total population.....	37,831
Two Rivers.....	1,241		
Two Rivers, city:			
1st ward.....	1,044		
2d ward.....	1,824		
3d ward.....	725		
Total populaton.....	40,802		

MARATHON COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Bergen	334	Bergen, incl. Emmet	616
Berlin	1,192	Berlin, incl. Hamburg, 693	1,776
Brighton	578	Brighton	686
Cleveland	527	Cleveland, (see Frankfort.)	
Cassel	1,031	Day, incl. McMillan	1,255
* Colby, city, East ward	189	Easton, incl. Wausau town, 1,378	1,620
Day	883	Eau Pleine, (see Frankfort.)	
Easton	813	Eldron, incl. Norrie	585
Eau Pleine	387	Emmet, (see Bergen.)	
Eldron	623	Frankfort, incl. Wien and Eau	
Emmet	458	Pleine and Cleveland	1,284
Frankfort	1,110	Halsey	654
Halsey	720	Hamburg, (see Bergen.)	
Hamburg	201	Harrison, incl. Texas	1,146
Harrison	173	Holeton	760
Heewitt	911	Hull	893
Holeton	716	Johnson, incl. Reitbrock, 717	1,031
Hull	591	Knowlton, (see Kronenwetter.)	
Johnson	277	Kronenwetter, incl. Knowlton,	
Knowlton	312	Pike Lake, 542	1,139
Kronenwetter	1,077	Maine	1,173
Maine	574	Marathon, incl. Marathon city,	
Marathon	405	village	1,433
Marathon, village	728	McMillan, (see Day.)	
McMillan	167	Mosinee, incl. village	626
McMillan, village	186	Norrie, (see Eldron.)	
Mosinee	517	Pike Lake, (see Kronenwetter.)	
Mosinee, village	558	Rib Falls, (see Stettin.)	
Norrie	792	Reitbrock, (see Johnson.)	
Pike Lake	288	Spencer, incl. village, 526, and	
Plover	667	Manville	1,018
Rib Falls	887	Stettin, incl. Rib Falls, 672	1,636
Rietbrock	736	Texas, (see Harrison.)	
Spencer	1,083	Wausau, (see Easton.)	
Stettin	813	Wausau, city:	
Texas	1,067	1st ward	1,349
Wausau		2d ward	1,065
Wausau, city:		3d ward	1,101
1st ward	1,431	4th ward	967
2d ward	1,201	5th ward	1,831
3d ward	1,167	6th ward	1,845
4th ward	989	7th ward	1,096
5th ward	2,561	Weston	1,776
6th ward	1,991	Wien, (see Frankfort.)	
7th ward	1,673		
Weston	1,719	Total population	30,369
Wien	703		
Total population	36,598		

*324 in Clark county. Total for city, 513.

MARINETTE COUNTY.

Amberg	308	Marinette, city:	
Amberg, village	431	1st ward	1,923
Pembine, village	200	2d ward	2,120
Coleman	2,135	3d ward	2,700
Grover	1,735	4th ward	2,961
Marinette, city:		5th ward	1,814
1st ward	2,791	Peshigo	7,202
2d ward	3,205	Porterfield, inc. vil. Wausaukee,	
3d ward	3,668	1,119	1,579
4th ward	3,089	Total population	20,304
5th ward	2,533		
Peshigo	5,234		
Porterfield	762		
Wausaukee	1,180		
Total population	27,271		

MARQUETTE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Buffalo	819	Buffalo	805
Crystal Lake	624	Crystal Lake	667
Douglas	645	Douglas	628
Harris	589	Harris	576
Mecan	645	Mecan	724
Montello	451	Montello, including vil., 761.....	1,177
Montello, village	857	Moundville	324
Moundville	446	Neshkoro	561
Neshkoro	635	Newton	711
Newton	642	Oxford	567
Oxford	551	Packwaukee	711
Packwaukee	790	Shields	608
Shields	662	Springfield	605
Springfield	678	Westfield	1,012
Westfield	939		
Westfield, village	230		
Total population	10,203	Total population	9,676

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Franklin	1,824	Franklin	1,868
Granville	2,674	Granville	2,272
Greenfield	5,129	Greenfield	3,190
Lake	4,598	Lake	4,899
Cudahy, village	771	Milwaukee	6,403
Milwaukee	3,796	Milwaukee, city:	
Whitefish Bay, village	464	1st ward	9,341
*Milwaukee, city:		2d ward	10,685
1st ward	9,504	3d ward	6,823
2d ward	9,853	4th ward	10,291
3d ward	4,779	5th ward	10,168
4th ward	9,773	6th ward	13,020
5th ward	9,628	7th ward	6,645
6th ward	13,459	8th ward	14,236
7th ward	5,888	9th ward	22,469
8th ward	15,618	10th ward	19,879
9th ward	30,367	11th ward	13,768
10th ward	29,050	12th ward	11,791
11th ward	18,643	13th ward	14,658
12th ward	13,448	14th ward	11,107
13th ward	24,603	15th ward	9,447
14th ward	17,145	16th ward	6,521
15th ward	11,024	17th ward	5,896
16th ward	7,731	18th ward	7,923
17th ward	6,955	Oak Creek	2,087
18th ward	11,122	Wauwatosa	10,914
Oak Creek	1,786		
South Milwaukee, village	2,662		
Wauwatosa	12,173		
Wauwatosa, village	2,755		
Total population	287,922	Total population	286,101

*The 19th ward has since been created from the 9th, the 20th ward from the 10th, the 21st ward from the 13th, and the boundary line between the 12th and 17th wards changed, making population of these wards as follows: 9th, 16,933; 10th, 16,052; 13th, 15,291; 19th, 13,434; 20th, 12,998; 21st, 9,305; 12th, 11,524; 17th, 8,879.

MONROE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Adrian.....	657	Adrian.....	615
Angeles.....	570	Angeles.....	477
Byron.....	680	Byron.....	458
Clifton.....	987	Clifton.....	955
Glendale.....	1,106	Glendale.....	1,324
Kendall, village.....	383	Greenfield.....	592
Greenfield.....	638	Jefferson.....	1,315
Jefferson.....	1,175	Lafayette, inc. New Lyme.....	512
Cashton, village.....	356	La Grange.....	730
La Grange.....	1,004	Leon.....	688
Lafayette.....	337	Lincoln.....	1,065
New Lyme.....	170	Little Falls.....	993
Leon.....	779	New Lyme, (see Lafayette).....	
Lincoln.....	1,152	Oakdale.....	680
Little Falls.....	1,300	Portland.....	1,166
Oakdale.....	723	Ridgeville.....	1,292
Portland.....	1,204	Sheldon.....	813
Ridgeville.....	979	Sparta.....	996
Norwalk, village.....	318	Sparta, city:	
Sheldon.....	913	1st ward.....	928
Sparta.....	1,235	2d ward.....	662
Sparta, city		3d ward.....	694
1st ward.....	1,060	4th ward.....	511
2d ward.....	550	Tomah.....	698
3d ward.....	905	Tomah, city.....	2,199
4th ward.....	696	Wellington.....	1,120
Tomah.....	741	Wells.....	642
Tomah, city:		Wilton.....	1,086
1st ward.....	650	Total population.....	23,211
2d ward.....	845		
3d ward.....	963		
Wellington.....	1,072		
Wells.....	659		
Wilton.....	903		
Wilton, village.....	340		
Total population.....	26,350		

OCONTO COUNTY.

Armstrong.....	155	Chase.....	913
Brazeau.....	257	Gillett (See Oconto Falls).....	
Chase.....	1,072	Howe.....	770
Gillett.....	898	Little River.....	1,194
Howe.....	597	Little Suamico.....	624
Lena.....	567	Maple Valley.....	1,336
Little River.....	1,041	Oconto.....	1,068
Little Suamico.....	746	Oconto, city:	
Maple Valley.....	765	East ward.....	2,450
Oconto.....	1,241	North ward.....	
Oconto, city:		West ward.....	2,769
East ward.....	1,667	South ward.....	
North ward.....	1,076	Oconto Falls incl. Gillett, 938...	1,432
South ward.....	2,166	Pensaukee.....	1,585
West ward.....	1,108	Stiles.....	868
Oconto Falls.....	853	Total population.....	15,009
Pensaukee.....	1,762		
Stiles.....	835		
Spruce.....	764		
Underhill.....	549		
Waupee.....	220		
Total population.....	18,339		

ONEIDA COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Hazelhurst	1,352	Eagle River, incl. village	1,243
Pelican	850	Hazlehurst	355
Rhineland, city:		Minocqua	463
1st ward	925	Pelican, incl. village of Rhino- lander, 2,658	2,949
2d ward	744	Total population	4,010
3d ward	861		
4th ward	688		
5th ward	628		
6th ward	484		
Woodboro	528		
Total population	7,060		

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.

Appleton, city:		Appleton, city:	
1st ward	2,611	1st ward	2,208
2d ward	2,974	2d ward	2,737
3d ward	3,139	3d ward	2,436
4th ward	1,511	4th ward	1,267
5th ward	2,384	5th ward	3,221
6th ward	2,022	6th ward	
Black Creek	1,454	Black Creek	1,377
Bovina	787	Bovina	663
Buchanan	2,079	Buchanan	1,397
Center	1,525	Center	1,488
Cicero	1,013	Cicero	952
Dale	1,265	Dale	1,207
Deer Creek	1,175	Deer Creek	932
Ellington	1,231	Ellington	1,210
Freedom	1,656	Freedom	1,602
Grand Chute	1,713	Grand Chute	1,574
Greenville	1,335	Greenville	1,246
Hortonville	738	Hortonville	1,307
Hortonville, village	864	Kaukauna	1,728
Kaukauna	1,514	Kaukauna, city:	
Little Chute, village	728	1st ward	2,076
Kaukauna, city:		2d ward	
1st ward	1,201	3d ward	2,591
2d ward	1,334	4th ward	
3d ward	1,426	5th ward	
4th ward	1,056	Liberty	492
5th ward	434	Main	478
Liberty	528	Maple Creek	815
Maine	588	New London, 3d ward. Total for city, 2,049 (see Waupaca Co.) ..	368
Maple Creek	824	Osborn	685
*New London, 3d ward	522	Seymour	977
Osborn	712	Seymour, city	733
Seymour	1,129	Part of Oneida Indian Reserva- tion, inc.	923
Seymour, city:		Total population	38,699
1st ward	535		
2d ward	397		
Total population	44,404		

* 1,972 Waupaca county. Total for city, 2,494.

OZAUKEE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Belgium.....	1,627	Belgium.....	1,690
Cedarburg.....	1,591	Cedarburg, incl. city, 1,361.....	2,868
Cedarburg, city.....	1,652	Fredonia, incl. vil., 1,503.....	1,661
Fredonia.....	1,721	Grafton, incl. village.....	1,444
Grafton.....	1,567	Mequon.....	2,902
Mequon.....	2,903	Port Washington, incl. city, 1,659.....	2,726
Port Washington.....	1,109	Saukville, incl. village.....	1,647
Port Washington, city.....	2,661		
Saukville.....	1,714		
Total population.....	16,545	Total population.....	14,943

PEPIN COUNTY.

Albany.....	568	Albany.....	459
Durand.....	250	Durand.....	253
Durand, city.....		Durand, city.....	1,154
1st ward.....	544	Frankfort.....	648
2d ward.....	828	Lima.....	765
Frankfort.....	775	Pepin.....	1,491
Lima.....	748	Stockholm.....	711
Pepin.....	1,194	Waterville.....	1,287
Pepin, village.....	375	Waubek.....	164
Stockholm.....	743		
Waterville.....	1,382	Total population.....	6,932
Waubek.....	160		
Total population.....	7,567		

PIERCE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Population.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Population.
Clifton.....	688	Clifton.....	631
Diamond Bluff, incl. 162 in vil....	532	Diamond Bluff.....	468
Ellsworth.....	1,495	Ellsworth.....	1,328
Ellsworth, village.....	881	Ellsworth, village.....	664
El Paso.....	1,015	El Paso.....	857
Gilman.....	1,288	Gilman.....	1,227
Hartland.....	1,205	Hartland.....	1,189
Isabelle.....	373	Isabelle.....	324
Maiden Rock.....	1,322	Maiden Rock.....	1,164
Maiden Rock, village.....	312	Maiden Rock, village.....	339
Martell, incl. 173 in vil.....	1,354	Martell.....	1,279
Oak Grove.....	865	Oak Grove.....	816
Prescott, city:		Prescott, city.....	902
1st ward.....	364	River Falls.....	1,067
2d ward.....	314	River Falls, city (2d, 3d and 4th wards in Pierce county—total incl. 1st in St. Croix county, 2,474)	1,778
3d ward.....	288		
River Falls.....	1,342	Rock Elm.....	1,037
* River Falls, city:		Salem.....	837
2d ward.....	807	Spring Lake.....	997
3d ward.....	449	Trenton.....	939
4th ward.....	512	Trimbelle.....	1,578
Rock Elm, incl. 130 in village....	1,141	Union.....	984
Salem.....	814		
Spring Lake.....	1,623		
Trenton.....	1,048		
Trimbelle.....	1,681		
Union, incl. 172 in vil. of Plum City.....	1,326		
Total population.....	23,040	Total population.....	20,385

* Also 151 in St. Croix county. Total for city, 1,919.

POLK COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Alden	1,474	Alden	1,261
Apple River	469	Apple River	365
Balsam Lake	571	Balsam Lake	431
Beaver	439	Beaver	333
Black Brook	812	Black Brook	708
Bone Lake	120	Bone Lake	62
Clam Falls	218	Clam Falls	203
Clayton	744	Clayton	618
Clear Lake	607	Clear Lake	951
Clear Lake, village	496	Eureka	808
Eureka	967	Farmington	899
Farmington	1,062	Garfield	540
Garfield	778	Georgetown	85
Georgetown	181	Johnstown	100
Johnstown	117	Laketown	668
Laketown	715	Lincoln, incl. Amery village	1,072
Lincoln	805	Lorraine	210
Amery, village	902	Luck	393
Lorraine	258	Miltoon	459
Luck	440	Osceola, incl. village	1,067
Miltoon	582	St. Croix Falls, incl. vil., 745	798
Osceola	806	Sterling	667
Osceola, village	478	West Sweden	270
St. Croix Falls	375		
St. Croix Falls, village	608	Total population	12,968
Sterling	779		
West Sweden	314		
Total population	16,117		

PORTAGE COUNTY.

Alban	792	Alban	563
Almond	1,147	Almond	1,035
Amherst	2,030	Amherst	1,752
Belmont	829	Belmont	622
Buena Vista	1,159	Buena Vista	1,061
Carson	1,060	Carson, incl. Eau Pleine	1,709
Eau Pleine	780	Eau Pleine (see Carson)	
Grant	465	Grant, incl. Pine Grove	816
Hull	1,432	Hull	1,477
Lanark	907	Lanark	797
Linwood	446	Linwood, incl. town of Stevens Point, 895	1,263
New Hope	1,002	New Hope	885
Pine Grove	501	Pine Grove (see Grant)	
Plover	1,793	Plover	1,224
Sharon	2,175	Sharon	1,940
Stevens Point	1,074	Stevens Point city: (see Linwood)	
Stevens Point, city:		1st ward	1,299
1st ward	1,362	2d and 6th wards	2,317
2d ward	1,544	3d and 5th wards	2,295
3d ward	1,482	4th ward	1,985
4th ward	2,258	5th ward (see 3d)	
5th ward	1,467	6th ward (see 2d)	
6th ward	882	Stockton	1,693
Stockton	1,944		
Total population	23,531	Total population	24,798

PRICE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Brannan	574	Brannan, incl. Prentice, 570	1,086
Emery	119	Emery, incl. Hackett and George- town	453
Fifield	494	Fifield, incl. Fifield vil., 646	857
Georgetown	149	Georgetown (see Emery).	
Hackett	360	Hackett (see Emery).	
Hill	234	Kennan (see Ogema).	
Kennan	215	Lake	409
Lake	657	Ogema, incl. Kennan	871
Ogema	1,017	Prentice (see Brannan).	
Prentice	979	Worcester, incl. Phillips village.	1,582
Phillips, city	1,652		
Worcester	707	Total population	5,258
Total population	7,257		

RACINE COUNTY.

Burlington	1,069	Burlington, incl. vil., 2,043	3,140
Burlington, village	2,428	Caledonia, incl. vil. of Franks- ville	2,732
Caledonia	2,858	Dover	924
Dover	922	Mt. Pleasant	2,192
Mount Pleasant	2,277	Norway	841
Norway	968	Racine, city:	
Racine, city:		1st ward	1,141
1st ward	1,103	2d ward	1,810
2d ward	2,126	3d ward	3,185
3d ward	3,568	4th ward	3,352
4th ward	3,516	5th ward	4,379
5th ward	5,695	6th ward	4,581
6th ward	5,455	7th ward	2,566
7th ward	3,426	Raymond	1,784
Raymond	1,723	Rochester, incl. village	699
Rochester	760	Waterford	1,551
Waterford	1,637	Yorkville	1,391
Yorkville	1,112		
Union Grove, village	472	Total population	36,268
Total population	41,110		

RICHLAND COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Akan.....	993	Akan.....	982
Bloom.....	1,365	Bloom.....	1,361
Buena Vista.....	820	Buena Vista, incl. Lone Rock...	1,139
Lone Rock, village.....	393	Dayton.....	1,119
Dayton.....	1,138	Eagle.....	1,153
Eagle.....	1,109	Forest.....	1,151
Forest.....	1,147	Henrietta.....	1,143
Henrietta.....	1,507	Ithaca.....	1,193
Ithaca.....	1,319	Lone Rock, (see Buena Vista).	
Marshall.....	886	Marshall.....	909
Orion.....	688	Orion.....	665
Richland.....	830	Richland.....	817
Richland Center, city:		Richland Center, city:	
1st ward.....	723	1st ward.....	551
2d ward.....	749	2d ward.....	671
3d ward.....	509	3d ward.....	597
Richwood.....	1,358	Richwood.....	1,343
Rockbridge.....	1,161	Rockbridge.....	1,148
Sylvan.....	1,016	Sylvan.....	1,033
Westford.....	1,111	Westford.....	1,124
Willow.....	1,037	Willow.....	1,010
Total population.....	19,619	Total population.....	19,121

ROCK COUNTY.

Avon.....	778	Avon.....	
Beloit.....	712	Beloit, town.....	
Beloit, city:		Beloit, city:	
1st ward.....	3,224	1st ward.....	1,377
2d ward.....		2d ward.....	1,399
3d ward.....	4,562	3d ward.....	1,871
4th ward.....		4th ward.....	1,668
Bradford.....	907	Bradford.....	849
Center.....	1,176	Center.....	1,073
Clinton.....	1,111	Clinton, incl. vil., 856...	1,961
Clinton, village.....	951	Edgerton, city.....	1,595
Edgerton, city.....	1,972	Evansville, (see Union.)	
Evansville, village.....	1,716	Fulton.....	1,363
Fulton.....	1,419	Harmony.....	1,083
Harmony.....	1,184	Janesville.....	926
Janesville.....	1,193	Janesville, city:	
Janesville, city:		1st ward.....	2,737
1st ward.....	2,484	2d ward.....	2,194
2d ward.....	2,968	3d ward.....	1,579
3d ward.....	2,776	4th ward.....	3,052
4th ward.....	3,527	5th ward.....	1,274
5th ward.....	1,818	Johnstown.....	1,034
Johnstown.....	1,027	La Prairie.....	832
La Prairie.....	945	Lima.....	1,109
Lima.....	1,064	Magnolia.....	1,088
Magnolia.....	1,135	Milton, incl. vil., 1,395	2,300
Milton.....	2,459	Newark.....	1,039
Newark.....	1,000	Plymouth.....	1,188
Plymouth.....	1,254	Porter.....	1,235
Porter.....	1,255	Rock.....	976
Rock, including 115 in village of Afton.....	975	Spring Valley.....	1,422
Spring Valley, incl. 277 in Orford- ville village.....	1,413	Turtle.....	993
Turtle.....	1,087	Union, incl. Evansville vil., 1,523	2,473
Union.....	924	Total population.....	43,220
Total population.....	43,414		

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Baldwin	1,450	Baldwin, incl. village	1,814
Baldwin, village	621	Cady	771
Cady	844	Cylon	708
Cylon	838	Eau Galle	1,387
Eau Galle	1,149	Emerald	547
Emerald	662	Erin Prairie	851
Erin	910	Forest	190
Forest	170	Glenwood	1,671
Glenwood	449	Hammond, incl. village	1,285
Glenwood, city	2,008	Hudson	596
Hammond	900	Hudson, city:	
Hammond, village	400	1st ward	518
Hudson	841	2d ward	1,176
Hudson, city	3,338	3d ward	1,216
Kinnickinnick	629	Kinnickinnick	620
New Richmond, city	1,680	New Richmand.	
Pleasant Valley	471	1st rd	459
Richmond	850	2d ward	493
*River Falls, 1st ward	151	3d ward	462
Rush River	633	Pleasant Valley	533
St. Joseph	948	Richmond	833
Somerset	1,287	Rush River	855
Springfield	1,319	St. Joseph	780
Stinton	785	Somerset	1,159
Star Prairie	968	Springfield	1,445
Troy	758	Stanton	765
Warren	811	Star Prairie	767
Total population	25,870	Troy, incl. River Falls city, ward 1	696
		Total population	22,397

*1,768 in Pierce county. Total for city, 1,919.

SAUK COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Baraboo	1,446	Baraboo	1,386
Baraboo, city:		Baraboo, city:	
1st ward.....	1,977	1st ward.....	1,705
2d ward.....	2,006	2d ward.....	1,545
3d ward.....	1,501	3d ward.....	1,355
Bear Creek	915	Bear Creek	883
Delton	855	Dellona	594
Dellona	619	Delton	829
Excelsior	945	Excelsior, incl. Ableman, vil.	1,209
Ableman, village	430	Fairfield	672
Fairfield	739	Franklin	1,044
Franklin	1,075	Freedom, incl. vil. N. Freedom..	1,259
Freedom	1,036	Greenfield	843
North Freedom, village	420	Honey Creek	1,124
Greenfield	898	Ironton, incl. vil.	1,455
Honey Creek	1,090	La Valle, incl. vil.	1,367
Ironton	1,429	Merrimack	847
La Valle	1,054	Prairie du Sac, incl. vil. 562	1,180
La Valle, village	343	Reedsburg	1,112
Merrimack	895	Reedsburg, city.....	1,737
Prairie du Sac	545	Sauk City, village	876
Prairie du Sac, village	616	Spring Green, inc. vil., 625	1,208
Sauk city, village	837	Sumpter	761
Reedsburg	1,110	Troy	911
Reedsburg, city		Washington	1,206
1st ward.....	1,095	Westfield	1,377
2d ward.....	1,021	Winfield	793
Spring Green	634	Woodland	1,222
Spring Green, village	777		
Sumpter	758	Total population.....	30,575
Troy	998		
Washington	1,263		
Westfield	1,449		
Winfield	821		
Woodland	1,322		
Total population	32,919		

SAWYER COUNTY.

Hayward village, incl. town	3,741	Hayward vil., 1,349, incl. town ..	1,977
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SHAWANO COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Almon	561	Almon, incl. towns Morris and Seneca	1,213
Angelica	1,062	Angelica (see Green Valley)	
Aniwa	484	Aniwa, incl. Hutchins, 620	1,306
Aniwa, village	214	Belle Plaine	1,028
Belle Plaine	1,016	Biramwood	731
Biramwood	502	Biramwood, village	
Biramwood, village	370	Fairbanks (see Germania)	
Fairbanks, inc. 480 vil. Tigertown	1,206	Germania, incl. Fairbanks	923
Germania	157	Grant	1,026
Grant	1,108	Green Valley, incl. Angelica, 680	1,464
Green Valley	915	Hartland	1,379
Hartland	1,442	Herman	853
Herman	986	Hutchins (see Aniwa)	
Hutchins	740	Lessor	749
Lessor	974	Maple Grove	1,400
Maple Grove	1,841	Morris (see Almon)	
Morris	490	Navarino (see Wauchechon)	
Navarino	282	Pella	816
Pella	886	Richmond, incl. the city of Shawano	2,633
Richmond	1,009	Seneca (See Almon)	
Seneca	423	Shawano city, 1,505 (see Richmond)	
Shawano, city:		Washington	1,242
1st ward	722	Wauchechon, incl. Navarino	1,089
2d ward	496	Wittenberg	1,384
3d ward	541		
Washington	1,420	Total population	19,236
Wauchechon	956		
Wittenberg	978		
Wittenberg, village	798		
Total population	22,573		

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

Greenbush	1,343	Greenbush, incl. Grenbeulah vil.	1,690
Greenbush, village	415	Herman	1,903
Herman	1,944	Holland	2,874
Holland	2,846	Lima	1,921
Lima	1,940	Lyndon	1,677
Lyndon, incl. Cascade vil., 231; Waldo vil., 186	1,741	Mitchell	1,012
Mitchell	1,034	Mosel	863
Mosel	884	Plymouth	1,356
Plymouth	1,386	Plymouth, city	1,503
Plymouth, city	2,213	Rhine	1,612
Rhine	1,494	Russell	439
Elkhart Lake, village	392	Scott	1,473
Russell	443	Sheboygan	2,117
Scott	1,452	Sheboygan, city:	
Sheboygan	1,915	1st ward	2,295
Sheboygan, city:		2d ward	2,323
1st ward	3,013	3d ward	1,474
2d ward	2,184	4th ward	16,359
3d ward	1,324	5th ward	
4th ward	2,918	6th ward	
5th ward	2,801	7th ward	
6th ward	1,802	8th ward	3,464
7th ward	2,641	Sheboygan Falls	1,677
8th ward	4,407	Sheboygan Falls, village	1,118
Sheboygan Falls	1,664	Sherman	1,736
Sheboygan Falls, village	1,220	Wilson	1,044
Sherman	1,807		
Wilson	1,133	Total population	42,489
Total population	48,396		

TAYLOR COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Browning	273	Browning.....	230
Chelsea.....	584	Chelsea.....	613
Deer Creek.....	663	Deer Creek.....	573
Greenwood.....	302	Greenwood.....	233
Grover.....	602	Grover.....	296
Holway.....	199	Little Black.....	1,131
Little Black.....	1,263	Medford city, incl. town, 1,094...	2,287
Medford.....	1, 05	Molitor.....	117
Medford, city:		Pine Creek.....	190
1st ward.....	611	Rib Lake.....	520
2d ward.....	413	Westboro.....	541
3d ward.....	494		
Molitor.....	303	Total population.....	6,731
Rib Lake.....	989		
Westboro.....	592		
Total population.....	8,498		

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.

Albion.....	952	Albion.....	847
Arcadia.....	2,767	Arcadia, incl. vil. 659.....	3,147
Arcadia, village.....	1,012	Burnside, incl. Independence vil..	1,207
Burnside.....	922	Caledonia.....	379
Independence, village.....	534	Chimney Rock.....	682
Caledonia.....	386	Dodge.....	448
Chimney Rock.....	879	Ettrick.....	1,841
Dodge.....	535	Gale, incl. Galesville, vil. 537....	1,816
Ettrick.....	1,916	Hale.....	1,566
Gale.....	1,387	Lincoln, incl. Whitehall vil....	937
Galesville, village.....	874	Pigeon.....	1,038
Hale.....	1,740	Preston.....	1,811
Lincoln.....	723	Summer.....	854
Whitehall, village.....	402	Trempealeau, incl. vil., 794.....	1,584
Preston.....	1,692	Unity.....	763
Blair, village.....	420		
Pigeon.....	1,167	Total population.....	18,921
Summer.....	727		
Osseo, village.....	275		
Trempealeau.....	1,036		
Trempealeau village.....	682		
Unity.....	930		
Total population.....	21,963		

VERNON COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Bergen	1,109	Bergen	1,071
Christiana	1,236	Christiana	1,571
Westby, village	447	Clinton	1,000
Clinton	1,127	Coon	1,188
Coon	1,238	Forest	1,005
Forest	1,189	Franklin	1,289
Franklin	1,276	Genoa	1,026
Genoa	1,076	Greenwood	1,120
Greenwood	1,108	Hamburg	1,081
Hamburg, incl. 95 in vil. of Chase- burg	1,056	Harmony	1,100
Harmony	1,170	Hillsboro, incl. vil.	1,639
Hillsboro	1,195	Jefferson	1,400
Hillsboro, village	593	Kickapoo	1,185
Jefferson	1,529	Liberty	663
Kickapoo, incl. 175 in vil. Reads- town	1,175	Stark	1,333
Liberty	740	Sterling	1,152
Stark	1,117	Union	819
Sterling	1,186	Viroqua	1,680
Union	826	Viroqua, city	1,270
Viroqua	1,638	Webster	1,092
Viroqua, city:		Wheatland	879
1st ward	495	Whitestown	863
2d ward	458		
3d ward	677	Total population	25,111
Webster	1,117		
Wheatland	554		
Victory, village	130		
De Soto, village	430		
Whitestown	791		
Ontario, village	352		
Total population	27,035		

*VILAS COUNTY.

Arbor Vitae	879
Eagle River	416
Eagle River, village	1,454
Minocqua	1,052
Total population	3,801

* Vilas county created out of Oneida in 1893.

WALWORTH COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Bloomfield	1,281	Bloomfield	1,197
Darien	907	Darien, incl. village	1,434
Darien, village	389	Delavan, incl. vil., 1,822	2,499
Delavan	976	East Troy, incl. vil.	1,406
Delavan, village	2,238	Elkhorn	1,557
East Troy	1,482	Geneva, incl. Oakwood Retreat ..	963
Elkhorn, village	1,728	Lafayette	933
Geneva	1,102	La Grange	844
Lafayette	958	Lake Geneva	2,297
La Grange	910	Linn	854
Lake Geneva, city	2,452	Lyons, incl. vil's of Lyons and	
Linn	1,041	Springfield	1,328
Lyons	1,390	Richmond	799
Richmond	1,822	Sharon, incl. vil., 878	2,038
Sharon	1,122	Spring Prairie	1,155
Sharon, village	906	Sugar Creek	1,004
Spring Prairie	1,180	Troy	972
Sugar Creek	1,023	Walworth	1,372
Troy	1,096	Whitewater	849
Walworth	1,008	Whitewater, city:	
Whitewater	832	1st ward	1,416
Whitewater, city	3,799	2d and 3d wards	2,943
Total population	29,162	Total population	27,860

WASHBURN COUNTY.

Bashaw	506	Bashaw	394
Long Lake	161	Long Lake	118
Minong	458	Shell Lake	1,535
Shell Lake	50	Spooner	734
Shell Lake, village	1,693	Veazie	145
Spooner	1,204	Total population	2,926
Veazie	194		
Total population	4,266		

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Addison	1,857	Addison	1,863
Barton	1,282	Barton, incl. villages of Barton and Young America	1,169
Erin	1,254	Erin	1,301
Farmington	1,606	Farmington	1,501
Germantown	2,067	Germantown	2,026
Hartford	1,440	Hartford	1,339
Hartford, city	1,607	Hartford, city	1,296
Jackson	1,763	Jackson	1,680
Kewaskum	936	Kewaskum, incl. vil., 557	1,572
Kewaskum, village	674	Polk, incl. Schleisingsville vil. ..	2,071
Polk	1,614	Richfield	1,584
Richfield	1,625	Schleisingsville (see Polk).	
Schleisingsville	501	Trenton	1,760
Trenton, incl. 248 in village of Newburg	1,770	Wayne	1,471
Wayne	1,459	West Bend, incl. city, 1,236	2,118
West Bend	826		
West Bend, city	1,766	Total population	22,751
Total population	24,077		

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

Brookfield	2,079	Brookfield	1,960
Delafield, inc. 261 in Delafield vil- lage, and 81 in Nashota village. ..	1,446	Delafield, incl. vil. of Nashota and part of Hartland	1,684
* Hartland, village	657	Eagle, incl. village	1,020
Eagle, inc. 322 in Eagle village ..	1,120	Genesee	1,327
Genesee, inc. 130 in Genesee vil- lage; 60 at Genesee Depot; 50 in Wales; 70 in North Prairie	1,381	Lisbon, incl. Sussex	1,443
Lisbon, inc. 200 in Sussex village and 70 in Templeton village	1,575	Menomonee	2,480
Menomonee	2,259	Merton, incl. part Hartland (see Delafield)	1,604
Menomonee Falls, village	604	Mukwonago	1,217
Merton, inc. 196 in Merton village; 68 in Monches; 79 in North Lake; 116 in Stone Bank	1,587	Muskego	1,390
Mukwonago, inc. 491 in Mukwon- ago village	1,361	New Berlin	1,519
Muskego	1,432	Oconomowoc	1,373
New Berlin	1,613	Oconomowoc, city	2,729
Oconomowoc, inc. 94 in Monterey village and 46 in Mapleton vil. ..	1,333	Ottawa	880
Oconomowoc, city	3,178	Pewaukee, incl. vil., 680	2,757
Ottawa	863	Summit	1,130
Pewaukee	2,008	Vernon	1,277
Pewaukee, village	780	Waukesha, incl. vil., 6,321	7,480
Summit	1,539		
Vernon	1,350	Total population	33,270
Waukesha	1,175		
Waukesha, village	7,222		
Total population	36,562		

* Part in town of Delafield and part in Merton.

WAUPACA COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Bear Creek	1,194	Bear Creek, incl. Lebanon, 932...	2,068
Caledonia	991	Caledonia, incl. town and village of Fremont, 561.....	1,748
Clintonville, city.....	1,521	Clintonville, city, 1,466.....	852
Dayton	1,986	Dayton, incl. Rural village	1,386
Dupont	1,602	Dupont, incl. Marion village	1,057
Farmington	1,391	Farmington	
Fremont	488	Fremont, { (see Caledonia) ..	
Fremont, village	283	Fremont, vil. { ..	
Harrison	343	Helvetia, incl. St. Lawrence, 999 ..	1,515
Helvetia	508	Iola, incl. village	1,315
Iola	780	Larrabee, incl. Clintonville city ..	2,902
Iola, village	476	Lebanon, (see Bear Creek).....	
Larabee	1,452	Lind	1,016
Lebanon	1,050	Little Wolf, incl. village of Man- awa	1,487
Lebanon	1,134	Matteson	860
Lind	1,884	Wukwa, incl. Northport village ..	1,040
Little Wolf	123	New London, city:	
Manawa, village	1,031	1st ward	515
Matteson	1,015	2d ward	338
Mukwa		4th ward	485
*New London, city:		5th ward	314
1st ward	615	Incl. 3d ward in Outagamie	
2d ward	423	367—2,049.	
4th ward	578	Royalton, incl. village, 1,115....	1,198
5th ward	356	St. Lawrence, (see Helvetia) ..	
Boyaltan	1,263	Scandinavia	1,142
Scandinavia	929	Union	1,153
Scandinavia, village	335	Waupaca	964
St. Lawrence	1,146	Waupaca, city	2,127
Union	1,345	Weyauwega	1,252
Waupaca	1,003		
Waupaca, city:			
1st ward	754		
2d ward	717		
3d ward	731		
4th ward	621		
Weyauwega	593		
Weyauwega, village	850		
Wyoming	282		
Total population.....	30,793	Total population.....	26,794

* 3d ward in Outagamie county, 522. Total for city, 2,494.

WAUSHARA COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Aurora inc. 147 in vil. Auroraville and 33 in village Sacramento.....	1,022	Aurora, incl. 1st ward Berlin city (total city, 4,149). (see Green Lake county).....	965
* Berlin City, 2d pr. 2d ward.....	36	Bloomfield.....	1,278
Bloomfield inc. 160 in vil. Tustin.	1,326	Berlin, city, 2d ward, 2. (see Au- rora).....	
Coloma.....	553	Coloma.....	723
Coloma Station, village.....	254	Dakota.....	573
Dakota.....	566	Deerfield.....	453
Deerfield.....	566	Hancock.....	660
Hancock.....	794	Leon.....	731
Hancock, village.....	131	Marion.....	623
Leon.....	848	Mt. Morris.....	668
Marion.....	651	Oasis.....	707
Mount Morris.....	673	Plainfield, incl. village.....	1,258
Oasis.....	815	Poyssippi.....	912
Plainfield.....	954	Richford.....	573
Plainfield, village.....	589	Rose.....	577
Poyssippi.....	895	Saxville.....	765
Poyssippi, village.....	182	Springwater.....	541
Richford.....	608	Warren.....	796
Rose.....	754	Wautoma.....	704
Saxville.....	740		
Saxville, village.....	46		
Springwater.....	662		
Warren.....	817		
Wautoma.....	557		
Wautoma, village.....	331		
		Total population.....	13,507
Total population.....	15,355		

* Berlin in Green Lake, 4,243. Total for city, 4,279.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Algoma.....	821	Algoma.....	757
Black Wolf.....	763	Black Wolf.....	837
Clayton.....	1,212	Clayton.....	1,170
Menasha.....	680	Menasha.....	595
Menasha, city:		Menasha, city:	
1st ward.....	1,755	1st and 4th wards.....	2,662
2d ward.....	1,607	2d ward.....	1,919
3d ward.....	1,101	3d ward.....	
4th ward.....	1,691	Neenah.....	538
Neenah.....	574	Neenah, city:	
Neenah, city:		1st and 3d wards.....	3,110
1st ward.....	1,851	2d and 4th wards.....	1,973
2d ward.....	1,487	Nekimi.....	1,028
3d ward.....	1,893	Nepeuskun.....	908
4th ward.....	530	Omro, incl. vil., 1,232.....	2,270
Nekimi.....	1,070	Oshkosh.....	1,489
Nepeuskun.....	959	Oshkosh, city:	
Omro.....	1,227	1st ward.....	3,300
Omro, village.....	1,395	2d ward.....	3,591
Oshkosh.....	1,522	3d ward.....	3,573
Oshkosh, city:		4th ward.....	5,312
1st ward.....	1,512	5th ward.....	3,099
2d ward.....	1,964	6th ward.....	3,961
3d ward.....	1,519	Poygan.....	747
4th ward.....	2,427	Rushford.....	1,608
5th ward.....	2,583	Utica.....	981
6th ward.....	2,336	Vinland.....	936
7th ward.....	1,726	Winchester.....	1,030
8th ward.....	2,247	Winneconne.....	1,784
9th ward.....	2,156	Winneconne, vil., incl. in town.....	
10th ward.....	2,359	Wolf River.....	919
11th ward.....	1,457		
12th ward.....	1,575		
13th ward.....	3,056		
Poygan.....	851	Total population.....	50,097
Rushford.....	1,661		
Utica.....	1,039		
Vinland.....	1,023		
Winchester.....	1,069		
Winneconne.....	806		
Winneconne, village.....	1,130		
Wolf River.....	913		
Total population.....	57,627		

WOOD COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Auburndale	736	Auburndale, incl. village	909
Auburndale, village	250	Auburndale village (see town)...	
Centralia, city	2,039	Centralia, city	1,435
Grand Rapids	758	Grand Rapids, incl. Saratoga...	953
Grand Rapids, city	2,043	Grand Rapids, city	1,702
Lincoln	997	Lincoln, incl. Rock, 597	1,467
Marshfield	757	Marshfield, town, 701. (see Rich- field.)	
Marshfield, city	4,586	Marshfield, city:	
Milladore	878	1st ward	841
Pittsville, city	648	2d ward	1,093
Port Edwards	777	3d ward	943
Nekoosa, village	415	4th ward	573
Remington	618	Milladore	766
Richfield	272	Pittsville, city:	
Rock	562	1st ward	278
Rudolph	991	2d ward	192
Saratoga	333	3d ward	183
Seneca	821	Port Edwards, incl. Seneca, 875.	1,457
Sherry	612	Remington	427
Sigel	1,377	Richfield, incl. Marshfield town	897
Vesper	307	Rock (See Lincoln).	
Wood	860	Rudolph	1,087
Total population	21,637	Saratoga (see Grand Rapids).	
		Seneca (see Port Edwards).	
		Sherry (see Vesper).	
		Sigel	1,232
		Vesper, incl. Sherry	809
		Wood	891
		Total population	18,127

CENSUS COMPARISONS.

(Organized into a Territory, July 3, 1836. Admitted a State May 29, 1843.)

Gross area of state	56,040 square miles.
Water surface of state	1,590 square miles.
Land surface of state	54,050 square miles.
Increase of population since 1890	251,035
Per cent. of increase since 1890	14.90
Number of males in 1890	874,951
Number of males in 1895	1,003,141
Net increase	128,190
Number of females in 1890	811,929
Number of females in 1895	934,774
Net increase	122,845
Number of females to each hundred thousand males in 1890	92,723
Number of females to each hundred thousand males in 1895	93,184
From 1870 to 1890 the females decreased in number.	
Excess of males in 1890	63,022
Excess of males in 1895	68,367
Colored population in 1890	2,444
Colored population in 1895	2,450
Net increase	6
Number of colored to each hundred thousand whites in 1870	201
In 1880	206
In 1885	353
In 1890	145
In 1895	125
Indians in 1890	3,835
Indians in 1895	3,953
Net increase	118
Indians not taxed in 1895	917
Foreign born population in 1890	519,199
Foreign born population in 1895	523,877
Net increase	4,678
Number of men "Militia age" in 1890	347,469
Number of men "Militia age" in 1895	374,661
Net increase	27,192
Ex-Soldiers and Sailors in 1885	29,686
Ex-Soldiers and Sailors in 1895	26,307
Net loss in 10 years	3,379

The center of population in Wisconsin in 1885 was in township No. 15 north, range No. 13 east, town of Green Lake, Green Lake county. In 1895 the center of population had moved 2.57 miles to the north and .12 of a mile to the west. In 1840 the average population per square mile in the state was 0.51; in 1850, 5.61; in 1860, 14.25; in 1870, 19.37, in 1880, 24.16; in 1890, 30.98; and in 1895, 35.59.

TABULAR STATEMENT, SHOWING TOTAL POPULATION AND NATIVITY BY COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	Total pop- ulation.	UNITED STATES.				NATIVITY.													
		White.		Col- ored.	Indi- ans.	Ger- many.	Great Britain.	Ire- land.	France	British Amer- ica.	Scandi- navia.	Hol- land.	Por- tuguese	Bel- gium	Den- mark	Swit- zer- land.	Bohe- mia.	All other coun- tries.	
Adams.....	7,532	6,225	12	4	16	395	94	98	6	37	481				1			1,166	
Ashland.....	17,211	10,658	4	472	1,891	236	436	79	15	980	1,901							543	
Barron.....	20,122	14,980	7		1,023	179	79	15	615	3,464	40							642	
Bayfield.....	12,585	9,885		377	407	157	103	64	1,731	2,618	14							385	
Brown.....	45,623	34,566		111	2,803	473	752	351	3	805	1,426				3			3,865	
Buffalo.....	16,931	12,691		1	2,764	89	116	3	25	1,023	2				6			2,211	
Burnett.....	5,892	3,261		199	37		2		15	2,362	1							7	
Calumet.....	17,744	13,797	64	124	3,252	53	194	20	24	28	71							112	
Chippewa.....	28,727	20,478	80		2,785	258	405	149	233	1,984	40				4		1	213	
Clark.....	21,312	15,798	12		3,236	211	96	98	340	1,017	26				2			370	
Columbia.....	30,868	24,208	17		3,436	1,324	520	29	135	853	101				132			172	
Crawford.....	17,203	14,658			5,583	185	376	54	61	823							348	315	
Dane.....	65,669	50,234	73		5,228	1,014	1,156	108	195	7,137	15				10		4	4,475	
Dodge.....	47,851	35,602	57		10,199	1,550	739	47	75	138	116				4			265	
Door.....	16,969	12,077	1	14	1,634	142	138	29	330	1,709	21				9		1	661	
Douglas.....	29,986	18,185	185	178	1,818	909	574	74	208	5,533	10				5			736	
Dunn.....	25,006	18,082		1	2,689	218	162	40	208	3,509	7				2			76	
Eau Claire.....	33,172	22,659	14		3,248	291	665	77	881	4,698	9				2			721	
Florence.....	2,850	1,612	2		166	138	34	36	15	625	3				5			582	
Fond du Lac.....	47,436	37,474	144		6,921	636	985	43	395	82	444				14			295	
Forest.....	1,288	893		63	138	19	19		32	29								42	
Franklin.....	38,372	32,585	63		2,872	1,121	621	31	85	330	23				2			606	
Grant.....	23,420	18,647	29		1,831	283	377	31	39	536	1				13			*1,596	
Green.....	15,939	11,462	4		3,533	343	138	15	35	75	6				2			926	
Green Lake.....	23,447	18,955	11		3,997	1,638	503	16	67	866	14							380	
Iowa.....	5,335	2,778			217	267	171	58	321	861	7							656	
Iron.....	16,722	12,369	13	254	849	140	105	14	162	718	1				8			82	
Jackson.....	36,317	26,870	43		7,933	573	358	35	93	256	22							153	
Jefferson.....	18,754	15,101	13	18	1,693	282	530	9	70	773	3				3			238	
Juneau.....	17,543	12,650	27		2,800	536	309	33	70	758	87				2			278	
Kenosha.....	17,632	12,518	6		1,832	152	106	31	31	91								2,864	
Kewaunee.....	43,610	31,355	61		5,283	575	310	33	279	4,521	261				89		17	702	
La Crosse.....	21,488	17,942	2		797	810	809	13	16	955	5				1		4	134	
Lafayette.....	11,092	8,476	24		1,459	134	60	1	139	190	42							567	
Lancaster.....	14,765	10,170	1		2,496	68		3	777	1,015					1			153	

Manitowoc.....	40,802	29,639	5	.....	6,861	128	398	70	133	617	45	507	.....	4	.....	615	1,475
Marathon.....	36,588	24,200	.....	243	9,496	183	115	71	483	833	28	294	.....	5	.....	.....	688
Marquette.....	27,271	17,003	9	28	2,524	343	243	83	2,110	3,284	114	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	1,545
Marquette.....	10,203	7,678	.....	.....	1,907	216	257	8	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	8
Milwaukee.....	267,922	188,287	571	.....	69,646	3,196	3,208	380	1,030	2,437	777	659	.....	11	.....	178	17,517
Monroe.....	26,350	20,462	42	220	3,163	521	3,208	.....	1,030	2,437	777	659	.....	11	.....	.....	546
Monroe.....	18,389	12,795	14	.....	1,978	141	296	138	1,030	2,437	777	659	.....	11	.....	.....	12
Neenah.....	5,411	5,411	.....	232	7,942	345	701	114	1,030	2,437	777	659	.....	11	.....	.....	21
Neenah.....	12,360	12,360	2	.....	7,942	345	701	114	1,030	2,437	777	659	.....	11	.....	.....	533
Ozaukee.....	16,545	12,311	1	.....	3,466	42	82	16	55	63	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	491
Prairie.....	7,567	5,590	.....	.....	3,466	42	82	16	55	63	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	341
Prairie.....	24,000	17,429	9	.....	1,259	169	344	19	64	1,120	32	2	.....	4	.....	.....	174
Polk.....	16,117	10,423	8	164	3,531	119	73	14	233	3,407	13	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	57
Portage.....	28,571	19,371	5	.....	3,035	268	272	61	223	3,407	13	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	182
Portage.....	7,257	3,797	.....	.....	1,212	102	208	33	323	1,056	14	.....	.....	147	6	.....	532
Portage.....	41,110	28,197	106	.....	5,092	1,102	401	33	68	4,781	119	3	.....	1	.....	.....	141
Richland.....	19,619	18,344	23	.....	5,501	124	211	21	172	1,386	24	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	192
Rock.....	48,614	40,496	106	.....	2,882	1,150	1,432	72	172	3,682	243	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	214
St. Croix.....	25,570	18,655	.....	.....	1,196	303	837	23	773	3,682	243	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	178
Sauk.....	26,921	26,921	5	.....	5,042	523	438	65	250	1,800	13	.....	.....	11	.....	.....	308
Sawyer.....	3,711	1,620	2	1,098	38	16	38	7	237	686	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Shawano.....	27,573	14,556	55	227	5,055	108	28	55	132	1,260	31	748	.....	2	.....	.....	289
Shawano.....	48,306	34,717	9	.....	2,881	1,006	208	380	19	1,260	31	748	.....	2	.....	.....	306
Shawano.....	34,914	30,914	30	.....	2,881	1,006	208	380	19	1,260	31	748	.....	2	.....	.....	302
Taylor.....	27,983	15,488	95	.....	1,740	218	133	19	171	4,377	13	64	.....	6	.....	.....	14
Templeau.....	27,035	27,072	95	.....	1,740	218	133	19	171	4,377	13	64	.....	6	.....	.....	15
Vernon.....	27,035	27,072	95	.....	1,740	218	133	19	171	4,377	13	64	.....	6	.....	.....	530
Wausau.....	27,035	27,072	95	.....	1,740	218	133	19	171	4,377	13	64	.....	6	.....	.....	16
Wausau.....	27,035	27,072	95	.....	1,740	218	133	19	171	4,377	13	64	.....	6	.....	.....	41
Wausau.....	27,035	27,072	95	.....	1,740	218	133	19	171	4,377	13	64	.....	6	.....	.....	17
Washington.....	28,162	27,128	63	.....	2,358	709	865	30	168	4,637	20	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	135
Washington.....	24,577	15,808	17	.....	4,801	42	12	30	345	688	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	38
Wausau.....	30,562	22,583	117	.....	5,276	1,365	104	32	342	705	59	2	.....	22	.....	.....	18
Wausau.....	30,793	22,583	21	.....	4,468	308	35	51	234	705	59	2	.....	22	.....	.....	151
Wausau.....	18,395	12,486	42	.....	4,468	308	35	51	234	705	59	2	.....	22	.....	.....	19
Wineago.....	51,637	41,428	62	.....	5,656	1,193	106	44	216	568	30	.....	.....	11	.....	.....	261
Wood.....	61,637	41,428	62	.....	5,656	1,193	106	44	216	568	30	.....	.....	11	.....	.....	651
Wood.....	61,637	41,428	62	.....	5,656	1,193	106	44	216	568	30	.....	.....	11	.....	.....	21
Wood.....	61,637	41,428	62	.....	5,656	1,193	106	44	216	568	30	.....	.....	11	.....	.....	540
Total.....	1,937,915	1,407,635	2,450	3,953	285,469	28,269	25,902	3,375	24,441	106,468	6,961	4,428	194	432	334	1,462	53,142

1 Australia, 3. 2 Russia, 52. 3 St. Mary's Institute, nativity not given. 4 Austria, 4; Russia, 5; China, 5; Russia, 8; Italy, 4; China, 8; Finland, 8; Hungary, 12; Assyria, 6; Austria, 17. Italy, 10; Finland, 6. 5 Austria, 9; Italy, 2. 6 Mostly Swiss, but not so designated by the enumerator. 7 Russia, 53. 8 China, 2. 9 Russia, 2. 10 China, 3. 11 Russia, 2. 12 Russia, 3. 13 China, 3. 14 Russia, 10. 15 Portugal, 1; Italy, 3; Austria, 2; Russia, 1. 16 Russia, 8; China, 1; Austria, 7; Italy, 1. 17 Austria, 3. 18 Russia, 4; Italy, 17. 19 Russia, 4; Italy, 17. 20 Russia, 1; Italy, 3; Austria, 2; Russia, 1. 21 Austria, 1. 22 China, 7; Hungary, 1. 23 Austria, 10; Russia, 3. Russia, 225. Australia, 3. Austria, 120. China, 33. Finland, 111. Italy, 39. Hungary, 13. Assyria, 6. Portugal, 1. Roumania, 1.

COMPARATIVE TABLE, CENSUS 1895, SHOWING GAIN OR LOSS IN POPULATION SINCE 1890, BY COUNTIES.

Counties.	1895.	1890.	Gain.	Loss.
Adams.....	7,532	6,889	643	
*Ashland.....	17,241	20,063		2,822
Barron.....	20,122	15,416	4,706	
Bayfield.....	12,595	7,390	5,205	
Brown.....	45,623	39,164	6,459	
Buffalo.....	16,931	15,997	934	
Burnett.....	5,392	4,393	1,499	
Calumet.....	17,744	16,639	1,105	
Chippewa.....	28,727	25,143	3,584	
Clark.....	21,342	17,708	3,634	
Columbia.....	30,868	28,350	2,518	
Crawford.....	17,203	15,987	1,216	
Dane.....	65,669	59,578	6,091	
Dodge.....	47,851	44,984	2,867	
Door.....	16,969	15,682	1,287	
Douglas.....	23,986	13,468	16,518	
Dunn.....	25,006	22,664	2,342	
Eau Claire.....	33,172	30,673	2,499	
Florence.....	2,850	2,604	246	
Fond du Lac.....	47,436	44,088	3,348	
Forest.....	1,288	1,012	276	
Grant.....	38,372	36,651	1,721	
Green.....	23,420	22,732	688	
Green Lake.....	15,939	15,163	776	
Iowa.....	23,447	22,117	1,330	
*Iron.....	5,338		5,338	
Jackson.....	16,722	15,797	925	
Jefferson.....	36,317	33,530	2,787	
Juneau.....	18,754	17,121	1,633	
Kenosha.....	17,548	15,581	1,967	
Kewaunee.....	17,632	16,153	1,479	
La Crosse.....	43,610	38,801	4,809	
Lafayette.....	21,488	20,285	1,223	
Langlade.....	11,092	9,465	1,627	
Lincoln.....	14,765	12,008	2,757	
Manitowoc.....	40,802	37,831	2,971	
Marathon.....	36,598	30,369	6,229	
Marinette.....	27,271	20,304	6,967	
Marquette.....	10,203	9,676	527	
Milwaukee.....	237,922	236,101	51,821	
Monroe.....	26,350	23,211	3,139	
Oconto.....	18,339	15,009	3,330	
†Oneida.....	7,060	5,010	2,050	
Outagamie.....	44,404	38,690	5,714	
Ozaukee.....	16,545	14,943	1,602	
Pepin.....	7,567	6,932	635	
Pierce.....	23,040	20,385	2,655	
Polk.....	16,117	12,968	3,149	
Portage.....	28,531	24,796	3,733	
Price.....	7,257	5,258	1,999	
Racine.....	41,110	36,268	4,842	
Richland.....	19,619	19,121	498	
Rock.....	48,414	43,220	5,194	
St. Croix.....	25,870	23,139	2,731	
Sauk.....	32,919	30,575	2,344	
Sawyer.....	3,741	1,977	1,764	
Shawano.....	22,573	19,236	3,337	
Sheboygan.....	48,396	42,489	5,907	
Taylor.....	8,498	6,731	1,767	
Trempealeau.....	21,963	18,920	3,043	
Vernon.....	27,035	25,111	1,924	
†Vilas.....	3,801		3,801	
Walworth.....	29,162	27,860	1,302	
Washburn.....	4,266	2,926	1,340	
Washington.....	24,077	22,751	1,326	
Waukesha.....	36,562	33,270	3,292	
Waupaca.....	30,793	26,794	3,999	
Waushara.....	15,355	13,507	1,848	
Winnebago.....	57,627	50,097	7,530	
Wood.....	21,637	18,127	3,510	
Total.....	1,937,915	1,686,880	253,857	2,822

*Iron county created out of Ashland and Oneida in 1893.

†Vilas county created out of Oneida in 1893.

Net gain since 1890, 251,035.



HENRY GIGLME CO., MILWAUKEE.

MAIN BUILDING, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.

COMPARATIVE TABLE SHOWING THE POPULATION OF CITIES, AND OF VILLAGES OF 1,000 OR MORE IN 1895, AND GAIN OR LOSS SINCE 1890.

CITIES.	1895.	1890.	Gain.	Loss.
Ahnapee.....	1,603	1,015	588	.....
Alma.....	1,529	1,428	101	.....
Altoona.....	767	805	.....	38
Antigo.....	5,002	4,424	578	.....
Appleton.....	14,641	11,860	2,772	.....
Ashland.....	12,310	9,956	2,354	.....
Augusta.....	1,356	1,187	169	.....
Barron.....	1,204	829	375	.....
Baraboo.....	5,484	4,605	879	.....
Beaver Dam.....	5,042	4,222	820	.....
Beloit.....	7,786	6,315	1,471	.....
Berlin.....	4,279	4,149	130	.....
Black River Falls.....	2,068	2,261	.....	193
Boscobel.....	1,479	1,570	.....	91
Brodhead.....	1,717	1,461	256	.....
Buffalo City.....	291	223	68	.....
Cedarburg.....	1,652	1,361	291	.....
Centralia.....	2,039	1,435	604	.....
Chetek.....	457	406	51	.....
Chilton.....	1,601	1,424	177	.....
Chippewa Falls.....	9,196	8,670	526	.....
Clintonville.....	1,521	1,406	115	.....
Columbus.....	2,287	1,977	310	.....
Cumberland.....	1,426	1,219	207	.....
* Colby.....	513	.....	.....	.....
Darlington.....	1,811	1,589	222	.....
DePere.....	4,292	3,625	667	.....
Dodgeville.....	2,031	1,722	309	.....
Durand.....	1,372	1,154	218	.....
Eau Claire.....	18,637	17,415	1,222	.....
Edgerton.....	1,972	1,595	377	.....
Elroy.....	1,590	1,413	177	.....
Fond du Lac.....	13,051	12,024	1,027	.....
Fort Atkinson.....	2,815	2,283	532	.....
Fountain City.....	1,065	972	93	.....
* Glenwood.....	2,008	.....	.....	.....
Grand Rapids.....	2,013	1,702	311	.....
† Green Bay.....	18,290	9,069	9,221	.....
* Greenwood.....	559	.....	.....	.....
Hartford.....	1,607	1,296	311	.....
Hudson.....	3,333	2,885	448	.....
Janesville.....	12,971	10,833	2,138	.....
Jefferson.....	2,702	2,287	415	.....
Juneau.....	790	701	89	.....
Kaukauna.....	5,451	4,687	764	.....
Kenosha.....	8,122	6,532	1,590	.....
Kewaunee.....	1,529	1,216	313	.....
La Crosse.....	28,769	25,000	3,769	.....
Lake Geneva.....	2,452	2,297	155	.....
Lancaster.....	2,174	1,543	631	.....
Madison.....	15,950	13,426	2,524	.....
Manitowoc.....	9,427	7,710	1,717	.....
Marinette.....	15,285	11,523	3,762	.....
Marshfield.....	4,586	3,450	1,136	.....
Mauston.....	1,517	1,313	204	.....
Mayville.....	1,539	1,165	374	.....
Medford.....	1,518	1,193	325	.....
Mena-sha.....	6,154	4,581	1,573	.....
Monomoniae.....	6,198	5,491	707	.....
Merrill.....	8,607	6,809	1,798	.....
Milwaukee.....	249,290	201,468	48,822	.....
Mineral Point.....	3,138	2,694	442	.....
Mondovi.....	923	503	420	.....
Monroe.....	3,813	3,788	25	.....
Neeah.....	5,781	5,083	698	.....
Neillsville.....	2,206	1,936	270	.....
New Lisbon.....	1,067	990	77	.....
New London.....	2,494	2,050	444	.....
New Richmond.....	1,680	1,408	272	.....
Oconomowoc.....	3,178	2,729	449	.....

* Organized since 1890.

† The city of Fort Howard has been consolidated with Green Bay since 1890.

COMPARATIVE TABLE SHOWING THE POPULATION OF CITIES, AND OF VILLAGES OF 1,000 OR MORE IN 1895, AND GAIN OR LOSS SINCE 1890.—Cont.

CITIES.	1895.	1890.	Gain.	Loss.
Oconto.....	6,017	5,219	798	.....
Oshtosh.....	1,634	1,587	47	.....
Oshkosh.....	26,947	22,836	4,111	.....
*Phillips.....	1,652	.....	.....	5
Pittsville.....	648	653	.....	.....
Platteville.....	3,321	2,740	581	.....
Plymouth.....	2,213	1,503	710	.....
Portage.....	5,419	5,143	276	.....
Port Washington.....	2,661	1,659	1,002	.....
Prairie du Chien.....	3,286	3,131	155	.....
Prescott.....	966	911	55	.....
Racine.....	24,889	21,014	3,875	.....
Reedsburg.....	2,116	1,787	379	.....
Rhineland.....	4,330	2,658	1,672	.....
Rice Lake.....	3,162	2,130	1,032	.....
Richland Center.....	2,041	1,819	222	.....
Ripon.....	4,380	3,358	1,022	.....
River Falls.....	1,919	1,783	136	.....
Seymour.....	932	733	199	.....
Shawano.....	1,759	1,505	254	.....
Sheboygan.....	21,130	16,359	4,771	.....
Shullsburg.....	1,295	1,393	.....	98
Sparta.....	3,511	2,795	716	.....
Stevens Point.....	8,995	7,896	1,098	.....
Stoughton.....	2,936	2,470	466	.....
Sturgeon Bay.....	2,790	2,195	595	.....
Superior.....	26,168	11,983	14,185	.....
Tomah.....	2,458	2,199	259	.....
Tomahawk.....	2,296	1,816	480	.....
Two Rivers.....	3,593	2,870	723	.....
Viroqua.....	1,630	1,270	360	.....
Watertown.....	9,922	8,755	1,167	.....
Waupaca.....	2,823	2,127	696	.....
Waupun.....	3,216	2,757	459	.....
Wausau.....	11,013	9,253	1,760	.....
West Bend.....	1,766	1,296	470	.....
Whitewater.....	3,799	4,359	.....	560
VILLAGES.				
Arcadia.....	1,012	659	353	.....
Bayfield.....	1,368	1,373	.....	5
Burlington.....	2,428	2,043	385	.....
Delavan.....	2,238	2,038	200	.....
Eagle River.....	1,454	1,154	300	.....
Elkhorn.....	1,728	1,447	281	.....
Evansville.....	1,716	1,523	193	.....
Fox Lake.....	1,003	814	189	.....
Horicon.....	1,513	1,354	159	.....
Kilbourn City.....	1,207	961	246	.....
Lake Mills.....	1,175	1,053	122	.....
Mazomanie.....	1,015	1,034	.....	19
Necedah.....	1,680	1,708	.....	28
Omro.....	1,395	1,232	163	.....
Princeton.....	1,195	986	209	.....
Sheboygan Falls.....	1,120	1,118	2	.....
*Shell Lake.....	1,693	.....	.....	.....
*South Milwaukee.....	2,662	.....	.....	.....
Washburn.....	5,175	3,039	2,139	.....
Waukesha.....	7,222	6,321	901	.....
*Wauwatosa.....	2,755	.....	.....	.....
Waterloo.....	1,122	882	240	.....
Winneconne.....	1,130	1,086	44	.....

* Organized since 1890.

SUMMARY OF THE POPULATION, EX-SOLDIERS AND SAILORS AND MILITIA,
BY COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	AGGREGATE POPULATION.			Ex-S'ldiers and Sailors	Militia.
	Male.	Female.	Total.		
Adams	4,019	3,513	7,532	200	1,357
Ashland	9,817	7,424	17,241	92	4,963
Barron	10,837	9,285	20,122	343	3,846
Bayfield	7,694	4,901	12,595	89	4,283
Brown	23,525	22,098	45,623	484	7,801
Buffalo	8,955	7,976	16,931	237	3,192
Burnett	3,159	2,733	5,892	35	969
Calumet	9,208	8,536	17,744	213	3,118
Chippewa	15,479	13,248	28,727	354	5,741
Clark	11,289	10,053	21,342	401	3,731
Columbia	15,733	15,135	30,868	485	6,161
Crawford	8,873	8,330	17,203	399	3,060
Dane	33,980	31,689	65,669	762	13,572
Dodge	24,894	22,957	47,851	410	8,902
Door	9,002	7,967	16,969	159	2,915
Douglas	16,818	13,168	29,986	186	9,116
Dunn	13,174	11,832	25,006	393	4,398
Eau Claire	17,210	15,962	33,172	450	6,570
Florence	1,576	1,274	2,850	22	615
Fond du Lac	23,762	23,674	47,436	506	8,532
Forest	745	543	1,288	24	388
Grant	19,348	19,024	38,372	841	6,998
Green	12,131	11,289	23,420	428	4,515
Green Lake	8,044	7,895	15,939	216	2,727
Iowa	11,977	11,470	23,447	281	4,384
Iron	3,267	2,071	5,338	20	1,742
Jackson	8,780	7,942	16,722	302	2,810
Jefferson	18,469	17,848	36,317	384	6,719
Juneau	9,660	9,094	18,754	459	3,224
Kenosha	8,991	8,557	17,548	176	3,512
Kewaunee	9,159	8,473	17,632	130	2,966
La Crosse	21,995	21,615	43,610	441	8,352
Lafayette	10,974	10,514	21,488	292	4,195
Langlade	6,023	5,069	11,092	150	2,372
Lincoln	7,884	6,881	14,765	75	3,422
Manitowoc	20,859	19,943	40,802	421	7,332
Marathon	19,205	17,393	36,598	292	6,808
Marinette	14,866	12,405	27,271	150	6,260
Marquette	5,211	4,992	10,203	197	1,666
Milwaukee	143,820	144,102	287,922	3,934	55,794
Monroe	13,667	12,683	26,350	533	4,313
Oconto	9,842	8,497	18,339	227	3,426
Oneida	4,188	2,572	7,060	57	2,264
Outagamie	22,639	21,765	44,404	547	8,129
Ozaukee	8,598	7,947	16,545	133	2,978
Pepin	3,940	3,627	7,567	123	1,326
Pierce	12,056	10,984	23,040	415	4,376
Polk	8,689	7,428	16,117	218	2,856
Portage	14,747	13,784	28,531	409	4,925
Price	4,251	2,966	7,257	63	1,910
Racine	21,029	20,081	41,110	447	8,470
Richland	10,099	9,520	19,619	591	3,585
Rock	24,399	24,015	48,414	812	9,778
St. Croix	13,558	12,312	25,870	336	4,684
Sauk	16,772	16,147	32,919	697	5,944
Sawyer	2,036	1,645	3,741	38	783
Shawano	11,900	10,613	22,573	170	3,903
Sheboygan	24,735	23,601	48,396	524	9,012
Taylor	4,726	3,772	8,498	76	1,939
Trempealeau	11,415	10,518	21,963	215	3,953
Vernon	14,093	12,942	27,035	565	4,842
Vilas	2,352	1,449	3,801	20	1,034
Walworth	14,736	14,426	29,162	534	5,513
Washburn	2,322	1,944	4,266	63	908
Washington	12,333	11,744	24,077	216	4,347
Waukesha	18,886	17,676	36,562	409	7,062
Waupaca	16,169	14,624	30,793	802	5,685
Waushara	8,214	7,141	15,355	468	2,946
Winnebago	28,806	28,821	57,627	843	10,716
Wood	11,282	10,355	21,637	288	3,968
Total	1,003,241	934,674	1,937,915	26,307	374,661

PERCENTAGE OF NATIVE AND FOREIGN BORN OF THE TOTAL POPULATION.

Total Percentage of Foreign Born, 27.04

COUNTIES.	Total Per Cent. of Native Born.	Total Per Cent. of Foreign Born.	Total Per Cent. of Germans.	Total Per Cent. of Scandinav- ians.	Total Per Cent. of all other Foreign Countries
Iron.....	52.08	47.92	04.06	16.12	27.74
Price.....	52.32	47.68	16.70	23.23	07.74
Florence.....	56.63	43.37	05.82	21.93	15.62
Bayfield.....	57.76	42.24	03.23	21.10	17.91
Taylor.....	58.18	41.82	28.02	04.61	09.19
Burnett.....	58.72	41.28	00.63	40.09	00.56
Douglas.....	61.85	38.15	02.73	18.52	16.90
Marinette.....	63.49	37.51	09.29	11.97	16.25
Ashland.....	64.59	35.41	10.97	11.04	13.40
Milwaukee.....	65.60	34.40	24.17	00.85	09.38
Polk.....	65.71	34.29	03.29	27.38	03.62
Shawano.....	65.73	34.27	22.39	05.58	06.29
Marathon.....	66.79	33.21	25.95	02.29	04.97
Portage.....	67.91	32.09	10.64	05.80	15.65
Eau Claire.....	68.31	31.69	09.79	14.31	07.59
Racine.....	68.85	31.15	12.39	11.63	07.13
Lincoln.....	68.89	31.11	16.90	06.93	07.28
Wood.....	69.23	30.77	18.99	04.16	07.61
Washburn.....	68.39	30.61	03.94	16.13	10.55
Oconto.....	69.85	30.15	10.79	04.81	14.55
Barron.....	70.05	29.95	05.08	17.22	07.65
Trempealeau.....	70.52	29.48	05.65	19.93	03.90
Kewaunee.....	71.03	28.97	10.39	00.53	18.05
Door.....	71.27	28.73	09.63	10.07	09.04
Chippewa.....	71.56	28.44	09.69	06.90	11.85
Shoebogon.....	71.74	28.26	22.74	00.44	05.08
Green Lake.....	71.94	28.06	22.17	00.47	05.42
Winnebago.....	72.01	27.99	15.02	02.98	09.98
St. Croix.....	72.13	27.87	04.62	14.11	09.13
La Crosse.....	72.20	27.80	12.11	10.37	05.32
Kenosha.....	72.25	27.75	16.53	04.38	07.44
Dunn.....	72.32	27.68	10.75	14.08	02.83
Sawyer.....	72.71	27.29	01.02	18.34	07.94
Manitowoc.....	73.39	26.61	16.81	01.52	08.28
Pepin.....	73.87	26.13	04.28	14.80	07.05
Waupaca.....	74.06	25.94	13.59	08.67	03.68
Forest.....	74.07	25.93	14.60	02.25	09.08
Clark.....	74.08	25.92	15.16	05.38	05.38
Jefferson.....	74.11	25.89	21.84	00.70	03.35
Ozaukee.....	74.42	25.58	20.95	00.38	04.25
Dodge.....	74.53	25.47	21.34	00.30	03.74
Buffalo.....	74.96	25.04	16.33	06.00	02.71
Ontagamie.....	75.13	24.87	17.79	00.66	06.42
Marquette.....	75.27	24.73	18.69	01.14	04.90
Pierce.....	75.68	24.32	05.46	14.80	04.05
Jackson.....	75.69	24.31	05.08	16.32	02.92
Vilas.....	76.01	23.99	06.03	01.76	16.20
Waukesha.....	76.22	23.78	05.13	07.52	11.13
Dane.....	76.50	23.50	14.44	01.98	07.08
Langlade.....	76.61	23.39	07.96	10.88	04.55
Washington.....	76.64	23.36	13.15	01.71	08.50
Columbia.....	78.12	21.88	19.94	00.23	01.71
Monroe.....	78.45	21.55	11.29	02.87	07.39
Calumet.....	78.68	21.32	12.00	04.34	04.98
Fond du Lac.....	78.90	21.10	18.33	00.16	02.61
Sauk.....	79.30	20.70	14.59	00.20	05.91
Green.....	79.67	20.33	15.32	00.49	04.53
Oneida.....	79.75	20.25	08.03	02.29	09.93
Juneau.....	79.93	20.07	02.89	09.60	07.68
Iowa.....	80.69	19.31	09.03	04.14	06.14
Vernon.....	80.89	19.11	04.25	03.68	11.18
Waushara.....	81.62	18.38	02.88	12.07	03.42
Walworth.....	81.80	18.20	10.71	03.70	03.78
Adams.....	82.95	17.05	08.08	02.18	06.78
Lafayette.....	83.03	16.97	05.24	06.41	05.32
Rock.....	83.51	16.49	03.71	04.45	08.33
Grant.....	83.86	16.14	05.95	03.90	06.29
Crawford.....	84.85	15.15	07.48	00.89	06.78
Richland.....	85.21	14.79	03.39	04.78	06.62
Richland.....	93.62	06.38	02.55	01.20	02.63

FOREIGN BORN POPULATION IN WISCONSIN.

Distributed according to country of birth.—Compiled from census of Wisconsin, 1895.

TEUTONS.		NORTH AMERICANS.	
Germany	268,469	British Americans.....	24,441
Switzerland.....	334		
Holland	6,961		
Austria.....	120		
Belgium.....	194	SLAVS.	
	276,078	Poland	4,428
		Bohemia	1,462
SCANDINAVIANS.		Russia.....	226
Norway	106,468	Hungary	13
Denmark.....	432		6,129
Sweden.....	111		
	107,011	GRAECO LATINS.	
IRISH.		France	3,375
Ireland.....	25,902	Italy	39
		Portugal	1
ANGLO SAXON.			3,415
Great Britain.....	28,269	ALL OTHERS.	
		Various countries.....	52,632
Total foreign born.....			523,877
NATIVE BORN POPULATION IN WISCONSIN.			
White.....	1,407,635		
Colored.....	2,450		
Indians.....	3,953		1,414,038
Total population of state.....			1,937,917

COMPARATIVE NATIVITY TABLE.

Native born, 1890.....	1,167,681	1895.	
Native born, 1895.....	1,414,038		
Increase in 5 years.....	246,357	Percentage of native to total population.....	72.96
		Percentage of total foreign to total population.....	27.04
Foreign born, 1890.....	519,199	Percentage of Scandinavian to total population.....	5.52
Foreign born, 1895.....	523,877	Percentage of German to total population.....	13.85
Increase in 5 years.....	4,678	Percentage of all others.....	7.67
1890.			
Native born.....	1,167,681	1890.	
Scandinavian born.....	99,738		
German born.....	259,819	Percentage of native born to foreign population.....	224.90
All other countries.....	159,642	Percentage of Scandinavian born to foreign population.....	19.21
Total population.....	1,636,880	Percentage of German born to foreign population.....	50.04
1895.		Percentage of all others to foreign population.....	30.75
Native born.....	1,414,038	1895.	
Scandinavian born.....	106,900		
German born.....	268,469	Percentage of native born to foreign population.....	269.92
All other countries.....	148,508	Percentage of Scandinavian born to foreign population.....	20.41
Total population.....	1,937,915	Percentage of German born to foreign population.....	51.25
		Percentage of all others to foreign population.....	28.34
Germans, 1890.....	259,819	Percentage of, increase 1890 to 1895:	
Germans, 1895.....	268,469	Native born.....	13.39
Increase in 5 years.....	8,650	Scandinavians.....	7.18
		Germans.....	3.33
Scandinavian, 1890.....	99,738	All others (decrease).....	6.97
Scandinavian, 1895.....	106,900		
Increase in 5 years.....	7,162	Number per square mile, 1890.	1895.
		Native born.....	21.46
All other countries, 1890.....	159,642	Scandinavians.....	1.83
All other countries, 1895.....	148,508	Germans.....	4.77
Decrease in 5 years.....	11,134	All others.....	2.92
1890.			
Percentage of native to total population.....	69.22	increase of Native born.	Foreign born.
Percentage of total foreign to total population.....	30.78	1850-1860.....	155.99
Percentage of Scandinavian to total population.....	5.91	1860-1870.....	38.32
Percentage of German to total population.....	15.40	1870-1880.....	31.86
Percentage of all others.....	9.47	1880-1890.....	28.31
		1890-1895.....	13.39
			150.66
			31.62
			11.23
			28.06
			90

SCHOOL CENSUS STATISTICS, 1895-1896.

CITIES UNDER CITY SUPERINTENDENTS.	CHILDREN RESIDING IN CITY.			ENROLLMENT.			TEACHERS EMPLOYED.		
	<i>Between 4 and 20.</i>			<i>Between 4 and 20 at- tending public schools.</i>			Male.	Fe- male.	Total
	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.			
Total.....	111,650	114,482	226,132	55,978	56,863	112,841	264	2,182	2,446
Antigo.....	818	786	1,604	379	465	844	1	17	18
Appleton.....	2,483	2,654	5,137	1,183	1,150	2,333	10	51	61
Ashland.....	1,631	1,698	3,349	972	996	1,968	4	34	38
Baraboo.....	725	837	1,562	687	789	1,476	1	29	30
Beaver Dam.....	921	874	1,795	478	446	924	1	19	20
Beloit.....	1,263	1,325	2,588	835	952	1,787	3	40	43
Berlin.....	681	670	1,351	400	424	824	3	17	20
Brodhead.....	235	224	459	215	199	414	1	10	11
Chippewa Falls.....	1,503	1,613	3,116	634	719	1,353	5	29	34
Columbus.....	307	331	638	237	232	469	1	10	11
De Pere.....	456	510	966	150	170	320		8	8
Eau Claire.....	3,138	3,168	6,306	2,116	2,015	4,131	9	73	82
Fond du Lac.....	2,255	2,534	4,789	1,164	1,322	2,486	2	55	57
Grand Rapids.....	381	348	729	218	205	423	3	7	10
Green Bay.....	2,960	3,063	6,023	1,826	1,763	3,589	4	62	66
Hudson.....	488	529	1,017	401	447	848	1	16	17
Janesville.....	2,124	2,184	4,312	1,106	1,192	2,298	5	51	56
Kaukauna.....	1,097	1,127	2,224	398	382	780	3	14	17
Kenosha.....	1,406	1,380	2,786	519	581	1,100	2	23	25
La Crosse.....	4,787	5,249	10,036	2,048	3,072	5,120	9	106	115
Madison.....	2,444	2,477	4,921	1,262	1,266	2,528	3	55	58
Marinette.....	2,576	2,473	5,049	1,739	1,635	3,374	3	56	59
Menasha.....	1,045	1,066	2,111	396	430	826	2	16	18
Menomonie.....	1,041	1,052	2,133	848	860	1,708	6	40	46
Merrill.....	1,390	1,477	2,867	885	938	1,823	4	29	33
Milwaukee.....	44,745	45,431	90,176	18,259	17,285	35,544	95	676	771
Mineral Point.....	531	576	1,107	353	387	740	3	12	15
Ncenah.....	1,020	1,140	2,160	630	647	1,277	1	27	28
New London.....	436	441	877	200	222	422	1	10	11
Oconto.....	980	946	1,926	502	409	911	5	16	21
Onalaska.....	307	297	604	252	213	465	1	9	10
Oshkosh.....	4,206	4,494	8,700	2,739	2,782	5,521	10	73	83
Portage.....	868	928	1,796	491	500	991	1	19	20
Prairie du Chien.....	555	580	1,135	247	248	495	3	9	12
Racine.....	4,056	4,271	8,327	2,121	2,241	4,362	9	84	93
Reedsburg.....	333	338	671	251	244	495	3	8	11
Rice Lake.....	447	462	909	383	379	762	3	9	12
Ripon.....	535	548	1,083	435	415	850	2	16	18
Sheboygan.....	3,902	3,891	7,793	1,682	1,763	3,445	15	70	85
Stevens Point.....	1,841	1,834	3,675	844	794	1,638	4	39	43
Sturgeon Bay.....	535	542	1,077	334	327	661	5	12	17
Superior.....	3,058	3,054	6,112	2,402	2,545	4,947	7	114	121
Tomahawk.....	307	348	655	251	336	587	1	12	13
Watertown.....	1,827	1,776	3,603	568	569	1,137	3	21	24
Waupaca.....	401	404	805	347	348	695	1	14	15
Wausau.....	2,077	2,056	4,133	1,221	1,188	2,409	3	49	52
Whitewater.....	464	476	940	370	371	741	2	16	18

SCHOOL CENSUS STATISTICS, 1895-1896.

COUNTIES—Exclusive of cities under city superintendents.	CHILDREN BETWEEN 4 AND 20.			TEACHERS EMPLOYED.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Totals.....	235,363	222,424	457,787	2,176	7,712	9,888
Adams.....	1,628	1,395	3,023	12	105	117
Ashland.....	820	688	1,508	6	31	37
Barron.....	3,490	3,241	6,731	46	132	178
Bayfield.....	1,510	1,430	2,940	9	42	51
Brown.....	5,459	5,167	10,626	34	53	92
Buffalo.....	3,242	3,091	6,333	41	82	123
Burnett.....	1,191	1,065	2,256	7	43	50
Calumet.....	3,623	3,533	7,156	28	59	87
Chippewa.....	3,982	3,627	7,609	38	186	224
Clark.....	4,292	4,175	8,467	50	154	204
Columbia.....	3,780	3,505	7,285	50	225	275
Crawford.....	2,715	2,596	5,311	35	115	150
Dane.....	8,523	7,946	16,469	68	308	376
Dodge.....	7,183	6,615	13,798	78	196	274
Door.....	3,111	2,845	5,956	23	53	76
Douglas.....	510	452	962	6	29	35
Dunn.....	3,635	3,466	7,121	35	114	149
Eau Claire.....	2,813	2,629	5,442	21	103	124
Florence.....	472	492	964	2	15	17
Fond du Lac.....	5,420	5,111	10,531	42	202	244
Forest.....	184	186	370	2	25	27
Grant.....	6,667	6,506	13,173	56	324	380
Green.....	3,883	3,529	7,412	59	227	286
Green Lake.....	2,133	2,051	4,184	22	90	112
Iowa.....	3,601	3,517	7,118	23	143	171
Iron.....	727	665	1,392	5	20	25
Jackson.....	3,236	3,071	6,307	34	123	157
Jefferson.....	5,176	4,905	10,081	35	157	192
Juneau.....	3,454	3,320	6,774	35	147	182
Kenosha.....	1,632	1,527	3,159	19	65	84
Kewaunee.....	3,516	3,419	6,965	38	32	70
La Crosse.....	2,451	2,285	4,736	18	65	83
Lafayette.....	3,769	3,624	7,393	41	161	202
Langlade.....	1,204	1,103	2,307	13	69	82
Lincoln.....	753	759	1,512	12	43	55
Manitowoc.....	8,049	7,634	15,683	75	82	157
Marathon.....	5,279	5,014	10,293	64	132	196
Marinette.....	2,195	2,081	4,276	12	45	57
Marquette.....	2,017	2,015	4,062	20	67	87
Milwaukee.....	6,381	6,993	12,474	49	88	137
Monroe.....	4,770	4,615	9,385	35	197	232
Oconto.....	2,769	2,541	5,310	21	57	78
Oneida.....	855	874	1,729	2	37	39
Outagamie.....	4,733	4,422	9,155	22	130	152
Ozaukee.....	3,298	3,150	6,448	47	33	80
Pepin.....	1,472	1,390	2,862	12	44	56
Pierce.....	4,245	4,107	8,352	57	115	172
Polk.....	3,218	2,962	6,180	28	125	153
Portage.....	3,944	3,627	7,571	29	117	146
Price.....	1,140	1,007	2,147	10	65	75
Racine.....	2,783	2,502	5,285	18	66	84
Richland.....	3,646	3,382	7,028	36	180	240
Rock.....	4,407	4,211	8,618	46	266	302
St. Croix.....	4,388	3,949	8,337	46	147	193
Sauk.....	4,814	4,586	9,380	53	184	217
Sawyer.....	337	362	699	7	25	32
Shawano.....	4,683	4,459	9,125	33	108	141
Sheboygan.....	5,019	4,865	9,884	54	114	168
Taylor.....	1,655	1,552	3,207	16	64	80
Trempealeau.....	4,236	3,960	8,196	32	129	161
Vernon.....	5,173	4,916	10,089	55	215	270
Vilas.....	402	384	786	4	13	17
Walworth.....	3,810	3,574	7,384	29	167	196
Washburn.....	735	671	1,406	6	34	40
Washington.....	4,610	4,590	9,200	48	79	127
Waukesha.....	5,732	5,505	11,238	49	152	201
Waupaca.....	4,890	4,528	9,418	40	138	178
Waushara.....	2,944	2,609	5,553	33	130	163
Winnebago.....	2,963	2,868	5,836	28	124	152
Wood.....	3,943	3,872	7,820	23	95	118



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

ARMORY AND LAW BUILDINGS, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.

SUMMARY OF SCHOOL STATISTICS.

CENSUS.	June 30, 1894, to June 30, 1895.	June 30, 1895, to June 30, 1896.
Number between 4 and 20 residing in the state	674,612	684,890
Number between 7 and 13 residing in the state	303,075	305,843
Number between 7 and 13 who attended public school 12 weeks or more	232,597	238,082
Number between 7 and 13 who attended private school 12 weeks or more	48,417	48,433
<i>Enrollment in public schools.</i>		
Number between 4 and 20	398,457	409,058
Number under four	477	468
Number over 20	998	786
Total number	399,932	410,312
<i>Some percentages.</i>		
Per cent. of the number between 4 and 20 enrolled in the public schools	59.	59.7
Per cent. of those between 7 and 13 who attended public schools 12 weeks or more	76.7	77.8
Per cent. of those between 7 and 13 who attended private schools 12 weeks or more	15.9	15.8
Per cent. of those between 7 and 13 who did not attend any school 12 weeks or more	7.4	6.3
<i>School houses.</i>		
Number of school houses in the state	6,668	8,050
Seating capacity of all public school houses	463,016	476,694
<i>Teachers.</i>		
Number of male teachers employed	2,346	2,440
Number of female teachers employed	9,988	9,894
Total number employed	12,334	12,334
Average monthly wages of males (outside of cities)	\$44.68	\$45.70
Average monthly wages of females (outside of cities)	\$29.78	\$30.13
<i>Teachers' qualifications.</i>		
Number of normal teachers employed, graduates, in counties	195	246
Number of normal teachers employed, undergraduates, in counties	1,688	1,775
Number of teachers holding state certificates, in counties	265	341
First grade certificates granted—		
By county superintendents	494	464
By city superintendents	82	95
Second grade certificates granted—		
By county superintendents	1,541	1,582
By city superintendents	265	215
Third grade certificates granted—		
By county superintendents	7,634	7,079
By city superintendents	431	546
Certificates limited to less than one year, in counties	830	625
Total certificates granted	11,277	10,606
Applicants refused certificates—		
By county superintendents	6,018	2,661
By city superintendents	190	281
<i>State certificates and diplomas.</i>		
Number of unlimited state certificates granted	7	11
Number of limited state certificates granted	22	23
Number of diplomas of University of Wisconsin countersigned	26	37
Number of diplomas of normal schools countersigned	112	116
Number of certificates of normal schools countersigned	55	53
Number of diplomas of colleges countersigned	19	16
Number of diplomas of foreign colleges countersigned	3	5
Number of county superintendents' certificates granted	7	48
<i>Township libraries.</i>		
Number of towns complying with the law	369	897
Amount expended for books	\$9,981 27	\$31,732 12
Number of books bought	13,750	44,421
Whole number of books in town libraries	94,905	139,326
Total amount expended for books since 1887	\$53,757 80	\$85,489 92
<i>District libraries.—(Obtained by local taxation.)</i>		
Number of books bought	10,985	9,638
Total number of books in the libraries	74,824	84,462

PART V.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.



SCIENCE HALL, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

SOUTH HALL, LADIES' HALL AND NORTH HALL, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.



STATE INSTITUTIONS.

Age, wealth and population considered, the state of Wisconsin is unexcelled in the matter of public institutions. Its educational, as well as its penal and charitable institutions, have been liberally established and supported, and every effort has been put forth to raise to the highest degree the character and efficiency of them all.

This state, like others, has been aided in no small measure in the establishment of educational institutions by the far sighted bounty of congress. Liberal grants of public lands have greatly stimulated the ambition and furthered the efforts of the people of this state to provide amply for the advanced as well as the elementary education of their children. An elaborate and well organized system of common schools, high schools and normal schools, lead up to the state university, which already stands with dignity among the leading universities of the country. There are over six thousand public common schools and one hundred and fifty high schools, employing over twelve thousand teachers. These schools are supported partly by the income of the "trust funds," so called, and partly by the levy of a fixed general tax, provided by law. All fines and penalties collected under any penal statute are also payable to the trust fund. The school fund income realized from various sources, during the year 1896, the following amounts:

Interest on land certificates, loans and bonds.....	\$81,674 41
Interest on certificates of indebtedness.....	109,459 00
The one mill tax.....	603,473 00
Interest, etc.....	31,571 45
Total.....	\$829,177 89

The other educational funds aggregated in income:

University fund.....	\$408,213 73
Agricultural College Fund.....	14,909 38
Normal School Fund.....	240,414 81

THE STATE CAPITOL.

The site of the present State Capitol was selected by the Hon. James D. Doty, October 27, 1836, and in December of the same year the territorial legislature, in session at Belmont, passed an act to establish the Capital at Madison. Messrs. James D. Doty, A. A. Bird and John F. O'Neill were appointed by the general government commissioners for constructing the capitol, and work was commenced on the building in the month of June following, under the direction of Mr. Bird. On the 4th of July, 1837, the corner-stone was laid with appropriate ceremonies. The legislature met for the first time in Madison, November 26, 1838. The capitol building was not then in a suitable condition for the sessions of that body, so it assembled in the basement of the old American House, where Governor Dodge delivered his annual message. Here the Legislature met and adjourned from day to day, until temporary arrangements could be made for the reception of members in the Assembly Hall. During 1836 and 1837, the national government appropriated \$40,000 for the capitol building, Dane county, \$4,000, and the territorial legislature about \$16,000; making the complete cost of the old capitol \$60,000. The building, when finished, was a substantial structure, which, in architectural design and convenience of arrangement, compared favorably with capitols of adjacent and older states.

The warranty deed of the capitol square was given to the Territory, in consideration of \$1.00 received, and the benefits and advantages to be derived from the location, by Stevens T. Mason, Julia G. Mason and Kintzing Prichett, of Detroit, and through their attorney, Moses M. Strong. It is dated Mineral Point, 16th January, 1839; and the square is described as sections 13, 14, 23 and 24, in township 7, range 9 east. This interesting document is now on file in the office of the State Treasurer.

On the admission of Wisconsin into the Union as a state, in 1848, the constitutional convention then permanently located the capital at Madison. The capitol building proving inadequate to the growing wants of the State, the legislature of 1857 provided for its enlargement. By this act, the commissioners of school and university lands were directed to sell the ten sections of land appropriated by congress "for the completion of public buildings," and apply the proceeds toward enlarging and improving the state capitol. The state also appropriated \$30,000 for the same object, and \$50,000 was given by the city of Madison. The Governor and Secretary of State were made commissioners for conducting the work, which was begun in the fall of 1857, and continued from year to year until 1869, when the dome was completed.

The legislature of 1882 appropriated \$200,000 for the construction of two transverse wings to the capitol building, one on the north and the other on the south sides thereof, in order to provide additional room for the State Historical Society, the Supreme Court, the State Library, and for the increasing work of the state offices. The Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, with N. B. Van Slyke and John Winans, representing the Supreme Court, and E. W. Keyes, representing the Historical Society, were made commissioners for carrying out the work. The plans of architect D. R. Jones were adopted, and the bid of Bentleys & Nowlan, contractors, was accepted.

The work is now completed and the additional wings ready for occupancy. The picture of the building, elsewhere in this book, is an excellent representation of the State Capitol as it now appears.

The total appropriations for the enlargement of the capitol and for the improvement of the park to the present time are \$829,992.54. This does not include the sum of \$6,500 appropriated, in 1875, for macadamizing to the center of the streets around the park.

The capitol park is nine hundred and fourteen feet square, cornering north, south, east and west, contains fourteen and four-tenths acres, and is situated on an elevation commanding a view of the Third and Fourth lakes and the surrounding country. In the center of the square stands the capitol, one of the most magnificent structures of the kind in the United States. The height of the building from the basement to the top of the flag staff is 225½ feet, while the total length of its north and south wings, exclusive of steps and porches, with the addition of the new wings, is 396 feet, and of the east and west wings, 226 feet. The completeness of the arrangements on the inside fully correspond with the fine external appearance of the capitol.

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

HISTORY AND LOCATION.

In 1838 an act was passed by the territorial legislature establishing the University of the Territory of Wisconsin, and appointing a board of visitors for its government. No action toward establishing the university was taken under this law except the selection of two townships of land appropriated by congress. In 1843 the constitution of the State of Wisconsin made provision for the establishment of a State University.

In 1849 the Board of Regents held its first meeting and began the work of organizing the University. The first building (now North Hall) was constructed in 1851. Four years from that time Agricultural Hall was completed, and in 1861 University Hall was finished. In 1866 the University was reorganized by act of the legislature, which also provided for uniting with the University the College of Agriculture, endowed with the proceeds of the Agricultural College grant given by the United States in 1862. In 1867 the first appropriation of about \$7,000 a year, was made by the state. Since that date the state has made repeated and large appropriations of money for the construction of buildings and for providing apparatus, and also for meeting the ordinary expenses of the institution. The College of Law was established in 1868; the College of Engineering began its work in 1870; the School of Pharmacy in 1883, and the School of Economics, Political Science and History, in 1892.

The University of Wisconsin is picturesquely situated at Madison, the capital of the state of Wisconsin. The University grounds comprise 240 acres, and extend for more than a mile along the south shore of Lake Mendota, a sheet of water about four miles in width and six miles in length. University hill occupies the eastern part of the grounds. It rises abruptly from the lake and has two summits, of which the eastern and higher reaches a height of about one hundred feet above the lake. Most of the college buildings are placed on the summit and eastern slope of this hill. The western part of the grounds is lower and more nearly level and is occupied by the Experimental Farm, belonging to the College of Agriculture. East of the University hill lies a small tract known as the Lower Campus, used for athletic sports and as the drill ground. In accordance with a requirement of the Legislature in 1895, a portion of the Lower Campus has been deeded by the Regents of the University to the State as a site for the State Historical Society Library, now in process of erection. At the session of 1893 the legislature provided for the purchase of Camp Randall, a tract of ground including 42 acres, and joining the University grounds to the southwest.

The buildings of the University which are used for instructional purposes are fourteen in number. The three oldest, University Hall, North Hall and Agricultural Hall, stand on or near the eastern summit of University Hill. Agricultural Hall is occupied by the offices, lecture rooms, and laboratories of the College of Agriculture; North Hall is used by the departments of German and Scandinavian languages, and the School of Pharmacy; while University Hall contains the lecture rooms for most of the remaining departments of language and literature. These buildings were erected out of the money derived from the sales of land granted by the national government. Across the east front of the campus, at the foot of University hill, is a row of more recent buildings, all of them erected at the expense of the state of Wisconsin. At the south is Ladies' Hall, built in 1870, much enlarged and improved in 1893, and used as a dormitory for young women; next stands the Library and Library Hall, completed in 1879. Still further north is Science Hall, the largest and most costly of the University buildings, completed in 1887, containing the lecture rooms, laboratories and museums of most of the scientific departments of the University, and of those of the College of Engineering. Next to Lake Mendota is the Chemical Laboratory, built in 1885, and behind this is the Machine Shop, erected in the same year and enlarged in 1894. Half way up the slope of Univer-

sity hill, on the south side, is the new building for the Law School, which in addition to the library and lecture rooms of the College of Law, contains the offices of the Board of Regents, the President of the University, and the rooms of the School of Economics, Political Science and History. On the western summit of University hill is the Washburn Observatory, built in 1878 by the late Hon. C. C. Washburn, and presented to the University. Near it are the Students' Observatory and the astronomer's house. On the western slope of the hill is the building for the Dairy School, constructed in 1891, and near it is placed the new building for Horticulture and Agricultural Physics, whose beginning was authorized by the legislature of 1893 and whose completion was further provided for in 1895; while further west lie the numerous buildings of the Experimental Farm. Between the lower campus and the lake is placed the Armory and Gymnasium, authorized by the legislature of 1891, and still nearer the lake is the University boat house.

BOARD OF REGENTS:

THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, *EX-OFFICIO*,
THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY, *EX-OFFICIO*.

Term expires first Monday in February, 1898.

State at Large.....	H. W. CHYNOWETH.....	Madison.
First district	OGDEN H. FETHERS.....	Janesville.
Third District.....	W. A. JONES	Mineral Point
Sixth District	FRANK CHALLONER.....	Oshkosh.
Eighth District.....	ORLANDO E. CLARK	Appleton.

Term expires first Monday in February, 1899.

Second District.....	B. J. STEVENS	Madison.
Fourth District	GEORGE H. NOYES.....	Milwaukee.
Fifth District.....	JOHN R. RIESS	Sheboygan.
Seventh District.....	WILLIAM P. BARTLETT	Eau Claire.

Term expires first Monday in February, 1900.

State at Large.....	JOHN JOHNSON	Milwaukee.
Ninth District.....	J. A. VAN CLEVE.....	Marinette.
Tenth District.....	JAMES H. STOUT.....	Menomonie.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS.

WILLIAM P. BARTLETT, PRESIDENT.
JOHN W. BASHFORD, VICE-PRESIDENT.
STATE TREASURER, *EX-OFFICIO* TREASURER.
E. F. RILEY, SECRETARY.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS.

1896-97.

Executive—B. J. STEVENS, JOHN JOHNSON, H. W. CHYNOWETH.

College of Law—GEO. H. NOYES, JOHN W. BASHFORD, B. J. STEVENS.

Library—ORLANDO E. CLARK, JOHN W. BASHFORD, J. Q. EMERY.

Mechanic Arts—FRANK CHALLONER, JOHN R. RIESS, W. A. JONES.

Finance—JOHN JOHNSON, JOHN R. RIESS, D. L. PLUMER.

School of Pharmacy—JOHN W. BASHFORD, ORLANDO E. CLARK, OGDEN H. FETHERS.

College of Agriculture—W. A. JONES, ORLANDO E. CLARK, J. Q. EMERY.

Grounds and Buildings—H. W. CHYNOWETH, OGDEN H. FETHERS, B. J. STEVENS.

College Letters and Science—OGDEN H. FETHERS, ORLANDO E. CLARK, GEO. H. NOYES.

School of Economics—J. Q. EMERY, JOHN R. RIESS, FRANK CHALLONER.

University Extension—D. L. PLUMER, JOHN JOHNSON, JOHN W. BASHFORD.

Instructional Force—JOHN R. RIESS, H. W. CHYNOWETH, D. L. PLUMER.

The President of the University is *ex-officio* a member of each committee.



HENRY GUGLER CO.-BLL

HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

MACHINE SHOP, DAIRY AND HORTICULTURAL BUILDINGS,
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

OFFICIAL BOARD OF VISITORS FOR 1896-1897.

State at Large.....	DR. L. R. HEAD.....	Madison.
State at Large.....	HON. GEORGE C. MARKHAM.....	Milwaukee.
State at Large.....	REV. E. G. UPDIKE.....	Madison.
1st Cong. Dist.....	HON. BENJAMIN F. DUNWIDDIE.....	Janesville.
2d Cong. Dist.....	HON. LUCIEN S. HANKS, <i>Chair'n.</i>	Madison.
3d Cong. Dist.....	PROF. DUNCAN MCGREGOR.....	Platteville.
4th Cong. Dist.....	HON. GEORGE W. PECKHAM.....	Milwaukee.
5th Cong. Dist.....	HON. ANSON C. PRESCOTT.....	Sheboygan.
6th Cong. Dist.....	HON. OSCAR A. ALTER.....	Manitowoc.
7th Cong. Dist.....	HON. D. F. JONES.....	Sparta.
8th Cong. Dist.....	HON. THOMAS B. REID.....	Appleton.
9th Cong. Dist.....	MRS. JULIET MEYER BROWN.....	Rhineland.
10th Cong. Dist.....	MRS. CARRIE BAKER OAKES.....	New Richmond.

OFFICERS OF INSTRUCTION AND GOVERNMENT.

Faculty.

ADAMS, CHARLES KENDALL, LL. D., President of the University.
 PARKINSON, JOHN BARBER, A. M., Vice-President, Professor of Constitutional and International Law.
 AUSTIN, LOUIS WINSLOW, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Physics.
 BABCOCK, STEPHEN MOULTON, PH. D., Professor of Agricultural Chemistry and Chief Chemist to the Experiment Station.
 BARNES, CHARLES REID, PH. D., Professor of Botany.
 BASHFORD, ROBERT MCKEE, A. M. LL. B., Professor of the Law of Private Corporations and Commercial Law.
 BIRGE, EDWARD ASAH, PH. D., Dean of the College of Letters and Science.
 BROOKS, JOHN CRAFTS WRIGHT, 1st Lieut. 4th Artillery, U. S. A., Professor of Military Science and Tactics.
 BRYANT, EDWIN EUSTACE, PH. D., Dean of the College of Law, Professor of Practice and Pleading, Equity and Railway Law, and the Law of Public Offices and Officers.
 BULL, STORM, M. E., Professor of Steam Engineering.
 CARPENTER, JAIRUS HARVILIN, LL. D., Mortimer M. Jackson Professor of Contracts.
 CASSODAY, JOHN B., LL. D., Justice of the Supreme Court, Professor of Constitutional Law.
 CHENEY, LELLEN STERLING, M. S., Assistant Professor of Pharmaceutical Botany.
 CLEMENTIS, JULIUS MORGAN, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Geology.
 COFFIN, VICTOR, PH. D., Assistant Professor of European History.
 COMSTOCK, GEORGE CARY, PH. B., LL. B., Professor of Astronomy and Director of Washburn Observatory.
 CRAIG, JOHN ALEXANDER, B. S. A., Professor of Animal Husbandry.
 DANIELS, WILLIAM WILLARD, M. S., Professor of Chemistry.
 DAVIES, JOHN EUGENE, A. M., M. D., LL. D., Professor of Electricity and Magnetism and Mathematical Physics.
 DREW, WILLIAM L., B. S., LL. B., Assistant Professor of Law.
 ELSOM, JAMES CLAUDE, M. D., Professor of Physical Culture and Director of the Gymnasium.
 ELY, RICHARD THEODORE, PH. D., LL. D., Director of the School of Economics, Political Science, and History, and Professor of Political Economy.
 FARRINGTON, EDWARD HOLYOKE, M. S., Associate Professor of Dairy Husbandry.
 FLINT, ALBERT STOWELL, A. M., Assistant Astronomer.

- FORTENBAUGH, SAMUEL BYROD, M. M. E., Assistant Professor of Electrical Engineering.
- FRANKENBURGER, DAVID BOWER, A. M., Professor of Rhetoric and Oratory.
- FREEMAN, JOHN CHARLES, LL. D., Professor of English Literature.
- GIESE, WILLIAM FREDERIC, A. M., Assistant Professor of Romance Languages.
- GOFF, EMMETT STULL, Professor of Horticulture.
- GREGORY, CHARLES NOBLE, A. M., LL. B., Professor of Law and Associate Dean of the College of Law.
- HASKINS, CHARLES HOMER, PH. D., Professor of Institutional History.
- HENRY, WILLIAM ARNON, AGE. B., Dean of the College of Agriculture, Professor of Agriculture.
- HILLYER, HOMER WINTHROP, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Organic Chemistry.
- HOBBES, WILLIAM HERBERT, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Mineralogy and Petrology.
- HUBBARD, FRANK GAYLORD, PH. D., Associate Professor of English Philology.
- JACKSON, DUGALD CALEB, C. E., Professor of Electrical Engineering.
- JASTROW, JOSEPH, PH. D., Professor of Experimental and Comparative Psychology.
- JONES, BURR W., A. M., LL. B., Professor of the Law of Evidence, Public Corporations, and Domestic Relations.
- JONES, FOREST ROBERT, M. E., Professor of Machine Design.
- KERR, ALEXANDER, A. M., Professor of the Greek Language and Literature.
- KING, CHARLES ISAAC, Professor of Mechanical Practice.
- KING, FRANKLIN HIRAM, Professor of Agricultural Physics.
- KNOWLTON, AMOS ARNOLD, A. M., Assistant Professor of Rhetoric.
- KREMERS, EDWARD, PH. G., PH. D., Professor of Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
- LAIRD, ARTHUR GORDON, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Ancient Languages.
- MACK, JOHN GIVAN DAVIS, B. S., M. E., Assistant Professor of Machine Design.
- MARSHALL, WILLIAM STANLEY, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Zoology.
- MAURER, EDWARD ROSE, B. C. E., Assistant Professor of Pure and Applied Mechanics.
- McKERROW, GEORGE, Superintendent of Agricultural Institutes.
- MILLER, WILLIAM SNOW, M. D., Assistant Professor of Vertebrate Anatomy.
- OLIN, JOHN MYERS, A. M., LL. B., Professor of the Law of Real Property, Torts and Wills.
- OLSON, JULIUS EMIL, B. L., Professor of the Scandinavian Languages and Literature.
- OWEN, EDWARD THOMAS, A. B., Professor of the French Language and Literature.
- PARKER, FLETCHER ANDREW, Professor of Music, and Director of the School of Music.
- RAYMOND, JEROME HALL, PH. D., Professor of Sociology, and Secretary of the University Extension Department.
- RICHTER, ARTHUR WILLIAM, M. E., Assistant Professor of Experimental Engineering.
- ROSENSTENGEL, WILLIAM HENRY, A. M., Professor of the German Language and Literature.
- RUSSEL, HARRY LUMAN, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Bacteriology.
- SCOTT, WILLIAM, AMASA, PH. D., Associate Professor of Political Economy.
- SHARP, FRANK CHAPMAN, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Philosophy.
- SKINNER, ERNEST BROWN, A. B., Assistant Professor of Mathematics.
- SLAUGHTER, MOSES STEPHEN, PH. D., Professor of Latin.
- SLICHTER, CHARLES SUMNER, M. S., Professor of Applied Mathematics.
- SMITH, CHARLES FORSTER, PH. D., Professor of Greek and Classical Philology.
- SMITH, LEONARD SEWELL, B. C. E., Assistant Professor of Topographical Engineering.
- SNOW, BENJAMIN WARNER, PH. D., Professor of Physics.
- SOBER, HIRAM ALLEN, A. B., Assistant Professor of Latin.
- STEARNS, JOHN WILLIAM, LL. D., Professor of Philosophy and Pedagogy.
- TRUE, RODNEY HOWARD, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Pharmacognosy.
- TURNAURE, FREDERICK EUGENE, C. E., Professor of Bridge and Hydraulic Engineering.

TURNER, FREDERICK, JACKSON, PH. D., Professor of American History.
 VAN HISE, CHARLES RICHARD, PH. D. Professor of Geology.
 VAN VELZER, CHARLES AMBROSE, PH. D., Professor of Mathematics.
 VOSS, ERNST KARL JOHANN HEINRICH, PH. D., Assistant Professor of German Philology.
 WHITNEY, NELSON OLIVER, C. E., Professor of Railway Engineering.
 WILLIAMS, WILLIAM HOLME, A. B., Professor of Hebrew and Hellenistic Greek.
 WOLL, FRITZ WILHELM, M. S., Assistant Professor of Agricultural Chemistry.

INSTRUCTORS AND ASSISTANTS.

ALLEN, KATHERINE, M. A., Assistant in Latin.
 BASSETT, VICTOR HUGO, A. B., Assistant in Chemistry.
 BOUDREN, SARA ELEANOR, Instructor in Gymnastics.
 BURGESS, CHARLES FREDERICK, B. S., Assistant in Electrical Engineering.
 CAIRNS, WILLIAM B., A. M., Instructor in Rhetoric.
 CASKEY, WILLIAM GEORGE, A. B., Instructor in Elocution.
 DECKER JOHN WRIGHT, Agr. B., Instructor in Dairying.
 DOWLAND, LINNAEUS WAYLAND, PH. D., Instructor in Mathematics.
 FERRY, ERVIN SIDNEY, B. S., Instructor in Physics.
 FISCHER, RICHARD, PH. C., B. S., Instructor in Practical Pharmacy.
 FRANKENFIELD, BUDD DOBLE, B. S., Assistant in Electrical Engineering.
 FROST, WILLIAM DODGE, M. S., Assistant in Bacteriology.
 GAY, LUCY MARIE, B. L., Instructor in French.
 GRIFFITH, JESSIE, M. L., Instructor in German.
 HARTWELL, FRANK ISHAN, B. S., Instructor in Machine Practice.
 HOWIE, JOHN M., A. B., Assistant in Mathematics.
 JONES, EDWARD DAVID, PH. D., Instructor in Statistics and Economics.
 KAHLENBERG, LOUIS, PH. D., Instructor in Physical Chemistry.
 KELLY, FREDERICK THOMAS, B. S., Instructor in Hebrew and Hellenistic Greek.
 LIBBY, ORIN GRANT, PH. D., Instructor in History.
 LINCOLN, AZARIAH THOMAS, B. S., Assistant in Chemistry.
 LOTTES, WILLIAM GEORGE, Instructor in Forge Practice and Repairing.
 PYRE, JAMES FRANCIS AUGUSTINE, B. L., Instructor in English Literature.
 REINSCH, PAUL SAMUEL, A. B., LL. B., Instructor and Extension Lecturer in History.
 REMINGTON HARRIET TRAYNE, M. L., Instructor in German.
 ROHN, OSCAR, B. S., Instructor in Gymnastics.
 SCHREINER, OSWALD, PH. G., Assistant in Pharmaceutical Technique.
 SEYMOUR, ARTHUR ROMEYN, B. L., Assistant in French.
 SLEEPER, HENRY DIKE, Instructor in Music.
 SMITH, CHARLES MARQUIS, B. S., Assistant in Physics.
 SPARLING, SAMUEL EDWIN, PH. D., Assistant in Political Science.
 STERLING, SUSAN ADELAIDE, M. L., Instructor in German.
 SMITH WALTER McMYNN, A. B., Librarian.
 SMITH, R. EDWIN, Librarian Law Library.
 WILDER, GEORGE WALKER, B. S., Assistant in Physics.

OTHER OFFICERS.

RILEY, EDWARD F., Secretary of the Board of Regents.
 HIESTAND, WILLIAM DIXON, University Registrar, and President's Secretary.
 BIRD, LESLIE, Clerk and Stenographer.
 LANDER, HELEN M., Matron.
 ADAMS, LESLIE H., Farm Superintendent.
 MOORE, RANSOM ASA, Assistant to the Dean of the College of Agriculture.
 SANFORD, FANNIE G., Stenographer.
 HERFURTH, IDA, Clerk and Stenographer.
 STOUT, HARRIET V., Clerk and Stenographer.
 GLENN, MARY ALICE, Stenographer.
 STOCKETT, NORMAN, Secretary of the Deans of the College of Law.

SUMMATION OF STUDENTS, 1895-6.

Fellows	22
Resident Graduates	58
Candidates for 2d Degrees, <i>in absentia</i>	25
College of Letters and Science	734
College of Engineering	192
College of Agriculture	188
College of Law	223
School of Pharmacy	46
School of Music	181
Deducting twice classified	71
Total	1,598
Students in Summer School, 114.	

The endeavor of the University is—

1. To provide amply for higher learning and disciplinary training by a group of college courses, each capable of extensive modification by elective studies.
2. To provide thorough technical training in the leading professions.
3. To contribute to the advancement of knowledge, and to train students in investigation.
4. To contribute directly to the higher education of the people.

MAIN DIVISION OF THE UNIVERSITY.

- I. THE COLLEGE OF LETTERS AND SCIENCE.
- II. THE COLLEGE OF MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING.
- III. THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE.
- IV. THE COLLEGE OF LAW.
- V. THE SCHOOL OF PHARMACY.
- VI. THE SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS, POLITICAL SCIENCE AND HISTORY.
- VII. THE SUMMER SCHOOL.
- VIII. THE SCHOOL OF MUSIC.
- IX. THE UNIVERSITY EXTENSION DEPARTMENT.

TERMS AND VACATIONS.

An important change in the terms and vacations of the University went into operation in 1895. Commencement comes on Wednesday, June 24, 1897. The year 1897-8 opens on the last Wednesday in September (Sept. 25). The Christmas recess begins December 24, and closes January 2, 1898, inclusive. The spring recess extends from the day before Good Friday to the end of Easter Monday. Commencement in 1898, comes upon the Thursday before the last Wednesday in June.

The year is divided into two semesters or terms. The first semester extends from September 30, 1893, to February 12, 1897. The second semester opens February 15 and closes June 24, 1897.

In general, the year opens on the last Wednesday of September and closes on the Thursday preceding the last Wednesday of June. The first semester closes on the Friday nearest the middle of the college year, and the second semester opens on the following Monday.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

BOARD OF REGENTS:

EX-OFFICIO.

HIS EXCELLENCY, THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE.
THE HONORABLE, THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC IN-
STRUCTION.

APPOINTED.

Term ending February, 1897.
CHARLES PITTELKOW, Milwaukee. J. O. RAYMOND, Stevens Point.
A. E. THOMPSON, Oshkosh.

Term ending February, 1898.
FRANK OSTRANDER, Superior. E. D. COE, Whitewater.
W. A. BROWN, Marinette.

Term ending February, 1899.
T. JENKINS, Jr., Platteville. FREEMAN H. LORD, River Falls.
J. J. FRUIT, La Crosse.

Officers.

E. D. COE,

PRESIDENT.

A. E. THOMPSON,

VICE-PRESIDENT.

S. S. ROCKWOOD,

SECRETARY.

THE STATE TREASURER,

TREASURER.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Course of Study and Text Books—Regents Raymond, Fruit and Jenkins.

Executive—Regents Coe, Raymond and Pittelkow.

Finance—Regents Brown, Thompson and Lord.

Graduating Classes—Regents Emery, Scofield, Fruit, Jenkins, Lord and Brown.

Teachers' Institutes—Regents Emery, Coe, Fruit.

Inspection—Regents Thompson, Ostrander, Lord and Coe.

Teachers—Regents Emery, Pittelkow and Ostrander.

HISTORY OF NORMAL SCHOOLS.

The constitution of the state, adopted in 1848, provides, "That the revenue of the school fund shall be exclusively applied to the following objects:

"1st. To the support and maintenance of common schools, in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and appurtenances therefor."

"2d. The residue shall be appropriated for the support of academies and normal schools, and suitable libraries and appurtenances therefor."

No advantage of these provisions for the endowment of normal schools was taken until 1857, when an act was passed (chapter 82) providing, "That the in-

come of twenty-five per cent. of the gross proceeds arising from the sale of swamp and overflowed lands" should be apportioned for the support of normal institutes and academies, under the supervision and direction of a board of regents of normal schools, who were to be appointed in pursuance of the provisions of that act. Under this law, the income placed at the disposal of the board was distributed for several years to such colleges, academies and high schools as maintained a normal class, and in proportion to the number of pupils in the class who passed satisfactory examinations conducted by an agent of the board.

In 1865, the legislature (chapter 537) divided the swamp lands and swamp land fund into two equal parts, one to constitute the normal school fund and the other to be denominated the drainage fund. It was further provided by this act that the normal school fund be permanently invested, and the income thereof should be applied to establish and maintain normal schools, under the direction and management of the board of regents, with a proviso that one-fourth of such income should be transferred to the common school fund, until the annual income of that fund should reach \$200,000.00. During the same year, proposals were invited for extending aid in the establishment of a normal school, and propositions were received from various places.

In 1866, the board of regents of normal schools was incorporated by the legislature. In February, Platteville was conditionally selected as a place for a school. The productive fund of about \$600,000.00 with a net income of over \$30,000.00 was already accumulated with a prospect of a steady increase by the sales of lands, and the board determined upon the policy of establishing several schools to be located in different parts of the state.

At a meeting held on the second day of May, 1866, the board designated Whitewater as a place for a school, where a building was subsequently erected. The academy building at Platteville having been donated for normal purposes, the board permanently located a school at that place, and a school was opened October 9, 1866, under Charles H. Allen, a former agent of the board. President Allen resigned at the close of four years' service, and E. A. Charleton, from Lockport, N. Y., was placed in charge. President Charleton resigned in 1873, after more than eight years' service, and Duncan McGregor, long connected with the school as a professor, was elected to the presidency, and served in that capacity until June, 1894, when he resigned, and Dr. James Chalmers, Ph. D., of Columbus, Ohio, was appointed to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. McGregor's resignation.

The school at Whitewater was opened on the 21st of April, 1868, under Oliver Arey, A. M., formerly connected with normal schools at Albany and Brockport, N. Y., and the building was on the same day dedicated with appropriate ceremonies. On the resignation of President Arey in 1877, William F. Phelps, A. M., an educator of large experience and of wide reputation, was appointed to take charge of the school. He was succeeded at the end of two years by J. W. Stearns, A. M., who had attained distinction in normal and college service, but he resigned in January, 1885, to take the professorship of theory and art of teaching in the University of Wisconsin. Prof. T. B. Pray, of the local faculty, acted as president for the remainder of the school year, and Albert Salisbury was elected and assumed the presidency at the opening of the year 1885. President Salisbury formerly taught in the school, but for two years had been engaged in supervisory educational work in the South.

A building was completed at Oshkosh during the year 1870, for a third normal school, but owing to lack of funds it was not opened immediately for the admission of pupils. The dedication of the building and the opening of the school took place September 19, 1871, and the school has been under the constant direction of George S. Albee, A. M., previously superintendent and principal of public schools at Kenosha and Racine.

The fourth school was opened in September, 1875, at River Falls, under the charge of Warren D. Parker, A. M., formerly superintendent and principal of public schools at Janesville. On the resignation of Mr. Parker in June, 1889, J. Q. Emery, A. M., principal of the schools at Fort Atkinson, was elected president, and served until June, 1893. John Hull, ex-president of Southern Illinois Normal University, served as president during the year closing June, 1894. Warren D. Parker, A. M., was re-elected president and entered service September, 1894.

September 14, 1885, the fifth normal school was opened in the city of Milwaukee, pursuant to chapter 364 of the laws of 1885, and J. J. Mapel, formerly principal of the local high school, was elected president; he was succeeded by L. D. Harvey, A. M., for many years conductor of teachers' institutes from Oshkosh Normal School. Upon the completion of the building, and the conveyance of the same to the state, the legislature made an appropriation of \$10,000.00 to aid in the maintenance of this school.

September 17, 1894, the sixth normal school was opened in the city of Stevens Point, pursuant to chapter 185, laws of 1893, and Theron B. Pray, A. M., formerly professor and institute conductor in the Whitewater Normal School, was elected president. The school building at Stevens Point although commodious and well fitted for normal school purposes is already overcrowded and must soon be enlarged. The building, together with heating and ventilating apparatus cost, in round numbers, \$75,000.

September 8th, 1896, the seventh Normal School was opened in the city of Superior, pursuant to chapter 185, laws of 1893, with I. C. McNeill, formerly assistant superintendent of schools, Kansas City, Mo., as president. The building is one of the best of its class in the west and its equipment, when completed, will be all that the highest standards require. The cost of the building, and the heating and ventilating plant was \$74,790.00; the estimated value of the grounds (donated) was \$30,000, and the portion of the appropriation made by the law cited above, available for equipment, was \$20,640.93. Besides the land, the city donated \$65,000.00 cash.

The law under which the normal schools are organized provides that "The exclusive purpose and objects of each normal school shall be the instruction and training of persons, both male and female, in the theory and art of teaching, and in all the various branches that pertain to common school education, and in all subjects needful to qualify for teaching in the public schools; also to give instruction in the fundamental laws of the United States and of this state, in what regards the rights and duties of citizens."

REGULATIONS FOR ADMISSIONS TO NORMAL SCHOOLS.

Tuition is free to all students who are admitted to the schools under the following regulations of the board:

1. Each assembly district in the state shall be entitled to eight representatives in the normal schools.

2. Candidates for admission shall be nominated by the superintendent of the county or of the city in which such candidate may reside, and shall be at least sixteen years of age, of sound bodily health, and of good moral character. Each person so nominated shall receive a certificate setting forth his name, age, health and character, and a duplicate thereof shall be mailed to the secretary of the board.

3. Upon the presentation of the original certificate to the president of a normal school, the candidate shall be examined and if found qualified in respect to learning, he may be admitted after furnishing such evidence as the president may require, of health and good moral character, and upon subscribing to a declaration as follows:

I hereby declare that my purpose in entering this school is to fit myself for the profession of teaching, and that it is my intention to engage in teaching in the public schools of the state.

4. No person shall be entitled to a diploma who has not been a member of the school in which such diploma is granted, at least one year, nor who is less than nineteen years of age. A certificate of attendance may be granted by the president of a normal school to any person who shall have been a member of such school for one term, provided that in his judgment, such certificate is deserved.

In extension of the work of the normal schools, the Board is authorized to expend a sum not exceeding \$8,000.00 annually, to support teachers' institutes, and may employ agents for that purpose. At present one professor from each normal school is employed at different seasons in conducting institutes.

The permanent Normal School Fund, at the close of the last fiscal year, was \$1,892,071.35, and the income at that time was at the rate of \$95,711.03 per year. The fund for the support of Normal Schools is increased annually by the

amount received for tuition in the training and preparatory schools attached to the Normal Schools, and for book rents, and by the annual appropriation of \$10,000 to aid in maintaining the Milwaukee School; and by an annual tax of 1-5 of a mill.

The total number of pupils in attendance during the past two school years at all the State Normal Schools was as follows:

TOTAL ENROLLMENT OF STUDENTS.

1894-5.	Normal.	Preparatory.	Grammar.	Intermediate.	Primary.	Totals.
Milwaukee.....	202	.....	90	45	28	365
Oshkosh.....	521	92	122	63	56	854
Platteville.....	347	37	36	38	51	509
River Falls.....	309	21	62	36	40	468
Stevens Point.....	152	49	61	56	48	366
Whitewater.....	247	31	37	28	49	392
Totals.....	1,778	230	403	266	272	2,951
1895-6.						
Milwaukee.....	267	.....	77	53	88	485
Oshkosh.....	632	*	111	49	90	882
Platteville.....	437	56	39	35	44	611
River Falls.....	286	20	45	40	54	445
Stevens Point.....	261	22	56	56	47	442
Whitewater.....	287	23	32	29	62	433
Totals.....	2,170	121	360	262	385	3,298

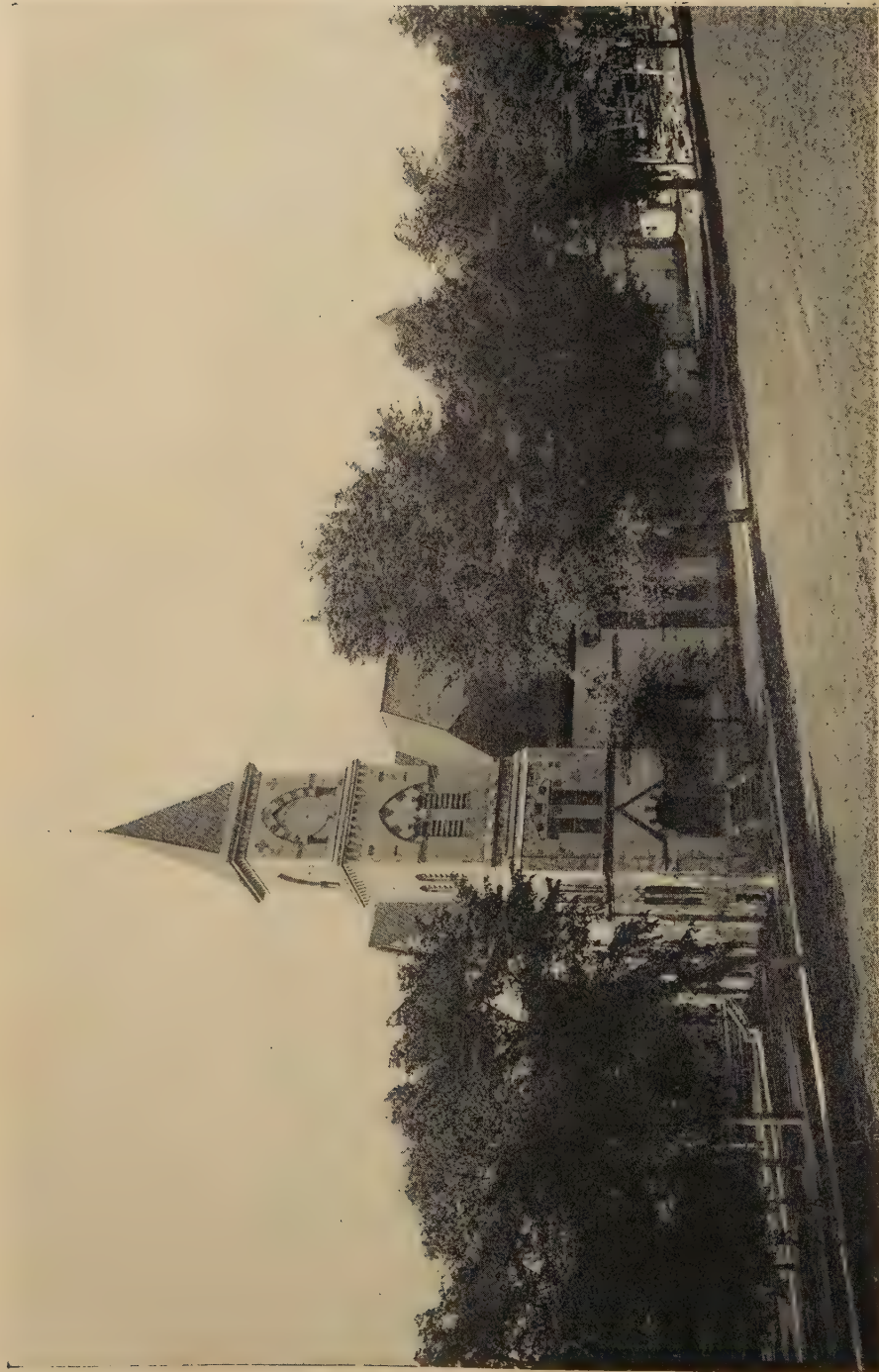
* Preparatory students attend an allied private academy.

TOTAL ENROLLMENT OF PUPILS, FEB. 1, 1897.

	Normal.	Preparatory.	Grammar.	Intermediate.	Primary.	Totals.
Milwaukee.....	343	.....	71	65	64	546
Oshkosh.....	533	*	91	71	63	758
Platteville.....	463	64	54	38	37	656
River Falls.....	267	15	38	32	51	403
Stevens Point.....	305	36	55	49	45	490
Superior.....	217	†	58	53	44	377
Whitewater.....	290	35	26	35	40	426
Totals.....	2,421	150	393	348	344	3,656

*This school has no preparatory department. Students are prepared in an allied private academy, which has now an enrollment of 81.

†Students of this class are enrolled with Normal.



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CHEMICAL LABORATORY AND WASHBURN OBSERVATORY
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.

NUMBER OF GRADUATES.

	1894-5.		1895-6.		Totals.	
	Elemen- tary course.	Ad- vanced course.	Elemen- tary course.	Ad- vanced course.	Elemen- tary course.	Ad- vanced course.
Milwaukee.....		70		80		*150
Oshkosh	23	33	49	43	75	76
Platteville	9	41	8	44	17	85
River Falls	22	6	22	7	44	13
Stevens Point.....	7		14	3	21	3
Whitewater.....	26	23	38	25	64	48
Totals... ..	92	161	144	191	236	352

*21 from kindergarten course. The school has no elementary course.

TOTAL NUMBER OF GRADUATES FROM ALL SCHOOLS SINCE THEIR
ESTABLISHMENT, NOT COUNTING ANY PERSON TWICE.

	Elemen- tary.	Ad- vanced.
Milwaukee, opened 1885.....		*388
Oshkosh, opened 1871	346	210
Platteville, opened 1886	105	426
River Falls, opened 1875	82	207
Stevens Point, opened 1894	21	3
Whitewater, opened 1868.....	394	275
Totals	948	1,509

* Kindergarten course, 31.

PLATTEVILLE SCHOOL.

This school was established on the 28th of February, 1866, by authority conferred by chapter 216 of the general laws. The building and grounds of the Platteville Academy having been donated, the school was opened on the 9th day of October, in the same year. The building has been repeatedly enlarged, and it accommodates the school liberally at present.

Platteville is a city of 3,087 inhabitants, pleasantly situated on the rolling ground between the Platte and Sinsinawa Mounds, in the midst of a fine agricultural region. The location is eminently healthful, and the community is deeply interested in the success and prosperity of the school. Students will find few temptations to idleness or dissipation, but will meet with encouragement to faithful work and upright conduct.

Platteville is the terminus of a branch of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, connecting with the Illinois Central at Warren. It is reached from the north and south by the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, and has connection with points on the Chicago, Burlington & Northern Railroad. Stages run daily to interior towns.

FACULTY.

NORMAL DEPARTMENT.

REV. JAMES CHALMERS, Ph. D., LL. D., President, English Literature.
 DUNCAN MCGREGOR, A. M., Pedagogy and Institute Conductor.
 JOHN W. MATTHEWS, M. S., Natural Science.
 EDMUND BERRIGAN, A. M., B. Pd., Mathematics.
 JAMES A. WILGUS, Ph. B., A. M., History and Political Science.
 DIXON J. CHURCHILL, Ph. M., Music.
 CHARLES J. FENNER, M. S., Geometry and Higher Algebra.
 EDWIN W. CHUBB, A. M., Litt. D., English and Rhetoric.
 ELWOOD C. PERISHO, M. S., Physical Science.
 CHARLES A. RADCLIFFE, Ph. B., American History.
 MARTIN P. RINDLAUB, Jr., B. L., Latin.
 EMMA S. WYMAN, B. L., Drawing.
 ISABELLA PRETLOW, Geography and English Grammar.
 ALICE E. GIFFORD, A. B., German.
 ROSE B. MULLAY, Supervision of Practice Teaching.
 NINA A. PAGE, Physiology and Physical Culture.
 BEE A. GARDNER, Librarian.
 ALICE D. BROWN, Assistant Librarian.
 E. MAUDE RICHARDS, Pianist, Instrumental Music.

TRAINING SCHOOL.

ANNA E. WOODWARD, B. S., Principal and Critic of Grammar Department.
 EDITH A. PURDY, Principal and Critic of Intermediate Department.
 CAROL GOFF, Principal and Critic of Primary Department.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

SUPT. ALBERT HARDY, Chairman.....La Crosse.
 SUPT. C. F. VIEBAHN.....Watertown.
 SUPT. ANNA SMITH.....Eau Claire.

WHITEWATER SCHOOL.

The Whitewater Normal School was dedicated April 21, 1868, it being the second normal school in the state. Its first president was Oliver Arey, who remained in charge until July, 1876. Wm F. Phelps was president for the next two years, and J. W. Stearns from July, 1878, to January, 1885. For the next half year Prof. T. B. Pray was acting president. Albert Salisbury became president in July, 1885, and remains in charge to the present time.

The site and surroundings of the school are among the finest in the whole country. The original building was enlarged in 1876; and in 1891 yet another wing was added, including an elegant and well equipped gymnasium. The first class was graduated in 1870. Since that time it has graduated 275 persons from the Advanced Course, and 394 others from the Elementary Course, making a total of 669 who have received the sanction of the school. Of these all but 13 have taught for a greater or less period of time.

FACULTY.

ALBERT SALISBURY, Ph. D., President, Psychology and Pedagogics.
 ANDREW J. HUTTON, Civil Gov't and Political Economy; Conductor of Institutes, 2d district.
 GEO. C. SHUTTS, Ph. B., Mathematics and General History.
 ARTHUR A. ULLHAM, Natural Science and Manual Training.
 J. N. HUMPHREY, A. M., Latin and Word Analysis.
 WALTER S. WATSON, M. S., Biology and German.
 WM. J. GALBRAITH, Ph. B., Reading and English Branches.
 MISS ANNIE M. COTTRELL, M. S., English Language and Literature.
 MISS CORNELIA E. ROGERS, Geography and Botany.
 MISS MARGARET HOSFORD, History of U. S. and Algebra.
 MISS LUCY A. BAKER, Vocal Music.
 MISS LIZZIE HUGHES, Drawing and Penmanship.
 MISS KATE C. MAVITY, Methods, and Supervisor of Practice Teaching.
 MISS MARY L. McCUTCHAN, Preparatory Dep't and Grammar Grades.
 MISS SARAH R. DEVLIN, Assistant, Prep. Dep't and Grammar Grades.
 MISS LENA M. WELTZIN, Teacher, Intermediate Grades.
 MISS MAUDE BALL, Teacher, Primary Grade.
 MISS ISABEL F. WALKER, Physiology and Physical Training.
 MISS ELISE HALVORSON, Stenographer and Librarian.

CALENDAR—1896-'97.

First quarter opens Sept. 1, 1896.
 Second quarter opens Nov. 9, 1896.
 Third quarter opens Jan. 26, 1897.
 Fourth quarter opens April 13, 1897.
 Commencement day, June 23, 1897.

OSHKOSH SCHOOL.

GEORGE S. ALBEE, PRESIDENT.

This school was organized as third in the system of normal schools in September, 1871.

It soon took rank as the largest one of the schools, and has given instruction to more than 6,000 students during the first quarter century of work.

The building has been enlarged three times to meet its increasing needs, and through such growth has become adapted for efficient management of large numbers with ease. The laboratories and library are thoroughly appointed for the special needs of teachers in training.

Through careful management of conditions, the cost of living to students is below that of any other city of its size, the entire expense for a year ranging from \$125 to \$160.

COURSES OF STUDY.

The courses of study, uniform in specification for all regular schools of the system are as follows:

1. Common School Course—Requiring one year of work, and designed to train teachers for work in rural schools.

2. An Elementary Course of Two Years—Leading to Limited State Certificate.

3. The Advanced Course of Four Years—Entitling to Life State Certificate.

4. A Graduate Course of Two Years—Entitling to Diploma and Life Certificate.

The last course is especially provided for graduates from High Schools.

DEPARTMENTS OF WORK.

The demands of a large school, permit careful attention to highest efficiency in division of labor. This school has the following departments, each in charge of a professor noted for eminence in that field, with associates in such as the greater weight of labor requires:

President—Supervision and History of Education.

Psychology and Pedagogy—Associate work done by 7 heads of departments.

Inspection of Practice—Five associate critics.

Conductor of Institutes—Associate work by other members.

Mathematics—Two associates.

English Language—Two associates.

Chemistry and Biology—One associate.

Physics.

Geology and Geography—One associate.

History and Economics—Two associates.

Literature and Library Readings—One associate.

Elocution—One associate.

Drawing.

Music.

Latin.

German.

Physical Culture.

RIVER FALLS SCHOOL.

This school was established in 1875 at River Falls, a city of 1919 people, lying upon a branch of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway, twelve miles southeast of Hudson. River Falls is situated upon the Kinnickinnick River, at a point where successive falls afford water power suitable for manufacturing purposes. The salubrity of climate, the natural features, the intelligence, thrift and character of the population, contribute to the interest of the school.

The school building is a three-story brick structure, well adapted to the comfort of its inmates. The school is organized with normal, preparatory and training departments.

FACULTY.

WARREN D. PARKER, A. M., President, Psychology.
 WARREN J. BRIER, Teachers' Institutes, Literature.
 ADDISON L. EWING, M. S., Natural Science.
 LEWIS H. CLARK, Mathematics.
 J. F. SIMS, Geography, Constitution.
 MISS CHARLOTTE J. CALDWELL, B. L., English Language, General History.
 MISS ALICE H. SHULTES, Supervision of Practice.
 MISS ROSALIA A. HATHERELL, B. S., Science.
 MISS M. E. S. SCOTT, A. M., Latin, German.
 MISS CARRIE T. PARDEE, Drawing.
 MRS. FLORENCE M. THATCHER, Vocal Music.
 MISS CARRIE J. SMITH, U. S. History, Writing, Practice.
 MRS. J. LORRAINE TRUESDELL, Physical Training.

MODEL DEPARTMENT.

MISS ELIZABETH FLEMING, Teacher, Grammar Grade.
 MISS CORA HAYNES, Teacher, Intermediate Grade.
 MISS LAURA PECKHAM, Teacher, Primary Grade.
 MISS LILLIAN CURRIER, Librarian, Clerk.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

1896-'97.

JAS. A. SHERIDAN, Esq.....Milwaukee.
 SUPT. C. H. NYE.....Lancaster.
 MRS. ANNA M. FLACK.....Elkhorn.

CALENDAR—1896-'97.

First Term—Begins Tuesday, September 1. Closes Friday, November 6.
 Second Term—Begins Monday, November 9. Holiday vacation begins Saturday, December 19. Session resumed Monday, January 4. Closes Friday, January 29.
 Third Term—Begins Monday, February 1. Closes Friday, April 9.
 Fourth Term—Begins Monday, April 19. Closes Thursday, June 24.

MILWAUKEE SCHOOL.

The state normal school located in Milwaukee, was authorized by an act of the legislature in 1880. The school was formally opened in September, 1885. The total enrollment during the year was, in the normal department, forty-six. The enrollment during the first quarter of the year 1896-'97 was, in the same department, 337.

This school offers four courses of study, English, Latin, German and Kindergarten Training course. The English course is the equivalent of the last two years of the full English course in the other normal schools, while the Latin and the German courses are the equivalent of the last two years of these courses in the other schools except that two years' preparatory work is required in the Latin or German to enter these courses, respectively.

The Kindergarten Training course is designed especially to give thorough training to students who desire to fit themselves for Kindergarten work.

All students entering the school must have completed a high school course in one of the four years' course free high schools, or have equivalent preparation.

No elementary or preparatory course is connected with this school.

Students in the Milwaukee school have an opportunity to do practice work in the public schools in the city.

The building is well equipped for the work of the school and will accommodate three hundred students comfortably.

FACULTY.

L. D. HARVEY Ph. D., President, Psychology and Science of Education.

W. H. CHEEVER, Institute Conductor, Civics and Political Economy.

E. C. CASE, Physics and Chemistry.

J. I. JEGI, Physiology and Assistant in Physics.

I. N. MITCHELL, Ph. B., Biology.

C. P. CARY, Supervisor of Practice Teaching.

DANIEL FULCOMER, A. M., Pedagogy and Assistant in Psychology.

MAE E. SCHREIBER, Literature and Vocal Music.

FANNY J. HOLCOMBE, English and Assistant in Literature.

BERTHA HOWELL, Ph. B., Latin and German.

GRACE DARLING MADDEN, Ph. M., History.

HARRIET C. ROUNDS, Mathematics.

MARION J. CRAIG, B. S., Expression.

ETTA A. MITCHELL, Drawing.

MRS. E. N. ALLEN, Director of Kindergarten Training Department.

EMMA W. SHRIEVES, Physical Training.

ANNA C. NERMAN, Teacher of Sloyd.

MODEL SCHOOL.

M. ELIZABETH ALLEN, Teacher and Critic in Seventh and Eighth Grades

BERTHA W. JONES, Teacher and Critic in Fifth and Sixth Grades.

EMILY W. STRONG, Teacher and Critic in Third and Fourth Grades.

FLORENCE C. FOX, Teacher and Critic in Primary Department.

ALMA BINZEL, Kindergarten Director.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

PRIN. C. E. PATZER.....Manitowoc.

HON. H. J. EVANS.....Platteville.

PRIN. H. A. ADRIAN.....Edgerton.

CALENDAR—1896-'97.

First Term Ends.....Friday, Jan. 29, 1897.

Second Term Begins.....Monday, Feb. 1, 1897.

Spring Vacation Begins.....Friday, April 9, 1897.

Session Resumed.....Monday, April 19, 1897.

Graduating Exercises.....Thursday, June 24, 1897.

Meeting of Alumni.....Friday, June 25, 1897.

SUPERIOR SCHOOL.

The Seventh Normal School was opened September 8th, 1896, in a new building specially designed for the purpose, and built and equipped at a total cost of over one hundred thousand dollars. It is believed to be inferior to no building in the west of its class.

The school offers the same courses of study as the other schools of the system and has attained already a total enrollment for the year of 424 students in all departments.

FACULTY.

I. C. McNEILL, President.
 E. W. WALKER, Institute Conductor.
 N. A. HARVEY, Science.
 G. L. BOWMAN, Mathematics and Reading.
 MISS MARY E. DOYLE, Supervisor of Practice Teaching.
 C. W. SMITH, Latin and Assistant in Mathematics.
 MISS KATHERINE SCHLEGEL, German and Geography.
 MISS LUCY S. NORTON, Critic Teacher, Grammar Grade.
 MISS GEORGIA BARKER, Critic Teacher, Primary Grade.
 MISS GRACE GEARY, General Assistant.
 MISS IRMA REEL, English.
 MISS JANE C. EVANS, Physical Culture.
 MRS. CORA A. MERRY, Vocal Music and Drawing.
 MISS SOPHIA RUNNIE, Critic Teacher, First Grade.
 FRANCIS W. EPLY, General Assistant.

CALENDAR, 1896-'97.

First Term Begins	Tuesday, Sept. 8, 1896.
Winter Vacation.....	Thursday, Dec. 24, 1896.
Session Resumed.....	Monday, Jan. 4, 1897.
Term Ends.....	Friday, Jan. 29, 1897.
Second Term Begins.....	Monday, Feb. 1, 1897.
Spring Vacation	Friday, April 9, 1897.
Session Resumed	Monday, April 19, 1897.
School Year Ends.....	June 25, 1897.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

SUPT. B. B. JACKSON.....	Ashland.
PRIN. H. A. SIMONDS.....	Stevens Point.
SUPT. KATE L. SABIN.....	Windsor.



STEVENS POINT SCHOOL.

The Sixth State Normal School was opened September 17, 1894.

The following courses are provided: German, Latin and English—scientific courses of four years each, leading to the Diploma, which may become a life State certificate; an Elementary Course of two years and a Professional Course of one year, leading to the certificate, which may become a five years' State certificate; a One Year Common School Course. High school graduates are admitted to advanced standing in either course.

Special courses may be arranged by selection from the regular courses to fit the needs of individual teachers.

The building is thoroughly modern in style and adaptation to its use; is well equipped; has one of the largest and best fitted gymnasiums in the state, second only to that at the University. This is under the care of a trained specialist. A carefully selected library of about 4,500 volumes is in the care of a trained librarian, whose entire time is given to the students.

The total enrollment in all departments in January, 1897, was 490 students, coming from upwards of forty counties in the state.

Stevens Point is a quiet, orderly town, with paved streets and pleasant homes; is lighted by gas and electricity; has a good water supply, well distributed; a paid fire department and free mail delivery; is accessible by two railroads from all the central part of the state.

FACULTY.

THERON B. PRAY, A. M., President, Pedagogy, History of Education.
 *C. H. SYLVESTER, Institute Conductor, School Economy, Literature.
 GARRY E. CULVER, Physical Sciences.
 JOSEPH V. COLLINS, Ph. D., Mathematics.
 ALBERT H. SANFORD, A. M., History, Government, Political Economy
 MRS. MARY D. BRADFORD, Supervisor of Practice Teaching.
 EDGAR JAMES SWIFT, A. B., Psychology, German.
 MISS CAROLINE E. CRAWFORD, Physical Training.
 VIRGIL EVERETT McCASKILL, Ph. D., Biology.
 MISS MARY E. TANER, Drawing.
 MISS SOPHIA LINTON, Vocal Music.
 MISS LOUISE MONTGOMERY, B. S., Rhetoric, Composition.
 MRS. IDA A. ELLIOTT, Pd. M., Geography, Assistant in English.
 MISS FLORA E. STEWART, Latin.
 T. B. SPAULDING, Literature, English Branches.
 MISS IRENE WARREN, Librarian, Library Reading.
 MISS ISABELLE PATTERSON, Clerk and Librarian.

MODEL DEPARTMENT.

MRS. MARY D. BRADFORD, Supervisor.
 MISS NANNIE R. GRAY, Principal, Grammar Grade.
 MISS FRANK QUINN, Principal, Intermediate Grade.
 MISS JENNIE REBECCA FADDIS, Principal, Primary Grade.

* In Europe on leave of absence.

¹ In absence of Professor Sylvester.

BOARD OF VISITORS—1896-7.

PROF. JOHN W. LIVINGSTON.....Sparta.
 SUPT. W. H. ELSON.....Superior.
 MISS LOVILA M. MOSHER.....Waupun.

CALENDAR—1897-8.

Commencement—June 18, 1897.	Third quarter opens Feb. 1, 1898.
First quarter opens Aug. 31, 1897.	Fourth quarter opens April 11, 1898.
Second quarter opens Nov. 8, 1897.	Commencement—June 23, 1898.

STATE HISTORICAL LIBRARY BUILDING.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS—(In order of appointment.)

Appointed by State Historical Society—

*REUBEN G. THWAITES.....	Madison.
GEORGE B. BURROWS.....	Madison.
WILLIAM F. VILAS.....	Madison.

Appointed by State University Regents—

*CHARLES K. ADAMS.....	Madison.
GEORGE H. NOYES.....	Milwaukee.
FRANK CHALLONER.....	Oshkosh.

Appointed by the Governor—

*JAMES H. STOUT.....	Menomonie.
*FRANK L. FRASER.....	Lake Beulah.
*LUCIEN S. HANKS.....	Madison.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

PRESIDENT—JAMES H. STOUT.
 VICE PRESIDENT—LUCIEN S. HANKS.
 SECRETARY—ISAAC S. BRADLEY, Madison.
 EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE—Indicated by *, above.

This Board was created by Chapter 298, Laws of Wisconsin for 1895. The building is being erected on a plot of land 264 feet square, fronting the State University grounds in Madison, and deeded to the state for this purpose by the Regents of the University. The members of the Board serve without salary, but receive necessary traveling expenses; their terms expire upon the completion of the building.



PERCY GOULDEN CO. MILWAUKEE.

ADOPTED DESIGN FOR LIBRARY AND MUSEUM BUILDING, STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY, MADISON.

STATE BOARD OF CONTROL.

INSTITUTIONS UNDER ITS CHARGE.

State Hospital for the Insane.....	Mendota.
Northern Hospital for the Insane.....	Winnebago.
School for the Deaf.....	Delavan.
School for the Blind.....	Janesville.
Industrial School for Boys.....	Waukesha.
State Prison.....	Waupun.
State School for Dependent Children.....	Sparta.
Wisconsin Home for Feeble-Minded.....	Chippewa Falls.

OTHER INSTITUTIONS INSPECTED.

Four Semi-State Institutions.
 Twenty-five County Insane Asylums.
 Sixty-eight Jails.
 Forty-nine Poor Houses.
 Fifty Private Benevolent Institutions.
 Two hundred and six Police Stations and Lockups.

MEMBERS.

William P. Lyon.....	Term expires April 15, 1900.	Madison.
Richard Guenther.....	Term expires April 15, 1899.	Oshkosh.
James E. Heg.....	Term expires April 15, 1898.	Lake Geneva.
Clarence Snyder.....	Term expires April 15, 1897.	Ashland.
Lemuel Ellsworth.....	Term expires April 15, 1901.	Milwaukee.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

JAMES E. HEGG,
 PRESIDENT.

RICHARD GUENTHER,
 VICE PRESIDENT.

D. S. COMLY,
 SECRETARY.

The State Board of Control of Reformatory, Charitable and Penal Institutions, established by chapter 202, laws of 1895, consists of five members appointed by the governor, subject to the approval of the senate, for a term of five years. The members first appointed under the act, however, are to hold office for the term of one, two, three, four and five years, respectively. The members are required to devote their entire time to the discharge of their duties, and receive a salary of two thousand dollars each, per annum, and all necessary disbursements in the discharge of their duties. They are authorized to expend three thousand dollars per annum as a salary for a secretary of the board and for

clerk hire. All accounts for disbursements and charges and debts contracted by the board are audited by the secretary of state.

Section 7. Said board shall act as commissioners of lunacy, with power to investigate and examine into, with or without expert assistance, the question of the insanity and condition of any person committed or confined in any lunatic asylum or hospital, public or private, or restrained of his liberty by reason of alleged insanity, at any place within this state, and shall take the proper and legal steps for the discharge of any person so committed or restrained, if, in his opinion, such person is not insane, or can be cared for after such discharge without danger to others, and with benefit to such person.

Section 8. Said board shall have power to fully investigate all complaints against any of the institutions above named, or against the official conduct or management thereof; to send for books and papers; summon, compel the attendance of, and swear witnesses; and conduct at any time, thorough investigation into the affairs of any such institution, in such manner as it shall deem best. Any letter, communication or complaint addressed to such Board or any member thereof, by any inmate, employe, or subordinate officer in any of said institutions, shall be forthwith forwarded as addressed, without interference therewith, or the breaking of the seal, or the reading thereof by any officer or employe of such institution.

Section 9. The duties of such board shall be: 1. To maintain and govern the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, the Northern Hospital for the Insane, the Wisconsin State Prison, the Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys, the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Blind, and the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb; and such other charitable, reformatory and penal institutions as may hereafter be established or maintained by the state. 2. To carefully supervise and direct the management and affairs of said institutions, and faithfully and diligently promote the objects for which the same have been established. 3. To preserve and care for the buildings, grounds and all property connected with said institutions. 4. To take and hold in trust for the said several institutions any land conveyed or devised, or money or property given or bequeathed, to be applied for any purpose connected therewith, and faithfully to apply the same as directed by the donor, and faithfully to apply all funds, effects and property which may be received for the use of such institutions. 5. To make, on or before October 1, in each year, full and complete inventories and appraisals of all the property of each of said institutions, which inventories and appraisals shall be recorded and shall be so classified as to separately show the amount, kind and value of all real and personal property belonging to such institutions. 6. To make such by-law, rules and regulations, not incompatible with law, as it shall deem convenient or necessary for the government of the said institutions and for its own government, and cause the same to be printed. 7. To visit and carefully inspect each of said institutions as often as once in each month, either by the full board or by some member thereof, and ascertain whether all officers, teachers, servants and employes in such institutions are competent and faithful in the discharge of their duties, and all inmates thereof properly cared for and governed, and all accounts, account books and vouchers properly kept, and all the business affairs thereof properly conducted. 8. To fix the number of subordinate officers, teachers, servants and employes in each of said institutions, and prescribe the duties and compensation of each, and to employ the same upon the nomination of the respective superintendents and wardens. 9. To promptly remove or discharge any officer, teacher, servant or employe in any of said institutions who shall be guilty of any malfeasance or misbehavior in office, or of neglect or improper discharge of duty. 10. To annually appoint for the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane and for the Northern Hospital for the Insane, for each, a superintendent, one assistant physician, a matron, and a steward; and for the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, and the Industrial School for Boys, for each, a superintendent, a steward, and all necessary teachers; for the State Prison, a warden and a steward, who shall be the officers of said institutions, respectively, and whose duties shall be fixed by said board, except as herein otherwise provided. 11. To maintain and govern the school, prescribe the course of study, and provide the necessary apparatus and means of instruction for the Institution for the Educa-

tion of the Blind, and for the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 12. To prescribe and collect such charges as it may think just, for tuition, and maintenance of pupils, not entitled to the same free of charge, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 13. To fix the period of the academic year, not less than forty weeks, and prescribe the school terms in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 14. To confer, in its discretion, upon meritorious pupils, such academic and literary degrees as are usually conferred by similar institutions, and grant diplomas accordingly, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb.

WISCONSIN'S INSANE IN INSTITUTIONS.

September 30, 1896, there were 4,123 insane under public care. Of these 402 were in the State hospital, 520 in the Northern hospital and 355 in the Milwaukee hospital for the insane; a total of 1,277 in hospitals. There were 2,816 in the twenty-three county asylums for the chronic insane, making 4,093 confined in both asylums and hospitals. There were 2 in jail and 28 in poor houses.

COUNTY ASYLUM FINANCES.

For the fiscal year ending September 30, 1896, the net current expenses of the twenty-three county insane asylums were \$244,714.40, an average per capita cost per week, of \$1.73.

BILLS FOR THE CARE OF THE INSANE.

The bills for the year ending September 30, 1896, were \$296,020.27, of which the state paid \$217,756.50. Of this amount \$26,037.67 was for the maintenance of state-at-large patients kept in county asylums at the rate of \$3.00 per week. The additional \$78,263.77 is a special tax on counties.

AMOUNT RECEIVED BY COUNTIES FOR CARE OF CHRONIC INSANE.

COUNTIES.	FOR YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30.					
	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.
Brown.....	\$9,397 29	\$10,064 51	\$10,372 40	\$10,363 01	\$9,778 54	\$9,182 88
Chippewa.....						9,836 33
Columbia.....	4,462 95	8,892 58	11,936 03	12,137 46	11,650 48	11,009 81
Dane.....	7,967 59	7,903 49	8,285 75	8,586 45	10,461 37	12,261 16
Dodge.....	10,428 92	10,785 44	11,502 62	12,568 34	12,176 00	12,170 34
Dunn.....		6,823 93	14,445 74	17,542 73	15,288 70	14,782 48
Fond du Lac.....	9,847 66	10,436 34	11,549 54	12,655 82	12,615 53	12,757 34
Grant.....	11,262 27	10,444 17	11,434 74	13,107 58	11,966 10	11,633 11
Green.....	8,769 00	12,694 54	12,636 25	12,665 52	12,231 20	12,297 84
Iowa.....	12,520 12	11,799 98	14,384 05	15,045 97	13,638 13	13,157 04
Jefferson.....	10,743 38	11,528 85	12,835 15	13,378 64	12,984 35	12,525 32
La Crosse.....	12,607 32	12,205 12	12,647 45	14,004 85	13,715 73	14,074 13
Manitowoc.....	9,501 11	10,709 34	12,438 55	13,561 72	13,148 66	15,214 28
Marathon.....				7,358 07	18,899 62	23,584 22
Milwaukee.....	9,143 59	9,371 77	9,564 20	9,606 21	9,446 36	9,566 66
Outagamie.....	11,369 95	12,500 70	13,115 76	13,472 83	13,573 35	14,402 64
Racine.....	9,982 32	10,833 72	12,406 03	13,201 93	12,565 80	11,808 98
Rock.....	5,825 64	6,018 21	6,770 35	8,357 30	12,050 10	15,142 11
Sauk.....	4,898 84	4,517 87	4,953 80	5,176 11	7,078 61	9,706 91
Sheboygan.....	7,375 85	8,247 87	8,654 57	9,891 05	9,436 86	8,407 90
Vernon.....	13,706 23	14,335 49	15,080 85	15,742 86	14,761 89	15,423 87
Walworth.....	8,476 88	9,430 56	9,255 21	9,491 91	8,539 31	7,970 64
Winnebago.....	5,553 00	5,079 52	4,495 93	7,835 20	14,751 93	19,104 77
Totals.....	\$183,739 91	\$204,624 00	\$228,764 97	\$255,751 56	\$270,758 62	\$296,020 27

WEEKLY COST PER CAPITA OF INSTITUTIONS FOR THE INSANE.

For the last twelve years.

Institutions.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.
State Hospital	\$3 53	\$3 46	\$3 55	\$3 74	\$3 78	\$3 83	\$4 22	\$3 59	\$3 71	\$4 02	\$5 03	\$5 01
Northern Hospital	3 73	3 22	3 32	3 80	3 44	3 70	3 93	3 61	3 70	3 73	4 56	4 07
Milwaukee Hospital	3 94	4 16	3 79	3 88	3 21	3 58	3 65	3 51	3 95	3 16	3 63	3 79
COUNTY ASYLUMS.												
Brown	1 61	1 88	1 65	1 70	1 89	1 85	2 00	1 75	1 80	1 95	1 85	2 05
Chippewa												2 67
Columbia	1 67	1 27	1 39	1 48	1 52	1 65	1 53	1 55	1 65	1 84	1 32	1 28
Dane	1 90	1 63	1 61	1 34	1 57	1 75	1 70	1 60	1 53	1 40	1 18	1 33
Dodge	2 11	1 93	1 80	1 82	1 86	1 78	1 75	1 98	1 99	2 00	1 85	1 74
Dunn								1 86	1 55	1 55	1 53	1 32
Fond du Lac		2 00	1 85	1 78	1 60	1 81	1 98	2 25	2 14	1 90	1 96	1 67
Grant	1 87	1 81	1 89	1 56	1 47	1 79	1 74	1 99	1 67	1 89	1 72	1 60
Green	1 73	1 41	1 47	1 65	1 72	1 74	1 90	1 52	1 65	1 58	1 73	1 68
Iowa			1 57	1 30	1 70	1 24	1 44	1 58	1 53	1 23	1 65	1 44
Jefferson	1 40	1 50	1 52	1 60	1 68	1 62	1 83	1 87	1 86	1 54	1 79	1 66
La Crosse				2 30	1 80	1 32	1 35	1 37	1 49	1 27	1 39	1 36
Manitowoc	1 73	1 93	1 87	1 80	1 72	1 51	1 60	1 61	1 52	1 72	1 67	1 61
Marathon										4 26	1 77	1 49
Milwaukee					3 23	2 54	2 51	2 74	2 71	2 51	2 48	3 41
Outagamie						3 28	2 10	1 85	1 72	1 71	1 47	1 62
Racine						3 73	2 01	1 89	2 21	1 04	1 95	2 05
Rock	1 73	2 14	1 83	1 64	1 47	1 37	1 21	1 35	1 14	1 53	1 58	1 31
Sauk			1 49	1 17	1 39	1 09	1 09	1 08	1 15	1 13	1 31	1 31
Sueboygan	2 10	2 10	2 37	2 63	2 29	1 98	2 31	2 26	2 19	1 83	1 90	2 19
Vernon				2 64	1 68	1 65	1 55	1 62	1 42	1 49	1 63	1 76
Walworth	1 52	80	1 09	1 22	1 28	1 33	1 38	1 22	1 45	1 38	1 12	1 17
Winnebago	1 28	1 33	1 32	1 25	1 25	1 18	1 16	1 56	1 53	1 68	1 93	2 08
Av. for Co. Asylums.	\$1 89	\$1 70	\$1 65	\$1 64	\$1 69	\$1 75	\$1 78	\$1 70	\$1 74	\$1 74	\$1 68	\$1 73

The following tables show the average population, the total and per capita cost for current expenses, and the movements of population at the several institutions for the biennial period ending September 30, 1894.

AVERAGE POPULATION AND COST.

INSTITUTIONS.	Total Cost.		Average Population.		Yearly cost per capita.		Weekly cost per capita.	
	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.
State Hospital for the Insane	\$117,608 14	\$103,475 01	450	397	\$261 35	\$260 64	\$5 03	\$5 01
Northern Hospital for the Insane	140,331 53	117,891 87	592	556	237 05	212 04	4 56	4 07
School for the Deaf	42,005 49	39,799 54	199	180	211 08	221 11	4 05	4 25
School for the Blind	29,538 86	37,215 76	101	101	292 47	368 47	5 62	7 09
Industrial School for Boys	69,494 16	63,270 74	369	343	188 33	184 46	3 62	3 55
State Prison	103,176 98	85,030 47	625	606	165 08	140 31	3 17	2 69
State Public School	43,016 83	46,097 41	270	237	159 32	194 50	3 06	3 74
Totals	\$545,171 99	\$492,780 80	2,606	2,420	\$209 20	\$203 63	\$4 02	\$3 92

WISCONSIN STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

OFFICERS.**WILLIAM B. LYMAN, M. D.**
SUPERINTENDENT.**GEO. A. POST, M. D., AND VIOLA M. FRENCH, M. D.,**
ASSISTANTS.**E. B. DUNCAN,**
PHARMACIST.**CHARLES A. CARTER,**
STEWARD.**E. W. HOWLAND,**
ASSISTANT STEWARD.**MISS ELIZABETH WHITEHEAD,**
MATRON.

The Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, located at Mendota near Madison, was opened for patients in July, 1860. Two years later, one longitudinal and one transverse wing on the west side were completed, since which time other additions have been made. The entire length of the hospital building is 569 feet, the center building being 65x120 feet. The first longitudinal wing on each side of the center is 132 feet, and the last on each extremity is 119 feet. The transverse wings are 87 feet long. This commodious building is surrounded by ornamental grounds, woods and farming lands, to the extent of 497 acres and is well adapted for the care of the unfortunates needing its protection. The hospital will now accommodate comfortably 520 patients.

J. Edwards Lee, M. D., was the first medical superintendent, having been elected by the first board of trustees on the 22d of June, 1859, and the furniture and furnishing of the center building and first wing, and arrangements for the reception of patients, were conducted under his supervision.

The second board of trustees was organized April 10, 1860, and on the 22d of May following appointed John P. Clement, M. D., to supersede Dr. Lee as superintendent, and in June, 1860, Mrs. Mary C. Halliday was appointed matron. The first patient was admitted July 14, 1860.

Dr. Clement resigned January 1, 1864, and from that time until April 20, the hospital was in charge of John W. Sawyer, M. D., assistant physician, when A. H. Van Norstrand, M. D., was elected superintendent.

Dr. Van Norstrand resigned June 6, 1868, and was succeeded by A. S. McDill, M. D.

Dr. McDill resigned in October, 1872, and on the 29th of April, 1873, Mark Ranney, M. D., was appointed superintendent, and entered upon his duties July 23.

Dr. Ranney resigned and was succeeded by A. S. McDill, M. D., in April, 1875. Dr. McDill was removed by death November 12, 1875.

O. F. Boughton, M. D., who had served a number of years as assistant physician in the hospital, was chosen to fill the vacancy occasioned by Dr. McDill's death, and he held that position until July 1, 1881.

Dr. R. M. Wigginton, of Watertown, was chosen his successor by the Board of Supervisors, July 1, 1881, and having been elected to be superintendent of the Northern Hospital for the Insane, was succeeded by Dr. S. B. Buckmaster, July 1, 1884.

Dr. Buckmaster held the position until December 1, 1889, when he resigned, and was succeeded by Dr. Louis R. Head, of Oakwood Retreat, at Lake Geneva, Wis.

On July 21, 1891, Dr. E. P. Taylor was elected to be the successor of Dr. Head, and entered upon the duties of the office August 1, 1891. Dr. Taylor resigned July 1, 1893, and Dr. John B. Edwards of Mauston, was chosen to succeed him. Dr. Edwards resigned July 1, 1895, and was succeeded by Dr. William B. Lyman.

There has been paid from the State Treasury, up to October 1, 1896, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the hospital, in all the sum of \$3,746,852.11.

Whole number of patients admitted since the opening of the hospital

July 14, 1860.....	7,377
Discharged recovered.....	2,071
Discharged improved.....	1,925
Discharged unimproved.....	1,993
Discharged not insane.....	17
Died	969
Under treatment September 30, 1896.....	402

7,377

The average number of patients in the hospital the past year has been 397 as against 450 the previous year, and the current expenses \$103,475.01, as against \$117,608.14.

NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

OFFICERS.

W. A. GORDON, M. D.,
SUPERINTENDENT.

F. I. DRAK, M. D., A. SHERMAN, M. D., AND LOUIS FUEDNER, M. D.,
ASSISTANTS.

J. H. PIERSON,
PHARMACIST.

E. E. FINNEY,
STEWARD.

FRANK I. PISHION,
ASSISTANT STEWARD.

MISS MINNIE SCHRIBER,
MATRON.

In 1870 a law was passed authorizing an additional hospital for the insane. After an examination of several sites in different parts of the state by a commission appointed for that purpose, choice was made of the location offered by the citizens of Oshkosh, consisting of 337 acres of land, about four miles north of the city, on the west shore of Lake Winnebago. The necessary appropriations were made, and the north wing and central building were completed and opened for the admission of patients in 1873. Further appropriations were made from time to time for additional wings, and in 1875, the hospital was completed ac-

according to the original design, at a total cost to the state of six hundred and twenty-five thousand two hundred and fifty dollars. Since that time some additional land has been purchased, the original buildings modified, and others erected. This hospital will now, without crowding, suitably accommodate 650 patients.

In December, 1873, Dr. Walter Kempster, of Utica, New York, was elected superintendent and continued to act as such by successive re-elections, until the close of the term ending July 1, 1884, when he was succeeded by Dr. R. M. Wigginton, who had had several years' experience as assistant and superintendent in the State Hospital for the Insane near Madison. Upon the close of the official year, July 1, 1887, Dr. Walter Kempster was again elected superintendent, but after serving three months, he resigned the position, and Dr. Charles E. Booth, of Elroy, Wis., was elected his successor.

On July 21, 1891, Dr. W. F. Wegge, of Milwaukee, was elected to succeed Dr. Booth, and became superintendent August 1, 1891.

Dr. Wegge resigned October 1, 1894, and Dr. D. G. Hathaway, of Wauwatosa, was elected his successor. Dr. Hathaway resigned July 1, 1895, and was succeeded by Dr. W. A. Gordon, of Oshkosh.

There has been paid from the state treasury up to October 1, 1896, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the hospital, in all the sum of \$3,298,746.57.

Whole number of patients admitted since the opening of the hospital,	
April 21, 1873.....	7,009
Discharged recovered.....	1,456
Discharged improved.....	1,753
Discharged unimproved.....	1,786
Discharged not insane.....	26
Died	1,147
Under treatment September 30, 1896.....	520
Sent home on leave of absence.....	321
	7,009

The average number of patients in the hospital in the past year has been 556, as against 592 the previous year, and the current expenses \$117,891.87, as against \$140,331.53.

SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

OFFICERS.

JOHN W. SWILER, M. A.,
SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

HARRY G. HAMBRIGHT,
ASSISTANT STEWARD.

SARAH D. GIBSON,
MATRON.

MISS TILLIE CANNAN,
ASSISTANT MATRON.

J. E. WACHUTA,
BOYS' SUPERVISOR.

MISS ALLIE I. HOBART, MISS IVA C. PEARCE, B. S., MISS ELSIE M.
STEINKE, MISS AGNES STEINKE, MISS MARGARET J. STEVEN-
SON, MISS AGNES STEMKE, SETH W. GREGORY, A. B., MISS
FLORENCE PARRY, MISS LAURA SPARKS,

TEACHERS OF ARTICULATION.

MISS LILLIE M. SORRENSEN,
TEACHER OF PAINTING, DRAWING AND PENMANSHIP.

E. J. BENDING,
INSTRUCTOR OF MANUAL TRAINING.

W. A. COCHRANE, W. F. GRAY, WARREN ROBINSON, J. S. LONG, J. J.
MURPHY, THOS. HAGGERTY,
TEACHERS MANUAL DEPARTMENT.

MISS FLORENCE E. LONG, THOS. HAGGERTY,
CALISTHENICS AND GYMNASTICS.

A. F. STRUCKMEYER,
TEACHER OF NEEDLEWORK.

JULIUS HOLLIDAY,
INSTRUCTOR IN BAKING.

JOHN BEAMSLEY,
FOREMAN SHOE SHOP.

A. C. BLOODGOOD,
FOREMAN CABINET SHOP.

FRED. C. LARSEN,
FOREMAN PRINTING OFFICE.

This institution is located at Delavan, Walworth county, on the Southwestern division of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, sixty miles from Milwaukee. The land first occupied, comprising 11 46-100 acres, was donated by Hon. F. K. Phoenix, one of the first trustees, but the original boundaries have since been enlarged by the purchase of twenty-two acres. The main building was burned to the ground on the 16th of September, 1879, but during the year 1880



HENRY OUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF, DELAVAN.

four new buildings were erected, and with the increased facilities provided, 250 children may be well cared for.

The new buildings are a school house, boys' dormitory, dining room and chapel, with a main or administration building. These buildings are plain, neat, substantial structures and well fitted for the uses intended.

The institution was originally a private school for the deaf, but was incorporated by act of the Legislature, April 19, 1852, and it is now maintained by the State of Wisconsin for the education of those children within her borders who, on account of deafness, are unable to receive instruction in the common schools. It has three departments:

First—The school, in which the pupils are taught writing, reading, composition, arithmetic, geography, history, natural science and drawing. Instruction in lip-reading and oral speech is given to the semi-mutes and capable congenital mutes.

Second—The shops, where the pupils are taught printing, cabinet making and shoe-making.

Third—The domestic department, in which they discharge various household duties, and learn baking and sewing.

The law provides that all deaf and dumb residents of this state, of proper age and suitable capacity to receive instruction, shall be received and taught free of charge. The regular course of instruction occupies about eight years. The latest and most popular text-books, globes, maps, charts, etc.,—so far as they are adapted to deaf mute instruction,—are employed. Articulation and lip-reading are taught by ladies of skill and experience with very gratifying results.

The day is divided into hours for labor, study, and recreation, with the design of securing habits of industry and of promoting health as well as intellectual and moral development. No leave of absence is granted during the term, except in cases of sickness or extreme necessity.

Deaf mutes of Wisconsin, of proper age, are admitted to the privileges of the institution free of charge, being furnished tuition, books, board and washing. Friends are required to pay the traveling and incidental expenses, and to provide clothing, a sufficient supply of which should be furnished at the beginning of the school year, or sent by express as needed.

Candidates for admission should not be under eight nor more than twenty years of age, of sound moral principles and good physical health. Imbecile, idiotic or feeble-minded children are not received.

The annual session begins the first Wednesday in September, and continues forty weeks.

The summer vacation extends from June to September. Pupils are sent home promptly at the close of the term, accompanied to prominent railroad points by messengers from the institution.

There has been paid from the state treasury, up to October 1, 1894, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the school, in all, the sum of \$1,429,653.43.

The whole number of pupils under instruction from the opening of the school in 1852 is 1,050, of whom 202 were in attendance September 30, 1896.

The average number of pupils the past year was 180, as against 198 the previous year, and the current expenses \$39,799.54, as against \$42,005.49.

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

OFFICERS.

HOWARD F. BLISS,
SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

MISS LIZZIE J. CURTIS,
MATRON.

MISS JENNIE L. KENDALL,
CLERK.

MISS ELIZABETH M. ABBOTT, MISS ELIZABETH HOUGHTON,
MISS S. AUGUSTA WATSON, MISS FRANCES H. BENSON,
MISS LOVILA M. MOSHER, MISS MARY TUTTLE (Kindergarten),
TEACHERS IN LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

MRS. J. H. JONES, MISS JEANETTE M. BECKWITH,
MISS LAURA D. ENGLESON,
TEACHERS IN MUSIC DEPARTMENT.

MISS C. ADELE WILLIAMS,
TEACHER IN COOKING DEPARTMENT.

MRS. ELLEN HANSEN, MISS ELEANOR PARKS, J. O. PRESTON,
TEACHERS IN INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.

M. H. GAEBLER,
TEACHER OF PIANO TUNING.

This is the first charitable institution established by the state. A school for the blind had been opened at Janesville, in the latter part of 1849, which received its support from the citizens of that place and vicinity. At the next session of the legislature it was adopted by the state, by an act approved February 9, 1850. On October 7, 1850, it was opened for the reception of pupils under the direction of the board of trustees appointed by the governor. It occupied rented rooms until June 1, 1852, when it was removed to a building erected for its use at a cost of about \$3,000. The lot of ten acres had been donated by the owners, and now forms a part of the grounds, forty acres in extent, belonging to the institution. This building was so arranged as to admit of becoming the wing of a larger one, which was commenced in 1854 and fully completed in 1859. In 1864-5, a brick building was erected for a shop and other purposes. The foundation of the wing first built proved defective, and in 1867 that portion of the building had to be taken down. The next year work was begun on an extension which should replace the demolished portion and afford room for the growth of the school. That was completed in 1870, and the value of the buildings, grounds and personal property belonging to the institution was estimated at \$182,000. On the 13th of April, 1874, the building was destroyed by fire, and at the ensuing session of the legislature an appropriation of \$56,000 was made for the erection of a wing of a new building on the old site, but on a somewhat different plan; and in 1876, a further appropriation of \$90,000 was made for rebuilding the main structure.

The school was not allowed to close on account of the fire. Suitable accommodations were procured for the pupils by the board of trustees in the city of Janesville, where at some disadvantage, the work of the institution was carried on until January 1, 1876, when the wing of the new building was ready for oc-

cupancy. The main structure has since been completed. It is designed to accommodate one hundred pupils, the same number as the building destroyed in 1874. The exterior is plainer than in the former structure, but a considerable sum has been expended in fire-proofing and in laying solid foundations under the main building. It is now believed to be practically fire-proof.

The object of the institution as declared by law is, "to qualify, as far as may be," the blind "for the enjoyment of the blessings of a free government, obtaining the means of subsistence and the discharge of those duties, social and political, devolving upon American citizens." The institution is therefore neither a hospital nor an asylum, but a school, into which blind persons residing in Wisconsin, "of suitable age and capacity to receive instruction," are admitted for education. For the purposes of the institution, those persons are regarded as blind who are shut out from the benefits of the common schools by deficiency of sight. Pupils are regularly received who are between the ages of eight and twenty-one years. In occasional instances others have been admitted. Tuition and board during the school year are furnished by the state without charge, but parents and guardians are expected to provide clothing, traveling expenses, and a home during the summer vacation. The school year commences on the second Wednesday in September and continues forty weeks.

The operations of the school fall naturally into three departments. In one, instruction is given in the subjects usually taught in the common schools. Some use is made of books printed in raised letters; but instruction is mostly given orally. In another department musical training, vocal, instrumental and theoretical, is imparted to an extent sufficient to furnish to most an important source of enjoyment, and to some the means of support. These two departments were opened at the commencement of the school, and have been ever since maintained. A little later the third department was opened, in which weaving, seating cane-bottomed chairs, sewing, knitting, and various kinds of fancy work are systematically taught. The "Kindergarten" was established in 1883 and proves a most valuable adjunct to all the departments.

The care exercised over the pupils of this institution, looks closely to their physical and moral well-being, and the details of the discipline are only such as are consistent with and will further this purpose; while the instruction is systematic and thorough, as the character and scholarship of those who have completed the prescribed course of study abundantly attest.

There has been paid from the state treasury up to October 1, 1894, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the school, in all, the sum of \$1,103,144.97.

The whole number of pupils under instruction from the opening of the school, October 7, 1850, is 575, of whom 103 were in attendance September 30, 1896.

The average number of pupils the past year was 101, as against 99 the previous year; and the current expenses \$37,215.76, as against \$29,538.86.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

OFFICERS.

J. G. HART,
SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

W. B. STRONG,
ASSISTANT STEWARD.

MRS. J. A. HASSELL,
MATRON.

PROF. F. G. KRAEGE,
PRINCIPAL TEACHER.

MISS ISABEL JOHNSON,
MISS HELEN GRACE,
MRS. EDNA BURDICK,
A. L. THOMPSON,
A. E. WEBB,

PAUL GONGER,
J. J. GLEASON,
C. A. VANDERPOOL,
MRS. LUCY E. STRONG,

TEACHERS LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

J. B. STEINERT,
INSTRUCTOR IN MANUAL TRAINING.

JAMES J. McNALLY,
Foreman Boot and Shoe Factory.
JOS. HAM,
Foreman Bakery.

D. G. WOODWARD,
Foreman Tailor Shop.
D. M. CARR,
Foreman Carpenter Shop.

W. H. McILROY, Foreman Knitting Shop.
W. J. JOHNSON, Foreman Paint Shop.

The Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys is situated about three-fourths of a mile west of the railroad depots in the village of Waukesha, the county seat of Waukesha county.

It was organized as a house of refuge, and opened in 1860. The name was afterward changed to "State Reform School," and again to "Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys," its present title. The buildings are located on the southern bank of Fox river, in view of the trains as they pass to and from Milwaukee and Madison, presenting an attractive sight to the traveling public, and furnishing good evidence of the parental care of the State authorities for the juvenile wards within its borders.

The buildings include a main central edifice, three stories high, used for the residence of the superintendent's family, office, chapel, school rooms, reading room and library, officers' kitchen, dining and lodging rooms, furnace room and cellar.

On the east of the main central building are three family buildings, three stories high, each with a dining hall, play room, bath room, dressing room, hospital room, officers' rooms, dormitory and store room.

On the west of the main central buildings are four family buildings like those on the east in all respects, with the exception of the building at the west end of this line, which is a wooden building with a stone basement.

In the rear of this line of buildings is the shop building, 33x253 feet, three stories high, which embraces boot factory, sock and knitting factory, tailor shop, carpenter shop, engine room, laundry and steam drying room, bath rooms, store,



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS, WAUKESHA.

store rooms, bakery and cellar, and three family buildings with room for fifty boys each.

There is on the farm, which consists of 404 acres of land, a comfortable house, a stone carriage and horse barn, two stories high, built in the most substantial manner, three convenient wooden barns, with sheds for cattle, wagons and farm machinery, and cellars for roots.

The total amount paid from the State Treasury up to October 1, 1896, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs, and current expenses is \$1,753,701.83.

The whole number of commitments since the opening of the school, August 3, 1860, is 4,102, of whom 345 were present September 30, 1896.

The average number of boys the past year was 343, as against 369 the previous year, and the current expenses were \$63,270.74, as against \$69,494.16.

STATE PRISON.

OFFICERS.

JOHN J. ROBERTS,
WARDEN AND STEWARD.

J. B. VOSBURGH,
DEPUTY WARDEN.

JACOB FUSS,
CLERK.

G. F. MESSER, M. D.,
PRISON PHYSICIAN.

REV. W. G. BANCROFT,
CHAPLAIN.

REV. J. C. HARTMAN,
CHAPLAIN, CATHOLIC.

MISS PHOEBE C. GRIDER,
MATRON.

The State Prison was located in Waupun in July, 1851, by Messrs. John Bullen, John Taylor and A. W. Worth, who were appointed commissioners to determine such location under a law enacted that year. A contract was at once entered into for the construction of a temporary prison; in 1853 the contract was let for the mason work upon the south wing of the prison; and additions have been made from time to time since that date.

From March 23, 1853, to January 4, 1874, the office of the Prison Commissioner was an elective office, the commissioner having full control of the management of the prison.

From January 3, 1874, to June 1, 1881, the management was in the hands of three directors appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. In place of a commissioner, the directors appointed a warden, who had charge and custody of the prison, to serve three years.

In June, 1881, the management of the prison was placed in the hands of the State Board, who have continued the control and custody as established by the directors.

The warden, steward and treasurer are appointed by the State Board of Control annually. All other officers are appointed by the board from time to time as vacancies occur, upon the nomination of the warden.

The convict labor was leased to M. D. Wells & Co., of Chicago, for the manufacture of boots and shoes, for five years, from January 1, 1878, and the contract was renewed with that firm for five years, beginning with January 1, 1883, at the rate of fifty cents per day of ten hours. Upon the expiration of the contract at the close of the year 1887, the contractors, by consent of the Board of Supervision, continued to employ the prisoners for several months, when the contract was renewed for five years without change of terms. On the expiration of said contract at the close of the year 1892, it was similarly renewed by consent of the Board of Control, for a further period of five years.

Manufacture on the part of the state was therefore discontinued on January 1, 1878. The prisoners' earnings for biennial period ending September 30, 1896, were \$103,718.37.

The grounds about the buildings embrace 24 acres, and a farm of 112 acres, about a mile distant, was added in 1885. The buildings comprise the center, 85x90 feet, occupied for offices, warden's apartments, dining and lodging rooms for officers, kitchens, bakery, etc. The two wings, 50x200 feet each, containing 504 cells, the deputy warden's residence and female prison with thirty-six cells, a work-shop 54x500 feet, two stories high, bath house, blacksmith and carpenter shop, barn, etc.

The total amount paid from the State Treasury for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses up to October 1, 1894, was \$1,578,261.67.

The whole number of prisoners received since the opening of the prison is 6,892. The number in confinement September 30, 1896, was 582—563 males and 19 females. The average number of prisoners during the past year was 606 as against 625 the preceding year, and the current expenses were (not including prisoners' earnings) \$85,030.47, as against \$103,176.98.

STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL.

OFFICERS.

S. S. LANDT,
SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

PETER WILLIAMS, H. R. RAWSON,
STATE AGENTS.

ARTHUR DE GROFF,
CLERK.

MRS. JENNIE I. BREWER,
MATRON.

MISS KATHERINE MACMILLAN,	MRS. AGNES H. HEATH,
MISS LUCY SULLIVAN,	MISS LUCY SULLIVAN,
MISS MAUDE GALE,	MISS MATILDA JOHNSON,
MISS MAUDE E. UTTER,	MISS EDNA JONES.
MISS MINNIE VAN ANTWERP,	MRS. ANNIE B. WILLIAMS,
MISS JULIA C. TORKELSON,	MRS. AMELIA C. LEIGHTON,
MISS NELLIE ROBINSON,	

TEACHERS.

M. C. CLARKE,
TREASURER.

Chapter 377, laws of 1885, made it the duty of the board of supervision, by and with the consent of the governor to select a suitable site and erect thereon buildings for a state school or temporary home for dependent and neglected children--such institution to be known as the "State Public School." Soon after the enactment of this law, the Board advertised for proposals for furnishing a site for this institution, and received responses from Stevens Point, Waupaca, Green Bay, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Ripon, New Lisbon, Sparta and La Crosse. Subsequently the Board visited all these places, inspected the sites proposed and canvassed the advantages of each locality, and, finally, with the approval of the Governor, selected Sparta as the locality for the school, accepting an offer of a tract of land embracing 164.8 acres as the site. This land lies in one regular body on the northeast of the city, being partly within its limits, having the La Crosse river for its eastern boundary, and one of the city streets as its western line. The location is in all respects a healthful one, possesses many attractions in itself, and commands a view of one of the finest landscapes in the state.

During the year 1886, three cottages were erected and equipped in accordance with the provisions of the law, two of them of solid brick, two stories and an attic in height, with stone basement and capable of accommodating one hundred pupils. The third cottage, a frame structure, veneered with brick, two stories and an attic above a stone basement, was devoted at first to the uses of the superintendent and his family, but subsequently to the accommodation of the young children, of whom it affords room for thirty.

The institution was opened for the reception of pupils on the 13th of November, 1886, with Robert T. Roberts as superintendent. It soon became apparent, from the rapidity with which commitments were made, that more room must be provided before the full benefits of the institution could be realized. Accordingly the legislature of 1887 made provisions for the erection of a central building.

two cottages and such other structures as it should deem necessary. The board of supervision, during that year, had erected the buildings named, and in addition thereto a boiler and engine house and laundry and a barn. The central building is of brick, three stories in height upon a stone basement, and furnishes room for the superintendent and his family and employes, a general kitchen and large dining room, an assembly room and offices. The cottages are of brick, two stories and an attic in height, with a stone basement, and furnish accommodations for sixty pupils each. A school-house two stories in height, containing three class rooms and necessary halls on each floor, and furnishing accommodations for about 250 pupils, was erected in 1889, as were also a cold storage building, ice house and additional farm buildings; and a dwelling house on adjoining land purchased was reconstructed into a comfortable hospital.

In August, 1891, the Board of Control elected F. L. Sanborn, of Ashland, to be the superintendent in place of Mr. Roberts, whose term had expired.

July 7, 1892, fire, believed to be the work of an incendiary ward, destroyed the roof and upper story of the main building. The building was promptly reconstructed at a cost of \$4,814.96.

The primary object of the institution is to furnish a temporary home for dependent and neglected children until suitable homes can be found for them in good families. While they remain in the institution they are instructed in the elementary branches of an English education.

From the establishment of the institution up to September 30, 1896, there had been expended for site, permanent improvements, equipments and current expenses, \$497,134.34.

The whole number of children admitted up to September 30, 1896, was 1,604; the average number in the school for the fiscal year, ending September 30, 1895, was 270, and for the fiscal year ending with September last, the average number was 237. At the last named date 1,326 children had been placed in homes.



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

WISCONSIN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, MILWAUKEE.

WISCONSIN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD OF MANAGERS.HONORARY PRESIDENT,
MRS. M. E. B. LYNDE.PRESIDENT,
MRS. G. C. SWALLOW.VICE PRESIDENTS,
MRS. C. J. RUSSELL, MRS. EMANUEL FRIEND,
MISS CHRISTINE DOIG.SECRETARY,
MRS. J. L. KAINEL.TREASURER,
MISS MARY E. HOLLIDAY.

RESIDENT OFFICERS.SUPERINTENDENT,
MISS SARAH E. PIERCE.ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT,
MRS. MARY A. MASON.FAMILY MATRONS,
MISS AMELIA KNEELAND, MISS MARY L. ATWOOD,
MISS JESSIE KING, MISS EMMA LACY,
MISS AMELIA COXE, MISS LOTTIE PHELPS.PRINCIPAL TEACHERS,
MISS EMMA O. SKINNER, MISS MARY E. SHEFFIELD,
MISS SARAH A. QUAIFFE.KINDERGARTEN,
MISS NETTIE PIERCE.STEWARD,
J. R. LOVE.

The Wisconsin Industrial School for Girls is located in Milwaukee, on Lake Avenue, in that part of the city known as North Point. It is capable of accommodating 160 inmates.

Its proper subjects are:

1. Viciously inclined girls under 18, and boys under 10 years of age.
2. The stubborn and unruly, who refuse to obey their proper guardians.
3. Truants, vagrants and beggars.
4. Those found in circumstances of manifest danger of falling into habits of vice and immorality, for want of proper care.
5. Those under the above ages who have committed any offense punishable by fine or imprisonment in adult offenders.

Although the school was founded by private charity, and is under the control of a self-perpetuating board of managers, it is incorporated and employed by the state for the custody, guardianship, discipline and instruction of the aforementioned

children. In default of responsible and efficient guardianship they are treated as minors and wards of the state, and by it they are committed to the guardianship of this board of ladies during minority.

The present statute provides that for each girl so committed, the county from which such commitment is made shall pay not more than two dollars and fifty cents per week.

It is designed to be in no sense a penal institution, but it is a reformatory for the older, a temporary place of detention and instruction for the younger. Its objects are detention and reformation.

The school was organized under the act of 1875, and has received from the Legislature, in 1878, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1885, 1887, 1889, 1891 and 1893, sums amounting to \$83,000 for buildings, improvements, stock and furnishings. The city of Milwaukee has also given for its use a tract of over eight acres of land, the state holding the title to this property.

The buildings, as completed by the successive appropriations, afford in all the requisites for distinct family life, three separate dwellings, designated as the Main Home, the Children's Home and the Cottage, and include a kindergarten room, two infirmaries, a laundry and three large school-rooms. The Children's Home takes boys and girls under eleven years of age; the Main Home the girls from eleven upwards, dividing them into four distinct classes, according to age and morals, with fair facilities for suitable separation and instruction; and the cottage is an additional and entirely separate building for proper restraint and influence over the older and more depraved.

On leaving the school, children are either returned to their former homes or relatives, or given by adoption or indenture to the care of well-recommended families. Boys are transferred to the State Industrial School for Boys, if unfit for homes in families, when of unsuitable age to remain longer in the school.

THE HOME FOR THE FEEBLE-MINDED.

SUPERINTENDENT,
ALFRED W. WILMARTH.

STEWARD,
C. K. ERWIN.

The legislature of 1895 instructed the Board of Control to acquire, by purchase or donation, sufficient land for a home for the feeble-minded and epileptic of the state and appropriated \$100,000.00 for this purpose and the erection of suitable buildings.

In doing this the legislature builded well. The insane, the blind and the deaf, for many years have enjoyed the fostering care and liberal favors provided for them by the state. Their claims upon the practical sympathy of the community have been munificently responded to and no one questions the duty of a prospering people to make the helpless the objects of their special care. But during all these years, the public has ignored and neglected the idiot and the feeble-minded classes equally abject, equally deserving and in all respects equally entitled to our care and support. We confidently believe that the establishment now nearly ready for them, if carried to the hoped-for development, will be the means of giving consolation to as many homes and happiness to as many stricken hearts as any or all of our other magnificent state institutions of which the people of Wisconsin are so justly proud.

The Board of Control obtained warranty deeds to the state of the 600 acres donated. In addition, a part of the cash bonus was used in purchasing adjoining

lands likely to be needed in the near future, so that now the state owns a clear title to 1021 acres of good land. The rest of the bonus, in accordance with a verbal agreement with the officials of the city of Chippewa Falls, has been used in grading and laying out drives and walks through 190 acres of this land set aside for the park grounds of the institution.

In the plans and arrangements of the buildings the Board has given much careful study and consideration. Visits to similar institutions in other states were made by members of the Board and the architect, in order to profit by the experiences and experiments of others.

The first point to be settled was the ultimate capacity of the institution. The highest authorities in the land were consulted and they agreed that no institution of this kind should contain over 1,000 inmates. The Board, in view of the fact that the census shows about 3,000 feeble-minded and idiotic persons in the state, decided to cover the extreme limit and set the final capacity of the Home at 1,000. Everything so far has been constructed with that object in view. The power-house and heating plant has been built large enough for all future requirements; and so has the laundry building. The sewer system, the water-works pipes and the electric light mains are all large enough for any future use. It will be only necessary to put in additional machinery. The underground pipes will not have to be disturbed nor will the buildings need to be enlarged. When the institution has been completed to its limited capacity of 1,000, there will be about twenty buildings, as follows:—

An administration building; a dormitory for boys of 1st grade; a dormitory for girls of 1st grade; a dormitory for boys of 2nd grade; a dormitory for girls of 2nd grade; a dormitory for boys of 3rd grade; a dormitory for girls of 3rd grade; a dormitory for boys (epileptics); a dormitory for girls (epileptics); a custodial cottage for boys; a custodial cottage for girls; a gymnasium and assembly hall; a school building for boys; a school building for girls; a kitchen and general dining room for both classes; hospital building, laundry, power house, shops, farm colony, barns, railway station, etc.

The appropriation of \$100,000.00 made by the legislature of 1895 has been used as follows:

Contract for one custodial building and one dormitory.....	\$57,987
Contract for power house and laundry.....	10,350
Contract for steam-heating equipment.....	15,794
Contract for sewerage system.....	2,857
Contract for electric light plant.....	2,491
Contract for pumping machinery	1,720
Contract for water works system.....	1,735
Preliminary work, architect's plans, surveying, superintendence of construction, lumber, implements and tools....	4,037

The capacity of the present buildings will be about 250 and at a cost not to exceed \$400.00 per bed, and in this is included the cost of the power plant, laundry, sewerage, lighting and heating systems.

The buildings have been constructed with a view to solidity and permanence, and not one dollar has been spent for ornamentation. Nevertheless the cottages are handsome and imposing. There is nothing cheap and flimsy about them, but every kind of material used is of the very best. The roofs are slate, the gutters and cornices of copper, all the partitions are of brick and the buildings are of slow-burning construction throughout and as nearly fire-proof as is necessary.

The estimated cost of maintaining inmates for the next two years is as follows:

For 1897 for 250 inmates at \$3.50 per week.....	\$45,500
For 1898 for 250 inmates at \$3.50 per week.....	45,500
Total	\$91,000
Less \$1.50 per week paid for 250 inmates by counties at the end of year 1897	19,500
Total for 1897 and 1898	\$71,500

It should be understood that many of those who will become inmates of this Home are now in poorhouses, etc., and maintained at public charge. To provide for them all under one roof will be no more expensive in the end and will be vastly more humane.

THE WISCONSIN VETERAN'S HOME.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.**J. H. MARSTEN,**
PRESIDENT.**A. O. WRIGHT,**
VICE PRESIDENT.**J. H. WOODNORTH,**
SECRETARY.**R. N. ROBERTS,**
TREASURER.**O. F. CHASE, A. J. SMITH, D. LLOYD JONES, (Dept. Com. G. A. R., ex-officio,)**
MEMBERS OF BOARD.*Executive Board.***A. J. SMITH, O. F. CHASE, R. N. ROBERTS.**COMMANDANT.
C. CALDWELL.MATRON,
MRS. IDA J. CALDWELL.

The Wisconsin Veterans' Home was founded by the Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Wisconsin, November 16, 1887, to care for honorably discharged indigent soldiers, sailors or marines of the War of the Rebellion, who cannot be received into any national home for disabled volunteer soldiers, and for their indigent wives or widows, for whom no provision is made at the national homes, and who hitherto have been separated, the wife to go to the poor house, while the husband goes to the National Home.

The home is built upon what is known as the cottage plan, each cottage being for two persons, in every instance, man and wife. The cooking is done in a large centrally located building and meals served in a commodious dining hall in connection with the kitchen, thus relieving these old people from care of any kind. The home now consists of forty-two cottages, an administration building, dining hall and kitchen, and widows' hall, Jerry Rusk Hall for sixty people, amusement hall, hospital, assembly hall (for single men only) old people's building, old men's building, chapel, laundry, ice houses, farm house, barns, etc.

Since 1889 many improvements have been made and the accommodations enlarged. The property is now owned by the state, but is controlled by a board of trustees elected by the department of the G. A. R.

It is supported by an appropriation of \$300 per week made by the state for the maintenance of these people.

The capacity of the home is 400, having at this date on the rolls 385 present. The total valuation of the property is \$200,000. It is situated on the shores of Hicks Lake, one of the chain of lakes near Waupaca, and is unsurpassed for healthfulness and for its beautiful scenery and surroundings.

The Grand Army of the Republic and W. R. C. of the state have expended in buildings, grounds and furnishings \$50,000, and are justly proud of the institution. The state receives from the government the sum of \$100 per annum for each male inmate, and up to the present time has received from this source nearly \$75,000. The liberal appropriations made by the state has made it competent for the trustees to make this one of the best institutions of its character in the United States.

NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

BRANCHES AND POSTOFFICE ADDRESSES.

Central—National Military Home, Montgomery County, Ohio.
 Northwestern—National Home, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin.
 Eastern—National Home, Togus, Maine.
 Southern—National Soldiers' Home, Elizabeth City County, Virginia.
 Western—National Military Home, Leavenworth County, Kansas.
 Pacific—Soldiers' Home, Los Angeles County, California.
 Marion—National Military Home, Grant County, Indiana.

MANAGERS.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES; THE CHIEF JUSTICE; THE
 SECRETARY OF WAR—Ex-Officio, Washington, D. C.

GENERAL WILLIAM B. FRANKLIN, President, Hartford, Connecticut. Term
 expires 1902.

GENERAL WILLIAM J. SEWELL, 1st Vice President, Camden, New Jersey.
 Term expires 1898.

COLONEL JOHN L. MITCHELL, 2d Vice President, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.
 Term expires 1898.

GENERAL MARTIN T. McMAHON, Secretary, Times Building, New York City.
 Term expires 1898.

GENERAL ALFRED L. PEARSON, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. Term expires 1900.
 COLONEL GEORGE W. STEELE, Marion, Indiana. Term expires 1902.

GENERAL A. W. BARRETT, Los Angeles, California. Term expires 1898.

GENERAL CHARLES M. ANDERSON, Greenville, Ohio. Term expires 1900.

COLONEL SIDNEY G. COOKE, Herlington, Kansas. Term expires 1900.

GENERAL THOMAS J. HENDERSON, Princeton, Illinois. Term expires 1902.

GENERAL GEORGE L. BEAL, Norway, Maine. Term expires 1902.

NORTHWESTERN BRANCH, MILWAUKEE CO., WISCONSIN.

GOVERNOR.

COLONEL CORNELIUS WHEELER.

MAJOR J. E. ARMITAGE, Treasurer.

MAJOR W. W. ROWLEY, Quartermaster and C. S.

MAJOR MOSES HARRIS, Adjutant and Inspector.

DR. ALMON CLARKE, Surgeon.

DR. A. I. COMFORT, Assistant Surgeon.

REV. E. P. WRIGHT, D. D., Protestant Chaplain.

REV. A. HADEN, S. J., Catholic Chaplain.

MRS. ANNIE KNOX, Matron.

Number of members present date of last annual report, June 30, 1896.....	2,313
Number present and absent date of last annual report, June 30, 1896.....	2,695
Number of members present, Nov. 30, 1896.....	2,437
Number of members present and absent Nov. 30, 1896.....	2,787

The Northwestern branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers is beautifully situated about three miles from the city of Milwaukee, with which it is connected by an electric railway line. The main building, which

affords quarters for 800 disabled veterans, is an imposing structure, from the lofty tower of which floats the national banner. Four other substantially built barracks furnish comfortable quarters for the remaining members. The hospital is a commodious and well lighted building, in which about 400 sick and decrepit old soldiers receive kind care and attention, bestowed by the attending surgeons and a corps of skilled female nurses. A theater, in which entertainments are given by professional actors, hired for the purpose, a fine military band and orchestra, billiard, card, and reading rooms and a library of about 7,000 volumes provide recreation and amusement for the disabled veterans. The Home grounds contain 400 acres, of which about one-half is cultivated. The remainder is a wooded park, traversed by shaded walks and drives, beautifully undulating, with several charming little lakes upon which pleasure boats are kept.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION.

FIRST.—An honorable discharge from the United States service for service in the war of the Rebellion or the Mexican war.

SECOND.—Disability which prevents the applicant from earning his living by labor.

THIRD.—Applicants for admission will be required to stipulate and agree to abide by all the rules and regulations made by the Board of Managers, or by their order; to perform all duties required of them, and to obey all the lawful orders of the officers of the Home. Attention is called to the fact, that by the law establishing the Home, the members are made subject to the rules and articles of war, and will be governed thereby in the same manner as if they were in the army of the United States.

FOURTH.—A soldier or sailor must forward with his application for admission his discharge paper, and when he is a pensioner his pension certificate, and if he has been a member of a State Home, his discharge from that Home, before his application will be considered, which papers will be retained at the branch to which the applicant is admitted, to be kept there for him and returned to him when he is discharged. This rule is adopted to prevent the loss of such papers and certificates, and to hinder fraudulent practices; and no application will be considered unless these papers be sent with it. If the original discharge does not exist, a copy of discharge, certified by the War or Navy Department, or by the Adjutant-General of the state, must accompany the application. On admission he must also transfer his pension certificate to the Home, and the moneys secured thereby, and empower the treasurer of the Home to draw the said moneys, and to hold and dispose of them, subject to the laws of congress, and the rules, regulations, and orders which have been or may hereafter be made by the Board of Managers of said National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.

MEM.—Soldiers or sailors whose pensions exceed sixteen dollars the month are not eligible to the Home unless the reasons are peculiar, and are explained to the manager and are satisfactory to him.

Those who have been members of State Homes must have been discharged from those Homes at least six months before they can be admitted to a Branch of the National Home except by a vote of the Board of Managers, and soldiers and sailors who have been dishonorably discharged from State Homes can only be admitted by a vote of the Board of Managers.

Admission to the Home may be procured, when vacancies exist, by applying to Colonel Cornelius Wheeler, National Home P. O., the Governor of the Northwestern Branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.

PART VI.

THE JUDICIARY.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

MISCELLANEOUS STATE SOCIETIES, ETC.

THE JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Chief Justice—MELVILLE W. FULLER, Illinois, 1888.

<i>Justices</i> —S. J. Field.....	California.....	1863	Henry B. Brown.....	Michigan.....	1890
John M. Harlan.....	Kentucky.....	1877	George Shiras, Jr.	Pennsylvania	1892
Horace Gray.....	Massachusetts.....	1881	Edward D. White.....	Louisiana	1894
David J. Brewer.....	Kansas.....	1889	Rufus W. Peckham.....	New York.....	1895

Clerk—J. H. McKenney, D. C.....1880.

Salaries: Chief Justice, \$10,500; Justices, \$10,000; Clerk, \$5,000.

Marshal—J. M. Wright, Kentucky ..\$3,500 | *Reporter*, J. C. B. Davis, New York...\$4,500

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURTS OF APPEALS.

FIRST CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Justice Horace Gray; Circuit Judges, Le Baron E. Colt, W. L. Putnam; District Judges, Thomas L. Nelson, Nathan Webb, George M. Carpenter, Edgar Aldrich. *Clerk*—J. G. Stetson, Boston, Mass.

SECOND CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Justice H. B. Brown; Circuit Judges, William J. Wallace, E. H. Lacombe, Nathaniel Shipman; District Judges, Hoyt H. Wheeler, W. K. Townsend, A. C. Coxe, C. L. Benedict, Addison Brown. *Clerk*—J. A. Shields, New York city.

THIRD CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Justice George Shiras, Jr.; Circuit Judges, M. W. Acheson, G. M. Dallas; District Judges, William Butler, E. T. Green, Joseph Buffington, L. E. Wales. *Clerk*—W. V. Williamson, Philadelphia.

FOURTH CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice United States; Circuit Judges, C. H. Simonton, Nathan Goff; District Judges, John J. Jackson, A. S. Seymour, R. P. Dick, W. H. Brawley, T. J. Morris, R. W. Hughes, John Paul. *Clerk*—H. T. Milony, Richmond, Va.

FIFTH CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Justice E. D. White; Circuit Judges, D. A. Pardee, A. P. McCormick; District Judges, W. T. Newman, Emery Spear, Charles Swayne, J. W. Locke, John Bruce, H. T. Toulmin, H. C.

Niles, Charles Parlange, Aleck Boorman, J. B. Rector, D. E. Bryant, T. S. Maxey. *Clerk*—James M. McKee, New Orleans, La.

SIXTH CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Justice Henry B. Brown; Circuit Judges, W. H. Taft, H. H. Lorton; District Judges, G. R. Sage, A. J. Ricks, H. H. Swan, H. F. Seyerens, J. W. Barr, E. S. Hammond, C. D. Clark. *Clerk*—W. S. Harsha, Cincinnati, O.

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Justice J. M. Harlan; Circuit Judges, W. A. Woods, J. G. Jenkins; District Judges, P. S. Grosscup, J. H. Baker, W. J. Allen, W. H. Seaman, E. Bunn. *Clerk*—O. T. Morton, Chicago, Ill.

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Justice D. J. Brewer; Circuit Judges, H. C. Caldwell, W. H. Sanborn, A. M. Thayer; District Judges, R. R. Nelson, O. P. Shiras, J. S. Woolson, H. S. Priest, J. F. Phillips, J. A. Williams, Moses Hallett, C. G. Foster, J. A. Riner, A. D. Thomas, A. J. Edgerton. *Clerk*—J. D. Jordan, St. Louis, Mo.

NINTH CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Justice Stephen J. Field; Circuit Judges, E. M. Ross, William B. Gilbert; District Judges, James H. Beatty, W. W. Morrow, C. P. Beltinger, T. P. Hawley, O. Wellbron, Hiram Knowles. *Clerk*—F. D. Monckton, San Francisco, Cal.

CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Salaries of Circuit Judges, \$8,000 each.)

FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Gray, Boston, Mass. Districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island. *Circuit Judges*—Le Baron B. Colt, Bristol, R. I., July 5, 1884; W. L. Putnam, Portland, Me., March 17, 1892.

SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Peckham. Districts of Vermont, Connecticut, New York. *Circuit Judges*—Wm. J. Wallace, Syracuse, N. Y., April 6, 1882; E. H. Lacombe, New York, May 26, 1887; Nathaniel Shipman, Hartford, Conn., March 17, 1892.

THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Shiras, Pittsburg, Pa. Districts of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware. *Circuit Judges*—Marcus W. Acheson, Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 3, 1891; George M. Dallas, Philadelphia, Pa., March 17, 1892.

FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Chief Justice Fuller, Chicago, Ill. Districts of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, So. Carolina. *Circuit Judges*—C. H. Simonton, Charleston, S. C., Dec. 19, 1893; Nathan Goff, Clarksburg, W. Va., March 17, 1892.

FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice White. Districts of Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas. *Circuit Judges*—Don. A. Pardee, New Orleans,

La., May 13, 1881; A. P. McCormick, Dallas, Tex., March 17, 1892.

SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Harlan. Districts of Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, Tennessee. *Circuit Judges*—W. H. Taft, Cincinnati, O.; H. H. Lurton, Clarks ville, Tenn., March 27, 1893.

SEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Brown. Districts of Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin. *Circuit Judges*—W. A. Woods, Indianapolis, Ind., March 17, 1892; J. G. Jenkins, Milwaukee, Wis., March 23, 1893; John W. Showalter, Chicago, Ill.

EIGHTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Brewer, Leavenworth, Kas. Districts of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah, and territories of New Mexico and Oklahoma. *Circuit Judges*—W. H. Sanborn, St. Paul, Minn., March 17, 1892; H. C. Caldwell, Little Rock, Ark., March 4, 1890; Amos M. Thayer, Aug. 9, 1894.

NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Field, San Francisco, Cal. Districts of California, Montana, Washington, Idaho, Oregon, Nevada, and territories of Alaska and Arizona. *Circuit Judges*—E. M. Ross, Los Angeles, Cal., 1896; W. B. Gilbert, Portland, Ore., March 18, 1892; Jos. McKenna, Suisun, Cal.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

(Salaries of judges, \$4,500 each.)

Chief Justice—C. C. NOTT, New York.

<i>Judges</i> —Chas. C. Nott..New York	1865	|	John Davis ....District of Columbia..	1885
Lawrence Welden.....Illinois.....	1883	|	S. J. Peellee ...Indiana.....	1892

Chief Clerk—Archibald Hopkins, Massachusetts, 1873, \$3,000.

JUSTICES OF THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

(Names of the Chief Justices in italics.)

NAME.	SERVICE.		Born.	Died.
	Term.	Years.		
<i>John Jay</i> , New York.....	1789-1795	6	1745	1829
John Rutledge, South Carolina.....	1789-1791	2	1739	1806
William Cushing, Massachusetts.....	1789-1810	21	1733	1810
James Wilson, Pennsylvania.....	1789-1798	9	1742	1798
John Blair, Virginia.....	1789-1796	7	1732	1800
Robert H. Harrison, Maryland.....	1789-1790	1	1745	1790
James Iredell, North Carolina.....	1790-1799	9	1751	1799
Thomas Johnson, Maryland.....	1791-1793	2	1732	1819
William Paterson, New Jersey.....	1793-1806	13	1745	1806
<i>John Rutledge</i> , South Carolina.....	1795-1795	.....	1739	1800
Samuel Chase, Maryland.....	1796-1811	15	1741	1811
<i>Oliver Ellsworth</i> , Connecticut.....	1796-1800	4	1745	1807
Bushrod Washington, Virginia.....	1798-1829	31	1762	1829
Alfred Moore, North Carolina.....	1799-1804	5	1755	1810
<i>John Marshall</i> , Virginia.....	1801-1835	34	1755	1835
William Johnson, South Carolina.....	1804-1834	30	1771	1834
Brock Livingston, New York.....	1806-1823	17	1757	1824
Thomas Todd, Kentucky.....	1807-1826	19	1765	1825
Joseph Story, Massachusetts.....	1811-1845	34	1779	1845
Gabriel Duval, Maryland.....	1811-1836	25	1752	1844
Smith Thompson, New York.....	1823-1843	20	1767	1843
Robert Trimble, Kentucky.....	1826-1828	2	1777	1828
John McLean, Ohio.....	1829-1861	32	1785	1861
Henry Baldwin, Pennsylvania.....	1830-1844	14	1779	1844
James M. Wayne, Georgia.....	1835-1867	32	1790	1867
<i>Roger B. Taney</i> , Maryland.....	1836-1864	28	1777	1864
Philip P. Barbour, Virginia.....	1836-1841	5	1783	1841
John Catron, Tennessee.....	1837-1865	28	1786	1865
John McKinley, Alabama.....	1837-1852	15	1780	1852
Peter V. Daniel, Virginia.....	1841-1860	19	1785	1860
Samuel Nelson, New York.....	1845-1872	27	1792	1873
Levi Woodbury, New Hampshire.....	1845-1851	6	1789	1851
Robert C. Grier, Pennsylvania.....	1846-1870	23	1794	1870
Benjamin R. Curtis, Massachusetts.....	1851-1857	6	1809	1874
John A. Campbell, Alabama.....	1853-1861	8	1811	1889
Nathan Clifford, Maine.....	1858-1881	23	1803	1881
Noah H. Swayne, Ohio.....	1861-1881	20	1804	1884
Samuel F. Miller, Iowa.....	1862-1890	28	1816	1890
David Davis, Illinois.....	1862-1877	15	1815	1886
Stephen J. Field, California.....	1863.....	.....	1816	.....
<i>Salmon P. Chase</i> , Ohio.....	1864-1873	9	1808	1873
William Strong, Pennsylvania.....	1870-1880	10	1808	1895
Joseph P. Bradley, New Jersey.....	1870-1892	22	1813	1892
Ward Hunt, New York.....	1872-1882	10	1811	1886
<i>Morrison E. Waite</i> , Ohio.....	1874-1888	14	1816	1888
John M. Harlan, Kentucky.....	1877.....	.....	1833	.....
William B. Woods, Georgia.....	1880-1887	7	1824	1887
Stanley Matthews, Ohio.....	1881-1889	8	1824	1889
Horace Gray, Massachusetts.....	1884.....	.....	1828	.....
Samuel Blachford, New York.....	1882-1893	11	1820	1893
Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Mississippi.....	1888-1893	5	1825	1893
<i>Melville W. Fuller</i> , Illinois.....	1888.....	.....	1833	.....
David J. Brewer, Kansas.....	1889.....	.....	1837	.....
Henry B. Brown, Michigan.....	1890.....	.....	1836	.....
George Shiras, Jr., Pennsylvania.....	1892.....	.....	1832	.....
Howell E. Jackson, Tennessee.....	1893-1895	2	1832	1895
Edward D. White, Louisiana.....	1893.....	.....	1849	.....
Rufus W. Peckham, New York.....	1895.....	.....	1837	.....

JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS.

(Salaries, \$5,000 each.)

Districts.	Name.	Residence.	Date of commission.
Alabama—Northern and Middle Dist	John Bruce.....	Montgomery...	Feb. 27, 1875
Southern District.....	H. T. Toulmin....	Mobile.....	Jan. 13, 1887
Alaska.....	A. K. Delaney....	Sitka.....	1896
Arkansas—Eastern District.....	John A. Williams..	Little Rock...	Sept. 22, 1890
Western District.....	John H. Rogers...	Fort Smith....	
Arizona.....	A. K. Delaney....	Phoenix.....	
California—Northern District.....	Wm. W. Morrow..	San Francisco..	Sept. 13, 1891
Southern District.....	Olin Welbron....	Los Angeles....	1896
Colorado.....	Moses Hallett....	Denver.....	Jan. 12, 1877
Connecticut.....	W. K. Townsend...	New Haven....	Mar. 28, 1892
Delaware.....	Leonard E. Wales..	Wilmington....	Mar. 20, 1884
District of Columbia.....	E. F. Bingham....	Washington....	April 22, 1887
Florida—Northern District.....	Charles Swayne....	Jacksonville...	April 1, 1890
Southern District.....	James W. Locke....	Key West.....	Feb. 1, 1872
Georgia—Northern District.....	Wm. T. Newman....	Atlanta.....	Aug. 13, 1886
Southern District.....	Emory Speer.....	Savannah....	Feb. 18, 1885
Idaho.....	James H. Beatty...	Hailey.....	Feb. 4, 1892
Illinois—Northern District.....	P. S. Grosscup....	Chicago.....	Dec. 20, 1892
Southern District.....	Wm. J. Allen.....	Springfield...	April 18, 1887
Indiana.....	John H. Baker....	Goshen.....	Mar. 29, 1892
Indian Territory.....	W. M. Springer....	Muscogee....	1896
Indian Territory.....	Yancy Lentis.....	McAllister....	
Indian Territory.....	C. B. Kilgore....	Ardmore.....	
Iowa—Northern District.....	Oliver P. Shiras..	Dubuque.....	Aug. 14, 1882
Southern District.....	John S. Woolson...	Mount Pleasant	Jan. 11, 1892
Kansas.....	Cassius G. Foster..	Topeka.....	Mar. 10, 1874
Kentucky.....	John W. Barr.....	Louisville....	April 16, 1880
Louisiana—Eastern District.....	C. Parlange.....	New Orleans...	Jan. 15, 1894
Western District.....	Aleck Boorman....	Shreveport....	May 18, 1881
Maine.....	Nathan Webb.....	Portland.....	Jan. 24, 1882
Maryland.....	Thomas J. Morris..	Baltimore....	July 1, 1879
Massachusetts.....	Thomas L. Nelson..	Worcester....	Jan. 10, 1879
Michigan—Eastern District.....	Henry H. Swan....	Detroit.....	Jan. 9, 1891
Western District.....	Henry F. Severens..	Kalamazoo....	May 25, 1886
Minnesota.....	William Lochren..	St. Paul.....	1896
Mississippi—Two Districts.....	Henry C. Niles....	Kosciusko....	Aug. 11, 1892
Missouri—Eastern District.....	E. B. Adams.....	St. Louis.....	1896
Western District.....	John F. Philips...	Kansas City...	June 25, 1888
Montana.....	Hiram Knowles...	Helena.....	Feb. 21, 1890
Nebraska.....	W. D. McHugh....	Omaha.....	
Nevada.....	Thomas B. Hawley..	Carson City...	Sept. 9, 1890
New Hampshire.....	Edgar Aldrich....	Littleton....	Feb. 20, 1891
New Jersey.....	A. Kirkpatrick....	Trenton.....	Jan. 27, 1890
New Mexico.....	Thomas Smith....	Las Vegas....	Oct. 5, 1893
New York—Northern District.....	Alfred C. Coxo....	Utica.....	May 4, 1882
Southern District.....	Addison Brown...	New York City..	June 2, 1881
Eastern District.....	Chas. L. Benedict..	Brooklyn.....	Mar. 9, 1865
North Carolina—Eastern District.....	Aug. S. Seymour..	Newbern.....	Feb. 21, 1882
Western District.....	Robert P. Dick....	Greensboro....	June 7, 1872
North Dakota.....	Charles F. Amidon..	Fargo.....	Feb. 25, 1890
Ohio—Northern District.....	A. J. Ricks.....	Cleveland....	Jan. 16, 1890
Southern District.....	George R. Sage....	Lebanon.....	Mar. 20, 1883
Oklahoma.....	Frank Dale.....	Guthrie.....	Sept. 12, 1893
Oregon.....	Chas. B. Bellinger..	Portland.....	April 15, 1893
Pennsylvania, Eastern District.....	William Butler....	West Chester...	Feb. 19, 1879
Western District.....	Joseph Buffington	Pittsburg....	Feb. 23, 1892
Rhode Island.....	Arthur L. Brown...	Providence....	Dec. 16, 1884
South Carolina.....	W. A. Brawley....	Charleston....	Jan. 18, 1894
South Dakota.....	John E. Carland...	Sioux Falls...	Jan. 16, 1890
Tennessee—Eastern and Middle Dist.	Charles D. Clark...	Chattanooga...	Jan. 21, 1895
Western District.....	Eli S. Hammond...	Memphis.....	June 17, 1878
Texas—Eastern District.....	David E. Bryant...	Sherman.....	1896
Western District.....	Thomas S. Maxey...	Austin.....	June 25, 1888
Northern District.....	John B. Rector....	Dallas.....	Mar. 17, 1892
Utah.....	Hoyt H. Marshall..	Salt Lake City..	1896
Vermont.....	Robert W. Wheeler..	Jamaica.....	Mar. 16, 1877
Virginia—Eastern District.....	John W. Hughes...	Norfolk.....	Jan. 14, 1874
Western District.....	John Paul.....	Harrisonburg...	Mar. 3, 1883
Washington.....	C. H. Hanford....	Seattle.....	Feb. 25, 1890
West Virginia.....	John J. Jackson...	Parkersburg...	Aug. 3, 1861
Wisconsin—Eastern District.....	W. H. Seaman....	Sheboygan....	April 3, 1893
Western District.....	Romanzo Bunn....	Madison.....	Oct. 30, 1877
Wyoming.....	John A. Riner....	Cheyenne.....	Sept. 22, 1890

UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

Districts.	Name.	Residence.
Alabama—Northern District	Emmet O'Neal	Birmingham.
Middle District	Geo. F. Moore	Montgomery.
Southern District	Joseph N. Miller	Mobile.
Arkansas—Eastern District	Joseph W. House	Little Rock.
Western District	James F. Read	Fort Smith.
Alaska	Burton E. Bennett	Sitka.
Arizona	Everett E. Ellinwood	Tucson.
California—Northern District	Henry S. Foote	San Francisco.
Southern District	George J. Denis	Los Angeles.
Colorado	Henry V. Johnson	Denver.
Connecticut	Charles W. Comstock	Hartford.
Delaware	Lewis C. Vandergrift	Dover.
District of Columbia	Arthur A. Birney	Washington.
Florida—Northern District	J. E. Wolfe	Pensacola.
Southern District	Frank Clark	Jacksonville.
Georgia—Northern District	Joseph S. James	Atlanta.
Southern District	William T. Gary	Macon.
Idaho	James H. Forney	Boise City.
Illinois—Northern District	John C. Black	Chicago.
Southern District	W. E. Shutt	Springfield.
Indiana	Frank B. Burke	Indianapolis.
Indian Territory—Northern District	Clifford L. Jackson	Muscogee.
Central District	William J. Horton	South McAlester.
Southern District	Andrew C. Cruce	Ardmore.
Iowa—Northern District	Cato Sells	Fort Dodge.
Southern District	Charles D. Fullen	Keokuk.
Kansas	William C. Perry	Fort Scott.
Kentucky	William M. Smith	Louisville.
Louisiana—Eastern District	J. Ward Gurley, Jr	New Orleans.
Western District	C. W. Seals	Shreveport.
Maine	Albert W. Bradbury	Portland.
Maryland	William L. Marbury	Baltimore.
Massachusetts	Sherman Hoar	Boston.
Michigan—Eastern District	Alfred P. Lyon	West Bay City.
Western District	John Power	Grand Rapids.
Minnesota	E. C. Stringer	St. Paul.
Mississippi—Northern District	C. L. Anderson	West Point.
Southern District	Robert Charles Lee	Madison Station.
Missouri—Eastern District	William H. Clopton	St. Louis.
Western District	John R. Walker	Kansas City.
Montana	Preston H. Leslie	Helena.
Nebraska	A. J. Sawyer	Lincoln.
Nevada	Charles Allen Jones	Virginia City.
New Hampshire	O. E. Branch	Manchester.
New Jersey	J. Kearney Rice	Perth Amboy.
New Mexico	William B. Childers	Santa Fe.
New York—Northern District	William A. Poncher	Oswego.
Southern District	Wallace McFarlane	New York City.
Eastern District	J. L. Pennett	Brooklyn.
North Carolina—Eastern District	Charles B. Aycock	Goldsboro.
Western District	R. B. Glen	Winston.
North Dakota	T. R. Bangs	Grand Forks.
Ohio—Northern District	Samuel D. Dodge	Cleveland.
Southern District	Harlan Cleveland	Cincinnati.
Oklahoma	Caleb R. Brooks	Guthrie.
Oregon	Daniel R. Murphy	Portland.
Pennsylvania—Eastern District	James M. Beck	Philadelphia.
Western District	Harry A. Hall	Pittsburg.
Rhode Island	Charles E. Gorman	Providence.
South Carolina	William P. Murphy	Charleston.
South Dakota	Ezra W. Miller	Elk Point.
Tennessee—Eastern District	James H. Bible	Chattanooga.
Middle District	Tully Brown	Nashville.
Western District	Charles B. Simonton	Covington.
Texas—Eastern District	Sinclair Talliaferro	Houston.
Northern District	W. O. Hamilton	Dallas.
Western District	Robert U. Culberson	San Antonio.
Utah	John W. Judd	Salt Lake City.
Vermont	John H. Senter	Montpelier.
Virginia—Eastern District	Wm. H. White	Petersburg.
Western District	A. J. Montague	Danville.
Washington	W. H. Brinker	Seattle.
West Virginia	C. C. Watts	Charleston.
Wisconsin—Eastern District	John H. M. Wigman	Milwaukee.
Western District	Harry E. Briggs	Madison.
Wyoming	Gibson Clark	Cheyenne.

UNITED STATES MARSHALS.

Districts.	Name.	Residence.
Alabama—Northern District	J. C. Musgrove	Birmingham.
Middle District	William H. Tisdale	Montgomery.
Southern District	E. R. Morrisette	Mobile.
Arkansas—Eastern District	Abner Gaines	Little Rock.
Western District	George J. Crump	Fort Smith.
Alaska	Louis L. Williams	Boonville.
Arizona	W. K. Meade	Tombstone.
California—Northern District	Barry Baldwin	San Francisco.
Southern District	Nich. A. Covarrubias	Los Angeles.
Colorado	John A. Israel	Denver.
Connecticut	Richard C. Morris	New London.
Delaware	Hewson E. Lannan	Wilmington.
District of Columbia	Albert A. Wilson	Washington.
Florida—Northern District	Samuel Paleston	Monticello.
Southern District	James McKay	Jacksonville.
Georgia—Northern District	S. E. Dunlap	Atlanta.
Southern District	John D. Harrell	Macon.
Idaho	James I. Crutchler	Boise City.
Illinois—Northern District	John W. Arnold	Lockport.
Southern District	W. B. Brinton	Springfield.
Indiana	William H. Hawkins	Indianapolis.
Indian Territory—Northern District	Samuel M. Rutheford	Muscogee.
Central District	James J. McAlester	South McAlester.
Southern District	Charles L. Stowe	Ardmore.
Iowa—Northern District	William M. Desmond	Clinton.
Southern District	Frank P. Bradley	Audubon.
Kansas	Shaw F. Neely	Leavenworth.
Kentucky	James Blackburn	Spring Station.
Louisiana—Eastern District	J. V. Guillotte	New Orleans.
Western District	James M. Martin	Shreveport.
Maine	John B. Donovan	Alfred.
Maryland	Charles H. Evans	Baltimore.
Massachusetts	Henry W. Swift	Boston.
Michigan—Eastern District	Eugene D. Winney	Jackson.
Western District	Charles R. Pratt	Petoskey.
Minnesota	Richard T. O'Connor	St. Paul.
Mississippi—Northern District	David T. Guyton	Oxford.
Southern District	J. S. McNeilly	Jackson.
Missouri—Eastern District	John E. Lynch	St. Louis.
Western District	Joseph O. Shelby	Adrian.
Montana	William McDermott	Helena.
Nebraska	Frank E. White	Omaha.
Nevada	G. M. Humphrey	Carson City.
New Hampshire	Clark Campbell	Mount Vernon.
New Jersey	George Pfeiffer, Jr.	Trent n.
New Mexico	Ed. L. Hall	Santa Fe.
New York—Northern District	F. C. Peck	Nunda.
Southern District	John H. McCarthy	New York City.
Eastern District	H. J. Hayden	Brooklyn.
North Carolina—Eastern District	O. J. Carroll	Raleigh.
Western District	Thomas J. Allison	Statesville.
North Dakota	Joseph E. Cronan	Grafton.
Ohio—Northern District	Matthias A. Smalley	Ashtabula.
Southern District	Michael Devaney	Cincinnati.
Oklahoma	Patrick S. Nogle	Guthrie.
Oregon	Henry C. Grady	Portland.
Pennsylvania—Eastern District	James B. Reilly	Philadelphia.
Western District	John W. Walker	Pittsburg.
Rhode Island	James S. McCabe	Providence.
South Carolina	John P. Hunter	Lancaster.
South Dakota	O. Peemiller	Sioux Falls.
Tennessee—Eastern District	S. P. Condon	Chattanooga.
Middle District	J. N. McKenzie	Lebanon.
Western District	Joseph A. Manson	Memphis.
Texas—Eastern District	J. Shelby Williams	Paris.
Northern District	Robert M. Love	Dallas.
Western District	R. C. Ware	San Antonio.
Utah	Nat M. Brigham	Salt Lake City.
Vermont	Emery S. Harris	Bennington.
Virginia—Eastern District	John M. Hudgin	Bowling Green.
Western District	George W. Levi	Berryville.
Washington	James E. Drake	Tacoma.
West Virginia	Charles E. Wells	Clarksburg.
Wisconsin—Eastern District	George W. Pratt	Oshkosh.
Western District	William H. Canon	Merri ¹¹
Wyoming	John A. McDermott	Douglas.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT AND DISTRICT COURTS FOR WISCONSIN.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

District Judge—WM. H. SEAMAN, SHEBOYGAN.
 District Attorney—JOHN H. M. WIGMAN, GREEN BAY.
 Marshal—GEORGE W. PRATT, OSHKOSH.
 Clerk—EDW. KURTZ, MILWAUKEE.

Terms of Court.

AT MILWAUKEE—First Monday in January and October.
 AT OSHKOSH—Second Tuesday in June.

Counties Comprising District.

Brown,	Fond du Lac,	Marinette,	Racine,	Waupaca,
Calumet,	Green Lake,	Marquette,	Shawano,	Waushara,
Dodge,	Kenosha,	Milwaukee,	Sheboygan,	Winnebago.
Door,	Kewaunee,	Oconto,	Walworth,	
Floraesce,	Langlade,	Outagamie,	Washington,	
Forest,	Manitowoc,	Ozaukee,	Waukesha,	

WESTERN DISTRICT.

District Judge—ROMANZO BUNN, MADISON.
 District Attorney—HARRY E. BRIGGS, MADISON.
 Assistant District Attorney—THOMAS L. CLEARY, PLATTEVILLE.
 Marshal—W. H. CANON, MERRILL.
 Deputy Marshal—GEORGE W. LEVIS, LA CROSSE.
 Clerk—F. M. STEWART, MADISON.

Terms of Court.

AT MADISON—First Tuesday in December.
 Special Term—Third Tuesday in June and first Tuesday in October.
 AT LA CROSSE—Third Tuesday in September.
 AT EAU CLAIRE—First Tuesday in June.

Counties Comprising District.

Adams,	Crawford,	Jackson,	Pepin,	Sawyer,
Ashland,	Dane,	Jefferson,	Pierce,	Taylor,
Barron,	Douglas,	Juneau,	Polk,	Trempealeau,
Bayfield,	Dunn,	La Crosse,	Portage,	Vernon,
Buffalo,	Eau Claire,	Lafayettee,	Price,	Vilas,
Burnett,	Grant,	Lincoln,	Richland,	Washburn,
Chippewa,	Green,	Marathon,	Rock,	Wood.
Clark,	Iowa,	Monroe,	St. Croix.	
Columbia,	Iron,	Oneida,	Sauk,	

UNITED STATES COURT COMMISSIONERS IN WISCONSIN.

Eastern District.

Francis Bloodgood.....	Milwaukee
Edward Kurtz.....	Milwaukee
Hugh Ryan.....	Milwaukee
Alfred L. Cary.....	Milwaukee
M. L. Kimball.....	Berlin
Henry W. Lander.....	Beaver Dam
James H. Merrill.....	Oshkosh
Frank C. Stewart.....	Oshkosh
Charles H. Lee.....	Racine
John T. Wentworth.....	Racine
Alexander Cook.....	Waukesha
P. H. Martin.....	Fond du Lac
Fred C. Cady.....	Green Bay
John F. Watermolen.....	Green Bay
Charles E. Nichols.....	Marinette
John E. Martin.....	Antigo
George C. Dickinson.....	Shawano
A. H. Kellogg.....	Appleton
E. J. Goodrick.....	Oshkosh

Western District.

William E. Carter.....	Platteville
Joel B. Dow.....	Beloit
T. A. Dyson.....	La Crosse
George G. Freeman.....	Trempealeau
Irvin W. Gates.....	Superior
George Graham.....	Tomah
Hiram Hayes.....	Superior
Alfred A. Jackson.....	Janesville
F. W. Jenkins.....	Chippewa Falls
George Mertons.....	Baraboo
James A. Miner.....	Richland Center
Carl C. Pope.....	Black River Falls
William A. P. Morris.....	Madison
Harvey J. Peck.....	La Crosse
J. A. Parkhurst.....	Neillsville
G. C. Prentiss.....	La Crosse
Frank M. Stewart.....	Madison
Giles Stevens.....	Reedsburg
James B. Taylor.....	Portage
William M. Tompkins.....	Ashland
S. J. Tripp.....	Sauk City
L. W. Doolittle.....	Eau Claire
La Fayette S. Viele.....	Prairie du Chien
L. F. Patton.....	Janesville
R. A. Watkins.....	Lancaster
P. H. Perkins.....	Superior
Michael S. Bright.....	Superior
Levi J. Billings.....	Rhineland
Bernard Schuderman.....	Rhineland
F. S. Veeder.....	Mauston
A. L. Ruggles.....	Hurley
Louis A. Pratt.....	Wausau
C. A. Lamoreaux.....	Ashland
E. W. Helms.....	Hudson
John A. Daniels.....	La Crosse
S. C. Hanks.....	Madison

INTERNAL REVENUE DISTRICTS—WISCONSIN.

1st—JAMES W. MURPHY, Collector, Milwaukee.

Counties.			
Brown.....	Kenosha	Ozaukee.....	Vaushara
Calumet.....	Kewaunee.....	Racine	Winnebago
Dodge.....	Manitowoc.....	Shawano	Langlade, except 8
Door	Marinette.....	Sheboygan.....	townships in west-
Florence	Marquette.....	Walworth.....	ern portion of said
Fond du Lac	Milwaukee.....	Washington.....	county.
Forest.....	Oconto	Waukesha	
Green Lake.....	Outagamie.....	Waupaca.....	

Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896—\$4,535,996.88.

2d.—M. F. BLUMENFELD, Collector, Madison.

Counties.			
Adams.....	Dunn.....	Marathon.....	Sawyer.
Ashland.....	Eau Claire.....	Monroe	Taylor.
Barron.....	Grant.....	Oneida	Trempealeau.
Bayfield.....	Green.....	Pepin	Vernon.
Buffalo.....	Iowa	Pierce.....	Vilas.
Burnett.....	Iron.....	Polk	Washburn.
Chippewa.....	Jackson.....	Portage.....	Wood and western
Clark.....	Jefferson.....	Price.....	eight towns,
Columbia.....	Juneau.....	Richland	Langlade county.
Crawford.....	La Crosse.....	Rock	
Dane.....	Lafayette.....	St. Croix.....	
Douglas.....	Lincoln	Sauk	

Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, \$476,090.94.

SUPREME COURT OF WISCONSIN.

NAME.	Title of Office.	Salary.	Term expires.
JOHN B. CASSODAY.....	Chief Justice.....	\$5,000	Jan., 1900
JOHN B. WINSLOW.....	Justice.....	5,000	Jan., 1906
SILAS U. PINNEY.....	Justice.....	5,000	Jan., 1902
ALFRED W. NEWMAN.....	Justice.....	5,000	Jan., 1904
ROUJET D. MARSHALL.....	Justice.....	5,000	Jan., 1898

CLARENCE KELLOGG.....	Clerk.	PAUL C. THORN..	Stenographer and Copyist
JOHN R. BERRYMAN.....	Librarian	KNOX KINNEY...	Stenographer and Copyist
FREDERICK K. CONOVER.....	Reporter	W. S. FRAZIER...	Stenographer and Copyist
R. B. HART.....	Proof Reader to Reporter	GILSON G. GLASIER...	Stenog. and Copyist
WILLIAM H. ORVIS.....	Messenger	DAVID C. PINKERTON..	Stenog. and Copyist
C. H. BEYLER.....			Messenger and Crier

Terms of Court at Madison.

JANUARY TERM—Tuesday preceding the second Wednesday in January.

AUGUST TERM—Second Tuesday in August.

WISCONSIN CIRCUIT COURTS.

STATEMENT showing the Names and Post-office Address of the Circuit Judges, and Times and Places for holding Circuit Courts in the several Counties in Wisconsin.

Salary of Circuit Judges, \$3,600 per annum, and \$400 for expenses.

The judge of any circuit may, by an order entered and recorded in the clerk's office, appoint one extra jury term of court, to be holden in any county in his circuit, when he shall deem such term necessary to complete the jury trials in such county during any year, and may cause jurors to be drawn and summoned as for other terms. At such terms the same business may be transacted as at a regular term of such court. In case there is pending in any such county an action of *quo warranto* brought on the relation of the attorney-general or a private person, wherein the defendant is or shall be charged with usurping any county office, or unlawfully withholding the same from the person entitled thereto, and an issue is formed in such action, sixty days or more before the time for holding the next ensuing regular term of court for said county, the judge shall appoint an extra term, and cause jurors to be drawn and summoned in the manner aforesaid for the trial of such action and for the transaction of such other business as the order may direct. Such order shall so provide that said term shall commence within thirty days after the entry of the same. At any term where any action of *quo warranto* shall be for trial, it shall take precedence of all other action—Chapter 141, Laws of 1885. Chapter 294, Laws of 1889, Chapter 336, Laws of 1891. For further information relating to circuit courts, see Chapter 69, Laws of 1893; Chapters 2 and 340, Laws of 1895.

FIRST CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—FRANK M. FISH, RACINE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1902.

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Walworth.....	3d Monday in February..... 1st Monday in June..... 1st Monday in October.....	Elkhorn.....	Ch. 66, L. 1889
Racine.....	2d Monday in April..... 4th Monday in June..... 2d Monday in November.....		
Kenosha.....	3d Monday in March..... 2d Monday in June..... 2d Monday in September.....		
		Racine.....	Ch. 66, L. 1889
		Kenosha.....	Ch. 66, L. 1889

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms to be held in this circuit in the month of June. Each term in this circuit shall also be a special term for the whole judicial circuit.—Chapter 66, Laws of 1889.

SECOND CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—D. H. JOHNSON, MILWAUKEE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1900.

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Milwaukee....	1st Monday in January..... 1st Monday in March..... 1st Monday in May..... 1st Monday in September..... 1st Monday in November.....	Milwaukee.....	Ch. 50, L. 1889

THIRD CIRCUIT.**JUDGE—GEO. W. BURNELL, OSHKOSH.***Term expires first Monday of January, 1903.*

Counties.	Terms	Where held.	Laws.
Calumet.....	1st Monday after 1st Tuesday of } April } 1st Monday in October }	Chilton.....	Ch. 134, L. 1885.
Green Lake...	3d Monday in January..... } 2d Monday in June..... }	Dartford.....	Ch. 133, L. 1891
Winnebago...	1st Monday in May } 1st Monday in December..... }	Oshkosh.....	Ch. 134, L. 1885
	SPECIAL TERMS.		
	1st Tuesday in February and Sep- } tember..... }	Oshkosh.....	Ch. 134, L. 1885

Each of the general terms of the circuit court in each of the counties in the said third judicial circuit of Wisconsin, and the aforesaid special terms in the said county of Winnebago, shall also be and are hereby declared to be special terms of the circuit court in and for the whole of the third judicial circuit of the state of Wisconsin. — *Chapter 134, Laws 1885.*

FOURTH CIRCUIT.**JUDGE—NORMAN S. GILSON, FOND DU LAC.***Term expires first Monday of January, 1899.*

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Sheboygan....	2d Monday in April..... } 3d Monday in September..... }	Sheboygan.....	Ch. 5, L. 1891.
Manitowoc...	Tuesday after 2d Monday in Jan. } Tuesday after 1st Monday in June. }	Manitowoc.....	Ch. 5, L. 1891.
Kewaunee.....	2d Monday in May..... } 3d Monday in October..... }	Kewaunee.....	Ch. 5, L. 1891.
Fond du Lac..	Tuesday after 3d Monday in Feb- } ruary..... } Tuesday after 1st Monday in March } Tuesday after 1st Monday in July. } Tuesday after 2d Monday in No- } vember..... }	Fond du Lac.....	Ch. 5, L. 1891.

No jury shall be summoned for the terms in February and July unless specially ordered. Every term in the counties of Fond du Lac, Sheboygan and Manitowoc, shall be a special term of the whole judicial circuit. — *Chapter 5, Laws 1891.*

FIFTH CIRCUIT.**JUDGE—GEORGE CLEMENTSON, LANCASTER.***Term expires first Monday of January, 1901.*

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Grant	3d Tuesday in February	Lancaster	Ch. 402, L. 1887
	2d Tuesday in October		
Iowa	3d Monday in March	Dodgeville	Ch. 12, L. 1893
	4th Tuesday in September		
Lafayette.....	3d Tuesday in June	Darlington	Ch. 12, L. 1893
	1st Tuesday in December		
Richland.....	2d Tuesday in April	Richland Center.	Ch. 402, L. 1887
	2d Tuesday in September		
Crawford	4th Tuesday in May	Prairie du Chien	Ch. 402, L. 1887
	2d Tuesday in November		

Every term in each of said counties shall be a special term for the whole circuit.—*Sec. 1, Chap. 402, Laws 1887.*

SIXTH CIRCUIT.**JUDGE—ORVIS B. WYMAN, VIROQUA.***Term expires first Monday of January, 1901.*

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
La Crosse.....	2d Tuesday in January	La Crosse	Ch. 178, L. 1895
	1st Tuesday in May		
	2d Tuesday in September		
Monroe	2d Tuesday in March	Sparta	Ch. 178, L. 1895
	1st Tuesday in October		
Trempealeau..	1st Tuesday in March	Whitehall	Ch. 178, L. 1895
	3d Tuesday in October		
Vernon	2d Tuesday in June	Viroqua	Ch. 178, L. 1895
	2d Tuesday in December		
Juneau	2d Tuesday in April	Mauston	Ch. 178, L. 1895
	3d Tuesday in November		

Every general term of said court in each of said counties shall be a special term for the whole judicial circuit.—*Chapter 178, laws of 1895.*

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.**JUDGE—CHARLES M. WEBB, GRAND RAPIDS.***Term expires first Monday of January, 1903.*

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Portage	4th Monday in March } 3d Monday in November	Stevens Point....	Ch. 135, L. 1893
Waupaca	1st Monday in March } 4th Monday in October	Waupaca	Ch. 135, L. 1893
Waushara	Last Tuesday in April..... } 3d Tuesday in September	Wautoma	Ch. 135, L. 1893
Wood.....	2d Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in October	Grand Rapids....	Ch. 135, L. 1893

Every general term of such court in any county of said circuit, shall be a special term for all the other counties thereof.—*Chapter 135, Laws 1893.*

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.**JUDGE—EUGENE W. HELMS, HUDSON.***Term expires First Monday of January, 1903.*

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Buffalo	4th Monday of February..... } 4th Monday of October	Alma	Ch. 326, L. 1891
Dunn.....	2d Monday of March } 2d Monday of September.....	Menomonie	Ch. 326, L. 1891
Pepin	3d Monday of April..... } 3d Monday of October.....	Durand	Ch. 326, L. 1891
Pierce.....	Tuesday following 2d Mo. of June } Tuesday following 2d Mo. of Dec. }	Ellsworth.....	Ch. 326, L. 1891
St. Croix.....	4th Monday of March } 4th Monday of September.....	Hudson	Ch. 326, L. 1891

There shall be held in each and every year hereafter for the whole of the Eighth judicial circuit of Wisconsin, four special terms in each year, at the times and places as follows:

One term at the court house in the city of Hudson, St. Croix county, on the first Monday of January, at nine o'clock a. m.

One term at the court house in the city of Alma, Buffalo county, on the fourth Tuesday of May, at nine o'clock a. m.

One term at the court house at Menomonie, Dunn county, on the first Monday of June, at nine o'clock a. m.

One term at the court house in the village of Ellsworth, Pierce county, on the Tuesday following the first Monday in September, at nine o'clock a. m.

All orders heretofore made directing the holding of any special term at any other or different times than as above provided, are hereby revoked.

NINTH CIRCUIT.**JUDGE—ROBERT G. SIEBECKER, MADISON.***Term expires first Monday of January, 1903.*

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Adams	1st Tuesday in June } 3d Tuesday in December..... }	Friendship.....	Ch. 83, L. 1895
Columbia	2d Tuesday in May } 1st Tuesday in December..... }	Portage	Ch. 83, L. 1895
Dane.....	2d Monday in January } Monday after first Tuesday in April } 4th Monday in June } 3d Monday in September..... }	Madison.....	Ch. 83, L. 1895
Marquette	2d Tuesday in June..... } Tuesday after 3d Monday in Nov- } ember..... }	Montello	Ch. 83, L. 1895
Sauk	2d Tuesday in March..... } 3d Tuesday in October..... }	Baraboo.....	Ch. 83, L. 1895

Every general term in the counties of Columbia, Dane, Marquette and Sauk shall also be a special term for the whole judicial circuit. No jury shall be summoned for the term in June for Dane county.—*Chapter 83, Laws of 1895.*

TENTH CIRCUIT.**JUDGE—JOHN GOODLAND, APPLETON.***Term expires first Monday of January, 1898.*

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Florence	1st Tuesday in March } 3d Tuesday in September	Florence	Ch. 37, L. 1895
Forest.....	2d Tuesday in March..... } 4th Tuesday in September	Crandon	Ch. 37, L. 1895
Langlade	3d Monday in March } 1st Monday in October	Antigo	Ch. 37, L. 1895
Outagamie....	1st Tuesday in February } 2d Monday in April..... } 3d Monday in November	Appleton.....	Ch. 37, L. 1895
Shawano.....	3d Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in December..... }	Shawano.....	Ch. 37, L. 1895

The several general terms of court in the counties of Langlade, Outagamie and Shawano shall be a special term for all the other counties in said circuit.

No jury shall be summoned for the February term in Outagamie county.—*Chapter 37, Law of 1895.*

ELEVENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—AAD. J. VINJE, SUPERIOR.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1901.

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Barron	3d Tuesday in April	Barron	Ch 2, L. 1891
	4th Tuesday in September		
Burnett	4th Tuesday in March	Grantsburg	Ch. 2, L. 1891
	3d Tuesday in September		
Chippewa	1st Tuesday in May	Chippewa Falls..	Ch. 2, L. 1891
	1st Tuesday in October		
Douglas	3d Tuesday in February	Superior	Ch. 2, L. 1891
	2d Tuesday in August		
Polk	1st Wednesday after 1st Tuesday in April	Osceola Mills	Ch. 2, L. 1891
	3d Tuesday in November		
Washburn	3d Tuesday in March	Shell Lake	Ch. 2, L. 1891
	2d Tuesday in September		

TWELFTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—JOHN R. BENNETT, JANESVILLE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1901.

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Rock	4th Monday in January	Janesville	Ch. 67, L. 1893.
	4th Monday in April		
	Wednesday after the first Monday in November		
Green	1st Tuesday in March	Monroe	Ch. 67, L. 1893.
	3d Tuesday in June		
	2d Tuesday in October		
Jefferson	1st Monday in February	Jefferson	Ch. 67, L. 1893.
	2d Tuesday in June		
	3d Monday in September		

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms in this circuit appointed to be held in the months of January and June. Every term of this circuit shall also be a special term for the whole judicial circuit.— *Chap. 67, L. 1893.*

THIRTEENTH CIRCUIT.**JUDGE—JAMES J. DICK, BEAVER DAM.***Term expires first Monday of January, 1900.*

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Dodge.....	4th Tuesday in September } 2d Tuesday in February }	Juneau.....	Ch. 15, L. 1895
Ozaukee	1st Tuesday in September..... } 1st Tuesday in March }	Port Washington	Ch. 15, L. 1895
Washington...	3d Tuesday in October } 3d Tuesday in March..... }	West Bend.....	Ch. 15, L. 1895
Waukesha	1st Tuesday in December..... } 1st Monday in May..... } 4th Tuesday in August (special).. 1st Tuesday in February (special).	Waukesha	Ch. 15, L. 1895

No jury shall be summoned for the special terms.—*Chapter 15, Laws of 1895.***FOURTEENTH CIRCUIT.****JUDGE—SAMUEL D. HASTINGS, JR., GREEN BAY.***Term expires first Monday of January, 1902.*

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Brown.....	Last Monday in November } 1st Monday in March..... } 1st Monday in June }	Green Bay	Ch. 355, L. 1891
Door	1st Tuesday in February } Tuesday after 1st Monday in Sep- tember..... }	Sturgeon Bay....	Ch. 355, L. 1891
Marinette.....	2d Monday in January } 1st Monday in May.... } 1st Monday in October }	Marinette.....	Ch. 355, L. 1891
Oconto.....	2d Monday in April..... } 2d Monday in November	Oconto.....	Ch. 355, L. 1891

Every term in the counties of Brown, Oconto and Marinette, shall also be a special term for the whole judicial circuit.—*Chapter 355, Laws of 1891.*

The jurors for each term of court in the counties of Brown, Oconto and Marinette, shall be summoned to appear at or before the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. on the second day of the term.—*Chapter 82, Laws of 1887.*

FIFTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—J. K. PARISH, ASHLAND.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1900.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Ashland.....	1st Monday of January..... 4th Monday of April..... 1st Monday of September.....	Ashland.....	Ch. 224, L. 1895
Bayfield.....	Last Monday of May..... Last Monday in October.....	Washburn.....	Ch. 224, L. 1895
Iron.....	Last Monday in June..... 3d Monday in November.....	Hurley.....	Ch. 224, L. 1895
Price.....	2d Monday of June..... 3d Monday of December.....	Phillips.....	Ch. 224, L. 1895
Sawyer.....	3d Monday of April..... 3d Monday of October.....	Hayward.....	Ch. 224, L. 1895
Taylor.....	1st Wednesday after the 1st Tues- day of April..... 1st Monday in October.....	Medford.....	Ch. 224, L. 1895

SIXTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—CHAS. V. BARDEEN, WAUSAU.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1898.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Lincoln.....	4th Monday of February..... 3d Monday of September.....	Merrill.....	Ch. 108, L. 1895
Marathon.....	1st Monday of May..... 2d Monday of November.....	Wausau.....	Ch. 108, L. 1895
Oneida.....	1st Monday after 1st Tuesday of April..... 2d Monday of October.....	Rhineland.....	Ch. 108, L. 1895
Vilas.....	1st Monday of February..... 1st Monday of September.....	Eagle River.....	Ch. 140, L. 1895

Every general term of said counties shall be a special term for all the other counties in the circuit.—*Chapter 108, Laws of 1895.*

SEVENTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE--WM. F. BAILEY, EAU CLAIRE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1893.

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Clark	3d Monday of April..... } 3d Monday of October. }	Neillsville	Ch. 277, L. 1893
Eau Claire....	3d Monday of March..... } 3d Monday of September..... } 2d Monday of December..... } 2d Monday of June*..... }	Eau Claire.....	Ch. 277, L. 1893
Jackson.....	1st Monday of March..... } 1st Monday of September	Black River Falls	Ch. 277, L. 1893

*The June term in Eau Claire is special for this circuit. No jury shall be drawn for the June term. The several general terms of court in each county of said circuit shall be special terms for all the other counties in said circuit.

CIRCUIT COURT REPORTERS.

No.f District.	Name.	P. O. Address.
1	Charles H. Welch.....	Milwaukee.
2	Richard Burke.....	Milwaukee.
3	William C. Kimball.....	Oshkosh.
4	H. A. Bush	Fond du Lac.
5	Charles Orton.....	Lancaster.
6	Alfred Harrison.....	La Crosse.
7	F. W. Spencer.....	Waupaca.
8	Charles A. Cross	Hudson.
9	F. C. Grant.....	Janesville.
10	F. S. Bradford.....	Appleton.
11	T. H. Woolford.....	Chippewa Falls.
12	Albert Kavelage.....	Janesville.
13	J. H. Sawyer	Beaver Dam.
14	James T. Parks	Green Bay.
15	Joseph Cover	Ashland.
16	George Hart.....	Wausau.
17	Charles W. Fiske	Eau Claire.

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONERS.

In the several counties, appointed by the Circuit judges, as reported by the clerks of the Circuit Courts, January 1, A. D. 1897. The county judges of all counties, also have the powers of court commissioners.

ADAMS COUNTY.

John B. Keyes.....Friendship
George W. Waterman.....Friendship
Charles R. Sickles.....Friendship
Irwin S. Berry.....Kilbourn

ASHLAND COUNTY.

J. Q. Copeman.....Ashland
W. L. Windom.....Ashland
Charles Brisley.....Ashland
Ben S. Smith.....Ashland
W. V. Silverthorn.....Ashland
C. A. Lamoreaux.....Ashland
A. Pierce Tomkins.....Ashland

BARRON COUNTY.

Fred B. Kinsley.....Barron
James Robbins.....Rice Lake
Clarence C. Coe.....Barron
L. L. Constance.....Rice Lake

BAYFIELD COUNTY.

E. C. Alvord.....Washburn
L. N. Clausen.....Washburn
O. Flanders.....Washburn
O. W. McLeod.....Washburn
N. Richardson.....Iron River

BROWN COUNTY.

G. E. Matile.....Green Bay
John C. Neville.....Green Bay
F. C. Cady.....Green Bay
C. W. Lomas.....Green Bay
E. F. Parker.....DePere

BUFFALO COUNTY.

Theo. Buehler.....Alma
J. W. Whelan.....Mondovi
C. W. Gilman.....Mondovi
N. Weinandy.....Cochrane
M. L. Fugina.....Fountain City

BURNETT COUNTY.

F. O. Olson.....Grantsburg
F. G. Dahlberg.....Trade Lake
Charles Stevenson.....Grantsburg

CALUMET COUNTY.

Jos. B. Reynolds.....Chilton
J. E. McMullen.....Chilton
William Paulsen.....Chilton

CHIPPEWA COUNTY.

L. J. Rusk.....Chippewa Falls
John P. Wall.....Chippewa Falls
Arthur Gough.....Chippewa Falls
Andrew Jackson.....Bloomer

CLARK COUNTY.

M. C. Ring.....Neillsville
Chas. F. Grow.....Neillsville
J. R. Sturdevant.....Neillsville
George Burke.....Thorp
Aug. Homsted.....Dorchester
B. M. Fulmer.....Loyal

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

A. D. Bowman.....Kilbourn
W. G. Coles.....Columbus
Chas. L. Dering.....Portage
J. W. Coopman.....Portage
S. H. Watson.....Lodi

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

L. F. S. Viele.....Prairie du Chien
G. L. Miller.....Prairie du Chien
Wm. H. Evans.....Prairie du Chien
O. B. Thomas.....Prairie du Chien
W. S. Manering.....Soldier's Grove
W. B. Walton.....Wheatville

DANE COUNTY.

C. E. Buell.....Madison
Chas. N. Brown.....Madison
Gilbert E. Roe.....Madison
Herman Pfund.....Madison
J. Crawford Harper.....Madison
Harry L. Butler.....Madison

DODGE COUNTY.

Geo. W. Morse.....Juneau
H. B. Lander.....Beaver Dam
F. M. Lawrence.....Mayville
E. D. Doney.....Waupun
Chas. H. Gardner.....Watertown

DOOR COUNTY.

F. J. Hamilton.....Sturgeon Bay
G. W. Allen.....Sturgeon Bay

DOUGLAS COUNTY.

W. E. Hoehle.....West Superior
W. M. Steele.....West Superior
W. B. Kellogg.....West Superior
C. R. Fridley.....West Superior
George C. Cooper.....West Superior
George B. Hudnall.....Superior

DUNN COUNTY.

George Shafer.....Menomonie
N. F. Carpenter.....Menomonie
J. R. Mathews.....Menomonie
J. C. Ticknor.....Menomonie

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

Charles W. Fiske.....Eau Claire
 John B. Fleming.....Eau Claire
 M. B. Hubbard.....Eau Claire
 J. H. Culbertson.....Eau Claire
 J. F. Ellis.....Eau Claire

FLORENCE COUNTY.

John O'Hara.....Florence
 W. C. Haberkorn.....Florence
 Frank Warring.....Florence
 J. E. Parry.....Florence

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

W. D. Conklin.....Fond du Lac
 H. F. Rose.....Fond du Lac
 D. D. Sutherland.....Fond du Lac
 J. W. Watson.....Fond du Lac
 R. L. Oliver.....Waupun
 J. J. Foote.....Ripon

FOREST COUNTY.

F. S. Campbell.....Three Lakes
 P. Shay.....Armstrong Creek
 John Masbaum.....Crandon
 L. W. Bliss.....Crandon

GRANT COUNTY.

W. J. Brennan.....Lancaster
 Herman Buchner.....Lancaster
 R. D. Blanchard.....Boscobel
 W. E. Howe.....Boscobel
 J. W. Murphy.....Platteville
 W. H. Beebe.....Platteville

GREEN COUNTY.

C. N. Carpenter.....Brodhead
 John Luchsinger.....Monroe
 Harvey Clark.....Monroe

GREEN LAKE COUNTY.

John C. McConnell.....Dartford
 J. Volney Swetting.....Berlin
 John J. Wood, Jr.....Berlin
 Perry Niskern.....Berlin
 Fred Engelbracht, Jr.....Berlin

IOWA COUNTY.

Calvert Spensley.....Mineral Point
 J. M. Smith.....Mineral Point
 Ernest C. Fiedler.....Mineral Point
 Samuel W. Reese.....Dodgeville
 Richard Carter.....Dodgeville
 J. P. Smelker.....Dodgeville

IRON COUNTY.

Alba L. Ruggles.....Hurley
 James Blackburn.....Hurley
 Joseph A. Chiono.....Hurley
 Geo. A. Alexander.....Hurley

JACKSON COUNTY.

C. R. Johnson.....Black River Falls
 T. J. D. Van Schaick.....Black River Falls
 M. A. Lien.....Black River Falls
 P. R. Castle.....Black River Falls
 R. J. Castle.....Black River Falls

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

George H. Stafford.....Fort Atkinson
 W. H. Porter.....Jefferson
 O. C. Hahn.....Watertown
 Harlow Pease.....Watertown
 H. T. Ames.....Waterloo

JUNEAU COUNTY.

H. W. Barney.....Mauston
 T. K. Dunn.....Elroy
 Geo. S. Grubb.....Mauston
 J. J. Hughes.....New Lisbon
 N. M. Hess.....New Lisbon
 Richard Smith.....New Lisbon

KENOSHA COUNTY.

James Cavanaugh.....Kenosha
 Myron A. Baker.....Kenosha
 Henry J. Hastings.....Kenosha
 Gerald R. McDowell.....Kenosha
 John C. Slater.....Kenosha
 Gurdin Gillett.....Kenosha

KEWAUNEE COUNTY.

Frank Kwapii.....Ahnapee
 J. R. McDonald.....Ahnapee
 A. D. Laughlin.....Kewaunee
 A. L. Schmitz.....Kewaunee
 Charles Brandes, Jr.....Kewaunee

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

C. L. Hood.....La Crosse
 John A. Daniels.....La Crosse
 P. W. Mahoney.....La Crosse
 T. J. Widvey.....La Crosse
 A. Harrison.....La Crosse
 G. C. Prentiss.....La Crosse

LAFAYETTE COUNTY.

P. H. Conley.....Darlington
 N. E. Pully.....Darlington
 G. A. Marshall.....Darlington
 John W. Blackstone.....Shullsburg
 J. B. Simpson.....Shullsburg

LANGLADE COUNTY.

Geo. W. Latta.....Antigo
 C. Werden Deane.....Antigo
 Jno. E. Martin.....Antigo
 T. W. Hogan.....Antigo
 W. F. White.....Antigo

LINCOLN COUNTY.

Henry C. Hetzel.....Merrill
 A. A. Helms.....Merrill
 John Hughes.....Tomahawk
 George Curtis, Jr.....Merrill
 John P. Anderson.....Merrill

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

Michael Kirwan.....Manitowoc
 G. G. Sedgwick.....Manitowoc
 H. L. Markham.....Manitowoc
 J. S. Anderson.....Manitowoc
 W. J. Wrieth.....Two Rivers

MARATHON COUNTY.

Carl H. Mueller.....Wausau
 John Livermore.....Wausau
 Neal Brown.....Wausau
 Claer B. Bird.....Wausau
 Otto Krueger.....Wausau

MARINETTE COUNTY.

Amos Holgate.....Marinette
 Chas. C. Daily.....Marinette
 H. T. Scudder.....Marinette
 Jas. H. McGillan.....Marinette

MARQUETTE COUNTY.

John Barry.....Montello
 F. J. Dodge.....Montello
 James Duff.....Packwaukee
 S. G. Mills.....Briggsville
 John Daily.....Packwaukee

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Hugh Ryan.....Milwaukee
 John F. Harper.....Milwaukee
 W. J. McElroy.....Milwaukee
 Kate Pier.....Milwaukee
 Conrad Krez.....Milwaukee
 J. E. Roehr.....Milwaukee

MONROE COUNTY.

D. F. Jones.....Sparta
 R. B. McCoy.....Sparta
 Howard Teasdale.....Sparta
 Chris. Maxwell.....Tomah
 H. C. Spaulding.....Tomah
 R. A. Richards.....Tomah

OCONTO COUNTY.

O. F. Trudell.....Oconto
 F. X. Morrow.....Oconto
 A. Reinhart.....Oconto

ONEIDA COUNTY.

Samuel S. Miller.....Rhineland
 David H. Walker.....Rhineland
 S. H. Alban.....Rhineland
 A. W. Shelton.....Rhineland
 Paul Browne.....Rhineland

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.

Frank W. Harriman.....Appleton
 Samuel Boyd.....Appleton
 Orlando E. Clark.....Appleton
 D. J. Brothers.....Kaukauna
 Louis Jacquot.....Hortonville
 F. R. Dittmer.....Seymour

OZAUKEE COUNTY.

Eugene S. Turner.....Port Washington
 Lafayette Towsley.....Port Washington
 Lathar Sauer.....Port Washington
 Wm. A. Tholen.....Port Washington
 Wm. M. Foster.....Port Washington

PEPIN COUNTY.

Fred. Stahl.....Pepin
 C. M. Hilliard.....Durand
 J. M. Morgan.....Durand
 J. D. Eldridge.....Durand

PIERCE COUNTY.

P. D. Pierce.....Ellsworth
 A. Cook.....Maiden Rock
 D. J. Dill.....Prescott

POLK COUNTY.

Henry B. Dike.....Osceola Mills
 E. B. Dorothy.....St. Croix Falls
 V. M. Babcock.....Amery
 James J. Kavanagh.....Clear Lake

PORTAGE COUNTY.

James O. Raymond.....Stevens Point
 A. P. Een.....Stevens Point
 H. H. Moore.....Plover
 A. J. Smith.....Amherst

PRICE COUNTY.

W. H. Wilson.....Phillips
 M. Barry.....Phillips
 J. D. Rowland.....Phillips
 G. D. Myers.....Prentice

RACINE COUNTY.

John T. Wentworth.....Racine
 D. H. Flett.....Racine
 R. L. Upchurch.....Racine
 Max W. Heck.....Racine
 A. Cary Judd.....Racine
 Francis Reuschlein.....Burlington

RICHLAND COUNTY.

O. F. Black.....Richland Center
 L. H. Bancroft.....Richland Center
 F. W. Burnham.....Richland Center
 Jas. H. Miner.....Richland Center

ROCK COUNTY.

E. D. McGowan.....Janesville
 Ed. F. Carpenter.....Janesville
 L. F. Patten.....Janesville
 J. P. Towne.....Edgerton
 S. J. Todd.....Beloit

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

John W. Bashford.....Hudson
 H. C. Baker.....Hudson
 Trueworthy Jewell.....Hudson
 Harry H. Smith.....New Richmond
 Herman Johnston.....Glenwood
 Henry Anderson.....Baldwin

SAUK COUNTY.

W. T. Kelsey.....Baraboo
 E. A. Runge.....Baraboo
 J. L. Bonham.....Baraboo
 L. C. Hitchcock.....Baraboo
 W. A. Wyse.....Reedsburg
 J. B. Quimby.....Sauk City

SAWYER COUNTY.

W. H. Marquette.....Hayward
 Otto Christianson.....Hayward

SHAWANO COUNTY.

H. Klosterman.....Shawano
 C. A. Raisler.....Shawano
 C. R. Klebesadel.....Shawano
 O. Andrews.....Shawano
 Frank Williams.....Wittenberg
 F. H. Bishop.....Cecil

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

D. T. Phalen.....Sheboygan
 F. H. Denison.....Sheboygan
 Francis Williams.....Sheboygan
 A. C. Prescott.....Sheboygan
 M. C. Mead.....Plymouth
 John E. Thomas.....Sheboygan Falls

TAYLOR COUNTY.

G. W. Adams.....Medford
 John B. Hagarty.....Medford
 Truman G. Jeffers.....Medford
 E. H. Schweppe.....Medford
 E. L. Urquhart.....Medford

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.

A. A. Arnold.....Galesville
 C. E. Perkins.....Arcadia
 J. W. Gray.....Trempealeau
 J. C. Taylor.....Independence

VERNON COUNTY.

C. A. Roberts.....Viroqua
 Chas. H. Minshall.....Viroqua
 John S. Larson.....Viroqua
 C. M. Butt.....Viroqua

VILAS COUNTY.

G. F. Sanbourn.....Eagle River
 O. B. Moon.....Eagle River
 David Graham.....Eagle River
 T. I. Laughlin.....Minocqua

WALWORTH COUNTY.

J. F. Lyon.....Elkhorn
 D. B. Barnes.....Delavan
 Jas. Simmons.....Lake Geneva
 Pitt Cravath.....Whitewater
 E. L. von Suessmilch.....Delavan

WASHBURN COUNTY.

A. L. Bugbee.....Shell Lake
 C. W. Haskins.....Spooner

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Chas. H. Miller.....West Bend
 G. A. Kuechenmeister.....West Bend
 Fred. H. Haase.....West Bend
 C. E. Robinson.....West Bend
 H. K. Butterfield.....Hartford

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

D. J. Hemlock.....Waukesha
 Ernst Merton.....Waukesha
 V. H. Tichenor.....Waukesha
 A. J. Dopp.....Waukesha
 Edwin Hurlbut.....Oconomowoc
 Oscar F. Jones.....Oconomowoc

WAUPACA COUNTY.

Chas. Churchill.....Waupaca
 S. A. Connell.....Waupaca
 Gerritt T. Thorn.....New London
 S. D. Woodworth.....New London
 R. F. Taggart.....Weyauwega

WAUSHARA COUNTY.

Gilbert Tennant.....Wautoma
 S. A. Corning.....Plainfield
 John H. Thomas.....Berlin
 W. N. Kelly.....Plainfield

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

W. W. Waterhouse.....Oshkosh
 C. H. Forward.....Oshkosh
 J. H. Merrill.....Oshkosh
 J. W. Crozier.....Oshkosh
 Wesley Mott.....Neenah

WOOD COUNTY.

Lemuel Kromer.....Grand Rapids
 B. M. Vaughan.....Grand Rapids
 D. D. Conway.....Grand Rapids
 H. Weppeman.....Grand Rapids
 C. O. Baker.....Dexterville
 E. M. Deming.....Marshfield

**TOTAL EXPENSE OF CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN WISCONSIN FOR 1896, AND
TOTAL NUMBER OF CONVICTIONS AND NON-CONVICTIONS.**

	Expense.	Convictions.	Non-convictions.
Adams	\$2,496 35	7	Not reported
Ashland	6,784 00	13	Not reported
Barron*	13,113 30	90	Not reported
Bayfield	2,702 03	7	Not reported
Brown	1,270 00	15	Not reported
Buffalo	1,051 00	4	Not reported
Burnett	None	None	None
Calumet	2,490 96	24	Not reported
Chippewa	417 98	2	Not reported
Clark	3,848 24	10	Not reported
Columbia	Not reported	Not reported	Not reported
Crawford	933 88	2	Not reported
Dane	Not reported	1	Not reported
Dodge	Not reported	6	Not reported
Door	553 79	4	16
Douglas	11,793 69	21	2
Dunn	1,089 03	7	8
Eau Claire	1,231 50		Not reported
Florence	153 05	None	Not reported
Fond du Lac	Not reported	Not reported	Not reported
Forest	448 71	2	Not reported
Grant	913 85	12	Not reported
Green	Not reported	12	Not reported
Green Lake	385 82	4	Not reported
Iowa	175 00	6	Not reported
Iron	6,466 20	10	Not reported
Jackson	58 00	4	Not reported
Jefferson	Not reported	Not reported	Not reported
Juneau	12 00	2	Not reported
Kenosha	2,214 50	11	Not reported
Kewaunee	None	None	None
La Crosse	2,063 66	15	Not reported
Lafayette	1,036 94	3	Not reported
Langlade	500 00	3	Not reported
Lincoln	489 00	33	Not reported
Manitowoc	89 93	1	Not reported
Marathon	Not reported	Not reported	Not reported
Marinette	4,621 65	21	Not reported
Marquette	None	None	None
Milwaukee	300 00	7	66
Monroe	3,500 00	10	Not reported
Oconto	4,251 00	7	Not reported
Oneida	1,044 61	Not reported	Not reported
Outagamie	Not reported	5	Not reported
Ozaukee	101 50	None	Not reported
Pepin	124 17	None	Not reported
Pierce	1,032 17	4	Not reported
Polk	505 71	18	Not reported
Portage	933 34	12	Not reported
Price	600 00	2	Not reported
Racine	761 10	17	Not reported
Richland	4,793 25	Not reported	Not reported
Rock	Not reported	Not reported	Not reported
St. Croix	661 16	15	Not reported
Sauk	145 00	13	Not reported
Sawyer	2,297 71	1	Not reported
Shawano	175 35	1	6
Sheboygan	1,195 10	3	Not reported
Taylor	2,375 44	None	3
Trempealeau	250 00	3	Not reported
Vernon	1,092 12	7	7
Vilas	† 1,198 04		Not reported
Walworth	757 00	11	Not reported
Washburn	165 78	2	Not reported
Washington	1,329 35	5	Not reported
Waukesha	\$ 20,274 69	266	Not reported
Waupaca	† 45 00	2	Not reported
Waushara	2,217 74	2	4
Winnebago	1,162 13	4	Not reported
Wood	11,610 88	3	Not reported

* Ten convictions in circuit court and eighty in justices' courts.

† Seventy-one convictions and thirteen non-convictions in justices' courts.

‡ Includes all municipal, circuit and county court criminal expense.

† Expense for attorney fees.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

Corrected to January 1, 1897.

NOTE.—For President McKinley's Cabinet, see page 502.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

President—Grover Cleveland, N. Y.	\$50,000
Priv. Sec.—Henry F. Thurber, Mich.	5,000
Vice-Pres.—Adlai E. Stevenson, Ill.	8,000
U. S. Dist. Marshal—Albert A. Wilson, Washington, D. C.	6,000

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

Secretary—Richard Olney, Mass.	8,000
Asst. Secretary—Wm. Woodville, Rockhill, Md.	4,500
Second Asst. Sec.—Alvey A. Adee, D. C.	3,500
Third Asst. Sec.—Wm. Woodward, Baldwin, N. Y.	3,500
Solicitor—Walter E. Faison, N. C.	3,500
Chief Clerk—E. I. Renick, Ga.	2,500
Chief of Diplomatic Bureau—Thomas W. Cridler, W. Va.	2,100
Chief Con. Bureau—Robert S. Chilton, Jr., D. C.	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Indexes and Archives—Pendleton King, N. C.	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Accounts—Frank A. Branagan, Ohio.	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Statistics—Frederic Emory, Md.	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Rolls and Library—A. H. Allen, N. C.	2,100
Translator—Henry L. Thomas, N. Y.	2,100
Private Secretary to Sec. of State—J. Walter Blandford, D. C.	2,000

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Secretary—John G. Carlisle, Ky.	8,000
Priv. Sec.—H. W. Van Senden, Ky.	2,400
Asst. Sec.—William E. Curtis, N. Y.	4,500
Asst. Sec.—Chas. S. Hamlin, Mass.	4,500
Asst. Sec.—Scott Wike, Ill.	4,500
Chief Clerk—Logan Carlisle, Kas.	3,000
Chief of Appt. Div.—Scott Nesbit, Mo.	2,750
Chief of Warrants Div.—W. F. MacLennan, N. Y.	2,750
Chief of Pub. Moneys Div.—Eugene B. Daskam, N. Y.	2,500
Chief of Cus. Div.—John M. Comstock, N. Y.	2,700
Acting Chief of Rev. Marine Div.—L. G. Shedd, Mass.	2,500

Chief of Stationery, Printing and Blanks Div.—Samuel Roads, Jr., Mass.	\$2,500
Chief of Loans and Currency Div.—Andrew T. Huntington, Mass.	2,500
Chief of Misc. Div.—Lewis Jordan, Ind.	2,500
Supervising Special Agent—J. J. Crowley	\$10 day
Government Actuary—Jos. S. McCoy, N. J.	1,800

SUPERVISING ARCHITECT'S OFFICE.

Supervising Architect—W. M. Aiken, Ohio.	4,500
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BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

Chief—C. Johnson, Ky.	4,500
Asst. Chief—Thomas J. Sullivan, D. C.	2,250
Superintendent Engraving Div.—Thomas T. Morris, N. Y.	3,600

OFFICE STEAMBOAT INSPECTOR.

Supervising Inspector—James A. Dumont, N. Y.	3,500
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BUREAU OF STATISTICS.

Chief—W. C. Ford, N. Y.	3,000
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LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

Genl. Supt.—S. I. Kimball, Me.	4,000
Asst.—J. K. Upton, Md.	2,500

COMPTROLLERS.

Comptroller of the Treasury—Robt. B. Bowles, O.	5,000
Asst.—E. A. Bowers, Conn.	4,500
Chief Clerk—C. M. Foree, Ky.	2,750
Chief Law Clerk—J. W. Nichol, Ind.	2,750

REGISTER OF THE TREASURY.

Register—J. F. Tillman, Tenn.	4,000
Asst.—J. B. Brawley, Pa.	2,250

COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

Commissioner—W. S. Forman, Ill.	6,000
Deputy—G. W. Wilson, O.	3,200

DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

Director—R. E. Preston, D. C.....\$4,500

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

Commissioner—E. F. Chamberlain,
N. Y..... 3,600UNITED STATES COAST AND GEO-
DETIC SURVEY.Superintendent—W. W. Duffield,
Mich. 6,000

MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE.

Supervising Surg.-Gen. — Walter
Wyman, Mo..... 4,000

AUDITORS.

Auditor for the Treasury Dept.—
E. P. Baldwin, Md..... 3,600
Deputy—R. M. Cousar, Tenn..... 2,250
Auditor for the War Department—
T. S. Farrow, S. C..... 3,600
Deputy—Jno. C. Edwards, Ill..... 2,250
Auditor for the Interior Dept.—
Samuel Blackwell, Ala..... 3,600
Deputy—G. W. Sanderlin, N. C..... 2,250
Auditor for the Navy Dept.—Wm.
H. Pugh, Ohio..... 3,600
Deputy—E. N. Bowman, Ind..... 2,250
Auditor for the State and Other
Departments—T. Holcomb, Del..... 3,600
Deputy—James J. Willie, Fla..... 2,250
Auditor for the Postoffice Dept.—
George A. Howard, Tenn..... 3,600
Deputy—W. G. Crawford, La..... 2,250

TREASURER OF THE UNITED
STATES.

Treasurer—D. N. Morgan, Conn.... 6,000
Asst. Treas.—J. F. Meline, D. C.... 3,600
Supt. Nat. Bank Red. Div.—Thos.
E. Rogers, West Va..... 3,500

COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

Comptroller—James H. Eckels, Ill. 5,000
Deputy—Geo. M. Coffin, S. C..... 2,800

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Secretary—Daniel S. Lamont, N. Y. 8,000
Priv. Sec.—John Senger, N. Y..... 2,400
Asst. Sec.—Joseph B. Doe, Wis.... 4,500
Chief Clerk—John Tweedale, Pa... 2,500

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY.

Major-General—N. A. Miles.
Asst. Adjt.-Gen'l—Bvt. Brig.-Gen.
Samuel Breck.
Aide-de-Camp—Capt. Edward Davis.
Chief Clerk—J. B. Morton.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPART-
MENT.

Adjt. Gen'l—Brig. Gen. G. D. Ruggles.
Assistants—Lieut.-Col. J. C. Gilmore,
Bvt. Lt. Col J. B. Babcock, Maj. W. P.
Hall, Lt. J. R. Williams, Lieut. A. S.
Rowan, Lt. Carl Reichman, Lt. H. H.
Whitney.
Chief Clerk—R. P. Thian.....\$2,000

INSPECTOR-GENERAL'S DEPART-
MENT.

Inspector-Gen'l—Brig.-Gen. J. C. Breck-
enridge.
Assts.—Maj. J. P. Sanger, Maj. E. A.
Garlington
Chief Clerk—W. H. Orcutt.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

Quarterm.-Gen'l—Brig.-Gen. C. G. Saw-
telle.
Assistants—Lt.-Col. G. H. Weeks, Maj.
C. Bird, Capt. C. P. Miller, Capt. M.
C. Martin, Capt. J. T. French.
Chief Clerk—J. Z. Dare.
Depot Quartermaster—Maj. C. F.
Lumphrey.

SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT.

Commissary-Gen'l—Brig.-Gen. M. R.
Morgan.
Assts.—Col. T. C. Sullivan, Lt. Col. S.
T. Cushing.
Chief Clerk—Wm. A. DeCaindry.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon-Gen'l—Brig.-Gen. Geo. M. Stern-
berg.
Assts.—Col. C. H. Alden, Lt. Col. D. L.
Huntington, Maj. Chas. Smart, Maj.
Walter Reed.
Chief Clerk—George A. Jones.
Attending Surgeon—Maj. R. M. O'Reilly.

PAY DEPARTMENT.

Paymaster-General—Brig.-Gen. T. H.
Stanton.
Assistant—Maj. C. J. Willson.
Chief Clerk—G. D. Hanson.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

Chief of Engineers—Brig.-Gen. W. P.
Craighill.
Assistants—Lt. Col. A. Mackenzie, Capt.
W. M. Black, Capt. Geo. W. Goethals.
Chief Clerk—Wm. J. Warren.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

Officer in Charge—Col. J. M. Willson.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Chief of Ordnance—Brig.-Gen. D. W.
Flagler.
Assistants—Capt. Chas. Shaler, Capt.
Chas. S. Smith, Capt. Rogers Birnie,
Maj. V. McNally, Capt. C. H. Clark.
Chief Clerk—John J. Cook.

JUDGE ADVOCATE-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Judge Advocate-General—Col. G. N. Lieber.
 Assistant—Maj. J. N. Morrison.
 Chief Clerk—Lewis W. Call.

SIGNAL OFFICE.

Chief Signal Officer—Brig.-Gen. A. W. Greeley.
 Assistant—Capt. Robert Craig.
 Chief Clerk—Otto A. Nesmith.

PUBLICATION OFFICE—WAR RECORDS.

Board of Publication—Maj. Geo. W. Davis, L. J. Perry, J. W. Kirkley.
 Assistants—Capt. H. G. Brown, Capt. A. M. Fuller.
 Agent Collection Confed. Rec.—M. J. Wright.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Secretary—Hilary A. Herbert, Ala. \$8,000
 Asst. Secretary—William McAdoo, N. J. 4,500
 Chief Clerk—Benj. Micon, Ala. 2,500
 Private Secretary—L. H. Finney, Jr. 2,250
 Naval Aid—Lt. W. H. Scheutze.
 Naval Militia—Lt.-Comdr. B. H. Buckingham.

BUREAU YARDS AND DOCKS.

Chief—Commodore E. O. Matthews.
 Lt. Comdr.—J. N. Hemphill.
 Civil Engineer—M. T. Endicott.
 Prof.—O. G. Dodge.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

Chief—Rear Admiral Francis M. Ramsay.
 Commander—Francis W. Dickens, Asst. to Chief.
 Lieutenant-Commanders—T. C. McLean, J. M. Hawley.
 Lieutenant—H. H. Whittlesey.
 Ensigns—N. E. Irwin and B. B. Bierer.

NAUTICAL ALMANAC.

Superintendent—Prof. Simon Newcomb.
 Professors—Prof. W. W. Hendrickson, Prof. H. D. Todd.
 Assistants—E. J. Loomis, W. S. Harshman, H. B. Hedrick.

OFFICE NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

Chief Intelligence Officer—Lt. Comdr. Richard Wainwright.
 Lieuts.—J. C. Colwell, W. W. Kimball, E. B. Barry, W. B. Cakerton, W. S. Hogg, H. M. Witzel, W. B. Whittlesey, W. R. M. Field.
 Ensigns—W. K. Harrison, L. H. Everharts.

HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICE.

Hydrographer—Commander C. D. Sigbee.
 Commander—Z. L. Tanner.
 Lieutenant Commander—W. H. Everett.
 Lieutenant—R. G. Davenport.

LIBRARY AND NAVAL WAR RECORDS.

Superintendent—Lieutenant Commander Richard Rush.
 Lieuts.—C. E. Fox and C. H. Harlow.
 Professor—E. K. Rawson.
 Ensign—J. H. Sypher.

NAVAL OBSERVATORY.

Superintendent—Commo. R. L. Pythian.
 Asst. Lieut. Commander—Walton Goodwin.
 Lieuts.—C. H. Lyman, W. V. Bronough.
 Astronomical Director—Prof. of Mathematics, Wm. Harkness.
 Professors of Mathematics—J. R. Eastman, Edgar Frisby and S. J. Brown.
 Assistant Astronomers—A. N. Skinner, H. M. Paul and Geo. A. Hill.
 Director of Nautical Almanac—Prof. of Mathematics, Simon Newcomb.
 Professors of Mathematics—W. W. Hendrickson and H. D. Todd.
 Assistants—E. J. Loomis, H. B. Hedrick and W. S. Harshman.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE.

Chief—Commodore W. T. Sampson.
 Lieut. Commander—E. C. Pendleton.
 Lieutenants—A. E. Culver, H. C. Poundstone, V. O. Chase.
 Ensign—C. Davis.
 Professor—P. R. Alger.

BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT.

Commander—F. E. Chadwick.
 Lieut. Commander—Washburn Maynard.
 Lieutenants—Wainwright Kellogg, G. B. Harber, Alex. Sharp, Jr., T. D. Griffin.

BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIRS.

Chief Constructor—Philip Hichborn.
 Naval Constructor—D. W. Taylor.
 Asst. Constructor—R. B. Dashfield.

OFFICE OF JUDGE ADVOCATE-GENERAL.

Judge Advocate-Gen.—Capt. S. C. Lemly, U. S. N.
 First Lieutenant—C. H. Lanchelmer, U. S. M. C.
 Ensign—Geo. Mallison.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

Surgeon General—J. R. Tyron.
 Assistant to Bureau—Surgeon J. C. Boyd.
 Special Duty—P. A. Surgeon E. R. Stitt.

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS.

Paymaster-General—Edwin Stewart.
Asst. to Chief Paymaster—A. K. Michler, U. S. N.
Paymaster—John S. Carpenter.
P. A. Paymaster—T. S. Jewett.

NAVAL EXAMINING BOARD.

President—Commodore C. S. Norton.
Members—Captains B. J. Cranwell and Geo. W. Coffin.

BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

President—Med. Director Benj. H. Kidder.
Members—Med. Director Dan'l McMurtrie.
Surgeon—Walter A. McClurg.

NAVAL RETIRING BOARD.

President—Commodore C. S. Norton.
Members—Med. Director Grove S. Beardsley, Captains B. J. Cromwell and Geo. W. Coffin and Medical Inspector Dwight Dickinson.

BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING.

Engineer-in-Chief—George W. Melville.
Chief Engineers—David Smith, Warner B. Bayley, A. B. Caraga and John R. Edwards.
Passed Asst. Engineers—R. S. Griffin, H. P. Norton, Gustav Kaemmerling, F. C. Bieg, C. A. E. King, Emil Theiss.

STATE, WAR AND NAVY DEPARTMENT BUILDING.

Supt.—Geo. W. Baird, Chief Engineer.

BOARD OF INSPECTION AND SURVEY.

President—Commodore Geo. Dewey.
Members—Capt. Henry F. Picking, Comdr. Chas. H. Davis, Medical Director W. K. Van Raypen, Chief Engineer Geo. W. Stivers, Lieut. Comdr. Seaton Schroeder, Naval Constructor J. F. Hanscom, Maj. Geo. C. Reid, Marine Corps, Lieut. S. A. Stanton, Pay Inspector Arthur Burtis.

NAVAL DISPENSARY.

Surgeon—W. S. Dixon.
Surgeon—P. M. Rixey.

MUSEUM OF HYGIENE.

Medical Director—N. L. Bates.
Med. Inspector—John C. Wise.
Passed Assts. Surgeons—S. H. Griffith and J. D. Gatewood.

NAVY PAY OFFICE.

Pay Director—F. C. Crosby,

HEADQUARTERS OF UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS.

Col. Commandant—Charles Heywood.
Adj. and Inspector—Maj. Geo. C. Reid.
Quartermaster—Maj. H. B. Lowry.
Paymaster—Maj. Green Clay Goodloe.
Asst. Quartermaster—F. L. Denny.

MARINE BARRACKS, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Captain—F. H. Harrington.
First Lieutenant—Lincoln Karmany.
Second Lieutenants—L. J. Magill and M. J. Shaw.
Medical Inspector—John C. Wise.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Postmaster-Gen.—William L. Wilson, W. Va. \$8,000
Chief Clerk—Blain W. Taylor, W. Va. 2,500
Asst. Atty.-Gen.—John L. Thomas, Mo. 4,000
Law Clerk—Wm. A. Milliken, Tenn. 2,500
Appointment Clerk—John H. Robinson, Miss. 1,800
Supt. and Disbursing Clerk—Rufus B. Merchant, Va. 2,100
Topographer—A. Von Haake. 2,500

OFFICE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

First Asst. P. M. G.—F. H. Jones, Ill. 4,000
Chief Clerk—W. H. Lamar, Md. 2,000
Supt. Div. P. O. Sup.—W. A. Burwell, Ga. 2,000
Supt. Div. Free Delivery—August W. Machen, O. 3,000
Chief Div. of Salaries and Allowances—Chas. O. Shepherd, Ill. 2,200
Supt. Money-Order System—E. M. Gadsden. 3,500
Chief Clerk Money-Order System—James T. Metcalf, Iowa. 2,000
Supt. Dead Letter Office—Bernard Goode, Mich. 2,500
Chief Clerk Dead Letter Office—Edward L. Reichard, N. Y. 1,800
Chief Div. of Correspondence—J. R. Ash, Pa. 1,800

OFFICE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Second Asst. P. M. G.—Chas. Nelson, Md. 4,000
Chief Clerk—George F. Stone, N. Y. 2,000
Supt. Railway Adjustments—J. H. Crew, O. 2,000
Chief Div. of Inspection—Albert S. Roberts, Tex. 2,000
Chief Div. Mail Equipment—R. D. S. Tyler, Mich. 1,800
Gen. Supt. Railway Mail Service—Jas. E. White, Ill. 3,500
Chief Clerk Railway Mail Service—Alexander Grant, Mich. 2,000
Supt. Foreign Mails—N. M. Brooks, Va. 3,000
Chief Clerk Foreign Mails—R. L. Maddox, Ky. 2,000

OFFICE THIRD ASSISTANT POST-MASTER-GENERAL.

Third Asst. P. M. G.—Kerr Craig, N. C.	\$4,000
Chief Clerk—Madison Davis, D. C.	2,000
Chief Div. Postage Stamps—T. Q. Munce	2,550
Chief Div. Finance—A. W. Birmingham, Mich.	2,000

OFFICE FOURTH ASSISTANT POST-MASTER-GENERAL.

Fourth Asst. P. M. G.—R. A. Maxwell, N. Y.	4,000
Chief Clerk—George V. Chapin, N. Y.	
Chief Div. of Appointments—Carter B. Keen, Maine	2,000
Chief Div. of Bonds and Commissions—N. A. C. Smith, Wis.	2,000
Chief P. O. Insp.—Marvin D. Wheeler, N. Y.	3,000
Chief Clerk Div. of P. O. Inspectors and Mail Depredations—Thos. M. Owen, Ala.	2,000

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Secretary—David R. Francis, Mo.	8,000
First Asst. Sec.—W. H. Sims, Miss.	4,500
Asst. Sec.—J. M. Reynolds, Pa.	4,000
Chief Clerk—Emmett Womack, Ga.	2,750

GENERAL LAND OFFICE.

Commissioner—S. W. Lamoreaux, Wis.	5,000
Asst. Com.—Emory F. Best, Ga.	3,000
Chief Clerk—Ernst Schwartz, Wis.	2,250

OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Commissioner—D. M. Browning, Ill.	4,000
Asst. Com.—Thos. P. Smith, N. Y.	3,000
Supt. Indian Schools—W. N. Hailmann, Ind.	3,000

PENSION OFFICE.

Commissioner—D. I. Murphy, Pa.	5,000
First Deputy Com.—N. J. T. Dana, N. H.	3,600
Second Deputy Com.—H. C. Bell, Ill.	3,600
Chief Clerk—Jos. M. McCoy, W. Va.	2,250
Medical Referee—T. Featherstonough, N. Y.	3,000

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF RAILROADS.

Commissioner—Wade Hampton, S. C.	4,500
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PATENT OFFICE.

Commissioner—John S. Seymour, Conn.	5,000
Asst. Com.—Samuel T. Fisher, Mass.	3,000
Chief Clerk—Geo. L. Morton, Ohio	2,250

OFFICE OF EDUCATION.

Commissioner—W. T. Harris, Mass.	\$3,000
Chief Clerk—Lovick Pierce, Ga.	1,800

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

Director—Chas. D. Walcott, N. Y.	\$6,000
Chief Clerk—Henry C. Rizer, Kas.	2,400

CENSUS OFFICE.

Commr. of Labor in Charge—C. D. Wright, Mass.	None
Chief Div'n—George S. Donnell, Miss.	2,000

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Atty. Gen.—Judson Harmon, Ohio.	8,000
Solicitor-Gen.—Holmes Conrad, Va.	7,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen.—Edw. B. Whitney, N. Y.	5,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen.—J. M. Dickinson, Tenn.	5,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen.—C. B. Howry, Miss.	5,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen.—J. E. Dodge, Wis.	5,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen. (Dept. of Int.), I. H. Lionberger, Mo.	5,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen. (P. O. Dept.), John L. Thomas, Mo.	4,000
Solicitor of Int. Rev. Treas. Dept., R. T. Hough, O.	4,500
Solicitor for Dept. of State, Walter E. Faison, N. C.	3,500
Law Clerk and Examiner of Titles, A. J. Bentley, O.	2,700
Chief Clerk and Supt. of Building, Cecil Clay, W. Va.	2,750
Gen. Agent, Frank Strong, \$10 per diem	
Appointment and Disbursing Clerk—Henry Reichtin, Ohio.	2,300
Atty. in Charge of Pardons—Wm. C. Endicott, Jr., Mass.	2,400
Solicitor of Treas. (Treas. Dept.), Felix A. Reeve, Tenn.	4,500
Asst. Solicitor—N. T. N. Robinson, Ia.	3,000
Chief Clerk Solicitor's Office (Treas. Dept.), Charles E. Vrooman, Ia.	2,000

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Secretary—J. Sterling Morton, Neb.	8,000
Asst. Sec.—Chas. W. Dabney, Jr., Tenn.	4,500
Chief Clerk—Donald MacCuaig, Neb.	2,500
Appointment Clerk—J. B. Bennett, Wis.	2,000
Chief of Weather Bureau—Willis L. Moore, Ill.	4,500
Chief of Bureau of Animal Industry—D. E. Salmon, N. J.	4,000
Statistician—H. A. Robinson, Mich.	3,000
Chemist—H. W. Wiley, Ind.	2,500
Entomologist—L. O. Howard, N. Y.	2,500
Botanist—F. V. Coville, N. Y.	2,500
Biologist—C. Hart Merriam, N. Y.	2,500
Chief of Div. of Forestry—B. E. Fernow, N. Y.	2,500
Pomologist—S. B. Heiges, Pa.	2,500

Chief of Div. of Vegetables, Physiology and Pathology—B. T. Gal- loway, Mo.	\$2,500
Chief of Division of Soils—Milton Whitney, Md.	2,500
Chief of Division of Agrostol- ogy—F. Lamson-Scribner, Tenn.	2,500
Director Office of Experiment Sta- tions—A. C. True, Conn.	3,000
Chief Div. of Accounts—F. L. Evans	2,500
Chief Div. of Publications—George Wm. Hill, Minn.	2,500
Horticulturist, Etc.—Wm. Saun- ders, D. C.	2,500
Director in Charge of Road In- quiry—Roy Stone, N. Y.	3,000
Special Agent in Charge of Fiber Investigations—Chas. Richards Dodge	2,000

INDEPENDENT DEPARTMENTS.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.

Public Printer—T. E. Benedict, N. Y.	4,500
Chief Clerk—W. S. Waterbury, N. Y.	2,400
Foreman of Printing—H. T. Brian, Md.	2,100
Foreman of Binding, H. C. Espey, D. C.	2,100

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE
COMMISSION.

Commissioners—John R. Procter, Ky.; William G. Rice, N. Y.; John B. Harlow, Mo.	\$3,500
Chief Examiner—A. R. Serven, N. Y.	3,000
Secretary—John T. Doyle, N. Y.	2,000

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.

Commissioner—Carroll D. Wright, Mass.	5,000
Chief Clerk—Oren W. Weaver, Mass.	2,500
Disbursing Clerk—Chas. E. Morse, Pa.	1,800

INTER-STATE COMMERCE COM-
MISSION.

William R. Morrison, Ill., Chair- man	7,500
Martin A. Knapp, N. Y.	7,500
Judson C. Clements, Ga.	7,500
James D. Yeomans, Iowa.	7,500
Charles A. Prouty, Vt.	7,500
Edward A. Moseley, Mass., Sec- retary	3,500

March 4, 1897.—Since the foregoing was in type, President McKinley has taken the oath of office and selected the following cabinet:

Secretary of State—John Sherman, Ohio.
Secretary of the Treasury—Lyman J. Gage, Illinois.
Secretary of War—Russell A. Alger, Michigan.
Secretary of the Navy—John D. Long, Massachusetts.
Secretary of the Interior—Cornelius N. Bliss, New York.
Attorney General—Joseph McKenna, California.
Postmaster General—James A. Gary, Maryland.
Secretary of Agriculture—James Wilson, Iowa.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

From March 4, 1897, to March 3, 1899.—Republicans, 49; Democrats, 32; People's Party, 5; Doubtful, 4.

(r) republican; (d) democrat; (p) populist.

THE SENATE.

Garret A. Hobart, Vice-President, Presiding.

ALABAMA.		NEBRASKA.	
John T. Morgan, d.....	Selma .....1901	John M. Thurston, r.....	Omaha .....1901
E. W. Pettus, d.....	Dallas.....1903	William V. Allen, p.....	Madison .....1899
ARKANSAS.		NEVADA.	
James H. Berry, d.....	Bentonville...1901	William M. Stewart, p.....	Carson City...1899
A Democrat.....	1903	A Populist.....	1903
CALIFORNIA.		NEW HAMPSHIRE.	
Stephen M. White, d.....	Los Angeles...1899	William E. Chandler, r.....	Concord.....1901
Geo. C. Perkins, r.....	Oakland .....1903	A Republican.....	1903
COLORADO.		NEW JERSEY.	
Edward O. Wolcott, r.....	Denver.....1901	William J. Sewell, r.....	Camden.....1901
A Silver Republican.....	1903	James Smith, Jr., d.....	Newark .....1899
CONNECTICUT.		NEW YORK.	
Joseph R. Hawley, r.....	Hartford.....1899	Edward Murphy, Jr., d.....	Troy.....1899
A Republican.....	1903	A Republican.....	1903
DELAWARE.		NORTH CAROLINA.	
Doubtful.....	1901	Marion Butler, p.....	Raleigh .....1901
George Gray, d.....	New Castle...1899	Doubtful.....	1903
FLORIDA.		NORTH DAKOTA.	
Samuel Pasco, d.....	Monticello...1899	William N. Roach, d.....	Larimore .....1899
A Democrat.....	1903	A Republican.....	1903
GEORGIA.		OHIO.	
Augustus O. Bacon, d.....	Macon.....1901	John Sherman, r.....	Mansfield .....1899
Alexander S. Clay, d.....	Atlanta.....1903	Joseph B. Foraker, r.....	Columbus.....1903
IDAHO.		OREGON.	
George L. Shoup, r.....	Salmon City...1901	George W. McBride, r.....	Portland .....1901
A Silver Republican.....	1903	A Republican.....	1903
ILLINOIS.		PENNSYLVANIA.	
Shelby M. Cullom, r.....	Springfield...1901	Matthew S. Quay, r.....	Beaver.....1899
Wm. E. Mason, r.....	Chicago.....1903	A Republican.....	1903
INDIANA.		RHODE ISLAND.	
David S. Turley, d.....	Indianapolis...1899	George P. Wetmore, r.....	Newport.....1901
A Republican.....	1903	Nelson W. Aldrich, r.....	Providence...1899
IOWA.		SOUTH CAROLINA.	
John H. Gear, r.....	Burlington...1901	Benjamin R. Tillman, d.....	Trenton.....1901
William B. Allison, r.....	Dubuque.....1897	A Democrat.....	1903
KANSAS.		SOUTH DAKOTA.	
Lucien Baker, r.....	Leavenworth...1901	Richard F. Pettigrew, r.....	Sioux Falls...1901
A Populist.....	1903	Doubtful.....	1903
KENTUCKY.		TENNESSEE.	
William Lindsay, d.....	Frankfort.....1901	Isham G. Harris, d.....	Memphis.....1901
Doubtful.....	1903	William B. Bate, d.....	Nashville....1899
LOUISIANA.		TEXAS.	
Donelson Caffery, d.....	Franklin.....1901	Horace R. Chilton, d.....	Tyler.....1901
Samuel D. McEnery, d.....	New Orleans...1903	Roger Q. Mills, d.....	Corsicana....1899
MAINE.		UTAH.	
William P. Frye, r.....	Lewiston.....1901	Frank G. Cannon.....	Ogden.....1899
Eugene Hale, r.....	Ellsworth.....1899	A Silver Republican.....	1903
MARYLAND.		VERMONT.	
Arthur P. Gorman, d.....	Laurel.....1899	Redfield Proctor, r.....	Proctor.....1899
George L. Wellington, r.....	Cumberland...1903	Justin S. Morrill, r.....	Strafford.....1897
MASSACHUSETTS.		VIRGINIA.	
George F. Hoar, r.....	Worcester....1901	Thomas S. Martin, d.....	Scottsville...1901
Henry C. Lodge, r.....	Nahant.....1899	John W. Daniel, d.....	Lynchburg...1897
MICHIGAN.		WASHINGTON.	
James McMillan, r.....	Detroit.....1901	John L. Wilson, r.....	Spokane.....1899
Julius C. Burrows, r.....	Kalamazoo...1899	A Republican.....	1903
MINNESOTA.		WEST VIRGINIA.	
Knut Nelson, r.....	Alexandria...1901	Stephen B. Elkins, r.....	Elkins.....1901
Cushman K. Davis, r.....	St. Paul.....1899	Charles J. Faulkner, d.....	Martinsburg...1899
MISSISSIPPI.		WISCONSIN.	
Edward C. Walthall, d.....	Grenada.....1901	John L. Mitchell, d.....	Milwaukee....1899
James Z. George, d.....	Carrollton...1899	John C. Spooner, r.....	Madison.....1903
MISSOURI.		WYOMING.	
Francis M. Cockrell, d.....	Warrensburg...1899	Francis E. Warren, r.....	Cheyenne.....1901
A Democrat.....	1903	Clarence D. Clark, r.....	Evanston.....1899
MONTANA.			
Thomas H. Carter, r.....	Helena.....1901		
Lee Mantle, r.....	Butte.....1899		

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Republicans (r), 204; Democrats (d), 122; Populists (p), 14; Silverites (s), 3.
Those marked * served in the LIVth congress. Those marked † served in a previous house.

Speaker—Thomas B. Reed, Maine.

Dis.	Representatives.	Home Post-office.	Dis.	Representatives.	Home Post-office.
ALABAMA.			ILLINOIS, cont.		
1	Geo. W. Taylor, d....	Linden.	15	Benj. F. Marsh, r*...	Warsaw.
2	Jesse F. Stallings, d*.	Greenville.	16	W. H. Hinrichsen, d.	Jacksonville.
3	Henry D. Clayton, d.	Eufaula.	17	James A. Connolly, r*.	Springfield.
4	T. S. Plowman, d....	Talladega.	18	Thomas M. Jett, p...	Hillsboro.
5	Willis Brewer, d....	Hayneville.	19	Andrew J. Hunter, d.	Paris.
6	John H. Bankhead, d*	Fayette.	20	James R. Campbell, d	McLeansboro.
7	Milford W. Howard, p	Fort Payne.	21	Jehu Baker, p....	Belleville.
8	Joseph Wheeler, d*..	Wheeler.	22	George W. Smith, r*.	Murphysboro.
9	O. W. Underwood, d..	Birmingham.	INDIANA.		
ARKANSAS.			1	Jas. A. Hemenway, r*.	Boonville.
1	P. D. McCulloch, Jr., d*	Marianna.	2	Robert W. Miers, d...	Bloomington.
2	John S. Little, d....	Greenwood.	3	T. W. Zenor, d....	Corydon.
3	Thomas C. McRae, d*	Prescott.	4	Wm. S. Holman, d*..	Aurora.
4	William L. Terry, d*	Little Rock.	5	George W. Faris, r*..	Terre Haute.
5	Hugh A. Dinsmore, d*	Fayetteville.	6	Henry U. Johnson, r*	Richmond.
6	H. S. Brundrige, d....	Searcy.	7	Jesse Overstreet, r*..	Franklin.
CALIFORNIA.			8	Charles L. Henry, r...	Anderson.
1	John A. Barham, r*..	Santa Rosa.	9	Charles B. Landis, r..	Delphi.
2	Marion DeVries, d...	Stockton.	10	E. D. Crumpacker, r..	Valparaiso.
3	Samuel G. Hilborn, r*	Oakland.	11	George W. Steele, r*..	Marion.
4	James G. Maguire, d*	San Francisco.	12	James M. Robinson, p.	Columbia City.
5	Eugene F. Loud, r*..	San Francisco.	13	Le wis W. Roysce, r*..	Warsaw.
6	C. A. Barlow, p....	San Miguel.	IOWA.		
7	G. H. Castle, p....	Mercedes.	1	Samuel M. Clark, r*..	Keokuk.
COLORADO.			2	George M. Curtis, r*..	Clinton.
1	John F. Shaforth, s*.	Denver.	3	D. B. Henderson, r*..	Dubuque.
2	John C. Bell, p*....	Montrose.	4	Thomas Updegraff, r*	McGregor.
CONNECTICUT.			5	Robert G. Cousins, r*	Tipton.
1	E. Stevens Henry, r*..	Rockville.	6	John F. Lacey, r*....	Oskaloosa.
2	Nehemiah D. Sperry, r*	New Haven.	7	John A. T. Hull, r*..	Des Moines.
3	Charles A. Russell, r*	Killingly.	8	Wm. P. Hepburn, r*..	Clarinda.
4	Ebenezer J. Hill, r*..	Norwalk.	9	A. L. Hager, r*....	Greenfield.
DELAWARE.			10	J. P. Dolliver, r*....	Fort Dodge.
1	L. I. Handy, d....	Newcastle.	11	George D. Perkins, r*	Sioux City.
FLORIDA.			KANSAS.		
1	S. M. Sparkman, d*..	Tampa.	1	At'L'ge—J. D. Botkin, p	Neodesha.
2	R. W. Davis, d*....	Palatka.	2	Case Broderick, r*....	Holton.
GEORGIA.			3	M. S. Peters, d....	Kansas City.
1	Rufus E. Lester, d*..	Savannah.	4	E. R. Ridgely, p....	Pittsburg.
2	James M. Griggs, d...	Dawson.	5	Charles Curtis, r*....	Topeka.
3	E. B. Lewis, d*....	Montezuma.	6	W. D. Vincent, p....	Clay Center.
4	W. C. Adamson, d....	Carrollton.	7	N. B. McCormick, p...	Phillipsburg.
5	L. F. Livingston, d*	Kings.	7	Jerry Simpson, p*...	Medicine L'ge.
6	Charles L. Bartlett, d	Macon.	KENTUCKY.		
7	John W. Maddox, d...	Rome.	1	Charles K. Wheeler, d	Paducah.
8	William M. Howard, d	Lexington.	2	John D. Clardy, d*..	Newstead.
9	Farish C. Tate, d*....	Jasper.	3	John S. Rhea, d....	Russellville.
10	W. H. Fleming, d....	Augusta.	4	David H. Smith, d....	Hodgenville.
11	W. G. Brantley, d....	Brunswick.	5	Walter Evans, r*....	Louisville.
IDAHO.			6	Albert S. Berry, d*..	Newport.
1	James Gunn, d*....	Boise City.	7	Albert E. Settle, d....	Owenton.
ILLINOIS.			8	George M. Davison, r.	Stanford.
1	James R. Mann, r....	Chicago.	9	Samuel J. Pugh, r*..	Vanceburg.
2	Wm. Lorimer, r*....	Chicago.	10	T. Y. Fitzpatrick, d..	Prestonburg.
3	Hugh R. Belknap, r*.	Chicago.	11	David G. Colson, r*..	Middleboro.
4	Daniel W. Mills, r...	Chicago.	LOUISIANA.		
5	George E. White, r*..	Chicago.	1	Adolph Meyer, d*....	New Orleans.
6	Edward D. Cooke, r*.	Chicago.	2	Robert C. Davey, d...	New Orleans.
7	George E. Foss, r*....	Chicago.	3	Robert Broussard, d.	New Iberia.
8	Albert J. Hopkins, r*.	Aurora.	4	Henry W. Ogden, d*..	Benton.
9	Robert R. Hitt, r*....	Mount Morris.	5	S. T. Baird, d*....	Moorehouse.
10	George W. Prince, r*.	Galesburg.	6	S. M. Robertson, d*..	Baton Rouge.
11	Walter Reeves, r*....	Streator.	MAINE.		
12	Joseph G. Cannon, r*.	Danville.	1	Thomas B. Reed, r*..	Portland.
13	Vespasian Warner, r*.	Clinton.	2	Nelson Dingley, Jr., r*	Lewiston.
14	Joseph V. Graff, r*..	Pekin.	3	Seth L. Milliken, r*..	Belfast.
			4	Charles A. Boutelle, r*	Bangor.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Continued.

Dis	Representatives.	Home Post-Office.	Dis.	Representatives.	Home Post-Office.
MARYLAND.			NEBRASKA—cont.		
1	Isaac A. Barber, r....	Easton.	5	J. D. Sutherland, p..	Hastings.
2	Wm. B. Baker, r*....	Aberdeen.	6	William L. Green, p.	Kearney.
3	William S. Booz, r..	Baltimore.	NEVADA.		
4	Wm. W. McIntire, r..	Baltimore.	F. G. Newlands, s*..		
5	Sidney E. Mudd, r*..	Laplata.	NEW HAMPSHIRE.		
6	John McDonald, r....	Rockville.	1	Cyrus A. Sulloway, r*	Manchester.
MASSACHUSETTS.			2	Frank G. Clark, r....	Peterboro.
1	Ashley B. Wright, r*.	North Adams.	NEW JERSEY.		
2	Frederick H. Gillett, r*	Springfield.	1	H. C. Loudenslager, r*	Paulsboro.
3	Joseph H. Walker, r*.	Worcester.	2	John J. Gardner, r*..	Atlantic City.
4	Geo. W. Weymouth, r	Fitchburg.	3	Benj. F. Howell, r*..	New Brunswick
5	William S. Knox, r*..	Lawrence.	4	Mahlon Pitney, r*....	Morristown.
6	William H. Moody, r*	Haverhill.	5	James F. Stewart, r*	Paterson.
7	William E. Barrett, r	Melrose.	6	Richard W. Parker, r*	Newark.
8	Samuel W. McCall, r*	Winchester.	7	Thos. McEwan, Jr., r*	Jersey City.
9	John F. Fitzgerald, d*	Boston.	8	Charles N. Fowler, r*	Elizabeth.
10	S. J. Barrows, r.....	Boston.	NEW YORK.		
11	Charles F. Sprague, r	Boston.	1	Joseph M. Belford, r*	Riverhead.
12	Wm. C. Lovering, r...	Taunton.	2	Denis M. Hurley, r*.	Brooklyn.
13	John Simpkins, r*....	Yarmouth.	3	Francis H. Wilson, r*	Brooklyn.
MICHIGAN.			4	Israel F. Fischer, r*..	Brooklyn.
1	John B. Corliss, r....	Detroit.	5	Charles G. Bennett, r*	Brooklyn.
2	George Spalding, r....	Moaroe.	6	James R. Howe, r*..	Brooklyn.
3	Albert M. Todd, p....	Albion.	7	J. H. G. Vehslage, d..	New York city.
4	Edw. L. Hamilton, r..	Niles.	8	John M. Mitchell, r*.	New York city.
5	Wm. Alden Smith, r*.	Grand Rapids.	9	Thomas J. Bradley, d	New York city.
6	Samuel W. Smith, r*.	Pontiac.	10	Amos J. Cummings, d*	New York city.
7	Horace G. Snover, r*.	Port Austin.	11	William Sulzer, d*..	New York city.
8	F. D. Bruckner, d*..	Saginaw.	12	Geo. B. McClellan, d*	New York city.
9	Roswell P. Bishop, r*	Ludington.	13	Robert C. Shannon, r*	New York city.
10	Rosseau O. Crump, r*	Bay City.	14	Lemuel E. Quigg, r*.	New York city.
11	William I. Mesick, r.	Mancelon.	15	Philip B. Low, r*....	New York city.
12	Carlos D. Sheldon, r.	Houghton.	16	William L. Ward, r..	Port Chester.
MINNESOTA.			17	Benj. B. Odell, Jr., r*	Newburg.
1	James A. Tawney, r*.	Winona.	18	John H. Ketcham, r*	Dover Plains.
2	James T. McCleary, r*	Mankato.	19	Aaron V. Cochran, r.	Hudson.
3	Joel P. Heatwole, r..	Northfield.	20	Geo. N. Southwick, r*	Albany.
4	F. C. Stevens, r.....	St. Paul.	21	David Wilber, r*....	Oneonta.
5	Loren Fletcher, r*..	Minneapolis.	22	Lucien L. Littauer, r*	Gloversville.
6	Pape Morris, r.....	Duluth.	23	W. T. Foote, Jr., r*..	Port Henry.
7	Frank M. Eddy, r*....	Glenwood.	24	C. A. Chickering, r*.	Copenhagen.
MISSISSIPPI.			25	James S. Sherman, r*	Utica.
1	John M. Allen, d*....	Tupelo.	26	George W. Ray, r*..	Norwich.
2	W. V. Sullivan, d*..	Oxford.	27	James J. Belden, r*.	Syracuse.
3	Thos. C. Catchings, d*	Vicksburg.	28	Sereno E. Payne, r*.	Auburn.
4	A. F. For, d.....	West Point.	29	Charles W. Gillett, r*	Addison.
5	John S. Williams, d*.	Yazoo City.	30	Jas. W. Wadsworth, r*	Geneseo.
6	C. W. V. Love, d*..	Woodville.	31	Henry C. Brewster, r*	Rochester.
7	Patrick Henry, d*..	Brandon.	32	Rowland B. Mahany, r*	Buffalo.
MISSOURI.			33	Dealva S. Alexander, r*	Buffalo.
1	Vacant.....		34	Warren B. Hooker, r*	Fredonia.
2	Robert N. Bodine, d..	Paris.	NORTH CAROLINA.		
3	Alex. M. Dockery, d*	Gallatin.	1	Harry Skinner, p*..	Greenville.
4	Charles F. Cochran, d	St. Joseph.	2	George H. White, r..	Tarboro.
5	Wm. S. Cowherd, r*..	Kansas City.	3	John E. Fowler, p....	Clin on.
6	D. A. De Armond, d*.	Butler.	4	William F. Stroud, p*	Pittsboro.
7	James A. Cooney, d*.	Marshall.	5	W. W. Kitchin, d*..	Rocksboro.
8	Richard P. Bland, d*.	Lebanon.	6	Charles H. Martin, p.	Polkton.
9	Champ Clark, d*..	Bowl'g Green.	7	A. C. Shuford, p.....	Albemarle.
10	Richard Bartholdt, r*	St. Louis.	8	Romulus Z. Linney, r*	Taylorsville.
11	Charles F. Joy, r*....	St. Louis.	9	Richmond Pearson, r*	Asheville.
12	Charles E. Pearce, r..	St. Louis.	NORTH DAKOTA.		
13	Edward A. Robb, d*..	Perryville.	Martin N. Johnson, r*		
14	Wm. D. Vandiver, d..	Cape Girard'u	OHIO.		
15	M. E. Benton, d*..	Neosho.	1	Wm. B. Shattuc, r....	Cincinnati.
MONTANA.			2	Jacob H. Bromwell, r*	Cincinnati.
NEBRASKA.			3	John L. Brenner, p..	Dayton.
1	Jesse B. Strode, r*..	Lincoln.	4	Geo. A. Marshall, p..	Sidney.
2	David H. Mercer, r*.	Omaha.	5	David Meekison, p..	Napoleon.
3	Samuel Maxwell, p..	Fremont.	6	Seth W. Brown, r....	Lebanon.
4	William L. Stark, p..	Aurora.	7	Walter L. Weaver, r.	Springfield.
			8	Archibald Lybrand, r	Delaware.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Continued.

Dis	Representatives.	Home Post-Office.	Dis	Representatives.	Home Post-office.
OHIO, cont.			TENNESSEE.		
9	Jas. N. Southard, r*.	Toledo.	1	W. P. Brownlow, r...	Jonesboro.
10	Lucien J. Fenton, r*.	Winchester.	2	Henry R. Gibson, r...	Knoxville.
11	Chas. H. Grosvenor, r*.	Athens.	3	John A. Moon, d...	Chattanooga.
12	John J. Lentz, d....	Columbus.	4	Benton McMillin, d*.	Carthage.
13	James A. Norton, d...	Tiffin.	5	J. D. Richardson, d*.	Murfreesboro.
14	Winfield S. Kerr, r*.	Mansfield.	6	John W. Gaines, d...	Nashville.
15	H. C. Van Voorhis, r*.	Zanesville.	7	Nicholas N. Cox, d*.	Franklin.
16	Lorenzo Danfort, r*.	St. Clairsville.	8	T. W. Simms, d....	Linden.
17	John A. McDowell, p	Millersburg.	9	Rice A. Pierce, d....	Union City.
18	Robert W. Taylor, r*	New Lisbon.	10	E. W. Carmack, d....	Memphis.
19	S. A. Northway, r*.	Jefferson.	TEXAS.		
20	Clifton B. Beach, r*.	Cleveland.	1	Thomas H. Ball, d....	Huntsville.
21	Theo. E. Burton, r*.	Cleveland.	2	Samuel B. Cooper, d*.	Woodville.
OREGON.			3	R. C. Graffenreid, d...	Mineola.
1	Thomas H. Tongue, r	Hillsboro.	4	John W. Crawford, d	Sulph'r Spr'gs.
2	William R. E. lis, r*.	Heppner.	5	Joseph W. Bailey, d*	Gainesville.
PENNSYLVANIA.			6	R. E. Burke, d....	Dallas.
At Large.			7	R. S. Henry, d....	Waco.
	Galusha A. Grow, r*.	Glenwood.	8	S. W. T. Lanham d*	Mathusford.
	Sam. A. Davenport, r	Erie.	9	Joseph D. Sayers, d*.	Bastrop.
1	Henry H. Brigham, r*	Philadelphia.	10	R. B. Hawley, r....	Galveston.
2	Robert Adams, Jr., r*	Philadelphia.	11	Rudolph Kleberg, d.	Cuero.
3	William McAleer, d.	Philadelphia.	12	J. L. Slayden, d....	San Antonio.
4	James R. Young, r...	Philadelphia.	13	John H. Stephens, d...	Vernon.
5	Alfred C. Harmer, r*	Philadelphia.	UTAH.		
6	Thomas S. Butler, r	Chester.		William H. King, d..	Provo.
7	Irving P. Wanger, r*.	Norristown.	VERMONT.		
8	Wm. S. Kirkpatrick, r	Easton.	1	H. Henry Powers, r*	Morrisville.
9	David Ermentrout, d†	Reading.	2	William W. Grout, r*.	Barton.
10	Marriott Brosius, r*.	Lancaster.	VIRGINIA.		
11	William Connell, r...	Scranton.	1	William A. Jones, d*	Warsaw.
12	Morgan B. Williams, r	Wilkesbarre.	2	William A. Young, d.	Norfolk.
13	Chas. N. Brumm r*.	Minersville.	3	John B. Lamb, d....	Richmond.
14	Marlin E. Olmstead, r	Harrisburg.	4	Sidney P. Epes, d...	Nottoway.
15	James H. Codding, r*	Towanda.	5	Claude A. Swanson, d*	Chatham.
16	Horace B. Packer, r...	Wellsboro.	6	Peter J. Otey, d....	Lynchburg.
17	Monroe H. Kulp, r*.	Shamokin.	7	James Hayes, d....	Madison C. H.
18	T. M. Mahon, r*.	Chambersburg.	8	J. F. Rixey, d....	Culpeper.
19	George J. Benner, d.	Gettysburg.	9	James A. Walker, r*.	Wytheville.
20	Josiah D. Hicks, r*.	Altoona.	10	Jacob Yost, d....	Staunton.
21	E. E. Robbins, r....	Greensburg.	WASHINGTON.		
22	John Dalzell, r*.	Pittsburg.	At Large.		
23	Wm. A. Stone, r*....	Allegheny.		James H. Lewis, p...	Seattle.
24	Ernest F. Acheson, r*	Washington.		William C. Jones, p...	Spokane.
25	James J. Davidson, r.	Beaver.	WEST VIRGINIA.		
26	J. C. Sturtevant, r...	Conneautville.	1	B. B. Dovenor, r*....	Wheeling.
27	Charles W. Stone, r*.	Warren.	2	Alston G. Dayton, r*.	Phillippi.
28	William C. Arnold, r*	Dubois.	3	Charles P. Dorr, r*.	Addison.
RHODE ISLAND.			4	Warren Miller, r*....	Jackson.
1	Melville Bull, r*....	Newport.	WISCONSIN.		
2	Adin B. Capron, r....	Stillwater.	1	Henry A. Cooper, r*.	Racine.
SOUTH CAROLINA.			2	Edw. Sauerhering, r*	Maysville.
1	William Elliot, d*†...	Beaufort.	3	Jos. W. Babcock, r*.	Necedah.
2	W. J. Talbert, d*....	Parksville.	4	Theobald Otjen, r*.	Milwaukee.
3	Asbury C. Latimer, d*	Benton.	5	Samuel S. Barney, r*.	West Bend.
4	J. S. Wilson, d*....	Spartansburg.	6	J. H. Davidson, r....	Oshkosh.
5	Thomas J. Straite, d*.	Lancaster.	7	Michael Griffin, r*.	Eau Claire.
6	John L. McLaurin, d*	Bennettsville.	8	Edward S. Minor, r*.	Sturgeon Bay.
7	J. Wm. Stokes, d*....	Orangeburg.	9	Alex. Stewart, r*....	Wausau.
SOUTH DAKOTA.			10	John J. Jenkins, r*.	Chipp'e'a Falls
At Large.			WYOMING.		
	John E. Kelly, d.....	Flandreau.		John E. Osborne, d...	Rowlins.
	Freeman Knowles, p.	Deadwood.			

TERRITORIES.

ARIZONA.	
Marcus A. Smith, d.....	Tucson.
NEW MEXICO.	
H. B. Ferguson, d.....	Albuquerque.
OKLAHOMA.	
T. Y. Callahan, p.....	Oklahoma.

APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATIVES

Under each census since the formation of the government.

States.	Admitted.	Under constitution. Ratio 30,000.	First census. Ratio 33,000.	Second census. Ratio 33,000.	Third census. Ratio 35,000.	Fourth census. Ratio 40,000.	Fifth census. Ratio 47,000.	Sixth census. Ratio 70,000.	Seventh census. Ratio 93,423.	Eighth census. Ratio 127,381.	Ninth census. Ratio 131,425.	Tenth census. Ratio 131,911.	Eleventh census. Ratio 173,501.
Alabama.....	1819	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	5	7	7	6	8	8	9
Arkansas.....	1836	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	3	4	5	6
California.....	1850	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	3	4	5	6
Colorado.....	1876	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2
Connecticut.....	.....	5	7	7	.....	6	6	4	4	.....	4	4	4
Delaware.....	.....	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Florida.....	1845	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2	2	2
Georgia.....	.....	3	2	4	6	7	9	8	8	7	9	10	11
Idaho.....	1890	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	21
Illinois.....	1818	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	3	7	9	11	11	12	22
Indiana.....	1816	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	7	10	11	11	13	13	13
Iowa.....	1846	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	6	9	9	11
Kansas.....	1861	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	3	7	8
Kentucky.....	1792	.....	2	6	10	12	13	10	10	9	10	11	11
Louisiana.....	1812	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	4	4	5	.....	6	6
Maine.....	1820	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	8	6	5	5	6	6
Maryland.....	.....	6	8	9	9	9	8	6	6	5	5	6	6
Massachusetts.....	.....	8	14	17	20	13	12	10	11	10	11	12	13
Michigan.....	1837	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	4	6	9	11	12
Minnesota.....	1858	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	3	5	7
Mississippi.....	1817	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	4	5	6	6	7	7
Missouri.....	1821	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	5	7	9	13	14	15
Montana.....	1890	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Nebraska.....	1867	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	3	6
Nevada.....	1864	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	1
New Hampshire.....	.....	3	4	5	6	6	5	4	3	3	3	2	2
New Jersey.....	.....	4	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	7	7	8
New York.....	.....	6	10	17	27	34	40	34	33	31	33	34	34
North Carolina.....	.....	5	10	12	13	13	13	9	8	7	8	9	9
North Dakota.....	1889	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Ohio.....	1802	.....	.....	.....	6	14	19	21	21	19	20	21	21
Oregon.....	1859	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	1	2
Pennsylvania.....	.....	8	13	18	23	26	28	24	25	24	27	28	30
Rhode Island.....	.....	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
South Carolina.....	.....	5	6	8	9	9	9	7	6	4	5	7	7
South Dakota.....	1889	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2
Tennessee.....	1796	.....	.....	3	6	9	13	11	10	8	10	10	10
Texas.....	1845	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	4	6	11	13
Utah.....	1895	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Vermont.....	1791	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
Virginia.....	.....	10	19	22	23	22	21	15	13	11	9	10	10
Washington.....	1889	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2
West Virginia.....	1863	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	4	4
Wisconsin.....	1848	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	6	8	9	10
Wyoming.....	1890	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Total.....	.....	65	105	141	181	213	240	223	234	243	203	332	357

PARTY DIVISIONS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, 54TH AND 55TH CONGRESSES.

STATES.	FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.*			FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.			STATES.	FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.*			FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.		
	Dem.	Rep.	Pop.	Dem.	Rep.	Pop.		Dem.	Rep.	Pop.	Dem.	Rep.	Pop.
Alabama	8	....	1	8	....	1	Nevada.....	..	1	....	..	..	1
Arkansas.....	6	....	..	6	....	..	New Hampshire	2	....	..	2	....	..
California.....	1	6	....	2	3	2	New Jersey.....	8	....	..	8	....	..
Colorado.....	1	1	1	....	..	2	New York.....	6	28	..	5	29	..
Connecticut.....	..	4	....	..	4	....	North Carolina	3	4	2	..	5	4
Delaware.....	2	1	....	1	2	....	North Dakota.....	1	....	..	1	....	..
Florida.....	2	....	..	2	....	..	Ohio.....	2	19	..	6	15	..
Georgia.....	11	....	..	11	....	..	Oregon.....	2	2	....	2	....	..
Idaho.....	..	1	....	1	....	..	Pennsylvania	2	28	..	3	27	..
Illinois.....	1	21	....	5	17	....	Rhode Island.....	2	2	....	2	....	..
Indiana.....	13	....	..	4	9	....	South Carolina.....	7	....	..	7	....	..
Iowa.....	..	11	....	..	11	....	South Dakota.....	2	2	....	1	....	1
Kansas.....	..	7	1	2	2	4	Tennessee.....	6	4	....	8	2	....
Kentucky.....	6	5	....	7	4	....	Texas.....	12	1	....	12	1	....
Louisiana.....	6	....	..	6	....	..	Utah.....	..	1	....	1	....	..
Maine.....	..	4	....	..	4	....	Vermont.....	2	2	....	2	....	..
Maryland.....	3	3	....	..	6	....	Virginia.....	9	1	....	8	2	....
Massachusetts... 1	12	....	..	1	12	....	Washington.....	2	2	....	2	....	..
Michigan.....	12	....	..	2	10	....	West Virginia.....	4	....	..	4	....	..
Minnesota.....	7	7	....	7	7	....	Wisconsin.....	10	....	..	10	....	..
Mississippi.....	7	....	..	7	....	..	Wyoming.....	1	....	..	1	....	..
Missouri.....	5	10	....	11§	3	....	Total.....	104	246	7	134†	206†	16†
Montana.....	..	1	....	..	1	....							
Nebraska.....	..	5	1	4	2	....							

* As constituted at the beginning of the first session. † Including 15 members classed as Fusionists. ‡ Including three members classed as Silver party. § There is one vacant seat (Missouri).

PARTY DIVISIONS

IN CONGRESS SINCE THE FORMATION OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY, IN 1856

CONGRESSES.	Years.	SENATE.					HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.				
		Dem.	Rep.	Amer.	Union.	Ind.	Dem.	Rep.	Amer.	Union.	Ind.
XXXV.....	1857-1859	39	20	5	...	...	131	92	14	...	...
XXXVI.....	1859-1861	38	26	2	...	...	101	113	23	...	...
XXXVII.....	1861-1863 ¹	10	31	...	...	...	42	106	...	28	...
XXXVIII.....	1863-1865 ¹	9	36	...	...	...	75	102	...	...	9
XXXIX.....	1865-1867	11	41	...	...	...	40	145	...	...	...
XL.....	1867-1869	11	42	...	...	...	49	143	...	...	...
XLI.....	1869-1871	11	58	...	...	...	78	151	...	...	...
XLII.....	1871-1873	17	57	...	...	...	103	138	...	...	5 ²
XLIII.....	1873-1875	20	47	...	...	7 ²	92	194	...	...	14
XLIV.....	1875-1877	29	43	...	...	2 ²	168	107	...	...	...
XLV.....	1877-1879	39	36	...	...	1 ²	151	142	...	...	...
XLVI.....	1879-1881	44	32	...	...	...	148	129	...	...	16 ³
XLVII.....	1881-1883	38	37	...	...	1 ⁴	138	146	...	...	10 ³
XLVIII.....	1883-1885	36	40 ⁵	...	...	...	198	124	...	...	1 ³
XLIX.....	1885-1887	34	42	...	...	...	204	120	...	...	1 ³
L.....	1887-1889	37	39	...	...	...	168	153	...	...	4
LI.....	1889-1891	37	39	...	...	...	159	166	...	...	...
LII.....	1891-1893	39	47	...	...	2 ⁶	236	88	...	...	8 ⁶
LIII ⁷	1893-1895	44	38	...	...	3 ⁹	220	126	...	...	8 ⁶
LIV.....	1895-1897	39	42	...	...	5 ⁸	104	246	...	...	7 ⁶
LV.....	1897-1899	34	45	...	...	11 ⁸	134 ⁹	206	...	...	161 ⁹

Parties as constituted at the beginning of each Congress are given. These figures were liable to change by contests for seats. ¹ During the Civil War most of the Southern States were unrepresented in Congress. ² Liberal Republicans. ³ Greenbackers. ⁴ David Davis, Independent, of Illinois. ⁵ Two Virginia Senators were Readjusters, and voted with the Republicans. ⁶ People's party, except that in the House of Representatives of the Fifty-fourth Congress one member is classed as Silver party. ⁷ Three Senate seats were vacant (and continued so) and two Representative seats were unfilled Rhode Island had not yet effected a choice) when the session began. Rhode Island subsequently elected two Republicans. ⁸ Seven Populists, three Silver Republicans, one Silver Fusionist. ⁹ Including fifteen members classed as Fusionists. ¹⁰ Including three members classed as silver party. There is one vacancy.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS UNDER THE ELEVENTH CENSUS.

(* 356 MEMBERS.)

STATES.	No. of Congressmen.	STATES.	No. of Congressmen.
Alabama (increase 1)	9	Montana	1
Arkansas (increase 1)	6	Nebraska (increase 3)	6
California (increase 1)	7	Nevada	1
Colorado (increase 1)	2	New Hampshire	2
Connecticut	4	New Jersey (increase 1)	8
Delaware	1	New York	34
Florida	2	North Carolina	9
Georgia (increase 1)	11	North Dakota	1
Idaho	1	Ohio	21
Illinois (increase 2)	22	Oregon (increase 1)	2
Indiana	13	Pennsylvania (increase 2)	30
Iowa	11	Rhode Island	2
Kansas (increase 1)	8	South Carolina	7
Kentucky	11	South Dakota	2
Louisiana	6	Tennessee	1
Maine	4	Texas (increase 2)	13
Maryland	6	Vermont	2
Massachusetts (increase 1)	13	Virginia	1
Michigan (increase 1)	12	Washington	2
Minnesota (increase 2)	7	West Virginia	4
Mississippi	7	Wisconsin (increase 1)	10
Missouri (increase 1)	15	Wyoming	1

* Under the tenth census the lower house contained 325 members. In this table the increase over the representation given by the tenth census, is put in parenthesis, thereby showing the states receiving increased representation under the present apportionment.

RATIO OF REPRESENTATION IN CONGRESS.

(1789 to 1893.)

Constitution	1789	Ratio.	30,000	Whole Number of Representatives	65
First census	1793	Ratio.	33,000	Whole Number of Representatives	105
Second census	1803	Ratio.	33,000	Whole Number of Representatives	141
Third census	1813	Ratio.	35,000	Whole Number of Representatives	181
Fourth census	1823	Ratio.	40,000	Whole Number of Representatives	213
Fifth census	1833	Ratio.	47,700	Whole Number of Representatives	240
Sixth census	1843	Ratio.	70,680	Whole Number of Representatives	223
Seventh census	1853	Ratio.	93,423	Whole Number of Representatives	233
Eighth census	1863	Ratio.	127,351	Whole Number of Representatives	243
Ninth census	1873	Ratio.	131,425	Whole Number of Representatives	293
Tenth census	1883	Ratio.	151,911	Whole Number of Representatives	325
Eleventh census	1893	Ratio.	173,901	Whole Number of Representatives	356

FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Countries.	Name.	Rank.
Argentine Republic.	Dr. Martin G. Meron	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Antonio del Viso	Secretary of Legation.
Austria-Hungary ...	Mr. L. H. von Hengervar	E. E. and M. P.
	Prince Raoul Wrede	Counsellor of Legation.
Belgium	Mr. Alford Le Ghait	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Maurice Joostens	Counsellor of Legation.
Brazil	Senhor Salvador de Mendonca	E. E. and M. P.
	Senhor Manoel de O. Lima	First Secretary.
	Senhor Alfredo de A. Brandao	Second Secretary.
Chile.....	Senor Don Domingo Gana	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don M. S. Pinto	First Secretary.
China	Mr. Yang Yu	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Ho Yen Shing	First Secretary.
	Mr. Kwang Ying	Secretary.
	Mr. H. W. Hoo	Secretary.
	Mr. Chung M. Y.	Translator and Attache.
Colombia.....	Senor Don Jose M. Hurtado	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor don Julio Rengifo	Counselor, First Secretary.
Costa Rica.....	Senor Don Joaquin B. Calvo	E. E. and M. P.
Denmark	Mr. Constantin Brun	E. E. and M. P.
Ecuador	Senor Don L. F. Carbo	E. E. and M. P.
France.....	Mr. J. Patenotre	A. E. and P.
	Mr. Paul Lefavro	First Secretary.
	Clement de Granprey	Military Attache.
	Mr. Jules Boufve	Chancellor.
Germany	Baron Max von Thielemann	A. E. and P.
	Mr. von Reichenau	Counselor, First Secretary.
	Mr. A. von Bruening	Second Secretary.
Great Britain.	Sir J. Pauncefoot, G. C. B., G. C. M. G.	A. E. and P.
	Viscount Gough	Secretary of Embassy.
	Hon. Henry O. Bax-Ironside	Second Secretary.
	Mr. Reginald Tower	Second Secretary.
	The Earl of Westmeath	Attache.
Guatemala	Senor Don A. L. Arriaga	E. E. and M. P.
Haiti	Mr. J. M. Leger	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. J. Nicolas	Secretary of Legation.
Hawaii	Mr. F. M. Hatch	E. E. and M. P.
Italy	Baron de Fava	E. E. and M. P.
	Count Vinci	Secretary Legation.
	Marquis P. di Montagliari	Attache.
Japan	Mr. Toru Hoshi	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Durham W. Stevens	Counselor of Legation.
	Comdr. N. Miyaoka, I. J. N.	Naval Attache.
Korea	Mr. Chin Pom Ye	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Bong Sun Pak	Secretary.
Mexico.....	Senor Don Matias Romero	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Jose F. Godoy	First Sec. and Charge d'Af.
	Senor Don Luis G. Pardo	Second Secretary.
	Senor Don Enrique Santibanez	Second Secretary.
Netherlands	Mr. G. de Weckherlin	E. E. and M. P.
Portugal.....	Viscount de Santo-Thyrso	E. E. and M. P.
Russia	Mr. E. de Kotzebue	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. de Vallant	First Secretary.
	Mr. M. de Meck	Second Secretary.
Spain.....	Senor Don Enrique D. de Lome	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Ramon G. de Ayala	First Sec. and Charge d'Af.
	Senor Don Luis Pastor	Third Secretary.
	Senor Don A. Benitez	Attache.
	Senor Don Alejandro Padilla	Attache.
	Capt. C. de la Casa	Military Attache.
Sweden and Norway	Mr. A. Grip	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. N. J. Knagenhjelm	Secretary of Legation.
Switzerland	Mr. J. B. Fioda	Charge d'Affaires.
	Dr. L. Vogel	Sec. Leg. and Charge d'Af.
Turkey	Mustapha Bey	E. E. and M. P.
	M. Novighian Effendi	First Secretary.
Venezuela	Senor Jose Andrade	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Manuel M. Poute, Jr.	Secretary of Legation.

UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE.

JANUARY 17, 1897.

EXPLANATION—A. E. and P., Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary; E. E. and M. P., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary; M. R., Minister Resident; M. R. and C. G., Minister Resident and Consul-General.

Country.	Representative.	Location.	App'ted from.	Salary.
Argentine Rep'lic.	Wm. I. Buchanan, E. E. & M. P.	Buenos Ayres.	Iowa	\$10,000
Austria-Hungary.	Geo. W. Fishback, Sec. of Leg.	Buenos Ayres.	Missouri	1,500
	Bartlett Tripp, E. E. & M. P.	Vienna	S. Dakota	12,000
	Lawrence Townsend, S. of L.	Vienna	Pennsylvania ..	1,800
	Capt. Jos. H. Dorst, Mil. Att.	Vienna		
Belgium	Lieut. A. B. Niblack, Nav. Att.	Vienna		
	Jas. S. Ewing, E. E. & M. P.	Brussels	Illinois	10,000
	Lt. Floyd W. Harris, Mil. Att.	Brussels		
Bolivia	Thos. Moonlight, E. E. & M. P.	La Paz	Kansas	5,000
Brazil	T. L. Thompson, E. E. & M. P.	Rio de Janeiro	California	12,000
	Wm. Crichton, Sec. of Leg.	Rio de Janeiro	W. Virginia ..	1,800
Chile	Edw. H. Strobel, E. E. & M. P.	Santiago	New York	10,000
	C. R. Simpkins, Sec. of Leg.	Santiago	Tennessee	1,500
China	Charles Denby, E. E. & M. P.	Pekin	Indiana	12,000
	C. Denby, Jr., Sec. of Leg.	Pekin	Indiana	2,625
	Edw. K. Lowry, 2d Sec. of Leg.	Pekin		1,800
	Fleming D. Cheshire.	China	New York	3,000
Colombia	L. F. McKinney, E. E. & M. P.	Bogota	N. Hampshire.	10,000
	Jacob Sleeper, S. of L. & C. G.	Bogota	Massachusetts	2,000
Costa Rica, Nicar- agua & Salvador	Lewis Baker, E. E. & M. P.	Managua	Minnesota	10,000
	John F. Baker.	Managua	Minnesota	
Denmark	J. E. Risley, E. E. & M. P.	Copenhagen ..	New York	7,500
Ecuador	Jas. D. Tillman, E. E. & M. P.	Quito	Tennessee	5,000
France	J. B. Eustis, A. E. & P.	Paris	Louisiana	17,500
	Henry Vignaud, Sec. of Leg.	Paris	Louisiana	2,625
	N. B. Eustis, 2d Sec. of Leg.	Paris	Louisiana	2,000
	Maj. S. C. Kellogg, Mil. Att.	Paris		
	Lieut.-Com. W. S. Sims.	Paris		
Germany	E. F. Uhl, A. E. & P.	Berlin	Michigan	17,500
	John B. Jackson, Sec. of Em.	Berlin	New Jersey	2,625
	Herb. G. Squiers, 2d Sec. of Em.	Berlin	New York	2,000
	Lieut. A. B. Niblack, Nav. At.	Berlin		
Great Britain....	T. F. Bayard, A. E. & P.	London	Delaware	17,500
	Jas. R. Roosevelt, Sec. of Em.	London	New York	2,625
	John R. Carter.	London		
	Lieut.-Com. W. S. Cowles, N. A.	London	Connecticut ..	
Greece, Roumania and Servia	E. Alexander, E. E. & M. P.	Athens	N. Carolina ..	6,500
Guatemala and Honduras	Macgrane Coxe, E. E. & M. P.	Guatemala ...	New York	10,000
	D. L. Pringle, Sec. of Leg. & C. G.	Guatemala ...	New York	2,000
Haiti	H. M. Smythe, M. R. & C. G.	Port au Prince	Virginia	5,000
Hawaiian Islands.	Ellis Mills, Sec. of Leg. & C. G.	Honolulu	Virginia	4,000
Honduras and Gu- atemala	Macgrane Coxe, E. E. & M. P.	Guatemala ...	New York	10,000
Italy	W. MacVaugh, A. E. & P.	Rome	Pennsylvania ..	12,000
	Larz Anderson, Sec. of Em.	Rome		1,800
	Capt. G. P. Scriven, Mil. Att.	Rome		
	Lieut. A. B. Niblack, Nav. Att.	Rome		
Japan	Edwin Dun, E. E. & M. P.	Tokyo (Yedo) ..	Ohio	12,000
	J. R. Herod, Sec. of Leg.	Tokyo (Yedo) ..	Indiana	2,625
	W. F. Sands, 2d Sec. of Leg.	Tokyo (Yedo) ..	Dist. of Co'b'a	1,800
	Ransford S. Miller, Jr., Int.	Tokyo (Yedo) ..	New York	2,500
Korea	J. M. B. Sill, M. R. & C. G.	Seoul	Michigan	7,500
	H. N. Allen, Sec. of Leg.	Seoul	Ohio	1,500
Liberia	Wm. H. Heard, M. R. & C. G.	Monrovia	Pennsylvania ..	4,000
	C. Max Manning, Sec.	Monrovia	Georgia	1,500
Mexico	Matt. W. Ransom, E. E. & M. P.	Mexico	N. Carolina ..	17,500
	Robert Ransom, 2d Sec.	Mexico	N. Carolina ..	2,000
	I. Sepulvida, Sec. of Leg.	Mexico	California	2,625
	Capt. C. G. Dwyer, Mil. Att.	Mexico		
Netherlands	W. E. Quinby, E. E. & M. P.	The Hague ...	Michigan	7,500
Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Salva- dor	Lewis Baker, E. E. & M. P.	Managua	Minnesota	10,000
	John F. Baker, Sec.	Managua	Minnesota	1,800

UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE.—Con.

Country.	Representative.	Location.	App'ted from.	Salary.
Paraguay and Uruguay	Granville Stewart, E. E. & M. P.	Montevideo ..	Montana	\$7,500
Persia	A. McDonald, M. R. & C. G. ...	Teheran	Virginia	5,000
Peru	J. A. McKenzie, E. E. & M. P. ...	Lima	Kentucky	10,000
Portugal	Richard R. Neill, Sec. of Leg. ...	Lima	Pennsylvania ..	1,500
Roumania, Greece and Servia	G. W. Caruth, E. E. & M. P. ...	Lisbon	Arkansas	7,500
Russia	E. Alexander, E. E. & M. P. ...	Athens	N. Carolina ...	6,500
	C. R. Breckinridge, E. E. & M. P. ...	St. Petersburg	Arkansas	17,500
	H. H. D. Peirce, Sec. of Leg. ...	St. Petersburg	Massachusetts ..	2,625
	Lieut. W. S. Sims, Nav. Att. ...	St. Petersburg	.....	.....
Salvador, Costa Rica and Nicaragua	Lewis Baker, E. E. & M. P.	Managua	Minnesota	10,000
	John F. Baker, Sec.	Managua	Minnesota	1,800
Santo Domingo ..	H. M. Smythe, Ch'ge d'Affaires ..	P't-au-Prince ..	Virginia	5,000
Servia, Greece and Roumania	E. Alexander, E. E. & M. P.	Athens	N. Carolina ...	5,500
Siam	John Barrett, M. R. & C. G. ...	Bangkok	Oregon	5,000
Spain	H. Taylor, E. E. & M. P.	Madrid	Alabama	12,000
	H. Clay Armstrong, Jr., S. of L. ...	Madrid	Alabama	1,800
	1st Lieut. J. H. H. Peshine, M. A. ...	Madrid .....	.....	.....
	Wm. S. Sims, Nav. Attache ..	Madrid .....	.....	.....
Sweden and Norway	T. B. Ferguson, E. E. & M. P. ...	Stockholm ...	Maryland	7,500
Switzerland	John L. Peake, E. E. & M. P. ...	Berne	Missouri	7,500
Turkey	A. W. Terrell, E. E. & M. P. ...	Const'tinople ..	Texas	10,000
	J. W. Riddle, Sec. of Leg. ...	Const'tinople ..	Minnesota	1,800
				7,500
Uruguay and Paraguay	Granville Stuart, E. E. & M. P. ...	Montevideo ..	Montana	7,500
Venezuela	Allon Thomas, E. E. & M. P. ...	Caracas	Florida	7,500
	W. W. Russell, Sec. of Leg. ...	Caracas	Maryland	1,500
	Frederick C. Penfield, Agt. ...	Cairo	Connecticut	5,000

CONSULS-GENERAL AND CONSULS, AGENTS AND CONSULAR AGENTS.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—			
Buenos Ayres.....	Edward L. Baker.....	Illinois.....	\$2,500
Cordoba.....	J. M. Thome.....		Fees
Rosario.....	Willis E. Baker.....	Illinois.....	Fees
AUSTRIA-HUNGARY—			
Budapest, Hungary.....	Edward P. T. Hammond	Maryland.....	Fees
Prague, Bohemia.....	C. B. Hurst.....	Washington, D. C. . .	3,000
Reichenberg, Bohemia.....	George R. Ernst.....	Wisconsin.....	2,500
Trieste, Austria.....	J. Edward Nettles.....	South Carolina.....	2,000
Vienna, Austria.....	Max Judd.....	Missouri.....	3,500
BELGIUM—			
Antwerp.....	Harvey Johnson.....	Georgia.....	3,000
Brussels.....	George W. Roosevelt....	Pennsylvania.....	2,500
Ghent.....	Henry C. Morris.....	Illinois.....	1,000
Liege.....	H. W. Gilbert.....	New York.....	1,500
BOLIVIA—			
La Paz.....	Gerard Zalles.....	Bolivia.....	Fees
BRAZIL—			
Bahia.....	Richard P. McDaniel....	Florida.....	2,000
Para.....	George G. Mathews, Jr..	Florida.....	2,000
Pernambuco.....	John Malcolm Johnstone	South Carolina.....	2,000
Rio Grande do Sul.....	J. M. Garcia.....		Fees
Rio de Janeiro.....	William T. Townes.....	Virginia.....	5,000
Santos.....	Henry C. Smith.....	Alabama.....	1,500
CHILE—			
Antofagasta.....	Charles C. Greene.....	Rhode Island.....	Fees
Arica.....	David Simpson.....	Chile.....	Fees
Coquimbo.....			Fees
Iquique.....	Joseph W. Merriam.....	Massachusetts.....	Fees
Valparaiso.....	James M. Dobbs.....	Georgia.....	3,000
CHINA—			
Amoy.....	Delaware Kemper.....	Virginia.....	3,500
Canton.....	Charles Seymour.....	Wisconsin.....	3,500
Chefoo.....	John Fowler.....	Massachusetts.....	2,500
Chin Kiang.....	Alexander C. Jones.....	Minnesota.....	3,000
Fuchau.....	J. Courtney Hixon.....	Alabama.....	3,000
Hankow.....	Jacob T. Child.....	Missouri.....	3,000
Niuchwang.....	J. J. F. Bandinel.....		Fees
Shanghai.....	Thomas R. Jernigan.....	North Carolina.....	5,000
Tien-Tsin.....	Sheridan P. Read.....	New York.....	3,500
COLOMBIA—			
Barranquilla.....	John Bidlake.....	North Dakota.....	2,000
Bogota.....	Jacob Sleeper.....	Massachusetts.....	2,000
Cartagena.....	Clifford Smyth.....	New York.....	Fees
Colon (Aspinwall).....	Josiah L. Percy.....	Tennessee.....	3,000
Medellin.....	Thomas Herran.....	Colombia.....	Fees
Panama.....	Victor Vifquain.....	Nebraska.....	4,000
COSTA RICA—			
San Jose.....	Harrison R. Williams....	Missouri.....	2,000
DENMARK AND DOMINIONS—			
Copenhagen.....	Robert J. Kirk.....	South Carolina.....	1,500
St. Thomas, W. I.....	James H. Stewart.....	New York.....	2,500
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC—			
Puerto Plata.....	Thomas Simpson.....	Rhode Island.....	Fees
Samana.....	Jean M. Villian.....	Santo Domingo.....	Fees
Santo Domingo.....	Archibald H. Grimke....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
ECUADOR—			
Guayaquil.....	George G. Dillard.....	Mississippi.....	3,000
FRANCE AND DOMINIONS—			
Algiers, Africa.....	Charles T. Grellet.....	California.....	Fees

CONSULS-GENERALS, CONSULS, ETC.—Continued.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
FRANCE AND DOMINIONS—Con			
Bordeaux.....	John M. Wiley.....	New York.....	\$3,000
Calais.....	Charles W. Shepard.....	Massachusetts.....	Fees
Cayenne, Guiana.....	Leon Wacogne.....	Guiana.....	Fees
Cognac.....	F. Fitz Gerald.....	Connecticut.....	1,500
Goree-Dakar, Africa.....	Peter Strickland.....	Massachusetts.....	Fees
Grenoble.....	S. H. Keedy.....	New York.....	Fees
Guadeloupe Island, W. I.....	Jacob E. Dart.....	Georgia.....	1,500
Havre.....	C. W. Chancellor.....	Maryland.....	3,500
Limoges.....	Walter T. Griffin.....	New York.....	Fees
Lyons.....	Frank E. Hyde.....	Connecticut.....	2,500
Marseilles.....	Claude M. Thomas.....	Kentucky.....	2,500
Martinique, W. I.....	Julius G. Tucker.....	Texas.....	1,500
Nantes.....	C. J. Dietrich.....	Maryland.....	1,000
Nice.....	Wilburn B. Hall.....	Maryland.....	1,500
Noumea, New Caledonia.....	L. Le Mescam.....	North Carolina.....	Fees
Paris.....	Samuel E. Morss.....	Indiana.....	5,000
Rheims.....	Henry P. du Bellet.....	Texas.....	2,000
Roubaix.....	Stephen H. Angell.....	District of Columbia.....	2,000
Rouen.....	H. R. Bigelow.....	Pennsylvania.....	Fees
Saigon, Cochinchina.....	Edward Schneegans.....	Saigon.....	Fees
St. Bartholomew, W. I.....	R. Burton Dinzey.....	Pennsylvania.....	Fees
St. Etienne.....	Charles W. Wiley, Jr.....	Delaware.....	2,000
St. Pierre, Miquelon.....	George J. Steer.....	.....	Fees
Tahiti, Society Islands.....	Jacob L. Doty.....	New York.....	1,000
Tamatave, Madagascar.....	E. T. Wetter.....	Georgia.....	2,000
Tunis, Africa.....	Alfred Chapelle.....	Tunis.....	Fees
GERMANY—			
Aix-la-Chapelle.....	William C. Emmet.....	New York.....	2,500
Annaberg.....	Theodore M. Stephan.....	Illinois.....	2,500
Bamberg.....	Louis Stern.....	Minnesota.....	Fees
Barmen.....	Henry F. Merritt.....	Illinois.....	3,000
Berlin.....	Charles de Kay.....	New York.....	4,000
Bremen.....	George Keenan.....	Wisconsin.....	2,500
Breslau.....	Frederick Opp.....	Texas.....	1,500
Brunswick.....	Edward W. S. Tingle.....	Montana.....	2,000
Chemnitz.....	James C. Monaghan.....	Rhode Island.....	2,500
Cologne.....	William D. Wamer.....	South Carolina.....	2,000
Crefeld.....	P. V. Deuster.....	Wisconsin.....	2,000
Dresden.....	William S. Carroll.....	Maryland.....	3,000
Dusseldorf.....	Peter Lieber.....	Indiana.....	2,000
Frankfort.....	Frank H. Mason.....	Ohio.....	3,000
Freiburg, Baden.....	Jacob H. Thieriot.....	New Jersey.....	Fees
Furth.....	Henry C. Carpenter.....	Delaware.....	2,000
Glauchau.....	George Sawter.....	Connecticut.....	Fees
Hamburg.....	William H. Robertson.....	District of Columbia.....	2,500
Hanover.....	Edward P. Crane.....	Pennsylvania.....	Fees
Kehl.....	Edward I. Prickett.....	Illinois.....	1,500
Leipsic.....	Otto Doederlein.....	Illinois.....	2,000
Magdeburg.....	Julius Muth.....	New York.....	2,000
Mannheim.....	Max Goldfinger.....	New York.....	1,500
Mayence.....	Perry Bartholow.....	Missouri.....	2,500
Munich.....	Ralph Steiner.....	Texas.....	1,500
Nuremberg.....	William J. Black.....	Delaware.....	3,000
Plauen.....	Thomas W. Peters.....	Wyoming.....	2,500
Sonneberg.....	Dwight J. Partello.....	District of Columbia.....	2,000
Stettin.....	F. W. Kickbusch.....	Wisconsin.....	1,000
Stuttgart.....	Alfred C. Johnson.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,500
Weimar.....	Thomas E. Moore.....	District of Columbia.....	Fees
GREAT BRITAIN AND DOMINIONS—			
Aden, Arabia.....	W. W. Masterson.....	Kentucky.....	Fees
Amherstburg, Canada.....	John Patton.....	Michigan.....	1,500
Antigua, W. I.....	G. B. Anderson.....	District of Columbia.....	1,500
Auckland, N. Z.....	John Darcy Connolly.....	California.....	2,000
Barbados, W. I.....	George T. Tate.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Bathurst, Africa.....	Henry Goddard.....	.....	Fees
Belfast, Ireland.....	James B. Taney.....	West Virginia.....	3,000
Belize, Honduras.....	A. E. Morlan.....	Louisiana.....	1,500
Bellefleur, Canada.....	Michael J. Hendrick.....	New York.....	Fees.

CONSULS-GENERAL, CONSULS, ETC. — Continued.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
GREAT BRITAIN AND DOMINIONS—Continued.			
Bermuda (Hamilton)	Marshall Hanger.....	Virginia	\$2,000
Birmingham, England	George F. Parker.....	New York	2,500
Bombay, India	Samuel Comfort.....	New York	Fees.
Bradford, England	Claude Meeker	Ohio	3,000
Bristol, England	Lorin A. Lathrop.....	California	1,500
Brockville, Canada	James A. Demarest.....	New Jersey	1,500
Calcutta, India	Van Leer Polk	Tennessee.....	5,000
Cape Town, Africa.....	F. W. Roberts	Maine.....	1,500
Cardiff, Wales.....	Anthony Howells.....	Ohio	2,000
Ceylon, India	William Morey.....	Maine.....	1,500
Charlottetown, P. E. I.	Dominic J. Kane.....	Maine.....	1,500
Chatham, Canada.....	Edwin F. Bishop.....	New York	2,000
Clifton, Canada.....	George W. Nichols.....	New York	1,500
Coaticook, Canada.....	Joel Linsley.....	Vermont	1,500
Collingwood, Canada.....	James C. Quiggle.....	Pennsylvania.....	Fees.
Cork (Queenstown)	Lucien J. Walker.....	Alabama.....	2,000
Demerara, Guiana.....	Andrew J. Patterson.....	Tennessee.....	3,000
Dublin, Ireland.....	Newton B. Ashby.....	Iowa	2,000
Dundee, Scotland.....	John M. Savage.....	New Jersey.....	2,500
Dunfermine, Scotland.....	James D. Reid.....	New York	2,000
Falmouth, England.....	Howard Fox	England	Fees.
Fort Erie, Canada.....	Ralph Johnson.....	New York	1,500
Gaspé Basin, Canada.....	Almar F. Dickson.....	Massachusetts.....	1,000
Gibraltar, Spain	Horatio J. Sprague.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Glasgow, Scotland.....	Allan B. Morse.....	Michigan	3,000
Goderich, Canada.....	Robert S. Chilton.....	District of Columbia	1,500
Guelph, Canada.....	Charles N. Daly.....	New Jersey.....	1,500
Halifax, N. S.	Darius H. Ingraham.....	Maine	3,500
Hamilton, Canada.....	Charles F. Macdonald.....	Massachusetts.....	2,000
Hobart, Tasmania.....	Alexander G. Webster.....	Tasmania.....	Fees.
Hong Kong, China.....	William E. Hunt.....	Mississippi.....	5,500
Huddersfield, England.....	Frank C. McGhee.....	Mississippi.....	2,500
Hull, England.....	R. L. Miller.....	Virginia	Fees.
Kingston, Jamaica.....	Quincy O. Eckford.....	Mississippi.....	3,000
Kingston, Canada.....	Marshall H. Twitchell.....	Louisiana.....	1,500
Leeds, England.....	Norfeet Harris.....	Alabama	2,000
Leith (Edinburgh).....	R. J. MacBride.....	Wisconsin	2,500
Liverpool, England.....	James E. Neal.....	Ohio	5,000
London, England.....	Patrick A. Collins.....	Massachusetts.....	5,000
London, Canada.....	William H. Jacks.....	Indiana.....	1,500
Malta (island).....	Daniel C. Kennedy.....	Missouri	1,500
Manchester, England.....	William F. Grinnell.....	New York	3,000
Melbourne, Australia.....	Daniel W. Maratta.....	North Dakota.....	4,500
Moncton, N. B.	James S. Benedict.....	New York	Fees.
Montreal, Canada.....	Wendell A. Anderson.....	Wisconsin	4,000
Morrisburgh, Canada.....	Albert Fowler.....	Maryland.....	1,500
Nassau.....	Thomas J. McLain.....	Ohio	2,000
Newcastle, England.....	William S. Campbell.....	New York	1,500
Newcastle, N. S. W.	W. C. Brown.....	Maryland.....	Fees.
Nottingham, England.....	Asa D. Dickinson.....	New York	2,500
Orillia, Canada.....	James M. Rosse.....	New York	Fees.
Ottawa, Canada.....	John B. Riley.....	New York	3,000
Palmerston, Canada.....	Loton S. Hunt.....	New York	Fees.
Pictou, N. S.	Mark P. Pendleton.....	Maine.....	1,500
Plymouth, England.....	Thomas W. Fox.....	England	Fees.
Port Antonio, Jamaica.....	J. Y. Walton.....	Mississippi.....	Fees.
Port Hope, Canada.....	Julian E. Gittings.....	Maryland.....	1,500
Port Louis, Mauritius.....	John P. Campbell.....	California	2,000
Port Rowan, Canada.....	George B. Kilmaster.....	Michigan	Fees.
Port Sarnia, Canada.....	Arthur M. Clark.....	Michigan	1,500
Port Stanley, F. I.	John H. Miller.....	Kentucky	1,500
Port Stanley and St. Thomas, Canada.....	George J. Willis.....	Georgia	2,000
Prescott, Canada.....	Joseph Whalen.....	New York	1,500
Quebec, Canada.....	Philip B. Spence.....	Kentucky	1,500
Sault Ste. Marie, Canada.....	Charles McCall.....	Michigan	Fees.
Sheffield, England.....	Bennington R. Bedle.....	New Jersey.....	2,500
Sherbrooke, Canada.....	James E. Jackson.....	New Hampshire.....	2,000
Sierra Leone, Africa.....	Robert P. Pooley.....	New York	1,000
Singapore, S. S.	E. Spencer Pratt.....	Alabama	3,000
Southampton, England.....	Warner S. Kinkead.....	Kentucky	2,500
St. Christopher, W. I. ....	.....	.....	Fees.

CONSULS-GENERAL, CONSULS, ETC—Continued.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
GREAT BRITAIN AND DOMINIONS—Continued.			
St. George's, Bermuda.....	James B. Coffin.....	Massachusetts.....	Fees.
St. Helena (island).....	Charles Laberge.....	New York.....	\$1,500
St. Hyacinthe, Canada.....	John S. Derby.....	Maine.....	Fees.
St. John, N. B.....	John T. Barron.....	New York.....	2,000
St. John's, N. F.....	Thomas Keefe.....	Vermont.....	Fees
St. John's Canada.....	Edgar Whidden.....	Maine.....	1,500
St. Stephen, N. B.....	Daniel G. Furman.....	Vermont.....	1,500
Stanbridge, Canada.....	Luther M. Shaffer.....	West Virginia.....	Fees
Stratford, Canada.....	L. E. Brown.....	Wisconsin.....	1,500
Suva, Fiji.....	David C. Davies.....	Washington.....	Fees
Swansea, Wales.....	George W. Bell.....	Maine.....	2,000
Sydney, N. S. W.....	Francois X. Belleau.....	Illinois.....	1,500
Three Rivers, Canada.....	John W. Coppinger.....	Arizona.....	2,000
Toronto, Canada.....	William C. Foster.....	New York.....	Fees
Trinidad, W. I.....	Wendell C. Warner.....	Kentucky.....	2,500
Tunstall, England.....	William F. Peterson.....	North Carolina.....	Fees
Turk's Island, W. I.....	William P. Roberts.....	Michigan.....	1,500
Vancouver, B. C.....	Isaac G. Worden.....	District of Columbia.....	1,000
Victoria, B. C.....	Edward Young.....	Arkansas.....	1,500
Wallaceburgh, Canada.....	Matthew M. Duffie.....	New York.....	1,500
Windsor, N. S.....	Greenville James.....	New Hampshire.....	1,500
Windsor, Canada.....	Charles, A. O'Connor.....		
Winnipeg, Manitoba.....			
Woodstock, N. B.....			
Yarmouth N. S.....			
GREECE—Athens.....			
Patras.....	Ebon Alexander.....	North Carolina.....	6,500
	R. L. Jenkins.....	North Carolina.....	Fees
GUATEMALA—Guatemala.....			
	D. Lynch Pringle.....	New York.....	2,000
HAITI—Cape Haitien.....			
Port-au-Prince.....	Henry M. Smythe.....	Virginia.....	1,000
			5,000
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—			
Honolulu.....	Ellis Mills.....	Virginia.....	4,000
HONDURAS—Ruatán.....			
Tegucigalpa.....	J. E. Jarnigan.....	South Carolina.....	1,000
Utilla.....	William M. Little.....	North Carolina.....	2,000
	J. E. Jarnigan.....	South Carolina.....	1,000
ITALY—			
Castellamare di Stabia.....	Henry G. Huntington.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Catania.....	Louis H. Bruhl.....	Texas.....	1,500
Florence.....	Charles B. Davis.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,500
Genoa.....	James Fletcher.....	Iowa.....	1,500
Leghorn.....	Alexander S. Rosenthal.....	New York.....	1,500
Messina.....	Charles M. Caughy.....	Maryland.....	1,500
Milan.....	D. B. Spagnola.....	California.....	1,500
Naples.....	Frank A. Dean.....	Michigan.....	1,500
Palermo.....	William H. Seymour.....	Alabama.....	2,000
Rome.....	Wallace S. Jones.....	Florida.....	3,000
Turin.....	William E. Mantius.....	New York.....	1,000
Venice.....	Henry A. Johnson.....	District of Columbia.....	1,000
JAPAN—Kanagawa.....			
Nagasaki.....	Nicholas W. McIvor.....	Iowa.....	4,000
Osaka and Hiogo (Kobe).....	W. H. Abercrombie.....	New Jersey.....	3,000
	J. F. Connelly.....	New Jersey.....	3,000
KOREA—Seoul.....			
	John M. B. Sill.....	Michigan.....	7,500
LIBERIA—Monrovia.....			
	W. H. Heard.....	Pennsylvania.....	4,000
MASKAT—Maskat.....			
			Fees
MEXICO—Acapulco.....			
Chihuahua.....	Edgar Battle.....	Texas.....	2,000
Durango.....	Richard M. Burke.....	Illinois.....	Fees
Ensenada.....	G. E. Kedzie.....	Colorado.....	Fees
La Paz.....			Fees
Matamoros.....			Fees
			1,500

CONSULS-GENERAL, CONSULS, ETC.—Continued.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
MEXICO—Continued.			
Mazatlan.....	Arthur de Cima.....	California.....	Fees
Merida.....	R. L. Oliver.....	Georgia.....	1,500
Mexico.....	Thomas T. Crittenden..	Missouri.....	4,000
Nogales.....	R. H. Long.....	Alabama.....	1,500
Nuevo Laredo.....	Joseph G. Donnelly.....	Wisconsin.....	2,500
Paso del Norte.....	Louis M. Buford.....	Illinois.....	2,500
Piedras Negras.....			2,000
Saltillo.....	John Woessner.....	Texas.....	Fees
Tampico.....	John Maguire.....	Alabama.....	2,000
Tuxpan.....	John Drayton.....	South Carolina.....	Fees
Vera Cruz.....	Charles Schaefer.....	Kansas.....	3,000
MOROCCO—Tangier.....	D. N. Burke.....	New York.....	2,000
NETHERLANDS AND DOMINIONS—			
Amsterdam.....	Edward Downes.....	Connecticut.....	1,500
Batavia, Java.....	Bradstreet S. Raiden..	Maine.....	1,000
Curacao, W. I.....	Jervis Spencer.....	Maryland.....	Fees
Padang, Sumatra.....	Clemens Boon.....	Padang.....	Fees
Paramaribo, Guiana.....	Eli Van Praag.....		Fees
Rotterdam.....	Lars S. Reque.....	Iowa.....	2,000
St. Martin, W. I.....	D. C. Van Romondt..	St. Martin.....	Fees
NICARAGUA—Managua.....	Paul Wiesike.....	Texas.....	2,000
San Juan del Norte.....	T. O'Hara.....	Michigan.....	2,000
PARAGUAY—Asuncion.....	S. W. Thome.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,500
PERSIA—Teheran.....	Alexander McDonald.....	Virginia.....	5,000
PERU—Callao.....	Leon Jastremski.....	Louisiana.....	3,500
PORTUGAL AND DOMINIONS—			
Fayal, Azores.....	Collin C. Manning.....	South Carolina.....	1,500
Funchal, Madeira.....	Thomas C. Jones.....	Kentucky.....	1,500
Lisbon.....	John B. Wilbor.....	New York.....	
Mozambique, Africa.....	W. Stanley Hollis.....	Massachusetts.....	1,000
Santiago, C. Verde Islds.....	E. Beaumont.....		Fees
ROUMANIA—Bucharest.....	Eben Alexander.....	North Carolina.....	6,500
RUSSIA—			
Batoum.....	James C. Chambers.....	New York.....	Fees
Helsingfors.....			Fees
Moscow.....	Adolph Billhardt.....	Ohio.....	Fees
Odessa.....	Thomas E. Heenan.....	Minnesota.....	2,000
Riga.....	Neils P. A. Bornholdt..	Denmark.....	Fees
St. Petersburg.....	John Karel.....	Illinois.....	3,000
Warsaw.....	Joseph Rawie.....	Russia.....	Fees
SALVADOR—San Salvador.....	Otto Munchmeyer.....	West Virginia.....	2,000
SAMOA—Apia.....	William Churchill.....	New York.....	3,000
SERVIA—Belgrade.....	Eben Alexander.....	North Carolina.....	6,500
SIAM—Bangkok.....	John Barrett.....	Oregon.....	5,000
SPAIN AND DOMINIONS—			
Alicante.....			Fees
Baracoa, Cuba.....	Alfredo T. Triay.....	Florida.....	2,000
Barcelona.....	Herbert W. Bowen.....	New York.....	1,500
Cadiz.....	Charles L. Adams.....	Virginia.....	1,500
Cardenas, Cuba.....	Joseph L. Hance.....	New York.....	1,500
Carthagena.....	Cirilo Molino.....	Spain.....	Fees
Cienfuegos, Cuba.....	Owen McGarr.....	Tennessee.....	2,500
Corunna.....	J. Harmony.....	New York.....	Fees
Denia.....	Andrew F. Fay.....	Illinois.....	1,500
Garrucha.....	Jose Garcia Suesa.....	Spain.....	Fees
Havana, Cuba.....	Fitzhugh Lee.....	Virginia.....	6,000
Madrid.....	Ignacio F. Hernandez.....		Fees
Malaga.....	R. M. Burtleman.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Manila, Philippines.....	Isaac M. Elliott.....	New York.....	2,000
Matanzas, Cuba.....	Alexander C. Brice.....	Iowa.....	3,000

CONSUL-GENERALS, CONSULS, ETC.—Continued.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
SPAIN AND DOMINIONS—Con.			
Nuevitas			Fees
Sagua la Grande, Cuba.....	Walter B. Barker.....	Mississippi	2,000
San Juan, P. R.	John D. Hall	Connecticut	2,000
San Juan de los Remedios, Cuba	James H. Springer		Fees
Santiago de Cuba	Pulaski F. Hyatt	Pennsylvania	2,500
Teneriffe, Canary Islands ..			Fees
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Ber-			
gen, Norway	E. A. Man.....	Florida	Fees
Christiana, Norway	Gerhard Gade	Norway	1,000
Gothenburg, Sweden	Otto H. Boyesen.....	North Dakota.....	1,500
Stockholm, Sweden	Thomas E. O'Neil	New York.....	1,500
SWITZERLAND—Basle			
Berne	George Gifford.....	Maine	3,000
Geneva	J. E. Hinnen.....	Switzerland.....	Fees
Horgen	Benjamin H. Ridgley.....	Kentucky	1,500
St. Gall	E. Watts.....	Pennsylvania	2,000
Zurich	Irving B. Richman	Iowa	3,000
	Eugene Germain.....	California	2,000
TURKEY AND DOMINIONS—			
Bagdad			Fees
Beirut Syria.....	Thomas R. Gibson	Georgia	2,000
Cairo, Egypt.....	Frederic C. Penfield.....	Connecticut.....	5,000
Constantinople	Luther Short.....	Indiana	3,000
Erzeroum, Armenia	L. A. Bergholz.....	New York.....	2,000
Harpoot, Armenia.....			1,500
Jerusalem, Syria.....	Edwin S. Wallace	South Dakota.....	2,500
Sivas	Milo A. Jewett.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Smyrna	James H. Madden.....	Illinois.....	2,500
URUGUAY—Colonia			
Montevideo	Benjamin D. Manton....	Rhode Island.....	Fees
Paysandu	Edgar Schramm.....	Texas	3,000
	John G. Hufnagel.....	Maryland	Fees
VENEZUELA—La Guayra.....			
Maracaibo	F. D. Hill.....	Minnesota	1,500
Puerto Cabello	Samuel Proskauer.....	Virginia	2,000
			1,500
ZANZIBAR—Zanzibar			
	R. D. Mohun.....	District of Columbia	Fees

FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.

Countries.	Rulers.	Titles.	Pop.	Area.
Abyssinia....	Menelik II....	Emperor	3,000,000	150,000
Afghanistan....	Abdur Khan....	Ameer	4,000,000	300,000
Argentina....	Senor Uriburu....	President	4,083,492	1,125,086
Austria-Hungary	Franz Josef I....	Emperor	41,231,342	249,942
Beloochistan....	Mr Muhammad....	Khan	500,000	130,000
Belgium....	Leopold II....	King	6,262,272	11,873
Bokhara....	Sayid Abdul Ahad....	Ameer	2,500,000	92,000
Bolivia....	Senor Alonzo....	President	2,019,549	567,360
Brazil....	Prudentide M.Barros	President	9,930,470	3,209,878
Bulgaria....	Ferdinand....	Duke	3,303,816	24,360
Chile....	Frod. Errazaris....	President	2,915,332	293,970
China....	Tsai T'ien....	Emperor	386,853,029	1,327,308
Colombia....	M. A. Caro....	President	3,878,600	504,773
Congo Free State	Leopold....	Sovereign	14,000,000	900,000
Costa Rica....	Rafael Iglesias....	President	243,205	23,000
Dahomey....	Guthili....	King	250,000	4,000
Denmark....	Christian IX....	King	2,185,335	15,289
Ecuador....	Gen. Alfaro....	President	1,270,000	12,000
Egypt....	Abbas Hilmi....	Khedive	6,817,265	10,698
France....	M. Felix Faure....	President	38,343,192	204,092
Germany....	Wilhelm II....	Emperor	49,428,470	208,670
Prussia....	Wilhelm II....	King	29,955,281	134,537
Bavaria....	Otto....	King	5,594,982	29,282
Saxony....	Albert....	King	3,502,684	5,787
Wurtemberg....	Wilhelm II....	King	1,695,185	7,523
Baden....	Frederick I....	Grand Duke	1,057,867	5,822
Hesse....	Ludwig....	Grand Duke	992,883	2,966
Lippe....	Alexander....	Prince	123,495	469
Anhalt....	Frederick....	Duke	271,963	906
Brunswick....	Albrecht....	Regent	403,773	1,424
Meckl'n'b'g-Schwerin	Franz III....	Grand Duke	578,342	5,135
Mecklenburg-Strelitz	Wilhelm I....	Grand Duke	97,978	1,131
Oldenburg....	Peter I....	Grand Duke	354,963	2,479
Saxe-Altenburg....	Ernst....	Duke	170,864	511
Saxe-Coburg-Gotha....	Alfred....	Duke	208,513	757
Saxe-Meiningen....	George II....	Duke	223,832	953
Saxe-Weimar....	Karl Alexander....	Grand Duke	326,091	1,368
Reuss....	Heinrich XXII....	Prince	62,754	120
Waldeck....	Friedrich....	Prince	57,281	433
Gt. Britain and Ireland	Victoria....	Queen	38,104,975	120,979
Greece....	Georgios I....	King	2,187,208	25,041
Guatemala....	J. M. R. Barrios....	President	1,460,017	46,000
Hawaii....	S. B. Dole....	President	89,990	6,640
Haiti....	T. A. S. Sam....	President	960,000	10,204
Honduras....	P. Bonilla....	President	369,048	43,000
India (British)....	Victoria....	Empress	221,172,552	964,993
Italy....	Umberto I....	King	28,459,628	110,623
Japan....	Mutsu Hito....	Mikado	40,435,461	147,655
Khiva....	Syed Meh'm'd Rahim	Khan	700,000	22,320
Korea....	Li-Hi....	Monarch	10,528,937	82,000
Liberia....	J. J. Cheeseman....	President	1,068,000	14,360
Luxemburg....	Adolph....	Duke	211,088	998
Madagascar....	Ranavalona....	Queen	3,500,000	228,500
Mexico....	Porfirio Diaz....	President	12,056,046	767,005
Montenegro....	Nicholas I....	Prince	220,000	3,630
Morocco....	Mulai Abdul Aziz....	Sultan	5,000,000	219,000
Nepal....	Jang....	Sovereign	2,000,000	54,000
Netherlands....	Wilhelmina....	Queen	4,732,911	12,648
Nicaragua....	S. Zelaya....	President	282,845	49,500
Oman....	Soyyid Feysal....	Sultan	1,500,000	82,000
Orange Free State....	Steyn....	President	207,503	48,326
Paraguay....	Gen. Eguisquiza....	President	480,000	98,000
Persia....	Muzaffer-ed-Din....	Shah	9,000,000	628,000
Peru....	N. de Pierola....	President	2,621,844	463,747
Portugal....	Carlos I....	King	4,708,178	34,038
Roumania....	Carol I....	King	5,800,000	48,307
Russia....	Nicholas II....	Czar	118,014,187	8,680,282
Salvador....	R. A. Gutierrez....	President	651,130	7,225
Samoa....	Malietoa....	King	34,000	1,701
Santo Domingo....	U. Heureaux....	President	610,000	18,045
Servia....	Alexander I....	King	2,256,084	39,050
Siam....	Chulalongkorn I....	King	8,000,000	200,000
South African Republic	S. J. P. Kruger....	President	409,276	119,139
Spain....	Alfonso XIII....	King	17,565,632	197,670
Sweden and Norway....	Oscar II....	King	6,825,067	297,321
Switzerland....	A. Lachenal....	President	2,917,754	15,976
Tunis....	Sidi Ali....	Bey	1,500,000	45,000
Turkey....	Abdul Hamid II....	Sultan	27,694,600	1,147,587
United States....	Grover Cleveland....	President	62,622,250	3,501,000
Uruguay....	I. Borda....	President	728,447	72,110
Venezuela....	Gen. Crespo....	President	2,323,527	593,943

STATE GOVERNMENTS.

ALABAMA--CAPITAL, MONTGOMERY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Jos. F. Johnston.....	Dec. 1, 1896	Dec. 1, 1898	\$3,000
Secretary of State.....	James K. Jackson....	Dec. 1, 1896	Dec. 1, 1898	1,800
Auditor.....	Walter S. White.....	Dec. 1, 1896	Dec. 1, 1898	1,800
Treasurer.....	Geo. W. Ellis.....	Dec. 1, 1896	Dec. 1, 1898	2,100
Attorney-General.....	William C. Fitts.....	Dec. 1, 1894	Dec. 1, 1898	2,250
Chief Justice.....	R. C. Brickell.....	Nov. 12, 1894	Nov. 12, 1898	3,600
Superintendent of Education	John O. Turner.....	Dec. 1, 1894	Dec. 1, 1896	2,250
Commissioner of Agriculture	J. F. Culver.....	Dec. 1, 1894	Dec. 1, 1896	2,000
Chancellor.....	Thos. Cobbs.....	Nov. 12, 1892	Nov. 12, 1898	2,500
Chancellor.....	J. R. Dowdell.....	Nov. 12, 1892	Nov. 12, 1898	2,500
Chancellor.....	J. N. Williams.....	Nov. 12, 1892	Nov. 12, 1898	2,500
Chancellor.....	W. H. Taylor.....	Nov. 12, 1892	Nov. 12, 1898	2,500

ALASKA--CAPITAL, SITKA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	James Sheakley.....	April, 1896	Aug., 1900	\$3,000
*Lieutenant Governor.....	Chas. D. Rogers.....	Feb. 14, 1894	Feb., 1898	2,500
United States District Judge	Arthur K. Delaney....	Jan. 15, 1896	Jan. 15, 1899	3,000

* Also Secretary of State.

ARIZONA--CAPITAL, PHOENIX.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor....	B. J. Franklin.....	1896.....	1900.....	\$2,600
Secretary of State.....	Chas. M. Bruce.....	1893.....	1897.....	1,800
Auditor.....	C. P. Leitch.....	1894.....	1896.....	1,000
Treasurer.....	T. E. Farish.....	1896.....	1898.....	1,000
Adjutant-General.....	Ed. Schwartz.....	1894.....	1896.....	.....
Chief Justice.....	A. C. Baker.....	1894.....	1898.....	3,000
Clerk Supreme Court.....	J. L. B. Alexander....	.....	.....	.....
Supt. Public Instruction....	G. E. Dalton.....	1896.....	1898.....	.....

Railroad Commissioners abolished.

ARKANSAS—CAPITAL, LITTLE ROCK.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Dan. W. Jones	Jan., 1897....	Jan. 1899	\$3,000
Secretary of State	Alex. C. Hull	Jan., 1897....	Jan. 1899	1,800
Auditor	Clay Sloan	Jan., 1897....	Jan. 1899	2,250
Treasurer	Ransom Gulley	Jan., 1897....	Jan. 1899	2,250
Attorney General	E. B. Kinsworthy....	Jan., 1897....	Jan. 1899	1,500
Commissioner State Lands..	J. F. Ritchie	Oct. 31, 1896.	Oct. 31, 1898.	1,600
Supt. Public Instruction ..	Junius Jordan	Oct. 31, 1896.	Oct. 31, 1898.	1,800
Commissioner of Agriculture	W. G. Vincenheller..	Oct. 31, 1896.	Oct. 31, 1898.	1,800
Chief Justice	H. G. Bunn	Oct. 31, 1896.	Oct. 31, 1902.	3,000

CALIFORNIA—CAPITAL, SACRAMENTO.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	James H. Budd	Jan. 6, 1895	Jan. 6, 1899	\$6,000
Lieutenant Governor	W. T. Jeter	Jan. 6, 1895	Jan. 6, 1899	\$10 day
Secretary of State	Lewis H. Brown	Jan. 6, 1895	Jan. 6, 1899	3,000
Comptroller	Edward P. Colgan	Jan. 6, 1895	Jan. 6, 1899	3,000
Treasurer	Levi Rackliffe	Jan. 6, 1895	Jan. 6, 1899	3,000
Attorney General	Wm. F. Fitzgerald	Jan. 6, 1895	Jan. 6, 1899	3,000
Surveyor General	Martin J. Wright	Jan. 6, 1895	Jan. 6, 1899	3,000
Insurance Commissioner....	M. R. Higgins	Duri'g pleas-	.....	3,000
Labor Commissioner	E. L. Fitzgerald	ure of gov.	.....	2,400
Supt. Public Instruction	Samuel T. Black	Jan. 6, 1895	Jan. 6, 1899	3,000
Chief Justice	W. H. Beatty	Jan. 6, 1891	Jan. 6, 1903	6,000
Clerk Supreme Court	Trowbridge H. Ward	Jan. 6, 1895	Jan. 6, 1899	3,000

COLORADO—CAPITAL, DENVER.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Alva Adams	Jan. 12, 1897	Jan., 1899..	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor	J. L. Brush	Jan. 12, 1897	Jan., 1899..	1,000
Secretary of State	Chas. H. S. Whipple	Jan. 12, 1897	Jan., 1899..	3,000
Treasurer	George W. Kephart	Jan. 12, 1897	Jan., 1899..	3,000
Auditor	John W. Lowell	Jan. 12, 1897	Jan., 1899..	6,000
Attorney-General	Byron L. Carr	Jan. 12, 1897	Jan., 1899..	2,500
Supt. Public Instruction	Grace E. Patton	Jan. 12, 1897	Jan., 1899..	3,000

CONNECTICUT—CAPITAL, HARTFORD.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Lorain A. Cook.....	Jan. 6, 1897	Jan., 1899....	\$1,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	James D. Dewell....	Jan. 6, 1897	Jan., 1899....	500
Secretary	Charles Phelps.....	Jan. 6, 1897	Jan., 1899....	1,500
Treasurer	Charles W. Grosvenor	Jan. 6, 1897	Jan., 1899....	1,500
Comptroller.....	Benjamin P. Mead..	Jan. 6, 1897	Jan., 1899....	1,500
Chief Justice.....	C. B. Andrews.....	1889	1897	*4,500

* \$500 for expenses.

DELAWARE—CAPITAL, DOVER.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Eve W. Tunnell.....	3 Tu. Jan. '97.	3 Tu. Jan. 1901	\$2,000
Secretary of State.....	William H. Boyce....	3 Tu. Jan. '97.	3 Tu. Jan. 1901	*1,000
Auditor	Benial L. Lewis....	Legislature	elects	1,200
Treasurer	Chas. H. Atkins.....	Legislature	elects	2,000
Attorney General	Robt. C. White.....	Nov. 20, 1895	Nov. 20, 1900.	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Chas B. Lose	Life .....	.....	3,000
Chancellor	John R. Nicholson...	Life .....	.....	3,000
Insurance Commissioner....	Peter K. Meredith...	.....	.....	1,400

* And fees.

FLORIDA—CAPITAL, TALLAHASSEE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Wm. D. Bloxham....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	\$3,500
Secretary of State.....	Jno. L. Crawford....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	1,500
Attorney General	Wm. B. Lamar.....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	2,000
State Treasurer.....	C. B. Collins.....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	2,000
Comptroller.....	Wm. H. Reynolds...	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction....	Wm. N. Sheats.....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	1,500
Commissioner of Agriculture	L. B. Wombwell.....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	1,500

Adjutant General, Patrick Houstoun, appointed by the governor for four years—salary is \$1,000.

GEORGIA—CAPITAL, ATLANTA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Wm. Y. Atkinson	Nov. 1, 1896	Nov. 1, 1898	\$3,000
Secretary of State	Allen D. Candler....	Nov. 1, 1896	Nov. 1, 1898	2,000
Comptroller-General.....	Wm. A. Wright.....	Nov. 1, 1896	Nov. 1, 1898	2,000
Treasurer	Wm. J. Speer.....	Nov. 1, 1896	Nov. 1, 1898	2,000
Attorney General	Jos. M. Terrell.....	Nov. 1, 1896	Nov. 1, 1898	2,000
Commissioner of Agriculture	Jas. T. Nesbit.....	Nov. 1, 1896	Nov. 1, 1898	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Thos. J. Simmons....	July 1, 1895	Nov. 1, 1898	3,000
Clerk Supreme Court	Z. D. Harrison.....	Dec. 1, 1892	Jan. 1, 1899	4,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	N. L. Trammell.....	Oct. 1, 1893	Oct. 1, 1899	2,500
Railroad Commissioner.....	Allen Fort.....	Oct. 1, 1891	Oct. 1, 1897	2,500
Railroad Commissioner.....	Thos. C. Crenshaw..	Oct. 1, 1895	Oct. 1, 1901	2,500

IDAHO—CAPITAL, BOISE CITY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Frank Stuenberg....	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1899...	\$3,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	George F. Moore.....	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1899...	*
Secretary of State.....	Geo. J. Lewis.....	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1899...	1,800
State Treasurer.....	Geo. H. Storer.....	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1899...	1,000
State Auditor.....	Jas. H. Anderson....	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1899...	1,800
Attorney-General.....	Robt. E. McFarland..	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1899...	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Louis N. B. Anderson	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1899...	1,500
Chief Justice.....	I. M. Sullivan.....	Jan., 1893...	Jan., 1899...	3,000

*\$7.50 per diem during session of legislature.

ILLINOIS—CAPITAL, SPRINGFIELD.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	John R. Tanner	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan., 1901...	\$6,000
Lieutenant Governor	Wm. A. Northcott....	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan., 1901...	1,000
Secretary of State.....	James A. Rose.....	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan., 1901...	3,500
Auditor.....	James S. McCullough	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan., 1901...	3,500
Treasurer	Henry L. Hertz.....	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan., 1901...	3,500
Adjutant General .....	.....	Appointed.	.....	.....
Sup. Public Instruction.....	S. M. Inglis.....	Jan. 9, 1895	Jan., 1899...	3,500
Insurance Commissioner .....	.....	Appointed.	.....	.....
Railroad Commissioner .....	.....	Appointed.	.....	3,500
Railroad Commissioner .....	.....	Appointed.	.....	3,500
Railroad Commissioner .....	.....	Appointed.	.....	3,500

INDIANA—CAPITAL, INDIANAPOLIS.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends	Salary.
Governor.....	James A. Mount.....	Jan. 9, 1897.	Jan. 9, 1901.	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	William S. Haggard.....	Jan. 9, 1897.	Jan. 9, 1901.	1,000
Secretary of State.....	W. D. Owen.....	Jan. 17, 1897.	Jan. 17, 1899.	6,500
Attorney General.....	W. A. Ketcham.....	Nov. 22, 1896.	Nov. 21, 1898.	7,500
Auditor.....	A. C. Daily.....	Jan. 26, 1897.	Jan. 25, 1899.	7,500
Treasurer.....	F. J. Scholz.....	Feb. 9, 1897.	Feb. 8, 1899.	6,500
Chief Justice.....	James McCabe.....	Jan. 1, 1893.	Jan. 1, 1899.	4,500
Supreme Court Clerk.....	Alexander Hess.....	Nov. 22, 1894.	Nov. 21, 1898.	4,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	D. M. Geeting.....	Mar. 15, 1897.	Mar. 15, 1899.	2,560
State Geologist.....	W. S. Blachley.....	Oct. 19, 1894.	Oct. 18, 1898.	2,500

INDIAN TERRITORY—CAPITAL, TAHLEQUAH.

Office.	Name.	Term ends.	Salary.
Principal Chief.....	S. H. Mayer.....	Nov., 1899....	\$1,500
Assistant Chief.....	Wash Swimmer.....	Nov., 1899....	1,000
Executive Secretary.....	C. J. Harris.....	Nov., 1899....	1,000
Auditor.....	J. C. Dannenberg.....	Nov., 1897....	500
Treasurer.....	D. W. Lipe.....	Nov., 1899....	1,000
Chief Justice.....	C. L. Lynch.....	Nov., 1898....	600
Supreme Court Clerk.....	Arch. Spears.....	Nov., 1898....	400

IOWA—CAPITAL, DES MOINES.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	F. M. Drake.....	Jan., 1896...	Jan., 1898...	\$3,600
Secretary of State.....	Geo. L. Dobson.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,200
Auditor.....	C. G. McCarthy.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,200
Treasurer.....	John Herriott.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,200
Chief Justice.....	L. G. Kinne.....	Jan., 1898...	.....	4,000
Attorney General.....	Milton Remley.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	1,500
Clerk Supreme Court.....	C. T. Jones.....	Jan., 1895...	Jan., 1899...	2,200
Reporter Supreme Court.....	B. O. Salinger.....	Jan., 1895...	Jan., 1899...	2,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	C. L. Davidson.....	Jan., 1895...	Jan., 1898...	3,000

KANSAS—CAPITAL, TOPEKA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	John W. Leedy.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	\$3,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	A. M. Harvey.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	\$6 day
Secretary of State.....	W. E. Bush.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,500
Auditor.....	W. H. Morris.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,500
Treasurer.....	D. H. Heffelbower..	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,500
Attorney General.....	L. C. Boyle.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,500
Chief Justice.....	Frank Doster.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1903...	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction....	William Stryker.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,500

KENTUCKY—CAPITAL, LEXINGTON.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	William O. Bradley.	Dec. 10, 1895	Dec. 10, 1899	\$3,500
Lieutenant Governor.....	W. J. Worthington..	Dec. 10, 1895	Jan. 10, 1900	*.....
Secretary of State.....	Charles Finley.....	Dec. 10, 1895	Jan. 10, 1900	3,000
Attorney General.....	W. S. Taylor.....	Dec. 10, 1895	Jan. 10, 1900	4,000
Auditor.....	Samuel H. Store....	Dec. 10, 1895	Jan. 10, 1900	3,400
Treasurer.....	Geo. W. Long.....	Dec. 10, 1895	Jan. 10, 1900	3,600
Supt. Public Instruction....	Geo. M. Davidson...	Dec. 10, 1895	Jan. 10, 1900	2,500
Register of Land Office....	Chas. O. Reynolds...	Dec. 10, 1895	Jan. 10, 1900	2,000

*\$10 per day during session of Legislature, or while acting.

LOUISIANA—CAPITAL, BATON ROUGE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Murphy J. Foster...	May 18, 1896	May, 1900....	\$4,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Robert H. Snyder...	May 18, 1896	May, 1900....	\$5 day
Secretary of State.....	John T. Michel.....	June 1, 1896	May, 1900....	1,800
Asst. Sec. of State and Com'r of Insurance.....	J. J. McCann.....	May, 1896....	May, 1900....	*1,800
Auditor.....	W. W. Heard.....	May, 1896....	May, 1900....	2,500
State Treasurer.....	Alex. V. Fournet....	May, 1896....	May, 1900....	2,000
Attorney General.....	M. J. Cunningham...	May, 1896....	May, 1900....	3,500
Adjutant General.....	Allen Jumel.....	May, 1896....	May, 1900....	2,000
Commissioner of Agriculture	J. G. Lee.....	May, 1896....	May, 1900....	2,500
Register State Land Office..	John S. Lanier.....	May, 1896....	May, 1900....	1,500
Chief Justice.....	F. T. Nichols.....	May 27, 1892	May, 1904....	5,000

* And fees.

MAINE—CAPITAL, AUGUSTA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Llewellyn Powers ...	Jan. 2, 1897	Jan. 1, 1899	\$2,000
Secretary of State	Byron Boyd	Jan. 2, 1897	Jan. 1, 1899	1,500
State Treasurer	F. M. Simpson	Jan. 2, 1897	Jan. 1, 1899	2,000
Attorney General	Fred A. Powers	Jan. 2, 1895	Jan. 1, 1897	1,000
Adjutant General	Selden Connor	Jan. 2, 1897	Jan. 1, 1899	1,500
Chief Justice	John A. Peters	Sep. 19, 1890	Sept. 19, 1897	3,500
Railroad Commissioner	Joseph B. Peaks	May 28, 1895	May 28, 1898	2,500
Railroad Commissioner	B. F. Chadbourne ...	Sep. 23, 1895	Sept. 23, 1898	2,000

MARYLAND—CAPITAL, BALTIMORE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Terms ends.	Salary.
Governor	Lloyd Lowndes	Jan., 1896...	Jan. 1900....	\$4,500
Secretary of State	Richard Dallam	Jan., 1896...	Jan. 1900....	2,000
Treasurer	Thos. J. Shryask	Feb., 1896...	Feb. 1898....	2,500
Adjutant General	J. Allison Wilmer ...	.....	.....	.....
Comptroller	James P. Graham	Jan., 1896...	Jan. 1900....	2,500
Attorney General	Harry M. Claybaugh ..	Jan., 1896...	Jan. 1900....	2,000
Chief Justice	James McSherry .....	.....	1902.....	4,500
Supt. Public Instruction	Rev. E. B. Prettyman ..	.....	.....	.....
State Tax Commissioner	Thos J. Keating .....	.....	.....	.....
Insurance Commissioner	F. Albert Kurtz	Mar., 1896...	Mar. 1900....	2,500

MASSACHUSETTS—CAPITAL, BOSTON.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Roger Wolcott	Jan. 6, 1897	Jan. 5, 1898	\$8,000
Lieutenant Governor	W. Murray Crane	Jan. 6, 1897	Jan. 5, 1898	2,000
Secretary	William M. Olin	Jan. 20, 1897	Jan. 19, 1898	3,500
Treasurer	E. P. Shaw	Jan. 20, 1897	Jan. 19, 1898	5,000
Auditor	John W. Kimball	Jan. 20, 1897	Jan. 19, 1898	3,500
Attorney General	Hosea M. Knowlton	Jan. 20, 1897	Jan. 19, 1898	5,000

MICHIGAN—CAPITAL, LANSING.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Hazen S. Pingree....	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1899	\$4,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Thomas B. Deunstan..	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1899	*
Secretary of State.....	Washington Gardner	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1899	800
State Treasurer.....	George A. Steel.....	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1899	1,000
Auditor General.....	Roscoe D. Dix.....	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1899	3,000
Attorney General.....	Fred. A. Maynard....	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1899	800
Com. of State Land Office...	William A. French...	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1899	800
Supt. Public Instruction...	Jason E. Hammond...	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1899	1,000
Member Board of Education	James W. Simons...	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1902	Exp.

* \$3.00 per day during legislative session.

MINNESOTA—CAPITAL, ST. PAUL.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	David M. Clough....	Jan. 7, 1897	Jan., 1899...	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	John L. Gibbs.....	Jan. 7, 1897	Jan., 1899...	\$10 day.
Secretary of State.....	Albert Berg.....	Jan. 7, 1897	Jan., 1899...	3,500
Auditor.....	Robert C. Dunn....	Jan. 7, 1895	Jan., 1899...	3,600
Treasurer.....	August T. Koerner..	Jan. 7, 1897	Jan., 1899...	3,500
Attorney General.....	H. W. Childs.....	Jan. 7, 1897	Jan., 1899...	3,500
Clerk Supreme Court.....	D. F. Reese.....	Jan. 7, 1895	Jan., 1899...	*1,500
Chief Justice.....	Chas. M. Start.....	Jan. 7, 1895	Jan., 1901...	5,000

* And fees.

MISSISSIPPI—CAPITAL, JACKSON.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	A. J. McLaurin.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	\$3,500
Lieutenant Governor.....	J. H. Jones.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	...
Secretary of State.....	J. L. Power.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	2,000
Auditor.....	W. D. Holder.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	2,500
Treasurer.....	A. Q. May.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	2,500
Adjutant General.....	Wm. Henry.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	250
Chief Justice.....	T. H. Woods.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	3,500
Supreme Court Clerk.....	E. W. Brown.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	Perq.
Superintendent of Education	A. A. Kincannon....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	2,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	J. J. Evans.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	2,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	M. M. Evans.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	2,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	J. D. McInnis.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	2,000

* \$5.00 a day during session of legislature.

MISSOURI—CAPITAL, JEFFERSON CITY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Lon. V. Stephens ...	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan. 11, 1901	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	August H. Bolte.....	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan. 11, 1901	1,000
Secretary of State.....	A. A. Lesuer.....	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan. 11, 1901	3,000
Auditor.....	J. M. Seibert.....	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan. 11, 1901	3,000
Treasurer.....	Frank L. Pitts.....	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan. 11, 1901	3,000
Attorney General.....	Edward C. Crow.....	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan. 11, 1901	3,000
Clerk of Supreme Court.....	John Green.....	1892.....	Jan., 1898...	3,000
Railway and Warehouse Commissioner.....	T. J. Hennessey.....	Jan., 1897 ...	Jan., 1903 ...	3,000
Supt. Public Schools.....	John R. Kirk.....	Jan., 1895 ...	Jan., 1899 ...	3,000
Judge Supreme Court.....	Theodore Brace.....	Jan., 1897 ...	Jan., 1907 ...	4,500

MONTANA—CAPITAL, HELENA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	R. B. Smith.....	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1901....	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	E. A. Spriggs.....	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1901....	*.....
Secretary of State.....	T. S. Hogan.....	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1901....	3,000
Auditor and ex-officio Insur- ance Commissioner.....	T. W. Poindexter, Jr.	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1901....	3,000
Treasurer.....	T. E. Collins.....	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1901....	3,000
Attorney General.....	C. B. Nolan.....	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1901....	3,000
Chief Justice.....	W. Y. Pemberton.....	Jan., 1893...	Jan., 1899...	4,000
Clerk Supreme Court.....	Bon Webster.....	Jan., 1893...	Jan., 1899...	2,500
Supt. Public Instruction....	E. A. Carleton.....	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1901....	2,500

*\$10.00 per day during session of legislature.

NEBRASKA—CAPITAL, LINCOLN.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Silas A. Holcomb....	Jan. 7, 1897	Jan., 1899...	\$2,500
Lieutenant Governor.....	James E. Harris	Jan. 7, 1897	Jan., 1899...	\$10, day
Secretary of State.....	William F. Porter....	Jan. 7, 1897	Jan., 1899...	2,000
Auditor of Public Accounts.	John F. Cornell.....	Jan. 7, 1897	Jan., 1899...	2,500
Treasurer	John B. Meserve	Jan. 7, 1897	Jan., 1899...	2,500
Sup. Public Instruction....	William R. Jackson....	Jan. 7, 1897	Jan., 1899...	2,000
Attorney General.....	Constantine J. Smyth	Jan. 7, 1897	Jan., 1899...	2,000
Commissioner Public Lands and Buildings.....	Jacob V. Wolfe.....	Jan. 7, 1897	Jan., 1899...	2,000

NEVADA—CAPITAL, CARSON CITY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	R. Sadler	Jan., 1895 ..	Jan., 1899 ..	\$4,000
Lieutenant Governor....	C. H. E. Hardin	Jan., 1895 ..	Jan., 1899 ..	2,400
Secretary of State	E. Howell.....	Jan., 1895 ..	Jan., 1899 ..	2,400
Attorney General	R. M. Beatty	Jan., 1895 ..	Jan., 1899 ..	2,400
Comptroller.....	C. A. La Grave	Jan., 1895 ..	Jan., 1899 ..	2,400
Treasurer	W. J. Westerfield	Jan., 1895 ..	Jan., 1899 ..	2,400
Surveyor General.....	A. C. Pratt	Jan., 1895 ..	Jan., 1899 ..	2,400

NEW HAMPSHIRE—CAPITAL, CONCORD.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	George A. Ramsdell.	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	\$2,000
Secretary of State.....	Legislature elects...	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	*\$800
Treasurer	Legislature elects...	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	1,800
Attorney General.....	E. C. Eastman.....	April, 1892...	April, 1897...	2,500
Chief Justice.....	Alonzo P. Carpenter.	April 1, 1896	.....	3,500

* And fees.

NEW JERSEY—CAPITAL, TRENTON.

Office.	Name.	Terms began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	John W. Griggs.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 16, 1899	\$10,000
Secretary of State.....	Henry C. Kelsey.....	Apr. 1, 1892	Apr. 1, 1897	6,000
Treasurer	George B. Swain.....	Apr. 2, 1894	Apr. 2, 1897	6,000
Comptroller.....	William S. Hancock.	Apr. 2, 1894	Apr. 2, 1897	6,000
Attorney General	John P. Stockton....	Apr. 5, 1892	Apr. 5, 1897	7,000
Clerk of Chancery	Lewis A. Thompson.	Mar. 30, 1896	Mar. 30, 1901	Fees
Clerk of Supreme Court....	Benjamin F. Lee.....	Nov. 2, 1892	Nov. 2, 1897	Fees
Supt. Public Instruction....	Charles T. Baxter....	Mar. 26, 1896	Mar. 26, 1899	3,000
Adjutant General.....	Wm. S. Stryker.....	.....	.....	1,200
Quartermaster General....	Richard A. Donnelly.	.....	.....	1,200
Insurance Commissioner....	George Wurts.....	Ad interim.	Ad interim.	4,000
Chief of Labor Bureau....	Chas. M. Simmerman.	Apr. 3, 1893	Apr. 3, 1898	2,500
Librarian	Morris R. Hamilton.	Jan. 29, 1894	Jan. 29, 1899	2,000
Chancellor	Alex. T. McGill.....	May 1, 1894	May 1, 1901	10,000
Chief Justice.....	Mercer Beasley.....	Mar. 8, 1892	Mar. 8, 1899	10,000

NEW MEXICO—CAPITAL, SANTA FE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	W. T. Thornton.....	Apr. 17, 1893	Apr. 17, 1897	\$2,600
Secretary of State.....	Lorion Miller.....	Sept. 9, 1893	Sept. 9, 1897	*1,800

*And fees.

†Other officers to be appointed by governor at next session of legisla-
ture.

NEW YORK—CAPITAL, ALBANY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Frank S. Black.....	Jan. 1, 1897	Dec. 31, 1898	\$10,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Timothy L. Woodruff.....	Jan. 1, 1897	Dec. 31, 1898	5,000
Secretary of State.....	John Palmer.....	Jan. 1, 1896	Dec. 31, 1898	5,000
Comptroller.....	Jas. A. Roberts.....	Jan. 1, 1896	Dec. 31, 1898	5,000
Attorney General.....	Theodore E. Hancock.....	Jan. 1, 1896	Dec. 31, 1898	5,000
Treasurer.....	Addison B. Colvin.....	Jan. 1, 1896	Dec. 31, 1898	5,000
State Engineer and Surveyor.....	Campbell W. Adams.....	Jan. 1, 1896	Dec. 31, 1898	5,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Charles R. Skinner.....	Feb. 13, 1895	Mar. 1, 1899	5,000
Supt. Public Works.....	George W. Aldridge.....	Jan. 1, 1895	Dec. 31, 1896	6,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	Michael Rickard.....	Feb. 1, 1893	Feb. 1, 1898	8,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	Alfred C. Chapin.....	Mar. 13, 1892	Mar. 15, 1897	8,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	Samuel A. Beardsley.....	Feb. 1, 1892	Feb. 1, 1897	8,000
Commissioner of Lunacy.....	Henry A. Reeves.....	Apr. 19, 1893	May 15, 1897	3,000
Commissioner of Lunacy.....	Goodwin Brown.....	Apr. 19, 1893	May 15, 1899	3,000
Commissioner of Lunacy.....	Peter M. Wise.....	Oct. 1, 1896	.....	5,000

NORTH CAROLINA—CAPITAL, RALEIGH.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	D. S. Russell.....	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	\$3,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	C. A. Reynolds.....	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	.....
Secretary of State.....	Cyrus Thompson.....	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	2,000
Auditor.....	H. W. Ayer.....	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	1,500
Treasurer.....	W. H. Worth.....	.....	Jan. 1, 1901	3,000
Adjutant General.....	.....	.....	.....	600
Supreme Court Clerk.....	T. S. Kenan.....	.....	.....	.....
Supt. Public Instruction.....	C. H. Mebone.....	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	1,500
Railroad Commissioner.....	To be elected.....	.....	.....	.....
Railroad Commissioner.....	J. W. Wilson.....	.....	1899.....	2,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	S. O. Wilson.....	.....	1897.....	2,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	Secretary of State.....	.....	1895.....	2,000

*Per diem.

NORTH DAKOTA—CAPITAL, BISMARCK.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Frank A. Briggs.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	\$3,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Joseph M. Devine...	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	1,000
Secretary of State.....	Fred Falley.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,000
State Auditor.....	Nathan B. Hannum...	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,000
Treasurer.....	George E. Nichols...	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,000
Attorney General.....	John F. Cowan.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,000
Commissioner of Insurance...	Frederick B. Fancher	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction...	John G. Halland.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,000
Commissioner of Agriculture and labor.....	Henry U. Thomas...	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,000
Commissioners of railroads.	George H. Keyes.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,000
	John R. Gibson.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,000
	L. L. Walton.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1899...	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Guy C. Corles.....	Jan., 1897...	Dec., 1899...	4,000

OHIO—CAPITAL, COLUMBUS.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Asa S. Bushnell.....	2 Mo. Jan. '96	2 Mo. Jan. '98	\$8,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Asahel W. Jones.....	2 Mo. Jan. '96	2 Mo. Jan. '98	800
Secretary of State.....	Charles Kinney.....	2 Mo. Jan. '97	2 Mo. Jan. '99	4,000
Auditor of State.....	Walter D. Guilbert...	2 Mo. Jan. '96	2 Mo. Jan. 1900	4,500
Treasurer of State.....	Samuel B. Campbell...	2 Mo. Jan. '96	2 Mo. Jan. '98	4,500
Adjutant General.....	Henry A. Axline.....	2 Mo. Jan. '96	2 Mo. Jan. '98	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Jacob F. Burkett.....	Feb. '93	Feb. '98	4,000
Clerk Supreme Court.....	Josiah B. Allen.....	Feb. '96	Feb. '99	1,500
Attorney General.....	Frank S. Mounett.....	2 Mo. Jan. '96	2 Mo. Jan. '98	4,500
School Commissioner.....	Oscar T. Corson.....	2 Mo. July '96	2 Mo. July '98	2,000
Insurance Commissioner...	William S. Matthews...	June '96	June '99	4,000
Railroad Commissioner....	William Kirby.....	March '95	March '97	3,000

'OKLAHOMA—CAPITAL, GUTHRIE.

Office,	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Wm. C. Renfrow.....	May 6, 1893..	May 6, 1897	\$2,600
Secretary Territory.....	Thos. J. Lowe.....	Sept. 2, 1893..	Sept. 2, 1897	1,800
Attorney General.....	C. A. Galbraith.....	July 1, 1893..	July 1, 1897	1,600
Superintendent and Auditor.	A. O. Nichols.....	Nov. 27, 1896.	Nov. 27, 1900	2,000
Treasurer.....	M. L. Turner.....	Jan. 20, 1894..	Jan. 20, 1898	1,500
Librarian.....	Edgar W. Jones.....	Aug. 25, 1893.	Aug. 25, 1897	1,500
United States Attorney.....	C. R. Brooks.....	May 14, 1894..	May 14, 1898	5,500
Chief Justice.....	Frank Dale.....	Sept. 12, 1893.	Sept. 12, 1897	3,000
Associate Justice.....	J. R. Keaton.....	Sept. 19, 1896.	Sept. 19, 1900	3,000
Associate Justice.....	John C. Tarsney.....	May 19, 1896.	May 19, 1900	3,000
Associate Justice.....	A. G. C. Borer.....	Jan. 17, 1894..	Jan. 17, 1898	3,000
Associate Justice.....	J. L. McAttee.....	Feb. 19, 1894..	Feb. 19, 1898	3,000
Clerk Supreme Court.....	Edgar W. Jones.....	Oct. 7, 1894...	Oct. 7, 1897	Fees.

OREGON—CAPITAL, SALEM.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Wm. P. Lord.....	Jan., 1895....	Jan., 1899....	*\$1,500
Secretary of State.....	H. R. Kincaid.....	Jan. 13, 1895.	Jan., 1899....	†1,500
Treasurer.....	Phil. Metschan.....	Jan. 13, 1895.	Jan., 1899....	†800
State Printer.....	W. H. Leeds.....	Jan. 13, 1895.	Jan., 1899....	{ Work done.
Supt. Public Instruction.....	G. M. Irwin.....	Jan. 13, 1895.	Jan., 1899....	1,800
Attorney General.....	C. M. Idelman.....	Jan. 13, 1895.	Jan., 1899....	3,000
Supreme Judge.....	F. A. Moore.....	Jan. 13, 1895.	Jan., 1899....	3,500
Supreme Judge.....	C. E. Wolverton.....	Jan. 13, 1900.	Jan., 1899....	3,500
Supreme Judge.....	R. S. Bean.....	Jan. 13, 1902.	Jan., 1899....	3,500

* And other allowances. † And fees.

PENNSYLVANIA—CAPITAL, HARRISBURG.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	D. H. Hastings.....	Jan., 1895....	Jan., 1899....	\$10,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Walter Lyon.....	Jan., 1895....	Jan., 1899....	3,500
Secretary of State.....	Frank Reeder.....	.....	.....	*5,000
Auditor.....	A. H. Mylin.....	May, 1895....	May, 1898....	4,200
Treasurer.....	Benj. J. Haywood.....	May, 1896....	May, 1898....	6,200
Chief Justice.....	Jas. P. Sterrett.....	.....	Jan., 1900....	8,500
Supt. Public Instruction.....	N. C. Schaffer.....	.....	.....	3,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	J. H. Lambert.....	Jan., 1895....	Jan., 1899....	3,000
Banking Commissioner.....	B. F. Gilkeson.....	Jan., 1895....	Jan., 1899....	5,000
Adjutant General.....	T. J. Stewart.....	Jan., 1895....	Jan., 1899....	4,000
Attorney General.....	H. C. McCormick.....	Jan., 1895....	Jan., 1899....	5,000

* And fees.

RHODE ISLAND - CAPITAL, PROVIDENCE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Charles W. Lippitt.....	May 29, 1896	May 28, 1897	\$3,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Edwin R. Allen.....	May 29, 1896	May 28, 1897	500
Secretary of State.....	Charles P. Bennett.....	May 29, 1896	May 28, 1897	3,500
Attorney General.....	Edward C. Dubois.....	May 29, 1896	May 28, 1897	4,500
Treasurer.....	Samuel Clark.....	May 29, 1896	May 28, 1897	2,500
Adjutant General.....	Frederic M. Sackett.....	Nov. 4, 1895	Nov. 4, 1900	1,200
Auditor.....	Albert C. Landers.....	May 29, 1896	May 28, 1897	1,500
Chief Justice.....	Charles Matteson.....	During good	behavior.	5,500
Clerk Supreme Court.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Com. of Public Schools.....	Thomas B. Stockwell.....	June 1, 1896	June 1 1897	3,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	State Auditor (ex-off).....	May 29, 1896	May 28, 1897	1,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	Edward L. Freeman.....	May 1, 1895	May 1, 1898	1,000

SOUTH CAROLINA—CAPITAL, COLUMBIA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	W. H. Ellerbe.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1899....	\$3,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	M. B. McSweeney.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1899....	.....
Secretary of State.....	D. H. Tompkins.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1899....	1,900
Comptroller.....	James Norton.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1899....	2,100
Attorney General.....	W. A. Barber.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1899....	2,100
Treasurer.....	W. H. Timmerman.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1899....	.....
Adjutant General.....	J. Gary Watts.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1899....	1,500
Chief Justice.....	Henry McIver.....	.....	.....	3,000
Clerk Supreme Court.....	U. R. Brooks.....	.....	.....	.....
Supt. Public Instruction.....	W. D. Mayfield.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1899....	2,100
Railroad Commissioner.....	W. D. Evans.....	Dec., 1894....	Jan., 1901....	1,800
Railroad Commissioner.....	H. R. Thomas.....	Dec., 1894....	Jan., 1899....	1,800
Railroad Commissioner.....	J. C. Wilborn.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1903....	1,800

SOUTH DAKOTA—CAPITAL, PIERRE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Andrew E. Lee.....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 3, 1899	\$2,500
Lieutenant Governor.....	Daniel T. Hindman.....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 3, 1899	*
Secretary of State.....	William H. Roddle.....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 3, 1899	1,800
Auditor of State.....	Henry E. Mahew.....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 3, 1899	1,800
Treasurer.....	Kirk G. Phillips.....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 3, 1899	1,800
Attorney General.....	Melvin Grigsby.....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 3, 1899	1,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Frank Crane.....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 3, 1899	1,800
Commissioner of School and Public Lands.....	John L. Lockhart.....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 3, 1899	1,800
Railroad Commissioners.....	W. T. La Follette.....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 3, 1899	1,500
.....	Wm. H. Tompkins.....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 3, 1899	1,500
.....	Alex. Kirkpatrick.....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 3, 1899	1,500
Chief Justice.....	Dighton Corson.....	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 1, 1900	2,500

*\$10.00 per day during session of legislature.

TENNESSEE—CAPITAL, NASHVILLE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Robert L. Taylor.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1899....	\$4,000
Secretary of State.....	W. S. Morgan.....	Feb. 16, 1893	Feb. 16, 1897	3,000
Comptroller.....	J. A. Harris.....	Feb. 1, 1895	Feb. 1, 1897	3,500
Treasurer and Insurance Commissioner.....	E. B. Craig.....	Feb. 1, 1895	Feb. 1, 1897	3,500
Supt. Public Instruction.....	S. G. Gilbraith.....	Mar. 1, 1895	App'd by Gov	2,000
Chief Justice.....	D. A. Snodgrass.....	Sept. 1, 1894	Sept. 1, 1902	3,000

TEXAS—CAPITAL, AUSTIN.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	C. A. Culberson.....	Jan., 1897 ...	Jan., 1899 ...	\$4,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Geo. T. Jester.....	Jan., 1897 ...	Jan., 1899 ...	†
Secretary of State.....*	.....	Jan., 1897 ...	Jan., 1899 ...	2,000
Attorney General	M. M. Crane	Jan., 1897 ...	Jan., 1899 ...	4,000
Comptroller.....	R. W. Finley.....	Jan., 1897 ...	Jan., 1899 ...	2,500
Treasurer	W. B. Wortham.....	Jan., 1897 ...	Jan., 1899 ...	2,500
Commissioner General Land Office	A. J. Baker.....	Jan., 1897 ...	Jan., 1899 ...	2,500
Adjutant General.....*	.....	Jan., 1897 ...	Jan., 1899 ...	2,000
Railroad Commissioners....	J. H. Reagan.....	Jan., 1897 ...	**	4,000
	L. J. Storey.....	Jan., 1897 ...	**	4,000
	Allison Mayfield.....	Jan., 1897 ...	**	4,000

* Not yet appointed.

† \$5.00 per day during session of legislature.

** One for two years, one for 4 years, one for 6 years, draw for terms.

UTAH—CAPITAL, SALT LAKE CITY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Heber M. Wells.....	Jan., 1896	Jan., 1901	\$2,000
Secretary of State.....	J. T. Hammond.....	Jan., 1896	Jan., 1901	2,000
Auditor Public Accounts....	M. Richards, Jr.....	Jan., 1896	Jan., 1901	1,500
Treasurer	J. Chipman.....	Jan., 1896	Jan., 1901	1,000
United States Attorney.....	John W. Judd.....	Jan., 1896	Jan., 1901	250
Chief Justice.....	Charles S. Zane.....	Jan., 1896	Jan., 1901	3,000
Insurance Commissioner....	J. T. Hammond.....	Ex-officio	.....	.....
School Commissioner.....	Dr. J. R. Park.....	Jan., 1896	Jan., 1901	1,500

VERMONT—CAPITAL, MONTPELIER.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Josiah Grout.....	Oct. 8, 1896	Oct. 7, 1898	\$1,500
Lieutenant Governor.....	Nelson W. Fisk.....	Oct. 8, 1896	Oct. 7, 1898	*
Secretary of State.....	C. W. Brownell.....	Oct. 8, 1896	Oct. 7, 1898	1,700
State Auditor.....	F. D. Hale.....	Oct. 8, 1896	Oct. 7, 1898	2,000
Treasurer	Henry F. Field.....	Oct. 8, 1896	Oct. 7, 1898	1,700
Chief Justice.....	Jonathan Ross.....	Dec. 1, 1896	Dec. 1, 1898	3,300

* \$6.00 per day during session of legislature.

VIRGINIA—CAPITAL, RICHMOND.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Chas. T. O'Ferrall...	Jan. 1, 1894	Dec. 31, 1897	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	R. C. Kent.....	Jan. 1, 1894	Dec. 31, 1897	600
Secretary of State.....	J. T. Lawless.....	Jan. 1, 1896	Jan. 1, 1898	2,000
Attorney General.....	R. Taylor Scott.....	Jan. 1, 1896	Jan. 1, 1898	2,000
Auditor.....	Morton Mayo.....	Jan. 1, 1896	Jan. 1, 1898	3,000
Treasurer.....	A. W. Harman, Jr.....	Jan. 1, 1896	Jan. 1, 1898	2,000
Adjutant General.....	C. J. Anderson.....	Jan. 1, 1896	Jan. 1, 1898	1,500
Chief Justice.....	James Keith.....	Jan. 1, 1885	Jan. 1, 1907	3,200
Supt. Public Instruction.....	John E. Massey.....	Jan. 1, 1896	Jan. 1, 1900	2,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	Jas. C. Hill.....	Jan. 1, 1896	Jan. 1, 1898	2,500

WASHINGTON — CAPITAL, OLYMPIA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	T. R. Rogers.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1901....	\$4,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Thurston Daniels.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1901....	1,000
Secretary of State.....	James H. Price.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1901....	2,500
Insurance Commissioner.....	Will D. Jenkins.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1901....	2,500
Auditor.....	Neal Cheetham.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1901....	2,000
Treasurer.....	C. W. Young.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1901....	2,000
Attorney General.....	P. H. Winston.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1901....	2,000
Commissioner Public Lands.....	R. Bridges.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1901....	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Chosen by court.....			
Clerk Supreme Court.....	S. C. Reinhart.....	Pleasure of	Supr. court.	2,000
Su t. Public Instruction.....	Frank J. Browne.....	Jan., 1897....	Jan., 1901....	2,500
State Printer.....	Gwin Hicks.....	Jan., 1897....		

WEST VIRGINIA—CAPITAL, CHARLESTON.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	G. W. Atkinson.....	Mar. 4, 1897	1901.....	\$2,700
Secretary of State.....	W. M. O. Dawson.....	Mar. 4, 1897	1901.....	1,000
Auditor.....	L. M. La Follett.....	Mar. 4, 1897	1901.....	2,200
Treasurer.....	M. A. Kendall.....	Mar. 4, 1897	1901.....	1,400
Adjutant General.....	J. W. Appleton.....	Mar. 4, 1897	1901.....	1,500
Supreme Court Clerk.....	O. S. Long.....	Appointed	by Court.....	1,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	J. R. Trotter.....	Mar. 4, 1893	1897.....	1,500
Insurance Commissioner.....				
Commissioner of Labor.....		Appointed	by Governor	1,200
Bank Examiner.....		Appointed	by Governor	1,200

WYOMING—CAPITAL, CHEYENNE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	W. A. Richards.....	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan., 1899 ...	\$2,500
Secretary of State.....	C. W. Burdick.....	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan., 1899 ...	2,000
Auditor.....	W. O. Owen	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan., 1899 ...	2,000
Treasurer.....	H. G. Hay	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan., 1899 ...	2,000
Sup. Public Instruction	Miss E. Reel.....	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan., 1899 ...	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Asbury B. Conaway..	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan., 1899 ...	3,000

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Office.	Name.	Residence.	Salary.
Governor	Edward Scofield ..	Oconto.....	\$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor	Emil Baensch	Manitowoc	1,000
Secretary of State.....	Henry Casson.....	Viroqua.....	5,000
Treasurer	Sewell A. Peterson ..	Rice Lake	5,000
Attorney-General.....	William H. Mylrea ..	Wausau.....	3,000
Superintendent Public Instruction..	John Q. Emery.....	Albion	1,200
Railroad Commissioner.....	Duncan J. McKenzie ..	Alma	3,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	William A. Fricke ..	Milwaukee	3,000

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
GOVERNOR.		
Edward Scofield.....	Oconto.....	Pennsylvania.
LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.		
Emil Baensch.....	Manitowoc.....	Wisconsin.
PRIVATE SECRETARY.		
William J. Anderson.....	Milwaukee.....	Quebec.
EXECUTIVE CLERK.		
Paul Scofield.....	Oconto.....	Wisconsin.
STENOGRAPHER.		
Raymond R. Frazier.....	Sparta.....	Wisconsin.
MESSENGER.		
Capt. T. B. Hurst.....	Marinette.....	Pennsylvania.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

SECRETARY OF STATE.		
Henry Casson.....	Viroqua.....	Pennsylvania.
ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.		
G. E. Vandercook.....	Spencer	Wisconsin.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE—Continued.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Na'tivity.</i>
CHIEF CLERK.		
Junius W. Hill.....	Chippewa Falls.....	Wisconsin
BOOK-KEEPER.		
Ernest Kuechle.....	Milwaukee	Indiana.
ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER.		
Edward Loew.....	Milwaukee.....	Austria.
ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER.		
John M. Nelson.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
PRINTING CLERK.		
Charles A. Leith.....	Trempealeau.....	England.
FILING CLERK.		
W. W. Jones.....	Fox Lake.....	New York.
DOCUMENT CLERK.		
O. G. Loomis.....	Mauston	New York.
RECORDING CLERK.		
M. C. Keyes.....	Lake Mills	New York.
REGISTRATION CLERK.		
Katherine Haughton.....	Retreat.....	Canada.
WARRANT CLERK.		
Jos. Smethurst.....	Milwaukee	Ohio.
NOTARIAL CLERK.		
G. H. McNeel.....	Fond du Lac	New York.
COMPILING CLERK.		
George S. Reed.....	Lake Geneva.....	New York.
STENOGRAPHER.		
J. Inez Rudd.....	Reedsburg,	Wisconsin.
MAILING CLERK AND JANITOR.		
John Lorigan	Necedah.....	Pennsylvania.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

STATE TREASURER.		
Sewell A. Peterson.....	Rice Lake.....	Norway.
ASSISTANT STATE TREASURER.		
Charles M. Dow.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin
BOOKKEEPER.		
George V. Borchsenius.....	Baldwin.....	Wisconsin.
ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.		
Thomas M. Purtell.....	Cumberland.....	Ohio.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT—Continued.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
CORRESPONDING CLERK.		
P. H. Swift.....	Rice Lake	Vermont.
DEPOSIT CLERK.		
Henry Sanford.....	Manitowoc	England.
MAILING CLERK.		
Martin Angwick.....	Eau Claire	Norway.
MESSENGER.		
Louis R. Boll.....	Rice Lake.....	Wisconsin.
STENOGRAPHER.		
Ella K. Smith.....	New Richmond	Wisconsin.
NIGHT WATCH.		
Hugo S. Duke.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.		
William H. Mylrea.....	Wausau	New York.
ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL.		
John L. Erdall	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
STENOGRAPHER.		
Charity Coe	Viroqua.....	Wisconsin.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

STATE SUPERINTENDENT.		
John Q. Emery.....	Albion	Ohio.
ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT.		
Charles L. Harper	Lancaster	Virginia.
INSPECTOR OF HIGH SCHOOLS.		
Willard H. Chandler	Burke	Vermont.
LIBRARY CLERK.		
Lewis E. Gettle	Evansville.....	Pennsylvania.
CLERK.		
Winona Merrick	Madison.....	New York.
CLERK.		
Grace H. Hayner.....	Janesville.....	Wisconsin.
CLERK.		
Sydney L. Emery	Albion.....	Wisconsin.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER'S DEPARTMENT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.		
Duncan J. McKenzie.....	Alma.....	Canada.
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER.		
Chas. A. Coon.....	Marshfield.....	Wisconsin.
JANITOR.		
William A. Owens.....	Dodgeville.....	New York.

COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

COMMISSIONER.		
William A. Fricke	Milwaukee.....	New York.
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER.		
Emil Giljohann	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
CLERK.		
A. F. Timme.....	Kenosha.....	Wisconsin.
STENOGRAPHER.		
M. M. Zimmerman.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
MESSENGER.		
W. H. Glenz.....	Madison.....	Germany.

BUREAU OF LABOR, CENSUS AND INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS.

COMMISSIONER.		
Halford Erickson.....	West Superior	Sweden.
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER.		
Charles Lewiston.....	Hudson	Norway.
FACTORY INSPECTOR.		
Henry P. Fischer.....	Milwaukee	Illinois.
ASSISTANT FACTORY INSPECTOR.		
J. J. Williams.....	Marshfield	New York.
CLERK.		
A. J. Wallace.....	Durand	Canada.
MESSENGER.		
Louis W. Krueger, Jr.....	Watertown.....	Wisconsin.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
ADJUTANT GENERAL.		
Charles R. Boardman.....	Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin.
ASSISTANT ADJUTANT GENERAL.		
Worthie H. Patton.....	Oshkosh.....	New York.
CLERK NATIONAL GUARD DIVISION.		
Mary W. Priestley.....	Mineral Point.....	Wisconsin.
CLERK PENSION DIVISION.		
Edmund B. Gray.....	Milwaukee	New York.
CLERK VOLUNTEER SERVICE DIVISION.		
Joseph H. Whitney.....	Baraboo.....	Massachusetts.
GENERAL CLERK.		
Walter J. Thomas	Green Bay.....	Belgium.
STENOGRAPHER.		
William C. Ginty.....	Chippewa Falls.....	Wisconsin.
MESSENGER.		
Thomas B. Petford.....	Oshkosh	Wisconsin.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL.		
Brigadier-General Oscar B. Zwietusch..	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER GENERAL.		
Major Allan F. Caldwell.....	Whitewater.....	Ohio.
ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER.		
Captain Charles R. Williams.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
CUSTODIAN MILITARY RESERVATION.		
Ed. S. Burroughs.....	Eau Claire.....	Wisconsin.
STOREKEEPER.		
Sergt. August C. Deimel.....	Watertown.....	Germany.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC LANDS.

COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Henry Casson.....	Secretary of State.
Sowell A. Peterson.....	State Treasurer.
William H. Mylrea.....	Attorney General

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
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CHIEF CLERK.

Egbert Wyman.....	Crandon.....	Wisconsin.
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CLERKS.

J. T. Huntington.....	Delton.....	New York.
N. Konrad.....	Milwaukee	Wisconsin.
Geo W. Brice.....	La Crosse.....	Vermont.
Amund Beland.....	Viroqua.....	Norway.
Robert W. Morse.....	Lancaster.....	Wisconsin.
W. S. Hidden.....	Sun Prairie.....	Wisconsin.
M. B. Copp.....	Prescott	New York.
Frank Chesak	Poniatowski ..	Wisconsin.
C. M. Foresman.....	Madison.....	Ohio.
G. M. Hotschick.....	Milwaukee	Germany.
Chas. A. Scott.....	Madison	Wisconsin.
Mate L. Taber.....	Lodi, (stenographer).....	New York.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PROPERTY.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
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SUPERINTENDENT.

W. J. Scott.....	La Crosse.....	Ireland.
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ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT.

John Price, Jr.....	Wolowoc.....	Wales.
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CLERK.

F. D. Eyerly.....	Neillsville	Wisconsin.
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EMPLOYES.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
W. H. Dean.....	Madison.....	Chief Engineer.
E. Hickman.....	Milwaukee	Assistant Engineer.
W. E. Hall.....	Oconto	Assistant Engineer.
W. J. McGee.....	Oconto	Chief Carpenter.
Chas. Gussman.....	Madison	Assistant Carpenter.
J. Longfield	Madison	Fireman.
C. Farley.....	Madison	Fireman.
J. Broadbent.....	Middleton	Fireman.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PROPERTY—Continued.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
H. Van Keulen.....	Madison.....	State Painter.
F. W. Kellogg.....	Racine.....	Assistant State Painter.
Richard Kendrick.....	Barneveld.....	Steam and Gas Fitter.
W. E. Ferguson.....	Milwaukee.....	Receiving and Shipping Clerk.
C. F. Merrill.....	Waukesha.....	Storekeeper.
C. J. Kruse.....	Milwaukee.....	Foreman Labor Force.
E. M. Smith.....	Milwaukee.....	Police.
J. B. McCoy.....	Prairie du Sac.....	Police.
William Evans.....	Onalaska.....	Police.
John Ashton.....	Alma Center.....	Police.
Henry Meyers.....	Neillsville.....	Police.
Samuel Teasdale.....	Darlington.....	Police.
S. O. Onsgard.....	Orford.....	Police.
Henry Shutter.....	McFarland.....	Police.
John Abaly.....	Madison.....	Night Watchman.
Guy C. Pierce.....	Kilbourn.....	Night Watchman.
C. M. Wright.....	Durand.....	Elevator Attendant.
James Colenso.....	Hurley.....	Janitor, Secretary of State.
W. C. Peterson.....	Oregon.....	Janitor, Treasury Agent's office.
John Huntley.....	Avon.....	Janitor Corridors.
A. Knuteson.....	Eau Claire.....	Janitor, State Supt. office.
E. P. Upham.....	Pardeeville.....	Janitor, Board of Control.
J. J. O'Neill.....	Milwaukee.....	Janitor, Atty-Gen's office.
Peter Hanson.....	Bloomingsdale.....	Janitor, Land office.
E. E. Alford.....	Madison.....	Jan., Sup. Ct. and Law Library.
Harry McNichols.....	Shawano.....	Janitor, Historical Rooms.
Peter Fagg.....	Madison.....	Janitor, Historical Rooms.
J. W. Stone.....	Barron.....	Janitor. Treasury Dept.
H. A. Chase.....	Marshfield.....	Jan., Agricultural Society Rooms.
A. T. Tucker.....	Whitehall.....	Janitor, Fish and Game Warden.
C. C. Lincoln.....	Tomahawk.....	Art Gallery Attend't and Janitor.
Chas. Olsen.....	Madison.....	Janitor Water Closets
M. J. Rawson.....	Whitewater.....	Jan., Supt. Pub. Prop. office.
Geo. W. Smith.....	Madison.....	Janitor, Chambers.
A. M. Beach.....	Prairie du Chien.....	Janitor, Bank Examiner's office.
J. H. McNair.....	Oshkosh.....	Jan., Bd. of Regents of Nor. Schools.
U. C. McRae.....	Alma.....	Stenographer.

STATE BOARDS, COMMISSIONS, AND AGENTS.

REGENTS OF UNIVERSITY.

See page 432.

REGENTS OF NORMAL SCHOOLS.

See page 437.

STATE BOARD OF CONTROL.

See page 449.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ADMISSION TO BAR.

Joshua Stark, President	Milwaukee.
George G. Greene	Green Bay.
L. J. Rusk	Chippewa Falls.
Gilbert M. Woodward	La Crosse.
A. L. Sanborn, Secretary	Madison.

SCHEDULE OF MEETINGS FOR 1897.

At Madison, April 27; at Milwaukee, August 3.

STATE LIBRARY.

TRUSTEES EX-OFFICIO.

John B. Cassoday	Chief Justice Supreme Court.
John B. Winslow	Justice Supreme Court.
Silas U. Pinney	Justice Supreme Court.
Alfred W. Newman	Justice Supreme Court.
Roujet D. Marshall	Justice Supreme Court.
Wm. H. Mylrea	Attorney General.

LIBRARIAN.

John R. Berryman	Madison.
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MESSENGER.

William H. Orvis	Madison.
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STATE BOARD OF HEALTH AND VITAL STATISTICS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Term expires.</i>
C. H. Marquardt, M. D	La Crosse.....	1st Monday in Feb., 1898.
U. O. B. Wingate, M. D	Milwaukee.....	1st Monday in Feb., 1899.
Q. O. Sutherland, M. D.....	Janesville.....	1st Monday in Feb., 1900.
J. Henry McNeal, M. D.....	Fond du Lac.....	1st Monday in Feb., 1901.
Solon Marks, M. D	Milwaukee.....	1st Monday in Feb., 1902.
G. W. Harrison, M. D	Ashland.....	1st Monday in Feb., 1903.
F. H. Bodenius, M. D	Madison.....	1st Monday in Feb., 1904.
Solon Marks, M. D	Milwaukee.....	President.
U. O. B. Wingate, M. D.....	Milwaukee	Secretary.

The State Board of Health was established by chapter 366, laws of 1876, and consists of seven members, one of whom is appointed annually by the governor, to serve for a period of seven years. The Board, however, elects its own officers, and its organic act provides that if the secretary is elected outside of the appointed members he becomes *ex-officio* a member of the Board, increasing the number of members to eight.

The Board meets in the months of January and June by legal requirement, and holds such other special meetings as are requested by members, or directed by the president. It has an annual appropriation of \$5,500.00 from which all expenses are paid, including all printing, except the printing of its biennial reports. No member of the Board receives any compensation for his services but the Secretary, who is paid an annual salary which is fixed by the board. The actual expenses of members when on duty are paid out of the appropriation.

The law by which the Board was established provides that it shall have a "general supervision of the interests of the health and life of the citizens of the state." and directs that "they shall make sanitary investigation and inquiries respecting the causes of disease, especially epidemics, the causes of mortality and the effects of localities, employments, conditions, habits and circumstances, and shall diffuse such information among the people of the state." The law also gave to the Board an advisory relation to all local Boards of Health. Subsequent legislation has made the organization of such Boards obligatory in every town, village and city in the state, and has made it the duty of all physicians to report contagious diseases to such Boards, and of all such Boards to report to the State Board of Health relative to these diseases, and any other facts whenever required. During the year 1894, eleven hundred and forty-five (1,145) of these local Boards reported their full organization to this Board in accordance with instructions, and through these Boards the State Board of Health has been able to reach nearly every locality in the State.

The Board has charge of all matters relating to general quarantine, and in emergency can make rules and regulations for the protection of the public health, which it is the duty of all local and general officers of the State to respect and enforce.

The Board invites correspondence and co-operation from all citizens of the State who are interested in the object for which it is laboring, to-wit: The prevention of disease, and the preservation of the health and lives of the people.

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Term expires.</i>
Henry C. Schranck.....	Milwaukee	1898
H. O. Frank.....	Milwaukee	1899
A. F. Menges.....	Madison	1900
D. A. Taylor.....	Stevens Point.....	1901
E. B. Heimstreet.....	Janesville	1897

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

Herman O. Frank.....	President.
E. B. Heimstreet.....	Secretary.

The State Board of Pharmacy was established by chapter 167, of the laws of 1882, amended in 1885, 1887 and 1895. The Board consists of five members, who are appointed by the governor, for a term of five years.

Members receive five dollars per day for actual service, the secretary receiving no per diem, but a salary. All salaries and expenses are paid from receipts of examination, and dues from the druggists of the state.

The law establishing the Board provides that it shall be the duty of the Board to examine all applications for registration, submitted in proper form; to grant certificates of registration to such persons as may be entitled to the same under provisions of the act; to cause the prosecution of all persons violating its provisions; to report annually to the governor and to the Wisconsin Pharmaceutical Association upon the condition of pharmacy in the state, which said report shall also furnish a record of the proceedings of said Board for the year, as well as the names of all pharmacists registered.

The Board holds meetings for examination of applicants and such other business as pertains to its duties, at least once in three months. Thirty days' notice of such meetings is required to be given.

None but registered pharmacists can conduct a drug store or pharmacy; they must be the principals and managers of the store in all its management; neither can they allow any one not registered to sell medicines or poisons, or dispense physicians' prescriptions, except under their direct supervision.

No examination can be had except at the regular advertised meeting of the Board. No questions or standing of applicants are given out to anyone except to Secretaries of State Board.

Licentiates in pharmacy by examination in other states are registered without further examination.

All pharmacists are required to pay a fee of one dollar per year registration; they are held responsible for quality of all drugs and chemicals or medicines sold or dispensed by them. The average expenses of the Board have been \$1,600.00 a year, which has been paid from its own treasury and no funds have ever been drawn from the state. There has been paid to the state, funds from fines amounting to over \$2,000, exclusive of costs, in some fifty cases.

STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Term expires.</i>
Chas. C. Chittenden	Madison	May 2, 1900.
W. H. Carson	Milwaukee	May 2, 1901.
George H. McCausey	Janesville	May 2, 1897.
C. C. Wentworth	Milwaukee	May 2, 1898.
R. G. Richter	Milwaukee	May 2, 1899.

OFFICERS OF BOARD.

Chas. C. Chittenden	President	Madison.
Edgar Palmer	Secretary	La Crosse.

The State Board of Dental Examiners was organized under chapter 129, laws of 1885. The board is appointed by the Governor. The expenses of the board are paid out of fees received.

The board meets annually on the third Tuesday in July, at the place selected for meeting of Wisconsin State Dental Society, which place of meeting is selected by the society.

The following is a synopsis of the business of the board since its organization.

Year ending.	Regis-tered.	Li-censed by di-ploma.	Li-censed by ex-amina-tions.	Appli-ca-tions.	Re-jected.	Prose-cutions.	Convic-tions.	Meet-ings held.
September 30, 1886	352	20	5	5	.....	.....	.....	2
September 30, 1887	356	12	10	12	2	1	1	2
September 30, 1888	354	20	5	9	4	2	1	2
September 30, 1889	352	6	1	1	.....	.....	.....	1
September 30, 1890	363	35	3	4	1	2	1	2
September 30, 1891	373	52	7	10	3	3	2	2
September 30, 1892	375	53	9	9	.....	2	2	2
September 30, 1893	380	42	11	11	.....	.....	.....	2
September 30, 1894	449	47	8	21	13	.....	.....	2
September 30, 1895	496	46	10	15	5	.....	.....	2
September 30, 1896	518	60	17	23	9	.....	.....	2

COMMISSIONERS OF FISHERIES.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Term expires.</i>
The governor ex-officio.		
Edwin E. Bryant, President.....	Madison.....	April 1, 1897.
W. J. Starr	Eau Claire	April 1, 1897.
Calvert Spensley, Sec'y and Treas	Mineral Point.....	April 1, 1898.
James J. Hogan	La Crosse.....	April 1, 1898.
Henry D. Smith	Appleton.....	April 1, 1899.
Currie G. Bell.....	Bayfield.....	April 1, 1899.
James Nevins, Superintendent.....	Madison.	

The Wisconsin fish commission was established in 1874, and originally consisted of three members. The number was increased to seven in 1878, six appointed by the governor and the other being the governor ex-officio. It maintains three hatcheries, one at "Nine Springs," four and one-half miles from Madison, for the hatching of brook trout and California trout, one at Milwaukee, where white fish and wall-eyed pike are hatched, and one at Bayfield for hatching brook trout, bass, lake trout and white fish. The work of the commission is supported by an annual appropriation of \$20,000. During the two years last past the following distribution of fry was made:

<i>Name of Species.</i>	<i>1895.</i>	<i>1896.</i>
Brook trout	2,556,000	3,110,000
Rainbow trout.....	1,470,000	1,611,000
Whitefish.....	15,000,000	27,500,000
Lake trout, impregnated eggs	22,000,000	20,710,000
Wall-eyed pike.....	23,100,000	25,250,000
Black bass	116,500	156,635
White bass (full grown).....	2,345	13,500
Lake trout fry		2,000,000
Wall-eyed pike (full grown).....	2,000	2,500
Yellow perch (full grown).....		2,000
Black spotted trout (full grown).....		450
Carp.....	8,525	
Totals	64,255,370	79,120,850

The commission has a car fitted expressly for the collection, transportation and distribution of fish and fry, which greatly facilitates its work. This car traveled in 1895, 23,099 miles, and in 1896, 30,857 miles.

The rapid increase in the fishing industries of the state renders the work of this commission of the highest importance. In 1895 there was taken from the Wisconsin waters of Lakes Michigan, Superior and Green Bay, 33,804,855 pounds of fish, and in 1896, 44,161,200. In 1894 the industry on these lakes employed property to the amount of \$929,670, and 1,500 persons. No estimate could be made of the quantity and value of the fish taken from inland waters.

Persons desiring fry to stock streams or lakes may obtain all requisite information as to the conditions and method of obtaining them from any of the commissioners or the superintendent.

DAIRY AND FOOD COMMISSION.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
COMMISSIONER.		
Henry C. Adams.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
DAIRY EXPERT.		
W. W. Chadwick.....	Monroe.....	Wisconsin.
STATE CHEMIST.		
A. S. Mitchell.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
MESSENGER.		
John Scanlon.....	Menomonie.....	Michigan.

BANK EXAMINER'S OFFICE.

<i>Name.</i>		<i>Residence.</i>
Edward I. Kidd.....	Bank Examiner.....	Prairie du Chien.
Henry Fink.....	Deputy Bank Examiner.....	Milwaukee.
M. C. Bergh.....	Chief Clerk.....	Viroqua.
W. A. Richter	Clerk and Stenographer	Milwaukee.
A. M. Beach	Messenger.....	Prairie du Chien.

STATE TREASURY AGENT.

Ralph C. Vernon.....	Madison	Wisconsin
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STATE PENSION AGENT.

Col. E. B. Gray	Milwaukee.
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STATE FISH AND GAME WARDEN.

James T. Ellarson.....	Wautoma.
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STATE VETERINARIAN.

L. Scott.....	Beaver Dam
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LIST OF INSPECTORS OF ILLUMINATING OILS,

Giving the post office address, the names of the inspectors, with the boundaries of their districts as in force October 1st, 1896.

DR. H. B. TANNER, SUPERVISORKaukauna, Wis.

Post Office Address.	Inspector.	Territory Forming the District.
Antigo.....	F. W. Kiefer.....	Langlade county, and the towns on the Ashland division of the C. & N.W. Ry. in Shawano county from Antigo to Buckbee, inclusive.
Appleton.....	Dan Breen.....	Outagamie county, except the city of Seymour, also the city of New London in Waupaca county.
Ashland.....	M. J. Hart.....	Ashland and Bayfield counties.
Beaver Dam ..	W. D. Chandler	Towns on the C., M. & St. P. Ry. from Randolph to Rubicon, inclusive, including Fox Lake and Burnett Junction.
Beloit.....	Prof. E. G. Smith....	The south half of Rock county.
Benton.....	W. H. Nehls	The towns of New Diggings, Elk Grove, Benton, Smelzer, Hazel Green, Shullsburg, White Oak Springs, Monticello and Jamestown in La Fayette and Grant counties.
Black River Falls....	Nick Gruber.....	Jackson county, except the towns of Garfield, Cleveland and Merrillan.
Burlington.....	Jos. Miller.....	Towns of East Troy, Spring Prairie and Lyons in Walworth county, towns of Waterford, Rochester and Burlington in Racine county, towns of Wheatland, Randall and Salem, in Kenosha county.
Chetek	Fred. Hanson.....	Barron, Washburn and Sawyer counties, and towns on the Soo Ry. in Chippewa county.
Chippewa Falls.	Wm. H. Howieson...	South half of Chippewa county, towns of Thorp, Withee and Hixon in Clark county, and towns on Wis. Cen. Ry. in Dunn county.
Chilton.....	Frank D. Breed.....	Calumet county, including the village of Kiel in Manitowoc county.
Delavan	Fred. Lindeman.....	Towns of Darien, Richmond, Delavan, Sugar Creek, Troy and La Fayette in Walworth county.
Durand.....	Walter Schur.....	Pepin county.
Eau Claire.....	Walter R. Scott*.....	Eau Claire county except the towns of Fairchild and Bridge.
Florence	S. T. Beattie.....	Florence county.
Fond du Lac	R. F. Sexmith †.....	Fond du Lac county, except the city of Ripon, the south half of Green Lake county, the towns of Chester, Le Roy, Lomira, Williamstown and Theresa in Dodge county.

* Since October 1st Mr. Scott has resigned and Mr. Geo. W. Williams has been appointed to the vacancy.

† Since October 1st Mr. Sexmith has resigned and Mr. George W. Ferris has been appointed to fill the vacancy.

INSPECTORS OF ILLUMINATING OILS.—Continued.

Post Office Address.	Inspector.	Territory Forming the District.
Grantsburg.....	A. M. Anderson.....	Burnett county.
Green Bay.....	J. H. Leonard.....	Brown, Kewaunee and Door counties and the city of Seymour in Outagamie county.
Hudson.....	Robert Dinsmore...	St. Croix and Pierce counties.
Hurley.....	Griff Thomas.....	Iron county.
Kenosha.....	Johnson A. Jackson.	Kenosha county, except the towns of Wheatland, Randall and Salem.
La Crosse.....	E. W. Chamberlain.	La Crosse county, Trempealeau county, except the northern tier of towns; towns on the C., B. & N. Ry. in Vernon county.
Lake Geneva.....	J. E. Nethercut.....	Towns of Geneva, Lynn, Bloomfield and Walworth in Walworth county.
Madison.....	R. G. McConnell.....	Dane county, towns on the C. & N. W. Ry. in Columbia and Sauk counties from Madison to Devil's Lake; towns on the C., M. & St. P. Ry. in Iowa and Sauk counties to and including Prairie du Sac and Spring Green.
Manitowoc.....	Richard Maguire....	Manitowoc county, except the town of Kiel.
Marinette.....	John J. Andrews.....	Marinette county.
Marshfield.....	C. H. Doern.....	Wood county and the towns on the Wis. Cen. Ry. from Marshfield to and including Medford, also Greenwood in Clark county, and the towns of Milan and Athens in Marathon county.
Merrill.....	Geo. R. Francis.....	Towns on the C., M. & O. R. Ry. from Merrill to Mondovi inclusive, also towns of Fairchild and Bridge in Eau Claire county.
Merrill.....	D. E. Dean.....	Lincoln county.
Milton Junction.....	K. W. Tanner.....	North half of Rock county, including the city of Janesville; the towns of White-water and La Grange in Walworth county.
Milwaukee.....	F. W. Kuth.....	Milwaukee county.
Monroe.....	B. T. Raymond.....	Green county.
Menomonie.....	W. A. Scanlan.....	Dunn county, except the towns on the Wis. Cen. Ry.
Moutello.....	Wm. O'Brien.....	Marquette, Adams and Waushara counties.
Necedah.....	G. M. Huckins.....	Necedah in Juneau county.
Neenah.....	Chas. W. Johnson...	Cities of Neenah and Menasha in Winnebago county; towns on the Wis. Cen. Ry. from Neenah to Waupaca.
Neillsville.....	Eli. M. Wheaton....	Clark county except Humbird, Greenwood and northern tier of towns.
Oconto.....	C. J. Francis.....	Oconto county, also towns on C. & N. W. Ry. from Oconto to Clintonville, inclusive.

INSPECTORS OF ILLUMINATING OILS—Continued.

Post Office Address	Inspector.	Territory Forming the District.
Osceola Mills.....	A. A. Heald.....	Polk county.
Oshkosh	W. H. Boyd.....	Winnebago county except the cities of Neenah and Menasha. The city of Ripon in Fond du Lac county. The city of Berlin and the towns on the C. & N. W. Ry. in Green Lake county.
Phillips.....	M. Christianson.....	Price county and the towns of Westboro, Whittlesey and Chelsea in Taylor county.
Platteville	John Fawcett.....	Grant, Iowa and LaFayette counties, except as otherwise assigned.
Portage	Chas. Mohr, Jr.	Columbia county except the towns of Lodi and West Point.
Racine	Chas. F. Brewer.....	Racine county except the towns of Watford, Rochester and Burlington.
Rhineland	F. C. Ulrich	Oneida, Vilas and Forest counties.
Richland Center.....	A. S. Ripley.....	Richland county.
Sharon.....	J. B. Stupfell.....	Town of Sharon in Walworth county.
Sheboygan.....	George Sullivan. ...	Sheboygan and Ozaukee counties.
Stevens Point.....	A. J. Booth.....	Portage county, Waupaca county, except the towns on the Wis. Cen. Ry. and the city of New London.
Tomah	Clarence J. Wells ...	North half of Monroe county, Juneau county except the towns of Necedah, Plymouth and Wonewoc.
Viroqua.....	Jos. Omundson.....	Vernon county except the western tier of towns. Also towns on the C., M. & St. P. Ry. from Viroqua Junction south.
Watertown	H. Wertheimer	Jefferson county. Towns on the C. & N. W. Ry. from Watertown to Juneau. Towns on the C., M. & St. P. Ry. from Watertown to Elba.
Waukesha	T. H. Taylor	Waukesha county.
Wausau.....	Ed. Heimann.....	Marathon county except the towns of Milan and Athens.
Wauzeka	O. P. Vaughn.	Crawford county. Towns on the C., M. & St. P. Ry. from Prairie du Chien to and including Avoca; towns on the C. & N. W. Ry. from Woodman to Fennimore. Towns on the Burlington Ry. in Grant county to Cassville.
West Bend.....	W. C. Bratz.....	Washington county.
West Superior	John Diffor.....	Douglas county.
Wonewoc	J. R. DeGarmo	Towns on the C. & N. W. Ry. from Summit to Baraboo, inclusive.

LUMBER INSPECTORS.

	<i>Residence.</i>
District No. 1.....	None.....
District No. 2.....	Harry H. Simpson..... La Crosse.
District No. 3.....	None.....
District No. 4.....	H. M. Laureen..... Shell Lake.
District No. 5.....	None.....
District No. 6.....	D. L. McKay..... Chippewa Falls.
District No. 7.....	None.....
District No. 8.....	None.....
District No. 9.....	James R. McKenzie..... Alma.
District No. 10.....	None.....
District No. 11.....	John E. Nelson..... Ashland.
District No. 12.....	None.....
District No. 13.....	Charles S. Wilcox..... W. Superior.
District No. 14.....	H. C. Grout..... Merrill.
District No. 15.....	None.....
District No. 16.....	Moses Sarchet..... Tomahawk.
District No. 17.....	D. H. Vaughn..... Rhinelander.

MISCELLANEOUS STATE SOCIETIES.

The following associations and societies are not under the control of the state government, but are given here as a matter of information and reference. Some of them are encouraged by annual appropriations from the state, while the transactions of some of the associations are published by the state. The State Historical Society is the corporate trustee of the state; the governor, secretary of state and state treasurer are *ex-officio* members of its managing board; and vouchers for disbursements from its annual state appropriation are by law filed with the governor.

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF WISCONSIN.

John Johnston.....	Milwaukee.....	President.
Reuben G. Thwaites.....	Madison.....	Secretary.
Frank F. Proudfit.....	Madison.....	Treasurer.
Isaac S. Bradley.....	Madison.....	Librarian.
Minnie M. Oakley.....	Madison.....	Assistant Librarian.
Emma A. Hawley, Annie A. Nunns, Florence E. Baker and Georgiana Sheldon	Madison.....	Library Assistants.

The State Historical Society of Wisconsin was originally organized in October, 1846, with A. Hyatt Smith as president, and Thomass W. Sutherland as secretary. In January, 1849, there was a reorganization, with Gov. Nelson Dewey as president, a list of vice-presidents covering all the counties of the state, and Increase A. Lapham as secretary. But for various reasons the society did not prosper during its earlier years, and a second reorganization was effected under an act of legislature approved March 4, 1853. This charter the society still works under, and since the annual meeting on the first Thursday in January, 1854, the growth of its influence and importance has been steady and rapid. At this meeting, Lyman C. Draper, then of Philadelphia, was chosen secretary. With conspicuous ability, he served the society for thirty-three years, until the annual meeting of January 6, 1887, when he declined re-election; he was then in his 72d year, and desirous of devoting his remaining days (he died August 26, 1891) to completing some individual literary work which he had long had in hand. At this annual meeting of January 6, 1887, Reuben G. Thwaites, who had been for two years previous the assistant secretary, succeeded Dr. Draper as the executive officer of the society, and the editor of its publications. Daniel S. Durrie became identified with the society in 1856, as librarian, remaining constantly in service until his death, August 31, 1892. He was succeeded by Isaac S. Bradley, who had been assistant librarian since April, 1875.

When Secretary Draper took direction of the society's fortunes, its library consisted of but fifty volumes and pamphlets; there was neither museum nor art gallery, and the institution was quartered in a corner of the secretary of state's office. Today the society is domiciled in the south wing of the capitol, two floors being devoted to its now famous library, and another—partitioned into three halls—to its growing museum of ethnology, archaeology, and history, and its historical portrait gallery, in which are displayed oil portraits of over 200 distinguished Wisconsin pioneers and Indian chiefs. Its collection of relics of the War of Secession is large and interesting. About 50,000

persons visit the museum and portrait gallery annually, while the library attracts scholars and specialists from all parts of the union.

The library accessions number some 7,500 books and pamphlets per year. At present the shelves contain about 185,000 books and pamphlets, covering every department of American history, as well as taking a general sweep of English and continental history, and scientific development. The library is also particularly strong in genealogy, bound newspaper files, Shakespeariana, and sets of the periodicals indexed in "Poole." It has a notable collection of works by Wisconsin authors. Its collection of bound manuscripts number over 600 stout folio volumes, covering the frontier history of the Mississippi basin; and in Western history generally, no other library approaches this. It is of particular value as an aid to the students of the State University, who daily throng the reading rooms and deem the ample facilities for original research there given them, as one of the most important advantages of student life at the capital.

This flourishing institution ranks third in importance among American historical societies, and certainly it is the most important west of the Alleghanies; indeed, it is recognized in some respects by experts, as the most active and enterprising of them all. It has done and is doing a noble work for Wisconsin — indeed for the entire west — by resurrecting and perpetuating the records of our development in its volumes of Wisconsin Historical Collections, thirteen in number, which contain practically all the materials now obtainable for the varied and romantic history of our commonwealth; by collecting and keeping up, abreast of the times, a library of Americana, which as to size and scope has but two rivals in this country, Harvard College and New York State Library, and they on the Atlantic slope; and by maintaining a museum and a portrait gallery which are of growing interest and educational value to the citizens of the state. The several publications of the society take high rank among men of letters everywhere, and are eagerly sought for by students of American history.

The society receives an annual appropriation of \$5,000, on condition that the sum shall be expended for the purposes of the society, and that the society shall hold all its present and future collections and property for the state, and shall not sell, mortgage, or dispose of, or remove from the capitol its collections without authority from the legislature; provided, that duplicates may be sold or exchanged for the benefit of the society. In addition to this annual appropriation, the officers of the society have collected, after twenty-two years of persistent efforts, by means of individual bequests, donations and membership dues, a binding fund of some \$27,000. An antiquarian fund is also well under way, to be devoted in due time to original historical investigation, or the purchase of rare manuscripts or other historic relics within the limits of the state. The Draper fund consisting of some \$6,000 worth of property, willed to the society by Dr. Draper, has just been established; its income will be devoted to indexing and publishing the Draper Collection of early western manuscripts. Other special funds, particularly one for the purchase of accessions for the museum, are immediate needs.

A beautiful new fire-proof building is now being built at Madison for the society, by the State, in accordance with chapter 298 of the laws of 1895. It is to cost about \$200,000, is of Buff Bedford Indiana limestone, and promises to be one of the finest buildings owned by the State. The society expects to move into its new quarters during the spring of 1899.

WISCONSIN STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

President	S. D. Hubbard.....	Mondovi.
Ex-President.....	A. C. Parkinson.....	Madison.
Secretary	T. J. Fleming	North Greenfield.
Assistant Secretary	Arthur Babbitt.....	Madison.
Treasurer	M. R. Doyon	Madison.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

C. Babbitt	Beloit.
R. C. Vernon	Madison.
G. G. Cox	Mineral Point.
John F. Burnham	Milwaukee.
E. M. Anderson	Hartford.
C. E. Angell	Oshkosh.
A. J. Phillips.....	West Salem.
C. G. Wilcox	De Pere.
Isaac Stephenson.....	Marinette.
Geo. Martin.....	Hudson.

ADDITIONAL MEMBERS.

E. B. Heimstreet	Janesville.
Geo. Wylie.....	Leeds.
P. J. Sommers	Milwaukee.
W. A. Jones	Oconomowoc.
W. A. Jones	Mineral Point.
A. L. Yannaman.....	Milwaukee.
G. T. Hodges.....	Monroe.
Alex. Galbraith.....	Janesville.
C. M. Clark.....	Whitewater.
M. F. Barteau.....	Appleton.

The society was organized March 8th, 1851, and held a state fair at Janesville in October of the same year. A state fair has been conducted annually by the society since that date, with the exception of three years, '61 to '63. Up to and including 1890 the state fair was held at Watertown once, at Fond du Lac twice, at Janesville six times, at Madison eleven times and at Milwaukee seventeen times.

In 1891 the location of the state fair was permanently fixed at Milwaukee.

The grounds consist of 140 acres of land admirably adapted to the purpose to which they are dedicated.

An excellent one-mile track, fine grand stand, convenient and substantial exhibition buildings and a system of water works supplied from a flowing spring upon the grounds have been added and the Wisconsin State Agricultural Society has now the basis of one of the best equipped state fair parks in the country.

Annual conventions for the discussion of farm topics are held by the society at the capitol in Madison during the first week in February, the proceedings being published in the annual reports of the society.

The society's rooms are in the north side of the west wing of the capitol.

STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

L. G. Kellogg	Ripon	President.
Charles Hirschinger.....	Baraboo	Vice-President.
A. J. Phillips	West Salem	Secretary.
R. J. Coe	Fort Atkinson	Treasurer.
John L. Herbst	Sparta.....	Cor. Secretary.

WISCONSIN DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

Gen. G. W. Burchard.....	Fort Atkinson.....	President.
D. W. Curtis.....	Fort Atkinson.....	Secretary.
H. K. Loomis.....	Sheboygan Falls.....	Treasurer.

Executive Committee—Chester Hazen, Fond du Lac county; Stephen Faville, Dane county; H. C. Adams, Dane county; Prof. W. A. Henry, Dane county; W. D. Hoard, Jefferson county; O. H. Everett, Rock county,

HOLSTEIN FRIESIAN BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION OF WISCONSIN.

(Incorporated February 15, 1892.)

J. Rust.....	North Greenfield.....	President.
Fred. E. Harriman.....	Appleton.....	Secretary.
Fred. Ziegler.....	Apple Creek.....	Treasurer.

WISCONSIN SHORT-HORN BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

Weo. Wylie.....	Leeds.....	President.
J. C. Kiser.....	Oregon.....	Vice-President.
R. A. Morley.....	Baraboo.....	Vice-President.
H. B. Drake.....	Beaver Dam.....	Secretary and Treasurer.
Additional Members of Executive Board—A. A. Arnold, Galesville; John B. Kayser, Oregon; David Robertson, Morrisonville.		

WISCONSIN JERSEY BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

George E. Bryant.....	Madison.....	President.
E. F. Riley.....	Madison.....	Treasurer.
H. C. Taylor.....	Orfordville.....	Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

One year — F. D. Hinkley, J. M. Smith, H. A. Philips.
 Two years — H. D. Hilt, H. Sanford, H. C. Adams.
 Three years — C. D. Miller, C. Snashall, H. Harnden.

WISCONSIN SWINE BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

George Wylie.....	Leeds.....	President.
H. P. West.....	Fayetteville.....	Secretary.
H. F. Palmer.....	Springfield.....	Treasurer.

WISCONSIN SHEEP BREEDERS' AND WOOL GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

J. N. Crawford.....	Mukwonago.....	President.
Andrew Kull.....	Lake Geneva.....	Vice-President.
H. J. Wilkinson.....	Whitewater.....	Secretary.
C. R. Gibbs.....	Whitewater.....	Secretary.
W. H. Hardy.....	Genesee.....	Treasurer.

WISCONSIN FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

W. E. Fay.....	Star Prairie	President.
Geo. E. Stowe.....	Ironton.....	Vice-President.
Wm. Toole	Baraboo	Secretary.
Le Grande Lappitt	Baraboo	Treasurer.

WISCONSIN STATE GRANGE.

H. E. Huxley	Neenah.....	Worthy Master.
A. C. Powers.....	Beloit.....	Secretary.
Executive Committee—S. C. Carr, one year; W. H. Doane, two years; W. Churchill, three years.		

STATE FORESTRY ASSOCIATION

B. S. Hoxie.....	.....	President.
C. A. Hutchins.....	Beloit.....	Vice-President.
L. S. Cheney.....	Madison.....	Treasurer.
L. S. Cheney.....	Madison.....	Secretary.
Other members of executive committee—H. C. Putnam, Eau Claire; J. H. Stout, Menomonie; H. O. Kruschke, Auroraville.		

WISCONSIN BEE-KEEPERS' ASSOCIATION.

Frank Wilcox.....	Mauston.....	President.
J. J. Orhuer.....	Prairie du Sac.....	Vice President.
N. E. France.....	Platteville.....	Secretary.
H. Lathrop.....	Brownsville.....	Treasurer.

FARMERS' ALLIANCE AND INDUSTRIAL UNION OF WISCONSIN.

C. M. Butt.....	Viroqua.....	President.
John Stavrum	Falls City.....	Vice-President.
W. Z. Donaghue.....	Star Prairie.....	Secretary and Treasurer.

WISCONSIN CHEESE-MAKERS' ASSOCIATION.

J. K. Powell.....	New Lisbon.....	President.
John Carswell.....	Lone Rock.....	Vice-President.
U. S. Baer.....	Madison.....	Secretary.
Thomas Johnson.....	Boaz	Treasurer.

WISCONSIN AUXILIARY OF THE NATIONAL DAIRY UNION.

W. D. Hoard.....	Fort Atkinson.....	President.
John W. Decker	Madison.....	Secretary.
A. C. Van Elston.....	Muscoda.....	Treasurer.

WISCONSIN FAIR MANAGERS' ASSOCIATION.

This association was formed in 1894. Its membership consists of the officers of the various fairs held in Wisconsin. Its object is the improvement of management of fairs. An annual convention is held each year and the proceedings of the same are published. In 1897 the convention was held in Madison and in 1898 will be held in the same city. In 1894 and 1895 the annual conventions were held in Milwaukee.

John M. True.....	Baraboo	President.
Arthur Babbitt	Madison	Secretary and Treasurer.

Additional members of the Board:

Kennedy Scott .....	.....	Rio.
Jesse R. Sharp.....	.....	Chippewa Falls.
M. F. Barteau .....	.....	Appleton.
Geo. L. Harrington.....	.....	Elkhorn.

WISCONSIN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

F. A. Hutchins.....	Baraboo	President.
Miss L. Sutermeister.....	Eau Claire.....	Vice President.
Miss L. E. Stearns	Milwaukee.....	Sec'y and Treas.

The officers constitute the executive committee.

WISCONSIN TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS FOR 1897.

President—W. J. Brier, River Falls.

Secretary—G. L. Bowman, Superior.

Treasurer—J. F. Sims, Onalaska.

Vice-Presidents—R. H. Halsey, Oshkosh; H. A. Simonds, Stevens Point; Matilda E. Reul Baraboo.

Members of the Executive Committee—R. B. Dudgeon, Madison; Margaret Hosford, Whitewater; D. D. Mayne, Janesville; County Superintendent David Throne, Rock county; C. D. Kipp, Elkhorn.

This association was organized in 1853, and incorporated by legislative enactment in 1855. Its purpose is the mutual improvement of its members and the promotion of popular education throughout the state.

Since its organization this association has held forty-two annual, and since 1867, twenty-four semi-annual sessions. The annual sessions were held in July at a place determined upon by a committee of the association, and the executive sessions in December, at the state capital.

In 1889 the plan of holding two sessions was abandoned, and the time of the regular sessions was changed to December. The object of this change was to encourage the formation of section meetings. This change has resulted in the organization of four auxiliary State Teachers' Associations—a Southeastern, a Southwestern, a Northeastern and Northwestern, which associations now hold annual meetings in their respective sections of the state.

The State University, the normal schools, and the various colleges of the state, are largely represented in the work of the association by the members of their faculties. A considerable number of city and county superintendents, as well as high school and graded school teachers, are actively identified with it.

The membership fees are one dollar per annum for gentlemen, and fifty cents for ladies.

Though entirely non-partisan, the association has exercised much influence in shaping state legislation upon educational matters. Its deliberations consist mainly in the discussion of practical questions relating to school organization and management and methods of instruction. Some of the papers read before the association are published in the Wisconsin Journal of Education, which is the joint organ of the association and of the state department of public instruction. The Journal was originally edited under the direction of the association by a committee and editor directed to perform that duty. Subsequently it was published and edited by the state superintendent and his assistant. In the year 1885 the ownership of the Journal was transferred to the association, and it was placed under the editorial and business management of Dr. J. W. Stearns, professor of philosophy and pedagogy in the State University. In 1891 the Midland School Journal, published in Madison, was combined with the Wisconsin Journal of Education, which is now controlled and edited by J. W. Stearns and A. O. Wright. By the state law "each school district clerk and each town clerk or secretary of a town board of directors, may subscribe annually for one copy of the Wisconsin Journal of Education to be paid for by the district or town respectively, out of the school money."

WISCONSIN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

PRESIDENT.

C. W. Bowron.....Oshkosh Northwestern.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

Edwin Hurlbut.....Oconomowoc Free Press.
 E. T. Wheelock.....Wausau Record.
 W. J. Showers.....Onalaska Record,
 H. W. Meyer.....Appleton Volksfreund.
 A. S. Hearn.....Dodgeville Chronicle.
 J. E. Jones.....Washburn Times.
 H. L. Hoard.....Fort Atkinson Union.
 John C. Gregory.....Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin.
 W. W. Clark.....Milton Telephone.
 C. J. Augustin.....Menasha Press.

SECRETARY.

O. F. Roessler.....Jefferson Banner

ASSISTANT SECRETARY.

Mrs. Julia L. C. Osborne.....La Crosse Chronicle.

TREASURER.

Mrs. Flora Beall Ginty.....Chippewa Falls Herald.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John Hicks.....Oshkosh Northwestern.
 John Nagle.....Manitowoc Pilot.
 Andrew Ryan.....Shell Lake Register.
 W. L. Osborne.....La Crosse Chronicle.
 H. D. Hanson.....Oregon Observer.

WISCONSIN ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, ARTS AND LETTERS.

PRESIDENT.

Charles Dwight Marsh, A. M.....Ripon.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

Frederick Jackson Turner, Ph. D.....Madison.
 Edward Dwight Eaton, LL. D.....Beloit.
 Harriet Bell Merrill, M. S.....Milwaukee.

SECRETARY.

Albert Stowell Flint, A. M.....No. 515 Lake St., Madison.

TREASURER.

Lellen Sterling Cheney, M. S.....Madison.

LIBRARIAN.

William Stanley Marshall, Ph. D.....Madison.

CURATOR.

Herman Frederick Lueders, B. S.....Sauk City.

STATE FREE LIBRARY COMMISSION.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Term expires.</i>
Frank A. Hutchins	Baraboo	1899.
Lutie E. Stearns	Milwaukee	1900.
Charles K. Adams	Madison	Ex-officio.
John Q. Emery	Albion	Ex-officio.
Reuben G. Thwaites	Madison	Ex-officio.

Chapter 314, laws of 1895, provided for the establishment of the Wisconsin Free Library Commission, whose duty it is "to give advice and counsel to all free libraries in the state, and to all communities which may propose to establish them, as to the best means of establishing and administering such libraries, the selection of books, cataloguing, and other details of library management. The commission may also send its members to aid in organizing new libraries or in improving those already established."

The Commission consists of five members, three *ex-officio* and two appointed by the governor. The *ex-officio* members are: President Charles K. Adams, of the State University, State Superintendent John Q. Emery, and Secretary Reuben G. Thwaites, of the State Historical Society; the members appointed are: Miss Lutie E. Stearns, of the Milwaukee Public Library, and Frank A. Hutchins, of Baraboo. Mr. Hutchins is chairman, and Miss Stearns, secretary.

The commission is not only willing but anxious to promote the free public library interests of Wisconsin, and will welcome opportunities to give personal counsel and aid. It also invites information and suggestions from all friends of such libraries. The commission especially requests the active coöperation of the teachers of the state, to the end that a close alliance may be formed by which the public libraries and the public schools may work unitedly in the general cause of education. The commission is at present actively engaged in fostering free traveling libraries. By the generosity of State Senator J. H. Stout, thirty such libraries are now in circulation in Dunn county; a similar number in Wood county have been placed in the field by J. D. Witter, of Grand Rapids; and associations at Ashland, Eau Claire, and other centers, are organizing similar movements under the direction of the commission.

Following is a list of the free circulating libraries in the state. In addition to those, Wisconsin has other library facilities: the great reference library belonging to the state, but managed by the State Historical Society, at Madison (185,000 volumes) the largest historical collection west of the Alleghanies, 30,000 volumes in the state law library; 31,433 volumes in association libraries; 226,534 volumes in the libraries of the several universities, colleges, and academies; 314,870 volumes in school-district and township libraries; 11,997 volumes in the several state and charitable and penal institutions; and 1,050 volumes in the free traveling libraries. Altogether, 1,055,529 volumes are available for consultation, in public or sem-public collections. The first biennial report of the commission, recently issued, gives detailed statistics, and a resumé of the library conditions and prospects in Wisconsin.

FREE CIRCULATING LIBRARIES.

Name of Library.	City or village.	Pop-ulation.	Number of volumes.
Vaughn	Ashland	12,310	3,500
Bayfield Public	Bayfield	1,388	1,300
Williams Free	Beaver Dam	5,042	5,564
Belleuille Free	Belleuille	400	1,495
Beloit Public	Beloit	7,786	1,554
Berlin Public	Berlin	4,279	1,600
Black River Falls Public	Black River Falls	2,068	1,600
Brodhead Free	Brodhead	1,717	700
Chippewa Falls Public	Chippewa Falls	9,196	3,045
De Pere Public	De Pere	4,292	1,700
Eau Claire Public	Eau Claire	18,637	6,000
Fond du Lac Free Public	Fond du Lac	13,051	14,640
Fort Atkinson Public	Fort Atkinson	2,815	1,571
T. B. Scott Free Public	Grand Rapids	2,043	2,759
Green Bay Public	Green Bay	18,280	4,700
Hayward Free	Hayward	3,741	2,000
Janesville Free Public	Janesville	12,971	10,000
Kenosha Public	Kenosha	8,182	2,000
La Crosse Public	La Crosse	28,769	13,000
Madison Free	Madison	15,950	14,393
Marinette Public	Marinette	15,286	3,800
Menasha Free Public	Menasha	6,154	829
Memorial Free	Menomonie	6,198	6,121
Menomonie City	Menomonie	6,198	3,413
T. B. Scott Free	Merrill	8,607	6,630
Milwaukee Public	Milwaukee	249,290	89,223
Mineral Point Free	Mineral Point	3,136	1,650
Monroe Public	Monroe	3,843	3,533
Neenah Public	Neenah	5,781	5,600
Oconomowoc Public	Oconomowoc	3,178	1,806
Oshkosh Public	Oshkosh	26,947	3,000
Rice Lake Public*	Rice Lake	3,162	.....
Sheboygan Public	Sheboygan	21,130	5,150
Sparta Free	Sparta	3,511	3,348
Joseph Mann Public	Two Rivers	3,593	1,700
Washburn Free Public	Washburn	5,178	2,000
Harwood Public	Wauwatosa	2,755	2,500
Superior Public	West Superior	26,168	9,955
Total .....	.....	.....	240,394

* Recently organized; no report.

WISCONSIN NATIONAL GUARD. COMMANDER IN CHIEF AND STAFF.

Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Appointed.
Commander-in-Chief	Governor	Edward Scofield.....	Oconto	Jan. 4, 1897
Adjutant and Inspector General.....	Brig. Gen....	Chas. R. Boardman.	Oshkosh	Jan. 4, 1897
Asst. Adjutant General.....	Colonel	Worthie H. Patton..	Oshkosh	Jan. 7, 1895
Asst. Inspector General.....	Colonel	William L. Buck....	Madison	Apr. 2, 1894
Surgeon General.....	Brig. Gen....	Frederick W. Byers.	Monroe.....	Jan. 7, 1895
Quartermaster and Commissary Gen'l.	Brig. Gen....	Oscar B. Zwietusch.	Milwaukee..	Jan. 4, 1897
Asst. Quartermaster General.....	Colonel	Allan F. Caldwell....	Whitewater..	Jan. 7, 1895
Asst. Quartermaster Gen. Insp. of Small Arms Practice.....	Major.....	Charles R. Williams	Milwaukee..	June 1, 1893
Military Secretary.....	Colonel	George Graham.....	Tomah	Jan. 7, 1895
Acting Judge Advocate General.....	Colonel	Wm. J. Anderson ...	Milwaukee..	Jan. 7, 1895
Acting Paymaster General.....	Colonel	Andrew L. Kruetzer.	Wausau.....	Jan. 4, 1897
Acting Engineer in Chief.....	Colonel	Moses R. Doyon.....	Madison	Jan. 7, 1895
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	Harry S. Fuller	Milwaukee..	Jan. 7, 1895
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	Wm. J. Boyle.....	Milwaukee..	Jan. 31, 1893
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	Wm. C. Brumder.....	Milwaukee..	Jan. 7, 1895
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	S. W. Hollister	Oshkosh	May 24, 1895
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	Hoyt A. Winslow....	Fond du Lac	Jan. 29, 1896
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	Arthur C. Keyes.....	New London.	Feb. 17, 1896
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	George D. Breed	Chilton	Apr. 16, 1896
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	Wm. C. Ginty.....	Chippewa Fls	Jan. 4, 1897
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	Wm. K. Coffin	Eau Claire ..	Jan. 4, 1897
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	Simon J. Murphy, Jr	Green Bay ..	Jan. 4, 1897
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	Harry H. Coleman..	Milwaukee..	Jan. 4, 1897
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	Wm. A. Brown	Marinette....	Jan. 4, 1897
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	I. W. Stephenson ..	Marinette....	Jan. 4, 1897
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	Wm. H. Young.....	Oconto	Jan. 4, 1897
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	Geo. A. Whiting	Neanah	Jan. 4, 1897
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	George W. Wing	Kewaunee....	Jan. 4, 1897
Aide-de-Camp.....	Colonel	John C. W. Frooks..	Madison,....	Jan. 4, 1897

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Appointed.
Surgeon General.....	Brig. Gen....	Frederick W. Byers.	Monroe	Jan. 7, 1895
Surgeon, 2d Regt....	Major	Frederick J. Wilkie.	Oshkosh.....	Apr. 19, 1892
Surgeon, 3d Regt....	Major	John B. Edwards....	Mauston	Nov. 17, 1894
Surgeon, 4th Regt....	Major	Harry E. Bradley....	Milwaukee....	July 2, 1899
Surgeon, 1st Regt....	Major	Theodore W. Evans..	Madison	Jan. 7, 1895
Assistant Surgeon, 3d Regt.....	Captain.....	Edward H. Grannis..	Menomonie ..	Oct. 21, 1885
Assistant Surgeon, 2d Regt.....	Captain.....	Frank C. Moulding..	Watertown ..	June 11, 1887
Assistant Surgeon, 1st Regt.....	Captain.....	Jos. B. Whiting, Jr..	Janesville....	Feb. 23, 1889
Assistant Surgeon, 2d Regt.....	Captain.....	Horace E. Mann	Marinette....	Aug. 26, 1890
Assistant Surgeon, 2d Regt.....	Captain.....	A. Judson Morse	Chilton	May 2, 1892
Assistant Surgeon, 4th Regt.....	Captain.....	John R. McDill.....	Milwaukee....	Jan. 6, 1893
Assistant Surgeon, Bat. A, 1st L. Art	Captain.....	Ralph Chandler.....	Milwaukee....	June 29, 1893
Assistant Surgeon, 3d Regt.....	Captain.....	Charles F. King	Hudson	July 1, 1893
Assistant Surgeon, 4th Regt.....	Captain.....	Gilbert E. Seaman ..	Milwaukee....	July 1, 1893
Assistant Surgeon, Troop A, 1st Cav.	Captain.....	Wm. J. Cronyn	Milwaukee....	Jan. 23, 1895
Assistant Surgeon, 3d Regt.....	Captain.....	Irving E. Lacey.....	Neillsville....	Jan. 24, 1895
Assistant Surgeon, 1st Regt.....	Captain.....	Chas. H. Carey.....	Darlington ..	Feb. 23, 1895

REGIMENTAL FIELD AND STAFF OFFICERS.***First Regiment of Infantry.***

(Organized by General Orders No. 25, April 26, 1882. Headquarters, Monroe.)

First Battalion, Major Joachim, Commanding, Companies "B," "C," "F" and "G."

Second Battalion, Major Stearns, Commanding, Companies "A," "D," "E" and "H."

Colonel	Samuel P. Schadel.....	Monroe	Jan.	7, 1895.
Lieutenant Colonel	Charles S. Young.....	Monroe	Jan.	7, 1895.
Major.....	George H. Joachim	Madison	May	19, 1893.
Major.....	Daniel A. Stearns	Monroe	June	27, 1893.
Adjutant—Captain.....	Oscar R. Olson	Monroe	Feb.	28, 1893.
Quartermaster—Captain, ..	George M. Neckerman	Madison	Jan.	9, 1893.
Ins. Small Arms Pr.—Cap- tain	James Gibson	Janesville ...	Jan.	20, 1893.
Chaplain—Captain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Battalion Adjutant, 1st Lieutenant.....	Eugene C. Rowley.....	Madison	July	19, 1895.
Battalion Adjutant, 1st Lieutenant.....	Edwin M. Thorpe ...	Madison	May	25, 1896.

Second Regiment of Infantry.

(Organized by General Orders No. 25, April 26, 1882. Headquarters, Sheboygan.)

First Battalion, Major Morgan, Commanding, Companies "A," "B," "C" and "D."

Second Battalion, Major Hunter, Commanding, Companies "E," "F," "G" and "H."

Third Battalion, Major Gruetzmacher, Commanding, Companies "I," "K," "L" and "M."

Colonel	Charles A. Born.....	Sheboygan....	Jan.	7, 1895.
Lieutenant Colonel.....	Albert Solliday.....	Watertown ...	Jan.	7, 1895.
Major	Charles J. Hunter.....	Fond du Lac..	Feb.	24, 1892.
Major.....	Nathan E. Morgan.....	Appleton.....	Jan.	7, 1895.
Major.....	Frank W. Gruetzmacher....	Ripon.....	Jan.	4, 1897.
Adjutant—Captain.....	Charles A. Green.....	Appleton.....	Jan.	16, 1893.
Quartermaster—Captain...	Julius A. Nemitz.....	Oshkosh	Nov.	10, 1891.
Insp. of Small Arms Pr.— Captain.....	Gordon H. McNeel.....	Fond du Lac..	Apr.	30, 1887.
Chaplain—Captain	Edward H. Smith.....	Oshkosh.....	July	27, 1892.
Battalion Adjutant, 1st Lieutenant	Samuel H. Longdin	Fond du Lac..	Apr.	5, 1892.
Battalion Adjutant, 1st Lieutenant	Gustave Disch.....	Marinette....	July	19, 1895.
Battalion Adjutant, 1st Lieutenant	Ulrich Moeckli	Sheboygan....	Apr.	7, 1896.

Third Regiment of Infantry.

(Organized by General Orders No. 10, April 30, 1883. Headquarters, La Crosse.)

First Battalion, Major George, Commanding, Companies "C," "E," "H" and "I."

Second Battalion, Major Kirchels, Commanding, Companies "B," "L," "K" and "M."

Third Battalion, Major Carnegie, Commanding, Companies "A," "D," "F" and "G."

Colonel	Martin T. Moore	La Crosse.....	June	11, 1883
Lieutenant Colonel	Benjamin F. Parker	Milwaukee.....	June	11, 1883
Major	Thomas J. George.....	Vanceburg.....	June	11, 1883
Major	Julius E. Kirchels	La Crosse.....	May	26, 1892
Major	George C. Carnegie	Portage	Sept.	3, 1895
Adjutant—Captain	Orlando Holway	La Crosse.....	May	4, 1889
Quartermaster—Captain...	George A. Ludington	Neillsville	Apr.	15, 1885
Insp. of Small Arms Pr.—				
Captain	William A. Grimmer.....	Mauston.....	Mar.	14, 1891
Chaplain—Captain.....	Edmund W. Trimm.....	Sparta	Jan.	24, 1895
Battalion Adjutant, 1st				
Lieutenant	Louis Schalle	Tomah	Jan.	19, 1886
Battalion Adjutant, 1st				
Lieutenant	Henry W. Klopf.....	Neillsville	May	22, 1891
Battalion Adjutant, 1st				
Lieutenant	Edwin B. Farr	Eau Claire.....	Apr.	11, 1886

Fourth Regiment of Infantry.

(Organized by General Orders No. 6, April 25, 1884. Headquarters, Milwaukee.)

First Battalion, Major Shea, Commanding, Companies "B," "C," "D" and "H."

Second Battalion, Major Lynch, Commanding, Companies "A," "E," "F" and "G."

Colonel	Albert Bleuel.....	Milwaukee.....	Jan.	8, 1894
Lieutenant Colonel.....	Horace M. Seaman.....	Milwaukee.....	Jan.	8, 1894
Major	Edward Shea.....	Milwaukee.....	Jan.	7, 1895
Major.....	John J. Lynch.....	Milwaukee.....	Oct.	2, 1896
Adjutant—Captain.....	Abraham B. Cambier.....	Milwaukee.....	Nov.	1, 1892
Quartermaster—Captain...	Gustave G. Pabst.....	Milwaukee.....	Feb.	13, 1895
Inspector of Small Arms				
Practice—Captain.....	T. K. Birkhaeuser.....	Milwaukee.....	Dec.	29, 1892
Chaplain—Captain.....	George W. Lamb.....	Menasha.....	July	11, 1890
Battalion Adjutant—1st				
Lieutenant.....	Frank A. Sullivan.....	Milwaukee.....	Dec.	22, 1890
Battalion Adjutant—1st				
Lieutenant.....	Martin Anderson.....	Milwaukee.....	Dec.	29, 1892

Troop "A," 1st Cavalry.

Organized April 27, 1880. Station, Milwaukee.

Captain.....	William J. Grant.....	Milwaukee....	Feb.	4, 1895
First Lieutenant	William H. Halsey.....	Milwaukee....	Nov.	10, 1893
Second Lieutenant	Robert W. Mueller.....	Milwaukee....	Dec.	27, 1894

Battery "A," 1st Light Artillery.

Organized May 11, 1885. Station, Milwaukee.

Captain	Benjamin H. Dally.....	Milwaukee....	Dec.	1, 1895
First Lieutenant.....	Adolph S. Hosch.....	Milwaukee....	Dec.	1, 1895
First Lieutenant.....	Geo. C. Simpson.....	Milwaukee....	Mar.	31, 1896
Second Lieutenant.....	Charles F. Ludington.....	Milwaukee....	April	13, 1896

COMPANIES AND COMPANY OFFICERS.

First Regiment of Infantry.

Co.	Organized.	Location.	Strength Jan. 1, 1897.	Captains.	First Lieutenants.	Second Lieutenants.
A	August 5, 1878.	Janesville.	55	Charles L. Hanson.	Henry F. Baldwin.	Frank C. Blood.
B	April 25, 1839.	Fort Atkinson.	43	Robert C. Rundard.	Fred Chazier.	August W. Holman.
C	July 7, 1877.	Whitewater.	50	Edward E. Persons.	Wm. H. Hann.	Edmund T. Webster.
D	July 8, 1881.	Darlington.	56	Edward E. Buche.	George P. Oates.	Daniel H. Flanigan.
E	August 31, 1877.	Beloit.	53	Tenn J. Rogers.	Charles P. Hanes.	Charles W. Steele.
F	August 31, 1881.	Madison.	57	Clinton C. Ward.	Warren C. Clemons.	Walter C. Carlson.
G	March 24, 1881.	Monroe.	60	Henry W. Quentmeyer.	Henry C. Baker.	John P. Joachim.
H	March 30, 1882.	Monroe.	64	Fred. F. West.	Mathias C. Durst.	Fred. W. Buehler.

Second Regiment of Infantry.

A	September 25, 1889	Marshfield	51	Anton C. Martin	Peter A. Prescott	Isaac B. Spencer.
B	March 25, 1876	Oshkosh	53	Walter A. Marden	Henry Triver	Geo. O. Sanders.
C	November 4, 1877	Sheboygan	60	Richard C. Goldschmidt.	Charles Videmet	Herman E. Olson.
D	March 28, 1879	Ripon	66	Charles P. Stivers	Chas. C. Barnes	James E. Beckan.
E	April 7, 1880	Fond du Lac	64	Edwin G. Markle	Charles H. Tripp	Edwin C. Plagay.
F	April 8, 1880	Oshkosh	57	Lysess G. Carl.	Henry L. Lee	Godfrey Fritz.
G	October 27, 1881	Appleton.	55	High E. Oeroy	Marcel S. Penaboom	Wm. H. Ziehlke.
H	December 28, 1881	Manitowoc	59	William A. Greene	Charles A. Groffman	Alfred N. Knudson.
I	May 1, 1889	Marquette.	54	Wallace P. Greene	Joshua Hodgins	Leander E. Brown.
K	October 4, 1880	Beaver Dam	53	Philip Zink	Wm. Beader	Arthur Tibbits.
L	September 24, 1889	Ashland.	57	Horace P. Padley	Elmer E. Tennant.	James McCully.
M	May 2, 1889	Oconto	61	Wilbur M. Lee		Albert J. Cummings.

Third Regiment of Infantry.

A	May 15, 1875.	Neillsville	63	John W. Hommel.	Wm. J. Brewster.	Ole A. Jackson.
B	August 1, 1873	La Crosse.	63	Fred. Schultz.	John Strehl.	Otto E. Kanard.
C	June 18, 1887	Hudson.	64	Andrew J. Kinney	Hiram E. Nye.	Earl S. Ross.
D	October 11, 1875	Mauston	56	John Turner	Wm. G. Beebe	Wesley O. Smith.
E	April 20, 1888	Eau Claire	55	Joseph M. Ballard	Thos. P. Cochran.	Fred. J. Hanley.
F	June 23, 1877	Portage	61	Hal S. Rockwood	Frank T. Lee	Robert O. Kumerow.
G	December 30, 1882	Wausau.	55	Herman J. Abraham	Frederick R. Becker.	

		<i>Fourth Regiment of Infantry.</i>			
H	January 16, 1877.....	Menominee.....	49	John C. Olmstead.....	John W. Macintev.....
I	November 29, 1865.....	West Superior.....	67	Harry W. Newton.....	Ogden H. Hammond.....
K	May 28, 1884.....	Tonah.....	63	Randolph A. Richards.....	Winnie W. Warren.....
L	July 15, 1886.....	Sparta.....	64	Robert B. McCoy.....	Frank L. French.....
M	December 28, 1882.....	La Crosse.....	65	Luther H. Peck.....	Eugene H. Chamberlain.....
<i>Fourth Regiment of Infantry.</i>					
A.	January 23, 1869.....	Milwaukee.....	60	John F. Manion.....	Thomas J. Sullivan.....
B.	August 24, 1877.....	Milwaukee.....	58	Thaddeus Wild.....	Casimir Gonski.....
C.	June 20, 1879.....	Milwaukee.....	47	Conrad C. Ueber.....	Charles Schultz.....
D.	May 17, 1881.....	Milwaukee.....	47	Andrew J. Kluppak.....	J. Peter Immekus.....
E.	October 24, 1886.....	Milwaukee.....	43	Boward Greene.....	Fred P. Cook.....
F.	April 28, 1888.....	Milwaukee.....	43	Samuel H. Vowell.....	Joseph W. Brown.....
G.	April 30, 1889.....	Milwaukee.....	57	Thomas H. Neville.....	Clarence Christenson.....
H.	December 28, 1884.....	Milwaukee.....	35	Charles J. Geisbush.....	William H. Halsey.....
Troop A, 1st Cavalry.....			35	William J. Grant.....	Robert W. Mueller.....
Battery A, 1st Lt. Artillery.....			60	Benjamin H. Dally.....	Charles F. Ludington.....
General Staff.....			28		
Medical Staff.....			16		
Field and Staff Officers.....			43		
Musicians.....			96		
Total strength of Militia.....			2,564		

OFFICERS OF AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES IN WISCONSIN.

The location of the fair is in every case (except where otherwise noted) the same as secretary's address.

COUNTIES.	Name of Society.	President.	Secretary.	Postoffice address of Secretary.	Treasurer.
Adams.....	Adams County Agricultural Society.....	S. W. Pierce.....	Frank McConick.....	Friendship.....	G. W. Waterman.
Ashland.....	Ashland County Agricultural Society.....	John J. McGeehan.....	R. F. Spencer.....	Ashland.....	John A. Watson.
Barren.....	Barren County Agricultural Society.....	W. W. Flinn.....	Jos. E. Cartright ..	Chetek.....	W. A. Kent.
Bayfield.....	Cumberland Agricultural and Driving Park Association.....	S. H. Waterman.....	H. S. Comstock.....	Cumberland.....	H. L. Williams.
Brown.....	*Bayfield County Agricultural Society.....	K. G. Staples.....	Byron Ripley.....	Iron River.....	A. A. Hobbie.
Buffalo.....	*Brown County Fair and Park Association.....	H. Hagemeister.....	D. W. Flatley.....	Green Bay.....	H. B. Baker.
Burnett.....	Buffalo County Agricultural Society.....	M. Hurlbut.....	H. Brown.....	*Modena.....	Mondovi.
Calumet.....	Burnett County Agricultural Society.....	Peter Anderson.....	And. A. Anderson.....	Grantsburg.....	Canute Olson.
Chippewa.....	Calumet County Agricultural Society.....	Tjork Oesan.....	L. D. Dorschel.....	Chilton.....	Winfield S. Lloyd.
	Chippewa County Agricultural Society.....	Alex. McLaren.....	Jesse R. Sharp.....	Chippewa Falls.....	C. A. Hayes.
	Northwestern Wisconsin Agricultural and Industrial Society.....	James H. Agen.....	Jesse R. Sharp.....	Chippewa Falls.....	F. W. Jenkins.
Clark.....	Clark County Agricultural Society.....	Joseph Gibson.....	S. E. Hutchings.....	Neillsville.....	G. L. Redmond.
Columbia.....	Columbia County Agricultural Society.....	George Bain.....	Kennedy Scott.....	Trico.....	J. M. Bushnell.
	Lodi Union Agricultural Society.....	Robert Steele.....	A. H. Hinder.....	Lodi.....	A. E. Reynolds.
Crawford.....	Crawford County Agricultural Society.....	J. W. McCullick.....	Fergus Mills.....	Seneca.....	Charles Mitchell.
Dane.....	Dane County Agricultural Society.....	S. L. Sheldon.....	Carl Subr.....	Madison.....	Daniel Bechtel.
Dodge.....	Dodge County Fair Association.....	D. Dickinson.....	C. W. Harvey.....	Beaver Dam.....	H. B. Drake.
Douglas.....	Douglas County Agricultural Society.....	James H. Agen.....	Fred. M. Williams.....	West Superior.....	Harry Rogers.
Dunn.....	Dunn County Agricultural Society.....	Henry Miller.....	George Galloway.....	Menomonee.....	J. B. Chickering.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire County Agricultural Society.....	S. D. Smith.....	A. G. Cox.....	Augusta.....	Obadian Works.
Fond du Lac.....	*Kite Park Fair Association.....	Alfred Smith.....	S. W. McKenna.....	Fond du Lac.....	W. W. Waite.
Forest.....	Forest County Agricultural Society.....	Delas Abrams.....	Samuel Shaw.....	Crandon.....	W. J. McCoy.
Grant.....	Grant County Agricultural Society.....	L. B. Ruka.....	T. A. Burr.....	Lancaster.....	
	Boscobel Agricultural and Driving Park Association.....	William Rogers.....	F. C. Mufley.....	Boscobel.....	F. B. Sables.
	Fennimore Fair and Driving Park Association.....	John Carey, Jr.....	John Rogers.....	Fennimore.....	T. W. Farrell.
Green.....	Blake's Prairie Agricultural Society.....	R. A. Etter.....	W. H. Glaser.....	Bloomington.....	H. C. Burke.
Iowa.....	Green County Agricultural Society.....	John B. Hoskins.....	Frank Snook.....	Maunee.....	A. E. Lewis.
Jackson.....	Iowa County Agricultural Society.....	George G. Cox.....	George W. Mundy.....	Dodgeville.....	W. E. Williams.
	Southwestern Wisconsin Fair Association.....	W. H. Bennett.....	W. H. Bennett.....	Mineral Point.....	P. Allan Jr.
	Jackson County Agricultural Society.....	A. A. Bright.....	Frank F. Oederholz.....	Mineral Point.....	Martin Pollock.
	Merrillan Agricultural and Driving Park Association.....	A. S. Trow.....	A. D. Merrill.....	Merrillan.....	L. B. Stillwell.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson County Agricultural Society.....	R. J. Washburne.....	A. L. Kearney.....	Jefferson.....	E. P. Kismet.

Juneau	Juneau County Agricultural Society.....	A. C. Plummer.....	I. C. Baldwin.....	Mauston.....	F. A. Adler.....
Keweenaw.....	Keweenaw County Agricultural Society.....	Charles Meyer.....	Adolph Ebel.....	Keweenaw.....	H. R. Erichsen.....
La Crosse.....	La Crosse County Agricultural Society.....	J. J. Johnson.....	F. H. A. Nye.....	West Salem.....	C. H. Hawkins.....
Lafayette.....	*La Crosse Industrial Fair Association.....	James Hoskin.....	C. S. Van Auker.....	La Crosse.....	David Schreiter.....
Langlade.....	Lafayette County Agricultural Society.....	J. M. Bemis.....	George F. West.....	Darlington.....	C. S. Seycon.....
Manitowoc.....	Langlade County Agricultural Society.....	F. A. Huebner.....	John McGreer.....	Antigo.....	Oscar A. Alter.....
Marathon.....	Industrial Association of Manitowoc County.....	John Kiefer.....	C. H. Sedgwick.....	Manitowoc.....	C. F. Paff.....
Marquette.....	Marathon County Agricultural Society.....	John S. Cant.....	K. Wright.....	Wausau.....	Frank Gibson.....
Milwaukee.....	*Marquette County Agricultural Society.....	S. D. Hubbard.....	Harry Cochran.....	Westfield.....	M. R. Doyon.....
Monroe.....	Eastern Monroe County Agricultural Society.....	Thomas McCall.....	T. J. Fleming.....	North Greenfield.....	J. E. Mooney.....
Oneida.....	Oneida County Agricultural Society.....	John C. Curran.....	F. E. Parker.....	Tomah.....	B. R. Lewis.....
Outagamie.....	Outagamie County Agricultural Society.....	John Dey.....	Herman Diesler.....	Rhinelander.....	Nathan McComb.....
	Fox River Fair and Driving Association.....	George F. Peabody.....	M. F. Barreau.....	Hortonville.....	John J. Sherman.....
	Seymour Fair and Driving Association.....	James Dean.....	H. J. Van Varen.....	Appleton.....	Wm. Michelstetter.....
Ozaukee	Ozaukee County Agricultural Society.....	W. H. Runtman.....	D. E. McGinley.....	Cedarburg.....	L. E. Schroeder.....
Pepin.....	Pepin County Agricultural Society.....	W. H. Huntington.....	J. J. Morgan.....	Durand.....	W. L. Bacheider.....
Pierce.....	Pierce County Agricultural Society.....	J. W. Hancock.....	E. S. Doolittle.....	Ellsworth.....	H. R. Huber.....
Polk.....	Polk County Fair Society.....	J. W. Mullen.....	Fred. Hudson.....	St. Croix Falls.....	Harry D. Baker.....
Portage	Portage County Agricultural Society.....	Jesse Lea, Jr.....	J. N. Webster.....	Amherst.....	Andrew Moberg.....
	*Central Wisconsin Agricultural, Mechanical and Scientific Association.....				
Price.....	Price County Agricultural Society.....	W. H. Martin.....	George E. Oster.....	Stevens Point.....	Allen Jackson.....
Richland.....	Richland County Agricultural Society.....	H. M. Bock.....	Fred. W. Ruff.....	Phillips.....	F. M. Hart.....
Rock.....	*Rock County Agricultural Society.....		J. G. Bunnell.....	Richland Center.....	
St. Croix.....	*St. Croix County Agricultural Society.....	George W. Martin.....	D. W. Watt.....	Janesville.....	M. Goldberg.....
Sauk.....	*Sauk County Agricultural Society.....	E. Blakeslee.....	Frank McGuire.....	Hudson.....	
	Little Baraboo Valley Agricultural Society.....	Harry R. McComb.....	J. S. Hall.....	Baraboo.....	Harry Thornton.....
Shawano.....	Shawano County Agricultural Society.....		Charles Pearson, Jr.....	Ironton.....	Chas. R. Klebsadel.....
Sheboygan.....	*Sheboygan County Agricultural Society.....	Nic. Leirbach.....	Louis C. Bold.....	Shawano.....	Emil Maurer.....
Trempealeau.....	Trempealeau County Agricultural and Driving Association.....	S. E. Houghton.....	F. C. Richmond.....	Plymouth.....	Chas. E. Kellman.....
	Trempealeau County Agricultural Society.....		Gaffron.....	Acadia.....	
	Trempealeau County Agricultural, Industrial and Driving Park Association.....		F. G. Davis.....	Galesville.....	
Vernon.....	Vernon County Agricultural Society.....	N. L. Frederickson.....	H. H. Scott.....	Whitehall.....	E. N. Trowbridge.....
Walworth.....	Walworth County Agricultural Society.....	D. O. Mahoney.....	F. W. Alexander.....	Viroqua.....	John W. Mills.....
Washington.....	Washington County Agricultural Society.....	S. C. Long.....	Geo. Harrington.....	Elkhorn.....	L. G. Latham.....
Waukesha.....	Waukesha County Agricultural Society.....	Eph. Beaumont.....	Joseph Ott.....	West Bend.....	George W. Jones.....
Waupaca.....	Waupaca County Agricultural Society.....	A. V. Balch.....	Frank W. Harland.....	Waukesha.....	Warren H. Smith.....
	New London Agricultural and Industrial Association.....		A. L. Hutchinson.....	Weyauwega.....	John Borngener.....
Waushara.....	Waushara County Agricultural Society.....	August Roloff.....	George W. Werner.....	New London.....	E. H. Rammer.....
Winnebago.....	*Oshkosh Fair Association.....	Gilbert Tennant.....	W. H. Berry.....	Wautoma.....	J. W. Jeffers.....
			C. E. Angell.....	Oshkosh.....	

* Officers for 1897 not yet elected.

† Fair held at Mondovi.

‡ Fair held at Portage.

SALARIES OF COUNTY OFFICERS IN WISCONSIN FOR 1897.

Counties.	Popula- tion, 1895.	Sheriff.	Register of Deeds.	County Treasurer.	District Attorney.	County Clerk.	Clerk of Circuit Court.	County Surveyor.	Coroner.	County Superin- tendent.	County Judge.
Adams	7,532	Fees	Fees	\$800	\$250	\$600	Fees	Fees	Fees	\$500	\$300
Ashland	17,241	Fees	Fees	1,600	1,000	1,600	Fees	Fees	Fees	400	1,000
Barron	20,122	Fees	Fees	800	600	800	\$400	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,000
Bayfield	12,595	+\$300	Fees	1,200	1,000	1,200	300	Fees	Fees	800	600
Brown	45,623	Fees	Fees	1,500	800	1,400	Fees	Fees	.....	1,000	1,000
Buffalo	16,931	Fees	Fees	700	400	550	Fees	Fees	\$50	800	600
Burnett	5,892	Fees	Fees	500	300	550	Fees	Fees	Fees	500	250
Calumet	17,744	Fees	Fees	700	400	700	500	Fees	Fees	900	1,000
Chippewa	28,727	Fees	Fees	1,300	800	1,400	*300	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,000
Clark	21,312	Fees	Fees	1,200	800	1,200	*300	Fees	Fees	800	1,400
Columbia	30,868	*2,000	Fees	1,200	700	1,200	*300	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,300
Crawford	17,203	Fees	Fees	1,000	600	1,000	300	Fees	Fees	1,000	800
Dane	65,669	2,500	Fees	1,600	800	1,700	Fees	Fees	Fees	800	2,000
Dodge	47,851	2,500	Fees	1,400	1,000	1,400	250	Fees	Fees	1,200	2,000
Door	16,969	Fees	Fees	1,500	400	1,500	Fees	Fees	Fees	800	1,500
Douglas	29,936	1,500	Fees	1,500	2,400	1,500	Fees	Fees	Fees	800	1,000
Dunn	25,006	Fees	Fees	1,200	600	1,200	800	Fees	Fees	800	1,000
Eau Claire	33,172	Fees	Fees	1,800	1,500	1,900	*300	Fees	Fees	240	1,500
Florence	2,850	*2,000	Fees	1,000	1,500	1,100	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	800
Fond du Lac	47,436	Fees	Fees	1,800	1,500	1,800	350	Fees	Fees	1,300	3,000
Forest	1,238	Fees	Fees	1,200	800	1,200	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,200	3,200
Grant	38,372	Fees	Fees	900	600	1,200	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,500
Green	23,420	Fees	Fees	500	600	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	800	1,950
Green Lake	15,939	3,500	Fees	500	600	650	*300	Fees	Fees	800	1,000
Iowa	23,447	*100	Fees	1,200	1,000	800	450	Fees	Fees	800	1,500
Iron	5,338	2,000	Fees	1,000	1,000	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	500	200
Jackson	16,722	Fees	Fees	1,000	700	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	500	700
Jefferson	36,317	Fees	Fees	800	1,200	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,500
Juneau	18,754	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,200	1,100	*500	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,800
Kenosha	17,543	3,500	Fees	600	600	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	750	1,100
Kewaunee	17,632	Fees	Fees	600	400	800	*300	Fees	.....	800	600
La Crosse	43,610	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,000	1,200	Fees	Fees	Fees	800	1,200
Lafayette	21,468	1,500	Fees	1,000	600	1,000	1,000	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,000
Laporte	11,062	1,500	Fees	600	600	1,200	600	Fees	100	600	600
Lincoln	14,765	Fees	Fees	1,000	600	1,200	*400	Fees	Fees	600	500
Manitowoc	40,802	Fees	Fees	1,400	1,000	1,200	800	Fees	Fees	1,400	1,500

SALARIES OF COUNTY OFFICERS.

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Marathon.....	36,598	\$2,000	Fees	\$1,500	Fees	\$1,500	Fees	\$800
Marquette.....	27,271	Fees	1,000	1,000	Fees	1,000	Fees	1,000
Marquette.....	10,203	Fees	550	350	Fees	650	Fees	850
Milwaukee.....	28,922	Fees	5,000	5,000	Fees	2,000	Fees	5,000
Monroe.....	26,395	Fees	1,000	800	Fees	500	Fees	700
Oconto.....	18,339	Fees	1,000	400	Fees	380	Fees	500
Oconto.....	7,080	Fees	1,200	700	Fees	200	Fees	400
Outagamie.....	44,404	Fees	1,500	1,000	Fees	500	Fees	1,500
Ozaukee.....	16,545	Fees	1,000	1,750	Fees	1,000	Fees	1,000
Pepin.....	7,567	Fees	550	250	Fees	150	Fees	300
Pierce.....	23,040	Fees	800	600	Fees	300	Fees	800
Polk.....	16,117	Fees	750	400	Fees	250	Fees	400
Portage.....	28,531	Fees	1,100	600	Fees	350	Fees	800
Price.....	7,257	Fees	950	500	Fees	300	Fees	1,300
Racine.....	41,110	Fees	1,000	1,200	Fees	800	Fees	1,500
Richland.....	19,619	Fees	800	500	Fees	920	Fees	800
Rock.....	48,414	Fees	1,000	1,200	Fees	800	Fees	1,800
St Croix.....	25,870	Fees	1,000	1,200	Fees	1,000	Fees	2,000
Sauk.....	32,919	Fees	1,200	1,000	Fees	900	Fees	800
Sawyer.....	3,741	Fees	1,000	600	Fees	300	Fees	1,500
Shawano.....	22,573	Fees	900	600	Fees	200	Fees	500
Sheboygan.....	48,396	Fees	1,200	900	Fees	450	Fees	600
Taylor.....	27,035	Fees	1,000	1,200	Fees	950	Fees	1,500
Vernon.....	8,498	Fees	800	500	Fees	400	Fees	400
Waushara.....	29,162	Fees	1,000	500	Fees	250	Fees	500
Vilas.....	3,801	Fees	800	800	Fees	300	Fees	250
Walworth.....	4,266	Fees	1,000	800	Fees	500	Fees	1,400
Washington.....	21,377	Fees	650	600	Fees	750	Fees	800
Washington.....	36,562	Fees	1,000	800	Fees	1,000	Fees	1,200
Waushara.....	30,793	Fees	1,000	1,200	Fees	1,200	Fees	2,500
Waupaca.....	15,355	Fees	1,000	900	Fees	400	Fees	800
Waushara.....	57,627	Fees	600	600	Fees	100	Fees	600
Winnebago.....	21,637	Fees	2,300	1,200	Fees	25	Fees	2,500
Wood.....	21,637	Fees	1,400	1,000	Fees	25	Fees	850

* And fees. ** And per diem. *** \$3 per day. † Salary for ensuing term fixed at \$300. ‡‡‡ Two officers. ††† This amount includes \$300 for register of probate. ‡ For county business.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

COUNTIES.	County Seats.	Sheriff.	Register of Deeds.
Adams	Friendship	Harry Barrett	Frank McConick.
Ashland	Ashland	James Firth	John E. Nelson.
Barron	Barron	William W. Deitz	Andrew G. Strand.
Bayfield	Washburn	Nels Sonju	Herman J. Finstad.
Brown	Green Bay	August Schaner	Victor Bader.
Buffalo	Alma	Jacob Bond	Ben Christianson.
Burnett	Grantsburg	Robert C. Anderson	And. A. Anderson.
Calumet	Chilton	Arno Hoymer	Edward J. Mooney.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	A. F. Colburn	Edward Outhwaite.
Clark	Neillsville	James Warren Page	Charles Cornelius.
Columbia	Portage	Ole M. Bendixen	Arthur A. Porter.
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	Tosten T. Sime	J. Victor Callaway.
Dane	Madison	Charles F. Moulton	John Dohm.
Dodge	Juneau	Edmund J. Labuwi	John Thauer.
Door	Sturgeon Bay	Augustine A. Minor	Nicholas Nelson.
Douglas	Superior	Frank L. Wilcox	Paul A. Sandberg.
Dunn	Menomonie	Daniel P. Chamberlin	Martin Fladoes.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	Charles H. Henry	Hugh H. B. McMasters.
Florence	Florence	Ole Peterson	Charles R. Beattie.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	Simon Schaefer	John E. Holland.
Forest	Crandon	Wilber E. Fessenden	Frank Steiner.
Grant	Lancaster	Horace Hymér	Seth Wallace Rogers.
Green	Monroe	German O. Stearns	Oscar R. Olson.
Green Lake	Dartford	Rumsey J. Evans	Samuel Owens.
Iowa	Dodgeville	John B. Wallis	Patrick Grant.
Iron	Hurley	Frank Logan	Alexander Renlund.
Jackson	Black River Falls	Edwin V. Buckley	Anthony Premo.
Jefferson	Jefferson	Theodore B. Roach	Albert J. Weiss.
Juneau	Mauston	Edward B. Sickles	John T. Kingston.
Kenosha	Kenosha	John J. Able	William S. Gibbon.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	A. G. Schauer	H. F. Pohland.
La Crosse	La Crosse	Gideon G. Lang	Randolph Elliot.
Lafayette	Darlington	Charles C. Bennett	Michaels'n Michaels'n.
Langlade	Antigo	Charles H. Thompson	George W. Bemis.
Lincoln	Merrill	Leslie H. Willett	John F. Clark.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Christ. Muth	Julius Lindslett.
Marathon	Wausau	Carl Kronenwetter	Edward C. Kretlow.
Marinette	Marinette	T. W. Brown	Ludwig H. Larson.
Marquette	Montello	Thomas O'Connor	Caleb F. Fuller.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Fred G. Isenring	Henry Verges.
Monroe	Sparta	Leonard Conger	John A. Sholt.
Oconto	Oconto	Charles Quirt	Alexander Caldwell.
Oneida	Rhineland	William T. Stevens	R. M. Douglass.
Outagamie	Appleton	Robert McMurdo	Bernhard J. Zuehlke.
Ozaukee	Port Washington	William Alten	William Ahlhauser.
Pepin	Durand	Martin P. Walker	Henry Albert Miles.
Pierce	Ellsworth	Robert S. Rolson	W. W. Walsingham.
Polk	Osceola Mills	Lewis Schmidt	Henry G. Anderson.
Portage	Stevens Point	Frank Whelock	George E. Vaughn.
Price	Phillips	Alex. W. Nelson	Charles H. Andrae.
Racine	Racine	John C. Wagner	Frank M. Roberts.
Richland	Richland Center	Geo. M. Snyder	Samuel P. Howard.
Rock	Janesville	Theodore L. Acheson	Oscar D. Rowe.
St. Croix	Hudson	E. J. Cave	James Walker.
Sauk	Baraboo	Conrad J. Meyer	William Faller.
Sawyer	Hayward	Charles Peterson	Ralph Tilstad.
Shawano	Shawano	James George	Jonas Swenholt.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	David L. Mantz	Harvey Klotzsch.
Taylor	Medford	Sylvester Nusser	William F. Wenck.
Trimpaleau	Whitehall	Joseph Jensen	Henry N. Halverson.
Vernon	Viroqua	John W. White	William Hutchinson.
Vilas	Eagle River	W. A. Bradford	L. E. McGill.
Walworth	Elkhorn	Fred A. McMillen	Henry D. Barnes.
Washburn	Shell Lake	Geo. Tozer	Charles A. Shaver.
Washington	West Bend	William Widdig	Charles F. Lewis.
Waukesha	Waukesha	Peter Schneider	W. E. Swan.
Waupaca	Waupaca	Mahlon L. Munsert	William L. Evans.
Wauwasha	Wautoma	Walter J. Beach	Halbert Hanson.
Winnebago	Oshkosh	Florian Lampert	John Strange.
Wood	Grand Rapids	Geo. H. Smith	Nash Mitchell.

COUNTY OFFICERS — Continued.

COUNTIES.	County Seats.	County Treasurer.	District Attorney.
Adams.....	Friendship.....	Ezra Knight.....	Solon W. Pierce.
Ashland.....	Ashland.....	John Nelson.....	George H. McCloud.
Barron.....	Barron.....	Charles Christenson.....	William N. Fuller.
Bayfield.....	Washburn.....	William Knight.....	Arthur A. McLeod.
Brown.....	Green Bay.....	Nicholas Meyer.....	Lafayette A. Calkins.
Buffalo.....	Alma.....	Herman Altman.....	Charles W. Gilman.
Burnett.....	Grantsburg.....	Ole C. Branstad.....	S. F. Grover.
Calumet.....	Chilton.....	John Nettlekoven.....	James Kerwan.
Chippewa.....	Chippewa Falls.....	Henry Goetz.....	Clarence B. Culbertson
Clark.....	Neillsville.....	Edgar P. Houghton.....	George B. Parkhill.
Columbia.....	Portage.....	Byron Kinneer.....	William G. Coles.
Crawford.....	Prairie du Chien.....	Fred W. Lewis.....	Albert H. Long.
Dane.....	Madison.....	John Q. Brigham.....	Andrew W. Anderson.
Dodge.....	Juneau.....	George C. Congdon.....	William N. Hamilton.
Door.....	Sturgeon Bay.....	Joseph G. Dalemont.....	Yugve V. Dreutzer.
Douglas.....	Superior.....	Henry H. Stewart.....	Henry C. Sloan.
Dunn.....	Menomonie.....	Elmer B. Hill.....	Josias E. Florin.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	Julius Ewald.....	Frank R. Farr.
Florence.....	Florence.....	Thaddeus J. Baird.....	William E. Dickinson.
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	David Thomas.....	Herbert E. Swett.
Forest.....	Crandon.....	Andrew E. Himley.....	Samuel Shaw.
Grant.....	Lancaster.....	John B. Mauer.....	William E. Howe.
Green.....	Monroe.....	Elias C. Morse.....	Harvey Clark.
Green Lake.....	Dartford.....	Worden T. Burdick.....	Richard F. Hamilton.
Iowa.....	Dodgeville.....	Thomas I. Williams.....	Levi W. Pollard.
Iron.....	Hurley.....	Richard R. Trezona.....	George C. Foster.
Jackson.....	Black River Falls.....	Nicholas Genber.....	G. M. Popham.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	John A. Fridel.....	Edwin A. Wigdale.
Juneau.....	Mauston.....	Christian Johnson.....	Julius Dithmar.
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	Thomas Hansen.....	Albert E. Buckmaster.
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	Frank Kohlbeck.....	James H. McGown.
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	John Schild.....	John E. McConnell.
Lafayette.....	Darlington.....	James McGinty.....	Edw. Francis Conley
Lancaster.....	Antigo.....	S. W. Chamberlain.....	John E. Martin.
Lincoln.....	Merrill.....	Mathias T. Tockley.....	Richard J. Dawson.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	Peter Kaufmann.....	Adolph P. Schenian.
Marathon.....	Wausau.....	Carl F. Paff.....	Andrew L. Krutzer.
Marquette.....	Marquette.....	Edward Hornibrook.....	Everett C. Eastman.
Marquette.....	Montello.....	Gustav W. Graham.....	James Duff.
Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	George W. Mayhew.....	Alvin C. Brazee.
Monroe.....	Sparta.....	Jay A. Mosher.....	Bradley H. Hackett.
Oconto.....	Oconto.....	Angus McAllister.....	O. F. Trudell.
Oneida.....	Rhineland.....	Chas. H. Woodcock.....	Sam S. Miller.
Outagamie.....	Appleton.....	August Mill.....	John Battensek.
Ozaukee.....	Port Washington.....	John F. Bruss.....	Wm A. Tholen.
Pepin.....	Durand.....	James H. Barry.....	Earl Barber.
Pierce.....	Ellsworth.....	George F. Weisemann.....	Albert Combacker.
Polk.....	Osceola Mills.....	Peter H. Johnson.....	Ole E. Anderson.
Portage.....	Stevens Point.....	Charles E. Webster.....	William F. Owen.
Price.....	Phillips.....	Fred Nelson.....	Henry C. Peters.
Racine.....	Racine.....	Peter Meyers.....	Peter B. Nelson.
Richland.....	Richland Center.....	John H. Babb.....	Grant L. Miner.
Rock.....	Janesville.....	Ashbel C. Thorpe.....	William A. Jackson.
St. Croix.....	Hudson.....	Truworth Jewell.....	James A. Fear.
Sauk.....	Baraboo.....	John S. Hall.....	Frank R. Bentley.
Sawyer.....	Hayward.....	Den McQuarry.....	John F. Riorden.
Shawano.....	Shawano.....	Francis O. Perry.....	Benjamin A. Cady.
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	Henry Walvoord.....	Frederick Vollrath.
Taylor.....	Medford.....	John Kraemer.....	George W. Adams.
Trempealeau.....	Whitehall.....	Ole E. Larson.....	Herman L. Ekern.
Vernon.....	Viroqua.....	Albert T. Fortun.....	John S. Larson.
Vilas.....	Eagle River.....	Ole Swenson.....	G. F. Sanborn.
Walworth.....	Elkhorn.....	William H. Allen.....	Charles B. Sumner.
Washburn.....	Shell Lake.....	George L. Colt.....	Lewis H. Mead.
Washington.....	West Bend.....	Lawrence Guth.....	H. K. Butterfield.
Waukesha.....	Waukesha.....	Olaf Osen.....	Thomas W. Parkinson.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca.....	Daniel A. Ramsdell.....	Samuel A. Connell.
Waushara.....	Wautoma.....	James W. Jeffers.....	Edward F. Kileen.
Winnebago.....	Oshkosh.....	Thomas J. Baird.....	Walter W. Quarterman
Wood.....	Grand Rapids.....	Nick M. Berg.....	P. A. Williams.

COUNTY OFFICERS.— Continued.

COUNTIES.	County Seats.	County Clerk.	Clerk of Circuit Court.
Adams.....	Friendship.....	Robert S. Harrison....	Charles R. Sickles.
Ashland.....	Ashland.....	Theodore R. Yankee....	James W. Good.
Barron.....	Barron.....	William M. Simpson....	Stephen E. Washburn.
Bayfield.....	Washburn.....	John Froseth.....	George McClintock.
Brown.....	Green Bay.....	Dan H. Martin.....	Stephen S. Joyce.
Buffalo.....	Alma.....	Rudolph Mueller.....	Christian J. Buehler.
Burnett.....	Grantsburg.....	Ole Erickson.....	Newton Hickerson.
Calumet.....	Chilton.....	Peter McKenna.....	Sam Vincent.
Chippewa.....	Chippewa Falls.....	Magnus Firth.....	William Larson.
Clark.....	Neillsville.....	Charles M. Bradford....	Cyrus S. Stockwell.
Columbia.....	Portage.....	David R. Marshall....	Evan O. Jones.
Crawford.....	Prairie du Chien....	Ernest G. Briggs.....	Norman T. Bull.
Dane.....	Madison.....	Eugene Shepard.....	Charles Edwin Parish.
Dodge.....	Juneau.....	Andrew L. Wallace....	Eugene E. Kirkhan.
Door.....	Sturgeon Bay.....	James L. Halstead....	Allen Higgins.
Douglas.....	Superior.....	Christian Eimon.....	William H. Locke.
Dunn.....	Menomonie.....	Alexander Hosford....	Timothy Murphy.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	Andrew Stensaas.....	Henry McBain.
Florence.....	Florence.....	Charles S. Hopkins....	Albert M. Parmenter.
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	Charles E. Atkins.....	Anton Leonard.
Forest.....	Crandon.....	P. Shay.....	Josiah W. Hawes.
Grant.....	Lancaster.....	Charles F. Dickinson....	John Chas. Churchill.
Green.....	Monroe.....	Frod. Ties.....	Reuben T. Holcomb.
Green Lake.....	Dartford.....	Samuel Scholes.....	Lorentus J. Brayton.
Iowa.....	Dodgeville.....	Daniel G. Jones.....	Thomas Gibbon.
Iron.....	Hurley.....	John C. Flanagan.....	Daniel Reid.
Jackson.....	Black River Falls....	Martin Tollack.....	Thomas P. Marsh.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	Frederick Bullwinkel..	James L. Cook.
Juneau.....	Mauston.....	Almon S. Wetherby....	Isaiah M. Mason.
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	Herbert E. Robbins....	Russell H. Slosson.
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	William Rogers.....	Joseph Walechka.
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	Milo J. Pitkin.....	Sterling W. Brown.
Lafayette.....	Darlington.....	R. James Lancaster....	William B. Vail.
Langlade.....	Antigo.....	Henry Smith.....	Edwin A. Petersen.
Lincoln.....	Merrill.....	James E. Leary.....	Richard W. Barrett.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	Edward C. Schaffland..	Gulek Hougén.
Marathon.....	Wausau.....	William J. Gehrke.....	Alfred A. Bock.
Marinette.....	Marinette.....	George W. Thorne.....	Robert O. Hunt.
Marquette.....	Montello.....	Christoph Tagatz.....	Frank J. Dodge.
Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	August F. Zentner.....	Alexander W. Hill.
Monroe.....	Sparta.....	G. Heitman.....	Henry Graf.
Oconto.....	Oconto.....	O. W. Bloch.....	Chas. D. Post.
Oneida.....	Rhineland.....	E. P. Brennan.....	E. C. Sturdevant.
Outagamie.....	Appleton.....	John Montgomery.....	Henry Kreiss.
Ozaukee.....	Port Washington....	John C. Schroeling....	James Hedding.
Pepin.....	Durand.....	John J. Morgan.....	John Dorwin.
Pierce.....	Ellsworth.....	Jens B. Jenson.....	Luna L. Richardson.
Polk.....	Osceola Mills.....	Ernst A. Scharin.....	Nils A. Davidson.
Portage.....	Stevens Point.....	Charles A. Lane.....	William J. Delaney.
Price.....	Phillips.....	George M. Chamberlain..	Glen Morse.
Racine.....	Racine.....	John Dixon.....	Otto E. Ahrens.
Richland.....	Richland Center....	Robert E. Benton.....	Omer E. Winton.
Rock.....	Janesville.....	William J. McIntyre....	Theodore W. Goldin.
St. Croix.....	Hudson.....	II. G. Thoen.....	W. J. Egbert.
Sauk.....	Baraboo.....	Ulrich Buehler.....	Edward F. Dithmar.
Sawyer.....	Hayward.....	Otto Christianson.....	Ole Hanson.
Shawano.....	Shawano.....	Frederick Waegli.....	Harry F. Johnson.
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	Rodman B. Melvin....	Benjamin F. Heald.
Taylor.....	Medford.....	Andrew H. Peterson....	Frank N. Cleveland.
Trempealeau.....	Whitehall.....	Peter H. Johnson.....	Harry H. Scott.
Vernon.....	Viroqua.....	William Brandon.....	Henry C. Gosling.
Vilas.....	Eagle River.....	Joseph Elliott.....	John Radcliffe.
Walworth.....	Elkhorn.....	Dyar L. Cowdery.....	Theron R. Morgan.
Washburn.....	Shell Lake.....	R. E. Leonard.....	Thurston Evers.
Washington.....	West Bend.....	John Horlums.....	Thomas Toner.
Waukesha.....	Waukesha.....	Frank A. McKenzie....	Cameron W. Fraser.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca.....	Louis F. Shoemaker....	Herman H. Subs.
Waushara.....	Waupoma.....	John Clark.....	Frank W. Darling.
Winnebago.....	Oshkosh.....	James G. Pickett.....	William W. Kimball.
Wood.....	Grand Rapids.....	Ed. S. Renne.....	William J. Shea.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.

COUNTIES.	County Seats.	County Surveyor.	Coroner.
Adams	Friendship	Arthur J. Barrett	Geo. W. Waterman.
Ashland	Ashland	George Sell	Henry Scott
Barron	Barron	David A. Russell	William Hooker.
Bayfield	Washburn	David F. Glover	Henry Hannum.
Brown	Green Bay	Patrick H. Carlin	Chas. Pfotenhauer, Sr.
Buffalo	Alma	Ed. Funke	John More.
Burnett	Grantsburg	A. Cornelison	Simon Olson.
Calumet	Chilton	Elmer E. Thurston	Peter Leipzig.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	John Ring	George Kanause.
Clark	Neillsville	Lewis L. Ayers	Luke H. McGuire.
Columbia	Portage	Charles E. Corning	Benj. M. Allen.
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	Albert L. Hurlbut	George Willard.
Dane	Madison	John H. Bucey	Matthew W. Lynch.
Dodge	Juneau	Fred W. Pamperin	Frank M. Warner.
Door	Sturgeon Bay	Frank R. Straddling	Alexander Lawson.
Douglas	Superior	Martin Sparby	Z. A. Downs.
Dunn	Menomonie	Daniel W. Waite	George Galloway.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	Charles A. Alderman	Robert Mitchell.
Florence	Florence	Charles S. Simpson	George W. Watson.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	Byron K. Fairbanks	William Vanzil.
Forest	Craidon	Fred W. Andrews	William S. Gulicke.
Grant	Lancaster	Charles Sampson	Chas. S. Shriner.
Green	Monroe	Daniel H. Morgan	Ernest Carey.
Green Lake	Dartford	Robert H. Spragg	Wm. R. Ruggles.
Iowa	Dodgeville	Robert L. Joiner	Thomas Morris.
Iron	Hurley	James Guest	Thomas Morris.
Jackson	Black River Falls	Henry H. Powers	Eugene Krohn.
Jefferson	Jefferson	Edward C. Jones	Phineas Jacquith.
Juneau	Mauston	Charles H. Shields	George H. Parham.
Kenosha	Kenosha	Jason Lothrop	Chas. H. Gonnermann.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	L. Q. Jonte	G. A. Hipke.
La Crosse	La Crosse	George P. Bradish	Julius J. Hirschheimer.
Lafayette	Darlington	Matt. Murphy	Daniel D. Coyle.
Langlade	Antigo	A. J. Miltimore	J. M. Fischer.
Lincoln	Merrill	Joseph Chevrier	L. H. Buchanan.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Louis Pitz	Alexander C. Fraser.
Marathon	Wausau	William N. Allen	Dr. D. Sauerherring.
Marinette	Marinette	Henry McCollum	John Boyd.
Marquette	Montello	Geo. E. Phillips	J. T. Perkins.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Frederick Kirchman	J. W. Winkenwerder.
Monroe	Sparta	Hamilton La Rue	Henry Coome.
Oconto	Oconto	Eugene Fitzpatrick	Carl Bentz.
Oneida	Rhineland	A. Sievwright	Geo. C. Pingry.
Outagamie	Appleton	Florian J. Harriman	Wm. F. Montgomery.
Ozaukee	Port Washington	L. Towsley	Anton Schmit.
Pepin	Durand	George A. McGilton	George G. Gobar.
Pierce	Ellsworth	Belden R. Eaton	John S. Copley.
Polk	Osceola Mills	Seymour W. Blanding	Henry A. Halliday.
Portage	Stevens Point	Frank E. Halladay	Paul Roettger.
Price	Phillips	John Gieves	W. P. McMiller.
Racine	Racine	Says G. Knight	Christian Strippel.
Richland	Richland Center	James M. Appleby	James M. Armstrong.
Rock	Janesville	Otto G. Bleedorn	Max Pfennig.
St. Croix	Hudson	John McClure	John Conway.
Sauk	Baraboo	David B. Hurlburt	Paul Lachmund.
Sawyer	Hayward	Charles Jungberg	Charles J. Smith.
Shawano	Shawano	Howard B. Gumaer	John A. Winans.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	Louis Bode	Nathan S. Goodell.
Taylor	Medford	John Logan	Mandel Marcus.
Trempealeau	Whitehall	Thomas G. Cox	Christopher E. Scott.
Vernon	Viroqua	Vivian R. Traer	Granville P. Aiken.
Vilas	Eagle River	M. E. Monsell	Samuel Walters.
Walworth	Elkhorn	William Child	Charles L. Lyon.
Washburn	Shell Lake	Henry H. Meredith	William McEvoy.
Washington	West Bend	L. Berges	Adolph Detuncy.
Waukesha	Waukesha	John P. Dey	Daniel Hughes.
Waupaca	Waupaca	Nath. H. Smith	Henry Werner.
Waushara	Wautoma	George Ellis	James Larson.
Winnebago	Oshkosh	Herbert G. Finch	Fred Burgess.
Wood	Grand Rapids	Byron R. Tarbox	Thos. J. Cooper.

COUNTY OFFICERS.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	County Superintendent.	Post Office.	*County Judge.
Adams	John P. Lewis.....	White Creek.....	John B. Keyes.
Ashland.....	Maggie Ryan.....	Ashland.....	James McCully.
Barron.....	Charles H. Museus.....	Chetek.....	Henry S. Comstock.
Bayfield.....	Jessie N. Smith.....	Washburn.....	Howard Burton.
Brown.....	John B. Fournier.....	Wequiock.....	H. J. Huntington.
Buffalo.....	Wm. J. Eberwein.....	Nelson.....	Robert Loes.
Burnett.....	Mrs. Tena Davidson.....	Grantsburg.....	Canuto Olson.
Calumet.....	William B. Minahan.....	Chilton.....	Wm. Paulson.
Chippewa.....	Anna E. Schaffer.....	Chippewa Falls.....	John A. Anderson.
Clark.....	Miss Emerence Walters.....	Neillsville.....	Richard B. Salter.
Columbia.....	Everett E. Burlingame.....	Portage.....	James B. Taylor.
Crawford.....	Edwin E. Brindley.....	Soldiers Grove.....	James A. Curren.
Dane.....	Kate L. Sabin, 1st.....	Windsor.....	Jarius H. Carpenter.
Dodge.....	Thomas S Thompson 2d.....	Mt. Horeb.....	C. A. Christiansen.
Door.....	John T. Flavin.....	Watertown.....	Charles A. Masse.
Douglas.....	William T. Anderson.....	Bailey's Harbor.....	David E. Roberts.
Dunn.....	Glen G. Williams.....	West Superior.....	John Kelley, Jr.
Eau Claire.....	Elvira Brickley.....	Mezomonie.....	August C. Larson.
Florence.....	Anna Smith.....	Florence.....	John O'Hara.
Fond du Lac.....	Elisha P. Swift.....	Fond du Lac.....	August E. Richter.
Forest.....	Myron E. Keats.....	Crandon.....	M. S. Barker.
Grant.....	George W. Bliss.....	Laucaster.....	George B. Carter.
Green.....	Charles H. Nye.....	Monroe.....	Brooks Dunwiddie.
Green Lake.....	John Zimmerman.....	Kingston.....	J. Edmund Millard.
Iowa.....	Walter H. Hunt.....	Avoca.....	Charles W. McIlhon.
Iron.....	Emma C. Underwood.....	Hurley.....	Thomas Boden.
Jackson.....	Wilbur H. Bridgman.....	Black River Falls.....	David Barclay.
Jefferson.....	Freeman B. Dell.....	Jefferson.....	George Grimm.
Juneau.....	Jerome L. Hellen.....	Mauston.....	Charles H. Grote.
Kenosha.....	Melville L. Bunnell.....	Kenosha.....	Anthony Van Wyck.
Kewaunee.....	John B. Maloney.....	Kewaunee.....	Frank K. Wapil.
La Crosse.....	Jeremiah Donovan.....	Bangor.....	Thomas A. Dyson.
Lafayette.....	Charles E. Lamb.....	Shullsburg.....	Charles F. Osborn.
Langlade.....	John H. Natrass.....	Antigo.....	Michael G. Flanning.
Lincoln.....	H. F. Morson.....	Merrill.....	Thomas J. Mathews.
Manitowoc.....	Jacob J. Hoffman.....	Manitowoc.....	James S. Anderson?
Marathon.....	Edwin R. Smith.....	Wausau.....	Henry Miller.
Marquette.....	John F. Lamont.....	Peshigo.....	Amos Holgate.
Milwaukee.....	Robert C. Ramsay.....	Packwaukeee.....	Niel Diamond.
Monroe.....	James McDowell.....	Williamsburg.....	John E. Maen.
Oconto.....	Emil L. Roethe.....	Tomah.....	Seth W. Button.
Oneida.....	Alva A. Thompson.....	Abrams.....	David G. Classon.
Outagamie.....	Wm. A. McKinley.....	Rhineland.....	James W. McCormick.
Ozaukee.....	F. M. Mason.....	Appleton.....	Gerhard T. Moeskes.
Pepin.....	Gottlieb D. Zeigler.....	Fredonia Station.....	Leopold Ezhart.
Pierce.....	Peter R. Kunny.....	Arkansaw.....	William E. Plummer.
Polk.....	William H. Kratzer.....	Ellsworth.....	Allen P. Weld.
Portage.....	John F. Shaw.....	West Denmark.....	Ole Larson.
Price.....	Jens P. Peterson.....	Plainfield.....	John A. Murat.
Racine.....	Miss Stacia Livingston.....	Phillips.....	Edward W. Murray.
Richland.....	C. Georgia Bever.....	Racine.....	Ellsworth B. Belden.
Rock.....	Elmer A. Morse.....	Richland Center.....	Daniel L. Downs.
St. Croix.....	George S. Moody.....	Footville.....	John W. Sale.
Sauk.....	William M. Ross, 1 dist.....	Afton.....	John D. Goss.
Sawyer.....	David Throne, 2 dist.....	Hammond.....	W. T. Kelsey.
Shawano.....	Frank W. Bixby.....	Sauk City.....	E. N. McIntyre.
Sheboygan.....	John S. Roeseler.....	Hayward.....	Herman Naber.
Taylor.....	Anna E. Guy.....	Shawano.....	Simon Gillon.
Trempealeau.....	Lorenzo D. Roberts.....	Waldo.....	Clinton Textor.
Vernon.....	George H. Drewry.....	Medford.....	Robert A. Odell.
Vilas.....	Kuno A. Kuenne.....	Osseo.....	Charles W. Graves.
Walworth.....	Thomas C. Salt.....	Viroqua.....	Daniel Graham.
Washburn.....	Howard C. Miller.....	Eagle River.....	Jaynes B. Wheeler.
Washington.....	Alex. Higgins.....	Elkhorn.....	Lewis H. Mead.
Waukesha.....	Lillian B. Webster.....	Spoonerville.....	Hiram W. Sawyer.
Waupaca.....	Walter C. Crocker.....	Waukesha.....	Milton S. Griswold.
Waushara.....	Robert M. Derse.....	Waupaca.....	James M. Hatch.
Winnebago.....	James K. Lowery.....	Terrill.....	J. S. Bugh.
Wood.....	Daniel F. Burnham.....	Winneconne.....	C. D. Cleveland.
	Charles T. Taylor.....	Centralia.....	Emil C. Pors.
	Oscar E. Pederson.....		
	Robert A. Havenor.....		

* Post offices of county judges at the county seats.

DIRECTORY OF WISCONSIN FREE HIGH SCHOOLS, SHOWING LOCATION AND PRINCIPALS.

FOUR YEARS' COURSES.

Ahnapee	Elbert Phillips	Medford	J. H. Francis.
Antigo	C. O. Marsh	Menasha	A. B. Dunlap.
Appleton, 2d	F. E. McGovern	Merrill	Anna E. Anderson.
Appleton, 3d	W. T. Winsey	Milton Junction	J. T. Healy.
Arcadia	G. O. Banting	Mineral Point	A. R. Jolley.
Argyle	R. H. Mueller	Monroe	Alvin F. Rota.
Ashland	J. L. Hooper	Montfort	David James.
Augusta	L. W. Wood	Necedah	C. H. Maxon.
Baraboo	J. E. Necollins	Neenah	J. F. Conant.
Bayfield	A. McCulloch	Neillsville	W. L. Morrison.
Beaver Dam	H. B. Hubbell	New Lisbon	S. A. Bostwick.
Beloit	C. H. Gordon	New London	DeWitt Elwood.
Berlin	F. A. Lowell	New Richmond	J. W. T. Amas.
Black Earth	D. E. Kiser	Oconomowoc	C. R. Cross.
Black River Falls	J. H. Derse	Oconto	R. L. Cooley.
Bloomington	S. E. Pearson	Omro	E. E. Sheldon.
Boscobel	Geo. W. Gehrand	Onalaska	B. F. Oltman.
Brodhead	R. W. Pringle	Oregon	Franklin Gould.
Burlington	J. M. Turner	Palmyra	F. J. Wells.
Cassville	Willis P. Colburn	Pewaukee	E. L. McGowan.
Centralia	S. M. Keyes	Phillips	A. D. Prideaux.
Chilton	F. A. Thayer	Plainfield	Eber Daffoe.
Chippewa Falls	R. L. Barton	Plymouth	Otto Gafron.
Clinton	H. B. Lathe	Portage	W. G. Clough.
Columbus	M. H. Jackson	Poynette	Henry S. Yonker.
Cumberland	D. E. Cameron	Prairie du Chien	John A. Pratt.
Darlington	James M. Stevens	Prairie du Sac	J. F. Bergen.
Deerfield	A. B. Moses	Prescott	James Goodsworthly.
Delavan	C. W. Rittenburg	Racine	A. N. Ozias.
De Pere	Violet M. Alden	Reedsburg	W. N. Parker.
Dodgeville	O. J. Schuster	Rhineland	C. M. Gleason.
Durand	J. W. Nesbit	Rice Lake	E. C. McClelland.
East Troy	C. F. Hardy	Richland Center	A. E. Brainerd.
Eau Claire	M. S. Frawley	Ripon	A. E. Schaub.
Edgerton	H. A. Adrian	River Falls	H. L. Wilson.
Elkhorn	C. D. Kipp	Sauk City	H. F. Lueders.
Ellsworth	C. J. Brewer	Saymour	R. H. Schmidt.
Elroy	W. E. Uttendorfer	Sharon	J. G. Skeels.
Evansville	H. F. Kling	Shawano	E. H. Reynolds.
Fennimore	Elizabeth Clary	Sheboygan	J. E. Riordan.
Fond du Lac	L. A. Williams	Sheboygan Falls	F. F. Showers.
Fort Atkinson	A. W. Weber	Shullsburg	O. E. Rice.
Fox Lake	Robert Rienow	Sparta	J. W. Livingston.
Grand Rapids	Guy S. Ford	Spring Green	W. H. Schulz.
Green Bay, (e. side)	Wm. O. Brown	Stevens Point	H. A. Simonds.
Green Bay, (w. side)	A. W. Burton	Stoughton	A. H. Sholtz.
Hartford	E. W. Pryor	Sturgeon Bay	E. E. Beckwith.
Hayward	J. G. Adams	Sun Prairie	James Milville.
Highland	James McGovern	Tomah	Edwin H. Cassells.
Horicon	E. T. Johnson	Tomahawk	J. W. West.
Hurley	John Bridgman	Two Rivers	Elmer E. Carr.
Hudson	S. B. Tobey	Union Grove	W. W. Storms.
Janesville	D. D. Mayne	Viroqua	Taylor Frye.
Jofferson	H. J. Hammill	Washburn	H. W. Rood.
Juneau	A. Pike West	Waterloo	G. H. Landgraff.
Kaukauna	Ira M. Allen	Watertown	C. F. Viebahn.
Kenosha	C. E. Wiswall	Waukesha	H. L. Terry.
Kewaunee	M. McMahon	Waupaca	F. E. Doty.
Lake Geneva	A. F. Bartlett	Waupun	F. C. Howard.
Lake Mills	Allen B. West	Waupun	H. C. Curtis.
Lancaster	L. L. Clarke	Wausau	Karl Mathie.
Lodi	R. E. Loveland	Wauwatosa	W. H. Goodall.
Madison	J. H. Hutchison	West Bend	L. E. Amidon.
Martine	G. E. Maxwell	West De Pere	John D. Conley.
Marshall	Wm. Fowle	Wayauwega	F. W. Starr.
Marshfield	Geo. W. Paulus	Whitewater	H. A. Whipple.
Mauston	A. H. Fletcher	Windsor	Edward Meland.
Mayville	L. S. Keeley	Wonewoc	W. S. Freeman.
Mazomanie	O. M. Salisbury		

DIRECTORY OF WISCONSIN FREE HIGH SCHOOLS, SHOWING LOCATION AND PRINCIPALS — Continued.

THREE YEARS' COURSES.

Albany.....	C. G. Babcock.	Lone Rock.....	Edgar Ewers.
Alma.....	John H. Bille.	Manawa.....	C. B. Stanley.
Almond.....	Peter Peterson.	Merrillan.....	W. P. Roseman.
Amherst.....	H. S. Perry.	Middleton.....	T. T. Blakely.
Avoca.....	James Foy.	Mondovi.....	G. M. MacGregor.
Bangor.....	F. A. Harrison.	Montello.....	A. G. Hough.
Barron.....	T. H. Lage.	Mount Hope.....	C. E. Shearer.
Belleville.....	William J. Hocking.	Muscoda.....	A. W. Kopp.
Birnamwood.....	M. P. Cady.	Oakfield.....	Anon M. Olson.
Bloomer.....	Elmer Roberts.	Oakwood.....	A. H. Cole.
Brandon.....	Geo. E. Dickinson.	Pepin.....	G. E. Pratt.
Brillion.....	Wm. H. Luehr.	Peshtigo.....	J. M. Bold.
Cadott.....	Elsie O. Ewing.	Platteville.....	Chas. M. Fox.
Cambridge.....	John Hooper.	Port Washington.....	T. J. Jones.
Chetek.....	B. F. Budworth.	Potosi.....	P. A. Kolb.
Clintonville.....	W. H. Hickok.	Rosendale.....	Alice M. Tetherly.
Cobb.....	Lewis A. Jones.	St. Croix Falls.....	J. G. Burridge.
Colby.....	F. M. Jackson.	Sextonville.....	Kirk. L. Hatch.
Cuba City.....	R. Milton Orchard.	Shell Lake.....	John N. Foster.
Fairchild.....	E. W. Beeman.	South Milwaukee.....	John E. Roets.
Florence.....	W. T. Campbell.	Stanley.....	T. W. Davis.
Friendship.....	O. H. Day.	Stockbridge.....	L. E. Gotham.
Glenbeulah.....	Wm. L. Greese.	Trempealeau.....	O. M. Jones.
Glenwood.....	John Callahan.	Unity.....	J. M. Powers.
Hazel Green.....	R. E. Smith.	Waldo.....	Geo. H. Drewry.
Hillsboro.....	A. F. Elmegreen.	Walworth.....	J. W. Blodgett.
Humbird.....	T. J. Metcalf.	Westfield.....	Edward A. Ketcham.
Kiel.....	G. W. Morrissey.	West Salem.....	C. E. Slothover.
Linden.....	Paul Vander Eike.	Wilton.....	C. R. Thompson.
Loyal.....	A. C. Finn.	Winneconne.....	G. R. Grye.

CITY SUPERINTENDENTS.

Cities.	Superintendent.	Cities.	Superintendent.
Antigo.....	John E. Martin.	Merrill.....	Francis E. Maehews.
Appleton.....	Carrie E. Morgan.	Milwaukee.....	H. O. R. Siefert.
Ashland.....	B. B. Jackson.	Mineral Point.....	Albert R. Jolley.
Baraboo.....	J. E. Necollins.	Neenah.....	E. A. Williams.
Beaver Dam.....	J. E. McClure.	New London.....	DeWitt Ellwood.
Beloit.....	C. W. Merriman.	Oconto.....	R. L. Cooley.
Berlin.....	N. M. Dodson.	Onalaska.....	C. W. Farrand.
Brodhead.....	Emma C. Randall.	Oshkosh.....	Buel T. Davis.
Chippewa Falls.....	Robert L. Barton.	Portage.....	A. C. Kellogg.
Columbus.....	M. H. Jackson.	Prairie du Chien.....	Robt. J. Morrison.
De Pere.....	Violet M. Alden.	Racine.....	J. B. Estabrook.
Eau Claire.....	Otis C. Gross.	Reedsburg.....	W. N. Parker.
Fond du Lac.....	L. A. Williams.	Rice Lake.....	C. E. West.
Grand Rapids.....	Geo. L. Williams.	Ripon.....	L. E. Reed.
Green Bay.....	M. H. McMahon.	Sheboygan.....	Geo. Heller.
Hudson.....	Geo. D. Cline.	Stevens Point.....	H. A. Simonds.
Janesville.....	D. D. Mayne.	Sturgeon Bay.....	E. E. Beckwith.
Kaukauna.....	Hampton Corlette.	Superior.....	W. H. Elson.
Kenosha.....	G. R. McDowell.	Tomahawk.....	O. M. Smith.
La Crosse.....	Albert Hardy.	Watertown.....	C. F. Viobahn.
Madison.....	R. B. Dudgeon.	Waupaca.....	H. H. Suhs.
Marinette.....	J. T. Edwards.	Wausau.....	Karl Mathia.
Menasha.....	Jos. Fieweger.	Whitewater.....	A. A. Upham.
Menomonee.....	Judson E. Hoyt.		

COLLEGES, ACADEMIES, SEMINARIES AND THEOLOGICAL INSTITUTIONS.

<i>Corporate Name.</i>	<i>Location.</i>
Carroll College	Waukesha, Wis.
Catholic N. S. and Pio Nono College.....	St. Francis, Wis.
Christian Endeavor Academy.....	Endeavor, Wis.
Concordia College, German Evangelical Luthern Synod	Milwaukee, Wis.
German-English Academy.....	Milwaukee, Wis.
Hillside Home School	Hillside, Wis.
Kemper Hall	Kenosha, Wis.
Lac du Flambeau Indian Industrial School.....	Lac du Flambeau, Wis.
Lawrence University.....	Appleton, Wis.
Marquette College	Milwaukee, Wis.
Milton College.....	Milton, Wis.
Milwaukee Academy	Milwaukee, Wis.
Milwaukee College, Downer College.....	Milwaukee, Wis.
Mission House of Reformed Church.....	Franklin, Wis.
Nashotah House.....	Nashotah, Wis.
Northwestern University.....	Watertown Wis.
North Wisconsin Academy.....	Ashland, Wis.
Racine College.....	Racine, Wis.
Ripon College.....	Ripon, Wis.
Sacred Heart College.....	Prairie du Chien, Wis.
Saint Clara Female Academy.....	Sinsinawa, Wis.
Sacred Heart College.....	Watertown, Wis.
St. Catherine's Academy.....	Racine, Wis.
St. John's Military Academy.....	Delafield, Wis.
St. Lawrence College.....	Mt. Calvary, Wis.
St. Mary's Institute	Prarie du Chien, Wis.
Stoughton Academy and Business Institute.....	Stoughton, Wis.

STATISTICAL LIST OF SENATORS FOR 1897.

District.	Names.	Politics.	Counties represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Came to state.	Years in legislature.
5	Austin, William H.	R.	Part of Milwaukee	135 30th St., Milwaukee	Lawyer	New York	37	1859	1893, 95, 97.
16	Baxter, Charles H.	R.	Grant and Iowa	Leicester	Merchant	New York	55	1857	1893, 95, 97.
13	Burke, Michael E.	D.	Dodge	Beaver Dam	Lawyer	Wisconsin	34	1863	1891, 93, 95, 97.
27	Conger, William F.	R.	Columbia and Sauk	Prairie du Sac	Merchant	New Jersey	53	1862	1895, 97.
19	Davis, Charles W.	R.	Winnebago	Oshkosh	Banker and Manufacturer	Vermont	70	1857	1895, 97.
20	Dennett, Fred A.	R.	Ozaukee and Sheboygan	Sheboygan	Manufacturer	Maine	47	1851	1897.
6	Devos, William H.	R.	Part of Milwaukee	604 17th St., Milwaukee	Merchant	Wisconsin	39	1857	1897.
7	Fisher, Charles T.	R.	Part of Milwaukee	Wauwatosa	Farmer	Wisconsin	51	1846	1895, 97.
4	Green, J. Herbert	R.	Part of Milwaukee	1148 2d St., Milwaukee	Merchant	Wisconsin	36	1860	1897.
12	Lamoureux, Clarence A.	R.	Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Iron, Sawyer and Washburn	Ashland	Lawyer	Wisconsin	36	1860	1897.
2	Mailier, Andrew C.	R.	Brown and Oconto	Depere	Physician	Wisconsin	43	1853	1897.
33	Mayer, Stephen B.	D.	Washington and Waukesha	West Bend	Brewer	Wisconsin	43	1854	1895, 97.
31	McGillivray, James J.	R.	Jackson, Juneau and Monroe	Black River Falls	Architect & Manufacturer	Canada	49	1866	1891, 93, 95, 97.
15	McMullen, John E.	D.	Calumet and Manitowish	Chilton	Lawyer	Canada	53	1855	1895, 97.
11	Mills, Thomas B.	D.	Burnett, Douglas and Polk	Superior	Lumbering & Real Estate	Wisconsin	40	1857	1895, 87, 89, 95, 97.
28	Munson, Oliver G.	R.	Crawford, Richland and Vernon	Viroqua	Publisher and Editor	Iowa	40	1876	1897.
21	Phillips, John	R.	Portage and Waupaca	Stevens Point	Physician	Vermont	73	1845	1895, 97.
9	Peirce, Clarence E.	R.	Adams, Marquette, Waushara and Wood	Germania	Farmer	Canada	46	.....	1891, 93, 95, 97.
17	Putnam, Henry C.	R.	Green, Lafayette, and part of Rock	Brodhead	Banker and lumberman	Ohio	50	1849	1891, 93, 95, 97.
30	Riordan, Daniel E.	R.	Florence, Forest, Lincoln, Oneida, Langlade, Price, Taylor and Vilas, Part of Milwaukee	Eagle River	Lawyer	Wisconsin	33	1863	1897.
8	Roehr, Julius E.	R.	Part of Milwaukee	807 Nat. Ave., Milwaukee	Lawyer	New York	36	1873	1897.

		D.	Walworth and part of Jefferson.....	Watertown	Dentist.....	Pennsylvania ..		1868	1893, 95, 97.
23	Solliday, Albert						56		
1	Stebbins, De Wayne...	R.	Door, Kewaunee, and Marinette	Ahnapee	Banker and Publisher	New York.....	62	1895	1895, 97.
29	Stout, James H	R.	Chippewa and Dunn.....	Menomonie	Lumberman	Iowa.....	43	1889	1895, 97.
18	Thayer, Lyman W	R.	Fond du Lac and Green Lake	Ripon.....	Farmer	Wisconsin	43	1884	1893, 95, 97.
3	Timme, Ernst G.....	R.	Kenosha and Racine.....	Kenosha	Farmer	Prussia	53	1848	1895, 97.
26	Welton, Chauncey B ..	R.	Dane	Madison	Merchant	Ohio	52	1877	1897.
24	Whelan, John W	R.	Buffalo, Eau Claire and Pepin.....	Mondovi	Lawyer	Wisconsin	51	1845	1889, 97.
22	Whitehead, John M ..	R.	Part of Rock and part of Jefferson.....	Janesville	Lawyer	Illinois.....	44	1883	1897.
14	Whitman, Alexander B.	R.	Outagamie and Shawano.	Appleton.....	Lawyer and real estate	Maine	42	1887	1897.
32	Withee, Levi	R.	La Crosse and Trempealeau.....	La Crosse.....	Lumberman	Maine	62	1853	1893, 95, 97.
10	Woodworth, Dempster.	R.	Pierce and St. Croix....	Ellsworth.....	Physician and Surgeon	Ohio	51	1868	1895, 97.
25	Younmans, Clarion A...	R.	Clark and Marathon....	Neillsville	Lawyer	Wisconsin	49	1847	1895, 97.

STATE SENATORS, 1897, ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED SHOW- ING COMMITTEE SERVICE.

Austin.....	Judiciary (Ch.), Manufactures.
Baxter.....	Banks and Insurance, Military Affairs, Joint Committee, on Claims (Ch.).
Burke	Roads and Bridges, Joint Committee on Printing.
Conger.....	State Affairs, Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Legislative Expenses (Ch.), Engrossed Bills (Ch.).
Davis	Banks and Insurance (Ch.), Corporations, Enrolled Bills.
Dennett	Railroads, Manufactures (Ch.), Agriculture.
Devos	Railroads, Corporations.
Fisher	Railroads, Public Lands (Ch.), Engrossed Bills.
Green	Manufactures, Privileges and Elections, (Jt.) Fish and Game.
Lamoureux.....	Judiciary, Manufactures, Public Lands.
Mailer.....	Railroads, Education, Public Health (Ch.).
Mayer	Railroads, Privileges and Elections, Bills on Third Reading.
Mills	Education, Corporations (Ch.), Town and County Organization.
Munson	State Affairs, Legislative Expenses, (Jt.) On Printing (Ch.).
McMullen	Judiciary, Federal Relations, Enrolled Bills.
McGillivray....	State Affairs, Agriculture (Ch.), (Jt.) Committee on Claims.
Peirce.....	Banks and Insurance, Legislative Expenses, Agriculture, Roads and Bridges (Ch.).
Phillips	Railroads, Education, Enrolled Bills (Ch.).
Putnam	State Affairs (Ch.), Military Affairs, Federal Relations.
Riordan.....	Judiciary, Railroads.
Roehr	Privileges and Elections (Ch.), (Jt.) Fish and Game, Banks and Insurance.
Stebbins.....	Public Health, Military Affairs, (Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions (Ch.).
Solliday.....	Public Health, Military Affairs, (Jt.) Committee on Claims.
Stout.....	Education (Ch.), Corporations, (Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions.
Thayer.....	Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Corporations, Agriculture.
Timme.....	Banks and Insurance, Public Lands, (Jt.) Fish and Game (Ch.).
Welton.....	Railroads, Military Affairs (Ch.), Engrossed Bills.
Whelan	Judiciary, Agriculture, Bills on Third Reading (Ch.).
Whitehead.....	State Affairs, Town and County Organization, Privileges and Elections.
Whitman.....	Judiciary, Federal Relations (Ch.).
Withee.....	Railroads (Ch.), Privileges and Elections, Bills on Third Reading.
Woodworth.....	Education, Assessment and Collection of Taxes, (Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions.
Yocmans	Judiciary, Manufactures, Town and County Organization (Ch.), Roads and Bridges.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

On Judiciary.

Senators Austin, chairman,
Youmans,
Whitman,
Whelan,
Riordan,
Lamoreux,
McMullen.

On State Affairs.

Senators Putnam, chairman,
McGillivray,
Munson,
Whitehead,
Conger.

On Banks and Insurance.

Senators Davis, chairman,
Roehr,
Peirce,
Timme,
Baxter.

On Public Lands.

Senators Fisher, chairman,
Timme,
Lamoreux.

On Public Health.

Senators Mailer, chairman,
Stebbins,
Solliday.

On Military Affairs.

Senators Welton, chairman,
Putnam,
Baxter,
Stebbins,
Solliday.

On Privileges and Elections.

Senators Roehr, chairman,
Green,
Whitehead,
Withee,
Mayer.

On Railroads.

Senators Withee, chairman,
Fisher,
Devos,
Phillips,
Welton,
Riordan,
Mailer,
Dennett,
Mayer.

On Education.

Senators Stout, chairman,
Woodworth,
Mills,
Phillips,
Mailer.

On Manufactures.

Senators Dennett, chairman,
Lamoreux,
Youmans,
Green,
Austin.

On Legislative Expenses.

Senators Conger, chairman,
Peirce,
Munson.

On Federal Relations.

Senators Whitman, chairman,
Putnam,
McMullen.

On Agriculture.

Senators McGillivray, chairman,
Dennett,
Wheelan,
Thayer,
Peirce.

On Roads and Bridges.

Senators Peirce, chairman,
Youmans,
Burke.

On Engrossed Bills.

Senators Conger, chairman,
Fisher,
Welton.

*On Assessment and Collection of
Taxes.*

Senators Woodworth, chairman,
Conger,
Thayer.

On Corporations.

Senators Mills, chairman,
Stout,
Thayer,
Davis,
Devos.

On Town and County Organization.

Senators Youmans, chairman,
Whitehead,
Mills.

On Enrolled Bills.

Senators Phillips, chairman,
Davis,
McMullen.

On Bills on Third Reading.

Senators Wheelan, chairman,
Withee,
Mayer.

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY FOR 1897.

Seat	Names.	Politics.	Counties represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Came to state.	Years in Legislature.
32	Ackermann, Christian.	R.	Sheboygan 1st dist	Sheboygan,	Manufacturer.	Germany	46	1874	1895, 97.
76	Agen, James H.	R.	Douglas, 1st dist.	West Superior.	Real estate.	Vermont	50	1887	1897.
43	Anson, Frank A.	R.	Milwaukee, 4th dist.	1621 Grand Ave.	Wholesale grocer.	New York	53	1868	1895, 97.
58	Barum, Marcus H.	R.	Marathon, 2d dist.	Wausau.	Lawyer and publisher.	New York	63	1855	1897.
45	Beach, Joseph B.	R.	Trempealeau	Whitehall.	Publisher.	Vermont	43	1866	1897.
64	Becttel, Daniel.	D.	Dane, 1st dist.	Madison.	Farmer.	Pennsylvania	51	1850	1897.
64	Borgstrom, Hans.	R.	St. Croix	Baldwin.	Lawyer and real estate.	Denmark	64	1856	1897.
96	Buckstaff, Geo. A.	R.	Winnebago, 1st district	Oshkosh.	Lawyer and manufacturer.	Wisconsin	35	1861	1895, 97.
11	Bullington, Byron A.	R.	Eau Claire, 1st district	Eau Claire.	Merchant.	Wisconsin	44	1852	1897.
56	Bullard, Silas.	R.	Winnebago, 2d dist.	Menasha.	Lawyer.	Massachusetts.	55	1871	1895, 97.
70	Burnham, John F.	R.	Milwaukee, 8th dist.	823 So. Pierce	Manufacturer.	Wisconsin	40	1856	1897.
80	Battles, Mark M.	R.	La Crosse 2d dist.	St. Milwan.	Merchant.	New York	52	1845	1897.
63	Cashin, Patrick H.	D.	Portage, 1st dist.	Onalaska.	Contractor.	Wisconsin	45	1851	1897.
27	Church, Leonard O.	R.	Walworth, 2d dist.	Stevens Point.	Farmer.	Wisconsin	51	1846	1897.
42	Clark, Charles	R.	Outagamie, 2d dist.	Walworth.	Farmer.	England	40	1867	1897.
74	Clark, Gid H.	R.	Oneida, Price and Vilas.	Apple Creek.	Merchant and lumberman	Wisconsin	37	1859	1897.
83	Cason, Jesse A.	R.	Dodge, 1st dist.	Rhineland.	Physician.	Wisconsin	36	1860	1897.
4	Connors, Mathew J.	R.	Ashtland and Iron.	Neosho.	Lun herman.	Canada	41	1849	1897.
54	Davidson, James O.	R.	Crawford	Hurley.	Merchant.	Norway	43	1872	1893, 95, 97.
57	Dresser, Lester B.	R.	Polk and Burnett.	Soldiers Grove.	Merchant.	Wisconsin	32	1864	1897.
17	Eaton, Barney A.	R.	Milwaukee, 3d dist.	St. Croix Falls.	Farmer and fruit grower.	W. consin.	43	1853	1897.
88	Edwards, Wynn.	R.	Fond du Lac, 2d dist.	Rosendale.	Farmer	North Wales.	54	1859	1897.
9	Feige, Julius	R.	Milwaukee, 11th dist.	654 Muskego Av.	Merchant.	Wisconsin.	35	1861	1897.
73	Flagg, Abner S.	R.	Rock, 2d dist.	Milwaukee.	Leaf tobacco merchant.	New Jersey	45	1855	1897.
84	Flett, William H.	R.	Lincoln and Taylor.	Edgerton.	Lawyer.	Wisconsin	40	1856	1897.
37	Fogo, William M.	R.	Richland	Merrill.	Editor and publisher.	Ohio	55	1853	1897.
63	Frick, Chas. N.	Fus.	Milwaukee, 5th dist.	Rich'nd Center 404 Orchard St.	Insurance	New York.	36	1858	1897.
39	Froehlich, Wm. H.	R.	Washington.	Milwaukee.	Merchant.	Wisconsin	39	1857	1895, 97.
67	Gavin, August M.	D.	Milwaukee, 14th dist.	Jackson.	Merchant.	Wisconsin	37	1872	1897.
47	Goodell, Emilus S.	R.	Vernon.	823 Wind Lake Ave., Mil	Artist	Germany	27	1871	1897.
25	Hall, Albert R.	R.	Dunn.	Viroqua.	Liveryman.	New York	48	1857	1897.
		R.		Knapp.	Farmer and manufacturer.	Vermont	56	1880	1891, 93, 95, 97.

24	Harvey, Leslie C.	R.	Oconto	Oconto	Teacher.	Wisconsin.	1897.
33	Hindes, John P.	R.	Columbia, 1st dist.	Lodi	Merchant.	New York.	1899
39	Higin, James P.	R.	Brown, 2d dist.	Green Bay	Retired merchant.	New York.	1897.
41	Hoyt, Emerson D.	R.	Milwaukee, 7th dist.	Wauwatosa	Real estate.	Wisconsin.	1882, 97.
55	Hughes, William	R.	Waukesha	Wauslara	Farmer.	Wales.	1887, 93, 95, 97.
84	Hurd, Frank E.	R.	Juneau	New Lisbon	Farmer and farmer.	Ohio.	1899
12	Hurlbut, Wm. H.	R.	Walworth, 1st dist.	Elkhorn	Physician.	New York.	1895, 97.
28	Jensen, Andrew	R.	Waupaca, 2d dist.	Ogdensburg	Farmer.	Denmark.	1897.
31	Jones, David F.	R.	Monroe	Sparta	Farmer.	New York.	1897.
34	Jones, William A.	R.	Iowa	Mineral Point.	Lawyer.	Wisconsin.	1895, 97.
38	Klabunde, Reinhard	R.	Milwaukee, 9th dist.	205 5th du Lac	Farmer.	South Wales	1895, 97.
35	Kraus, Chas. A. W.	R.	Milwaukee, 15th dist.	Av Milwaukee	Merchant	Germany	1897.
65	Lange, Louis A.	D.	Fond du Lac, 1st dist.	Sub. Station No. 1, Milwaukee	Real estate and loans.	Wisconsin	1897.
18	Latta Geo. W.	R.	Forest, Florence and	Fond du Lac.	Publisher.	Illinois	1893, 95, 97.
5	Legried, Christopher	R.	Langlade	Antigo	Lawyer	Wisconsin	1895, 97.
23	Lewis, William T.	R.	Dane, 2d dist.	Cambridge	Manufacturer.	Wisconsin	1897.
61	Maertz, Fred C.	R.	Racine, 1st dist.	Racine	Manufacturer.	New York.	1897.
22	Marsh, Joseph C.	R.	Manitowoc, 2d dist.	Reedsville	Merchant.	Germany.	1892
87	Merrill, Addison W.	R.	Clark	Spokeville	Farmer and lumberman.	Pennsylvania.	1895, 97.
2	McDonald, Thomas W.	R.	Jackson	Auna Center	Farmer.	Massachusetts.	1895, 97.
92	Merriman, Chas. W.	R.	Rock, 3rd dist.	Pelot	Physician.	Wisconsin	1897.
44	McGrath, Thomas J.	R.	Grant, 1st dist.	Lancaster	Insurance	Wisconsin	1897.
60	Minch, Oscar F.	R.	Brown, 1st dist.	Green Bay	General contractor.	Canada.	1873, 1897.
30	Morgan, John E.	R.	Dane, 3rd dist.	Paoil	Miller	Wisconsin	1897.
80	Moster, Thomas H.	R.	Sauk, 2d dist.	Spring Green	Stock dealer.	Ohio	1897.
94	Niss, Chas., J. F.	R.	Racine, 2d dist.	Kneeland	Merchant and Farmer.	New York.	1897.
6		R.	Milwaukee, 6th dist.	699 3d St., Milwaukee			1841
97	Olson, Hans H.	R.	Green Lake	Berlin	Furniture and bldg. material.	Wisconsin	1897.
41	Overbeck, Henry, Jr.	R.	Door	Sturgeon Bay	Hotel keeper.	Norway	1857, 1897.
93	Parker, Maynard T.	R.	Kewaunee	Alnabek	Ins. Agt. and tel. operator.	New York.	1851, 1897.
91	Peterson, Peter N.	R.	Portage, 2d dist.	Amherst	Lawyer.	New Hampshire	1851, 1897.
3	Pierce, Solon W.	R.	Adams and Marquette	Friendship	Farm produce and implements.	Norway	1897.
36	Plummer, Samuel F.	R.	Buffalo and Pepin	Durant	Attorney and publisher.	New York.	1877, 78, 80, 81, 82, 97.
69	Polacheck, Chas.	R.	Milwaukee, 2d dist.	43 Chestnut St.	Manufacturer of furniture	Wisconsin	1897.
20	Polley, Horace N.	R.	Eau Claire, 2d dist.	Angus	Plumber	Bohemia.	1858
55	Pratt, George E.	R.	Pierce	River Falls	Farmer.	New York.	1897.
46	Ray, George H.	R.	La Crosse, 1st dist.	92 1/2 King St., La Crosse	Meat business	Vermont.	1848, 1897.
19	Reinholdt, Henry O.	R.	Milwaukee, 12th dist.	2680 Lisbon Av.	Banker and Lumberman	New Brunswick	1895, 97.
26	Reynolds, John F.	R.	Kenosha	Genoa Junction	Druggist.	Wisconsin	1895, 97.
95	Risum, Otto A.	R.	Shawano	Pulifer	Farmer.	Wisconsin	1852, 1895, 1897.
					Merchant.	Norway	1856

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY FOR 1897—Continued.

Seat	Name.	Politics.	Counties represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Came to state.	Years in Legislature.
49	Rosenkrans, Omar L.	R.	Waukesha, 2d dist.	Oconomowoc.	Merchant, Mechanic and Farmer.	New York.	54	1837	1891, 97.
100	Rutherford, Gilbert.	R.	Jefferson, 2d dist.	Lake Mills.	Farmer.	Wisconsin.	36	1861	1897.
62	Schellenberg, Herman	R.	Oenocsee.	Horn's Corners.	Merchant and Mfg.	Germany.	54	1859	1895, 97.
89	Selder, Ole C.	R.	Waukesha, 1st dist.	Scandinavia.	Farmer.	Wisconsin.	49	1848	1897.
98	Sheffer, Geo. P.	R.	Lafayette.	New Diggings.	Farmer.	Wisconsin.	52	1844	1897.
31	Shier, William F.	R.	Sheboygan, 2d dist.	Franklin.	Farmer.	Germany.	48	1849	1895, 97.
18	Smith, Delbert K.	R.	Waukesha, 1st dist.	Big Bend.	Farmer.	Wisconsin.	34	1862	1895, 97.
78	Smith, Jonathan J.	R.	Barron.	Barron.	Editor and Publisher.	Illinois.	53	1873	1895, 97.
10	Stanley, Jonas A.	R.	Chippewa, 1st dist.	Chippewa Falls.	Lumberman and Mfg.	Wisconsin.	47	1849	1885, 97.
52	Staples, King G.	R.	Bayfield, Sawyer and Washburn.	Iron River.	Lumberman and Mfg.	Maine.	45	1884	1897.
52	Stone, Jesse.	R.	Jefferson, 1st dist.	Watertown.	Manufacturer and Banker.	England.	60	1869	1880, 82, 97.
53	Sweeting, Chas. W.	R.	Manitowoc, 1st dist.	Clark's Mills.	Dairyman.	New York.	42	1878	1897.
12	Taylor, Geo. W.	R.	Marquette.	Marquette.	Lumberman.	Massachusetts.	42	1890	1895, 97.
12	Thomas, John W.	R.	Chippewa, 2d dist.	Anson.	Farmer and Dairyman.	Wales.	51	1857	1895, 97.
15	Thomson, Henry M.	R.	Marathon, 1st dist.	Mosinee.	Lumber Merchant.	Maine.	35	1868	1897.
13	Treat, Nathaniel B.	R.	Green.	Monroe.	Merchant.	Maine.	58	1858	1895, 97.
43	True, John M.	R.	Sauk, 1st dist.	Baraboo.	Farmer.	New Hamp's re.	57	1866	1897.
21	Tucker, Frank T.	R.	Winnebago, 3d dist.	Omro.	Teacher.	Michigan.	32	1869	1893, 97.
50	Utt, Adelbert L.	R.	Grant, 2d dist.	Platteville.	Farmer and Stock Shipper.	Wisconsin.	40	1856	1895, 97.
82	Webster, Samuel R.	R.	Dodge, 2d dist.	Danville.	Farmer and Breeder.	Wisconsin.	42	1854	1897.
77	Welch, Chas. H.	R.	Milwaukee, 1st dist.	827 Cass St., Milwaukee.	Stenographer.	New Hamp's re.	40	1856	1897.
98	Wheeler, William G.	R.	Rock, 1st dist.	Janesville.	Lawyer.	Wisconsin.	35	1861	1897.
73	White, Jarvis.	R.	Douglas, 2d dist.	South Superior.	Merchant.	Vermont.	64	1890	1897.
57	Wimperman, Herm. C.	R.	Wood.	Grand Rapids.	Lawyer.	Wisconsin.	43	1883	1895, 97.
34	Wolf, George W.	R.	Sheboygan, 3d dist.	Rhine.	Farmer.	Wisconsin.	48	1848	1895, 97.
63	Wolfinger, Joseph.	R.	Calumet.	Dundas.	Manufacturer.	Wisconsin.	40	1857	1895, 97.
71	Woller, Albert.	R.	Milwaukee, 10 dist.	1118 Walnut St., Milwaukee.	Ins., Loans & Real Estate.	Wisconsin.	35	1861	1895, 97.
40	Wolter, Bernard C.	R.	Outagamie, 1st dist.	Appleton.	Agricultural Impl. Dealer.	Germany.	45	1854	1897.
86	Wylie, George.	R.	Columbia, 2d dist.	Leeds.	Farmer and Breeder.	Scotland.	49	1857	1897.
7	Yorkey, John H.	R.	Milwaukee, 13th dist.	1093 Richard St., Milwaukee.	Laundryman.	New York.	40	1885	1897.

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY, 1897, ALPHABETICALLY AR- RANGED SHOWING COMMITTEE SERVICE.

Ackerman.....	Bills on Their Third Reading, Cities.
Agen	Cities, Roads and Bridges.
Anson	Cities (Ch.), (Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions.
Barnum	Enrolled Bills (Ch.), Cities.
Beach	Engrossed Bills, Town and County Organization.
Bechtel.....	Town and County Organization.
Borchsenius.....	Public Lands, Privileges and Elections.
Buffington	Finance, Banks and Insurance, Cities.
Bullard	Judiciary (Ch.).
Burnham.....	Cities, Public Health and Sanitation.
Buttles	Judiciary, Public Lands.
Cashin	Cities, (Jt.) On Claims.
Church.....	Dairy and Food, Federal Relations.
Clack	Agriculture, Engrossed Bills.
Clark.....	Railroads.
Clason	Bills on Their Third Reading, Public Health and Sanitation (Ch.).
Connors	Town and County Organization, (Jt.) Fish and Game.
Davidson	Finance, Banks and Insurance, Roads and Bridges (Ch.).
Dresser.....	Education, (Jt.) Fish and Game (Ch.).
Eaton	Agriculture (Ch.).
Edwards	Assessment and Collection of Taxes, State Affairs.
Feige	Manufactures, Military Affairs.
Flagg	Enrolled Bills, Railroads.
Flett	Cities, Judiciary.
Fogo	Ways and Means, (Jt.) Printing (Ch.).
Frink	Finance Banks and Insurance, Public Health and Sanitation.
Froehlich	Dairy and Food (Ch.).
Gawin	Bills on Their Third Reading, Corporations.
Goodell	Military Affairs, State Affairs.
Hall	Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Lumber and Mining (Ch.).
Harvey.....	Judiciary.
Hindes	Education, (Jt.) Fish and Game.
Hogan.....	Manufactures, Privileges and Elections.
Hoyt	Railroads (Ch.).
Hughes	Dairy and Food, Legislative Expenditures.
Hurd	Public Improvements, Railroads.
Hurlbut	Education, (Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions.
Jensen	Lumber and Mining, Public Lands (Ch.).
Jones, D. F	Judiciary.
Jones, W. A.....	Finance, Banks and Insurance, Manufactures.
Klabunde	Corporations.
Krauss	Public Improvements.
Lange	Railroads, (Jt.) Printing.
Latta	Engrossed Bills (Ch.), Judiciary.
Legried	Corporations, Military Affairs.

Lewis	Manufactures, (Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions (Ch.).
Maertz	Manufactures, (Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions.
Marsh	Manufactures (Ch.), (Jt.) Fish and Game.
Merrill	State Affairs.
Merriman	Education, Public Health and Sanitation.
McDonald	Public Improvements, Roads and Bridges.
McGrath	Public Health and Sanitation, Railroads.
Minch	Education.
Morgan	Legislative Expenditures, (Jt.) Claims.
Mosher.....	Dairy and Food, Roads and Bridges.
Niss	Railroads, Roads and Bridges.
Olson	Education, Enrolled Bills.
Overbeck.....	Corporations, (Jt.) Fish and Game.
Parker	Judiciary.
Peterson	Railroads.
Pierce	Legislative Expenditures, State Affairs.
Plummer.....	Engrossed Bills, Public Lands.
Polachek	Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Cities.
Polley	Assessment and Collection of Taxes.
Pratt.....	Military Affairs, Town and County Organization.
Ray	Finance, Banks and Insurance, (Jt.) On Claims (Ch.).
Reinholdt	Manufactures, Privileges and Elections.
Reynolds.....	Railroads, Ways and Means.
Risum	Federal Relations, Lumber and Mining.
Rosenkrans	Corporations, Federal Relations (Ch.).
Rutherford	Agriculture, Bills on Their Third Reading.
Schellenberg	Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Privileges and Elections.
Sether	Legislative Expenditures, Public Lands.
Shaffer.....	Enrolled Bills, Lumber and Mining.
Sieker	Public Improvements (Ch.), Privileges and Elections.
Smith, D. K.....	Agriculture, Federal Relations.
Smith, J. J.....	Military Affairs, Town and County Organization (Ch.).
Stanley.....	Corporations (Ch.), Ways and Means.
Staples.....	Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Lumber and Mining.
Stone.....	State Affairs (Ch.).
Sweeting	Dairy & Food, Federal Relations.
Taylor.....	Military Affairs (Ch.), Railroads.
Thomas	Dairy and Food, Railroads.
Thompson	(Jt.) On Claims.
Treat.....	Assessment and Collection of Taxes (Ch.), Finance, Banks and Insurance.
True.....	Agriculture, Dairy and Food.
Tucker	Education (Ch.), Judiciary.
Utt.....	Legislative Expenditures (Ch.), Privileges and Elections.
Webster.....	Agriculture, Ways and Means.
Welch	Judiciary.
Wheeler	Judiciary, Ways and Means (Ch.).
White	Military Affairs, (Jt.) Claims.
Wipperman	Judiciary, Privileges and Elections (Ch.).
Wolff.....	(Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions.
Wolfinger	Engrossed Bills, State Affairs.
Woller	Corporations, (Jt.) Printing.
Wolter	Bills on Their Third Reading (Ch.), State Affairs.
Wylie	Agriculture, Public Improvements.
Yorkey.....	Enrolled Bills, Finance, Banks and Insurance.

THE STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE ASSEMBLY.

Assessment and Collection of taxes.

Messrs. Nath. B. Treat, chairman,
Wynn Edwards,
Albert R. Hall,
King G. Staples,
Charles Polacheck,
Horace N. Polley,
Herman Schellenberg.

Agriculture.

Messrs. Barney A. Eaton, chairman,
D. K. Smith,
Samuel R. Webster,
Gilbert Rutherford,
John M. True,
Charles Clack,
George Wylie.

Bills on Their Third Reading.

Messrs. Bernard C. Wolter, chairman,
Gilbert Rutherford,
Christian Ackermann,
Jesse A. Clason,
August M. Gawin.

Cities.

Messrs. Frank A. Anson, chairman,
Christian Ackermann,
James H. Agen,
Mark H. Barnum,
John F. Burnham,
Chas. Polacheck,
Byron A. Buffington,
William H. Flett,
Patrick H. Cashin.

Corporations.

Messrs. Charles A. Stanley, chairman,
Omar L. Rosenkrans,
Reinhard Klabunde,
Albert Woller,
Chris Legried,
Henry Overbeck, Jr.,
August M. Gawin.

Dairy and Food.

Messrs. William Froehlich, chairman,
John W. Thomas,
Charles William Sweeting,
Thomas H. Mosher,
William Hughes,
Leonard C. Church,
John M. True.

Education.

Messrs. Frank T. Tucker, chairman,
Charles W. Merriman,
Lester B. Dresser,
Hans H. Olson,
William H. Hurlbut,
Lemuel P. Hindes,
Oscar F. Minch.

Engrossed Bills.

Messrs. George W. Latta, chairman,
Charles Clack,
Samuel F. Plummer,
Joseph B. Beach,
Joseph Wolfinger.

Enrolled Bills.

Messrs. Mark H. Barnum, chairman,
Hans H. Olson,
Abner S. Flagg,
George P. Shaffer,
John H. Yorkey.

Finance, Banks and Insurance.

Messrs. William A. Jones, chairman,
George H. Ray,
James O. Davidson,
Nath. B. Treat,
John H. Yorkey,
Byron A. Buffington,
Charles N. Fink.

Federal Relations.

Messrs. Omar L. Rosenkrans, chairman,
Charles Wm. Sweeting,
Otto A. Risum,
Delbert K. Smith,
Leonard C. Church.

Judiciary.

Messrs. Silas Bullard, chairman,
George W. Latta,
Herman C. Wiperman,
William G. Wheeler,
Maynard T. Parker,
David F. Jones,
William H. Flett,
Frank T. Tucker,
Mark M. Buttles,
Leslie C. Harvey,
Charles H. Welch.

Legislative Expenditures.

Messrs. Albert L. Utt, chairman,
William Hughes,
Solon W. Pierce,
Ole C. Sether,
John E. Morgan.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Lumber and Mining.

Messrs. Albert R. Hall, chairman,
King G. Staples,
Otto A. Risum,
George P. Sheffer,
Andrew Jensen.

Manufactures.

Messrs. Joseph C. Marsh, chairman,
John M. Hogan,
William A. Jones,
Julius Feige,
William T. Lewis,
Henry O. Reinholdt,
Fred C. Maertz.

Military Affairs.

Messrs. George W. Taylor, chairman,
Jonathan J. Smith,
Christ Legried,
Jarvis White,
Emilus S. Goodell,
George E. Pratt,
Julius Feige.

Public Lands.

Messrs. Andrew Jensen, chairman,
Hans Borchsenius,
Mark M. Buttles,
Ole C. Sether,
Samuel F. Plummer.

Public Health and Sanitation.

Messrs. Jesse A. Clason, chairman,
Charles W. Merriman,
John F. Burnham,
T. J. McGrath,
Chas. N. Frink,

Public Improvements.

Messrs. William F. Sieker, chairman,
Frank E. Hurd,
Thomas McDonald, Jr.,
George Wylie,
Charles A. W. Kraus.

Privileges and Elections.

Messrs. Herman C. Wipperman, chairman,
John M. Hogan,
Hans Borchsenius,
William F. Sieker,
Adelbert L. Utt,
Henry O. Reinholdt,
Herman Schellenberg.

Railroads.

Messrs. Emerson D. Hoyt, chairman,
John W. Thomas,
John F. Reynolds,
George W. Taylor,
Frank E. Hurd,
Abner S. Flagg,
Charles Niss, Jr.,
Gid H. Clark,
Peter N. Peterson,
Thomas McGrath, J.,
Louis A. Lange.

Roads and Bridges.

Messrs. James O. Davidson, chairman,
Charles Niss, Jr.,
Thomas McDonald, Jr.,
James H. Agen,
Thos. H. Mosher.

State Affairs.

Messrs. Jesse Stone, chairman,
Solon W. Pierce,
Bernard C. Wolter,
Emilus S. Goodell,
Wynn Edwards,
Addison W. Merrill,
Joseph Wolfinger.

Town and County Organization.

Messrs. Jonathan J. Smith, chairman,
Mathew J. Connors,
Joseph B. Beach,
George E. Pratt,
Daniel Bechtel.

Ways and Means.

Messrs. William G. Wheeler, chairman,
William M. Fogo,
Samuel E. Webster,
Charles A. Stanley,
John F. Reynolds.

JOINT COMMITTEES.

Charitable and Penal Institutions.

ON THE PART OF THE SENATE.

Senators Stebbins, chairman,
Woodworth,
Stout.

ON THE PART OF THE ASSEMBLY.

MESSRS. William T. Lewis, chairman,
Frank A. Anson,
George W. Wolff,
William H. Hurlbut,
Fred C. Maertz.

Claims.

Senators Baxter, chairman,
McGillivray,
Solliday.

MESSRS. George H. Ray, Chairman,
Henry M. Thompson,
Jarvis White,
John E. Morgan,
Patrick H. Cashin.

Fish and Game.

Senators Timme, chairman,
Green,
Riordan.

MESSRS. Lester B. Dresser, chairman,
Joseph C. Marsh,
Mathew J. Connors,
Lemuel P. Hinde,
Henry Overbeck, Jr.

Printing.

Senators Munson, chairman,
Burke.

MESSRS. William M. Fogo, chairman,
Albert Weller,
Louis A. Lange.

LIST OF EMPLOYEES OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE — 1897.

SENATE.

Name.	Age.	Position.	Occupation.	Years in the state.	Nativity.	P. O. Address.	County.
Walter L. Houser	41	Chief clerk.	Publisher.	31	Pennsylvania	Mondovi	Buffalo.
E. G. Asmus	39	Assistant chief clerk.	Real estate broker.	30	Germany	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
H. C. Schultz	35	Journal clerk.	Publisher.	35	Wisconsin	Chippewa Falls	Chippewa.
Henry E. Roethe	30	Book keeper.	Publisher.	30	Wisconsin	Fennimore	Grant.
Franc A. R. Van Meter	24	Proof reader.	Newspaper man.	24	Wisconsin	La Crosse	La Crosse.
R. C. Heydlauff	38	Engraving clerk.	Real estate.	14	Michigan	Ashland	Ashland.
John S. Parkinson	35	Engraving clerk.	Merchant.	45	Wisconsin	Windsor	Dane.
John C. McFarlin	52	Index clerk.	Architect.	38	Indiana	Richland Center	Richland.
Ed. H. Smith	21	Clerk judiciary committee.	Court reporter.	21	Wisconsin	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
W. H. Burk	43	Clerk joint committee on claims.	Publisher.	36	New York	Sheboygan	Sheboygan.
T. K. Dunn	50	Clerk committee on state affairs.	Contractor.	31	Vermont	Elroy	Juneau.
Wm. Wilson	30	Custodian of engraving room.	Book keeper.	30	Wisconsin	Appleton	Outagamie.
A. H. Johann	26	Stenographer.	Teacher.	26	England	De Pere	Brown.
J. C. Nodolf	34	Stenographer.	Lawyer.	40	Wisconsin	Belmont	Lafayette.
Florence D. Rhoades	73	Assistant-at-arms.	Publisher.	34	Wisconsin	Plainfield	Waushara.
Alex. Meggett	55	Sergeant-at-arms.	Retired.	47	Scotland	Eau Claire	Eau Claire.
Charles A. Pettibone	62	Assistant sergeant-at-arms.	Accountant.	42	New York	Oconomowoc	Waukesha.
F. W. Bruce	67	Postmaster.	Mechanic.	44	Vermont	Racine	Racine.
Christoph Paulus	67	Assistant postmaster.	Farmer.	29	Wisconsin	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
Alex. McGinnis	29	Document room clerk.	Farmer.	41	Ireland	Prairie du Sac	Sauk.
R. A. Vedder	41	Document room attendant.	Farmer.	23	Wisconsin	Oshkosh	Winnebago.
H. T. Mower	24	Doorkeeper.	Painter.	28	Sweden	Wauwatosa	Milwaukee.
Charles D. Nelson	53	Doorkeeper.	Farmer.	24	Sweden	Abnapee	Kewaunee.
Peter Lewis	54	Doorkeeper.	Farmer.	41	Maine	Lund	Pierce.
George W. Oakes	36	Doorkeeper.	House mover.	36	Wisconsin	Plainville	Adams.
A. A. Whitney	66	Gallery attendant.	Wool turner.	47	Canada	Manitowoc	Manitowoc.
James F. Holt	44	Room attendant.	Painter.	30	New York	Cedarburg	Ozaukee.
George W. Hanover	50	Room attendant.	Fish dealer.	42	New York	Jefferson	Jefferson.
J. L. McDonald	45	Room attendant.	Salesman.	43	Germany	Alhnapue	Kewaunee.
C. F. Maechtle	46	Janitor.	Clerk.	20	Wisconsin	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
Charles B. Osen	40	Night watchman.	Laborer.	46	Wisconsin	Oconomowoc	Waukesha.
H. G. Bahringert	45	Night laborer.	Contractor.	44	Germany	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
George Osterman						Phillips	Price.

Stanley A. Pettibone .	18	Messenger .	Student .	18	Wisconsin .	Oconomowoc .	Waukesha .
David Woodworth .	12	Messenger .	Student .	12	Wisconsin .	Ellsworth .	Pierce .
Anton Kempter .	18	Messenger .	Student .	18	Wisconsin .	Alma .	Buffalo .
Joseph R. Edwards .	17	Messenger .	Student .	17	Wisconsin .	Milwaukee .	Milwaukee .
August Grumm .	17	Messenger .	Student .	8	Iowa .	Mayville .	Dodge .
Fred S. Beach .	16	Messenger .	Student .	13	Iowa .	Prairie du Chien .	Crawford .
Robert Duert .	12	Messenger .	Student .	12	Wisconsin .	Milwaukee .	Milwaukee .
Henry Earl Wheeler .	11	Messenger .	Student .	11	Wisconsin .	Janesville .	Rock .
Fred Holcomb .	16	Messenger .	Student .	16	Wisconsin .	Brodhead .	Green .
John Tyler .	12	Messenger .	Student .	3	Ohio .	Milwaukee .	Milwaukee .

LIST OF EMPLOYEES OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE—1897.

ASSEMBLY.

Name.	Age.	Position.	Occupation.	Years in the state.	Nativity.	Post Office.	County.
Winslow A. Nowell...	56	Chief clerk	Journalist.....	32	New Hampshire	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
Frederic W. Coon....	46	Assistant chief clerk	Publisher and editor..	46	Wisconsin	Edgerton.....	Rock.
Charles M. Durkee...	40	Journal clerk	Publisher and editor..	23	Connecticut	Phillips.....	Pierce.
Charles F. Hanson...	42	Journal clerk	Journalist.....	23	Maine	Oshkosh.....	Oconto.
John E. Jones.....	25	Bookkeeper	Publisher and editor..	23	Wisconsin	Washburn.....	Bayfield.
John H. Frazier.....	23	Bookkeeper	Publisher and editor..	23	Wisconsin	Vielva.....	Richland.
Claude K. Pettengill..	24	Index clerk	Lawyer.....	24	Wisconsin	La Crosse.....	La Crosse.
Christopher J. Rollis	37	Proof reader	Insurance and real es- tate				
Henry H. McGraw....	57	Stationery clerk	Merchant.....	30	Norway	Stoughton.....	Dane.
Willard L. Notbohm...	53	Engrossing clerk	Merchant.....	32	New York	Whitewater.....	Walworth.
Llewellyn Davis.....	38	Enrolling clerk	Commercial traveler..	28	Wisconsin	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
Earle N. Hurd.....	31	Assistant index clerk	Carpenter.....	38	Wisconsin	Mineral Point.....	Iowa.
John A. Risken.....	37	Assistant engraving clerk	Printer.....	21	Wisconsin	New Lisbon.....	Juneau.
John W. Squires.....	52	Assistant engraving clerk	Insurance.....	36	Pennsylvania	Shullsburg.....	Lafayette.
Arthur J. Novak.....	21	Stenographer	Provision packer.....	32	England	Chippewa Falls..	Chippewa.
Bertha C. Sieker.....	19	Stenographer	Stenographer.....	21	Wisconsin	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
Clark H. Tennant....	30	Stenographer	Carpenter.....	30	Wisconsin	Franklin.....	Sheboygan.
Ray Hollister.....	21	Clerk committee on judiciary	Law student.....	20	Iowa	Oshkosh.....	Winnebago.
James Gagen.....	26	Clerk committee on engrossed bills	Stenographer.....	26	Wisconsin	Antigo.....	Winnebago.
Elizabeth Barnum....	18	Clerk committee on enrolled bills	Musician.....	18	Wisconsin	Wausau.....	Marathon.
Ralph Pomeoy.....	35	Clerk committee on bills in third reading	Journalist.....	35	Wisconsin	Appleton.....	Outagamie.
Chas. M. Hambright..	51	Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Manf. and merchant..	51	America	Racine.....	Racine.
David Justice.....	50	Assistant sergeant-at-arms	Merchant.....	43	America	Greenwood.....	Clark.
J. T. Moak.....	67	Postmaster.....	Retired business man.	43	America	Watertown.....	Jefferson.
S. D. Baird.....	40	Assistant postmaster..	Newsdealer.....	40	America	Neenah.....	Winnebago.
Wm. Haslam.....	34	Day attendant.....	Drayman.....	26	America	Green Bay.....	Brown.
C. H. Grant.....	62	Doorkeeper.....	Carpenter.....	42	America	River Falls.....	Pierce.
Hiram Bachelder....	66	Doorkeeper.....	Painter.....	40	America	Prairie du Chien.	Crawford.
Thomas Hayes.....	45	Doorkeeper.....	Watchman.....	27	Ireland	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
G. W. Overbeck.....	31	Gallery attendant.....	Mason.....	20	Germany	Alhambra.....	Kewaunee.
Geo. Boyer.....	25	Gallery attendant.....	Farmer.....	17	France	Marquette.....	Marquette.
Julie Derchick.....	25	Document clerk.....	Farmer.....	25	America	Spring Prairie..	Walworth.
J. B. Foster.....	34	Document clerk.....	Manufacturer.....	34	America	Beloit.....	Rock.
G. W. Allen.....	37	Document attendant..	Farmer.....	37	America	Viroqua.....	Vernon.

James Owen.....	Porter.....	Carpenter.....	37	America.....	Wilnot.....	Kenosha.
Frank Mareno.....	Cloak room attendant.....	Railroad foreman.....	6	Italy.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
Kinder Duilap.....	Cloak room attendant.....	Farmer.....	24	America.....	Elkhorn.....	Walworth.
Fred Egert.....	Night watchman.....	Shoemaker.....	40	Germany.....	Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.
Morris James.....	Flagman.....	Blacksmith.....	40	Wales.....	Racine.....	Racine.
W. A. Coe.....	Custodian committee room.....	Printer.....	7	America.....	Barron.....	Barron.
Edi M. Conant.....	Custodian committee room.....	Telegraph operator.....	21	America.....	Waupun.....	Dodge.
Fred Burke.....	Messenger.....	Plumber.....	18	America.....	Monroe.....	Green.
Willie Brady.....	Messenger.....	Student.....	13	Ireland.....	Madison.....	Dane.
Claire Olson.....	Messenger.....	Dentist.....	19	America.....	Berlin.....	Green Lake.
John Davis.....	Messenger.....	Student.....	16	America.....	Spring Green.....	Sauk.
Robbie Nashold.....	Messenger.....	Student.....	17	America.....	Portage.....	Columbia.
Paul Worth.....	Messenger.....	Student.....	12	Wales.....	Wolf Creek.....	Polk.
Pierce Williams.....	Messenger.....	Student.....	14	America.....	West Salem.....	La Crosse.
Earl Boss.....	Messenger.....	Student.....	12	America.....	Liddell.....	Chippewa.
Arthur Nichols.....	Messenger.....	Student.....	15	America.....	Madison.....	Dane.
J. B. Gracie.....	Messenger.....	Creamery man.....	20	Norway.....	Baldwin.....	St. Croix.
Geo. Fisher.....	Messenger.....	Student.....	15	America.....	Watertown.....	Jefferson.
Berton Braley.....	Messenger.....	Student.....	15	America.....	Madison.....	Dane.

PART VII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STATES AND TERRITORIES WITH POPULATION—1840 TO 1890.

States and Territories.	1840.	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.
Total	17,069,453	23,191,876	31,443,221	38,558,371	50,155,783	62,622,250
Alabama	12 590,756	12 771,623	13 964,301	16 996,992	17 1,263,505	17 1,513,017
Alaska					45 33,426	51 36,500
Arizona				45 9,658	44 40,440	49 59,620
Arkansas	25 97,574	26 209,897	26 435,450	26 484,471	25 802,525	24 1,128,179
California		29 92,597	25 379,994	24 560,247	24 864,694	22 1,208,130
Colorado			38 84,277	42 39,864	35 194,327	31 412,198
Connecticut	20 309,978	21 370,792	24 460,147	25 537,454	28 622,700	29 746,258
Delaware	26 78,085	30 91,532	32 112,216	35 125,015	38 146,508	42 168,493
District of Col.	28 43,712	33 51,687	35 75,080	34 131,700	36 177,624	39 230,392
Florida	27 54,477	31 87,442	31 140,424	33 187,748	34 269,498	32 391,422
Georgia	9 691,392	9 906,185	11 1,057,286	12 1,184,109	13 1,542,180	12 1,837,353
Idaho				45 14,999	47 32,610	46 84,385
Illinois	14 476,183	11 851,470	4 1,711,951	4 2,539,891	3 3,077,871	3 3,826,351
Indiana	10 685,866	7 988,416	6 1,356,428	6 1,680,637	6 1,978,301	8 2,192,404
Indian Ter*			41 9,761	41 68,152	41 76,895	45 120,289
Iowa	29 43,112	27 192,214	20 674,913	11 1,194,020	10 1,624,615	10 1,911,896
Kansas			33 107,206	29 364,399	20 996,066	15 1,427,096
Kentucky	6 779,828	8 982,405	9 1,155,684	8 1,321,011	8 1,648,690	11 1,858,635
Louisiana	19 352,411	18 517,762	17 708,002	21 726,915	22 939,946	25 1,118,587
Maine	13 501,793	16 583,169	22 623,279	23 626,915	27 648,936	30 661,086
Maryland	15 470,019	17 583,034	19 637,049	20 780,894	23 994,943	27 1,042,390
Massachusetts	8 737,699	6 994,514	7 1,231,066	7 1,457,351	7 1,783,035	6 2,238,943
Michigan	23 212,267	20 397,654	16 749,113	13 1,184,059	9 1,636,937	9 2,093,889
Minnesota		36 6,077	30 172,023	28 439,706	26 780,773	20 1,301,826
Mississippi	17 375,651	15 606,526	14 791,305	18 827,922	16 1,131,597	21 1,289,600
Missouri	16 383,702	13 682,044	8 1,132,012	5 1,721,295	5 2,168,380	5 2,679,184
Montana				44 20,595	45 39,159	44 122,159
Nebraska			36 28,841	36 122,993	30 452,402	26 1,058,910
Nevada			42 6,857	41 42,491	43 62,266	50 45,761
N. Hampshire	22 284,574	22 317,976	27 326,073	31 318,300	31 346,991	33 376,530
New Jersey	18 373,306	19 489,555	21 672,035	17 906,096	19 1,131,116	18 1,414,933
New Mexico		32 61,547	34 93,516	37 91,874	40 119,565	43 153,593
New York	1 2,428,921	1 3,097,391	1 3,880,735	1 4,382,759	1 5,082,871	1 5,907,853
N. Carolina	7 753,419	10 869,039	12 992,622	14 1,071,361	15 1,399,750	16 1,617,947
N. Dakota						41 182,719
Ohio	3 1,519,467	3 1,980,329	3 2,339,511	3 2,665,260	3 3,198,062	3 3,612,316
Oklahoma						47 61,834
Oregon		34 13,294	36 52,465	38 90,923	37 174,768	38 3,3,767
Pennsylvania	2 1,724,033	2 2,311,786	2 2,906,215	2 3,521,951	2 4,282,891	2 5,258,014
Rhode Island	24 108,830	28 147,545	29 174,620	32 217,353	33 276,531	35 345,506
S. Carolina	11 594,398	14 668,507	18 703,708	22 705,606	21 995,577	23 1,151,149
South Dakota						37 324,808
Tennessee	5 839,210	5 1,002,717	10 1,109,801	9 1,258,520	12 1,542,359	13 1,767,518
Texas		25 212,592	23 604,215	19 818,579	11 1,591,749	7 2,235,523
Utah		35 11,380	37 40,273	39 86,786	39 149,963	40 207,905
Vermont	21 291,948	23 314,120	28 315,098	30 330,551	32 332,286	36 332,432
Virginia	4 1,239,797	4 1,421,661	5 1,596,318	10 1,225,565	14 1,512,565	15 1,655,980
Washington			40 11,594	43 28,955	42 75,113	34 249,390
West Virginia				27 442,014	29 618,457	28 762,734
Wisconsin	30 30,945	24 305,391	15 775,881	15 1,054,671	16 1,315,497	14 1,686,880
Wyoming				47 9,111	48 20,789	48 60,705

NOTE.—The narrow column under each census year shows the order of the states and territories according to magnitude of population.

*Not included in totals.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1836-1895.

(STATE AND FEDERAL CENSUS BY COUNTIES.)

[illegible]

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN.

Marquette....	11,633	13,139	30,945	44,478	155,277	13,439	15,039	17,862	22,662	26,496	25,773	25,992	26,259	28,249	27,802	27,860	29,162	3,801
Milwaukee....	2,983	3,131	5,605	9,565	15,925	989	2,251	508	1,427	8,233	7,327	8,057	8,587	8,907	9,457	9,676	10,203	281,922
Monroe.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	22,791	31,077	46,285	62,518	72,320	89,996	122,927	133,823	189,660	286,101	287,922	26,880
Oconto.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,407	3,410	11,552	16,552	13,812	21,605	23,549	23,211	26,880	18,339
Oneida.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,501	3,532	4,558	8,322	13,018	9,843	13,205	15,019	17,060	7,060
Ozaukee....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,914	9,537	11,552	18,440	25,558	28,716	35,659	38,690	44,404	16,545
Pepin.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,973	15,682	14,882	15,579	16,545	13,462	15,797	14,943	16,545	16,545
Pierce.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,720	4,672	3,002	4,669	5,816	6,226	6,972	6,932	7,567	7,567
Polk.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	547	1,400	6,324	10,003	15,101	17,744	19,645	20,385	23,040	23,040
Portage....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,250	7,507	8,145	10,640	14,856	17,731	12,881	12,968	16,117	16,117
Price.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,151	7,507	8,145	10,640	14,856	17,731	23,248	24,798	28,531	28,531
Racine.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,673	21,360	22,984	26,742	28,702	30,921	35,398	36,258	41,110	41,110
Richland....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,384	9,732	12,186	15,796	17,353	18,174	19,303	19,121	19,619	19,619
Rock.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	31,364	36,690	36,033	39,030	38,823	42,620	43,220	43,220	48,414	48,414
St. Croix....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,010	5,392	7,255	11,039	14,956	22,379	23,139	23,139	25,870	25,870
Sauk.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13,614	18,963	20,154	23,868	26,982	28,729	30,359	30,575	32,919	32,919
Sawyer.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	254	829	1,369	3,165	6,635	10,371	16,629	19,236	22,573	3,741
Shawano....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,301	26,875	27,671	31,773	34,021	34,206	38,600	42,439	48,396	48,396
Sheboygan..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	493	2,569	5,199	10,728	14,992	17,189	19,112	18,920	21,963	8,495
Ta. lor.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,823	11,007	13,644	18,673	21,524	23,235	24,423	25,111	27,035	27,035
Trempealeau	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vernon.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vilas.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Walworth....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Waukesha...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Waushara...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Winnebago...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wood.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	11,633	13,139	30,945	44,478	155,277	13,439	15,039	17,862	22,662	26,496	25,773	25,992	26,259	28,249	27,802	27,860	29,162	1,937,915

Note.—In 1890, the population of Wisconsin Territory was 3,216, and there were but two counties, Brown and Crawford.

AREAS OF STATES AND TERRITORIES IN SQUARE MILES.

ELEVENTH CENSUS UNITED STATES, 1890.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Gross area.	Water surface.	Land surface.
Total....	3,025,600	55,600	2,970,000
Alabama.....	52,250	710	51,540
Arizona.....	113,020	100	112,920
Arkansas.....	53,850	805	53,045
California.....	153,360	2,380	155,980
Colorado.....	103,925	280	103,645
Connecticut.....	4,990	145	4,845
Delaware.....	2,050	90	1,960
District of Columbia.....	70	10	60
Florida.....	58,680	4,440	54,240
Georgia.....	59,475	495	58,980
Idaho.....	84,800	510	84,290
Illinois.....	56,650	650	56,000
Indiana.....	36,250	440	35,910
Indian Territory.....	31,400	400	31,000
Iowa.....	56,025	550	55,475
Kansas.....	82,080	380	81,700
Kentucky.....	40,400	400	40,000
Louisiana.....	48,720	3,300	45,420
Maine.....	33,040	3,145	29,895
Maryland.....	12,210	2,350	9,860
Massachusetts.....	8,315	275	8,040
Michigan.....	58,915	1,485	57,430
Minnesota.....	83,365	4,160	79,205
Mississippi.....	46,810	470	46,340
Missouri.....	69,415	680	68,735
Montana.....	146,080	770	145,310
Nebraska.....	77,510	670	76,840
Nevada.....	110,700	960	109,740
New Hampshire.....	9,305	300	9,005
New Jersey.....	7,815	360	7,455
New Mexico.....	122,580	120	122,460
New York.....	49,170	1,550	47,620
North Carolina.....	52,250	3,670	48,580
North Dakota.....	70,793	600	70,193
Ohio.....	41,060	300	40,760
Oklahoma (a).....	39,030	200	38,830
Oregon.....	96,030	1,470	94,560
Pennsylvania.....	45,215	230	44,985
Rhode Island.....	1,250	165	1,085
South Carolina.....	30,570	400	30,170
South Dakota.....	77,650	800	76,850
Tennessee.....	42,050	300	41,750
Texas.....	265,780	3,490	262,290
Utah.....	84,970	2,780	82,190
Vermont.....	9,565	430	9,135
Virginia.....	42,450	2,325	40,125
Washington.....	69,180	2,300	66,880
West Virginia.....	24,780	135	24,645
Wisconsin.....	56,040	1,590	54,450
Wyoming.....	97,890	315	97,575
Delaware bay.....	620	620	.....
Raritan bay and Lower New York bay.....	100	100	.....

(a) Including Cherokee country and No Man's Land.

Table of States admitted, with date of ratification of constitution and date of admission into Union since adoption of same, and how formed.

Name of States and Territories.	Ratification or date of admission.	How formed.
1 Alabama	1819	Formed from territory ceded United States by South Carolina and Georgia; seceded January 11, 1861; readmitted July 13, 1868.
2 Alaska		Russia, treaty 1867.
3 Arizona		Mexico, treaty 1848, and "Gadsden purchase," 1852.
4 Arkansas	1836	France, treaty 1803, under name of "Louisiana."
5 California	1850	Mexico, treaty 1848.
6 Colorado	1876	Mexico, treaty 1848, and France, 1803.
7 Connecticut	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
8 Delaware	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
9 Dist. of Columbia		Established under 17th clause of 8th, section constitution United States. From Maryland and Virginia acts of states, 1788-89.
10 Florida	1845	From territory ceded United States by Spain, treaty 1819; seceded January 11, 1861; readmitted June 23, 1868.
11 Georgia	1788	One of the thirteen original states; seceded January 19, 1861; readmitted act of July 15, 1870.
12 Idaho	1890	From territory ceded by France, treaty 1803.
13 Illinois	1818	Virginia.
14 Indiana	1816	Virginia.
15 Indian Territory		France, treaty 1803.
16 Iowa	1846	From portion of territory of Wisconsin as territory of Iowa, June 12, 1838.
17 Kansas	1861	Territory ceded by France, 1803, and Texas, 1850.
18 Kentucky	1792	Territory of Virginia.
19 Louisiana	1812	France, treaty 1803; seceded January 26, 1861; readmitted July 9, 1868.
20 Maine	1820	Massachusetts.
21 Maryland	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
22 Massachusetts	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
23 Michigan	1837	Virginia.
24 Minnesota	1858	France, treaty 1803.
25 Mississippi	1817	France, treaty 1803; Georgia and South Carolina; seceded January 9, 1861; readmitted act February 23, 1870.
26 Missouri	1821	France, treaty 1803.
27 Montana	1889	France, treaty 1803.
28 Nebraska	1867	France, treaty 1803.
29 Nevada	1864	Mexico, treaty 1848.
30 New Hampshire	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
31 New Jersey	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
32 New Mexico		Mexico, treaty 1848.
33 New York	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
34 North Carolina	1789	One of the thirteen original states; seceded May 21, 1861; readmitted July 4, 1868.
35 North Dakota	1889	France, 1803.
36 Ohio	1802	Virginia.
37 Oklahoma		From portion of Indian Territory.
38 Oregon	1859	France, 1803; Spain, 1819, and Great Britain, 1846.
39 Pennsylvania	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
40 Rhode Island	1790	One of the thirteen original states.
41 South Carolina	1788	One of the thirteen original states; seceded December 20, 1860; readmitted July 9, 1868.
42 South Dakota	1889	France, 1803.
43 Tennessee	1796	North Carolina; seceded May 6, 1861; readmitted July 24, 1866.
44 Texas	1845	Originally part of Republic of Mexico. By revolt independence established and annexed to United States; seceded February 1, 1861; readmitted act March 30, 1870.
45 Utah	1895	Mexico, treaty 1848, and Gadsden purchase, 1852.
46 Vermont	1791	New York.
47 Virginia	1788	One of the thirteen original states; area at date of ratification was 61,352 square miles; on December, 31, 1862, portion was set off and admitted into Union as "West Virginia"; seceded April 17, 1860; readmitted act of, January 26, 1870.
48 Washington	1889	France, 1803; northern boundary settled by treaty with Great Britain; "Oregon, treaty," June 15, 1846.
49 West Virginia	1862	Virginia.
50 Wisconsin	1848	Michigan, as territory of Wisconsin, April 20, 1836.
51 Wyoming	1890	France, 1803.

AREA AND POPULATION BELONGING TO VARIOUS STATES.

The following table gives a general view of the area, population, and density of population of the states of the world and of the dependencies, including protectorates and spheres of influence belonging to each:

	Area, Square Miles.	Population.	
		Total.	Per Square Mile.
EUROPEAN—			
Austria.....	115,900	23,895,400	206
Hungary.....	125,000	17,463,000	139
Austria-Hungary.....	240,900	41,358,400	171
Belgium.....	11,370	6,282,300	551
Bulgaria.....	87,800	3,310,000	88
Denmark.....	14,800	2,172,000	147
Possessions.....	87,000	127,280	
Total Denmark.....	101,800	2,299,200	
France.....	204,100	38,343,000	188
Asia.....	276,600	23,707,000	
Africa.....	2,151,100	20,000,000	
America.....	48,040	378,000	8
Oceania.....	9,170	93,000	10
Total France.....	2,689,010	82,514,000	
German Empire—			
Prussia.....	134,500	29,957,000	223
Bavaria.....	29,280	5,595,000	191
Saxony.....	5,790	3,503,000	605
Württemberg.....	7,530	2,037,000	271
Other States.....	31,600	8,336,000	264
Total.....	208,700	49,428,000	237
Africa.....	920,920	8,370,000	
Pacific.....	102,150	400,000	
Total German Empire.....	1,231,770	58,198,000	
Greece.....	25,000	2,187,000	87
Italy.....	110,620	30,725,000	278
Africa.....	546,100	6,259,000	
Total Italy.....	656,720	36,984,000	
Montenegro.....	3,630	200,000	55
Netherlands.....	12,600	4,733,000	374
Asia.....	736,400	32,617,000	
America.....	46,500	107,900	
Total Netherlands.....	795,500	37,457,900	
Portugal.....	35,800	5,050,000	141
Asia.....	7,900	939,300	
Africa.....	735,300	4,432,000	
Total Portugal.....	779,000	10,421,300	
Roumania.....	48,300	5,800,000	120
Russia, European.....	2,095,000	99,553,000	47
Russia, Asiatic.....	6,565,000	18,049,000	3
Total Russia.....	8,660,000	117,602,000	13
Servia.....	19,050	2,256,000	118
Spain.....	197,700	17,565,600	88
Asia.....	116,280	7,121,000	
Africa.....	243,900	136,000	
America.....	45,200	2,439,000	56
Total Spain.....	603,080	27,261,600	

AREA, POPULATION BELONGING TO VARIOUS STATES.—Con.

	Area, Square Miles.	Population.	
		Total.	Per Square Mile.
Sweden.....	172,800	4,824,000	28
Norway.....	124,000	2,001,000	16
Switzerland.....	15,900	2,918,000	183
Turkey**—			
European.....	61,270	4,780,000	78
Asiatic.....	687,640	21,608,000	31
African.....	398,740	1,300,000	3
Total Turkey.....	1,147,580	27,688,000	24
United Kingdom.....	121,000	38,105,000	315
India.....	1,800,000	287,223,000	160
Rest of Asia.....	150,400	4,902,000	
Africa.....	2,477,600	39,425,000	2
America.....	3,614,400	6,780,600	1
Australasia.....	3,174,000	4,297,900	
Total United Kingdom.....	11,337,400	380,733,500	
ASIATIC—			
Afghanistan.....		4,000,000	
China Proper.....	1,320,000	385,000,000	292
Dependencies.....	2,398,000	16,680,000	5
Total China.....	4,218,000	402,680,000	95
Corea.....	82,000	10,500,000	128
Japan.....	147,709	41,100,000	278
Persia.....	628,000	7,654,000	12
Siam.....	200,000	5,000,000	25
AFRICAN—			
Congo Independent State.....	900,000	30,000,000	
Egypt Proper.....	10,700	6,818,000	638
Morocco.....	219,000	5,000,000	
Orange Free State.....	48,300	207,500*	4
South African Republic.....	119,140	490,000*	
Liberia.....	14,360	1,068,000	74
NORTH AMERICAN—			
Mexico.....	767,000	12,056,000	15
United States.....	2,939,000†	62,622,250	21
CENTRAL AMERICAN.....	170,000	3,033,000	18
SOUTH AMERICAN—			
Argentine Republic.....	1,125,000	3,963,600	4
Bolivia.....	567,400	2,020,000	4
Brazil.....	3,209,900	14,002,000	4
Chili.....	294,000	2,915,000	10
Colombia.....	505,000	3,879,000	8
Ecuador.....	120,000	1,270,000	10
Paraguay.....	98,000	459,645†	4
Peru.....	464,000	2,621,000	6
Uruguay.....	72,100	728,000	10
Venezuela.....	593,900§	2,323,500	4

** Immediate possessions. * Including natives. † Exclusive of 562,000 square miles in Indian Territory and Alaska. ‡ Including Indians. § Venezuelan figures.

VALUE OF GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

Value of gold and silver coin and bullion imported into and exported from the United States, fiscal years 1838-1895.

YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30—	GOLD.		SILVER.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
1838	\$11,674,883	\$ 740,263	\$ 6,072,233	\$ 2,767,783
1839	1,164,580	2,892,310	4,430,596	5,884,433
1840	3,085,157	1,468,300	5,797,656	6,948,714
1841	1,269,449	843,383	3,719,184	9,190,949
1842	757,294	1,134,002	3,329,722	3,679,537
YEAR ENDING JUNE 30—				
1843 ¹	17,066,437	300,258	5,253,898	1,220,533
1844	1,613,304	1,183,116	4,217,125	4,271,098
1845	818,850	2,210,979	3,251,392	6,395,516
1846	910,413	1,629,345	2,867,319	2,275,920
1847	21,574,931	975,301	2,546,358	931,723
1848	3,408,755	8,370,785	1,951,529	7,470,831
1849	4,068,647	1,015,359	2,532,593	4,389,239
1850	1,776,706	2,513,948	2,852,086	5,009,046
1851	3,569,090	4,767,333	1,884,413	24,705,419
1852	3,658,059	2,636,142	1,846,985	40,037,991
1853	2,427,356	1,894,323	1,774,026	25,592,552
1854	3,212,719	2,491,834	3,726,623	38,789,610
1855	1,092,802	1,151,797	2,567,010	55,095,546
1856	990,305	852,698	3,217,327	44,892,787
1857	6,654,636	5,154,301	5,807,163	63,982,621
1858	11,566,068	7,505,558	7,780,428	45,037,539
1859	2,125,397	3,605,743	5,309,392	60,281,663
1860	2,508,786	1,499,138	6,041,349	65,047,651
1861	² 42,391,930	2,624,103	4,047,681	² 28,166,477
1862	13,007,011	35,439,903	2,508,041	1,447,737
1863	5,530,538	6,169,276	4,053,567	57,987,315
1864	11,176,769	100,661,634	1,938,843	4,734,107
1865	6,498,228	58,381,033	3,311,844	9,262,193
1866	8,196,261	71,197,309	2,503,831	14,816,762
1867	17,024,866	39,026,627	5,045,609	21,841,745
1868	8,737,443	73,396,344	5,450,925	21,387,753
1869	14,132,568	36,003,498	5,675,308	21,134,882
1870	12,056,950	33,635,962	14,362,229	24,519,704
1871	6,883,561	66,686,208	14,386,463	31,755,780
1872	8,717,458	49,548,760	5,028,231	30,323,774
1873	8,682,447	44,856,717	12,798,490	39,751,859
1874	19,503,137	34,042,420	8,931,769	32,587,985
1875	13,896,793	66,980,977	7,203,924	25,151,165
1876	7,992,709	31,177,050	7,943,972	25,329,252
1877	26,246,234	26,590,374	14,528,180	29,571,863
1878	13,330,215	9,204,455	16,491,089	24,635,670
1879	5,624,948	4,587,614	14,671,052	20,409,827
1880	80,758,396	3,639,025	12,275,914	13,503,894
1881	100,031,259	2,565,132	10,544,238	16,841,715
1882	34,377,054	32,587,880	8,095,336	16,829,599
1883	17,734,149	11,600,888	10,759,242	20,219,445
1884	22,831,317	41,081,957	14,594,945	26,081,426
1885	26,691,696	8,477,892	16,550,627	33,753,633
1886	20,743,349	42,952,191	17,850,307	29,511,219
1887	42,810,601	9,701,187	17,260,191	26,256,504
1888	43,934,317	18,376,234	³ 20,514,232	³ 28,143,510
1889	⁴ 10,372,145	⁴ 60,033,246	⁴ 24,682,330	⁴ 36,716,783
1890	⁵ 13,097,146	⁵ 17,350,193	⁵ 27,524,147	⁵ 36,069,002
1891	⁶ 18,516,112	⁶ 86,461,880	⁶ 26,278,916	⁶ 23,533,551
1892	⁷ 50,162,879	⁷ 50,305,533	⁷ 28,764,734	⁷ 33,800,562
1893	⁸ 22,069,380	⁸ 108,966,655	⁸ 34,293,999	⁸ 41,947,812
1894	⁹ 72,989,563	⁹ 77,162,228	⁹ 19,965,713	⁹ 51,007,072
1895	¹⁰ 38,384,760	¹⁰ 66,502,136	20,211,179	47,842,968
Total	\$970,828,813	\$1,485,901,853	\$550,815,565	\$1,468,722,673

Total excess of exports over imports \$917,907,103.

¹ Nine months. ² Includes gold and silver coin and bullion. ³ Includes gold in ores.

⁴ Includes gold in ores and copper matte. ⁵ Includes silver in ores.

⁶ Includes silver in ores and copper matte.

COMMERCIAL RATIO OF SILVER TO GOLD.

The commercial ratio of silver to gold for each year from 1687 to 1894 is shown in the following table:

From 1687 to 1832 the ratios are taken from Dr. Adolph Soetbeer's tables; from 1833 to 1878 from Pixley and Abell's tables; from 1879 to 1894 from daily cablegrams from London to the Bureau of the Mint.

Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.
1687..	14.94	1722	15.17	1757	14.87	1792	15.17	1827	15.74	1862	15.35
1688..	14.94	1723	15.20	1758	14.85	1793	15.00	1828	15.78	1863	15.37
1689..	15.02	1724	15.11	1759	14.15	1794	15.37	1829	15.78	1864	15.37
1690..	15.02	1725	15.11	1760	14.14	1795	15.55	1830	15.82	1865	15.44
1691..	14.98	1726	15.15	1761	14.54	1796	15.65	1831	15.72	1866	15.43
1692..	14.92	1727	15.24	1762	15.27	1797	15.41	1832	15.73	1867	15.57
1693..	14.83	1728	15.11	1763	14.99	1798	15.59	1833	15.93	1868	15.59
1694..	14.87	1729	14.92	1764	14.70	1799	15.74	1834	15.73	1869	15.60
1695..	15.02	1730	14.81	1765	14.83	1800	15.68	1835	15.80	1870	15.57
1696..	15.00	1731	14.94	1766	14.80	1801	15.46	1836	15.72	1871	15.57
1697..	15.07	1732	15.09	1767	14.85	1802	15.26	1837	15.83	1872	15.63
1698..	15.07	1733	15.13	1768	14.80	1803	15.41	1838	15.85	1873	15.92
1699..	14.94	1734	15.39	1769	14.72	1804	15.41	1839	15.62	1874	16.17
1700..	14.81	1735	15.41	1770	14.62	1805	15.79	1840	15.62	1875	16.59
1701..	15.07	1736	15.18	1771	14.66	1806	15.52	1841	15.70	1876	17.88
1702..	15.32	1737	15.02	1772	14.52	1807	15.43	1842	15.87	1877	17.22
1703..	15.17	1738	14.91	1773	14.62	1808	16.08	1843	15.93	1878	17.94
1704..	15.22	1739	14.91	1774	14.62	1809	15.96	1844	15.85	1879	18.40
1705..	15.11	1740	14.94	1775	14.72	1810	15.77	1845	15.92	1880	18.05
1706..	15.27	1741	14.92	1776	14.55	1811	15.33	1846	15.90	1881	18.16
1707..	15.44	1742	14.85	1777	14.54	1812	16.11	1847	15.80	1882	18.19
1708..	15.41	1743	14.85	1778	14.68	1813	16.25	1848	15.85	1883	18.64
1709..	15.31	1744	14.87	1779	14.80	1814	15.04	1849	15.78	1884	18.57
1710..	15.22	1745	14.98	1780	14.72	1815	15.26	1850	15.70	1885	19.41
1711..	15.29	1746	15.13	1781	14.78	1816	15.28	1851	15.46	1886	20.78
1712..	15.31	1747	15.26	1782	14.42	1817	15.11	1852	15.59	1887	21.13
1713..	15.24	1748	15.11	1783	14.48	1818	15.35	1853	15.33	1888	21.99
1714..	15.13	1749	14.80	1784	14.70	1819	15.33	1844	15.33	1889	22.10
1715..	15.11	1750	14.55	1785	14.92	1820	15.62	1855	15.38	1890	19.76
1716..	15.09	1751	14.39	1786	14.96	1821	15.95	1856	15.38	1891	20.92
1717..	15.13	1752	14.54	1787	14.92	1822	15.80	1857	15.27	1892	23.72
1718..	15.11	1753	14.54	1788	14.65	1823	15.84	1858	15.38	1893	26.49
1719..	15.09	1754	14.43	1789	14.75	1824	15.82	1859	15.19	1894	32.56
1720..	15.04	1755	14.68	1790	15.04	1825	15.70	1860	15.29		
1721..	15.05	1756	14.94	1791	15.05	1826	15.76	1861	15.50		

CIRCULATION OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES.

July 1.	Amount of money in United States.	Amount in circulation.†	Population June 1.	Money per capita.	Circula- tion per capita.
1872	\$762,721,565	\$738,309,549	40,596,000	\$18.79	\$18.19
1873	774,445,610	751,881,809	41,677,000	18.58	18.04
1874	806,024,781	776,083,031	42,796,000	18.83	18.13
1875	798,273,509	754,101,947	43,951,000	18.16	17.16
1876	790,683,284	727,609,388	45,137,000	17.52	16.12
1877	763,053,847	722,314,883	46,353,000	16.46	15.58
1878	791,253,576	729,132,634	47,598,000	16.62	15.32
1879	1,051,521,541	818,631,793	48,866,000	21.52	16.75
1880	1,205,929,197	973,382,228	50,155,783	24.04	19.41
1881	1,406,541,823	1,114,238,119	51,316,000	27.41	21.71
1882	1,440,531,719	1,174,290,419	52,495,000	28.20	22.37
1883	1,643,489,816	1,230,305,696	53,693,000	30.61	22.91
1884	1,705,454,189	1,243,925,969	54,911,000	31.06	22.65
1885	1,817,658,336	1,292,568,615	56,148,000	32.37	23.02
1886	1,808,559,694	1,252,700,525	57,404,000	31.51	21.82
1887	1,900,442,672	1,317,539,143	58,680,000	32.39	22.45
1888	2,062,955,949	1,372,170,870	59,974,000	34.40	22.88
1889	2,075,350,711	1,380,361,649	61,289,000	33.86	22.52
1890	2,144,226,159	1,429,251,270	62,622,250	34.24	22.82
1891	2,195,224,075	1,497,440,707	63,975,000	34.31	23.41
1892	2,372,599,501	1,601,347,187	65,403,000	36.21	24.44
1893	2,323,402,392	1,596,701,245	66,826,000	34.75	23.87
1894	2,249,325,276	1,664,061,232	68,397,000	32.88	24.33
1895	2,209,215,665	1,606,179,556	69,753,000	31.68	23.02
1896	2,345,631,328	1,506,631,026	71,390,000	32.86	21.10

The difference between the amount of money in the country and the amount in circulation represents the money in the treasury.

Currency certificates, act of June 8, 1872, are included in the amount of United States notes in circulation in tables for years 1873 to 1891, inclusive; since 1891 they are reported separately.

RAILROAD MILEAGE IN WISCONSIN, DECEMBER 31, 1896.

Name of Company.	Miles.	MILEAGE OF RAILROADS IN WISCONSIN BY YEARS.	
		Years.	Miles.
Abbottsford & Northeastern	15.16	1850	10.30
Ahnapee & Western	34.00	1851	35.48
Big Falls R'y Co.	15.00	1852	71.48
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	1,647.79	1853	90.08
Chicago & Northwestern	1,579.62	1854	151.90
Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha	621.66	1855	318.78
Chicago, Burlington & Northern	223.09	1856	507.75
Chicago, Fairchild & Eau Claire River	18.00	1857	700.18
Chicago, Madison & Northern	91.31	1858	761.58
Chippewa River & Menomonie	32.50	1859	849.48
Drummond & South Western	18.47	1860	880.71
Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic	111.79	1861	900.71
Duluth Short Line	1.75	1862	957.18
Duluth & Winnipeg	1.25	1863	957.18
Eastern Railway Co. of Minnesota	22.10	1864	1,030.28
Green Bay, Winona & St. Paul	225.00	1865	1,030.28
Kewaunee, Green Bay & Western	37.82	1866	1,030.28
Kickapoo Valley & Northern	34.00	1867	1,030.28
Lake Superior Terminal & Transfer R'y Co.	15.70	1868	1,089.04
Mattoon R'y Co.	9.50	1869	1,140.99
Milwaukee & Superior	16.20	1870	1,286.43
Milwaukee, Bay View & Chicago	11.96	1871	1,798.33
Milwaukee & Wauwatosa	6.00	1872	1,975.41
Minnesota & Wisconsin	26.00	1873	2,378.98
Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie	276.02	1874	2,465.93
Northern Pacific	96.15	1875	2,513.92
Northwestern Coal R'y Co.	17.53	1876	2,647.64
Oshkosh Transportation Co.	4.27	1877	2,707.74
Port Edwards, Centralia & Northern	30.00	1878	2,798.07
Rice Lake, Dallas & Menomonie	7.52	1879	2,909.90
St. Cloud, Grantsburg & Ashland	12.00	1880	3,120.22
Packwaukee & Montello	8.04	1881	3,425.22
West Range	7.00	1882	3,702.54
Winona Bridge R'y Co.	54	1883	3,895.58
Wisconsin & Chippewa	18.40	1884	4,259.48
Wisconsin & Michigan	32.12	1885	4,346.41
Wisconsin Central R. R. Co.	531.38	1886	4,746.55
Wisconsin Central Co.	284.09	1887	5,082.62
Chicago, Wisconsin & Minnesota	72.12	1888	5,272.04
Milwaukee & Lake Winnebago	66.73	1889	5,389.54
		1890	5,471.71
		1891	5,548.63
		1892	5,784.57
		1893	5,925.47
		1894	6,003.68
		1895	6,176.79
		1896	6,279.58
Total mileage	6,279.58		

DIAGRAM OF DAILY WAGES PAID IN WISCONSIN FACTORIES.

Rates.	Proportions.	Percentages.
1894.		
RATES.		
\$4.00 And over.		
\$3.50 But under \$4.00	1,742	2.06
\$3.00 But under \$3.50	1,134	1.34
\$2.50 But under \$3.00	1,941	2.29
\$2.00 But under \$2.50	4,118	4.86
\$1.50 But under \$2.00	9,761	11.52
\$1.25 But under \$1.50	18,482	21.82
\$1.00 But under \$1.25	18,815	22.23
\$0.75 But under \$1.00	12,892	15.22
\$0.50 But under 75c.	6,643	7.84
Less than .50	6,328	7.47
	2,844	3.35

DIAGRAM OF DAILY WAGES PAID IN WISCONSIN FACTORIES.

Rates.	Proportions.	Percentages.
1895.		
RATES.		
\$4.00 And over.	1,505	1.78
\$3.50 But under \$4.00	1,095	1.32
\$3.00 But under \$3.50	1,875	2.23
\$2.50 But under \$3.00	4,264	5.07
\$2.00 But under \$2.50	9,030	10.82
\$1.50 But under \$2.00	18,655	22.18
\$1.25 But under \$1.50	20,697	24.61
\$1.00 But under \$1.25	11,489	13.66
\$0.75 But under \$1.00	6,289	7.48
\$0.50 But under 75c.	6,212	7.38
Less than .50	2,924	3.47

COMMISSIONERS FROM OTHER STATES FOR TAKING THE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND PROOF OF DEEDS.

Name.	P. O. Address.	Term expires.	States represented.
Francis Bloodgood.....	102, Wis. St., Milwaukee..	Dec. 31st, 1897....	Georgia.
Paul D. Carpenter.....	71 Colby & Abbott Bldg. Mil	Dec. 31st, 1897....	Georgia.
Francis Bloodgood.....	102, Wis. St., Milwaukee..	Not stated	Kansas.
Francis Bloodgood.....	102, Wis. St., Milwaukee ..	Oct. 16th, 1897....	Louisiana.
W. H. Killen.....	Appleton.....	April 1, 1897.....	Michigan.
Henry Kessenich.....	Madison	April 26, 1897....	Michigan.
John B. Fairchild.....	Marinette.....	Nov. 2, 1900.....	Michigan.
Wm. W. Strong.....	Kenosha	Aug. 27, 1901....	Michigan.
Francis Bloodgood.....	102, Wis. St., Milwaukee ..	Feb. 3, 1899.....	New Jersey.
Francis Bloodgood.....	102, Wis. St., Milwaukee..	Nov. 26, 1898....	New York.

LIMITATIONS OF REDEMPTION OF TAX SALES IN EACH STATE AND TERRITORY IN THE UNITED STATES.

States.	Time.	States.	Time.
Alabama.....	2½ yrs.	Nebraska.....	2 yrs.
Arizona.....	1 yr.	Nevada.....	** None.
Arkansas.....	2 yrs.	New Hampshire.....	1 yr.
California.....	1 yr.	New Jersey.....	§3 yrs.
Colorado.....	3 yrs.	New Mexico.....	3 yrs.
Connecticut.....	1 yr.	New York.....	2 yrs.
Delaware.....	† None.	North Carolina.....	1 yr.
District of Columbia.....	2 yrs.	North Dakota.....	1 yr.
Florida.....	2 yrs.	Ohio.....	2 yrs.
Georgia.....	1 yr.	Oklahoma.....	2 yrs.
Idaho.....	1 yr.	Oregon.....	2 yrs.
Illinois.....	2 yrs.	Pennsylvania.....	†2 yrs.
Indiana.....	2 yrs.	Rhode Island.....	1 yr.
Iowa.....	3 yrs.	South Carolina.....	† None.
Kansas.....	2 yrs.	South Dakota.....	2 yrs.
Kentucky.....	2 yrs.	Tennessee.....	None.
Louisiana.....	2 yrs.	Texas.....	‡2 yrs.
Maine.....	1 yr.	Utah.....	2 yrs.
Maryland.....	1 yr.	Vermont.....	1 yr.
Massachusetts.....	2 yrs.	Virginia.....	2 yrs.
Michigan.....	1 yr.	Washington.....	1 yr.
Minnesota.....	3 yrs.	West Virginia.....	1 yr.
Mississippi.....	2 yrs.	Wisconsin.....	3 yrs.
Missouri.....	† None.	Wyoming.....	2 yrs.
Montana.....	2 yrs.		

† No redemption.

§ Varies in incorporated cities, but does not exceed four years.

** Six months on real estate; otherwise no redemption, except that minors and persons laboring under legal disability have until six months after the disability is removed.

‡ Except in incorporated cities.

‖ Various extensions exist when the state is the purchaser.

REPUBLICAN.

Chairman.....	Mark Hanna, Cleveland, O.
Secretaries.....	{ Charles Dick, Chicago, Ill.
	{ William Osborn, New York City.
Treasurer.....	C. N. Bliss, New York City.

Chairman.....	James K. Jones, Washington, Ark.
Secretary.....	C. A. Walsh, Ottumwa, Iowa.
Treasurer.....	Wm. P. St. John, New York City.

Chairman.....Wm. D. Bynum.
Secretary.....John P. Frenzel.

Chairman.....	Marion Butler, Raleigh, N. C.
Secretaries	{ J. A. Edgerton, Lincoln, Neb. M. C. Rankin, Terre Haute, Ind.

Chairman..... Samuel Dickie, Albion, Mich.
Vice Chairman..... James H. Tate, Nashville, Tenn.
Secretary..... W. T. Wardwell, 26, Broadway, N. Y.

NATIONAL.

Appointed by the National Convention at Pittsburg, Pa., May, 1896.
Headquarters—Alliance, Ohio.

Chairman.....L. B. Logan, Alliance, O.
Vice Chairman.....John P. St. John, Olathe, Kan.
Secretary.....D. J. Thomas, Alliance, O.

SOCIALISTIC LABOR.

Appointed by the National Convention at New York City, July, 1896.
Headquarters—New York City.

Secretary.....Henry Kuhn, 184 William St., New York City.
Treasurer.....Henry Stahl

REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.

OFFICERS.

JOSEPH W. BABCOCK, Chairman.
LEWIS D. APSLEY, Vice-Chairman.
DAVID H. MERCER, Secretary.
WARNER P. SUTTON, Assistant Secretary.
WILLIAM B. THOMPSON, Treasurer.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John A. T. Hull, Iowa.	Jesse Overstreet, Indiana.
Joseph G. Cannon, Illinois.	James S. Sherman, New York.
Jeter C. Pritchard, North Carolina.	John H. Mitchell, Oregon.

Alabama.....Rep. Aldrich.	New Jersey.....Rep. Loudenslager.
California.....Rep. Loud.	New York.....Rep. Sherman.
Colorado.....Senator Wolcott.	North Carolina.....Senator Pritchard.
Connecticut.....Rep. Russell.	North Dakota.....Rep. Johnson.
Delaware.....Rep. Willis.	Ohio.....Rep. Bromwell.
Illinois.....Rep. Cannon.	Oregon.....Senator Mitchell.
Indiana.....Rep. Overstreet.	Pennsylvania.....Rep. Keyburn.
Iowa.....Rep. Hull.	Rhode Island.....Rep. Bull.
Kansas.....Rep. Long.	Tennessee.....Rep. Gibson.
Kentucky.....Rep. Calson.	Texas.....Rep. Noonan.
Maine.....Rep. Boutelle.	Vermont.....Senator Proctor.
Maryland.....Rep. Coffin.	Virginia.....Rep. Walker.
Massachusetts.....Rep. Apsley.	West Virginia.....Rep. Miller.
Michigan.....Rep. Aitken.	Wisconsin.....Rep. Babcock.
Minnesota.....Rep. Tawney.	Wyoming.....Rep. Mondell.
Missouri.....Rep. Joy.	Arizona.....Del. Murphy.
Nebraska.....Rep. Mercer.	New Mexico.....Del. Catron.
New Hampshire.....Senator Gallinger.	Oklahoma.....Del. Flynn.

WISCONSIN POLITICAL COMMITTEES.

REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

EDWIN D. COE, Chairman.
JOHN M. EWING, Secretary.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Edwin D. Coe.....Chairman Ex-officio.	B. E. Edwards.....La Crosse.
John M. Ewing.....Secretary Ex-officio.	H. B. Allen.....Richland Center.
Geo. E. Bryant.....Madison.	C. M. Gregg.....Milwaukee.
W. A. Brown.....Marinette.	H. J. Smith.....Racine.
Leander Ferguson.....Brandon.	John W. Gaines.....Mayville.
L. H. Mead.....Shell Lake.	

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

First District—	Sixth District—
H. J. Smith.....Racine.	Leander Ferguson.....Brandon.
W. W. Clarke.....Milton.	Ira P. Coon.....Plainfield.
Second District—	Seventh District—
John W. Gaines.....Mayville.	B. E. Edwards.....La Crosse.
Geo. E. Bryant.....Madison.	N. C. Foster.....Fairchild.
Third District—	Eighth District—
H. B. Allen.....Richland Center.	G. E. McDill.....Stevens Point.
F. S. Veeder.....Mauston.	Charles Reynolds.....Jacksonport.
Fourth District—	Ninth District—
C. M. Gregg.....Milwaukee.	W. A. Brown.....Marinette.
F. J. Marshall.....Milwaukee.	C. A. Lamoreux.....Ashland.
Fifth District—	Tenth District—
Charles Pittelkow.....Milwaukee.	Isaac H. Wing.....Bayfield.
H. K. Butterfield.....Hartford.	L. H. Mead.....Shell Lake.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

OFFICERS.

GEORGE W. PECK, Chairman.
C. J. NOEL, Secretary.
E. C. WALL, Treasurer.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

First District—	Sixth District—
P. J. Mouat.....Janesville.	A. J. Schmitz.....Manitowoc.
L. G. Bohmrich.....Kenosha.	George B. Hilton.....Oshkosh.
Second District—	Seventh District—
P. B. Lamoreux.....Waupun.	J. M. Morrow.....Sparta.
Albert Goerz.....Jefferson.	Stephen Richmond.....Arcadia.
Third District—	Eighth District—
C. W. Mellon.....Mineral Point.	R. J. McGeehan.....De Pere.
J. L. R. McCollum.....Twin Bluffs.	D. D. Conway.....Grand Rapids.
Fourth District—	Ninth District—
Richard Burke.....Milwaukee.	Dr. Jas. A. Sommerville.....Marinette.
Michael Kruska.....Milwaukee.	E. H. Schweppe.....Medford.
Fifth District—	Tenth District—
C. W. Briggs.....Milwaukee.	J. R. Mathews.....Menomonie.
W. M. Root.....Sheboygan.	W. H. Stafford.....Chippewa Falls.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

OFFICERS.

Chairman.....	Ellis B. Usher.
Secretary	John B. Webb.
Treasurer	John Johnston, Milwaukee.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Ellis B. Usher.	H. W. Hostman.
E. P. Hackett.	John Nagle.
Rollin B. Mallory.	Dr. Rush Winslow.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

First District—	Sixth District—
A. M. Valentine.....Janesville.	H. B. Dale.....Oshkosh.
John O'Brien.....Darlington.	S. S. Bowers.....Fond du Lac.
W. W. Strong.....Kenosha.	John Nagle.....Manitowoc.
Second District—	Seventh District—
B. J. Stevens.....Madison.	T. F. Frawley.....Eau Claire.
C. C. Eaton.....Columbus.	C. H. Schweizer.....La Crosse.
Albert Solliday.....Watertown.	Frank Oderbolz.....Black River Falls.
Third District—	Eighth District—
L. F. S. Viele.....Prairie du Chien.	Dr. Rush Winslow.....Appleton.
George Crawford.....Mineral Point.	John P. Hume.....Marshfield.
W. A. Wyse.....Reedsburg.	H. F. Hagemeister.....Green Bay.
Fourth District—	Ninth District—
E. P. Hackett.....Milwaukee.	E. A. Edmonds.....Oconto Falls.
Rollin B. Mallory.....Milwaukee.	Charles Crogster.....Ashland.
H. J. Hilbert.....Milwaukee.	John N. Cotter.....Merrill.
Fifth District—	Tenth District—
Richard Weaver.....Sussex.	Joseph Tuteur.....West Superior.
W. F. Jahn.....Thiensville.	John E. Glover.....New Richmond.
H. W. Hostman.....Plymouth.	F. W. Grumm.....Chippewa Falls.

PROHIBITION PARTY STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

J. E. CLAYTON, Chairman, Milwaukee.
DR. I. D. MISHOFF, Secretary, Milwaukee.
W. R. NETHERCUT, Treasurer, Milwaukee.
B. E. Van KEUREN, Oshkosh.
CHAS. E. BADGER, Elkhorn.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

First District—	Sixth District—
Chas. E. Badger.....Elkhorn.	B. E. Van Keuren.....Oshkosh.
J. F. Carle.....Albany.	Rev. W. D. Cornell.....Fond du Lac.
Second District—	Seventh District—
C. F. Cronk.....Madison.	Dr. Chas. Alexander.....Eau Claire.
G. S. Martin.....Madison.	Ed. Berg.....Holmen.
Third District—	Eighth District—
H. J. Noyes.....Richland City.	C. W. Lomas.....Green Bay.
S. M. Fluns.....Mauston.	Pliny Myers.....Weyauwega.
Fourth District—	Ninth District—
E. W. Drake.....Milwaukee.	R. H. Churchill.....Marinette.
Dr. I. D. Mishoff.....Milwaukee.	H. W. Hunt.....Greenwood.
Fifth District—	Tenth District—
W. R. Nethercut.....Wauwatosa.	Geo. I. Constance.....Cumberland.
H. W. Goodwin.....Hartland.	M. S. Hull.....Washburn.

PEOPLE'S PARTY STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

OFFICERS.

Chairman.....ROBERT SCHILLING, 482 Market St., Milwaukee, Wis.
 Secretary.....EUGENE LOW, 482 Market St., Milwaukee, Wis.
 Treasurer.....HENRY SMITH, 766 Booth St., Milwaukee, Wis.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Dist.		Dist.	
1. S. Harrington.....Tibbits.		6. Charles Scheel.....Oshkosh.	
2. L. Woodward.....Pardeeville.		7. D. L. Brown.....Sparta.	
3. D. H. Richards.....Richland Center.		8. D. A. Devroey.....Green Bay.	
4. Robert Schilling.....Milwaukee.		9. C. M. Boyles.....Wausau.	
5. F. W. Stearns.....Milwaukee.		10. Carl Pieper.....Menomonie.	

NATIONAL (NOW LIBERTY) PARTY.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Adolph R. Bucknam, chairman,
 Mrs. W. E. Thompson, secretary.
 John W. Evans, treasurer,
 Wm. A. Ward.

Newell Demeritt,
 Geo. Wisnon,
 W. D. Ringsdorf.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

First District— Lily Runals, W. C. Lawshe.	Sixth District— Geo. Wisnon, Andrew Jenson.
Second District— Oliver H. Crowl, Henry W. Hunt.	Seventh District— W. A. Ward, Annette J. Shaw.
Third District— E. B. Knowlton, W. I. Carpenter.	Eighth District— John P. Zonne, Geo. Ratcliff.
Fourth District— Mrs. W. E. Thompson, Minona L. Fitts.	Ninth District— J. F. Knudson, Gideon Young.
Fifth District— Mrs. M. W. Law, L. L. Sowles.	Tenth District— John Bartlett.

WISCONSIN SOCIALISTIC LABOR PARTY.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

John Moser.
 William Pietch.
 John Janutoch.
 Joseph Kubash.

Andrew Wiese.
 Charles Schultz.
 Edward Groshel.
 O. R. E. Gundermann, State Secretary.

POLITICAL PLATFORMS.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL PLATFORM.

ADOPTED AT ST. LOUIS, JUNE 18, 1896.

The republicans of the United States, assembled by their representatives in national convention, appealing for the popular and historical justification of their claims to the matchless achievements of thirty years of republican rule, earnestly and confidently address themselves to the awakened intelligence, experience and conscience of their countrymen in the following declaration of facts and principles:

For the first time since the civil war the American people have witnessed the calamitous consequences of full and unrestricted democratic control of the government. It has been a record of unparalleled incapacity, dishonor and disaster. In administrative management is has ruthlessly sacrificed indispensable revenue, entailed an unceasing deficit, eked out ordinary current expenses with borrowed money, piled up the public debt by \$262,000,000 in time of peace, forced an adverse balance of trade, kept a perpetual menace hanging over the redemption fund, pawned American credit to alien syndicates and reversed all the measures and results of successful republican rule. In the broad effect of its policy it has precipitated panic, blighted industry and trade with prolonged depression, closed factories, reduced work and wages, halted enterprise and crippled American production, while stimulating foreign production for the American market. Every consideration of public safety and individual interest demands that the government shall be rescued from the hands of those who have shown themselves incapable to conduct it without disaster at home and dishonor abroad, and shall be restored to the party which for thirty years administered it with unequalled success and prosperity, and in this connection we nearly indorse the wisdom, patriotism and success of the administration of President Harrison.

THE TARIFF.

We renew and emphasize our allegiance to the policy of protection as the bulwark of American industrial independence and the foundation of American development and prosperity. This true American policy taxes foreign products and encourages home industry; it puts the burden of revenue on foreign goods; it secures the American market for the American producer; upholds the American standard of wages for the American workingman; it puts the factory by the side of the farm and makes the American farmer less dependent on foreign demand and price; it diffuses general thrift and founds the strength of all on the strength of each. In its reasonable application it is just, fair and impartial, equally opposed to foreign control and domestic monopoly, to sectional discrimination and individual favoritism. We denounce the democratic tariff as sectional, injurious to the public credit and destructive to business enterprise. We demand such an equitable tariff on foreign imports which come into competition with American products as will not only furnish adequate revenue for the necessary expenses of the government but will protect American labor from degradation to the wage level of other lands. We are not pledged to any particular schedules. The question of rates is a practical question, to be governed by the conditions of the time and of production; the ruling and uncompromising principle is the protection and development of American labor and industry. The country demands a right settlement and then it wants rest.

RECIPROCITY.

We believe the repeal of the reciprocity arrangements negotiated by the last republican administration was a national calamity, and we demand their renewal and extension on such terms as will equalize our trade with other nations, remove the restrictions which now obstruct the sale of American products in the ports of other countries and secure enlarged markets for the products of our farms, forests and factories. Protection and reciprocity are twin measures of republican policy and go hand in hand. Democratic rule has recklessly struck down both, and both must be re-established—protection for what we produce; free admission for the necessities of life which we do not produce; reciprocal agreements of mutual interest which gain open markets for us in return for our open market to others. Protection builds up domestic industry and trade and secures our own market for ourselves; reciprocity builds up foreign trade and finds an outlet for our surplus.

SUGAR.

We condemn the present administration for not keeping faith with the sugar producers of this country. The republican party favors such protection as will lead to the production on American soil of all the sugar which the American people use and for which they pay other countries more than \$100,000,000 annually.

WOOL AND WOOLENS.

To all our products—to those of the mine and the field as well as to those of the shop and the factory, to hemp, to wool, the product of the great industry of sheep husbandry, as well as to the finished woolens of the mill—we promise the most ample protection.

MERCHANT MARINE.

We favor restoring the early American policy of discriminating duties for the up-building of our merchant marine and the protection of our shipping in the foreign carrying trade, so that American ships—the product of American labor, employed in American shipyards, sailing under the stars and stripes and manned, officered and owned by Americans—may regain the carrying of our foreign commerce.

THE CURRENCY.

The republican party is unreservedly for sound money. It caused the enactment of the law providing for the resumption of specie payments in 1879. Since then every dollar has been as good as gold. We are unalterably opposed to every measure calculated to debase our currency or impair the credit of our country. We are therefore opposed to the free coinage of silver except by international agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world, which we pledge ourselves to promote; and until such agreement can be obtained the existing gold standard must be preserved. All our silver and paper currency must be maintained at parity with gold, and we favor all measures designed to maintain inviolably the obligations of the United States and all our money, whether coin or paper, at the present standard, the standard of the most enlightened nations of the earth.

PENSIONS.

The veterans of the union army deserve and should receive fair treatment and generous recognition. Whenever practicable they should be given the preference in the matter of employment, and they are entitled to the enactment of such laws as are best calculated to secure the fulfillment of the pledges made to them in the dark days of the country's peril. We denounce the practice in the pension bureau, so recklessly and unjustly carried on by the present administration, of reducing pensions and arbitrarily dropping names from the rolls as deserving the severest condemnation of the American people.

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

Our foreign policy should be at all times firm, vigorous and dignified, and all our interests in the western hemisphere carefully watched and guarded. Every

Hawaiian islands should be controlled by the United States, and no foreign power should be permitted to interfere with them; the Nicaraguan canal should be built, owned and operated by the United States; and by the purchase of the Danish Islands we should secure a proper and much-needed naval station in the West Indies.

ARMENIAN MASSACRES.

The massacres of Armenians have aroused the deep sympathy and just indignation of the American people, and we believe that the United States should exercise all the influence it can properly exert to bring these atrocities to an end. In Turkey American residents have been exposed to the gravest dangers and American property destroyed. There and everywhere American citizens and American property must be absolutely protected at all hazards and at any cost.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

We reassert the Monroe doctrine in its full extent, and we reaffirm the right of the United States to give the doctrine effect by responding to the appeals of any American state for friendly intervention in case of European encroachment. We have not interfered and shall not interfere with the existing possessions of any European power in this hemisphere, but those possessions must not on any pretext, be extended. We hopefully look forward to the eventual withdrawal of the European powers from this hemisphere and to the ultimate union of all English-speaking parts of the continent by the free consent of its inhabitants.

CUBA.

From the hour of achieving their own independence the people of the United States have regarded with sympathy the struggles of other American peoples to free themselves from European domination. We watch with deep and abiding interest the heroic battle of the Cuban patriots against cruelty and oppression, and our best hopes go out for the full success of their determined contest for liberty. The government of Spain having lost control of Cuba and being unable to protect the property or lives of resident American citizens or to comply with its treaty obligations, we believe that the government of the United States should actively use its influence and good offices to restore peace and give independence to the island.

THE NAVY.

The peace and security of the republic and the maintenance of its rightful influence among the nations of the earth demand a naval power commensurate with its position and responsibility. We therefore favor the continued enlargement of the navy and a complete system of harbor and seacoast defenses.

FOREIGN IMMIGRATION.

For the protection of the quality of our American citizenship and of the wages of our workmen against the fatal competition of low-priced labor, we demand that the immigration laws be thoroughly enforced and so extended as to exclude from entrance to the United States those who can neither read nor write.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

The civil-service law was placed on the statute book by the republican party, which has always sustained it, and we renew our repeated declarations that it shall be thoroughly and honestly enforced and extended wherever practicable.

FREE BALLOT.

We demand that every citizen of the United States shall be allowed to cast one free and unrestricted ballot and that such ballot shall be counted and returned as cast.

LYNCHINGS.

We proclaim our unqualified condemnation of the uncivilized and barbarous practice well known as lynching or killing of human beings suspected or charged with crime without process of law.

NATIONAL ARBITRATION.

We favor the creation of a national board of arbitration to settle and adjust differences which may arise between employers and employes engaged in interstate commerce.

HOMESTEADS.

We believe in an immediate return to the free-homestead policy of the republican party and urge the passage by congress of the satisfactory free-homestead measure which has already passed the house and is now pending in the senate.

THE TERRITORIES.

We favor the admission of the remaining territories at the earliest practicable date, having due regard to the interests of the people of the territories and of the United States. All the federal officers appointed for the territories should be selected from bona-fide residents thereof and the right of self-government should be accorded as far as practicable.

ALASKA.

We believe the citizens of Alaska should have representation in the congress of the United States, to the end that needful legislation may be intelligently enacted.

TEMPERANCE.

We sympathize with all wise and legitimate efforts to lessen and prevent the evils of intemperance and promote morality.

RIGHTS OF WOMEN.

The republican party is mindful of the rights and interests of women. Protection of American industries includes equal opportunities, equal pay for equal work and protection to the home. We favor the admission of women to wider spheres of usefulness and welcome their co-operation in rescuing the country from democratic and populist mismanagement and misrule.

Such are the principles and policies of the republican party. By these principles we will abide and these policies we will put into execution. We ask for them the considerate judgment of the American people. Confident alike in the history of our great party and in the justice of our cause, we present our platform and our candidates in the full assurance that the election will bring victory to the republican party and prosperity to the people of the United States.

REPUBLICAN STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted by the State Convention, August 5 and 6, 1896.

The republicans of Wisconsin in convention assembled announce their cordial and hearty endorsement of the platform of principles adopted by the National Republican Convention at St. Louis and pledge a loyal, united and vigorous support of the principles and policies therein announced and defined. We believe that in the restoration to power in national affairs of the party that stands for a sound and stable currency, honest money with which to pay the wages of labor, buy the products of the farm and factory and carry on the business of this great country; and for a fair and equitable protective tariff, that will protect all the people and every section of this country, give employment to Ameri-

can labor, preserve to American producers the first chance in our great home market, and at the same time give us enough revenue to pay the necessary expenses of carrying on the government, lies the only hope of a return to our former prosperity.

We recognize in William McKinley and Garret A. Hobart, our nominees for president and vice-president, the highest character and fitness—candidates in whose wisdom, integrity and patriotism all the people can safely put their trust and confidence.

We express our unqualified disapproval of the utterances of the late Chicago convention upon matters of national policy. We denounce them as dangerous in their character—tending to the destruction of all business security and prosperity and subversive of the fundamental principles of good government.

We commend most heartily the able, economical and business-like conduct of public affairs by our present state administration.

The republican party believes in perfect liberty of conscience, non-sectarianism in public affairs, entire separation of church and state, in free common schools, and the utmost independence of individual thought, speech and action within the law.

We favor the restriction of undesirable immigration, as opposed to the interests of our laboring people and approve the enactment of measures to prevent fraudulent naturalization.

We cordially invite the voters of Wisconsin without regard to past political affiliation to the support of the principles herein announced.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at Chicago, July 9, 1896.

We, the democrats of the United States, in national convention assembled, do reaffirm our allegiance to those great essential principles of justice and liberty upon which our institutions are founded and which the democratic party has advocated from Jefferson's time to our own—freedom of speech, freedom of the press, freedom of conscience, the preservation of personal rights, the equality of all citizens before the law and the faithful observance of constitutional limitations.

During all these years the democratic party has resisted the tendency of selfish interests to the centralization of governmental power and steadfastly maintained the integrity of the dual scheme of government established by the founders of this republic of republics. Under its guidance and teachings the great principle of local self-government has found its best expression in the maintenance of the rights of the states and in its assertion of the necessity of confining the general government to the exercise of powers granted by the constitution of the United States.

The constitution of the United States guarantees to every citizen the rights of civil and religious liberty. The democratic party has always been the exponent of political liberty and religious freedom and it renews its obligations and reaffirms its devotion to these fundamental principles of the constitution.

THE MONEY PLANK.

Recognizing that the money question is paramount to all others at this time, we invite attention to the fact that the constitution named silver and gold to-

gether as the money metals of the United States and that the first coinage law passed by congress under the constitution made the silver dollar the money unit and admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio based upon the silver-dollar unit.

We declare that the act of 1873 demonetizing silver without the knowledge or approval of the American people has resulted in the appreciation of gold and a corresponding fall in the prices of commodities produced by the people; a heavy increase in the burden of taxation and of all debts, public and private; the enrichment of the money-lending class at home and abroad; the prostration of industry and impoverishment of the people.

We are unalterably opposed to monometallism, which has locked fast the prosperity of an industrial people in the paralysis of hard times. Gold monometallism is a British policy and its adoption has brought other nations into financial servitude to London. It is not only un-American but anti-American, and it can be fastened on the United States only by the stifling of that spirit and love of liberty which proclaimed our political independence in 1776 and won it in the war of the revolution.

We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender equally with gold for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal-tender money by private contract.

We are opposed to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the United States the option reserved by law to the government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.

INTEREST-BEARING BONDS.

We are opposed to the issuing of interest-bearing bonds of the United States in time of peace and condemn the trafficking with banking syndicates which, in exchange for bonds and at an enormous profit to themselves, supply the federal treasury with gold to maintain the policy of gold monometallism.

NATIONAL BANKS.

Congress alone has the power to coin and issue money and President Jackson declared that this power could not be delegated to corporations or individuals. We therefore denounce the issuance of notes intended to circulate as money by national banks as in derogation of the constitution, and we demand that all paper which is made a legal tender for public and private debts or which is receivable for duties to the United States shall be issued by the government of the United States and shall be redeemable in coin.

TARIFF RESOLUTION.

We hold that tariff duties should be levied for purposes of revenue, such duties to be so adjusted as to operate equally throughout the country and not discriminate between class or section, and that taxation should be limited by the needs of the government, honestly and economically administered. We denounce as disturbing to business the republican threat to restore the McKinley law, which has twice been condemned by the people in national elections, and which, enacted under the false plea of protection to home industry, proved a prolific breeder of trusts and monopolies, enriched the few at the expense of the many, restricted trade and deprived the producers of the great American staples of access to their natural markets.

Until the money question is settled, we are opposed to any agitation for further changes in our tariff laws, except such as are necessary to meet the deficit in revenue caused by the adverse decision of the Supreme court on the income tax. But for this decision by the Supreme court there would be no deficit in the revenue under the law passed by the democratic congress in strict pursuance of the uniform decisions of that court for nearly 100 years, that court having in that decision sustained constitutional objections to its enactment which had previously been overruled by the ablest judges who have ever sat on that

bench. We declare that it is the duty of congress to use all the constitutional power which remains after that decision or which may come from its reversal by the court as it may hereafter be constituted, so that the burdens of taxation may be equally and impartially laid, to the end that wealth may bear its due proportion of the expenses of the government.

IMMIGRATION AND ARBITRATION.

We hold that the most efficient way of protecting American labor is to prevent the importation of foreign pauper labor to compete with it in the home market, and that the value of the home market to our American farmers and artisans is greatly reduced by a vicious monetary system which depresses the prices of their products below the cost of production, and thus deprives them of the means of purchasing the products of our home manufactories; and, as labor creates the wealth of the country, we demand the passage of such laws as may be necessary to protect it in all its rights.

We are in favor of the arbitration of differences between employers engaged in interstate commerce and their employes, and recommend such legislation as is necessary to carry out this principle.

TRUSTS AND POOLS.

The absorption of wealth by the few, the consolidation of our leading railroad systems, and the formation of trusts and pools require a stricter control by the federal government of those arteries of commerce. We demand the enlargement of the powers of the interstate commerce commission, and such restrictions and guaranties in the control of railroads as will protect the people from robbery and oppression.

DECLARE FOR ECONOMY.

We denounce the profligate waste of the money wrung from the people by oppressive taxation, and the lavish appropriations of recent republican congresses, which have kept taxes high, while the labor that pays them is unemployed, and the products of the people's toil are depressed in price till they no longer repay the cost of production. We demand a return to that simplicity and economy which befits a democratic government, and a reduction in the number of useless offices, the salaries of which drain the substance of the people.

FEDERAL INTERFERENCE IN LOCAL AFFAIRS.

We denounce arbitrary interference by federal authorities in local affairs as a violation of the constitution of the United States, and a crime against free institutions, and we especially object to government by injunction as a new and highly dangerous form of oppression by which federal judges, in contempt of the laws of the states and rights of citizens, become at once legislators, judges and executioners, and we approve the bill passed at the last session of the United States senate, and now pending in the house of representatives, relative to contempts in federal courts, and providing for trials by jury in certain cases of contempt.

PACIFIC RAILROADS.

No discrimination should be indulged by the government of the United States in favor of any of its debtors. We approve of the refusal of the LIId congress to pass the Pacific railroad funding bill, and denounce the efforts of the present republican congress to enact a similar measure.

PENSIONS.

Recognizing the just claims of deserving union soldiers, we heartily indorse the rule of the present commissioner of pensions that no names shall be arbitrarily dropped from the pension roll; and the fact of enlistment and service shall be deemed conclusive evidence against disease and disability before enlistment.

ADMISSION OF TERRITORIES.

We favor the admission of the territories of New Mexico, Oklahoma and Arizona into the union as states, and we favor the early admission of all the territories having the necessary population and resource to entitle them to statehood, and while they remain territories we hold that the officials appointed to administer the government of any territory, together with the District of Columbia and Alaska, should be bona fide residents of the territory or district in which the duties are to be performed. The democratic party believes in home rule, and that all public lands of the United States should be appropriated to the establishment of free homes for American citizens.

We recommend that the territory of Alaska be granted a delegate in congress, and that the general land and timber laws of the United States be extended to said territory.

SYMPATHY FOR CUBA.

The Monroe doctrine, as originally declared, and as interpreted by succeeding presidents, is a permanent part of the foreign policy of the United States, and must at all times be maintained.

We extend our sympathy to the people of Cuba in their heroic struggle for liberty and independence.

CIVIL-SERVICE LAWS.

We are opposed to life tenure in the public service. We favor appointments based upon merit, fixed terms of office, and such an administration of the civil-service laws as will afford equal opportunities to all citizens of ascertained fitness.

THIRD-TERM RESOLUTIONS.

We declare it to be the unwritten law of this republic, established by custom and usage of 100 years, and sanctioned by the examples of the greatest and wisest of those who founded and have maintained our government, that no man should be eligible for a third term of the presidential office.

IMPROVEMENT OF WATERWAYS.

The federal government should care for and improve the Mississippi river and other great waterways of the republic so as to secure for the interior states easy and cheap transportation to tide water. When any waterway of the republic is of sufficient importance to demand aid of the government, such aid should be extended upon a definite plan of continuous work until permanent improvement is secured.

Confiding in the justice of our cause and the necessity of its success at the polls, we submit the foregoing declarations of principles and purposes to the considerate judgment of the American people. We invite the support of all citizens who approve them and who desire to have them made effective through legislation for the relief of the people, and the restoration of the country's prosperity.

DEMOCRATIC STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted by the State Convention, Sept. 2, 1896.

We, the democrats of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, hereby ratify and endorse the nominations and platform made by the Democratic National convention, held at Chicago in July last, and pledge to the support of our standard bearers, William Jennings Bryan and Arthur Sewall, the entire strength and energy of the democracy of the state.

We believe that a nation of 70,000,000 freemen, determined to secure and enjoy its liberties, is able to maintain a financial policy of its own. America was always a leader, never a follower; we therefore declare that the interests of the people of the United States imperatively demand the restoration of the free coinage of silver, as it existed at the time of the demonetization in 1873, and that, too, without waiting the consent of any other nation on earth, and we cordially invite all persons, irrespective of party, to join us in securing the triumph of this principle so closely connected with the prosperity of our countrymen.

We condemn the action of the republican party in releasing judgments legally obtained against former state treasurers as a grave breach of public faith, and in direct contravention of the solemn pledges of that party to the contrary.

We favor a co-employee bill that will efficiently protect the employe against the negligence of a co-employee, and recommend immediate legislation to that end.

That while we recognize the rights of all classes of our citizens to vote as their convictions dictate, we enter our solemn protest against the monied and corporate interests in their attempt to control this election by intimidation and corruption. We therefore look with great apprehension upon the fact that the republican campaign in the west is placed under the immediate direction and control of a recognized oppressor of labor and corruptor of legislation; and we especially insist at this time upon the right of free speech and the largest freedom of action.

 NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at Indianapolis, Sept. 3, 1896.

This convention has assembled to uphold the principles upon which depend the honor and welfare of the American people, in order that democrats throughout the union may unite their patriotic effort to avert disaster from their country and ruin from their party.

The democratic party is pledged to equal and exact justice to all men of every creed and condition; to the largest freedom of the individual consistent with good government; to the preservation of the federal government in its constitutional vigor and to the support of the states in all their just rights; to economy in the public expenditures; to the maintenance of the public faith and sound money, and it is opposed to paternalism and all class legislation.

The declarations of the Chicago convention attack individual freedom, the right of private contract, the independence of the judiciary and the authority of the president to enforce federal laws. They advocate a reckless attempt to increase the price of silver by legislation, to the debasement of our monetary standard, and threaten unlimited issues of paper money by the government.

They abandon for republican allies the democratic cause of tariff reform to court the favor of protectionists to their fiscal heresy.

In view of these and other grave departures from democratic principles, we cannot support the candidate of the convention nor be bound by its acts. The democratic party has survived many defeats, but could not survive a victory won in behalf of the doctrine and policy proclaimed in its name at Chicago.

The conditions, however, which make possible such utterances from a national convention are the direct result of class legislation by the republican party. It still proclaims, as it has for years, the power and duty of government to raise and maintain prices by law, and it proposes no remedy for existing evils except oppression and unjust taxation.

The national democracy here convened therefore renews its declaration of a faith in democratic principles especially as applicable to the conditions of the times.

FOR TARIFF FOR REVENUE ONLY.

Taxation, tariff, excise or direct, is rightfully imposed for public purposes, and not for private gain. Its amount is justly measured by public expenditures, which should be limited by scrupulous economy. The sum derived by the treasury from tariff and excise levies is affected by the state of trade and of consumption. The amount required by the treasury is determined by the appropriations made by congress. The demand of the republican party for an increase in tariff tax has its pretext in the deficiency of revenue, which has its causes in the stagnation of trade and reduced consumption, due entirely to the loss of confidence that has followed the populist threat of free coinage and depreciation of our money and the republican practice of extravagant appropriations beyond the needs of good government.

We arraign and condemn the populist conventions of Chicago and St. Louis for their co-operation with the republican party in increasing these conditions, which are pleaded in justification of a heavy increase of burdens of the people and a further resort to protection.

We therefore denounce protection and its ally, free coinage of silver, as schemes for the personal profit of a few at the expense of the many, and oppose the two parties which stand for these schemes as hostile to the people of the republic, whose food and shelter, comfort and property are attacked by higher taxes and depreciated money.

In fine, we reaffirm the historic democratic doctrine of tariff for revenue only.

TO DEVELOP AMERICAN SHIPPING.

We demand that henceforth modern and liberal policies toward American shipping shall take the place of our imitation of the restricted statutes of the eighteenth century, which were abandoned by every maritime power but the United States, and which, to the nation's humiliation, have driven American capital and enterprise to the use of alien flags and alien crews, have made the stars and stripes an almost unknown emblem in foreign countries and have virtually extinguished the race of American seamen.

We oppose the pretense that discriminating duties will promote shipping. That scheme is an invitation to commercial warfare upon the United States, un-American in the light of our great commercial treaties, offering no gain whatever to American shipping, while greatly increasing ocean freights on our agricultural and manufactured products.

GOLD STANDARD IS UPHELD.

The experience of mankind has shown that, by reason of their natural qualities, gold is the necessary money of the large affairs of commerce and business, while silver is conveniently adapted to minor transactions, and the most beneficial use of both together can be insured only by the adoption of the former as a standard of monetary measure and the maintenance of silver at a parity with gold by its limited coinage under such safeguards of law.

Thus is the largest possible enjoyment of both metals gained, with the value universally accepted throughout the world, which constitutes the only practical

currency, assuring the most stable standard, and especially the best and safest money for all who earn a livelihood by labor or the produce of husbandry. They cannot suffer when paid in the best money known to man, but are the peculiar and most defenseless victims of a debased and fluctuating currency, which offers continued profits to the money-changer at their cost.

Realizing these truths, demonstrated by long public inconvenience and loss, the democratic party, in the interests of the masses and of equal justice to all, practically established, by the legislation of 1834 and 1853, the gold standard of monetary measurement, and likewise entirely divorced the government from banking and currency issues.

To this long-established democratic policy we adhere, and insist upon the maintenance of the gold standard and the parity therewith of every dollar issued by the government, and are firmly opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver and to the compulsory purchase of silver bullion. But we denounce, also, the further maintenance of the present costly patchwork system of national paper currency as a constant source of injury and peril.

We assert the necessity of such intelligent currency reform as will confine the government to its legitimate functions, completely separated from the banking business, and afford to all sections of our country a uniform, safe and elastic bank currency under government supervision, measured in volume by the needs of business.

PRAISE FOR MR. CLEVELAND.

The patriotism, fidelity and courage with which President Cleveland has fulfilled his great public trust, the high character of his administration, its wisdom and energy in the maintenance of civil order and the enforcement of the laws, its equal regard for the rights of every class and every section, its firm and dignified conduct of foreign affairs, and its sturdy persistence in upholding the credit and honor of the nation, are fully recognized by the democratic party, and will secure to him a place in history beside the fathers of the republic.

We also commend the administration for the great progress made in the reform of the public service, and we indorse its efforts to extend the merit system still further. We demand that no backward step be taken, but that the reform be supported and advanced until the undemocratic spoils system of appointments shall be eradicated.

INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION.

We demand strict economy in the appropriations and in the administration of the government.

We favor arbitration for the settlement of international disputes.

We favor a liberal policy of pensions to deserving soldiers and sailors of the United States.

The Supreme court of the United States was wisely established by the framers of our constitution as one of the three co-ordinate branches of the government. Its independence and authority to interpret the law of the land without fear or favor must be maintained. We condemn all efforts to defame the tribunal or impair the confidence and respect which it has deservedly had.

The democratic party ever has maintained and ever will maintain the supremacy of law, the independence of its judicial administration, the inviolability of contract and the obligation of all good citizens to resist every illegal trust, combination and attempt against the just rights of property and the good order of society, in which are bound up the peace and happiness of our people.

Believing these principles to be essential to the well-being of the republic, we submit them to the consideration of the American people.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted by the State Convention, August 26, 1896.

The democrats of Wisconsin, assembled in convention, hereby declare their love for, and allegiance to, the time-honored principles of Jefferson, Jackson, Van Buren, Tilden and Cleveland, and refuse to abandon or be driven from them by the action of the Chicago convention of July, 1896.

In the selection of candidates by a party convention, differences as to men are non-essential, and party allegiance, as well as good faith, requires acquiescence by the minority in the fairly expressed will and action of the majority. But when fundamental, vital party principles are trampled under foot, repudiated and scoffed at, and rank heresies promulgated in their stead as party principles and rule of action, the will and action of a majority has no more binding effect upon the minority in a political organization than a resolution would have, attempting to control their manhood and personal honor.

The majority who controlled and directed the Chicago convention was largely men whose names were unknown in democratic councils and whose declarations and action prove them to be strangers as well to democratic principles and traditions.

They invaded the rights of state in the selection of delegates and acting censors over state conventions made selection of state representatives, unseating men elected by unanimous acclamation, for no reason save that they had the power of a majority.

They refused to recognize the honesty and integrity of the national democratic administration because it had the patriotism, honesty and integrity to protect the public credit by the only means in its power.

They declared against the protection of life and property by national interference when the exigency demanded it, and thus encouraged and invited mobs, anarchy, destruction of property and bloodshed.

They declared for an unlimited issue of paper money by the government without provision for its redemption.

They declared for an unlimited coinage of silver at a largely fictitious value, thus debasing the coin of the realm and aiming a blow at the financial credit of the government and the business prosperity of the citizens.

They refused to exempt pre-existing contracts from payment in this debased currency, and thus recognized and invited repudiation of public and private contracts.

They declared for liberal and generous pensions to the soldiers of the republic, but provided for their payment in debased currency that would rob them of one-half of their support; and to fully carry out their pernicious and revolutionary schemes they assailed the supreme court of the nation, and shadowed their purpose to change its constitution, so that no judicial determination should prove an obstacle in the carrying into execution their proposed policy.

They concluded their work by the selection as a candidate for the presidency of William Jennings Bryan of Nebraska, whose democracy, if he has any, sits so loosely upon him that the populist convention at St. Louis hailed his nomination with delight as the harbinger of success to their communistic theories, and they, too, gave him their nomination under the assurance made in their convention that he was in spirit and in truth a populist.

We, as democrats, denounce the action of the Chicago convention as being in open violation of the principles of the democratic party, and refuse to recognize or be bound by it; and to distinguish ourselves from that portion of our old party who may elect to support Mr. Bryan, irrespective of the declarations of the conventions which nominated him, hereby declare the organization made here today shall be known as the national democratic party, and invite all good citizens to co-operate with us in putting the stamp of condemnation upon the populist and anarchical heresies promulgated at Chicago and endorsed at St. Louis.

We declare as democrats, that it is the duty of every citizen of the republic to protect and preserve its national honor and credit at home and abroad; that

good government gives the greatest liberty to the citizen: consistent with public peace, social order and the rights of persons and property.

We declare that it is the highest duty of the government to enforce its laws, preserve peace and good order, to punish crime and to protect and preserve the lives, liberty and property of its citizens.

We further declare as a fundamental principle of the democratic party that the government should be honestly and economically administered, and that no more taxes should be levied either by customs, duties or otherwise than is actually necessary to support the government so honestly and economically administered, keep its faith sacred and preserve its credit.

In the words of the national democratic platform of 1892, "We hold to the use of both gold and silver without discrimination against either metal or charge for mintage, but the dollar unit of coinage of both metals must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, or be adjusted through international agreement or by such safeguards of legislation as shall ensure the maintenance of the parity of the two metals, and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debt; and we demand that all paper currency shall be kept at par with and redeemable in such coin. We insist upon this policy as especially necessary for the protection of the farmer and laboring classes, the first and most defenseless victims of unstable money and a fluctuating currency."

And to create and maintain the integrity of that dollar we adopt the words of the democratic party of Wisconsin, assembled in convention, in June, 1896, in favor of gold, the highest monetary standard of the world, as the true measure of unfluctuating value.

PEOPLE'S PARTY NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at St. Louis, Mo., July 24, 1896.

The people's party, assembled in national convention, reaffirms its allegiance to the principles declared by the founders of the republic, and also to the fundamental principles of just government as enunciated in the platform of the party in 1892. We recognize that through the connivance of the present and preceding administrations, the country has reached a crisis in its national life, as predicted in our declaration four years ago, and that prompt and patriotic action is the supreme duty of the hour. We realize that while we have political independence, our financial and industrial independence is yet to be attained by restoring to our country the constitutional control and exercise of the functions necessary to a people's government, which functions have been basely surrendered by our public servants to corporate monopolies. The influence of European money changers has been more potent in shaping legislation than the voice of the American people. Executive power and patronage have been used to corrupt our legislatures and defeat the will of the people and plutocracy has thereby been enthroned upon the ruins of democracy. To restore the government intended by the fathers and for the welfare and prosperity of this and future generations, we demand the establishment of an economic and financial system which shall make us masters of our own affairs and independent of European control, by the adoption of the following

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

I. FINANCE.

1. We demand a national money, safe and sound, issued by the general government only, without the intervention of banks of issue, to be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private; a just, equitable and efficient means of distribution direct to the people and through the lawful disbursements of the government.

2. We demand the free and unrestricted coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of sixteen to one, without waiting for the consent of foreign nations.

3. We demand the volume of circulating medium be speedily increased to an amount sufficient to meet the demands of business and population and to restore the just level of prices of labor and production.

4. We denounce the sale of bonds and the increase of the public interest bearing debt made by the present administration as unnecessary and without authority of law, and demand that no more bonds be issued except by specific act of congress.

5. We demand such legislation as will prevent the demonetization of the lawful money of the United States by private contract.

6. We demand that the government, in payment of its obligations, shall use its option as to the kind of money in which they are to be paid, and we denounce the present and preceding administrations for surrendering this option to the holders of government obligations.

7. We demand a graduated income tax to the end that aggregated wealth shall bear its just proportion of taxation, and we regard the recent decision of the supreme court relative to the income tax law as a misinterpretation of the constitution and an invasion of the rightful powers of congress over the subject of taxation.

8. We demand that postal savings banks be established by the government for the safe deposit of the savings of the people and to facilitate exchange.

II. TRANSPORTATION.

1. Transportation being a means of exchange and a public necessity, the government should own and operate the railroads in the interest of the people and on a non-partisan basis; to the end that all may be accorded the same treatment in transportation and that the tyranny and political power now exercised by the great railroad corporations, which result in the impairment if not the destruction of the political rights and personal liberties of the citizens may be destroyed. Such ownership is to be accomplished gradually in a manner consistent with sound public policy.

2. The interest of the United States in the public highways built with public moneys and the proceeds of extensive grants of land to the Pacific railroads, should never be alienated, mortgaged or sold, but guarded and protected for the general welfare as provided by the laws organizing such railroads. The foreclosure of existing liens of the United States on these roads should at once follow default in the payment thereof by the debtor companies; and at the foreclosure sales of said roads the government shall purchase the same if it becomes necessary to protect its interests therein or if they can be purchased at a reasonable price; and the government shall operate said railroads as public highways for the benefit of the whole people and not in the interest of the few, under suitable provisions for protection of life and property, giving to all transportation interests equal privileges and equal rates for fares and freights.

3. We denounce the present infamous schemes for refunding these debts and demand that the laws now applicable thereto be executed and administered according to their true intent and spirit.

4. The telegraph, like the post office, being a necessity for the transmission of news, should be owned and operated by the government in the interest of the people.

III. LAND.

1. True policy demands that the national and state legislation shall be such as will ultimately enable every prudent and industrious citizen to secure a home, and therefore the land should not be monopolized for speculative purposes. All lands now held by railroads and other corporations in excess of their actual needs should by lawful means be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only, subject to the right of every human being to a home on the soil, and private land monopoly, as well as alien ownership, should be prohibited.

2. We condemn the frauds by which the land grant Pacific railroad companies have, through the connivance of the interior department, robbed multitudes of actual bona fide settlers of their homes and miners of their claims and we demand legislation by congress which will enforce the exception of mineral land from such grants after as well as before patent.

3. We demand that bona fide settlers on all public lands be granted free homes as provided in the national homestead law, and that no exception be made in the case of Indian reservations when opened for settlement and that all lands now not patented come under this demand.

IV. DIRECT LEGISLATION.

We favor a system of direct legislation through the **initiative and referendum**, under proper constitutional safeguards.

V. GENERAL PROPOSITIONS.

1. We demand the election of president, vice president and United States senators by a direct vote of the people.

2. We tender to the patriotic people of Cuba our deepest sympathy in their heroic struggle for political freedom and independence, and we believe the time has come when the United States, the great republic of the world, should recognize that Cuba is and of right ought to be a free and independent state.

3. We favor home rule in the territories and the District of Columbia and the early admission of the territories as states.

4. All public salaries should be made to correspond to the price of labor and its products.

5. In times of great industrial depression idle labor should be employed on public works as far as practicable.

6. The arbitrary course of the courts in assuming to imprison citizens for indirect contempt and ruling them, by injunction should be prevented by proper legislation.

7. We favor just pensions for our disabled union soldiers.

8. Believing that the elective franchise and an untrammelled ballot are essential to a government of, for and by the people, the people's party condemn the wholesale system of disfranchisement adopted in some of the states as unrepugnant and undemocratic and we declare it to be the duty of the several state legislatures to take such action as will secure a full, free and fair ballot and an honest count.

While the foregoing propositions constitute the platform upon which our party stands, and for the vindication of which its organization will be maintained, we recognize that the great and pressing issue of the pending campaign upon which the present presidential election will turn, is the financial question, and upon this great and specific issue between the parties, we cordially invite the aid and co-operation of all organizations and citizens agreeing with us upon this vital question.

PEOPLE'S PARTY STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted by the State Convention, September 2, 1896.

When the people's party in its national platform four years ago declared that the action of the old parties had brought our country to the verge of moral, political and material ruin, very few outside of the party would believe the statement and populists were called "calamity howlers" in derision. But less than a twelve-month demonstrated that our party was the only one at the time to recognize and realize the evils that threatened the welfare if not the existence of the nation because the very calamity we predicted, overwhelmed us. Our country is in the midst of financial ruin and economic distress, brought upon us principally by the scarcity of money, the "present gold standard," which, according to the demands of the republican party is to be maintained. While the people's party recognizes the necessity of a radical change in our economic system, its members understand that all great reforms must be reached by evolution. Our object is therefore to remedy existing evils by overthrowing the greatest of all trusts—the money trust—as demanded and explained in our national platform, first. And to this end we welcome the co-operation of all voters and all parties, so that prosperity may come once more to our business, our industry, and our agriculture.

We endorse the national platform of the people's party, as adopted at St. Louis, July 24, 1896, and in addition make the following demands:

1. The public control of all public utilities, national, state and local.
2. The adoption of a corrupt practices act, to punish dishonesty and bribery in the election of public officials.
3. Whenever an industry becomes so centralized in the hands of a trust as to assume the nature of a monopoly and a menace to the interest or the welfare of the people such industry should be conducted by the government in the interest of the people.
4. We demand the loan of government money at cost, to states, counties and local governments in aid of the purchase and building of public works.
5. The extension of the cardinal principle of the people's party, "equal rights to all and special privileges to none," to all the men and women of the country.
6. In the interest of labor we demand compulsory education; a legal eight hour workday in industrial pursuits; sanitary inspection of workshops, mines and buildings; liability of employers for injury to health, body and life without regard to the negligence of co-employees; abolition of the contract system in all public work; a cash pay day; the abolition of the "sweating" system and a law to prohibit the system of blacklisting.
7. We demand that the people be permitted to remove dishonest or incompetent public officials by popular vote and the establishment of minority representation.
8. The abolition of the system of taxing people on their debts, by providing that all mortgages be deducted from the assessment for taxes.
9. The exemption of a reasonable amount of improvements on land so that people no longer be punished for being industrious and economical.
10. That the state furnish a uniform system of text books to the pupils of the public schools at cost of production.

PROHIBITION NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at Pittsburg, May 27, 1896.

We, the members of the prohibition party, in national convention assembled, renewing our declaration of allegiance to Almighty God as the rightful ruler of the universe, lay down the following as our declaration of political purpose:

The prohibition party, in national convention assembled, declares its firm conviction that the manufacture, exportation, importation and sale of alcoholic beverages has produced such commercial, industrial, social and political wrongs, and is now so threatening the perpetuity of all our social and political institutions, that the suppression of the same by a national party organized therefor is the greatest object to be accomplished by the voters of our country, and is of such importance as that it of right ought to control the political action of all our patriotic citizens until such suppression is accomplished. The urgency of this cause demands the union without further delay of all citizens who desire the prohibition of the liquor traffic. Therefore, be it resolved, that we favor the legal prohibition, by state and national legislation, of the exportation, inter-state transportation and sale of alcoholic beverages; that we declare our purpose to organize and unite all the friends of prohibition into one party and in order to accomplish this end we deem it but right to leave every prohibitionist the freedom of his own convictions upon all other political questions, and trust our representatives to legislate upon other political questions as the changes occasioned by prohibition and the welfare of the whole people shall demand.

PROHIBITION STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted at Eau Claire, May 14, 1896.

The prohibitionists of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, this 14th day of May, 1896, conscious of their responsibility to God and their fellow men for the proper use of their political power, do reaffirm their adherence to the national prohibition party, and declare for the following principles:

1st. We demand the suppression by law of the manufacture, sale and supply of alcoholic liquors for beverage purposes, and that all laws making either federal, state or municipal governments partners in its profits, be repealed.

2d. Suffrage should depend upon intelligent citizenship rather than upon sex.

3d. We stand unequivocally for our public schools, taught in the English language, and are opposed to any appropriations of public money for sectarian purposes.

4th. We demand that silver be restored to its position prior to 1873.

[NATIONAL SILVER NATIONAL PLATFORM.]

Adopted at St. Louis, July 24, 1896.

The national silver party, in convention assembled, hereby adopts the following declaration of principles:

THE MONEY QUESTION.

The paramount issue at this time in the United States is indisputably the money question. It is between the gold standard, gold bonds and bank currency on the one side, and the bimetallic standard, no bonds and government currency on the other. On this issue we declare ourselves to be in favor of a distinctively American financial system. We are unalterably opposed to the single gold standard, and demand the immediate return to the constitutional standard of gold and silver by the restoration by this government, independent of any foreign power, of the unrestricted coinage of both gold and silver into standard money at the ratio of 16 to 1, and upon terms of exact equality as they existed prior to 1873; the silver coin to be a full legal tender equally with gold for all debts and dues, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal-tender money by private contract.

We hold that the power to control and regulate a paper currency is inseparable from the power to coin money, and hence that all currency intended to circulate as money should be issued and its volume controlled by the general government only, and should be legal tender.

BOND ISSUES.

We are unalterably opposed to the issue by the United States of interest-bearing bonds in time of peace, and we denounce as a blunder worse than a crime the present treasury policy, concurred in by a republican house, of plunging the country into debt by hundreds of millions in the vain attempt to maintain the gold standard by borrowing gold; and we demand the payment of all coin obligations of the United States, as provided by existing laws, in either gold or silver coin, at the option of the government, and not at the option of the creditor.

DEMONETIZATION OF SILVER.

The demonetization of silver in 1873, enormously increased the demand for gold, enhancing its purchasing power and lowering all prices measured by that standard, and since that unjust and indefensible act the prices of American products have fallen upon an average nearly 50 per cent., carrying down with them proportionately the money value of all other forms of property. Such fall of prices has destroyed the profits of legitimate industry, injuring the producer for the benefit of the non-producer, increasing the burden of the debtor, swelling the gains of the creditor, paralyzing the productive energies of the American people, relegating to idleness vast numbers of willing workers, sending the shadows of despair into the home of the honest toiler, filling the land with tramps and paupers and building up colossal fortunes at the money centers.

In the effort to maintain the gold standard the country has, within the last two years, in a time of peace and plenty, been loaded down with \$262,000,000 of additional interest-bearing debt under such circumstances as to allow a syndicate of native and foreign bankers to realize a net profit of millions on a single deal. It stands confessed that the gold standard can only be upheld by so depleting our paper currency as to force the prices of our products below the European and even below the Asiatic level, to enable us to sell in foreign markets, thus aggravating the very evils of which our people so bitterly complain, degrading American labor, and striking at the foundations of our civilization itself.

The advocates of the gold standard persistently claim that the cause of our distress is overproduction—that we have produced so much that it has made us poor—which implies that the true remedy is to close the factory, abandon the farm and throw the multitude of people out of employment. A doctrine that leaves us unnerved and disheartened and absolutely without hope for the future. We confirm it to be unquestioned that there can be no such economic paradox as overproduction and at the same time tens of thousands of our fellow-citizens remaining half clad and half fed, and who are piteously clamoring for the common necessities of life.

MONEY OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Over and above all other questions of policy, we are in favor of restoring to the people of the United States the time-honored money of the constitution—gold and silver; not one, but both—the money of Washington and Hamilton and Jefferson and Monroe and Jackson and Lincoln, to the end that the American people may receive honest pay for an honest product; that the American debtor may pay his just obligations in an honest standard, and not in a standard that has appreciated 100 per cent. above all the great staples of our country, and to the end further that silver-standard countries may be deprived of the unjust advantage they now enjoy in the difference in exchange between gold and silver—an advantage which tariff legislation alone cannot overcome.

We therefore appeal to the people of the United States to leave in abeyance for the moment all other questions, however important and even momentous they may appear, to sunder, if need be, all former party ties and affiliations, and unite in one supreme effort to free themselves and their children from the domination of the money power—a power more destructive than any which has ever been fastened upon the civilized men of any race or in any age. And upon the consummation of our desires and efforts we invoke the gracious favor of divine Providence.

Inasmuch as the patriotic majority of the Chicago convention embodied in the financial plank of its platform the principles enunciated in the platform of the American bimetallic party, promulgated at Washington, D. C., Jan. 22, 1896, and herein reiterated, which is not only the paramount but the only real issue in the pending campaign, therefore, recognizing that their nominees embody these patriotic principles, we recommend that this convention nominate William J. Bryan of Nebraska, for president and Arthur Sewall of Maine, for vice president.

NATIONAL PARTY NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at Pittsburg, May 29, 1896.

The national party, recognizing God as the author of all just power in government, presents the following declaration of principles, which we pledge ourselves to enact into effective legislation when given the power to do so:

THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

1. The suppression of the manufacture and sale, importation, exportation and transportation of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes. We utterly reject all plans for regulating or compromising with this traffic, whether such plans be

local option, taxation, license or public control. The sale of liquors for medicinal and other legitimate uses should be controlled by the state, without profit, and with such regulations as will prevent fraud or evasion.

2. No citizen should be denied the right to vote on account of sex.

THE FINANCES.

3. All money should be issued by the general government only, and without the intervention of any private citizen, corporation or banking institution. It should be based upon the wealth, stability and integrity of the nation. It should be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, and should be of sufficient volume to meet the demands of the country. And for the purpose of honestly liquidating our own out-standing coin obligations we demand the full and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, without consulting any one other nation.

4. The initiative and referendum and proportional representation should be adopted.

PUBLIC LANDS.

5. Free land is the common heritage of the people, and should be preserved from monopoly and speculation. All unearned grants of land, subject to forfeiture, should be retained by the government, and no portion of the public domain should hereafter be granted except to actual settlers, continuous use being essential to tenure.

OWNERSHIP OF RAILROADS, ETC.

6. Railroads, telegraphs and other natural monopolies should be owned and operated by the government, giving to the people the benefit of service and protecting them from all cost.

TAXATION.

7. The national constitution should be so amended as to allow the national revenues to be raised by equitable adjustment of taxation on the properties and incomes of the people, and importation duties should be levied as a means of securing equitable commercial relations with other nations.

8. The contract convict labor system, through which speculators are enriched at the expense of the state, should be abolished.

SUNDAY LAWS.

9. All citizens should be protected by law in their right to one day of rest in seven, without oppressing any who conscientiously observe any other than the first day of the week.

10. The American public schools, taught in the English language, should be maintained, and no public fund should be appropriated for sectarian institutions.

ELECTION OF PRESIDENT.

11. The president, vice-president and United States senators should be elected by direct vote of the people.

12. Ex-soldiers and sailors of the United States army and navy, their widows and minor children, should receive liberal pensions, graded on disability and time of service, not merely as a debt of gratitude, but for service rendered in the preservation of the union.

IMMIGRATION.

13. The immigration laws should be so secure as to exclude paupers and criminals. None but citizens of the United States should be allowed to vote in any state, and naturalized citizens should not vote until one year after naturalization papers have been issued.

14. Having herein presented our principles and purposes, we invite the co-operation and support of all citizens who are with us substantially agreed.

SOCIALISTIC LABOR NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at New York, July 9, 1896.

PLATFORM.

The socialistic labor party of the United States, in convention assembled, reasserts the inalienable rights of all men to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

With the founders of the American republic we hold that the purpose of government is to secure every citizen in the enjoyment of this right; but in the light of our social conditions we hold, furthermore, that no such right can be exercised under a system of economic inequality, essentially destructive of life, of liberty and of happiness.

With the founders of this republic we hold that the true theory of politics is that the machinery of government must be owned and controlled by the whole people; but in the light of our industrial development we hold, furthermore, that the true theory of economics is that the machinery of production must likewise belong to the people in common.

To the obvious fact that our despotic system of economics is the direct opposite of our democratic system of politics can plainly be traced the existence of a privileged class, the corruption of government by that class, the alienation of public property, public franchises and public functions to that class, and the abject dependence of the mightiest of nations upon that class.

Again, through the perversion of democracy to the ends of plutocracy, labor is robbed of the wealth which it alone produces, is denied the means of self-employment, and, by compulsory idleness in wage slavery, is even deprived of the necessities of life.

Human power and natural forces are thus wasted, that the plutocracy may rule.

Ignorance and misery, with all their concomitant evils, are perpetuated; that the people may be kept in bondage.

Science and invention are diverted from their humane purpose to the enslavement of women and children.

Against such a system the socialistic labor party once more enters its protest. Once more it reiterates its fundamental declaration that private property in the natural sources of production and in the instruments of labor is the obvious cause of all economic servitude and political dependence.

The time is fast coming when, in the natural course of social evolution, this system, through the destructive action of its failures and crises on the one hand, and the constructive tendencies of its trusts and other capitalistic combinations on the other hand, shall have worked out its own downfall.

We, therefore, call upon the wage workers of the United States, and upon all other honest citizens, to organize under the banner of the socialistic labor party into a class-conscious body, aware of its rights and determined to conquer them by taking possession of the public powers; so that, held together by an indomitable spirit of solidarity under the most trying conditions of the present class struggle, we may put a summary end to that barbarous struggle by the abolition of classes, the restoration of the land and of all the means of production, transportation and distribution to the people as a collective body, and the substitution of the Co-operative Commonwealth for the present state of planless production, industrial war and social disorder; a commonwealth in which every worker shall have the free exercise and full benefit of his faculties, multiplied by all the modern factors of civilization.

RESOLUTIONS.

With a view to immediate improvement in the condition of labor we present the following demands:

1. Reduction of the hours of labor in proportion to the progress of production.
2. The United States shall obtain possession of the railroads, canals, telegraphs,

telephones and all other means of public transportation and communication; the employes to operate the same co-operatively under control of the federal government and to elect their own superior officers, but no employe shall be discharged for political reasons.

3. The municipalities shall obtain possession of the local railroads, ferries, water works, gas works, electric plants and all industries requiring municipal franchises; the employes to operate the same co-operatively under control of the municipal administration and to elect their own superior officers, but no employe shall be discharged for political reasons.

4. The public lands declared inalienable. Revocation of all land grants to corporations or individuals, the conditions of which have not been complied with.

5. The United States have the exclusive right to issue money.

6. Congressional legislation providing for the scientific management of forests and waterways, and prohibiting the waste of the natural resources of the country.

7. Inventions to be free to all; the inventors to be remunerated by the nation.

8. Progressive income tax and tax on inheritances; the smaller incomes to be exempt.

9. School education of all children under 14 years of age to be compulsory, gratuitous and accessible to all by public assistance in meals, clothing, books, etc., where necessary.

10. Repeal of all pauper, tramp, conspiracy and sumptuary laws. Unabridged right of combination.

11. Prohibition of the employment of children of school age and the employment of female labor in occupations detrimental to health or morality. Abolition of the convict labor contract system.

12. Employment of the unemployed by the public authorities (county, city, state and nation).

13. All wages to be paid in lawful money of the United States. Equalization of woman's wages with those of men where equal service is performed.

14. Laws for the protection of life and limb in all occupations, and an efficient employers' liability law.

15. The people to have the right to propose laws and to vote upon all measures of importance, according to the referendum principle.

16. Abolition of the veto power of the executive (national, state and municipal), wherever it exists.

17. Abolition of the United States senate and all upper legislative chambers.

18. Municipal self-government.

19. Direct vote and secret ballots in all elections. Universal and equal right of suffrage without regard to color, creed or sex. Election days to be legal holidays. The principle of proportional representation to be introduced.

20. All public officers to be subject to recall by their respective constituencies.

21. Uniform civil and criminal law throughout the United States. Administration of justice to be free of charge. Abolition of capital punishment.

THE CONGRESSIONAL AND LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT.

In force, 1896.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

(Chapter 483, Laws 1891.)

Section 1. Until otherwise provided by law, the state of Wisconsin shall be divided into ten congressional districts, each of which shall be entitled to elect one representative in the congress of the United States, and the territory comprising each district shall be divided as follows:

The counties of Racine, Kenosha, Walworth, Rock, Green and Lafayette shall constitute the first congressional district.

The counties of Jefferson, Dodge, Dane and Columbia shall constitute the second congressional district.

The counties of Adams, Juneau, Vernon, Sauk, Richland, Crawford, Grant and Iowa shall constitute the third congressional district.

The 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th wards of the city of Milwaukee and the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake and Oak Creek, in Milwaukee county, shall constitute the fourth congressional district.

The counties of Sheboygan, Ozaukee, Washington and Waukesha, and the 10th and 13th wards of the city of Milwaukee and the towns of Granville, Milwaukee and Wauwatosa in Milwaukee county, shall constitute the fifth congressional district.

The counties of Waushara, Marquette, Green Lake, Fond du Lac, Winnebago, Calumet and Manitowoc, shall constitute the sixth congressional district.

The counties of Pepin, Eau Claire, Buffalo, Trempealeau, Jackson, Monroe and La Crosse, shall constitute the seventh congressional district.

The counties of Wood, Portage, Waupaca, Outagamie, Brown, Kewaunee and Door, shall constitute the eighth congressional district.

The counties of Clark, Taylor, Price, Ashland, Oneida, Lincoln, Marathon, Shawano, Langlade, Forest, Florence, Marinette and Oconto, shall constitute the ninth congressional district.

The counties of Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Sawyer, Washburn, Polk, Barron, Chippewa, St. Croix, Dunn and Pierce, shall constitute the tenth congressional district.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS.

(Chapter 1—Special session Wisconsin Legislature, 1896.)

Section 1. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the assembly districts of this state shall be constituted as follows:

The county of Barron shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Calumet shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Clark shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Crawford shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Door shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Dunn shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Green shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Green Lake shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Iowa shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Jackson shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Juneau shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Kenosha shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Kewaunee shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Lafayette shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Marinette shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Monroe shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Oconto shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Ozaukee shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Pierce shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Richland shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of St. Croix shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Shawano shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Trempealeau shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Vernon shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Washington shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Waushara shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Wood shall constitute an assembly district.
 The counties of Adams and Marquette shall constitute an assembly district.
 The counties of Ashland and Iron shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Bayfield, Sawyer and Washburn shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Buffalo and Pepin shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Burnett and Polk shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Forest, Florence and Langlade shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Lincoln and Taylor shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Oneida, Price and Vilas shall constitute an assembly district.

Brown County: 1. The towns of Ashwaubenon, Howard, Pittsfield, Suamico, and the city of Green Bay shall constitute the first assembly district of Brown county. 2. The towns of Allouez, Bellevue, De Pere, Eaton, Glenmore, Green Bay, Holland, Humboldt, Lawrence, Morrison, New Denmark, Preble, Rockland, Scott and Wrightstown and the city of De Pere shall constitute the second assembly district of Brown county.

Chippewa County. 1. The towns of Lafayette, Sigel, Tilden and Wheaton, the village of Cadott, and the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth and Tenth wards of the city of Chippewa Falls shall constitute the first assembly district of Chippewa county. 2. The towns of Anson, Arthur, Auburn, Big Bend, Bloomer, Cleveland, Colburn, Eagle Point, Edson, Flambeau, Lawrence and the First ward of the city of Chippewa Falls shall constitute the second assembly district of Chippewa county.

Columbia County: 1. The towns of Arlington, Caledonia, Dekorra, Fort Winnebago, Lewiston, Lodi, Newport, Pacific and West Point and the village of Poynette and the city of Portage shall constitute the first assembly district of Columbia county. 2. The towns of Columbus, Courtland, Fountain Prairie, Hampden, Leeds, Lowville, Marcellon, Otsego, Randolph, Scott, Springvale and Wyocena and the villages of Pardeeville, Rio and the West ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus shall constitute the second assembly district of Columbia county.

Dane County: 1. The towns of Blooming Grove, Burke, Dunn, Madison, Rutland and the city of Madison shall constitute the first assembly district of Dane county. 2. The towns of Albion, Bristol, Christiana, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Dunkirk, Medina, Pleasant Springs, Sun Prairie, Vienna, Windsor, York and the villages of Deerfield and Sun Prairie and the city of Stoughton shall constitute the second assembly district of Dane county. 3. The towns of Berry, Black Earth, Blue Mounds, Cross Plains, Dane, Fitchburg, Mazomanie, Middleton,

Montrose, Oregon, Perry, Primrose, Roxbury, Springdale, Springfield, Vermont, Verona, Westport and the villages of Belleville and Waunakee shall constitute the third assembly district of Dane county.

Dodge County: 1. The towns of Ashippun Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford, Lebanon, Le Roy, Lomira, Rubicon, Shields, Theresa, Williamstown, the village of Horicon, the Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Watertown, and the city of Mayville shall constitute the first assembly district of Dodge county. 2. The towns of Beaver Dam, Calamus, Chester, Burnett, Elba, Fox Lake, Lowell, Oak Grove, Portland, Trenton and Westford, and the villages of Fox Lake, Lowell, Reeseville, the East ward of the village of Randolph, and the cities of Beaver Dam and Juneau, and the South ward of the city of Waupun shall constitute the second assembly district of Dodge county.

Douglas County: 1. The Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Superior shall constitute the first assembly district of Douglas county. 2. The towns of Brule, Gordon, Nebagamain and Superior, and the First, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth wards of the city of Superior shall constitute the second assembly district of Douglas county.

Eau Claire County: 1. The towns of Seymour, and the city of Altoona, and the First, Second, Third, Fifth, Sixth and Eighth wards of the city of Eau Claire shall constitute the first assembly district of Eau Claire county. 2. The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick, Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Lincoln, Ludington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Union and Washington, and the village of Fairchild and the city of Augusta and the Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Eau Claire shall constitute the second assembly district of Eau Claire county.

Fond du Lac County: 1. The towns of Calumet, Empire, Forest, Fond du Lac, Friendship, Marshfield, Osceola, Taychedah, and the city of Fond du Lac shall constitute the first assembly district of Fond du Lac county. 2. The towns of Alto, Ashford, Auburn, Byron, Eden, Eldorado, Lamartine, Metomen, Oakfield, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale, Waupun, the village of Brandon, and the city of Ripon, and the North ward of the city of Waupun shall constitute the second assembly district of Fond du Lac county.

Grant County: 1. The towns of Bloomington, Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Lancaster, Liberty, Little Grant, Marion, Millville, Mt. Hope, Mt. Ida, Muscoda, Patch Grove, Watterstown, Wingville, Woodman, Wyalusing, and the villages of Bloomington, Fennimore, Montfort, Muscoda, and the cities of Boscobel and Lancaster shall constitute the first assembly district of Grant county. 2. The towns of Beetown, Cassville, Clifton, Ellenborough, Glen Haven, Hazel Green, Harrison, Jamastown, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Smelzer, Waterloo, and the villages of Cassville, Cuba City, Hazel Green, Potosi, and the city of Platteville shall constitute the second assembly district of Grant county.

Jefferson County: 1. The towns of Cold Springs, Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, and the village of Palmyra, and the First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Seventh wards of the city of Watertown shall constitute the first assembly district of Jefferson county. 2. The towns of Aztalan, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Milford, Oakland, Summer and Waterloo, the villages of Lake Mills and Waterloo and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson shall constitute the second assembly district of Jefferson county.

La Crosse County: 1. The town of Campbell, and the First, Second, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Nineteenth, and Twentieth wards of the city of La Crosse shall constitute the first assembly district of La Crosse county. 2. The towns of Bangor, Barre, Burns, Farmington, Greenfield, Hamilton, Holland, Onalaska, Shelby and Washington, and the city of Onalaska, and the Third, Eighth, Seventeenth and Eighteenth wards of the city of La Crosse shall constitute the second assembly district of La Crosse county.

Manitowoc County: 1. The towns of Cato, Centerville, Liberty, Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Meeme, Newton, and the city of Manitowoc shall constitute the first assembly district of Manitowoc county. 2. The towns of Cooperstown,

Eaton, Franklin, Gibson, Kossuth, Maple Grove, Mishicott, Rockland, Schleswig, Two Creeks, Two Rivers, and the villages of Kiel and Reedsville and the city of Two Rivers shall constitute the second assembly district of Manitowoc county.

Marathon County: 1. The towns of Bergen, Berlin, Brighton, Cassell, Cleveland, Day, Eau Claire, Emmett, Frankfort, Halsey, Hamburg, Holton, Hull, Johnson, Maine, Marathon, McMillan, Mosinee, Rib Falls, Reibrock, Spencer, Stettin and Wein, and the villages of Marathon City, McMillan and Mosinee, and the East ward of the city of Colby shall constitute the first assembly district of Marathon county. 2. The towns of Easton, Eldron, Harrison, Hewitt, Knowlton, Kronenwetter, Norrie, Pike Lake, Plover, Texas, Wausau and Weston and the city of Wausau shall constitute the second assembly district of Marathon county.

Milwaukee County: 1. The First, Third and Seventh wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the first assembly district of Milwaukee county. 2. The Second and Fourth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the second assembly district of Milwaukee county. 3. The towns of Franklin, Oak Creek and Lake and the villages of Cudahy and South Milwaukee and the Seventeenth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the third assembly district of Milwaukee county. 4. The Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the fourth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 5. The Fifth and Twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the fifth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 6. The Sixth and Eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the sixth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 7. The towns of Greenfield and Wauwatosa and the village of Wauwatosa shall constitute the seventh assembly district of Milwaukee county. 8. The Eighth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the eighth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 9. The Ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the ninth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 10. The Tenth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the tenth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 11. The Eleventh ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the eleventh assembly district of Milwaukee county. 12. The Nineteenth and Twentieth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the twelfth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 13. The Thirteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the thirteenth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 14. The Fourteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the fourteenth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 15. The towns of Granville, Milwaukee and the village of Whitefish Bay and the Twenty-first ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the fifteenth assembly district of Milwaukee county.

Outagamie County: 1. The towns of Center, Dale, Ellington, Grand Chute, Greenville and the city of Appleton shall constitute the first assembly district of Outagamie county. 2. The towns of Black Creek, Bovina, Buchanan, Cicero, Deer Creek, Freedom, Hortonla, Kaukauna, Liberty, Maine, Maple Creek, Osborn, Seymour, and the village of Hortonville, and the cities of Kaukauna and Seymour, and the Third ward of the city of New London shall constitute the second assembly district of Outagamie county.

Portage County: 1. The towns of Carson, Eau Claire, Hull, Sharon, and the city of Stevens Point shall constitute the first assembly district of Portage county. 2. The towns of Alban, Almond, Amherst, Belmont, Buena Vista, Grant, Lanark, Linwood, New Hope, Pine Grove, Plover, Stevens Point and Stockton shall constitute the second assembly district of Portage county.

Racine County: 1. The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Racine shall constitute the first assembly district of Racine county. 2. The towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond, Rochester, Waterford, Yorkville, Union Grove, and the Seventh ward of the city of Racine shall constitute the second assembly district of Racine county.

Rock County: 1. The towns of Janesville, La Prairie and Rock, and the city of Janesville shall constitute the first assembly district of Rock county. 2. The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Johnstown, Lima, Magnolia, Milton, Porter and Union, and the village of Evansville, and the city of Edgerton

shall constitute the second assembly district of Rock county. 3. The towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth, Spring Valley, Turtle and the village of Clinton and the city of Beloit shall constitute the third assembly district of Rock county.

Sauk County. 1. The towns of Baraboo, Delton, Dellona, Excelsior, Fairfield, Freedom, Greenfield, Merrimac, Prairie du Sac, Sumpter, and the villages of Ableman, North Freedom, Prairie du Sac and Sauk City, and the city of Baraboo shall constitute the first assembly district of Sauk county. 2. The towns of Bear Creek, Franklin, Honey Creek, Ironton, La Valle, Reedsburg, Spring Green, Troy, Washington, Westfield, Winfield, Woodland, and the village of La Valle and the city of Reedsburg shall constitute the second assembly district of Sauk county.

Sheboygan County: 1. The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Eighth wards of the city of Sheboygan shall constitute the first assembly district of Sheboygan county. 2. The towns of Holland, Herman, Mosel, Sheboygan, Sheboygan Falls and Wilson, and the village of Sheboygan Falls, and the Sixth and Seventh wards of the city of Sheboygan shall constitute the second assembly district of Sheboygan county. 3. The towns of Greenbush, Lima, Lyndon, Mitchell, Plymouth, Rhine, Russell, Scott and Sherman, and the village of Elkhart Lake, and the city of Plymouth shall constitute the third assembly district of Sheboygan county.

Walworth County: 1. The towns of East Troy, Lafayette, La Grange, Lyons, Spring Prairie, Sugar Creek, Troy and Whitewater, and the village of Elkhorn and the city of Whitewater shall constitute the first assembly district of Walworth county. 2. The towns of Bloomfield, Darien, Delavan, Geneva, Linn, Richmond, Sharon, Walworth, and the city of Lake Geneva shall constitute the second assembly district of Walworth county.

Waukesha County: 1. The towns of Brookfield, Eagle, Mukwonago, Muskego, New Berlin, Ottawa, Vernon, Waukesha and the city of Waukesha shall constitute the first assembly district of Waukesha county. 2. The towns of Delafield, Genesee, Lisbon, Menomonee, Merton, Oconomowoc, Pewaukee, Summit and the city of Oconomowoc shall constitute the second assembly district of Waukesha county.

Waupaca County: 1. The towns of Caledonia, Dayton, Farmington, Fremont, Lind, Little Wolf, Royalton, Scandinavia, St. Lawrence, Waupaca, Weyauwega and the villages of Fremont, Scandinavia and Weyauwega and the city of Waupaca shall constitute the first assembly district of Waupaca county. 2. The towns of Bear Creek, Dupont, Harrison, Helvetia, Iola, Larrabee, Lebanon, Matteson, Mukwa, Union and Wyoming and the city of Clintonville and the First, Second, Fourth and Fifth wards of the city of New London shall constitute the second assembly district of Waupaca county.

Winnebago County: 1. The town of Oshkosh, and the First, Second, Fourth, Fifth, Seventh, Eighth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth wards of the city of Oshkosh shall constitute the first assembly district of Winnebago county. 2. The towns of Clayton, Menasha, Neenah, Vinland, Winchester, Winneconne and Wolf River, and the village of Winneconne, and the cities of Menasha and Neenah shall constitute the second assembly district of Winnebago county. 3. The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Nepeuskun, Omro, Poygan, Rushford and Utica, and the Third, Sixth, Ninth and Thirteenth wards of the city of Oshkosh shall constitute the third assembly district of Winnebago county.

SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

(Chapter 1—Special session Wisconsin Legislature, 1896.)

Section 2. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the senatorial districts of this state shall be constituted as follows:

1. The counties of Door, Kewaunee and Marinette shall constitute the first senatorial district.

2. The counties of Brown and Oconto shall constitute the second senatorial district.

3. The counties of Kenosha and Racine shall constitute the third senatorial district.

4. The Sixth, Thirteenth, Eighteenth and Twenty-first wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the village of Whitefish Bay, and the towns of Granville and Milwaukee shall constitute the fourth senatorial district.

5. The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Seventh, Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the fifth senatorial district.

6. The Ninth, Tenth, Nineteenth and Twentieth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the sixth senatorial district.

7. The Fourteenth and Seventeenth wards of the city of Milwaukee and the villages of Cudahy, South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin, Greenfield and Wauwatosa shall constitute the seventh senatorial district.

8. The Fifth, Eighth, Eleventh and Twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the eighth senatorial district.

9. The counties of Adams, Marquette, Waushara and Wood shall constitute the ninth senatorial district.

10. The counties of Pierce and St. Croix shall constitute the tenth senatorial district.

11. The counties of Burnett, Douglas and Polk shall constitute the eleventh senatorial district.

12. The counties of Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Iron, Sawyer and Washburn shall constitute the twelfth senatorial district.

13. The county of Dodge shall constitute the thirteenth senatorial district.

14. The counties of Outagamie and Shawano shall constitute the fourteenth senatorial district.

15. The counties of Calumet and Manitowoc shall constitute the fifteenth senatorial district.

16. The counties of Grant and Iowa shall constitute the sixteenth senatorial district.

17. The counties of Green and Lafayette, and the towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth, Spring Valley, Turtle, and the village of Clinton and the city of Beloit, in the county of Rock, shall constitute the seventeenth senatorial district.

18. The counties of Fond du Lac and Green Lake shall constitute the eighteenth senatorial district.

19. The county of Winnebago shall constitute the nineteenth senatorial district.

20. The counties of Ozaukee and Sheboygan shall constitute the twentieth senatorial district.

21. The counties of Portage and Waupaca shall constitute the twenty-first senatorial district.

22. The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Janesville, Johnstown, Lima, La Prairie, Magnolia, Milton, Porter, Rock and Union, and the village of Evansville, and the cities of Edgerton and Janesville, in the county of Rock, and the towns of Aztalan, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Milford, Oakland, Summer and Waterloo and the villages of Lake Mills and Waterloo, and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute the twenty-second senatorial district.

23. The county of Walworth and the towns of Cold Springs, Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, and the village of

Palmyra, and the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Watertown, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute the twenty-third senatorial district.

24. The counties of Buffalo, Eau Claire and Pepin shall constitute the twenty-fourth senatorial district.

25. The counties of Clark and Marathon shall constitute the twenty-fifth senatorial district.

26. The county of Dane shall constitute the twenty-sixth senatorial district.

27. The counties of Columbia and Sauk shall constitute the twenty-seventh senatorial district.

28. The counties of Crawford, Richland and Vernon shall constitute the twenty-eighth senatorial district.

29. The counties of Chippewa and Dunn shall constitute the twenty-ninth senatorial district.

30. The counties of Florence, Forest, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida, Price, Taylor and Vilas shall constitute the thirtieth senatorial district.

31. The counties of Jackson, Juneau and Monroe shall constitute the thirty-first senatorial district.

32. The counties of La Crosse and Trempealeau shall constitute the thirty-second senatorial district.

33. The counties of Washington and Waukesha shall constitute the thirty-third senatorial district.

Section 3. Every incorporated village, whether mentioned in this act or not, that is not entirely separate from any town for the purposes of assessment and taxation, shall be considered as a portion of the town which it forms a part. Every incorporated village that is entirely separate from any town, and any town or ward that may have been omitted in this act, shall join two assembly districts in which it is situated, if it shall be entirely surrounded by territory forming such district, and also be a part of the same senatorial district as such assembly district. If, however, any such incorporated village, town or ward that may have been omitted in this act, shall join two assembly districts in the same county, it shall form a part of the assembly district which it may adjoin having the smallest population, and also be a part of the senatorial district of which such assembly district forms a part.

Section 4. This act shall be published in the official state paper and be in force from and after its passage and publication, and no other publication shall be required. Such act shall also be included in the volume of laws that may be passed by the legislature at its session in 1897 and no other publication in a volume shall be required. The journals of the proceedings of the senate and assembly of the present session of the legislature shall also be included in the printed volumes of the legislature of 1897 and no printing of such proceedings in a separate volume shall be required.

Approved February 28, 1896.

PART VIII.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

MEMBERS OF THE FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

SENATORS.

JOHN LENDRUM MITCHELL, of Milwaukee, was born in Milwaukee, Wis., October 19, 1842; acquired the rudiments of an education in the Milwaukee public schools, followed by a course in a military school in Hampton, Conn.; he was then sent abroad and studied in Dresden, Munich, and Genoa; upon the breaking out of the rebellion he returned home, and at the age of 19 entered the military service as second lieutenant of Company I, Twenty-fourth Wisconsin Volunteers; promoted to be first lieutenant January 17, 1863, and transferred to Company E, same regiment; in June, 1863, was detailed for service on brigade staff of General Rousseau; participated in the battles and engagements of his regiment, including Perryville, Murfreesboro, Hoovers Gap, and the campaigns about Chattanooga; threatened with loss of eyesight and on surgeon's certificate of disability he resigned his commission, which was accepted; was a member of the State senate of Wisconsin in 1872-73 and 1876-77; president of the Milwaukee school board 1884-85; president of the Wisconsin State Agricultural Society, and president of the Northwestern Trotting-Horse Breeders' Association; in 1886, by joint resolution of Congress, he was appointed a member of the Board of Managers of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, reappointed in 1892, and elected second vice-president of the Board in 1895; was a member of the National Democratic Committee for four years, and in 1892 was chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee; is vice-president of the Wisconsin Marine and Fire Insurance Company Bank, and of the Northwestern National Insurance Company; was elected to the fifty-second congress from the Milwaukee district in 1890, and re-elected in 1892, receiving 19,616 votes, against 18,294 for Theobald Otjen, republican; 829 for Theodore Fritz, people's party; 349 for E. L. Eaton, prohibitionist. He was elected as a democrat, to succeed Philetus Sawyer in the United States senate, receiving 77 votes in joint legislative convention, against 46 for John C. Spooner, republican, and 1 for Gen. Edward S. Bragg. His term of office will expire March 4, 1899.

JOHN C. SPOONER (Rep.), of Madison, was born January 6, 1843, in Lawrenceburgh, Dearborn county, Indiana; was educated at the University of Wisconsin, from which institution he graduated in 1864; came to Wisconsin June 1, 1859, and settled at Madison; removed from Madison to Hudson, Wis., in September, 1870, where he resided until 1893, when he returned to Madison, where he has since resided; is by profession a lawyer; he entered the war as a private in Co. D, 40th Wis. Inf. Vols.; was Captain of Co. A, 50th Wis. Inf. Vols., and at the close of service was brevetted major; was private and military secretary to Gov. Lucius Fairchild for a time and was assistant attorney general under Attorney Generals Charles R. Gill and S. S. Barlow; was member of legislature from St. Croix county in 1872; he was elected January 28, 1885, to succeed Hon. Angus Cameron as United States senator, serving from March 4, 1885, to March 4, 1891; was nominated by the republicans for governor of Wisconsin in 1892, but was defeated; he was nominated and elected United States senator January 27, 1897, to succeed Hon. W. F. Vilas, receiving every republican vote in both houses.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Kenosha, Racine, Walworth, Rock, Green and Lafayette counties. Population in 1895—181,142.

HENRY ALLEN COOPER (Rep.), of Racine, Wis., was born in Walworth county, Wisconsin; received a common school and collegiate education, graduating at the Northwestern University in 1873, and from the Union College of Law in 1875; is by profession a lawyer; resided in Chicago from 1873 to 1879; otherwise has always resided in Wisconsin; began practice in Burlington, Racine county, in 1879; in 1880 was elected district attorney; re-elected without opposition in 1882 and 1884; delegate to National republican convention in 1884; state senator in 1886; was elected member of the Fifty-third Congress in 1892. In 1894 he was elected to the Fifty-fourth Congress, receiving 21,972 votes, against 12,334 for Andrew Kull, democrat; 2,828 for Hamilton Utley, people's; and 1,615 for Alex. S. Kaye, prohibitionist. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 28,235 votes, against 14,723 for Jeremiah L. Mahoney, democrat, and 1,084 for George W. White, prohibitionist.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Jefferson, Dodge, Dane and Columbia counties. Population in 1895—180,705.

EDWARD SAUERHERING (Rep.), of Mayville, Dodge county, was born at Mayville, June 24, 1864. He was educated in the Mayville public schools and high school and graduated from the Chicago College of Pharmacy in 1885. His occupation is that of a pharmacist. He was nominated for the assembly from the first district of Dodge county in 1892, but was defeated by the democratic candidate, and was elected to congress in 1894. He ran 130 votes ahead of his ticket in the district, receiving 18,197 votes, against 17,932 for Charles Barwig, democrat, 1,433 for John Sutton, prohibition, and 455 for B. W. Hewitt, populist. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 24,011 votes, against 17,480 for William H. Rogers, democrat, and 1,025 for Jesse Meyers, prohibitionist.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Grant, Iowa, Crawford, Richland, Sauk, Vernon, Juneau and Adams counties. Population in 1895—184,881.

JOSEPH WEEKS BABCOCK, of Necedah, was born in Swanton, Vt., March 6, 1850; removed with his parents to Iowa in 1856; was educated at Mount Vernon and Cedar Falls; removed from Iowa in 1881, and settled at Necedah, where he has since resided, being engaged in the manufacture of lumber; was elected to the Wisconsin Assembly in 1888, and served as chairman of the Committee on Incorporations, and was re-elected in 1890; was elected chairman of the National Republican Congressional Committee in 1894, and re-elected in 1896; was elected to the Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth Congresses, and re-elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress as a republican, receiving 26,691 votes, against 15,168 votes for A. J. Davis, fusion democrat.



D. T. Barney



Theo. Wilgen



F. A. C. R.



E. Sauerhering



John J. Jenkins



Alex Stewart



Joseph L. Hammer



M. G. R.



James H. Davidson



Edward S. Minor

HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE

WISCONSIN REPRESENTATIVES, 55th CONGRESS.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, eleventh, twelfth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth and nineteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee (all the city except the tenth, thirteenth, twentieth and twenty-first wards) and the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake and Oak Creek in Milwaukee county. Population in 1895—212,407.

THEOBALD OTJEN (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born October 27, 1851, at West China, Michigan. He was educated at an academy at Marine City, Michigan, and at a private school in Detroit. He graduated from the Michigan University law department in 1875. He resided at Milwaukee from 1870 to 1872, and has resided there continuously since 1882. He was yard foreman of the rolling mills during the former period, and since 1875 has been an attorney at law. He was the village attorney of Bay View, Wisconsin, from 1883 to 1886, alderman of Milwaukee and member of the Milwaukee public library and museum board from April, 1887, to April, 1894. He was defeated for congress in 1892 and 1893, and for comptroller of the city of Milwaukee in 1890; but in every case running largely ahead of his ticket. He was elected to the house of representatives in 1894, receiving 17,997 votes against 12,375 for David S. Rose, democrat, and 7,110 for Henry Smith, populist. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress receiving 25,896 votes, against 21,429 for Robert Schilling, democrat, and 433 for Robert May, prohibitionist.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Sheboygan, Ozaukee, Washington and Waukesha counties, and the tenth, thirteenth, twentieth and twenty-first wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Granville, Milwaukee and Wauwatosa in Milwaukee county. Population in 1895—201,095.

SAMUEL S. BARNEY (Rep.), of West Bend, Washington county, was born January 31, 1846, at Hartford, Wisconsin. He received his education in the public schools and at Lombard University at Galesburg, Ill. He taught at Hartford from 1869 to 1872, when he commenced the study of law with the late attorney general, L. F. Frisby, and was admitted to practice in 1872. He has ever since practiced law at West Bend, and is now senior member of the firm of Barney & Kuechenmeister. He edited the Washington County Republican, now the Hartford Press, at West Bend, in 1872 and 1873; was superintendent of schools of Washington county for four years, beginning January 1, 1876, and was an unsuccessful candidate for congress against General Bragg in the old fifth district in 1884. He was elected to the house of representatives in 1894, receiving 18,681 votes, against Henry Blank, democrat, who received 13,057, and Fred C. Runge, populist, who received 3,794. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 26,613 votes, against 16,492 for George W. Winaus, democrat, and 557 for Henry Mensing, socialistic labor candidate.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Waushara, Marquette, Green Lake, Fond du Lac, Winnebago, Calumet and Manitowoc counties. Population in 1895—205,106.

JAMES H. DAVIDSON (Rep.) was born June 18, 1858, in Colchester, Delaware county, New York; received a common school education in the public schools and at Walton Academy, Walton, New York; was a teacher in the public schools of Delaware and Sullivan counties, New York, for several years, and for one year was engaged at the same occupation at Princeton, Green Lake county, Wisconsin; began the study of law at Walton, New York, in the office of Fancher & Sewell, and graduated from the Albany Law School as president of the class in 1884. Subsequently removed to Green Lake county, Wisconsin, and commenced

the practice of law in that county in 1887; was elected district attorney of Green Lake county in 1888, and in 1890 was chosen chairman of the republican congressional committee for the sixth district of Wisconsin, and continued in that position until he was nominated for congress on the 20th of August, 1896. On January 1, 1892, he removed to Oshkosh, Wisconsin, and became a member of the law firm of Thompson, Harshaw & Davidson, which partnership continued for three years, when he withdrew and continued the practice alone. In May, 1895, he was appointed city attorney of that city for a term of two years; was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress as a republican, receiving 26,649 votes, against 18,944 for William F. Gruenewald, democrat, and 626 for James S. Thompson, prohibitionist.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Buffalo, Eau Claire, Jackson, La Crosse, Monroe, Pepin and Trempealeau counties. Population in 1895—166,315.

MICHAEL GRIFFIN (Rep.), of Eau Claire, was born September 9, 1842, in county Clare, Ireland, and went to Canada in 1847, and to Ohio in 1851; coming to Wisconsin in 1856. He received his education in the common schools of Ohio and Wisconsin. He first resided in Sauk county until 1863, and then removed to Kilbourn City, where he resided until 1876, removing that year to Eau Claire, where he has since lived. He enlisted as a private September 11, 1861, in Company E, Twelfth regiment, Wisconsin volunteers, and served until the close of the war, being promoted successively to the grade of second and first lieutenant. He served at the siege of Vicksburg, on the Meridian campaign and in the Atlanta campaign, and marched to the sea and north through the Carolinas with Sherman. Was wounded at Atlanta, July 21, 1864, and mustered out July 16, 1865. He was town clerk of Newport, Columbia county, for three years, a member of the county board of Columbia county in 1874 and 1875, member of the assembly in 1876, city attorney of Eau Claire in 1878, 1879 and 1880, state senator in 1880 and 1881, and department commander of the G. A. R. in 1887-1888. Served as quartermaster-general of the state, with rank of brigadier-general in 1889 and 1890. He has been an attorney at law since May 19, 1868. He was elected in 1894 to the Fifty-third Congress to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. George B. Shaw, and at the same election to the Fifty-fourth Congress, in which he served on the Committee on Military Affairs. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 24,073 votes, against 11,718 for Caleb M. Hilliard, democrat, and 791 for James H. Moseley, prohibitionist.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Wood, Portage, Waupaca, Outagamie, Brown, Kewaunee and Door counties. Population in 1895—205,589.

EDWARD S. MINOR (Rep.), of Sturgeon Bay, was born in Jefferson county, New York, in 1840. He came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1845, first settling in the town of Greenfield, Milwaukee county. He subsequently lived in the city of Milwaukee two years. He, with his parents, then settled on a farm in Sheboygan county. In 1857 he removed to Door county. He received his education in the common schools and at a private academy. In 1861 he enlisted as a private soldier in Company G, 2d Wisconsin volunteer cavalry, participating in all the raids, expeditions, engagements and battles in which the regiment took part during the war. He was promoted to corporal-sergeant, second and first lieutenant, and as such was mustered out with his regiment, December, 1865. After his return home from the army he became a merchant in Door county. He continued in this business till the spring of 1884, at which time he was appointed superintendent of the Sturgeon Bay and Lake Michigan Ship Canal, which position he held for seven years. He is the owner of some marine property, and is a licensed master of steam vessels. In connection with a large stone quarry

he owns and operates a steam tug and two scows. Mr. Minor was elected to the Wisconsin assembly in 1878, and was re-elected in 1880 and 1881. He was elected to the state senate in 1883 and 1885, and was president pro tempore of that body during the latter term. He was also a member of the Wisconsin fish commission for four years. He has held numerous local offices at various times and was mayor of the city of Sturgeon Bay in 1895. He was elected to the Fifty-fourth Congress, receiving 19,302 votes, against 15,522 for Lyman E. Barnes, democrat; 330 for A. J. Larrabee, people's party, and 949 for John Faville, prohibition. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 26,471 votes, against 16,845 for George W. Cate, democrat, and 580 for John W. Evans, prohibitionist.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Clark, Taylor, Price, Ashland, Oneida, Lincoln, Marathon, Shawano, Langlade, Forest, Florence, Marinette and Oconto counties. Population in 1895—205,313.

ALEXANDER STEWART (Rep.) was born September 12, 1829, in York county, Province of New Brunswick, and received a common school education at that place. In 1849 he removed to what is now Marathon county, and settled where the city of Wausau is now located, engaging in the lumber business, which occupation he has ever since followed. Aside from his selection as a delegate from his district to the National republican convention at Chicago in 1884, he has neither aspired to nor held public office of any description. He was elected to the Fifty-fourth Congress in 1894, receiving 22,741 votes, against 14,910 for Thomas Lynch, democrat; 2,187 for John F. Miles, people's, and 785 for John J. Sherman, prohibitionist. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 30,438 votes, against 17,705 for William W. O'Keefe, democrat.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Sawyer, Washburn, Polk, Barron, Chippewa, St. Croix, Dunn and Pierce counties. Population in 1895—195,362.

JOHN J. JENKINS (Rep.), of Chippewa Falls, was born at Weymouth, England, August 20, 1843; received a common school education, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1852; resided at Baraboo until 1870, when he removed to Chippewa Falls, where he has ever since resided, practicing his profession as a lawyer; served during the civil war as a member of Co. A, 6th Wis. Inf.; was clerk of the Sauk county circuit court from 1867 to 1870, when he resigned; was a member of the assembly in 1872, county judge of Chippewa county from 1872 to 1876, has been city attorney of Chippewa Falls for five terms; was appointed United States attorney of the territory of Wyoming by President Grant in 1876; was elected to the house of representatives of the Fifty-fourth Congress in 1894, receiving 19,836 votes against 9,054 for E. C. Kennedy, democrat; 1,531 for John Holt, prohibition, and 3,855 for William Monroe, populist. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 23,149 votes, against 14,823 for Frederick H. Remington, democrat. Scattering 26.

STATE OFFICERS.

Terms of office expire first Monday of January, 1899.

GOVERNOR.

EDWARD SCOFIELD (Rep.), of Oconto, was born in Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, March 28, 1842; received a common school education and is by occupation a lumberman; came to Wisconsin in 1868, and settled at Oconto; enlisted in Co. K, 11th Pa. Reserves, June 7, 1861; he was successfully promoted to corporal and sergeant, and April 15, 1863, to 1st Lieutenant; after the battle of South Mountain he was commissioned captain; he participated in all the battles and marches of his regiment up to the battle of the Wilderness, May 5, 1864, where he was taken prisoner; he was reported dead and his friends mourned him, and thus he was permitted to read his own obituary; he was a prisoner ten months, during which time he was incarcerated in twelve different southern prisons; he was released at Wilmington, N. C., March 1, 1865; March 13, 1865, he was brevetted major. Since the war he has been engaged with the Engineer corps of the A. & G. W. R. R., and is now a member of the Scofield & Arnold Lumber Co. He was elected state senator for the First Senate district in 1886 for four years, receiving 6,177 votes, against 5,919 votes for Amos Holgate, democrat; was chairman of the committee on engrossed bills in the 38th session; he was elected governor in 1896, receiving 264,981 votes (the largest number ever cast for a candidate for governor in Wisconsin), against 169,257 votes for Willis C. Silverthorn, democrat; 8,140 votes for Joshua H. Berkey, prohibitionist; 1,306 votes for Christ Tutthrop, socialistic labor, and 407 votes for Robert Henderson, nationalist. Scattering, 16.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

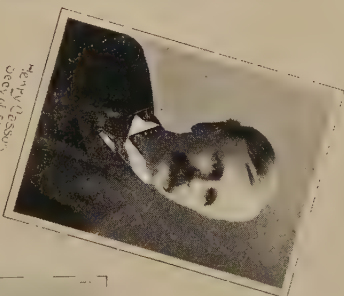
EMIL BAENSCH (Rep.), of Manitowoc, was born June 12, 1857, at Manitowoc, and received his education in the private and public schools of that city, and at the State University. Prior to attending the university he was a clerk in a general store; but was admitted to the bar in 1882, and has ever since been practicing law at Manitowoc. He founded the Lake Shore Times, a republican newspaper at Manitowoc, in 1881, and was its editor until 1883. He is an occasional contributor to the Central Law Journal and Masonic Tidings, and has delivered addresses before the National Guard Association and the German Press-Verein. He was justice of the peace from 1882 to 1884; city clerk from 1885 to 1888; county judge from 1888 to 1894. He was captain of the "Rankin Guards" from 1882 to 1888, and is president of the Manitowoc Building & Loan Association and of the Humane Society. He was nominated for congress from the Sixth district, in 1892, reducing his opponent's plurality 1,800 below that of Cleveland in the district. He was elected Lieutenant governor in 1894, receiving 198,181 votes, against 136,928 for A. J. Schmitz, democrat; 24,676 for Frank Smock, populist, and 11,455 for O. B. Oleson, prohibition, giving him the highest plurality on the ticket. Was re-elected in 1896, receiving 265,704 votes, against 167,640 votes for Horatio H. Hoard, democrat; 8,840 votes for Ephraim L. Eaton, prohibitionist; 1,299 votes for Henry Reese, socialistic labor.



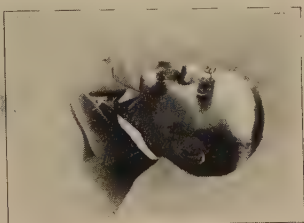
Emil G. Beyer
Commissioner of Insurance



Edward Scofield
Governor



Henry C. Lester
Secretary of State



Wm. A. Fricke
Insurance Commissioner



Joseph J. Melka
Registrar of the State



Samuel B. Johnson
State Treasurer



Wm. H. Myra
Attorney General



John Q. Leary
Chief Superintendent of the State

WISCONSIN STATE OFFICERS.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

HENRY CASSON (Rep.), of Viroqua, Vernon county, was born December 13, 1843, at Brownsville, Fayette county, Pa., and received a common school education. He came to Wisconsin in 1873, making his home at Viroqua, where he has ever since resided. He is a printer and publisher by occupation, and owned and edited the Vernon County Censor, at Viroqua, from 1875 to 1885. He was private secretary to Governor Rusk from 1885 to 1889, to Governor Hoard from 1889 to 1891, to Hon. J. M. Rusk, secretary of agriculture, in 1891 and 1892. He was Chief Clerk of the United States Department of Agriculture from January 1, 1892, to March 8, 1893, and private secretary to Hon. J. W. Babcock from August 1, 1893, to August 1, 1894. He was elected secretary of state in 1894, receiving 197,710 votes, against 137,585 for Thomas J. Cunningham, democrat; 24,452 for M. P. Larrabee, populist, and 10,969 for T. J. Van Maber, prohibition. Re-elected in 1896, receiving 265,832 votes, against 167,590 votes for Cyrus M. Butt, democrat; 8,086 votes for Eugene B. Knowlton, prohibitionist, and 1,323 for Jacob Rummel, socialistic labor.

STATE TREASURER.

SEWELL A. PETERSON (Rep.) was born February 28, 1850, at Soloer, Norway, and came to Wisconsin from the old country in 1864. He received his education in the common schools and at a business college in La Crosse. He resided in Dunn county until 1887, when he removed to Rice Lake, Barron county, where he now resides. In early life he worked on a farm, in the woods, on the drive and at teaching school, but has been engaged in the mercantile business since 1882, and also owns and operates a farm of 240 acres in Dunn county. He was town treasurer of Sand Creek, Dunn county, in 1874 and 1875, register of deeds of Dunn county from January, 1876, to January, 1882, and alderman of Menomonie in 1886 and 1887, city clerk of Rice Lake from 1888 to 1890, city treasurer in 1891, and mayor in 1892 and 1894, and member of assembly of 1893. While he was at Menomonie he was first lieutenant of Company H, Third infantry, Wisconsin national guard. He was elected state treasurer in 1894, receiving 197,742 votes, against John Hunner, democrat, who received 137,775 votes; German Scherzinger, populist, 24,405 votes, and William Johnston, prohibitionist, 11,161 votes. Was re-elected in 1896, receiving 265,808 votes, against 167,626 for Wm. F. Pierstorff, democrat; 8,100 for Lorenzo Crandall, prohibitionist, and 1,330 for John Riedel, socialistic labor.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

WILLIAM H. MYLREA (Rep.) was born at Rochester, New York, January 1, 1853, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1856. He was educated in the common schools and at Lawrence University at Appleton. He resided at Kilbourn City until 1883, when he went to Wausau, where he has since resided, and practiced law. He was district attorney of Marathon county in 1886 and was defeated for re-election in 1888. He was elected attorney general in 1894, receiving 197,709 votes, against 137,483 for James L. O'Connor, democrat; 24,455 for Carl Runge, populist, and 11,214 for Charles W. Lomas, prohibition. He was re-elected in 1896, receiving 265,690 votes, against 167,707 for Henry I. Weed, democrat; 6,755 votes for George C. Jones, nationalist; 1,359 votes for Albert E. Dixon, prohibitionist, and 1,266 votes for Otto R. E. Gundermann, socialist labor candidate.

STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

JOHN Q. EMERY (Rep.), of Albion, Dane county, was born in Ohio, September 15, 1843, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1846. He was edu-

cated at the public schools and at the Albion Academy and Normal Institute, graduating from the latter institution in 1886, with the degree of Ph. B. He received the degree of A. M. (Hon.) from Beloit college in 1883. He has resided at different times in Dane, Jefferson, Wood and Pierce counties, holding various responsible educational positions; among others, was county superintendent of the Dane county east district, county superintendent of Wood county and principal of the union graded school at Grand Rapids, sixteen years principal of the high school at Fort Atkinson, and president of the State Normal school at River Falls. He was president of the Wisconsin Teachers' association in 1874-5, and a member of the state board of examiners for teachers' state certificates from 1886 to 1889. He has had extensive experience as a special conductor of teachers' institutes and been several times appointed official visitor to state normal schools. He owns and operates a farm in the town of Albion, and is, after education, most deeply interested in the progress of agriculture. He was elected state superintendent in 1894, receiving 197,063 votes, against 137,565 for Wm. H. Schultz, democrat; 24,641 for John Uhlrich, populist, and 11,229 for E. L. Eaton, prohibition. He was unanimously re-nominated by acclamation and re-elected state superintendent in 1896, receiving 265,940 votes, the largest number of votes ever given to any candidate for a state office in Wisconsin, against 167,319 votes for Francis Cleary, democrat; 8,064 votes for Wm. L. Morrison, prohibition, and 1,322 votes for Herman Seibt, socialistic labor.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.

DUNCAN J. MCKENZIE (Rep.), of Alma, Buffalo county, was born in Glen-garry county, Ontario, July 4, 1848, and received a common school education in Ontario; came to Wisconsin in 1872, and settled at Chippewa Falls; in 1875 removed to Buffalo county, and has resided there since; is by occupation a miller and lumberman; was trustee of the village of Alma and one of the first aldermen of the city; was supervisor in 1884; was state lumber inspector of the Ninth district in 1878-89; was chairman of the Buffalo county republican committee in 1888 and 1889; was mayor in 1891; was postmaster of Alma in 1892 and resigned before taking his seat in the assembly; was elected member of the assembly in 1892, representing the counties of Buffalo and Pepin. He was elected state railroad commissioner in 1894, receiving 197,299 votes against 137,267 for George C. Prescott, democrat; 24,693 for Nicholas F. Lawler, people's, and 11,239 for John W. Evans, prohibitionist. He was re-elected in 1896, receiving 265,672 votes, against 167,648 votes for C. F. Kalk, democrat; 8,121 votes for Ole A. Christensen, prohibitionist, and 1,330 votes for August Greifenhagen, socialist labor candidate.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

WILLIAM A. FRICKE, of Milwaukee, was born in New York city, May 13, 1857; came to Wisconsin with his parents the same year, and has resided in Milwaukee ever since. After passing through public schools and high school, studied medicine and dentistry. He has been prominently identified with insurance organizations—never held public office—is the secretary of the republican county and city committee of Milwaukee. Was nominated for commissioner of insurance by the republican state convention in 1894 by acclamation, and was elected, receiving 197,343 votes, against 136,523 for O. R. Skaar, democrat; 24,616 for Henry Stoltze, populist, and 11,241 for Thomas Edwards, prohibitionist. He was re-elected in 1896, receiving 265,893 votes, against 167,205 for Frederick W. Thal, democrat; 8,135 for James E. Broadwell, prohibitionist, and 1,324 for Fred Schuster, socialistic labor.

WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

The senate consists of thirty-three members, who hold their office for four years, and receive a compensation of \$500 for each regular session. Senators representing odd numbered districts were elected in 1894, and hold office until January 1, 1899. Those from even numbered districts were elected in 1896, and hold office until January 1, 1901. The population given is from the census of 1895.

The lieutenant-governor is president of the senate, but can vote only in case of a tie, when he has the casting vote therein.

The senate contains 29 republicans and 4 democrats.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Door, Kewaunee and Marinette counties. Population, 1895—61,872.

DEWAYNE STEBBINS (Rep.), of Ahnapee, Kewaunee county, was born at Clinton, Oneida county, N. Y., April 5, 1835, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in the fall of the same year. He received a common school education and graduated at the United States naval academy at Annapolis, served four years during the late war as an officer in the United States navy. He resided in Racine until 1856, when he removed to Ahnapee, where he has ever since made his home. He is cashier of the Bank of Ahnapee, and publisher of the Ahnapee Record. He was a member of the assembly in 1873, has been a member of the Kewaunee county board for 25 years, and is now chairman of that body. He was nominated for the assembly in 1870, but defeated by a narrow majority, and was elected to the state senate in 1894, receiving 6,332 votes, against 4,571 for C. C. Daily, democrat and populist, and 206 for G. A. Jacobson, prohibition.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Brown and Oconto counties. Population, 1895—63,962.

ANDREW CALDWELL MAILER (Rep.), was born April 4, 1853, in DePere, Brown county, and is of Scotch parentage. He was educated in the public and private schools of DePere, Lawrence University at Appleton, Wis., University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, Rush Medical College, Chicago, and Bellevue Hospital Medical College in New York, graduating from Rush Medical College in 1878 and from Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1882. He has lived in DePere except when engaged in teaching school and attending college. Was connected with the drug business about four years before entering the profession of medicine. He has been a member of DePere board of education six years, from 1890 to 1896, and was president of the board two years; was mayor of DePere from 1892 to 1894, and was health officer of the city several terms. He received the unanimous nomination for senator at the second district senatorial convention, 1896, and was elected state senator, receiving 7,600 votes against Benj. A. Godfredson, democrat, who received 5,607 votes, and Edward Caudy, prohibitionist, who received 140 votes.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Racine and Kenosha counties. Population, 1895—58,653.

ERNST G. TIMME (Rep.), of Kenosha, was born at Werden, Prussia, June 21, 1843. He received his education in the public schools and at commercial college. He came to this country in the summer of 1847, taking up his residence in Kenosha county. He is a farmer by occupation, but has been in public life for a large part of the time for many years. He was town clerk and justice of the peace in the town of Wheatland, Kenosha county, from 1865 to 1867; county clerk from 1867 to 1882; secretary of state from 1882 to 1891, and was fifth auditor of the treasury department at Washington from July, 1892, to March, 1893. He enlisted in the First Wisconsin volunteers in July, 1861, and having lost his left arm in the battle of Chickamauga, was honorably discharged in May, 1864. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, receiving 6,381 votes against 4,120 for Adam Apple, democrat; 320 for Rhodes, prohibitionist, and 1,915 for Warsley, populist.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

The Sixth, Thirteenth, Eighteenth and Twenty-first Wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the Village of Whitefish Bay, and the Towns of Granville and Milwaukee. Population, 1895—56,118.

J. HERBERT GREEN (Rep.), was born September 7, 1860, in Fond du Lac, Wis. Was educated in the public schools at Oshkosh; moved from Fond du Lac to Oshkosh in 1861, to Chicago in 1880 and to Milwaukee in 1884; was general salesman in wholesale dry goods house in Chicago from 1880 to 1888. Opened business in Milwaukee as retail dry goods merchant in 1888 and is still engaged in same business there. Was a member of the Milwaukee county republican committee in 1896. He was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 6,262 votes, against Fred C. Fass, democrat-populist, who received 5,358 votes, and Jac. Four, socialistic labor, who received 161 votes.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Seventh, Fifteenth and Sixteenth Wards of the City of Milwaukee. Population, 1895—59,252.

WILLIAM HARVEY AUSTIN (Rep.) was born at Binghamton, N. Y., October 22, 1859; came to Wisconsin in the spring of 1869 and settled at Portage City; moved to Milwaukee in 1871, where he has since resided; was educated in the common schools, studied law with Joshua Stark, and was admitted to the bar in 1879. In 1880 and 1881 he was assistant district attorney for Milwaukee county; was school commissioner in 1889, and was appointed assistant city attorney of the city of Milwaukee in 1890; was city attorney in 1891. In the fall of 1892 he was elected to the assembly upon the republican ticket from the Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards; he was the unanimous choice of his party for speaker during the session of 1893. In the fall of 1894 he was elected senator, receiving 5,697 votes, against 2,993 for William G. Bruce, democrat, and 1,875 votes for Mr. McAuliffe, people's.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

The Ninth, Tenth, Nineteenth and Twentieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee. Population, 1895—59,417.

WILLIAM H. DEVOS (Rep.) was born November 19, 1857, in Milwaukee, and is of Hollandish parentage; he is a graduate of Milwaukee public schools and

Spencerian Business College. He was engaged in the milling business until January, 1895, and since April, 1896, has been in the coal business. He represented the 9th ward of the city of Milwaukee as alderman on the city council from April, 1894, to April, 1896; was defeated for alderman in April, 1896. He was elected to the state senate in November, 1896, receiving 6,821 votes, against Max Hottelett, democrat-populist, who received 4,966 votes, and Chas. Pample, socialistic labor, who received 238 votes.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

The Fourteenth and Seventeenth Wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the Villages of Cudahy, South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa, and the Towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin, Greenfield and Wauwatosa. Population, 1895—57,722.

CHARLES THOMPSON FISHER (Rep.) was born August 11, 1846, at Wauwatosa, Wis.; was educated at a select school in Wauwatosa, and at the Spencerian Commercial College in Milwaukee; is a farmer and stockraiser by occupation, and has always resided in Wisconsin. He was town treasurer of Wauwatosa in 1879-80, and chairman of the town board from 1892 to 1896. He was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 6,780 votes against George Winans, democrat, who received 3,130 votes, and Chester P. Porter, populist, who received 1,425 votes.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

The Fifth, Eighth, Eleventh and Twelfth Wards of the City of Milwaukee. Population, 1895—55,413.

JULIUS EDWARD ROEHR (Rep.) was born March 6, 1860, in Brooklyn, N. Y.; was educated in the public schools of Brooklyn and Milwaukee, and attended the Wisconsin University at Madison from 1879 to 1881, graduating therefrom in June, 1881; came to Wisconsin in May, 1873, settling in Milwaukee, where he has since resided; has practiced law since 1881; was nominated for member of assembly by the republicans of the eighth assembly district in 1892, and was defeated by the Bennett law issue; in the spring of 1892 he was nominated on the republican ticket for judge of the superior court, but was defeated by Judge John C. Ludwig; was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 6,681 votes against 5,600 for Michael Kruszka, the democrat-populist fusion candidate, and 126 for Oswald Schubert, the socialist labor candidate.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Adams, Marquette, Waushara and Wood Counties. Population, 1895—54,727.

CLARENCE E. PEIRCE (Rep.), of Germania, Marquette county, was born December 25, 1850, and was educated in the common schools and at a business college in London, Canada. He was engaged in the mercantile business from 1870 to 1890, and has since been engaged in stock farming and dairying, and is interested in a milling enterprise at Lawrence, Wisconsin. He was elected to the assembly in 1890 and 1892, and to the senate in 1894, receiving 6,716 votes against 4,200 for Isaac L. Aisbacher, democrat.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Pierce and St. Croix Counties. Population, 1895—48,910.

DEMPSTER W. WOODWORTH (Rep.) was born May 25, 1846, in Windham, Portage county, Ohio; was educated in the common schools of Ohio and Hiram

(Ohio) College; came to Wisconsin in September, 1863, and settled at Ellsworth, Pierce county, which has ever since been his home; is a practicing physician and surgeon; was associate editor of the Pierce Co. Herald from 1869 to 1873, and partial owner of the same paper from 1884 to 1894; was an examining surgeon for U. S. pensions from 1872 to 1894. He was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 7,035 votes against 3,997 votes for Mark M. Sanderson, democrat, and 333 votes for Melvin Johnson, prohibitionist.

EVENTH DISTRICT.

Burnett, Douglas and Polk counties. Population, 1895—51,995.

THOMAS B. MILLS (Rep.), of West Superior, Wis., was born at Manchester, in Jackson county, October 12, 1857. Educated at McMYRN's Academy at Racine. He resided in Jackson county until 1890, when he moved to West Superior and engaged in the lumbering and real estate business. He was member of the assembly from 1885 to 1891 and speaker in 1887 and 1889. Elected to the state senate in 1894 in the 11th district, which comprised the counties of Ashland, Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Iron, Sawyer and Washburn, receiving 8,820 votes against 4,417 for David Dobie, democrat, and 1,876 for Hans T. Engoe, prohibitionist and populist.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Iron, Sawyer and Washburn counties. Population, 1895—63,303.

CLARENCE A. LAMOREUX (Rep.) was born September 20, 1860, in Portage county, Wis.; was educated in the common and high schools of Wisconsin; resided in Dodge county from the time he was one year old until he was 20; in Cumberland, Wis., from 1881 to 1884, and since 1884 in Ashland; has been a practicing attorney at law since he was 21 years of age. He published the Cumberland (Wis.) Herald from 1881 to 1884; was postmaster at Cumberland for two years, resigning on account of removal to Ashland. He was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 10,315 votes against 4,966 votes for A. E. Kennedy, democrat.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

The county of Dodge. Population, 1895—47,851.

MICHAEL E. BURKE (Dem.), of Beaver Dam, Dodge county, was born at Beaver Dam on October 15, 1863. He prepared for college in the public schools, graduated at Wayland University, Beaver Dam, in 1884, and attended the State University law school in 1886 and 1887, was admitted to the bar in 1888, and has ever since practiced law at Beaver Dam. He was town clerk of the town of Beaver Dam in 1888 and 1889, assemblyman from the Beaver Dam district in 1891 and 1893, and city attorney of Beaver Dam in 1893, 1894, 1895 and 1896. While in the assembly, he was member of the committees on Claims and on Retrenchment in 1891, and chairman of the committee on Expenditures, and a member of the committee on Retrenchment and chairman of the Judiciary committee in 1893. He was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 4,945 votes, against 4,240 for C. A. Pettibone, republican, and 170 for Charles S. Williams, populist.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

Outagamie and Shawano counties. Population, 1895—66,977.

A. B. WHITMAN (Rep.) was born April 1, 1854, in Turner, Maine; was educated in the common schools at Hortonville, Wis.; afterwards attended Law-

rence University, from which he graduated in 1875; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1857, first settling at Algoma, now part of the city of Oshkosh; afterwards moved to Hortonville, Outagamie county, where he worked in a saw mill and in the lumber woods, attending school part of the time; resided at Oshkosh (then called Algoma) from 1857 to 1859; at Hortonville from 1859 to 1870; went to Appleton in 1870, where he took a course at Lawrence University; taught school in Sturgeon Bay and northern Wisconsin eight years; studied law while teaching school and was admitted to the bar in 1882; settled in Appleton and practices law and deals in real estate; was city superintendent of schools in Appleton from 1882 to 1889, district attorney of Outagamie county from 1889 to 1891; city attorney of Appleton in 1894, 1895 and 1896; organized the Appleton Advancement Association, an organization to legitimately develop Appleton and Fox River Valley industries, and as secretary of this association, has helped start many industries at Appleton. He was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 8,427 votes, against 5,733 votes for Dr. H. R. McComb, democrat and populist; 196 votes for J. B. Sanborn, prohibitionist, and 52 votes for B. M. Gurnee, nationalist.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

Calumet and Manitowoc counties. Population, 1895—58,546.

JOHN E. McMULLEN (Dem.) was born October 7, 1843, in Kingston, Canada; was educated in University of Wisconsin; also took the law course in Michigan University. Came to Wisconsin October 15, 1855; has lived in Manitowoc and Calumet counties; has been an attorney at law since 1868; held the office of district attorney of Calumet county from 1868 to 1878; was mayor of Chilton in 1881. He served as a private in Co. D, 40th Regt. Wis. Vol. Inf. during its existence. Was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 4,854 votes, against 3,940 votes for Fred Schwalbe, republican, and 344 votes for Walter Witman, populist.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

Grant and Iowa counties. Population, 1895—61,819.

CHARLES HENRY BAXTER (Rep.), of Lancaster, Grant county, was born in Stillwater, Saratoga county, New York, November 15, 1841, and was educated in the public schools in New York and Wisconsin; came to Wisconsin in 1857 and settled on a farm near Lancaster; enlisted as private in Company C, 25th Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, in August, 1862; was with that regiment until after the fall of Vicksburg; was also private in Company A, 41st Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, and afterward captain Company K, 47th Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry; was appointed chief of ordnance, district of Middle Tennessee, by Gen. Geo. H. Thomas, and attached to the staff of Gen. Van Cleve and Gen. Milroy; was mayor of the city of Lancaster; member of the council; member of county board of supervisors; member republican state central committee eight years; chairman of the county central committee twenty years; president Southwestern Wisconsin Veterans' Association ten years; delegate at large to the G. A. R. encampment in California in 1885; also in Boston, Mass., in 1890; was the republican candidate for the assembly in 1886; was elected to the state senate in 1892, receiving 5,972 votes, against 5,211 for Jacob Bremer, democrat, and three scattering; was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 8,440 votes, against Morton Eastman, democrat, who received 5,727 votes.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

Green and Lafayette counties, and the towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth, Spring Valley, Turtle, and the village of Clinton, and the city of Beloit, in the county of Rock. Population, 1895—61,000.

HENRY CLAY PUTNAM (Rep.), of Brodhead, was born at Newark, Ohio, in 1847; came to Wisconsin in 1849. His first home was in Decatur, Green county; has resided in that township ever since. Received a common school education; enlisted at the age of sixteen years in Company B, 1st Wisconsin Cavalry, serving in the ranks; was in the campaign against Longstreet in East Tennessee; engaged in the battles of Mossy Creek and Dandridge, in all the battles during Sherman's Atlanta campaign up to July 1, 1864; was on detached service with the troops that drove Wheeler and Forest from Tennessee in 1864; was engaged with his regiment in the last raid of the war—"Wilson's raid"—from Tennessee river to Macon, Georgia, participating in the engagements at Montgomery, Selma, Columbus and West Point, Georgia, which last place was captured and many prisoners taken. Returning home, was a commercial traveler for nine years; from 1880 to 1896 was in lumber business and farming. Is now president of the Green County Bank of Brodhead. Was president of the village of Brodhead in 1883-4; was elected to the assembly in 1890 from the district composed of the south half of Green county, and re-elected in 1892 from the new district, embracing the county. He was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 7,129 votes, against 3,214 for Edward Drotning, democrat; 741 for F. R. Derrick, prohibitionist, and 526 for E. P. Hassinger, populist.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

Fond du Lac and Green Lake counties. Population, 1895—63,375.

LYMAN WELLINGTON THAYER (Rep.) was born October 30, 1854, at Wausau, Wss.; was educated in Wausau common schools and Jones' Commercial College at St. Louis, Mo. Lived at Wausau until 1886 when he removed to Ripon, where he has since resided. Was engaged in lumbering at Wausau until 1886, and has since been engaged in stockraising. Has been repeatedly elected chairman of the town of Ripon since 1890; was chairman of county board of supervisors of Fond du Lac county in 1895; was elected to the assembly in 1892 and to the state senate in 1894 to fill the unexpired term of Hon. S. M. Smead, resigned. Was made chairman of the joint committee on apportionment, and also chairman of the joint special committee on apportionment at the special session of the legislature in February, 1896; was re-elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 8,229 votes against 6,617 votes for Benj. F. Sweet, fusion democrat. He was elected president pro tempore of the senate in 1897.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

The county of Winnebago. Population, 1895—57,627.

CHARLES W. DAVIS (Rep.), of Oshkosh, was born in Castleton, Vt., on January 5, 1827. He was educated in the common schools of Warren county, N. Y., with one term in Chester academy. He came west in 1857, settling in Oshkosh in 1860, where he has ever since resided. During his residence in Oshkosh he has been engaged in various manufacturing and lumbering enterprises, and is now president of the German-American bank at Oshkosh, and is a member of the firm of Davis, Hansen & Co., iron pump manufacturers. He is also interested in a lumber business in South Dakota. Mr. Davis served several terms as an alderman during the "sixties," and was elected mayor in 1868, taking a conspicuous part as such in the government improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers. For six years he has been a member of the county board, and was

chairman of the board from 1889 to June, 1895, having been repeatedly chosen to that office when the board was democratic. He was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 6,591 votes, against 3,721 for Lucas M. Miller, democrat; 371 for Wesley Mott, prohibition, and 878 for Jens P. Jasperson, populist.

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

Ozaukee and Sheboygan counties. Population, 1895—64,941.

FRED A. DENNETT (Rep.) was born May 19, 1849, in Greenville, Pisquiquis Co., Maine; came to Wisconsin with parents at age of two years, and settled three miles north of Sheboygan at Pigeon river; moved thence to Sheboygan, where he lived two years, and thence to Sheboygan Falls where he lived until 21 years of age; was educated in the common schools at Sheboygan Falls, Wis., and Bryant, Stratton & Spencer's Commercial College, Milwaukee. He went to Beloit in the employ of Proctor & Stone, reaper manufacturers, and was afterward secretary of that company. Was subsequently engaged in manufacturing binders and mowers in Milwaukee; was for two years general eastern agent for Wm. Deering & Co., of Philadelphia; returned to Sheboygan in 1886 to engage in the manufacture of furniture, where he has since resided. He established the Wisconsin Chair Co. at Port Washington in 1888, which at present employs 400 hands. He was chief clerk of the senate in 1875, and for ten consecutive years previous held the different clerkships in the assembly; was for several sessions bookkeeper and assistant clerk. He was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 8,263 votes, against 5,346 votes for James Leahy, democrat-populist candidate.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Portage and Waupaca counties. Population, 1895—59,324.

JOHN PHILLIPS (Rep.), of Stevens Point, was born at Richmond, Vermont, November 4, 1823, and was educated in the common schools and at Johnston (Vt.) Academy. He graduated at the Rush Medical College, Chicago, in 1853. He came to Wisconsin in 1845, and has practiced his profession as a physician since 1848, at Stevens Point. He has been supervisor of the town of Stevens Point, a member of the Portage county board of supervisors, school superintendent of the town of Stevens Point, and was a member of the assembly in 1860 and 1864. He was pension examiner from 1863 to 1885. He was a regent of normal schools from 1876 to 1891, and was treasurer and president of the Stevens Point board of education from 1876 to 1881. He was on the board of visitors to West Point in 1864. He was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 7,637 votes, against 3,539 for A. R. Lea, democrat, and 603 for George Ratcliff, prohibition.

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Janesville, Johnstown, Lima, La Prairie, Magnolia, Milton, Porter, Rock and Union, and the village of Evansville, and the cities of Edgerton and Janesville, in the county of Rock, and the towns of Aztalan, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Milford, Oakland, Sumner and Waterloo, and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson. Population, 1895—50,352.

JOHN M. WHITEHEAD (Rep.) was born July 29, 1852, on a farm near Hillsboro, Illinois. Was educated at a select school, Hillsboro Academy, preparatory department of Wabash College, Crawfordsville, Ind. (1871-2), Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass. (1872-3), Yale College (1873-77), where he took the degree of A. B. He studied law in the office of Leaming & Thompson at Chicago, and was admitted to the bar of Illinois in October, 1880, and to the bar of Wisconsin

In September, 1883. He came to Wisconsin in August, 1883, settling at Janesville, where he has since resided. Is a member of the county board of Rock county, representing the 4th ward of Janesville. Was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 7,105 votes, against 4,725 votes for W. W. Reed, democrat, and 1 vote for W. T. Vankirk.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

The county of Walworth, and the towns of Cold Springs, Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, and the village of Palmyra, and the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Watertown, in the county of Jefferson. Population, 1895—47,449.

ALBERT SOLLIDAY (Dem.), of Watertown, Jefferson county, was born in Lehigh county, Penn., February 13, 1841; was educated in Pennsylvania and Ohio, graduating from the high school at Circleville, Ohio, in 1861; enlisted in the one hundred and fourteenth regiment Ohio volunteer infantry, August 11, 1862, and took part in the following engagements: Chickasaw Bayou, Arkansas Post, Port Gibson, Champion Hill, Black River Bridge, Siege of Vicksburg, siege and assault of Fort Blakeley; was mustered out of service at Houston, Tex., July 31, 1865; came to Wisconsin in 1868, settled at Watertown, Wis.; is by occupation a dentist; served four years on the school board, part of time as its president; alderman one year, and mayor in 1884; served six years as captain of the Watertown Rifles; commissioned adjutant of the Second regiment, Wisconsin national guards, April 25, 1888; major commanding First battalion, Second regiment, Wisconsin national guards, February 23, 1892, and lieutenant colonel January 7, 1895; was elected on May 24, 1892, at special election to fill vacancy caused by the death of Walter S. Greene, and was re-elected in 1894, receiving 5,611 votes against 5,236 for Edwin Huebert, republican, and 326 for W. P. Stair, prohibitionist.

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT

Buffalo, Eau Claire and Pepin counties. Population, 1895—57,670.

JOHN W. WHELAN (Rep.) was born Nov. 1, 1845, and is a native of Wisconsin. He was educated in the common schools and Wisconsin University, graduating from the latter institution in the class of 1871; resided at Monches, Waukesha county, from 1845 to 1872; Fort Worth, Texas, from 1872 to 1874; Eau Claire, Wis., from 1874 to 1876; Mondovi, Buffalo county, from 1876 to the present time; taught several terms of school prior to 1872; studied law with Judge Barclay at Fort Worth, Texas, and at Eau Claire and was admitted to the bar in that city in 1876, and has practiced law ever since at Mondovi; lives on a farm of 500 acres adjoining Mondovi city; has been president of the Bank of Mondovi since its organization; was member of the Wisconsin legislature in 1889 and 1890, and served several terms as chairman of the county board of supervisors of Buffalo county; was nominated for the assembly in 1890 on the Republican ticket, but was defeated by John Leonhardy, democrat. He was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 7,943 votes, against 3,857 for Victor Wolf, democrat, and 225 votes for John D. Ellbridge, prohibitionist.

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

Clark and Marathon counties. Population, 1895—57,940.

CLARION A. YOUMANS (Rep.), of Neillsville, Clark county, was born October 14, 1847, at Kenosha, Wisconsin. He was educated in the common schools and in the law school of the State University, from which he graduated in 1876. He resided in Kenosha until 1852, then in Arlington, Columbia county, until 1872,

in which year he went to Nellisville, where he has since resided. He was raised on a farm, but for a few years before attending the law school had been in the mercantile business at Nellisville. Was county judge of Clark county in 1877, and district attorney of Clark county from 1882 to 1885. He has been interested in farming, lumbering and flouring enterprises, and was from 1890 to 1893 president of the Clark County Agricultural society. He has been since 1876 engaged in the practice of law at Nellisville. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, receiving 5,607 votes, against 3,557 for H. P. Graham, democrat, and 518 for Peter Truax, prohibition. He was a member of the judiciary, railroads and roads and bridges committees during session of 1895.

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

The county of Dane. Population, 1895—65,669.

CHAUNCEY B. WELTON (Rep.) was born September 1, 1844, at Sharon, Ohio. He was educated in the common schools and the academy at Weymouth, Ohio; came to Wisconsin in May, 1855, but returned to Ohio in 1858; went to Michigan at the close of the war and moved from there to Wisconsin in 1877; resided at Rockton, Vernon county, from 1877 to 1882, at Windsor from 1882 to 1883, and has since been a resident of Madison. Was in the mercantile business at Allegan, Mich., in 1873-4; Kalamazoo, Mich., in 1875-6; Rockton, Wis., 1878 to 1881; Windsor, Wis., 1882-3; and in Madison since 1884. He was clerk of the town of Whitestown, Vernon county, in 1881, and commander of the Department of Wisconsin G. A. R., in 1892; served in the war of the Rebellion in Co. 1, 103 Ohio Vol. Inf., from August 21, 1862, to close of war. He was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 9,016 votes, against 6,607 votes for Wm. Charleton, democrat, and 438 votes for J. B. Smith, prohibitionist.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Columbia and Sauk counties. Population, 1895—63,787.

WILLIAM F. CONGER (Rep.), of Prairie du Sac, was born March 5, 1844, at Bloomfield, New Jersey, and received his education in the public schools of Bloomfield and of New York city. He came to Wisconsin at the age of eighteen in 1862, and worked as a clerk at Prairie du Sac until 1871, since which date he has been engaged in a general mercantile business and dealing in wool. He enlisted in the 7th New York Volunteers in 1862, coming to Wisconsin at the expiration of his term of service in the same year and enlisted in the 42d Wisconsin Volunteers. He held the rank of sergeant and acting sergeant major. He was a delegate to the national republican convention in 1892, and was an unsuccessful candidate for the assembly in 1890. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, receiving 5,637 votes against Evan W. Evans, democrat, who received 4,194, and Joseph W. Wood, prohibitionist, who received 390.

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Crawford, Richland and Vernon counties. Population, 1895—63,857.

OLIVER G. MUNSON (Rep.), of Viroqua, was born March 2, 1856, in Howard county, Iowa; was educated in the common and high schools of Iowa and Minnesota; came to Wisconsin in 1876; resided in Richland Center ten years and at Viroqua eleven years; is an editor and publisher, having published the Richland Republican ten years and the Vernon Co. Censor eleven years; has been city clerk of Richland Center, supervisor from city of Viroqua, bookkeeper in the state senate several terms and assistant chief clerk of the assembly two terms. He was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 9,361 votes, against 5,221 votes for B. F. Washburn, the fusion candidate, and 1 vote for A. J. Shauft.

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

Chippewa and Dunn counties. Population, 1895—53,733.

JAMES H. STOUT (Rep.), of Menomonie, was born at Dubuque, Iowa, September 25, 1848, and was educated in the public schools of Dubuque and in the Chicago University. He came to Wisconsin in 1889, and has ever since been engaged in the lumber business at Menomonie. He has been for several years one of the trustees of the Dunn county insane asylum; president of the Menomonie board of education and life member of the Dubuque library and life trustee of the Findlay hospital at Dubuque. He was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 7,298 votes against 1,405 for Carl Preper, populist, and ten scattering.

THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

Florence, Forest, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida, Price, Taylor and Vilas counties. Population, 1895—56,611.

DANIEL E. RIORDAN (Rep.) was born September 7, 1863, in Berlin, Green Lake county, Wis.; was educated in Berlin high school and Valparaiso (Indiana) normal school; studied law in the office of R. L. D. Potter at Berlin, Wis., and in the office of J. F. Riordan at Hayward, Wis.; resided at Berlin until 1891, at Hayward from 1891 to 1892, and at Eagle River, Vilas county, from 1892 to the present time; taught school, attended school and studied law until 1892; was admitted to the bar in 1892 and has since practiced law; was appointed judge of the municipal court of Vilas county by Gov. Upham in April, 1895, and still holds the office; was nominated for the office of district attorney of Vilas county in 1896 and declined; was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 10,837 votes, against 6,195 votes for H. R. Fehland, democrat.

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Jackson, Juneau and Monroe counties. Population, 1895—61,826.

JAMES J. MCGILLIVRAY (Rep.), of Black River Falls, Jackson county, was born at Barrachois, Gasbie county, Canada, East, June 16, 1848. He received his education in the common schools, and came to Wisconsin, making his home at Black River Falls, November 21, 1866. He is an architect and manufacturer of sash, doors and blinds. He was elected to the assembly in 1890, and re-elected in 1892. During his first term in the assembly he was sponsor of the "anti-trust bill," also exempting wide tired wagons from taxes. The reduction of interest on money loaned to school districts from 6 and 7 to 4 per cent., the reduction of interest on tax sale certificates from 25 to 15 per cent., and during his entire experience in the assembly took an active and earnest part in all the important legislation brought before the assembly. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, receiving 8,573 votes against 3,820 for J. R. Hinckley, democrat, and 491 for D. L. Brown, prohibition.

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

La Crosse and Trempealeau counties. Population, 1895—65,573.

LEVI WITHEE (Rep.), of La Crosse, La Crosse county, was born in Norridge-wock, Me., October 26, 1834, and received a common school education in Maine; came to Wisconsin in 1853, and settled at La Crosse; has for the most of the time resided there since; is by occupation a lumberman; has not before held public office; was elected state senator in 1892, receiving 5,802 votes, against 5,293

for George Y. Freeman, democrat, 644 for John N. Jones, people's party, and 38 for C. H. Van Wormer, prohibitionist; was re-elected state senator in 1896, receiving 9,545 votes, against 4,739 votes for Herman E. Simpson, democrat.

THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

Washington and Waukesha counties. Population, 1895—60,639.

STEPHAN F. MAYER (Dem.), of West Bend, was born in West Bend, February 1, 1854. He was educated in the common schools and took a commercial course at the university of Notre Dame, Indiana. He has resided all his life at West Bend, where he is engaged in business as a brewer and malster. He was elected county treasurer without opposition in 1886 and in 1888; has been a member of the county board since 1891, and was chairman in 1893, and was elected chairman of the board this year; also a member of the school board of his city. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, without opposition, receiving 6,095 votes.

ASSEMBLY.

The assembly consists of 100 members, who are chosen biennially by districts, and who receive a compensation of \$500 for their term of office. The speaker is chosen by the members, and receives \$500 for his services.

The assembly contains 91 republicans, 8 democrats and 1 fusion.

ADAMS AND MARQUETTE COUNTIES.

Population in 1895—17,735.

SOLON W. PIERCE (Rep.), of Friendship, was born March 7, 1831, in York-shire, Cattaraugus county, N. Y.; received an academic education at Mendon, N. Y.; came to Wisconsin in October, 1855, and settled at White Creek, Adams county; December 1, 1857, he removed to Friendship in the same county, which has since been his home; he is by profession a lawyer and editor, having been admitted to the bar in June, 1858; he established the Adams County Press April 25, 1861, and excepting the time spent in the army in 1864-5, has had editorial charge of the paper from its first issue to the present time; he was the author of a book of war reminiscences, entitled, "Battle Fields and Camp Fires of the 38th Wisconsin Regiment," a volume of about 300 pages, besides many addresses and articles upon current events; he was elected county judge of Adams county in 1861, but resigned to enter the army in 1864; in 1866 he was elected district attorney of Adams county, which office he has held continuously ever since—over thirty years; he was draft commissioner in 1862, and entered the army as 1st Lieut. of Co. K, 38th Wis. Vols., in 1864 and took part with that regiment in

the battles of Peeble's House, Poplar Spring Grove, Hatcher's Run, the siege of Petersburg, the assault and capture of Fort Mahone, and was not absent from duty a day from the time he entered the service until he was mustered out at the close of the war in June, 1865; he has been president of the Adams County Agricultural Association for the past two years, and at the annual meeting of the Association, November 12, 1896, was unanimously re-elected for the ensuing year; in 1870 he was the republican nominee for member of assembly from Adams county and was defeated by 16 votes, Anson Rood being elected; he was relator in the action brought to test the validity of the first apportionment law passed by the legislature of 1891, commonly known as the "gerrymander" suit; he represented Adams county in the assembly in 1870-77-78-80-81-82, and was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,497 votes, against 511 votes for John A. Henry, independent republican.

ASHLAND AND IRON COUNTIES.

Population in 1895—22,579.

MATHEW JOSEPH CONNORS (Rep.), of Hurley, was born August 17, 1855, in Ottawa, Canada; was educated in the Canadian common schools; came to this country and to Wisconsin in 1875; resided at Eau Claire from 1875 to 1880, Fifield from 1880 to 1884, Ashland from 1884 to 1886, and at Hurley from 1886 to the present time; is a lumberman by occupation; was supervisor of the town of Vaughn in 1892 and 1893; chairman of the county board of Iron county in 1893 and 1894 and sheriff of Iron county from January 1, 1894, to January 1, 1897; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,973 votes, against 2,232 for Bert Williams, democrat and populist.

BARRON COUNTY.

Population in 1895—20,122.

JONATHAN J. SMITH (Rep.), of Barron, was born January 13, 1844, in McHenry county, Ill. He received a common school education; and in 1862 enlisted in the 65th Illinois Infantry and took part in all the battles and campaigns of his regiment until April, 1864, when he re-enlisted and served until June, 1865, when he was discharged for disability. He settled on a farm in Butler county, Iowa, where he resided until 1878, when he came to Wisconsin, locating at Barron, where he has ever since resided. He has held numerous offices, among which are town treasurer, city treasurer and mayor. He was postmaster during President Harrison's administration, and since April, 1893, has been part owner and manager of the Barron Republican. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,952 votes, against 518 for F. M. Angel, democrat, and 474 for J. B. Bennett, populist. Was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,741 votes, against S. W. Hines, the democratic and populist fusion candidate, who received 1,361 votes, and Samuel Dowd, prohibition, who received 146 votes.

BAYFIELD, SAWYER AND WASHBURN COUNTIES.

Population in 1895—20,602.

KING G. STAPLES (Rep.), of Iron River, was born May 26, 1851, in Lee, Maine; came to Minnesota in 1855; received a common school education at Brunswick, Elk River, and Monticello, Minn.; came to Wisconsin in 1884; lived at South Range from December, 1884, to May, 1889, when moved to Iron River where he has since resided; was engaged in the flouring mill business from 1875 to 1879, and has since been in the lumbering business both as logger and manufacturer; was town treasurer for the town of Superior two years, 1887 and 1888;

was elected chairman of the town of Iron River in 1892, and was a candidate for re-election in 1893, but was defeated by 37 votes; was subsequently appointed to fill the three months' vacancy caused by the resignation of the chairman elected and was elected to the same office in 1894-95 and '96; was elected chairman of the county board in 1895 and was re-elected in 1896, and is the present incumbent of the office. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,064, against 1,464 for A. M. Warden, democrat, and 442 for A. P. Oscar, prohibitionist.

BROWN COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Ashwaubenon, Howard, Pittsfield, Suamico and the city of Green Bay. Population in 1895—22,823.

THOMAS J. McGRATH (Rep.), of Green Bay, was born January 15, 1859, in Victoria county, Canada; was educated in the common schools of Canada and by private study; came to this country and to Wisconsin in December, 1875; lived in Waupaca county from 1875 to 1877; in Minnesota from 1877 to 1888, and since that time in Green Bay, Brown county; he was a farmer and general laborer up to 1880, carpenter and jobber from 1880 to 1884; railroad bridge builder from 1884 to 1890, and since that time, a general contractor; cast his first vote for James A. Garfield for president; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,794 votes, against 1,724 votes for John E. Shaughnessy, democrat, and 61 votes for Dr. W. M. Ringsdorf, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Allouez, Bellevue, De Pere, Eaton, Glenmore, Green Bay, Holland, Humboldt, Lawrence, Morrison, New Denmark, Preble, Rockland, Scott and Wrightstown, and the city of De Pere.

Population in 1895—22,800.

JOHN M. HOGAN (Rep.), of Green Bay, was born January 21, 1847, in New York; received a common school education in Brown county; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1848, settling in Washington county; removed to Green Bay, Brown county in 1851, where he resided until 1860, when he removed to Preble township and settled on a farm; in 1882 he embarked in the merchandising business at Green Bay, but failing health compelled his retirement; he has been chairman of the town board and consequently a member of the county board for ten consecutive years; represented his district in the assembly in 1882; he served three months as a private in Co. G., 41st Wis. Vol. Inf. during the war of the rebellion; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,452 votes, against 2,193 votes for Anton Van der Heiden, democrat.

BUFFALO AND PEPIN COUNTIES.

Population in 1895—24,498.

SAMUEL F. PLUMMER (Rep.), of Arkansaw, was born May 28, 1853, in Clarence, town of Spring Grove, Green county, Wis.; was limited to a few weeks' attendance at the district school each winter; resided in Green county one and one-half years, and has been a resident of Pepin county since September, 1854, living in Durand and in the towns of Waterville and Arkansaw; worked in the pine woods, on the river and in the saw mills until 1876, when he settled on a farm; in 1886, he sold his farm and purchased a furniture factory and planing mill and is now a manufacturer of furniture, etc.; has been justice of the peace several years, school district clerk five years and county surveyor of Pepin county since 1894; has followed surveying some of the time since 1872; has worked as carpenter, millwright, wagon maker, cabinet-maker, rotary sawyer and engineer; he was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,544 votes, against 1,772 for Alex. Lees, democrat.

BURNETT AND POLK COUNTIES.

Population, 1895—22,009.

LESTER B. DRESSER (Rep.), of St. Croix Falls, was born in Osceola, Polk Co., Wisconsin, Sept. 3, 1864. He attended district school until seventeen years of age; then entered the Northern Indiana Normal school at Valparaiso, Ind., from which he graduated in 1883. In 1884 he was elected principal of the high school at St. Croix Falls, Wis., which position he held for two years, giving it up for the superintendency of schools of Polk county, which he held for four years. In 1889 he was elected village clerk of St. Croix Falls. He was re-elected to this office four times. He is now serving his fourth consecutive term as president of that village. He also has served on the school board. He entered the general merchandise business in 1890, and still follows it. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,383 votes, against Simon Thorson, independent republican candidate, whose vote was 1,564, and A. M. Greely (fusion candidate) of the democratic and people's party, who received 1,025 votes.

CALUMET COUNTY.

Population, 1895—17,744.

JOSEPH WOLFINGER (Dem.), of Dundas, was born at Wilson, Sheboygan county, January 7, 1857, and received a common school education in that county. He learned the blacksmith's trade and settled in Dundas, as a blacksmith in 1877. In 1881, he went into the manufacture of cheese boxes and butter tubs, and is now proprietor of one of the largest establishments in that line in the state. He is president of the Dundas Butter and Cheese Company. He has been on the town board of Woodville since 1890, and on the county board since 1892. He was republican, 120 for Charles Hatch, populist, and 30 for S. D. Maltby, prohibitionist; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,662 votes, against 1,531 for elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,440 votes, against 1,063 for S. M. Scott, William Greverus, republican, and 266 for Charles Hatch, populist.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Lafayette, Sigel, Tilden, and Wheaton, the village of Cadott, and the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth and Tenth wards of the city of Chippewa Falls.

Population in 1895—14,211.

CHARLES A. STANLEY (Rep.), of Chippewa Falls, was born at Baraboo, Wis., May 3rd, 1849. He received his education in the public school and at the State University. Has resided at Chippewa Falls since 1870, and is the junior member of the firm of F. G. & C. A. Stanley, manufacturers of lumber, lath and shingles, sash, doors and blinds, with machine shop and foundry at Chippewa Falls, Wis., also a saw mill at Chippewa City, Wis. Was a member of the Chippewa Falls common council in 1885, 1886 and 1887, and a member of the county board in 1886 and 1887. Was nominated for mayor in 1888, but was defeated by 64 votes. Has been a member and president of the Chippewa Falls board of bonding commissioners since 1892, and was reappointed for four years in 1894. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,054 votes against James A. Taylor, democrat, receiving 979; Alva D. Shattuck, prohibitionist, 54; and George B. Horwood, populist, 396. Was elected mayor of the city of Chippewa Falls in April, 1895, by a majority of 100, and during his term of office he took great interest in the location of the Home for the Feeble-minded, which through the efforts of himself and others, was located at Chippewa Falls, the city and county of Chippewa donating to the Home 1040 acres of land and a

cash bonus of \$10,000. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,685 votes, against 1,503 for Albert Nunke, democrat and populist, and 26 votes for John P. Shattuck, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Anson, Arthur, Auburn, Big Bend, Bloomer (including village of Bloomer), Cleveland, Colburn, Eagle Point, Edson (including Boyd village), Flambeau, Lawrence and the First ward of the city of Chippewa Falls.

Population in 1895—14,516.

JOHN W. THOMAS (Rep.), of Anson, was born in Wales, March 31, 1846, coming to this country with his parents in 1849. His first residence was in Tioga county, Pennsylvania, where he received a common school education. He was left an orphan at the age of seven, and he came to Wisconsin in 1857 with a family of friends with whom he settled in the town of Anson. He is a farmer and dairyman by occupation, and received first premium on wheat and dairy butter at the world's fair. He enlisted in February, 1864, in the Thirty-Sixth Wisconsin Volunteers, serving to the end of the war. He participated in the brilliant service of his regiment in Grant's campaign of 1864, before Richmond and Petersburg. He was town clerk seven years, secretary of the school board for three years, and served four years as town treasurer, two years as supervisor and seven years as town chairman. He was chairman of the county board for two years, was elected county treasurer in 1884, and was defeated for re-election in 1886 by a small majority, receiving over five hundred votes more than Governor Rusk in the county. He was president of the Chippewa County Agricultural Society in 1883, and has served eight years as secretary. He was treasurer of the Eagle Point Insurance company two years and director for 14, which position he now holds. He has become by his long service and intimate connection with local affairs, an expert in town and county matters. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, and re-elected in 1896, receiving 1,931 votes, against 1,436 for Henry Kramer, democrat and populist, and 60 for Chas. S. Oliver, prohibitionist.

CLARK COUNTY.

Population in 1895—21,342.

JOSEPH C. MARSH (Rep.), of Loyal, was born at Herricksville, Penn., January 1, 1852, and received a common school education, with two years at Oskaloosa college, at Oskaloosa, Iowa. He came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1857, settling in Clark county, where he has continuously resided; he is a farmer and lumberman. He was town clerk of York in 1873 and 1874, chairman of the town of Loyal from 1888 to 1890, and chairman of the county board of supervisors of Clark county in 1890. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,476 votes, against 1,900 for George C. Andrews, democrat and prohibition; was re-elected member of assembly in 1896, receiving 3,312 votes, against 1,333 for Bert. L. Bailey, democrat and populist, and 96 for Joseph Dix, prohibitionist.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Arlington, Caledonia, Dekorra, Fort Winnebago, Lewiston, Lodi (including village of Lodi), Newport (including Kilbourn City village), Pacific and West Point, and the village of Poynette, and the city of Portage.

Population in 1895—15,122.

LEMUEL P. HINDES (Rep.), of Lodi, Columbia county, was born April 3, 1848, in Cameron, Steuben county, New York; was educated in the common

schools and Lodi high school; came to Lodi, Wisconsin, in March, 1855, and has resided there ever since; was engaged in farming from 1866 until 1870; since that time has been engaged in the mercantile business, and is a wholesale shipper of butter, eggs and cheese; was justice of the peace fifteen years, and supervisor of the village of Lodi for the past five years; enlisted at the age of sixteen in Company "C", 42nd Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, and served until the close of the war. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,229 votes, against 1,283 for L. Kleimnhausen, democrat, and 117 for Owen J. Owens, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Columbus, Courtland (including Cambria village), Fountain Prairie, Hampden, Leeds, Lowville, Marcellon, Otsego, Randolph, Scott, Springvale and Wyocena and the villages of Pardeeville, Rio and the West ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus.

Population in 1895—15,746.

GEORGE WYLIE (Rep.), of Leeds, Columbia county, was born January 6, 1848, in Campbelltown, Argyleshire, Scotland, and received a common school education; came to this country and to Wisconsin in 1857; resided at Wauwatosa, Milwaukee county, from 1857 to 1864, and at Leeds, Columbia county, from 1864 to the present time; is by occupation a farmer and breeder of pure bred stock; was chairman of the town of Leeds continuously from 1883 to 1890 and again elected chairman in 1896. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,573 votes, against 1,100 for Samuel Sampson, democrat and populist, and 168 for Robert F. Roberts, prohibitionist.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Population, 1895—17,203.

JAMES O. DAVIDSON (Rep.) of Soldiers' Grove, was born in Norway, February 10, 1854, and was educated in the common schools of his native country. He came to Wisconsin in 1872, residing first at Madison, later at Boscobel, and since 1877 at Soldiers' Grove. He has been engaged for nineteen years in the mercantile business. He was president of the village of Soldiers' Grove in 1888 and 1889, treasurer in 1892 and 1893, and was elected to the assembly in 1892 and re-elected in 1894. Was again re-elected in 1896, receiving 2,269 votes, against 1,575 for Peter N. Peterson, democrat and populist.

DANE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Blooming Grove, Burke, Dunn, Madison, Rutland, and the city of Madison.

Population in 1895—22,002.

DANIEL BECHTEL (Dem.), of Madison, Dane county, was born August 31, 1845, in Lycoming county, Pennsylvania, and received a common school education; came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1850, settling in the town of Pleasant Springs, Dane county; in 1853 he moved to the farm he now owns in the town of Blooming Grove, and is by occupation a farmer; was town clerk three years; chairman of the town fourteen years; sheriff of Dane county in 1883-84; secretary of the Cottage Grove Fire Insurance company nine years, and has been president of the same company for the past three years. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,831 votes, against 2,772 for George B. Burrows, republican, and 198 for Chas. F. Cronk, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Albion, Bristol, Christiana, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Dunkirk, Medina, Pleasant Springs, Sun Prairie, Vienna, Windsor, York and the villages of Deerfield and Sun Prairie, and the city of Stoughton.

Population in 1895—21,421.

CHRISTOPHER LEGRIED (Rep.), of Cambridge, Dane county, was born January 27, 1857, in Deerfield, Dane county, Wisconsin, and was educated in the common schools; resided on a farm in Deerfield until he was twenty-one years old; since that time has been engaged in blacksmithing and manufacturing at Cambridge; has been a member of the county board from the village of Cambridge continuously since 1892 and has served as trustee of the village for two years; has been a member of the Dane county campaign committee since 1894. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,466 votes, against 1,444 for Geo. L. Saunders, democrat, and 1,6 for Lorenzo D. Clark.

Third District. The towns of Berry, Black Earth, Blue Mounds, Cross Plains, Dane, Fitchburg, Mazomanie, Middleton, Montrose, Oregon, Perry, Primrose, Roxbury, Springdale, Springfield, Vermont, Verona, Westport, and the villages of Belleville, Waunakee, Oregon and Mazomanie.

Population in 1895—22,246.

OSCAR F. MINCH (Dem.), of Paoli, Dane county, was born November 16, 1868, at Paoli, Wisconsin, and was educated in the common schools of Paoli, the Madison high school and Wisconsin University, graduating from the latter institution in 1893; resided at Paoli from birth until 1883; Madison from 1883 to 1893, since 1893 at Paoli; was engaged in the baking and confectionery business at Madison from 1888 to 1892, and since 1893 has been associated with his father in the custom milling business under the firm name of F. H. Minch & Son. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,608 votes, against 2,394 for C. G. Lappley, republican, and 153 for John Schumann, prohibitionist.

DODGE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Ashippun, Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford, Lebanon, LeRoy, Lomira, Rubicon, Shields, Theresa, Williamstown, the village of Horicon, the Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Watertown, and the city of Mayville.

Population in 1895—24,284.

JESSE A. CLASON (Gold Dem.), of Neosho, Dodge county, was born October 15, 1860, at Clason Prairie, town of Beaver Dam, Dodge county, Wisconsin, and was a lineal descendant of Stephen Clason, who settled at Stanford, Connecticut, in 1654, having been forced to flee from Scotland in consequence of hostility to Cromwell's government; he was educated in the Clason Prairie district school, in the Milwaukee public schools and Wayland University, Beaver Dam; began the study of medicine in 1882; became a medical student under Dr. S. W. Thurber, with whom he went to Tecumseh, Nebraska; attended the Missouri Medical College at St. Louis, graduating therefrom March 4, 1884; in the same year he settled at Elk Creek, Nebraska; moved to Chicago in 1885, and in October of the same year returned to Neosho. He is a member of the Wisconsin State Medical Society, of the Bernard Medical Society, and of the Dodge County Medical Society, and has been health officer of the towns of Herman and Rubicon since 1889; was appointed United States pension examining surgeon with headquarters at Milwaukee in 1893, and in 1894 was transferred to the board of pension examining surgeons established at Horicon, Wisconsin; he organized and has been president of the Neosho Young Men's Democratic Club, number 23 in the National League, the first uniform democratic club organized in Dodge

county; was chairman of the Dodge county democratic committee until the first convention of 1896; was elected delegate to the democratic state convention, but publicly declared his adherence to the sound money principles; when the Chicago convention adopted the free silver platform he renounced it and became an ardent supporter of McKinley and Hobart, and Hon. Edward Sauerhering for member of congress. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, from the First Assembly district of Dodge county, having been nominated by the gold democrats and endorsed by the republicans, receiving 2,946 votes, against 2,414 for Herman Rosenkrans, the regular democratic nominee.

Second District. The towns of Beaver Dam, Calamus, Chester, Burnett, Elba, Fox Lake, Lowell, Oak Grove, Portland, Trenton and Westford, and the villages of Fox Lake, Lowell, Reeseville, the East ward of the village of Randolph, and the cities of Beaver Dam and Juneau, and the South ward of the city of Waupun.

Population in 1895—23,567.

SAMUEL R. WEBSTER (Rep.), of Danville, Dodge county, was born July 7, 1854, in Danville, Wisconsin, and was educated in the Danville and Columbia high schools, Ripon college and Milwaukee Business college; was born and has always lived upon the farm which he now owns; is by occupation a farmer and breeder of registered Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs; has written articles on the subject of care and management of improved live stock, one of which was read before the State Agricultural Society's meeting at Madison, and published in the State Agricultural Society's report, and one published in the local press; was secretary of the Dodge County Fair Association during 1887 and 1888; also president of the Wisconsin Shorthorn Breeder's Association during 1894-95. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,770 votes against 2,486 for H. S. Gilmore, democrat.

DOOR COUNTY.

Population, 1895—16,969.

HENRY OVERBECK, Jr. (Rep.), of Sturgeon Bay, was born February 2, 1853, at Tonawanda, N. Y.; was educated in the common schools; came to Wisconsin in 1854; lived at Ahnapee until 1887, and since then at Sturgeon Bay; is by occupation a telegraph operator and insurance agent, and has been manager of the Western Union at Sturgeon Bay since 1887; owned a half interest in the Ahnapee Record from 1882 to 1885; was chairman of the eighth congressional district republican committee from 1894 to 1896, and is still a member of the committee; is serving his second term as chairman of county committee; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,238 votes, against 1,004 for Joseph Harris, fusion candidate of the democrats, populists and independent republicans.

DOUGLAS COUNTY.

First District. The Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Superior.

Population in 1895—15,016.

JAMES HERMAN AGEN (Rep.), was born April 29, 1847, in Montpelier, Vt. He removed to Wyoming county, N. Y. at an early age where he was educated in the public schools; came to Wisconsin March 10, 1887, settling at West Super-

lor, where he has since been engaged in the business of real estate, loans and fire insurance. He was president of the West Superior Chamber of Commerce in 1890-91; represented his ward as alderman in 1893-94; was president of the Douglas County Agricultural Society and also president of the Northwestern Wisconsin Fair Association in 1895-96. Mr. Agen has an enviable war record, having served two years and nine months in the First N. Y. Dragoons; he was in 42 battles, serving under Gen. Phil. Sheridan; he was wounded in the battle of Winchester in 1864. In recognition of his vallant services in the war of the rebellion, he was made a member of Jack Adams' staff at the national encampment at Pittsburgh in 1894. During his residence in West Superior he has been recognized as an important and leading factor in the development and settlement of the great northern or "New Wisconsin." He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,038 votes over O. H. Perry, the fusion candidate, who received 1,166 votes.

Second District. The towns of Brule, Gordon, Nebagamain and Superior, and the First, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth wards of the city of Superior.

Population in 1895—14,970.

JARVIS WHITE (Rep.), of South Superior, Douglas county, was born April 2, 1833, in Whiting, Addison county, Vermont, and was educated in the common schools; came to Wisconsin in the fall of 1890, settling in South Superior; is a merchant by occupation, dealing in wall paper, paints and oils; has been alderman of the Eighth ward of Superior for two years; enlisted in the 24th Massachusetts Infantry, October 13, 1861, as private, and was promoted through the different grades to captain; was wounded in front of Richmond, in 1864, and after remaining in the hospital several months returned to Richmond, and was mustered out January 20, 1866. He was elected to the assembly from the Second District of Douglas county in 1896, receiving 2,074 votes, against 1,367 for Andrew G. Newbergh, populist.

DUNN COUNTY.

Population, 1895—25,006.

ALBERT R. HALL (Rep), of Knapp, was born at Hartford, Windsor county, Vermont, April 20, 1841; removed with his parents to Boston, Mass., four years later; attended the public schools of Boston until 1856, when he removed with his parents to Minnesota. Enlisted in Company D, Second Regiment Minnesota Volunteer Infantry, June 21, 1861; promoted corporal and first sergeant; engaged in battles of Mill Springs, Perryville, Hoover's Gap and Chickamauga; was wounded at Chickamauga September 20, 1863; taken prisoner, paroled ten days thereafter and exchanged the following May; joined his regiment near Resaca, Georgia, and continued with it on the Atlanta campaign as far as Kenesaw Mountain, when his three years' term of service expired. Was mustered out July 4, 1864; returned to Minnesota and assisted in recruiting Company G, Eleventh Regiment Minnesota Volunteer Infantry; commissioned first lieutenant; returned south with his regiment and was appointed provost marshal of the post of Gallatin, Tennessee, which position he held until the close of the war; was mustered out with his regiment June 26, 1865; served as town clerk and justice of the peace, and represented Hennepin county in the lower house of the Minnesota legislature seven terms, three of which he served as speaker; removed to Knapp in 1880, where he has since resided. Is by occupation a farmer and manufacturer. Has served as chairman of the town board, and president of the Dunn County Agricultural society. Was one of the Dunn County Asylum building commission, and is now one of the asylum trustees. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, re-elected in 1892, again re-elected in 1894, and again re-

elected in 1896, receiving 3,332 votes, against 1,464, for John R. Mathews, fusion candidate of the democrats and populists, and 140 votes for O. W. Massee, prohibitionist.

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

First District. The town of Seymour and the city of Altoona, and the First Second, Third, Fifth, Sixth, and Eighth wards of the city of Eau Claire.

Population in 1895—16,576.

BYRON A. BUFFINGTON (Rep.), of Eau Claire, Eau Claire county, was born November 27, 1852, in Dodge Center, Dodge county, Wisconsin, and was educated in the public schools of Eau Claire and Faribault Military school, at Faribault, Minnesota; has resided in Eau Claire since 1856; was engaged in general merchandising from 1874 to 1883; wholesale grocer from 1883 to 1893; president of the Chippewa Valley Bank from 1894 to 1896; director of the Valley Lumber company, and also director of the Carson-Rand Lumber company, of Eau Claire. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,178 votes, against 1,338 for Frank A. Sebenthal, the democratic, populist and prohibitionist fusion candidate.

Second District. The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick (including Porters Mills village), Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Lincoln, Ludington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Union and Washington, and the village of Fairchild and the city of Augusta, and the Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Eau Claire.

Population in 1895—16,596.

HORACE N. POLLEY (Rep.), of Bridge Creek, Eau Claire county, was born at Massena, St. Lawrence county, New York, March 10, 1842; was educated in the public schools of St. Lawrence county, New York, and Columbia county, Wisconsin; came west with his parents in 1848, settling at West Point, Columbia county, in this state, where he resided until 1858, when he returned to St. Lawrence county, New York, remaining there until the spring of 1861, when he returned to his former home at West Point, Wisconsin; removed to the town of Bridge Creek, Eau Claire county, in 1886, and has been a resident there since that time; is a brick mason by trade and a farmer by occupation; has been assessor of the town of Bridge Creek from 1885 to the present time; enlisted as a musician in Company "H," 11th Regiment, Wisconsin Infantry, October 24, 1861, and was honorably discharged on the twelfth day of February, 1864, at Indianola, Texas, by reason of re-enlistment as veteran volunteer under general order 191; was promoted to the position of principal musician of the same regiment February 29, 1864, and was honorably discharged September 16, 1865, at Mobile, Alabama. He was elected to the assembly from the Second district of Eau Claire county in 1896, receiving 2,245 votes, against 1,288 for Obadiah Works, democrat, populist and prohibitionist, and 1 for Mark Sebenthal.

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Calumet, Empire, Forest, Fond du Lac, Friendship, Marshfield, Osceola, Taychedah, and the city of Fond du Lac.

Population in 1895—23,499.

LOUIE A. LANGE (Dem.), of Fond du Lac, was born in Chicago, Illinois, May 31, 1854; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1856, settling in Fond du Lac; in 1861 moved with his father's family to Milwaukee, where he was educated

In the public schools and Engleman's Academy, until he entered the law offices of John W. and A. L. Cary, at the age of 13 years, continuing his studies while messenger boy and clerk; returned to Fond du Lac in 1870; entered the printing office of Edward Beeson, attending evening school while he learned the printing business; in 1874 was city editor of La Porte (Ind.) Chronicle, and in 1877 of the Fond du Lac Commonwealth; was engaged on the Evening Wisconsin, Milwaukee; in 1883 bought an interest in the Reporter at Fond du Lac, establishing a daily. In 1885 he purchased the Reporter plant; in 1894 he consolidated the Fond du Lac Journal and The Reporter, and is now proprietor of the Reporter Printing House; was appointed a director of the public library in 1891; re-appointed in 1895; was elected alderman and president of the common council and board of education for four years; was elected to the assembly in 1892; appointed by Governor Peck as a member of the visiting committee of the charitable and penal institutions of the state. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1894. In the 1895 session and 1897, Mr. Lange received the complimentary vote of the minority for speaker. In the new district under the 1894 apportionment, was elected to the assembly, receiving 3,132 votes, against 2,511 votes for Jacob Waldschmidt, republican.

Second District. The towns of Alto, Ashford, Auburn, Byron, Eden, Eldorado, Lamartine, Metomen, Oakfield, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale, Waupun, the village of Brandon and the city of Ripon, and the North ward of the city of Waupun.

Population in 1895—23,937.

WYNN EDWARDS (Rep.), of Rosendale, Fond du Lac county, was born November 9, 1842, in Denbighshire, North Wales, received a liberal English education in Wales, and took a business course in Bryant & Stratton's college at Chicago, Illinois; came to this country in May, 1859, settling at Rosendale, Wisconsin, which has been his residence ever since; is by occupation a farmer, and has taken an active interest in the tramp problem, and through his influence a tramp workhouse has been erected in Fond du Lac; was treasurer of the town of Rosendale seven years, and postmaster during the Harrison administration and is now serving his sixth year as chairman of the town; enlisted in Company "F," 21st Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, and served with General Sherman all through the Atlantic campaign, until wounded August 7, 1864, by gun shot wound; joined the regiment again at Savannah and marched through the Carolinas. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,515 votes, against 1,844 for J. William Burns, democrat, and 105 for Irving Hemmingway, prohibitionist.

GRANT COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Bloomington, Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Lancaster, Liberty, Little Grant, Marion, Millville, Mount Hope, Mount Ida, Muscoda, Patch Grove, Watterstown, Wingville, Woodman, Wyalusing, and the villages of Bloomington, Fennimore, Montfort, Muscoda, and the cities of Boscobel and Lancaster.

Population in 1895—18,917.

THOMAS McDONALD, JR. (Rep.), of Lancaster, Grant county, was born February 24, 1865, at Lancaster, Grant county, Wisconsin; was educated in the common schools and Bayless College at Dubuque, graduating from the latter institution in 1884; has always resided at Lancaster, living on a farm until twenty-six years of age; was in the mercantile business three years, since which time he has been an insurance solicitor. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,677 votes, against 1,765 for J. J. Oswald, democrat.

Second District. The towns of Beetown, Cassville, Clifton, Ellenborough, Glen Haven, Hazel Green, Harrison, Jamestown, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Smelser, Waterloo and the villages of Cassville, Cuba City, Hazel Green, Potosi, and the city of Platteville.

Population in 1895—19,455.

ADELBERT L. UTT (Rep.), of Platteville, Grant county, was born June 11, 1856, in the town of Harris, Grant county, Wisconsin, and was educated in the common schools and Platteville State Normal school; has always resided in Platteville; was in the furniture business in Platteville in 1893, 1894 and 1895, and is now engaged in farming and stock shipping; for the past nineteen years he has held the office of town treasurer and justice of the peace. Was elected to the assembly in 1894, and re-elected in 1896, receiving 2,559 votes, against 1,966 for Joseph Shepherd, democrat, scattering, 2.

GREEN COUNTY.

Population, 1895—23,420.

NATHANIEL B. TREAT (Rep.), of Monroe, was born at Orono, Maine, March 12, 1839, and received his education in the public schools of that place. He came to Wisconsin in September, 1858, and settled at Monroe where he has ever since resided. He has been engaged in the mercantile business since 1865. He served during the late war as lieutenant and captain in the Thirty-first regiment of Wisconsin volunteers from July, 1862, until the close of the war, and participated in Sherman's march to the sea. He has held the offices of alderman of Monroe and supervisor of Green county. He was chairman of the republican county committee in 1884, and has held various offices in the local post of the G. A. R. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,301 votes, against G. T. Hodges, democrat, who received 1,648; Lemuel Taylor, prohibition, 265, and W. H. Hudson, populist, 345; he was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,055 votes, against 2,394 votes for Frank H. Smock, populist; 152 votes for Alexander S. Kaye, prohibitionist; and 1 vote for Michael Joy, silver democrat.

GREEN LAKE COUNTY.

Population, 1895—15,939.

HANS H. OLSON (Rep.), of Berlin, was born July 23, 1847, near Skien, Norway; came to this country and to Wisconsin in June, 1857; was educated in the common and Normal schools; lived in the town of Ashippun, Dodge county, from 1857 to 1861, Waushara county from 1861 to 1880, and Berlin, Green Lake county, since 1880; followed lumbering and school teaching up to 1880, and since then hotel keeping; was clerk of circuit court for Waushara county in 1877-78, clerk of the board of education of the city of Berlin from 1890 to 1893; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,090 votes, against 1,550 for Henry Volkman, democrat.

IOWA COUNTY.

Population in 1895—23,447.

WILLIAM A. JONES (Rep.), of Mineral Point, was born in South Wales, September 27, 1844, and came to Wisconsin in 1851, settling in Iowa county. He received a common school education and graduated later from the Platteville State Normal School. He is a farmer by occupation, but has taught in the schools of Iowa county and served two terms as county superintendent, and has been mayor of Mineral Point. In 1894 he was elected to the assembly, receiving 2,829 votes, against 1,925 for A. J. Doran, democrat, 324 for Geo. E. Plant, prohibitionist, and

93 for Harvey Cushman, people's; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,263 votes, against 2,067 votes for John M. Smith, democrat and populist, and 1 vote for N. H. Snow.

JACKSON COUNTY.

Population, 1895—16,722.

ADDISON W. MERRILL (Rep.), of Alma Center, was born May 30, 1842, in Lowell, Mass.; was educated in the district school of Princeton, Green Lake county, Wis.; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1848, settling in what is now Green Lake county; lived at Princeton until 1862, and since 1865 in Jackson county; is a farmer by occupation; was member of town board of Garden Valley in the years 1886-87-88-89-93-94 and is at present a member; has also served on Jackson county board of supervisors; has been a member of the Jackson County Soldiers' Relief Commission since 1891; in 1862 he enlisted in Co. H, 18th Wis. Inf.; was under Grant through the Vicksburg campaign and under Sherman in the Atlanta campaign; was in the famous defense of Allatoona, October 5, 1864, and marched to the sea; was discharged at Milwaukee, August 3, 1865; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,767 votes, against 751 votes for John Levis, democrat, and 1 for J. B. Miller.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Cold Springs, Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixoula, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, and the village of Palmyra, and the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Watertown.

Population in 1895—18,287.

JESSE STONE (Rep.), of Watertown, Jefferson county, was born August 23, 1836, in Lincoln, Lincolnshire, England, and received his education in the common schools; came to this country in 1841 and to Wisconsin August 1, 1869; has always resided at Watertown, Jefferson county, and is a manufacturer by occupation. He was elected to the assembly in 1880 and again in 1882; was a member of the school board of the city of Watertown in 1882; was an unsuccessful candidate for the assembly in 1881 and for the state senate in 1890; was a delegate to the national convention in 1888 and also in 1892; was a member of the state central committee from 1888 until 1894. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,293 votes, against 1,526 for Thomas Shennick, democrat.

Second District. The towns of Aztalan, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Millford, Oakland, Sumner and Waterloo, the villages of Lake Mills and Waterloo, and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson.

Population in 1895—18,030.

GILBERT RUTHERFORD (Rep.), of Lake Mills, Jefferson county, was born January 12, 1861, in Oakland, Jefferson county, Wisconsin, and was educated in the district schools and the Lake Mills high school; has always resided in the town of Oakland and is a farmer by occupation; was assessor of the town of Oakland in 1889, 1890, 1891 and 1895; was director of the Oakland Fire Insurance company from 1893 to 1896; was an unsuccessful candidate for the office of sheriff of Jefferson county on the republican ticket in 1890, for assessor in 1892, and for chairman of the town board of supervisors in 1894; was elected school treasurer of his district in 1884, 1887, 1890, 1893 and 1896; marshal of the Jefferson county fair in 1892, and was elected member of the board of trustees of the fair association in 1894, 1895 and 1896; was a delegate to the republican state convention in Milwaukee in 1896. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,084 votes, against 2,046 for Lewis Benson, democrat.

JUNEAU COUNTY.

Population in 1895—18,754.

FRANK E. HURD (Rep.), of New Lisbon, was born November 16, 1847, at Clyde, Sandusky county, Ohio, coming to Wisconsin by ox team with his parents in 1856, settling on a farm in the town of Germantown, Juneau county, where he spent five years, but moved into New Lisbon in 1861, and has resided there ever since. He was a private in Company E, Forty-first Wisconsin Volunteers, and is a member of the G. A. R. He was employed as a clerk after his discharge from the service, in 1864, until 1869, when he opened a general store, and has ever since been in a general mercantile business at New Lisbon, with a branch store at Necedah. He also operates a large farm, and is a cranberry grower. He has served several terms as mayor and alderman. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,386 votes, against 1,736 for Job N. Grant, populist and democrat, and 98 for John I. Herrick, prohibition; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,769 votes, against 1,696 votes for Freedom R. Potter, democrat, and 66 votes for Elbridge G. Dodge, prohibitionist.

KENOSHA COUNTY.

Population in 1895, 17,548.

JOHN F. REYNOLDS (Rep.), of Genoa Junction, was born in the town of Randall, in Kenosha county, July 25, 1852. He received a common school education, and attended a commercial college at Rockford, Illinois, and the State Normal School at Platteville. With the exception of nine years' residence at Rockford, he has spent his entire life farming in the town of Randall. He has been chairman of the town of Randall since 1892, and was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,137 votes, against 1,623 for George H. Kroncke, democrat, and 91 for Larrabee, populist; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,691 votes, against 1,814 votes for John M. Orvis, democrat; 60 votes for Robert S. Houston, national democrat, and 1 vote for — Roberts.

KEWAUNEE COUNTY.

Population in 1895—17,632.

MAYNARD T. PARKER (Rep.), of Ahnapee, was born October 30, 1850, at Roxbury, N. H.; received such common school training as was obtainable in a western town from 1856 to 1867, and later attended Ripon College; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1854, settling at Racine; lived at Racine in 1854-55; came with his parents to Ahnapee (then called Wolf River) April 19, 1855, where he has since resided; taught school several years; is by profession a lawyer, having been admitted to practice in October, 1879, and has since practiced his profession; was one of the editors and proprietors of the Ahnapee Record from 1881 to 1884; was city attorney and city clerk of Ahnapee several terms, mayor of the city of Ahnapee seven terms, the last ending in April, 1895; was district attorney of Kewaunee county in 1884, appointed by Governor Rusk; was a delegate from the eighth district of Wisconsin to the republican national convention at St. Louis in 1896; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,864 votes, against 1,662 for P. H. Heffernen, democrat.

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

First District. The town of Campbell, and the First, Second, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Nineteenth and Twentieth wards of the city of La Crosse.

Population in 1895—21,851.

GEORGE H. RAY (Rep.), of La Crosse, was born at St. Stephens, New Brunswick, October 4, 1847, both his father and mother being American citizens. He was educated in the common schools at St. Stephens, and came to this country at the age of eighteen, and resided in Rockland and Gardner, Maine. During his residence at Gardner he served two years in the city council of that place. He came to Wisconsin in 1878, and has with the exception of a brief residence at Neillsville, resided continuously at La Crosse. He served six years upon the county board of La Crosse county, being for two years chairman of the board. He is a member of the board of trustees of Beloit College, president of the State Bank of La Crosse and a stockholder and director in the Gem City Saw Mill company of Quincy, Illinois. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,070 votes, against 1,536 for H. A. Pammel, democrat; 124 votes for John N. Jones, prohibitionist, and 470 for John Marquette, populist; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,291 votes, against 1,650 for R. C. Kuhn, silver democrat and populist, and 65 votes for Dr. H. C. Miller, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Bangor (including village of Bangor), Barre, Burns, Farmington, Greenfield, Hamilton (including West Salem village), Holland, Onalaska, Shelby and Washington, and the city of Onalaska, and the Third, Eighth, Seventeenth and Eighteenth wards of the city of La Crosse.

Population in 1895—21,759.

MARK M. BUTTLES (Rep.), of Onalaska, La Crosse county, was born April 30, 1844, in Chautauqua county, New York, and came to Wisconsin in 1845; was educated in the common schools of La Crosse county; resided in Walworth county from 1845 to 1852; in Rock county from 1852 to 1854; in La Crosse county from 1854 to 1860; was engaged in mining, railroading and cattle raising in the Western territory from 1864 to 1873, returning to La Crosse county in 1873; from 1873 to 1879 he was a dealer in lumber, grain and live stock; from 1882 to 1896 he has been a merchant and stock buyer at Onalaska; was sheriff of La Crosse county in 1880-81; served as a member of the county board in 1888, 1889, 1890, 1895, 1896; enlisted as a private in Company "A," First Wisconsin Cavalry, in 1861, and served two years, until disabled and honorably discharged. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,933 votes, against 1,579 for Frederick Schnell, democrat and populist, and 121 for Cornelius Hoffman, prohibitionist.

LAFAYETTE COUNTY.

Population in 1895—21,488.

GEORGE P. SHEFFER (Rep.), of New Diggings, was born November 19, 1844, in the township of New Diggings, Lafayette county; was educated in the common schools of New Diggings; has always lived in the town of New Diggings; is by occupation a farmer; was a soldier in the late war, serving three years in Co. H, 33d Wis.; has been town treasurer of his town three times, and also member of the town board of supervisors of New Diggings; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,849 votes, against 2,269 votes for Charles Burris, democrat, and 115 votes for Nelson Ladue.

LANGLADE, FOREST AND FLORENCE COUNTIES.

Population in 1895—15,230.

GEORGE W. LATTA (Rep.), of Antigo, Langlade county, was born July 29, 1851, in Bradford, Rock county. He was educated at the Albion academy, and graduated from the law school of the state university in 1874. He practiced law at Shawano until 1881, when he removed to Antigo, where he has since made his home. He was district attorney of Shawano county in 1877-78, and of Langlade county from 1881 to 1885. He was a member of the Langlade county board three years, and city attorney of Antigo one term. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,850 votes, against 1,562 for Peter McGovern, democrat, and carrying both the formerly democratic counties of the district. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,984 votes, against John Byrne, democrat, who received 1,504 votes.

LINCOLN AND TAYLOR COUNTIES.

Population, 1895—23,263.

WILLIAM H. FLETT (Rep.), of Merrill, was born May 10, 1856, in the town of Somers, Kenosha county, Wis.; was educated in common schools and University of Wisconsin; read law one year in office of Quarles & Winslow, at Racine, and graduated from the law department of the Wisconsin University in 1884; resided in Kenosha county until 1884, except while attending or teaching school; located in Merrill in 1885, where he has since resided and practiced law; was city attorney of Merrill in 1888, 1889, 1894, 1895 and 1896; was chairman of Lincoln county republican committee from 1888 to 1892, and of the ninth congressional district republican committee from 1890 to 1894; was an unsuccessful candidate for district attorney of Lincoln county in 1886 and 1890; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,071 votes, against 2,562 votes for Charles F. Groencke, democrat and populist fusion candidate.

MANITOWOC* COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Cato, Centerville, Liberty, Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Meeme, Newton and the city of Manitowoc.

Population in 1895—20,119.

CHARLES W. SWEETING (Rep.), of Clark's Mills, Manitowoc county, was born September 27, 1854, in Syracuse, New York, and received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1878; resided at Plymouth until 1882, since then at Cato, Manitowoc county; started the first successful cheese factory in the western part of the county, and has been manager of several cheese factories since that time; has been engaged in the broker business since 1884, handling butter, cheese and dairy supplies; has been president of the Manitowoc Dairy Board of Trade since 1891; has been a delegate to seventeen county conventions and member of the republican county committee for many years; was elected a delegate to the republican congressional conventions of 1892, 1894 and 1896, and to the state conventions of 1892 and 1894, and was United States census enumerator in 1890; was an unsuccessful candidate for assemblyman in 1894 in a strong democratic district; has been a progressive dairyman and active republican for many years. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,500 votes against 1,679 for Adolph Rodewald, democrat, and 141 for Walter Besant, populist.

Second District. The towns of Cooperstown, Eaton, Franklin, Gibson, Kossuth, Maple Grove, Mishicott, Rockland, Schleswig, Two Creeks, Two Rivers, and the villages of Kiel and Reedsville, and the city of Two Rivers.

Population in 1895—20,683.

FRED C. MAERTZ (Dem.), was born February 29, 1852, in Germany, coming to Wisconsin with his parents in the same year. Settled in Milwaukee, and removed to his present home in 1858. Was educated in the common schools of Manitowoc county, and in the Spencerian business college at Milwaukee. He was a member of the district school board of Reedsville for three years, and was assessor of the town of Maple Grove from 1886 to 1890. Was chairman of Maple Grove in 1891, and has been a supervisor from Reedsville since 1893. He was a lumber manufacturer from 1873 until 1889, since which he has been a general merchant. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,597 votes against 1,523 for Chas. Sweeting, republican, and 81 for J. McCarthy, populist; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,975 votes, against 1,852 for J. R. Currens, republican, and 379 for F. Althew, populist.

MARATHON COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Bergen, Berlin, Brighton, Cassell, Cleveland, Day, Eau Claire, Emmett, Frankfort, Halsey, Hamburg, Holton, Hull, Johnson, Maine, Marathon, McMillan, Mosinee, Rib Falls, Reilbrock, Spencer, Stettin and Wein, and the villages of Marathon City, McMillan and Mosinee, and the east ward of the city of Colby.

Population in 1895—18,174.

HENRY M. THOMPSON (Rep.), of Mosinee, Marathon county, was born December 23, 1861, in Dover, Maine, and was educated in the Milwaukee public schools and Milnor Hall, Gambia, Ohio; came to Wisconsin in 1868; resided in Milwaukee until 1888, and at Mosinee since that time; was clerk in the Wisconsin Marine and Fire Insurance Company Bank from 1882 to 1888, and has been in the lumber business at Mosinee since 1888; was supervisor from Mosinee in 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896 and 1897. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,870 votes against 1,847 for E. C. Fish, democrat.

Second District. The towns of Easton, Eldron, Harrison, Hewitt, Knowlton, Knonenwetter, Norrie, Pike Lake, Plover, Texas, Wausau and Weston, and the city of Wausau.

Population in 1895—18,424.

MARK H. BARNUM (Rep.), of Wausau, Marathon county, was born March 14, 1834, in Syracuse, New York; was educated in the common schools and Janesville Academy, in Onondaga county, New York; came to Wisconsin in 1855, taught school at Rosendale in 1856 and in Springvale in 1857, and moved to Wausau in the spring of 1857; was admitted to the bar in 1858; was elected district attorney of Marathon county the same year; was village clerk in 1863 and district attorney in 1871; served in the war of the rebellion from May 10, 1861, to December 2, 1862; participated in the siege of Yorktown, the battle of Williamsburg and seven days' battles before Richmond, was owner and publisher of the "Torch of Liberty" from August 9, 1877, until 1894, having established the paper in 1877. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,092 votes, against 1,922 for E. J. Anderson, democrat.

MARINETTE COUNTY.

Population in 1895—27,271.

GEORGE W. TAYLOR (Rep.), of Marinette, was born in Wenham, Mass., March 31, 1855, and fitted for college at the high schools of Middletown and Hartford, Conn., but preferred a business life. Has been engaged in the lumber business since 1873. He came to Wisconsin in 1880, settling at Oconto, but removing to Marinette in 1892, where he has since resided. Prior to coming to Wisconsin he resided for fourteen years at Chicago. Mr. Taylor is a lineal descendent of John Alden, of Mayflower fame. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,866 votes, against 2,059 for Amos Holgate, democrat and populist, and 139 for Jacob O. Lindern, prohibition; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 4,098 votes, against 1,991 votes for John E. Wilson, democrat.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

First District. The First, Third and Seventh wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1895—20,871,

CHARLES H. WELCH (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born May 2, 1856, at Lake Village, New Hampshire, and was educated in the public schools at Vineland, New Jersey, and Janesville, Wisconsin; resided at Janesville from 1856 to 1872, and at Milwaukee from 1877 to the present time; is by occupation a law and general stenographer; was official court reporter in the courts of the city of Milwaukee from 1887 to 1892, since which time he has been official court reporter for the First Judicial Circuit, comprising Racine, Kenosha and Walworth counties. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,949 votes, against 2,315 for Charles S. Hart, democratic and populist fusion candidate.

Second District. The Second and Fourth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1895—19,626.

CHARLES POLACHECK (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born April 15, 1857, in Bohemia; was educated in the Milwaukee public schools; came to this country and to Wisconsin in 1858, settling at Milwaukee, where he has since resided; has been in the plumbing business since 1878; is president of the Masters' Plumbers Association of Wisconsin, and vice president of the Interstate League. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,895 votes, against 2,250 for Louis Wiemann, democratic-populist.

Third District. The towns of Franklin, Oak Creek and Lake, and the villages of Cudahy and South Milwaukee, and the Seventeenth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—

BARNEY AUGUSTUS EATON (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born October 29, 1853, in the town of Lake, Milwaukee county, and received a common school and business education in Milwaukee; has resided in Milwaukee county, excepting five years, from 1873 to 1878, when he was a resident of Georgetown, Colorado; is a farmer and small fruit grower by occupation; represented his district in the assembly in 1894; was president of the village of Cudahy in 1895-96; president of the Cudahy high school board of education in 1895, and was an unsuccessful candidate for the chairmanship of the town board of Lake in the spring of 1894; was director of the Town of Lake Fire Insurance Company six

years and served as school director twelve years; is at present vice president and director of the Milwaukee and Waukesha Electric Railway Company. Was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,492 votes, against 1,818 for F. E. Mansfield, populist.

Fourth District. The Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee.
Population in 1895—18,755.

FRANK A. ANSON (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born at Peru, Clinton county, New York, March 8, 1844. He received a common school education. From the age of 13 to 16 he was a sailor on the lakes. He then settled in Montpelier, Vt., where he engaged in clerking in a store. In 1863 he enlisted as a private in Battery "E," 1st Artillery 11th Vermont Reg. Vol. He was promoted to regimental commissary sergeant, thence to regimental quartermaster sergeant, thence to Second Lieutenant, Battery "C," 1st Artillery 11th Vermont Reg. Vol., thence to First Lieut. Battery "A," 1st Artillery of the same regiment; thence to adjutant of the regiment. He was mustered out of service, September 1, 1865. He served during the year 1864 and spring of 1865 in 2d Brigade (Old Vermont Brigade), 2d Division 6th Army Corps, Army of the Potomac, and participated in battles of Spottsylvania, Cold Harbor, Petersburg, June 18th to 20th, Fort Stevens, Petersburg, March 25th, Petersburg, April 2d, and Appomattox (Lee's Surrender), April 9th, 1865. He is a member of E. B. Wolcott Post No. 1, G. A. R., Milwaukee, also of the Commandery of Wisconsin, Military Order of Loyal Legion of the United States, of which he has been senior vice commander. During the years 1866-7 he was engaged in business at Whitehall, Washington county, N. Y. In 1868 he came to Wisconsin, settling in Milwaukee where he has since resided. He is a wholesale grocer. He was elected to the assembly in 1894. Appointed by Gov. Peck as a member of the Legislative Visiting Committee of the charitable and penal institutions of the state. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,141 votes, against 1,466 for Samuel Isaac, democrat and populist.

Fifth District. The Fifth and Twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee.
Population in 1895—21,152.

CHARLES NATHAN FRINK (Pop.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born July 20, 1860, at Rochester, New York, and was educated at South Bend, Indiana, and at Valparaiso (Ind.) Normal school; came to Wisconsin in 1883, and resided at Janesville from 1883 to 1891, since which time he has lived in Milwaukee; was a traveling salesman from 1880 to 1887, and has since been engaged in the insurance business; is president and general manager of the American Casualty Association, with headquarters at Milwaukee. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,621 votes, against 2,447 for T. L. Mitchell, republican, and 39 for Carl Kowalsky, social labor.

Sixth District. The Sixth and Eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee.
Population in 1895—24,581.

CHARLES NISS, JR. (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born June 9, 1861, in Milwaukee, and has always been a resident of the district he represents; was educated in the public schools and commercial college of Milwaukee; is a member and manager of the firm of C. Niss & Sons, established in 1867, dealers in furniture, bicycles, sash, door and blinds. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,778 votes, against 2,653 for J. F. Schindler, democrat and populist.

Seventh District. The towns of Greenfield and Wauwatosa, and the village of Wauwatosa.

Population in 1895—20,057.

EMERSON D. HOYT (Rep.), of Wauwatosa, was born March 7, 1847, at Wauwatosa, and received a common school education. He is a dealer in real estate by occupation. He was a member of the assembly in 1887, 1893 and 1895, and president of the village of Wauwatosa in 1893, 1894 and 1895; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,424 votes, against 1,362 votes for John J. Crawley, democrat.

Eighth District. The Eighth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—15,618.

JOHN FREMONT BURNHAM (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born July 23, 1856, in Milwaukee, and was educated in the public schools of Milwaukee and the College of Notre Dame, Indiana; was sheriff of Waukesha county in 1889, 1890; is senior member of the firm of J. L. Burnham's Sons, brick manufacturers; was an unsuccessful candidate for the assembly in 1884. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,197 votes, against 1,463 for Martin Peldt, democrat and populist, and 29 for Rudolph Wilke, social labor.

Ninth District. The Ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—16,933.

REINHARD KLABUNDE (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born March 14, 1858, in Germany, and received a public school education; came to this country and to Wisconsin in 1867, settling in Milwaukee, where he has since resided; is a merchant by occupation. He represented his district in the assembly in 1894, and was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,778 votes, against 1,561 for Ed. Berner, democrat and populist, and 60 for Otto Meyer, socialistic labor.

Tenth District. The Tenth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—16,052.

ALBERT VOLLER (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born November 17, 1861, in Milwaukee and has always been a resident of that city; received a public school education; is engaged in the insurance, loans and real estate business. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, and re-elected in 1896, receiving 1,871 votes, against 1,354 for Charles F. W. Maas, the fusion candidate, and 54 for Emil Kreutz, socialistic labor.

Eleventh District. The Eleventh ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—18,643.

JULIUS FIEGE (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born July 10, 1861, in the city of Milwaukee, and was educated in the public and parochial schools of Milwaukee, where he has always resided; is a merchant by occupation. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,898 votes, against 1,638 for August Schmidt, the fusion candidate, and 51 for W. Dobrowsky, socialist.

Twelfth District. The Nineteenth and Twentieth wards of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—26,432.

HENRY OTTO REINNOLDT (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born August 23, 1865, at Sheboygan, Wisconsin, and was educated in the Sheboygan public schools and in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy; has been in the drug business since 1881. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,317 votes, against 1,890 for O. W. Bowe, democrat and populist, and 118 for J. Moser, socialistic labor.

Thirteenth District. The Thirteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population, 1895—15,291.

JOHN H. YORKEY (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born October 4, 1856, at Ava, Oneida county, New York, and was educated in private and public schools; came to Wisconsin January 2, 1885; resided at Fredonia from 1885 to 1887, and in Milwaukee from 1887 to the present time; he is a laundryman by occupation, being president of the Northwestern Laundry in Milwaukee; was chairman of the republican county committee of the thirteenth ward of Milwaukee from January, 1892, to 1896. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,667 votes, against 1,393 for James F. Sullivan, fusion candidate, and 56 for Charles Minkley, socialistic labor.

Fourteenth District. The Fourteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—17,145.

AUGUST M. GAWIN (Dem.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born August 27, 1869, in Posen, Germany, and was educated in the Milwaukee public and parochial schools; came with his parents to Milwaukee April 20, 1872, and has resided there ever since; is an artist by profession and is engaged in the art glass business. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,662 votes, against 506 for Andrew Reuter, republican, and 865 for M. S. Cyborowski, populist, and 18 for Carl Bartsch, social labor.

Fifteenth District. The towns of Granville, Milwaukee and the village of Whitefish Bay, and the Twenty-first ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—16,246.

CHARLES A. W. KRAUSS (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born October 24, 1851, in the town of Milwaukee, and was educated in the public schools and Spencerian Business College at Milwaukee, and has always resided in Milwaukee; was clerk in a loan office in Milwaukee from 1870 to 1875; was traveling agent for a Chicago house from 1875 to 1880, and is now engaged in the real estate and loan business; was justice of the peace four years, from 1881 to 1884; supervisor from the town of Milwaukee from 1887 to 1891. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,981 votes, against 1,139 for Fred. Frisch, democrat and populist, and 47 for Carl Schultz, socialistic labor.

MONROE COUNTY.

Population in 1895—26,350.

DAVID F. JONES (Rep.), of Sparta, was born May 11, 1859, in Utica, N. Y.; was educated in the district schools, Sparta schools, Galesville College and Lake

Forest University; came to Wisconsin in 1866, lived at Cambria in 1866 and 1867, at Bangor, La Crosse county, several years, and for the past fifteen years has resided at Sparta; is by profession a lawyer, having been admitted to the bar in 1884, and has since been engaged in the practice of law at Sparta; was district attorney of Monroe county from 1884 to 1890 and from 1892 to 1894, chairman of republican county committee from 1888 to 1894; unsuccessful candidate for senator in the 31st district in 1894; was a delegate from the seventh congressional district to the republican national convention in St. Louis in 1896; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,598 votes, against 2,455 votes for William Hornermiller, democrat, and 14 votes for Loren Howe, populist.

OCONTO COUNTY.

Population in 1895—18,339.

LESLIE C. HARVEY (Rep.), of Oconto, was born October 25, 1869, in Green Leaf, Brown county, Wis.; was educated in the public schools of Wisconsin and Valparaiso (Ind.) College; came to Oconto county with parents at the age of three years and has resided there ever since; taught in the public schools of Oconto county until elected to the office of register of deeds in 1894; served as Columbian Guard for eight months at World's Columbian Exposition, receiving gold medal for efficient service; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,791 votes, against 1,304 votes for William Guthrie, the fusion candidate of the democrats and populists.

ONEIDA, PRICE AND VILAS COUNTIES.

Population in 1895—18,118.

GID H. CLARK (Rep.), of Rhinelander, was born January 28, 1859, at Neillsville, where he received his education; has lived at Neillsville and Rhinelander; is a hardware merchant and lumberman by occupation; he was sheriff of Oneida county in 1889 and 1890 and county treasurer in 1891 and 1892. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,584 votes, against 1,619 for Casper Faust, democrat.

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Center, Dale, Ellington, Grand Chute, Greenville, and the city of Appleton.

Population in 1895—21,710.

BERNARD C. WOLTER (Rep.), of Appleton, Outagamie county, was born February 26, 1852, at Mecklenberg, Germany, and came to this country in 1854; was educated in the common schools of Outagamie county, Island City, Neenah high school, and state University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in the civil engineering department in 1875; was brought up on a farm and taught school winters while attending college; was county clerk of Outagamie county eight years; has been a dealer in agricultural implements from 1887 to the present time. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,618 votes, against 2,055 for Joseph Mayor, democrat, and 88 for W. S. Lamb, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Black Creek, Bovina, Buchanan, Cicero, Deer Creek, Freedom, Hortonia, Kaukauna, Liberty, Maine, Maple Creek, Osborn, Seymour, and the village of Hortonville, and the cities of Kaukauna and Seymour, and the Third ward of the city of New London.

Population in 1895—22,634.

CHARLES CLACK (Rep.), of Freedom, Outagamie county, was born February 18, 1857, in Oxfordshire, England, and was educated in the district schools; came

to Wisconsin with his father in 1867, settling in Burnett, Dodge county, where he resided until 1878, since which time he has been a resident of the town of Freedom, Outagamie county; is a farmer and dairyman by occupation. He was chairman of the town of Freedom for seven years in succession, from 1888 until 1895, and an unsuccessful candidate for chairman in 1896; was elected a trustee of the Outagamie county asylum for chronic insane for three years, from 1895 to 1898; was treasurer of the school district from 1879 until 1896, which office he resigned to accept the office of district clerk. Was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,730 votes, against 2,082 for William Lamure, democrat, and 64 for Christ. A. Anderson, prohibitionist.

OZAUKEE COUNTY.

Population in 1895—16,545.

HERMAN SCHELLENBERG (Dem.), of Horn's Corners, was born August 18, 1842, in Saxe Altenberg, Germany, coming to the United States in 1855. He was educated in the public schools of Germany. He was first employed for three years in a toy store in New York city, but came to Wisconsin in 1859 and worked as a blacksmith's apprentice until in 1861 he went to the Superior copper region, where he worked in the mines until 1865. He then operated a farm in Trenton, Washington county, until 1872, and then operated a general store in Horn's Corners, which he still conducts, together with a cheese factory, since established. He was a supervisor of Trenton in 1866 and 1867, of the town of Cedarburg, Ozaukee county, in 1872 and 1873, and chairman of said town in 1874 and 1875; has been town clerk since 1885, justice of the peace for twenty years, and postmaster of Horn's Corners post office since its establishment in 1875. He has for six years been secretary of the Cedarburg Driving Association. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,417 votes, against 743 for D. E. McGinley, republican, and 656 for Louis C. Kleker, independent democrat, being a majority over both of 18 votes; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,835 votes, against 1,505 for William H. Rintelmann, republican, and 212 for F. X. Kloety, populist.

PIERCE COUNTY.

Population in 1895—23,040.

GEORGE E. PRATT (Rep.), of River Falls, was born March 8, 1843, at Braintree, Vermont; was educated in the common schools of River Falls; came to Wisconsin in 1854; has been engaged in the meat business 25 years; has been city treasurer of the city of River Falls and member of the county board of supervisors of Pierce county; has lived in River Falls since he was eleven years of age; enlisted in the 64th Ill. Regt. in 1863 and served till the close of the war in the western army under Gen. Sherman; he was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,713 votes, against 1,396 for Frank Alexander, democrat, and 177 for Loyal B. Walker, prohibitionist.

PORTAGE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Carson, Eau Pleine, Hull, Sharon, and the city of Stevens Point.

Population in 1895—14,442.

PATRICK HENRY CASHIN (Dem.), of Stevens Point, Portage county, was born April 4, 1851, in the town of Granville, Milwaukee county, and was educated in the district school of Granville; resided in Granville from birth until 1877, and at Stevens Point from 1882 to the present time; was a carpenter and

contractor until 1877, then engaged in the barber and city express business until 1882, when he embarked in the barber and liquor business, from which he retired November 30, 1896; was alderman from 1886 to 1892, president of the Stevens Point city council in 1892, and was nominated for mayor in 1892, and alderman in 1896, but was defeated. Was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,914 votes, against 1,378 for A. R. Week, republican.

Second District. The towns of Alban, Almond, Amherst, Belmont, Buena Vista, Grant, Lanark, Linwood, New Hope, Pine Grove, Plover, Stevens Point and Stockton.

Population in 1895—14,089.

PETER N. PETERSON (Rep.), of Amherst, Portage county, was born May 1, 1850, at Arendahl, Norway, and came to this county and to Wisconsin in 1856. He was educated in the Milwaukee public schools, the German and English Academy, and the Lutheran College at Marshall, Dane county; resided in Milwaukee from 1856 until 1872, and in Amherst from 1872 to the present time; sailed on the lake from 1865 until 1872, clerking in a store during the winter; was engaged in the mercantile business from 1873 to 1884, and in the produce and implement business from 1885 to 1896; was town treasurer of Amherst from 1875 until 1878, re-elected in 1880 and 1896; has held the office in all about fifteen years. Was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,142 votes, against 951 for John Een, democrat.

RACINE COUNTY.

First District. The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the City of Racine.

Population in 1895—21,463.

WILLIAM T. LEWIS (Rep.), of Racine, was born March 10, 1840, in Utica, Oneida county, N. Y.; was educated in Utica; came to Wisconsin in October, 1855, settling at Racine, which has since been his place of residence; is a telegraph operator and served as military operator in 1864 at Etowah and Cartersville, Ga., until Sherman marched to the sea. In 1864 he formed a co-partnership with Mr. Mitchell, which corporation at present is styled the Mitchell & Lewis Co., manufacturers of vehicles. He was a delegate to the national republican convention in Minneapolis in 1892; was president of the Baptist state convention in 1891-2; was nominated for state senator in 1884, but was defeated by the landslide that carried others also along into the gulf; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,049 votes, against 2,222 for Andreas Hanson, democrat, and 73 for William R. Taylor, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond, Rochester, Waterford, Yorkville, Union Grove and the Seventh ward of the city of Racine.

Population in 1895—19,647.

THOMAS H. MOSHER (Rep.), was born February 17, 1834, at Saratoga Springs, N. Y.; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1841 and settled in what was then Milwaukee county. At the age of 16 he began life in the pine woods of northern Wisconsin, where he earned sufficient money to give himself the best common school and business college education the country then afforded. He then went south, entering the employ of the Louisiana Stock Co., with which concern he remained for three years, traveling through all the southern states, Mexico and the West India Islands. He then commenced merchandising in Louisiana on

his own account, but upon the breaking out of the war, he left there and came back to Wisconsin in 1860. He offered the recruiting officer \$200 to permit him to enlist in the army, but was refused owing to having lost part of one hand. He entered the government employ, however, serving in the quartermaster's department until near the close of the war, when he started an extensive mercantile establishment at Montgomery, Ala. Disposing of his interests there in 1866, he came home and purchased a large farm near Milwaukee; he entered mercantile life again at Kneeland, which has been his home ever since, merchandising and farming being his occupations. For many years he was one of the most extensive dairymen in the state. For more than thirty years he has been very prominent in the politics of Racine county, taking an active part in all campaigns, but always refusing office himself until 1896, when he was elected to represent the second assembly district of Racine county (a democratic district) by a majority of 648 votes, receiving 2,606 votes, against 1,920 for Batty Gleason, democrat, and 157 for John Rhodes, prohibitionist.

RICHLAND COUNTY.

Population in 1895—19,619.

WILLIAM M. FOGO (Rep.), of Richland Center, was born June 13, 1841, in Columbiana county, Ohio; was educated in the common schools of Ohio and Wisconsin; came to Wisconsin with his parents in the year 1853, settling in the town of Marshall, Richland county; has been editor and publisher of the *Republican Observer*, of Richland Center, since 1873; he enlisted in Co. F, 2d Wis. Vol. Cavalry, December 10, 1861, serving one year; re-entered the army in 1864 as sergeant major of the 42d Wis. Vol. Infantry and served until mustered out at the close of the war; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,540 votes, against 2,133 for F. O. Smith, democrat and populist, and 158 for John Maly, prohibitionist.

ROCK COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Janesville, La Prairie and Rock, and the city of Janesville.

Population in 1895—16,084.

WILLIAM G. WHEELER (Rep.), of Janesville, Rock county, was born November 11, 1861, in the town of La Prairie, Rock county, Wisconsin, and was educated in the district and high schools of Rock county, graduating from the Janesville high school April 22, 1881; in December, 1881, he entered the law office of Winans and Fethers as a student and read law until August 24, 1884, when he was admitted to the bar; has always resided at Janesville, from September 24, 1884, to June 6, 1885, he was deputy clerk of the circuit court of Rock county; was clerk of the circuit court from June 6, 1885, to January, 1887, since which time he has practiced law in Janesville; was district attorney of Rock county from January, 1891, to January, 1895. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,235 votes, against 1,499 for John Winans, democrat.

Second District. The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Johnstown, Lima, Magnolia, Milton, Porter and Union and the village of Evansville, and the city of Edgerton.

Population in 1895—16,233.

ABNER S. FLAGG (Rep.), of Edgerton, was born Dec. 13, 1851, at Princeton, New Jersey. He was educated in the public school at Lancaster, Wis. He came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1855, and settled at Lancaster, and con-

tinued to reside there until 1874, when he went to Yankton, Dakota. He remained there until 1879, and then moved to Wisconsin, and settled at Edgerton, and is engaged in the leaf tobacco business. He was mayor of Edgerton for two years, and a member of the county board of supervisors of Rock county for three years, and was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,48 votes over D. E. Thorpe, the democratic candidate, who received 1,182 votes.

Third District. The towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth, Springvalley, Turtle, and the village of Clinton, and the city of Beloit.

Population in 1895—16,092.

CHARLES W. MERRIMAN (Rep.), of Beloit, Rock county, was born June 19, 1856, in Beloit, Rock county, Wisconsin, and was educated in the public and high school of Beloit, graduating from the latter institution in 1874; also graduated from the classical course of Beloit College in 1878, receiving the degree of M. A. in 1879; graduated from the Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago in 1889; was principal of the Danville Academy at Danville, Quebec, during the year 1878-79, and was principal of the high school at Evansville, Wisconsin, from 1879 to 1885; from 1885 to 1887 he was principal of the high school at Beloit; from 1889 to 1890 he practiced medicine at Wabash, Indiana; has been engaged in the practice of medicine at Beloit from 1890 to the present time. In 1890 he was elected city superintendent of the public schools of Beloit, which position he still holds; from 1891 to 1894 he served in the common council as alderman from the second ward; has been health officer of Beloit from 1894 to the present time. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,157 votes, against 928 for Charles Jones, democrat and populist, 3 for Halvor Cleophas and 2 for John Winans.

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

Population in 1895—25,870.

HANS BORCHSENIUS (Rep.), of Baldwin, was born September 19, 1832, at Nestved, Denmark; was educated in the Nestved high school and academy; came to this country July 15, 1856, and to Wisconsin on August 15 of the same year; lived in Madison from 1856 to April 17, 1877, and since that time in Baldwin, St. Croix county; from 1856 to 1860 his occupation was that of a printer, editor and publisher; from 1860 to 1863, soldier; from January, 1863, to January, 1869, clerk of land office; from 1869 to 1873, county clerk of Dane county; from 1874 to 1875, proprietor of Capitol House, Madison; in 1873, U. S. gauger; was admitted to the bar of Dane county in 1876, and has since conducted a real estate and law business at Baldwin; was editor and publisher of the North Star at Madison in 1858-59, and of the Wisconsin Banner in 1872; was state agent on Chippewa and Menomonic rivers from January, 1874, to June 1, 1878; president of the village of Baldwin three years; member of county board of supervisors of St. Croix county two years; from October, 1891, to May 20, 1893, was chief of the internal revenue office in the treasury department at Washington, D. C.; he was elected to the assembly from St. Croix county in 1896, receiving 3,315 votes, against 2,627 for William C. Bradley, democrat and populist, and 149 for Elisha G. Partridge, prohibitionist.

SAUK COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Baraboo, Delton, Dellona, Excelsior, Fairfield, Freedom, Greenfield, Merrimac, Prairie du Sac, Sumpter and the villages of Ableman, North Freedom, Prairie du Sac, and Sauk City, and the city of Baraboo.

Population in 1895—16,523.

JOHN M. TRUE (Rep.), of Baraboo, was born in Moultonboro, Carroll county, N. H., in 1838; received an academic education at New Hampton, N. H., and for

several years taught in the schools of New York, Massachusetts and Maine; came to Wisconsin in 1866, settling upon a farm in Greenfield, Sauk county; engaged in farming and teaching, at the same time serving as town clerk or supervisor until 1874, when he was elected register of deeds of Sauk county, a position he held for six years. In the meantime, he moved to the city of Baraboo, purchased a farm in the suburbs and engaged in the raising of fine stock; he has been eight years assessor of the city of Baraboo, six years supervisor of his ward, and is serving his second year as chairman of the county board of supervisors; has been for over twenty years officially connected with the Sauk County Agricultural society, and was four years secretary of the State Agricultural society; it was during his term of service that the present State Fair grounds were purchased and fitted up. He was regent of the State University from 1889 to 1892, being chairman of farm committee and a member of the executive committee during that time; is a member of the Baraboo board of education, a position he has held continuously for fifteen years; has been actively engaged in Farm Institute work almost from its inception, most of the time acting as a conductor; was for several years chairman of the republican county committee of Sauk county; he was elected to the assembly to represent the first district of Sauk county in 1896, receiving 2,540 votes, against 1,009 votes for James S. Weaver, democrat, and 183 votes for Richard B. Griggs, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Bear Creek, Franklin, Honey Creek, Ironton, La Valle, Reedsburg, Spring Green (including village of Spring Green, Troy, Washington, Westfield, Winfield, Woodland, and the village of La Valle and the city of Reedsburg).

Population in 1895—16,396.

JOHN E. MORGAN (Rep.), of Spring Green, Sauk county, was born June 14, 1847, at Coalport, Meigs county, Ohio; was educated in the public schools of Spring Green and Spring Green Academy; came to Wisconsin in the spring of 1854, residing twenty-four years in the township of Spring Green and eighteen years in Spring Green village; taught school winters and farmed summers from 1867 to 1874; was a farmer from 1874 to 1878, since which time he has been engaged in shipping hogs, cattle and sheep to Milwaukee and Chicago; was deputy sheriff from 1887 to 1892; president of the board of education from 1890 to the present time. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,048 votes, against 1,582 for Henry W. Sorge, democrat.

SHAWANO COUNTY.

Population in 1895—22,573.

OTTO A. RISUM (Rep.), of Pulcifer, was born February 23, 1835, in Christiana, Norway; was educated in the Christiana high school; came to this country July 3, 1855, landing in Boston, Mass.; came to Wisconsin in November, 1856; resided at Spring Valley, Rock county, from November, 1856, to October 13, 1861, and from February 15, 1865, to May 1, 1873; since that time he has resided at Pulcifer; was a farmer from November, 1856, to October, 1861; soldier from October, 1861, to February 13, 1865; farmer from close of war until May, 1870, and merchant from May, 1870, to March, 1896; was chairman of the town board of Green Valley from 1873 to 1876; delegate to the state and congressional republican conventions three times; was an unsuccessful candidate for member of assembly on the republican ticket in 1882; enlisted in the 15th Regt. Wis. Vols. on October 13, 1861, and was promoted to lieutenant and adjutant September 24, 1864, and was honorably discharged at Chattanooga, February 13, 1865; is a member of the Loyal Legion and Grand Army of the Republic; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,995 votes, against 1,503 for Otto O. Wiegand, democrat, and 144 for Charles A. Horgert, populist.

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

First District. The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Eighth wards of the city of Sheboygan.

Population in 1895—16,647.

CHRISTIAN ACKERMAN (Rep.), of Sheboygan, was born in the city of Ottendorf, Hanover, Germany, September 4, 1850. He received his education in the common schools of his native city and came to Chicago in 1869. He located in Sheboygan in 1874, and has since resided there. By occupation he is a mason contractor and manufacturer of brick. He was a member of the board of supervisors in his county from 1884 to 1888, and was one of the incorporators of the Sheboygan mutual building and loan association, and has been one of its directors since 1885. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,412 votes, against 1,216 for H. Mueller, democrat, and 589 for Wm. Schultz, populist; he was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,192 votes, against 1,124 for Charles Dean, democrat and populist.

Second District. The towns of Holland, Herman, Mosel, Sheboygan, Sheboygan Falls and Wilson, and the village of Sheboygan Falls, and the Sixth and Seventh wards of the city of Sheboygan.

Population in 1895—16,089.

WILLIAM F. SIEKER (Rep.), of Franklin postoffice, town of Herman, Sheboygan county, was born January 28, 1849, in Lippe, Detwold, Germany, and was educated in the private and public schools; came to this country and to Wisconsin in 1849; has since resided in the town of Herman, Sheboygan county; is a farmer by occupation; was town clerk of Herman in 1879, and chairman of the town board from 1887 to 1896. Was elected to the assembly in 1894, and re-elected in 1896, receiving 2,049 votes, against 1,235 for Frank Wedel, democrat and populist.

Third District. The towns of Greenbush (including village of Greenbush), Lima, Lyndon, Mitchell, Plymouth, Rhine, Russell, Scott and Sherman, and the village of Elkhart Lake, and the city of Plymouth.

Population in 1895—15,660.

GEORGE W. WOLFF (Rep.), of Rhine, was born on the farm where he now lives in the year 1848. He received a common school education, and has always been a farmer. Has been for several years chairman of his town and of the county board, and was elected to the assembly in 1894, and re-elected in 1896, receiving 2,291 votes, against 1,314 for Henry W. Fischer.

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.

Population in 1895—21,963.

JOSEPH BARNES BEACH (Rep.), of Whitehall, was born May 12, 1853, in Charlotte, Chittenden county, Vermont; was educated in the common schools; came to Wisconsin with his parents in the spring of 1866; he resided on a farm until nearly 21 years of age, when he entered the office of the Galesville Jour-

nal and learned the printer's trade; in 1873 he established the Galesville Independent under the auspices of the Galesville Printing Association; he conducted that journal one year, then went to La Crosse and started the North La Crosse Star, remaining as one of the proprietors of that paper about two years; he became interested in the Whitehall Times in December, 1880, and has been sole editor and proprietor thereof since 1885; has been chairman of the republican county committee of Trempealeau county continuously since 1884, which position he still holds; he was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,322 votes against 1,408 for Albert J. Bautch, democrat and populist.

VERNON COUNTY.

Population in 1895—27,035.

EMILUS S. GOODELL (Rep.), of Viroqua, was born May 3, 1848, in Oswego county, N. Y.; was educated in the common schools of Wisconsin; came to Wisconsin in April, 1851; resided four years in Green Lake county and forty-one years in Vernon county; is a liveryman by occupation; has been sheriff, supervisor and chairman of the county board of Vernon county for the past four years; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 4,264 votes, against 1,761 for Chris. Ellefson, fusion candidate; 1 vote for E. W. Shreve and 1 vote for E. V. Wernick.

WALWORTH COUNTY.

First District. The towns of East Troy, Lafayette, La Grange, Lyons, Spring Prairie, Sugar Creek, Troy and Whitewater, and the village of Elkhorn, and the city of Whitewater.

Population in 1895—14,338.

WILLIAM HENRY HURLBUT (Rep.), of Elkhorn, Walworth county, was born January 8, 1837, at Venice, in Cayuga county, New York. Was educated at Groton Academy, Groton, New York, and at Cortland Academy, Homer, New York; graduated from the Eclectic Medical Institute at Cincinnati, Ohio, in February, 1868. Came to Wisconsin in 1856, settling at Clinton, Rock county, where he resided until 1865; lived at Beloit from January, 1865, until April, 1867; at Elkhorn, Walworth county, since July, 1870; was engaged in teaching school and farming until January, 1865; in the grocery business while in Beloit, and in the practice of medicine since March, 1868. He was supervisor from Elkhorn in 1879; United States Examining Surgeon for pensions since 1877, and attending physician at the Walworth County Insane Asylum since 1883. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,510 votes, against 884 for David W. Agnew, democrat, 157 for William B. Ellis, prohibitionist, and 90 for George Chaffee, populist.

Second District. The towns of Bloomfield, Darien (including Darien village), Delavan (including Delavan village), Geneva, Linn, Richmond, Sharon (including Sharon village), Walworth, and the city of Lake Geneva.

Population, 1895—14,824.

LEONARD C. CHURCH (Rep.), of Walworth, Walworth county, was born January 31, 1846, in Walworth, Walworth county; was educated in the district schools and at Allen's Grove Academy; is by occupation a farmer and dairyman, and also a breeder of Jersey cattle; has always lived in Walworth county, with the exception of three years spent in Chicago in the commission business; he enlisted in the Third Wisconsin Cavalry, Company "L," October 21, 1861, and

was mustered out in February, 1865; was elected county treasurer on the republican ticket in 1886, and re-elected in 1889-90, serving three terms; was appointed one of the Soldiers' Relief Commission in 1890, and re-appointed in 1893, serving as secretary of the commission; has been a member of the republican county committee for the past six years. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,788 votes against 866 for Augustus P. Deignan, democrat, 169 for William C. Deane, prohibitionist, and 60 for Peter J. Miserez, populist.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Population in 1895—24,077.

WILLIAM H. FROELICH (Rep.), of Jackson, was born at Jackson, his present home, June 22, 1857. He was educated in the public, private and parochial schools of the town of Jackson, and graduated at the Spencerian Business College at Milwaukee. He was employed as a clerk at Milwaukee from 1874 to 1877, as assistant bookkeeper for T. A. Chapman Company from 1878 to 1880, and has been a dealer in general merchandise and grain at Jackson since June 1, 1880. He was postmaster at Jackson from 1881 to 1893, has been justice of the peace since 1887, member of the school board since 1891, and was elected town clerk in 1893, and re-elected in 1894, 1895 and 1896, without opposition. He was nominated for the assembly in 1892, but was defeated by the democratic candidate; but was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,310 votes, against 2,200 for Herman Karten, democrat; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,845 votes, against 2,463 votes for George W. Jones, democrat.

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Brookfield, Eagle, Mukwonago, Muskego, New Berlin, Ottawa, Vernon, Waukesha, and the city of Waukesha.

Population in 1895—18,215.

DELBERT K. SMITH (Rep.), of Big Bend, was born at Big Bend, November 15, 1862. He was educated in the district schools, at Rochester seminary, and at the state university. He is and has been a farmer since his graduation. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,207 votes, against 1,528 for Frederick Classen, democrat, 101 for Hazlett, prohibition, and 74 for Babcock, populist; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,697 votes, against 1,685 for Math. J. Regan, democrat, and 84 votes for W. H. Stockman, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Delafield (including Delafield village), Genesee, Lisbon, Menomonee (including Menomonee Falls village), Merton, Oconomowoc, Pewaukee (including Pewaukee village), Summit and the city of Oconomowoc.

Population in 1895—18,347.

OMER L. ROSENKRANS (Rep.), of Oconomowoc, Waukesha county, was born April 16, 1843, at Cohocton, New York, and was educated in the common schools, the Columbus high school and Rogersville academy; came to Wisconsin in 1857; resided at Columbus from 1857 to 1867; at Berlin, from 1867 to 1869; at Milwaukee, from 1869 to 1873, and at Oconomowoc since that time; is a merchant, mechanic and farmer by occupation; has done considerable writing for the press and has taken an active interest in the good roads movement in Wisconsin; represented his district in the assembly in 1891, and was an unsuccessful candidate for the assembly in 1892. Was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,671 votes, against 1,583 for Edw. M. Solverson, and 81 for C. J. Will

WAUPACA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Caledonia, Dayton, Farmington, Fremont, Lind, Little Wolf (including Hartland village), Royalton, Scandinavia, St. Lawrence, Waupaca, Weyauwega, and the villages of Fremont, Scandinavia, Manawa, Weyauwega, and the city of Waupaca.

Population in 1895—16,222.

OLE C. SETHER (Rep.), was born March 10, 1848, in the town of Merton, Waukesha county. He moved to Waupaca county in 1853, at the age of five years, and has ever since been a resident of the county he represents. He was educated in the common schools of Waupaca county. He is a farmer by occupation and also deals in timber lands. He was elected sheriff of Waupaca county in 1886 and served two years. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,077 votes, against H. Lindow, democrat, who received 730 votes, and S. A. Bannington, prohibitionist, who received 123 votes.

Second District. The towns of Bear Creek, Dupont, Harrison, Helvetia, Iola (including Iola village), Larrabee, Lebanon, Matteson, Mukwa, Union and Wyoming, and the city of Clintonville, and the First, Second, Fourth and Fifth wards of the city of New London.

Population in 1895—14,571.

ANDREW JENSEN (Rep.), of Ogdensburg, Waupaca county, was born June 2, 1852, near the city of Copenhagen, Denmark; was educated in the common schools of Denmark and Ogdensburg, Wisconsin; came to this country with his parents in 1867, locating at Neenah in this state; lived at Ogdensburg from November, 1867, until 1884, when he moved to a farm in the township of Helvetia, his present home; began the business of lumbering in 1871, and is a lumberman and farmer by occupation; has held various town and school offices. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,322 votes, against 791 for G. Sullivan, democrat.

WAUSHARA COUNTY.

Population in 1895—15,355.

WILLIAM HUGHES (Rep.), of Aurora, was born August 11, 1841, in the county of Radner, Wales, and was educated in the common schools of that county; he came to this country and to Wisconsin in May, 1869, and has resided in the town of Aurora, Waushara county, ever since; is a farmer by occupation; served as chairman of the town board of his town from 1889 to 1895; was elected chairman of the county board in 1892 and re-elected in 1893; is a stockholder in and treasurer of the Waushara Dairymen's Association, and has taken an active interest in dairy and agricultural progress in his county. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,207 votes, against 442 for John Morrisey, democrat, and 107 for J. L. Evans, prohibitionist.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

First District. The town of Oshkosh, and the First, Second, Fourth, Fifth, Seventh, Eighth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth wards of the city of Oshkosh.

Population in 1895—19,372.

GEORGE A. BUCKSTAFF (Rep.), was born at Oshkosh, December 22, 1861. He prepared for college in the public schools of Oshkosh, and attended the Wisconsin State University in the civic-historical course from 1882 to 1885. He graduated from Columbia Law school and from the University of Wisconsin Law school in 1886. Upon his admission to the bar in 1886, he entered the Buck-

staff-Edwards Company, manufacturers of caskets and chairs at Oshkosh, and has ever since been manager of the chair department and secretary of the company. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, from the 3d district, receiving 2,749 votes over Leo L. Larrabee, democrat, who received 1,036 and Nick Becker, populist, who received 252. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, from the 1st district, receiving 2,487 votes, against 2,042 for D. W. Fernandez, democrat. He was elected speaker of the assembly, session of 1897, receiving 91 out of 100 votes cast.

Second District. The towns of Clayton, Menasha, Neenah, Vinland, Winchester, Winneconne and Wolf River, and the village of Winneconne, and the cities of Menasha and Neenah.

Population in 1895—19,372.

SILAS BULLARD (Rep.), of Menasha, was born December 9, 1841, at Greenfield, Franklin county, Massachusetts. He attended the common schools in Massachusetts, Power's institute, Bernardstown, Massachusetts and Bridgeton academy at Bridgeton, Maine; working on a farm to earn his way through school. He came to Wisconsin August 4, 1871, settling at Menasha, where he has ever since resided. In 1873 and 1874, he was part owner of the Menasha Press. He studied law at Portland, Maine, and was admitted to the bar in 1867. He was superintendent of the Menasha schools for six years; mayor of Menasha in 1881-2, county supervisor for seven years; city attorney 1882-3, and since 1893. Was district attorney from January 1, 1885, to January 1, 1889, and has held various other offices. He is a lawyer, banker and manufacturer, being secretary and treasurer of the Paul Paper company and vice-president of the First National bank of Menasha. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,821 votes, against 1,415 for M. M. Schoetz, democrat, and 309 for Sam'l Neff, populist; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,250 votes, against 1,885 for Jens P. Jaspersen, democrat and populist.

Third District. The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Nepeuskun, Omro (including village of Omro), Poygan, Rushford and Utica, and the Third, Sixth, Ninth and Thirteenth wards of the city of Oshkosh.

Population in 1895—18,883.

FRANK TYLER TUCKER (Rep.), of Omro, in said county, was born in Macon, Lenawee county, Michigan, June 11, 1864; came to Omro, Wisconsin, in 1869; is the son of Dr. E. L. Tucker, lieutenant of Fourth Michigan cavalry, who was killed at Chattanooga, and of Mary F. Tucker, the well-known authoress; received a common and high school education and then attended the Northern Indiana Normal School, from which he graduated in 1886; for one year he was principal of schools at Winneconne and for four years was principal of the high school at Omro; was admitted to the bar in 1888, and intends to make law his profession, was elected to the assembly in 1892 and again in 1896, receiving at the last election 2,810 votes, against 1,587 for his opponent, Geo. C. Cornish, democrat.

WOOD COUNTY.

Population in 1895—21,637.

HERMAN C. WIPPERMAN (Rep.), of Grand Rapids, was born in the town of Mosel, Sheboygan county, July 28, 1853. He received a common school education; is a lawyer by profession, having graduated from the law department of the state university with the class of 1889. In 1873 he removed from Mosel to Chilton, in Calumet county, where he remained until 1891, when he located at Grand Rapids. Aside from minor town offices to which he was chosen, he was city attorney of Grand Rapids from 1893 to 1894; was nominated by the republicans of Calumet county for district attorney in 1890, but failed of election. He was a member of the assembly in 1895, and was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,657 votes, against 2,014 for James K. P. Hiles, democrat, and 1 for E. C. Yant, prohibitionist.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

WALTER L. HOUSER, of Mondovi, Buffalo county, chief clerk of the senate, was born May 6, 1855, at Tidioute, Pennsylvania, and came to Wisconsin in 1865. He received a common school and academic education. He first settled in Pierce county where he resided until 1870, when he removed to Pepin county, where he remained until 1874, when he returned to Pierce county for a short time. Since 1875 he has resided in Mondovi. He is editor of the Mondovi Herald. Has been justice of the peace, municipal judge for five years, and mayor. At the session of the legislature of 1895, he was chosen chief clerk of the senate, having been nominated by acclamation in the republican caucus; he was re-elected chief clerk in 1897, receiving 30 of the 31 votes cast.

CHARLES A. PETTIBONE, Oconomowoc, Waukesha county, Wisconsin, sergeant-at-arms of the senate, was born in the town of Hartsville, Steuben county, New York, May 26, 1841; received a common school and partial collegiate education at Wayland and Lawrence universities; is by profession an editor; came to Wisconsin in 1850 and settled in the town of Beaver Dam, Dodge county; published the New London News at New London, in 1874, and The Telephone, at Mayville, in 1877, and is at present editor and proprietor of the Oconomowoc Republican; enlisted August 15, 1861, in Company C, First Wisconsin cavalry; served as a private, second lieutenant and captain, acted as A. A. Q. M. of brigade and first division cavalry department of Cumberland; took part in most of the engagements in which the regiment participated; was mustered out of service March 7, 1865; was elected state senator for the thirteenth district in 1886, for four years. Was chairman of the committee on Printing in the 33th session. In 1895 and 1897 he was chosen sergeant-at-arms of the senate by acclamation, receiving the nomination in the republican caucuses by acclamation.

OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

WINSLOW A. NOWELL, chief clerk of the assembly, of Milwaukee, was born at Portsmouth, N. H., Jan. 31, 1840. He received a common school and academic education. Was in business employment as bookkeeper and cashier in the city of New York from 1856 until 1863, removing to Milwaukee during the latter year and engaging in mercantile business, and subsequently in paper manufacturing. His present occupation is that of a journalist. He was an alderman in 1872, commissioner of public works from 1873 to 1876, deputy United States marshal from 1878 to 1880, and postmaster at Milwaukee, by appointment of President Harrison, from Oct. 1, 1889, to Dec. 31, 1893. From 1885 to 1889 he was secretary of the Republican State Central committee. He was chief clerk of the session of 1877, and was again elected to that position in 1895 and re-elected in 1897.

CHARLES M. HAMBRIGHT (Rep.), of Racine, sergeant-at-arms of the assembly, was born in Racine county, July 7, 1845, and received his education in the public schools. He resided in Dodge county from 1849 to 1867, and for three years in the seventies, but with those exceptions, has spent his entire life in Racine. He has for a number of years been traveling for the Racine woolen mills, and is a stockholder and secretary of that company. He enlisted for one year in March, 1865, and was discharged in the following June. He was an alderman of Beaver Dam in 1876 and 1877, and was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,119 votes against 1,185 for Peter Galloway, democrat, 1,288 for Andrew Hanson, populist, and 113 for J. B. Corse, prohibition. He was elected sergeant-at-arms of the assembly at the present session, receiving 90 out of a total of 99 votes cast.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

JOHN B. CASSODAY, chief justice, was born in Herkimer county, New York, July 7, 1830; removed with his widowed mother to Tioga county, Pennsylvania, three years later. His early studies were pursued in the common schools, at the academies in Wellsboro and Knoxville, Pennsylvania, and two years at the Alfred academy, where he graduated. He spent one year at the Michigan University and then attended the Albany law school; afterwards reading in a law office in Wellsboro, Pennsylvania. In July, 1857, he settled in Janesville, Wisconsin, and continued actively in practice until called to the supreme bench; was member of the assembly in 1865, and again in 1877, when he was elected speaker of that body. In 1880, November 11, he was appointed by Governor William E. Smith, as associate justice of the supreme court, a vacancy having been caused by the promotion of Associate Justice Cole to the chief justiceship to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chief Justice Edward G. Ryan. He was elected associate justice in April, 1881, and again in April, 1889, and is a professor in the College of Law, University of Wisconsin, lecturing on constitutional law. He is the author of "Cassoday on Wills," a law text book published in 1893. He became chief justice upon the death of Chief Justice Orton in July, 1895, by virtue of his seniority in service.

JOHN B. WINSLOW was born October 4, 1851, at Nunda, Livingston county, New York. He graduated at Racine college, Wisconsin, in 1871, and entered upon the study of the law in the law office of E. O. Hand, and later in the law office of Fuller & Dyer. He finished his course of reading at the law department of the University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in 1875, and entered upon the practice at Racine. He was for several years city attorney of Racine. In April, 1883, he was elected circuit judge of the first judicial circuit, and entered upon judicial duties in January, 1884, serving in that capacity, being re-elected, until May 4, 1891, when he was appointed associate justice of the supreme court, in place of Hon. David Taylor, deceased. In April, 1892, he was elected to fill the residue of Judge Taylor's term; in April, 1895, he was elected for a full term; the residue of Judge Taylor's term; in April, 1895, he was re-elected for a full term; in 1889 he was special lecturer on criminal practice in the College of Law in the University of Wisconsin.

SILAS U. PINNEY was born in Rockdale, Crawford county, Penn., March 3, 1833. In 1846 his father moved with his family to Dane county, Wisconsin, settling in what is now the town of Windsor. The country was then new and sparsely settled. He attended the common schools and received the benefit of some private instruction. At the age of seventeen years he taught district school, and while working on a farm he began reading text-books of law. In 1853 he entered the law office of Vilas & Remington, in Madison, as a student. In February, 1854, he was admitted to the bar, and was actively engaged in the practice until his entry upon judicial labors in 1892. In 1858 he was attorney for the city of Madison; in 1865 member of the city council; in 1869 he was the democratic candidate for attorney general; in 1874 he was mayor of Madison; re-elected mayor in 1875 without opposition, and was elected member of the assembly the same year. He prepared the 16th volume of Wisconsin Reports in 1865; in 1870 he was appointed special reporter of the supreme court to report for publication the decisions of the territorial supreme court. He was elected justice of the supreme court in April, 1891, and entered upon his duties January 5, 1892; for several years, while in practice, he was lecturer in the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin.



Alfred W. Newman.



John B. Cassoday
Chief Justice.



John U. Pinyan.



John D. Winslow.



Roger D. Marshall.

WISCONSIN SUPREME COURT.

ALFRED W. NEWMAN, associate justice, was born April 5, 1834, at Durham, Greene county, New York, and graduated from Hamilton college at Clinton, Oneida county, New York, with the class of 1857. He came to Wisconsin the following year, and after a brief residence at Ahnapee, Kewaunee county, removed to Trempealeau, Trempealeau county, where he resided until he was elected associate justice. He was county judge of Trempealeau county from 1860 to 1867, district attorney from 1867 to 1876, excepting during the years 1871 and 1872, was a member of the assembly in 1863, state senator in 1868 and 1869, and was circuit judge of the sixth circuit from June, 1876, to October, 1893. He was elected associate justice of the supreme court to succeed Hon. William P. Lyon, in April, 1893, receiving 123,476 votes, against 73,803 for Charles M. Webb.

ROUJET D. MARSHALL was born December 27, 1847, in Nashau, N. H.; was educated principally at the Delton Academy, Baraboo Collegiate Institute and Lawrence University. The Marshalls came to this country from England in 1650 and settled at Boston. The subject of this sketch came to Wisconsin in 1854; resided at Delton, Sauk county, until 1872, and since that time at Chippewa Falls; commenced the study of law at the age of 17, which he continued with his school work till he was 24, since which time he has been actively engaged in the profession; was county judge of Chippewa county from 1875 to 1883; member of the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin from 1884 to 1889; elected circuit judge of the eleventh circuit in April, 1888, and re-elected in April, 1894; was appointed to the supreme bench in August, 1895, and was elected to the supreme bench in April, 1896, for the unexpired term of Chief Justice Orton, deceased.

HEADS OF INSTRUCTIONAL FORCE AT THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

CHARLES KENDALL ADAMS, LL. D., President of the University of Wisconsin, was born January 24, 1835, at Derby, Vermont; graduated at the University of Michigan; pursued his studies at Ann Arbor, Bonn, Heidelberg, Leipzig, Berlin and Paris; received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1861; Master of Arts in 1862; Doctor of Laws by Harvard University in 1886; was student in University of Michigan from 1857 to 1862; assistant professor of Latin and history from 1862 to 1867; professor of history from 1867 to 1885; dean of the school of political science from 1881 to 1885; president of the Cornell University from 1888 to 1892, and elected president of the University of Wisconsin in 1892; president of A. M. Historical Association, 1890; president of North Central Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools, 1896; is the author of *Democracy and Monarchy* in France, 1872, German edition, 1874; *Manual of Historical Literature*, 1882, 3rd edition, 1889; *British Orations*, 3 vols., 1883; *Christopher Columbus, His Life and Works*, 1892; editor in chief of *Johnson's Universal Cyclopaedia*, 8 vols., 1895.

VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

JOHN BARBER PARKINSON, A. M., Vice-President of the University, professor of Constitutional and International Law, was born near Edwardsville, Madison county, Illinois, April 11, 1834; graduated at the University of Wisconsin in 1860; was appointed instructor in 1861; was a regent of the university in 1866, appointed full professor—the first from the Alumni—in 1867, and vice-president in 1885; has been connected with the university over thirty years; several addresses of his read before the State Agricultural Society, the Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters, and other societies have been published; courses of lectures on International Law, English and American Constitutional Law and Political Economy have also been prepared, but have not yet been published.

EDWARD ASAHEL BIRGE, PH. D., Dean of the College of Letters and Science, was born September 7, 1851, at Troy, N. Y.; graduated from Williams College in 1873, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1876; studied zoology in the Agassiz Museum of Comparative Zoölogy at Cambridge, Mass., until December, 1875; received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Harvard University in 1878; studied histology and physiology in the University of Leipsic, Germany, during the college year of 1880-1; elected instructor in natural history at the University of Wisconsin in 1875; professor of zoology in 1879, and in 1891 received the additional office of dean of the College of Letters and Science. His papers are scientific papers, mainly in the *Archiv für Physiologie*, the *Biologisches Centralblatt*, and the *Transactions of the Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts, and Letters*.

WILLIAM ARNON HENRY, Agr. B., Dean of the College of Agriculture, was born at Norwalk, Ohio, June 16, 1850. His early life was spent on a farm in northwestern Ohio. He studied at the Defiance, Ohio, high school, Holbrook normal school, and Ohio Wesleyan University. Was principal of the New Haven, Indiana, high school, 1871. Principal of the Boulder, Colorado, high school, 1873-76. Entered Cornell University in the fall of '76, and was graduated from that in-

stitution in 1880, with the degree of Bachelor of Agriculture. In the summer of 1879 was with Professor C. V. Riley of the United States Entomological Commission, Washington, D. C. During 1879 and '80 was assistant in the botanical department at Cornell university. Was appointed professor of botany and agriculture, University of Wisconsin, beginning work in September, 1880. In 1882, was relieved of botanical work and elected professor of agriculture. In 1887 was given charge of the work of the experiment station under the title of Director. In 1891 was appointed Dean of the College of Agriculture. Present title, Dean of the College of Agriculture and Director of the Agricultural Experiment Station. Since 1887 has served as staff correspondent for the *Breeders' Gazette*, Chicago. In 1881-2, under the direction of the legislature, he conducted experiments in the manufacture of sugar from amber cane, and the ensiling of fadders, the report of the work being embraced in two volumes published by the state. The Experiment station, under his direction, has issued thirteen annual reports and fifty-five bulletins. He is the author of the chapter on Cattle Feeding in the special report on Diseases of Cattle and Cattle Feeding, published by the Department of Agriculture, Washington. By direction of the legislature of 1896, he prepared a hand book for the homeseeker, a volume of 200 pages, with nearly 100 half-tone illustrations setting forth the agricultural features of northern Wisconsin. In December, 1896, he published a bulletin of 40 pages showing that Wisconsin is adapted to the production of sugar from the beet root.

RICHARD THEODORE ELY, Ph. D., LL. D., Director of the School of Economics, Political Science and History, and Professor of Political Economy, was born at Ripley, Chautauqua county, N. Y., April 13, 1854. Columbia College, A. B., 1876; A. M., Columbia College, 1879; Ph. D., Heidelberg University, 1879; LL. D., Hobart College, 1892; Fellow in Letters, Columbia College, 1876-79; student at the universities of Halle, Heidelberg and Geneva, and at the Royal Statistical Bureau, Berlin, 1877-80; holder of the chair of Political Economy, Johns Hopkins University, 1881-92; secretary of the American Economic Association, 1885-92; member of the Baltimore Tax Commission, 1885-86; member of the Maryland Tax Commission, 1886-88; Professor of Political Economy and Director of the School of Economics, Political Science and History in the University of Wisconsin, 1892. Publications—*French and German Socialism in Modern Times*, New York, 1883; *The Past and the Present of Political Economy*, Baltimore, 1884; Japanese translation, Japan, 1888; *Taxation in American States and Cities*, New York, 1888; Japanese translation, Tokyo, Japan, 1894; *Problems of Today*, New York, 1888; *Social Aspects of Christianity*, New York, 1889; also London, 1894; *An Introduction to Political Economy*, New York and London, 1891; Japanese translation, Tokyo, Japan, 1890; *Outlines of Economics* (College edition), New York, 1893; *Socialism and Social Reform*, New York and London, 1894; *the Social Law of Service*, New York, 1896. Frequent contributions to the *North American Review*, the *Forum*, *Harper's Magazine*, the *Century*, *Outlook*, *Harper's Weekly*, the *Independent*, etc.

FREDERICK ENGINE TURNEAURE, C. E., chairman of the Board of Engineers, was born July 30, 1866, near Freeport, Illinois. He was prepared for college at the Freeport high school, and graduated from Cornell university in 1889, where he held a university scholarship. From 1889 until 1890 he was engaged with the C. & O. Ry. Co. on surveys in Virginia and with the Norfolk & Western R. R. on construction in Kentucky. In the fall of 1890 he was elected to a fellowship at Cornell university, but soon resigned to accept a position as instructor at Washington university, Mo. In 1892 he was made professor of Bridge and Hydraulic Engineering at the University of Wisconsin.

GEORGE CARY COMSTOCK, Director of Washburn Observatory, was born in 1855, at Madison, Wis. Was educated in common schools and University of Michigan, graduating from the latter in 1877. Recorder and Assistant United States Lake Survey seasons of 1874-77. Assistant in Observatory of the Univer-

sity of Michigan, 1878. Assistant engineer, United States Improvement of the Mississippi River, 1879. Assistant in Washburn Observatory, University of Wisconsin, 1880-83. Graduated from Law School, University of Wisconsin, 1883. Computer, Nautical Almanac Office, Washington, 1883-84. Astronomer, Washburn Observatory, 1884-85. Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy, Ohio State University, 1885-87. Professor of Astronomy, University of Wisconsin and Associate Director Washburn Observatory, 1887. Director Washburn Observatory, 1889. Visited the principal European observatories, 1890 and 1894. Published five volumes of Publications of the Washburn Observatory. Method of Least Squares, 1889. Numerous scientific papers in the Astronomical Journal, Sidereal Messenger, Astronomy and Astro-Physics, Astronomische Nachrichten, Astrophysical Journal, etc.

EDWIN EUSTACE BRYANT, Dean of the College of Law, was born January 10, 1835, in Milton, Chittendon county, Vt. He received an academic education in the New Hampshire Institute, spending two years in the classical department; removed to Wisconsin in 1857, was admitted to the bar and began the practice of law at Monroe. Was engaged in the practice of law at Monroe until the rebellion broke out, when he enlisted as a private in Company C, Third Wisconsin Infantry. He was promoted to sergeant-major before leaving the state; served three years, first as lieutenant, and in 1862 became adjutant of his regiment under Colonel, now General Thomas H. Ruger. In July, 1864, he was appointed commissioner of enrollment for the third district of Wisconsin, and in February, 1865, was commissioned lieutenant-colonel of the Fiftieth Wisconsin Infantry, and served one year in Missouri. In 1868 he was appointed adjutant-general of the state and private secretary to Governor Fairchild. At the expiration of Governor Fairchild's administration in 1872, he re-entered the practice of law, in partnership with W. F. Vilas. In 1876, he again became adjutant-general under Governor Ludington, was reappointed by Governor Smith, in 1878, and continued in office until 1882; was a member of the legislature in 1878, and served as chairman of the committee on revision of the state statutes; was appointed with W. F. Vilas to revise and annotate eighteen volumes of the supreme court reports, and reported the thirty-seventh volume. In 1884 was appointed assistant attorney general of the Postoffice Department, which position he held four years. In 1889, General Bryant was elected Dean of the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin, to which he has since given his entire time and attention. He has been a fertile writer on subjects relating to his profession. In 1869, associated with John C. Spooner, he published an edition of Town Laws, with forms and instructions for town officers. While connected with the postoffice department he edited the Postal Guide, and compiled a volume of postal laws and regulations and a manual of instructions to post-office inspectors. He is the author of several works on legal subjects: The Wisconsin Justice, a manual for justices of the peace (1884), Code Pleading (1894), Elementary Law (1895), Code Forms for use in Wisconsin, besides various notes of lectures. His military experiences are recorded in the History of the Third Regiment Wisconsin Veteran Volunteers, written by him, published in 1891. He has been president of the Commissioners of Fisheries since 1893. During the past year he has written a history of the Supreme Court of Wisconsin, for the Green Bag, a law magazine published in Boston.

CHARLES NOBLE GREGORY, A. M., LL. B., Professor of Law and Associate Dean of the College of Law, University of Wisconsin, was born at Unadilla, Otsego county, N. Y., August 27, 1851. He removed to Madison, Wis., with his father (the late Hon. J. C. Gregory) in 1858. Graduated with honor at the University of Wisconsin in 1871, taking the Latin salutory, and a year later graduated in the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin. Studied law with the firm of Gregory & Pinney, composed of his father and Mr. Justice Pinney, now of the supreme court of Wisconsin, and became junior partner of the firm. Later was a member of firms of Gregory & Gregory, and of Gregory, Bird & Gregory. He for years held an annual retainer from C., M.

& St. P. Ry. Served three years as alderman of the city of Madison (1882-3-4), one year as a member of the Board of Education, and one year as president of the Alumni Association of the University of Wisconsin. Edited *The Tariff Reform Advocate* in 1888, and has published articles in *old Scribner's Magazine*, *Littell's Living Age*, *Overland Monthly*, *Harper's Weekly*, *Outing*, *Youth's Companion*, *New York Nation*, *New York Evening Post*, *New York Independent*, *Harvard Law Review*, *The London Law Times* and *The Legal Advisor*, and many western newspapers and publications. Has also published pamphlets on "*The Corrupt Use of Money in Elections, and Laws for Its Prevention*," and given addresses in New York, Chicago and elsewhere on the topic. He has long been a member of the General Committee of the National Civil Service Reform Association, and is president of the Wisconsin Civil Service Reform Association, and also a member of the American Bar Association. He was elected to his present position in the faculty in June, 1894.

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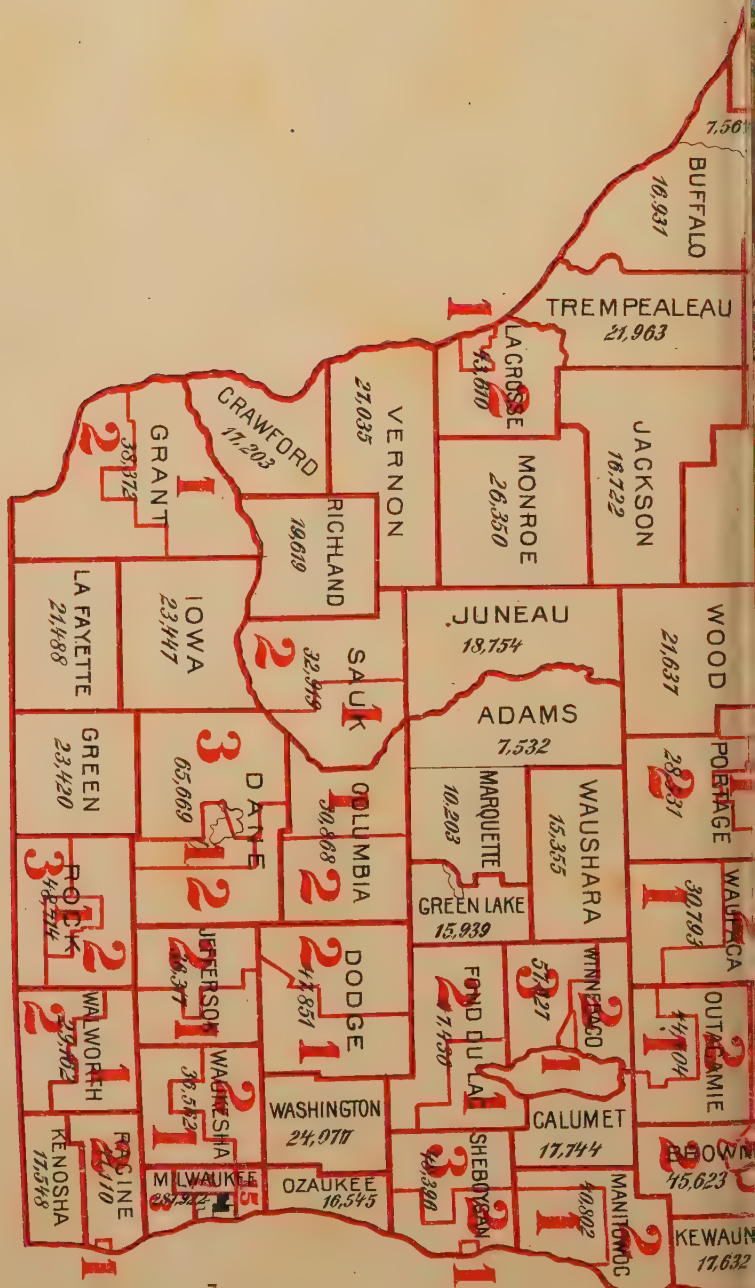
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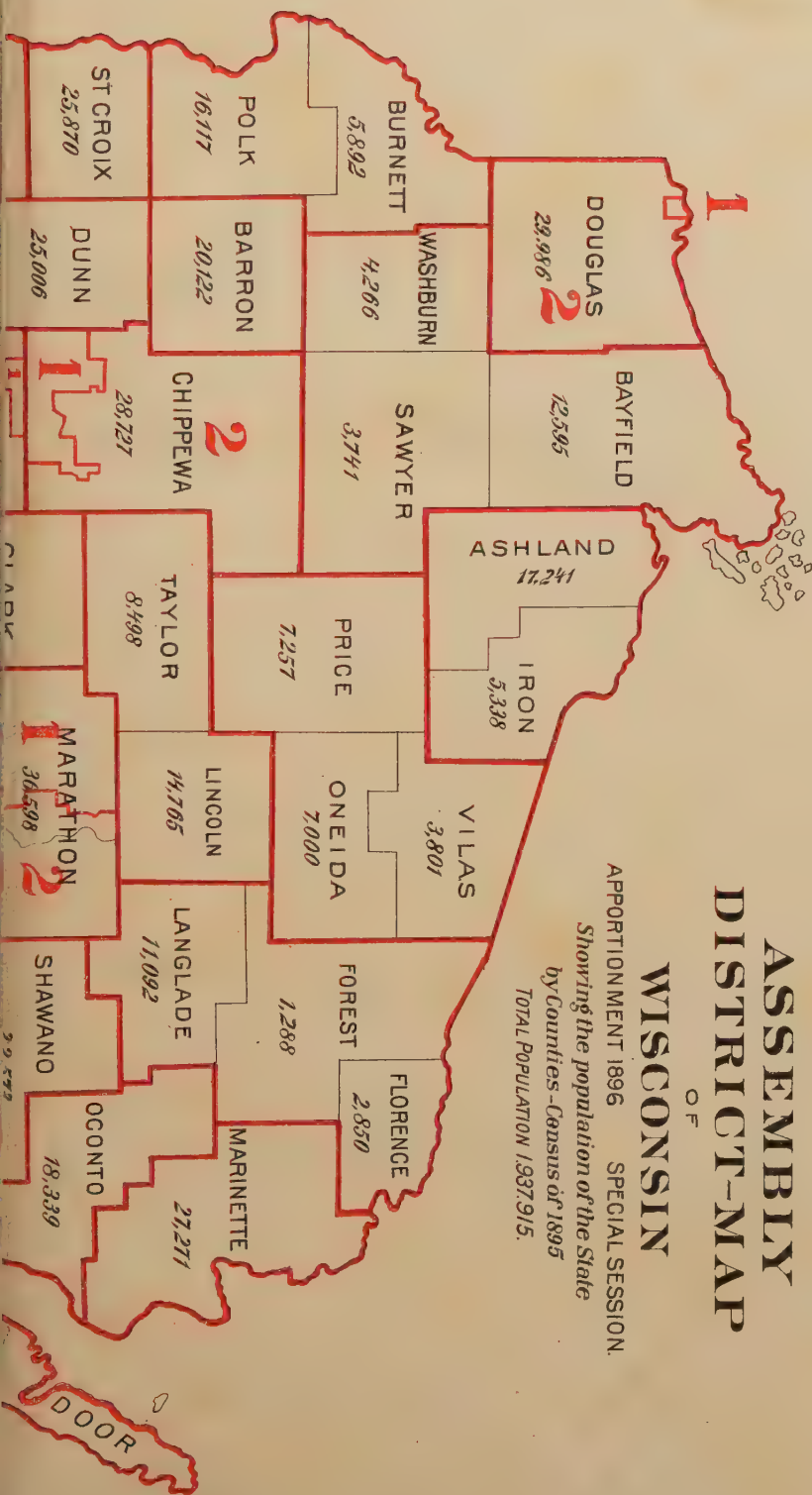


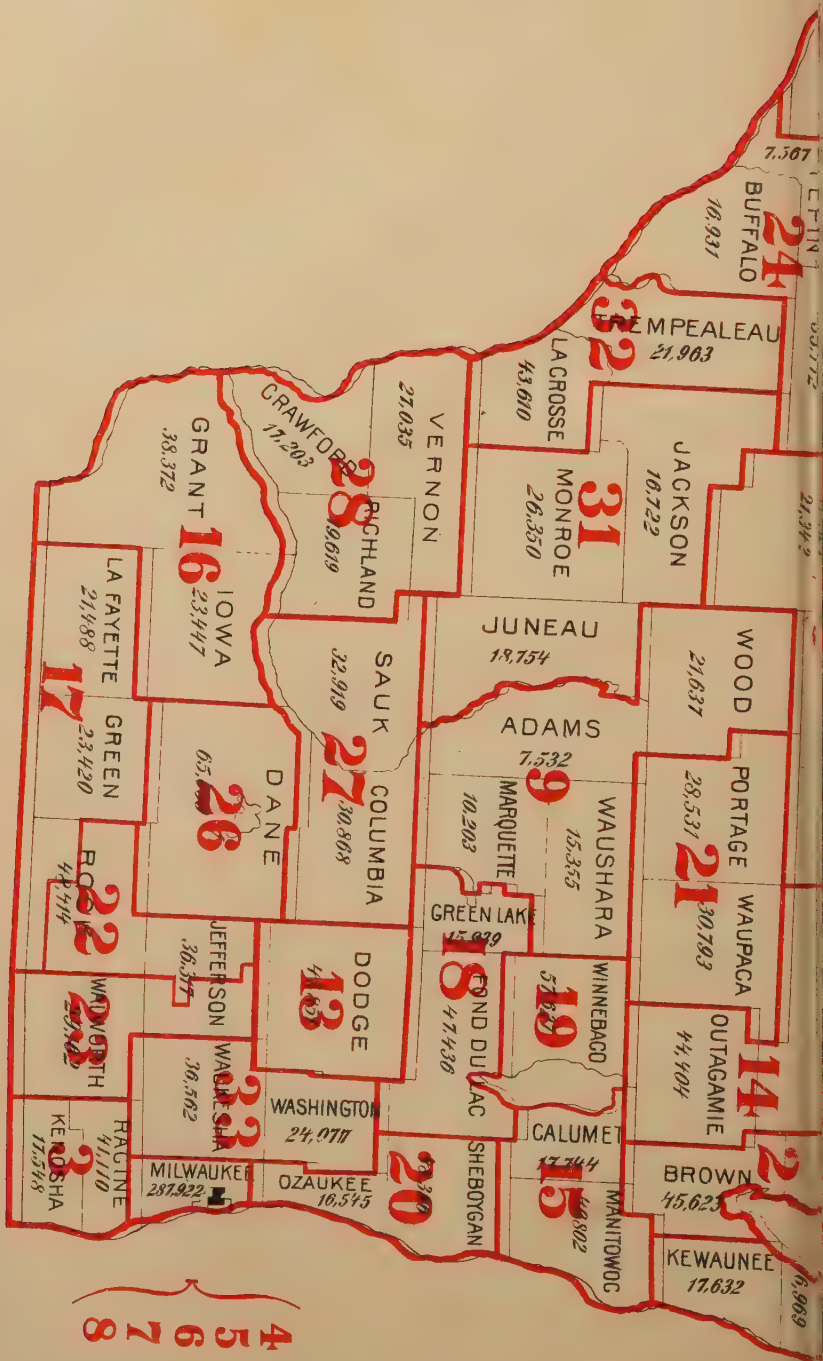
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 Dist 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

ASSEMBLY DISTRICT-MAP

OF WISCONSIN

APPORTIONMENT 1896 SPECIAL SESSION.
*Showing the population of the State
 by Counties - Census of 1895*
 TOTAL POPULATION 1,937,915.





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SENATE DISTRICT-MAP

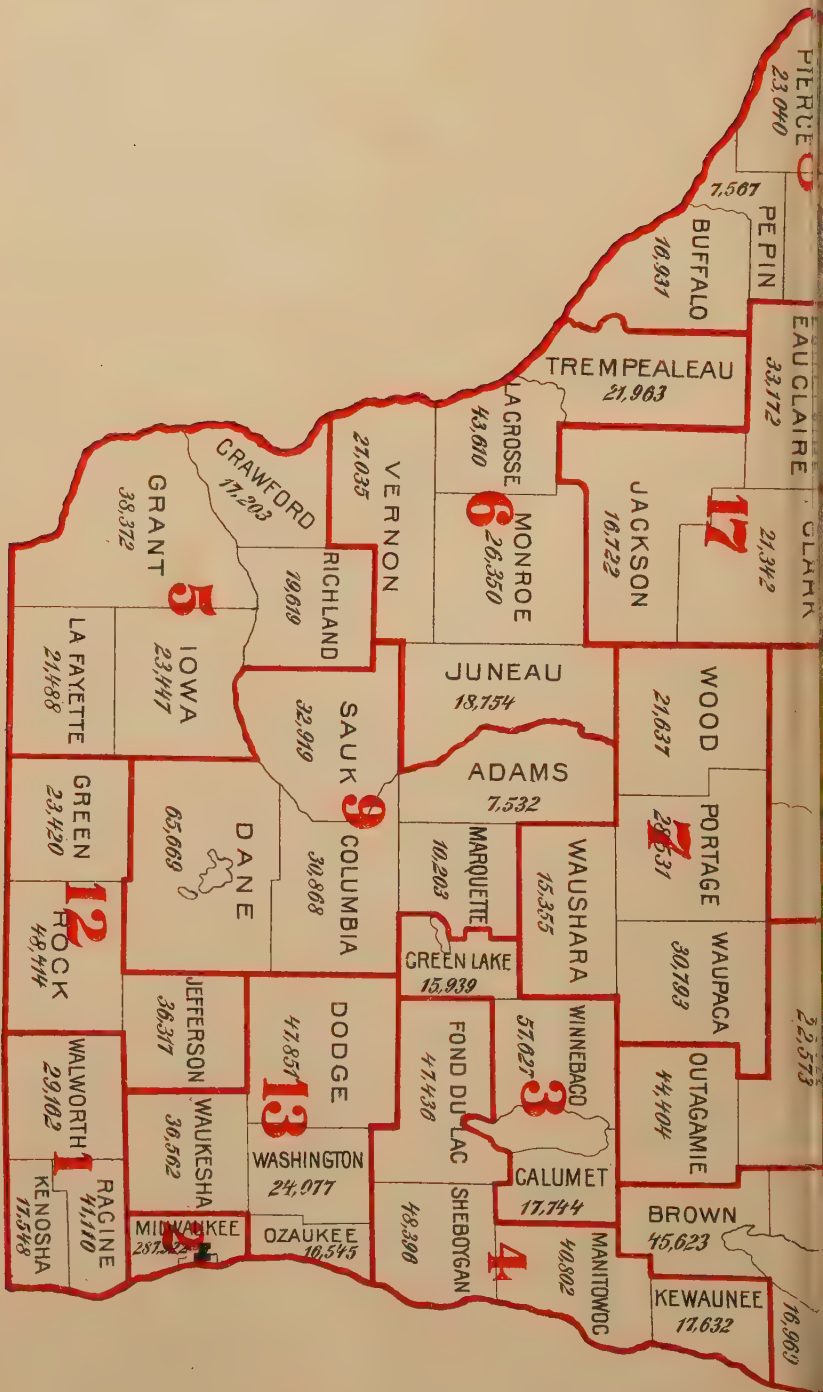
OF
WISCONSIN

APPORTIONMENT 1896 SPECIAL SESSION.

*Showing the population of the State
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Total Population 1,937,915.







JUDICIAL CIRCUITS

OF

WISCONSIN

*Showing the population of the State
by Counties - Census of 1895
Total Population 1,937,915.*

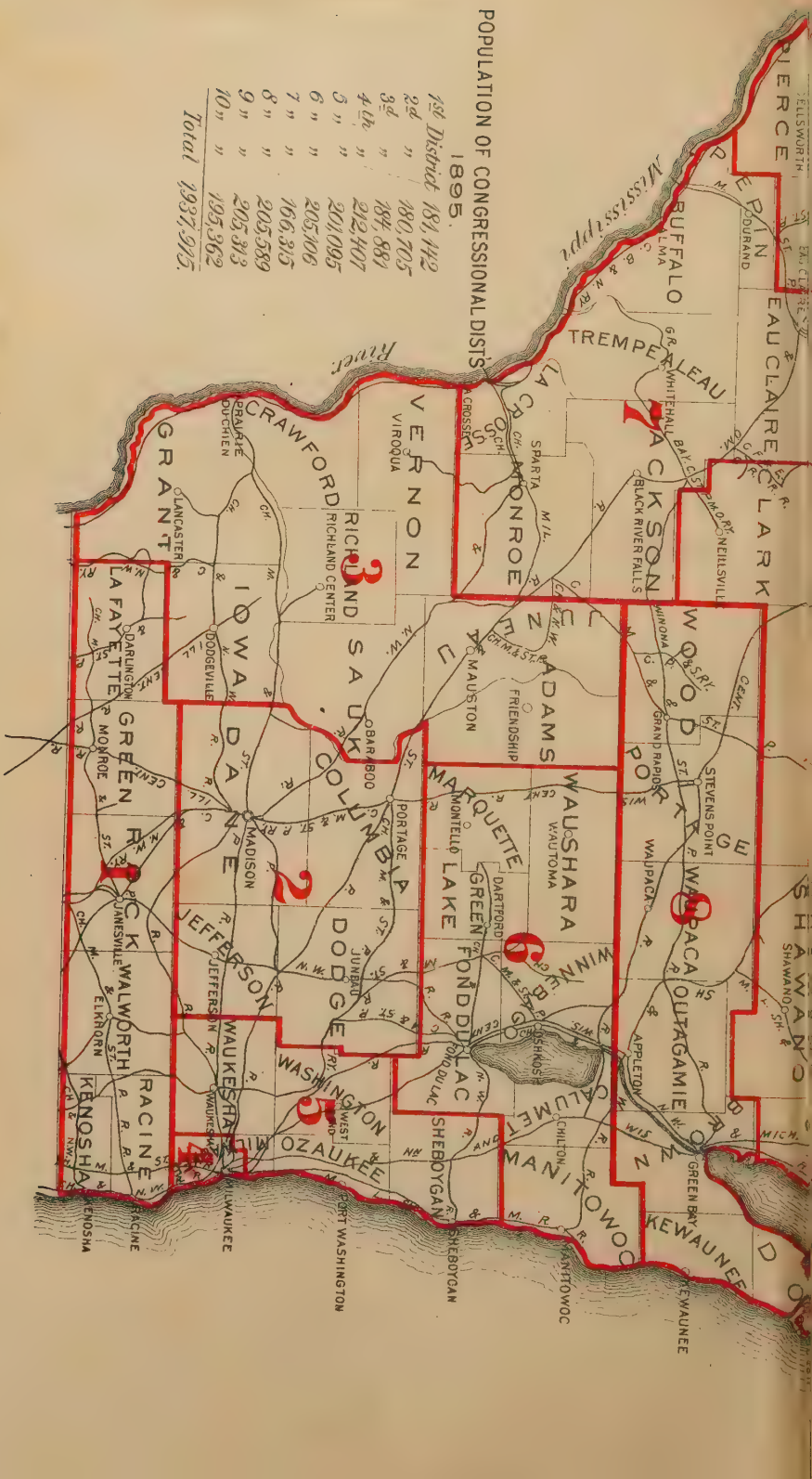




POPULATION OF CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS

1895.

1st District	181,142
2d " "	180,705
3d " "	184,881
4th " "	212,407
5 " "	201,095
6 " "	205,106
7 " "	166,315
8 " "	203,589
9 " "	203,313
10 " "	195,362
Total	1,937,915.



MAP OF WISCONSIN

Prepared for the
BLUE BOOK OF THE STATE
From Official Records.

Showing
CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

APPORTIONMENT 1891
WITH POPULATION.

